

# DATA SHEET



## **SAA7219** **MPEG2 Transport RISC processor**

Product specification  
Supersedes data of 1999 Sep 20  
File under Integrated Circuits, IC02

2000 Jun 14

---

**MPEG2 Transport RISC processor****SAA7219**

---

**CONTENTS**

1	FEATURES
1.1	External interfaces
1.2	CPU related features
1.3	MPEG2 systems features
2.1	SAA7219 overview
2.2	SAA7219 in a DVB system
3	ORDERING INFORMATION
5	PINNING
6	APPLICATION INFORMATION
6.1	Memory configurations
7	PACKAGE OUTLINE
8.1	Introduction to soldering surface mount packages
8.2	Reflow soldering
8.3	Wave soldering
8.4	Manual soldering
8.5	Suitability of surface mount IC packages for wave and reflow soldering methods
9	DATA SHEET STATUS
10	DEFINITIONS
11	DISCLAIMERS

# MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

**SAA7219**

## 1 FEATURES

- Conditional access descrambling Digital Video Broadcasting (DVB) compliant and MULTI2 compliant
- Stream demultiplexing: Transport Stream (TS), Packetized Elementary Stream (PES), program and proprietary streams
- Internal 32-bit MIPS RISC based Central Processing Unit (CPU) supporting MIPS16 instruction set and running at 81 MHz
- Low-power sleep modes supported across the chip
- Comprehensive driver software and development tool support
- Package: SQFP208.

### 1.1 External interfaces

- Versatile compressed stream input at 108 Mbits/s
- A 32-bit microcontroller extension bus supporting DRAM, SDRAM, Flash, (E)PROM and external memory mapped I/O devices. It also supports a synchronous interface to communicate with the integrated MPEG Audio Video Graphics Decoder (AVGD) SAA7215 at 40.5 Mbytes.
- An IEEE 1284 interface (Centronics) supporting master and slave modes. Usable as a general purpose port.
- An interface to IEEE 1394 devices (such as Philips PDI 1394 chip-set)
- Two UART (RS232) data ports with Direct Memory Access (DMA) capabilities (187.5 kbits/s) including hardware flow control signals RXD, TXD, RTS and CTS for modem support
- A Synchronous Serial Interface (SSI) to connect an off-chip modem analog front-end
- An elementary UART with DMA capabilities, dedicated to front panel devices for instance
- Two dedicated smart-card reader interfaces (ISO 7816 compatible) with DMA capabilities
- Two I<sup>2</sup>C-bus master/slave transceivers with DMA capabilities, supporting the standard (100 kbit/s) and fast (400 kbits/s) I<sup>2</sup>C-bus modes
- 32 general purpose, bidirectional I/O interface pins, 8 of which may also be used as interrupt inputs
- One Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) output with 8-bit resolution



- A General Purpose/High-Speed (GP/HS) interface supporting stream recording through IEEE 1394 interface IC
- An extended JTAG interface for board test support.

### 1.2 CPU related features

The SAA7219 contains an embedded RISC CPU, which incorporates the following features:

- A 32-bit PR3930 core running at 81 MHz
- 8-kbyte, 2-way set associative instruction cache
- 4-kbyte, 4-way set associative data cache
- A programmable low-power mode, including wake-up on interrupt
- A memory management unit with 32 odd/even entries and variable page sizes
- Multiply/accumulate/divide unit with fast multiply/accumulate for 16-bit and 32-bit operands
- Two fully independent 24-bit timers and one 24-bit timer including watchdog facilities
- A real-time clock unit (active in Sleep mode)
- Built-in software debug support unit as part of Extended Enhanced JTAG debug interface
- On-chip SRAM of 4 kbytes for storing code which needs fast execution.

### 1.3 MPEG2 systems features

- Hardware based parsing of Transport Stream (TS), Philips Semiconductors program and proprietary software data streams. Maximum input rate is 108 Mbits/s.
- A real-time descrambler consisting of 3 modules:
  - A control word bank containing 14 pairs (odd, even) of control words and a default control word
  - The DVB descrambler core implementing the stream decipher and block decipher algorithms
  - The MULTI2 descrambler algorithm implementing the CBC and OFB mode descrambling functions.

# MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

# SAA7219

- Hardware section filtering based on 32 different Packet Identifiers (PIDs) with a flexible number of filter conditions (8 or 4-byte condition plus 8 or 4-byte mask) per PID and a total filter capacity of 40 (8-byte condition checks) or up to 80 (4-byte condition checks) filter conditions:
  - 4 TS/PES filters for retrieval for data at TS or PES level for applications such as subtitling, TXT or retrieval of private data
  - Flexible DMA based storage of the 32 section substreams and 4 TS/PES data substreams in the external memory.
- System time base management with a double counter mechanism for clock control and discontinuity handling, 2 Presentation Time Stamp (PTS)/Decoding Time Stamp (DTS) timers
- A GP/HS filter which can serve as an alternate input from for example IEEE 1394 devices. The IEEE 1394 GP/HS mode supports packet insertion and has an internal SRAM for storing 2 packets. It can also output either scrambled or descrambled TS to IEEE 1394 devices.

## 2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### 2.1 SAA7219 overview

The device is part of a comprehensive source decoding kit which contains all the hardware and software required to receive and decode MPEG2 transport streams, including descrambling, demultiplexing. In addition, it includes a PR3930 core which is a 32-bit MIPS RISC-based CPU core supporting the MIPS 16 instruction set to reduce memory requirements and several peripheral interfaces such as UARTs, I<sup>2</sup>C-bus units, an IEC 1883, and an IEEE 1284 (Centronics) interface. The SAA7219 is therefore capable of performing all controller tasks in digital television receiver applications such as set-top boxes. Furthermore, the SAA7219 is compliant to DVB and MULT12 standards.

## 3 ORDERING INFORMATION

TYPE NUMBER	PACKAGE		
	NAME	DESCRIPTION	VERSION
SAA7219HS/C2	SQFP208	plastic shrink quad flat package; 208 leads (lead length 1.3 mm); body 28 × 28 × 3.4 mm; high stand-off height	SOT316-1

The SAA7219 receives transport streams through a versatile stream input interface capable of handling both byte-parallel and bit-serial streams in various formats, supporting data streams up to and including 13.5 Mbyte/s (108 Mbits/s). The stream data is first applied to an on-chip descrambler incorporating a DVB descrambling algorithm, on the basis of 14 control word pairs stored in on-chip RAM. Demultiplexing is subsequently applied to the stream, to separate up to 32 individual data streams.

The demultiplexer section includes clock recovery and timebase management. Program Specific Information (PSI), Service Information (SI), Conditional Access (CA) messages and private data are selected and stored in external memory, for subsequent off-line processing by the internal PR3930 CPU core.

To support advanced board testing facilities the SAA7219 includes boundary scan test hardware, according to the EJTAG standard. The device features a low-power sleep mode, which is capable of sustaining set-top box standby functionality, thus eliminating the need for a separate front panel controller. The SAA7219 requires a supply voltage of 3.3 V and most devices input and output interfaces are 5 V tolerant except the extension bus which is 3.3 V only. The SAA7219 is mounted in a SQFP208 package.

### 2.2 SAA7219 in a DVB system

The SAA7219 has been designed to offer optimum performance when used with the SAA7215 for MPEG2 AVG decoding.

- Synchronous bus interface transfer at 40.5 MHz on 16 bits
- SAA7215 has one dedicated SDRAM for MPEG2 audio video handling and one for graphics and CPU data. The second memory offers high bandwidth and low latency to the SAA7219 when accessing it to download graphics or executing some applications. This enables a high level of performance together with a low system cost by having one SDRAM for graphics and CPU data.

# MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

SAA7219

## 4 BLOCK DIAGRAM

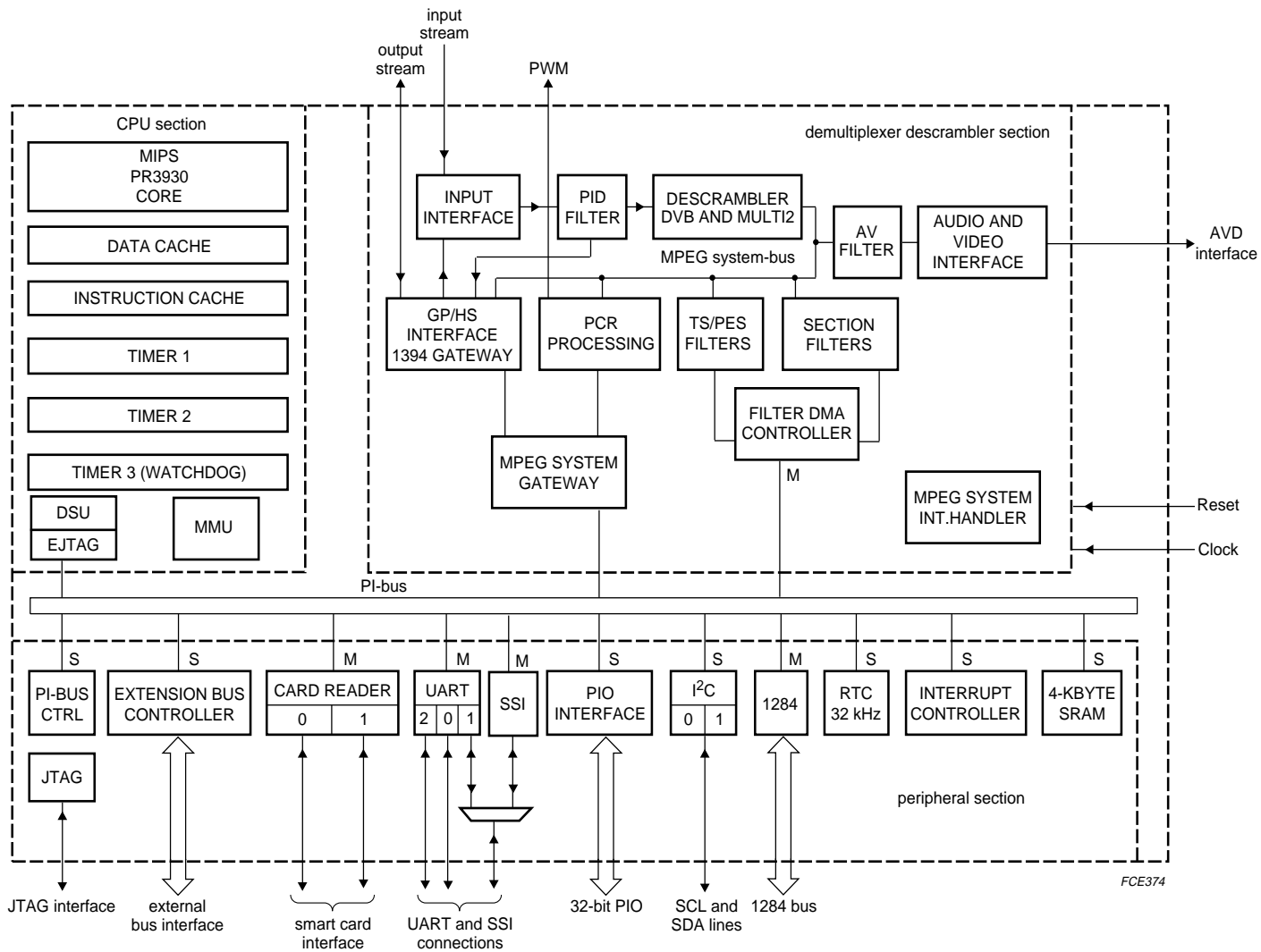


Fig.1 Block diagram.

M = master peripheral with embedded DMA channel  
S = slave peripheral

## MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

SAA7219

## 5 PINNING

**Table 1** SQFP208 package: 179 functional pins and 29 power supply pins

SYMBOL	PIN	I/O	BUFFER TYPE	VOLT <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION
<b>PIO interface (32 pins)</b>					
PIO0 to PIO7	105 to 112	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	usable as interrupt inputs and/or I/O lines
PIO8/BOOTIS32	113	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	PIO bit and PIO-strap. At power-on, it indicates the data bus size of the booting device.
PIO9/BOOTIS16	114	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	PIO bit and PIO-strap. At power-on, if BOOTIS32 is LOW, it indicates if the system should reboot from a 16-bit or 8-bit device.
PIO10 to PIO15	116 to 121	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	PIO bit and PIO-strap
PIO(31:16)/D(31:16)	2, 4 to 9, 11 to 16, 18 to 20	I/O	bidirectional, 6 mA output drive	5 V	I/O lines or upper 16-bit data bus. The data bus width of the booting device is automatically configured at power-on.
<b>Extension bus (58 pins)</b>					
D15 to D0	21, 22, 24, 25, 28 to 30, 33 to 36, 38 to 41	I/O	bidirectional, 8 mA output drive	3.3 V	lower 16-bit data bus
A0 to A21	63 to 65, 67 to 71, 73 to 77, 81 to 85, 87 to 90	O	8 mA output drive	3.3 V	address bus
RAS0N	49	O	8 mA output drive	3.3 V	row access strobe for DRAM and SDRAM Bank 0
RAS1N/DCS1N	48	O	8 mA output drive	3.3 V	row access strobe for DRAM and SDRAM Bank 1
LCASN	46	O	8 mA output drive	3.3 V	column access strobe lower byte
MLCASN	43	O	8 mA output drive	3.3 V	column access strobe mid lower byte
MUCASN	44	O	8 mA output drive	3.3 V	column access strobe mid upper byte
UCASN	42	O	8 mA output drive	3.3 V	column access strobe upper byte
WEN	62	O	8 mA output drive	3.3 V	write enable
DCS0N	47	O	8 mA output drive	3.3 V	chip select for SDRAM Bank 0
CS6N to CS0N	50 to 56	O	8 mA output drive	3.3 V	chip select
OEN	58	O	8 mA output drive	3.3 V	output enable
DTACKN	59	I	TTL input	5 V	Data termination acknowledge. Asserted LOW by the peripheral when the data bus is valid.
CS_SDN	60	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	selects the graphics SDRAM memory space of the SAA7215

## MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

SAA7219

SYMBOL	PIN	I/O	BUFFER TYPE	VOLT <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION
CS_RGN	61	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	selects the control registers of the SAA7215
CLK	91	O	8 mA output drive	3.3 V	40.5 MHz clock
<b>UART 0 interface (4 pins)</b>					
RXD0	141	I	TTL input	5 V	UART 0 receive data line or receive serial data
TXD0	142	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	UART 0 transmit data line or transmit serial data
RTSN0	143	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	UART 0 request to send
CTSN0	144	I	TTL input	5 V	UART 0 clear to send
<b>UART 1 and SSI interfaces (5 pins)</b>					
RXD1/V34_RXD	137	I	TTL input	5 V	UART 1 receive data line or receive serial data of the SSI interface
TXD1/V34_TXD	138	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	UART 1 transmit data line or transmit serial data of the SSI interface
RTSN1/V34_FS	139	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	UART 1 request to send (output) or frame synchronization reference of the SSI interface (input)
CTSN1/V34_CLK	140	I	TTL input	5 V	UART 1 clear to send or serial input interface clock of the SSI interface (up to 3.375 MHz)
MCLK	146	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	master clock for the SSI interface (36.684 MHz)
<b>UART 2 interface (2 pins)</b>					
RXD2	135	I	TTL input	5 V	UART 2 receive data line
TXD2	136	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	UART 2 transmit data line
<b>I<sup>2</sup>C-bus 0 interface (2 pins)</b>					
SCL0	149	I/O	bidirectional with open-drain 8 mA output drive	5 V	I <sup>2</sup> C-bus 0 clock line
SDA0	150	I/O	bidirectional with open-drain 8 mA output drive	5 V	I <sup>2</sup> C-bus 0 data line

## MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

SAA7219

SYMBOL	PIN	I/O	BUFFER TYPE	VOLT <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION
<b>I<sup>2</sup>C-bus 1 interface (2 pins)</b>					
SCL1	147	I/O	bidirectional with open-drain 8 mA output drive	5 V	I <sup>2</sup> C-bus 1 clock line
SDA1	148	I/O	bidirectional with open-drain 8 mA output drive	5 V	I <sup>2</sup> C-bus 1 data line
<b>Smart card 0 interface (5 pins)</b>					
CLK_CARD0	128	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	ISO UART 0 card clock
CMDVCCN0	129	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	ISO UART 0 command of the VCC
RSTIN0	132	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	ISO UART 0 reset of the card
OFFN0	133	I	TTL input	5 V	ISO UART 0 card presence
SC_I/O0	134	I/O	bidirectional with open-drain 8 mA output drive	5 V	ISO UART 0 I/O line
<b>Smart card 1 interface (5 pins)</b>					
CLK_CARD1	122	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	ISO UART 1 card clock
CMDVCCN1	123	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	ISO UART 1 command of the VCC
RSTIN1	124	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	ISO UART 1 reset of the card
OFFN1	125	I	TTL input	5 V	ISO UART 1 card presence
SC_I/O1	126	I/O	bidirectional with open-drain 8 mA output drive	5 V	ISO UART 1 I/O line
<b>Input Stream interface (11 pins)</b>					
PKTSTROBE	154	I	TTL input	5 V	byte strobe or bit strobe
PKTSYNC	155	I	TTL input	5 V	packet synchronization
PKTVALID	156	I	TTL input	5 V	data valid, or bit stream word select
PKTDATA7 to PKTDATA0	157 to 164	I	TTL input	5 V	8-bit primary TS data input
<b>GP/HS interface (11 pins)</b>					
GPDATA7 to GPDATA0	166 to 169, 171 to 174	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	GP/HS data bus
GPVALID	175	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	GP/HS control lines
GPSYNC	176	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	GP/HS control lines
GPSTROBE	177	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	GP/HS control lines



## MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

SAA7219

SYMBOL	PIN	I/O	BUFFER TYPE	VOLT <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION
<b>SAA7215 MPEG interface (11 pins)</b>					
V_STROBE	93	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	HIGH-to-LOW transition strobes the video data in the AV_DATA stream
A_STROBE	94	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	HIGH-to-LOW transition strobes the audio data in the AV_DATA stream
AV_ERROR	95	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	flag for bit stream error (active HIGH)
AV_DATA7 to AV_DATA0	96 to 103	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	MPEG audio/video stream output port
<b>IEEE 1284 interface (18 pins)</b>					
GPD0 to GPD7	190 to 197	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	parallel data bus
NSELECTIN	199	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	host to peripheral select line
NINIT	200	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	host to peripheral control line
NSTROBE	201	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	host to peripheral strobe line
NACK	202	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	peripheral acknowledge line
BUSY	203	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	peripheral busy line
PERROR	204	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	peripheral error line
SELECT	205	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	peripheral on-line
NAUTOF	206	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	host to peripheral control line
NFAULT	207	I/O	bidirectional, 3 mA output drive	5 V	peripheral error line
DIR1284	208	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	direction control of the external buffers
<b>PWM interface (1 pin)</b>					
PWM0	165	O	open-drain 8 mA output drive	5 V	open-drain 5 V tolerant for VCXO control
<b>System interface (3 pins)</b>					
RESETN	1	I/O	bidirectional with open-drain 8 mA output drive and Schmitt trigger input with high hysteresis	3.3 V	General system reset; active LOW. The pad is bidirectional with an open-drain which is asserted LOW when the internal watchdog time out is detected.
XTAL1	153	I		3.3 V	13.5 MHz crystal input
XTAL2	152	O		3.3 V	13.5 MHz crystal output

## MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

SAA7219

SYMBOL	PIN	I/O	BUFFER TYPE	VOLT <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION
<b>JTAG and Test interface (5 pins)</b>					
TDO	178	O	3-state, 2 mA output drive	3.3 V	<p>Test data output/Target PC output.</p> <p>Real-time trace mode off. Serial output data is shifted from JTAG instruction register to the TDO pin on the falling edge of the TCK clock. When no data is shifted out, TDO is 3-stated.</p> <p>Real-time trace mode on. TDO provides non-sequential program counter output at the processor clock speed.</p>
TDI	179	I	TTL input	5 V	<p>Test data input/Debug interrupt.</p> <p>Real-time trace mode off. Serial input data (TDI) is shifted into the JTAG instruction register or data register on the rising edge of the TCK clock, depending of the TAP controller state.</p> <p>Real-time trace mode on. An active LOW level at this input sampled by TCK positive edge, is used as interrupt to switch the real-time trace mode off (standard JTAG).</p>
TMS	180	I	TTL input	5 V	Test mode select. This input is decoded by the TAP controller to control test operation. Sampled on the rising edge of TCK.
TRST	181	I	TTL input	5 V	Test reset. Active LOW level for asynchronous reset of the EJTAG module, independent of the processor logic.
TCK	184	I	TTL input	5 V	Test clock. Input clock used to shift data into or out from the JTAG instruction or data register.
<b>EJTAG extension reserved for PR3930 (4 pins)</b>					
DSU_CLK	185	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	DSU clock is equivalent to the processor clock. Captures address and data from pin TDO when PC trace mode is on. Is 3-stated when bit 0 or 15 of the JTAG control register is logic 0.
PCST0 to PCST2	186, 188 and 189	O	2 mA output drive	3.3 V	CPU status: debug mode, pipeline stall, occurrence of exception

MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

SAA7219

SYMBOL	PIN	I/O	BUFFER TYPE	VOLT <sup>(1)</sup>	DESCRIPTION
<b>Supplies (29 pins)</b>					
V <sub>DD(P)</sub>	3, 17, 31, 43, 66, 80, 92, 115, 145 and 187	–	–	–	pad supply voltage
V <sub>SS(P)</sub>	10, 23, 37, 57, 72, 86, 104, 127, 170 and 198	–	–	–	ground supply
V <sub>DD(C)</sub>	27, 79, 130 and 182	–	–	–	core supply voltage
V <sub>SS(C)</sub>	26, 78, 131 and 183	–	–	–	ground supply
V <sub>DD(PLL)</sub>	151	–	–	–	analog supply for the on-chip PLLs

**Note**

1. 5 V tolerant inputs can receive signals swinging between V<sub>SS</sub> and 3.3 V or V<sub>SS</sub> and 5 V. 5 V tolerant bidirectional I/O pins can receive signals swinging between V<sub>SS</sub> and 3.3 V or V<sub>SS</sub> and 5 V when they are inputs and swing between V<sub>SS</sub> and V<sub>DD</sub> when they are outputs.

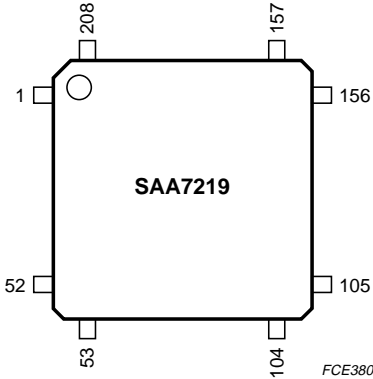


Fig.2 Pin configuration

MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

SAA7219

6 APPLICATION INFORMATION

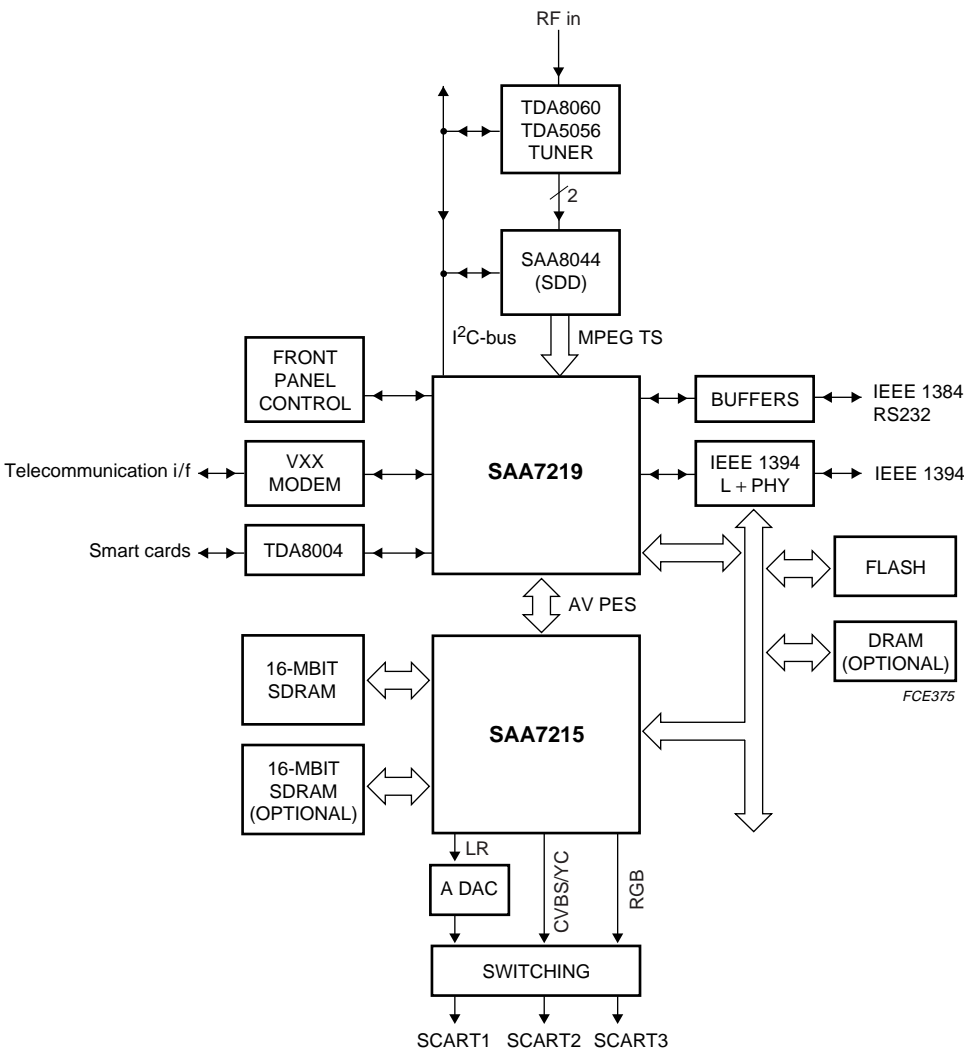


Fig.3 Set-top box example.

MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

SAA7219

6.1 Memory configurations

Table 2 Low-end and high-end memory configurations

CONFIGURATION	SDRAM	DRAM	PROM	FLASH PERIPHERALS
Low-end	1M × 16	256K × 16	512K × 8	–
High-end	up to 2 banks of 64 Mbits	up to 2 banks of 4 Mbytes	up to 4 Mbytes	2 to 7 banks of up to 4 Mbytes

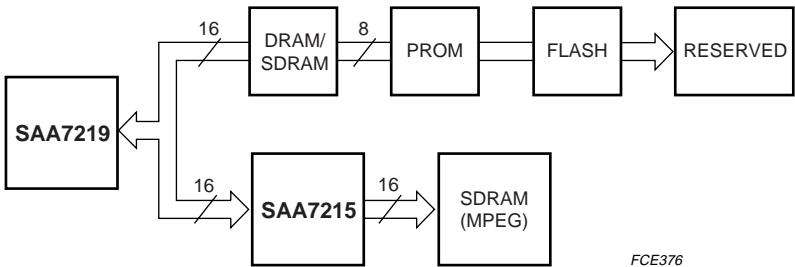


Fig.4 Typical low-end memory configuration.

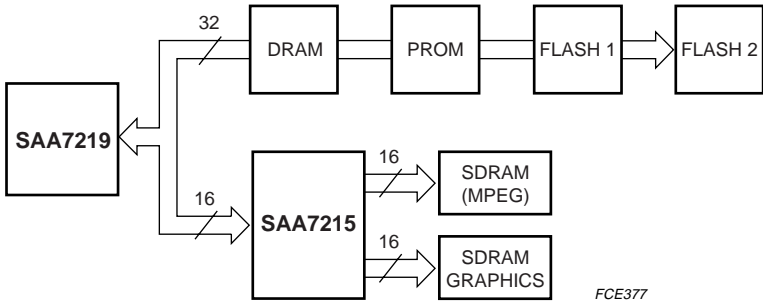


Fig.5 Typical high-end unified memory configuration.

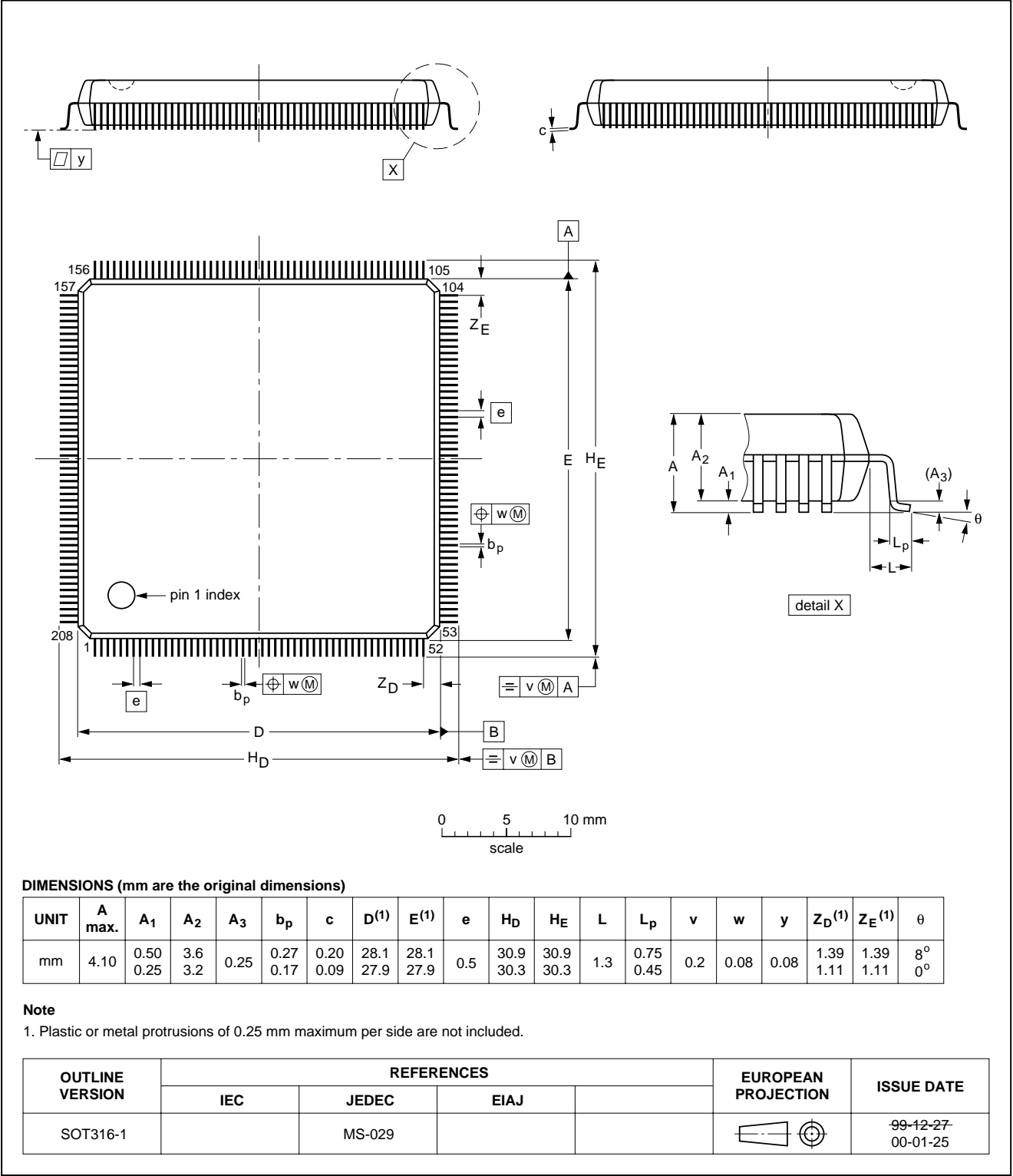
MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

SAA7219

7 PACKAGE OUTLINE

SQFP208: plastic shrink quad flat package;  
208 leads (lead length 1.3 mm); body 28 x 28 x 3.4 mm; high stand-off height

SOT316-1



## MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

## SAA7219

### 8 SOLDERING

#### 8.1 Introduction to soldering surface mount packages

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our *"Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages"* (document order number 9398 652 90011).

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all surface mount IC packages. Wave soldering is not always suitable for surface mount ICs, or for printed-circuit boards with high population densities. In these situations reflow soldering is often used.

#### 8.2 Reflow soldering

Reflow soldering requires solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be applied to the printed-circuit board by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before package placement.

Several methods exist for reflowing; for example, infrared/convection heating in a conveyor type oven. Throughput times (preheating, soldering and cooling) vary between 100 and 200 seconds depending on heating method.

Typical reflow peak temperatures range from 215 to 250 °C. The top-surface temperature of the packages should preferably be kept below 230 °C.

#### 8.3 Wave soldering

Conventional single wave soldering is not recommended for surface mount devices (SMDs) or printed-circuit boards with a high component density, as solder bridging and non-wetting can present major problems.

To overcome these problems the double-wave soldering method was specifically developed.

If wave soldering is used the following conditions must be observed for optimal results:

- Use a double-wave soldering method comprising a turbulent wave with high upward pressure followed by a smooth laminar wave.
- For packages with leads on two sides and a pitch (e):
  - larger than or equal to 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis is **preferred** to be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board;
  - smaller than 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis **must** be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board.

The footprint must incorporate solder thieves at the downstream end.

- For packages with leads on four sides, the footprint must be placed at a 45° angle to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board. The footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.

During placement and before soldering, the package must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing. The package can be soldered after the adhesive is cured.

Typical dwell time is 4 seconds at 250 °C.

A mildly-activated flux will eliminate the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

#### 8.4 Manual soldering

Fix the component by first soldering two diagonally-opposite end leads. Use a low voltage (24 V or less) soldering iron applied to the flat part of the lead. Contact time must be limited to 10 seconds at up to 300 °C.

When using a dedicated tool, all other leads can be soldered in one operation within 2 to 5 seconds between 270 and 320 °C.

## MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

SAA7219

## 8.5 Suitability of surface mount IC packages for wave and reflow soldering methods

PACKAGE	SOLDERING METHOD	
	WAVE	REFLOW <sup>(1)</sup>
BGA, LFBGA, SQFP, TFBGA	not suitable	suitable
HLQFP, HSQFP, HSOP, HTQFP, HTSSOP, SMS	not suitable <sup>(2)</sup>	suitable
PLCC <sup>(3)</sup> , SO, SOJ	suitable	suitable
LQFP, QFP, TQFP	not recommended <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	suitable
SSOP, TSSOP, VSO	not recommended <sup>(5)</sup>	suitable

**Notes**

1. All surface mount (SMD) packages are moisture sensitive. Depending upon the moisture content, the maximum temperature (with respect to time) and body size of the package, there is a risk that internal or external package cracks may occur due to vaporization of the moisture in them (the so called popcorn effect). For details, refer to the Drypack information in the *"Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages; Section: Packing Methods"*.
2. These packages are not suitable for wave soldering as a solder joint between the printed-circuit board and heatsink (at bottom version) can not be achieved, and as solder may stick to the heatsink (on top version).
3. If wave soldering is considered, then the package must be placed at a 45° angle to the solder wave direction. The package footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.
4. Wave soldering is only suitable for LQFP, TQFP and QFP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.8 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.65 mm.
5. Wave soldering is only suitable for SSOP and TSSOP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.65 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.5 mm.



## MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

SAA7219

## 9 DATA SHEET STATUS

DATA SHEET STATUS	PRODUCT STATUS	DEFINITIONS <sup>(1)</sup>
Objective specification	Development	This data sheet contains the design target or goal specifications for product development. Specification may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary specification	Qualification	This data sheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design and supply the best possible product.
Product specification	Production	This data sheet contains final specifications. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design and supply the best possible product.

## Note

1. Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

## 10 DEFINITIONS

**Short-form specification** — The data in a short-form specification is extracted from a full data sheet with the same type number and title. For detailed information see the relevant data sheet or data handbook.

**Limiting values definition** — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**Application information** — Applications that are described herein for any of these products are for illustrative purposes only. Philips Semiconductors make no representation or warranty that such applications will be suitable for the specified use without further testing or modification.

## 11 DISCLAIMERS

**Life support applications** — These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips Semiconductors customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips Semiconductors for any damages resulting from such application.

**Right to make changes** — Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes, without notice, in the products, including circuits, standard cells, and/or software, described or contained herein in order to improve design and/or performance. Philips Semiconductors assumes no responsibility or liability for the use of any of these products, conveys no licence or title under any patent, copyright, or mask work right to these products, and makes no representations or warranties that these products are free from patent, copyright, or mask work right infringement, unless otherwise specified.

12 PURCHASE OF PHILIPS I<sup>2</sup>C COMPONENTS

Purchase of Philips I<sup>2</sup>C components conveys a license under the Philips' I<sup>2</sup>C patent to use the components in the I<sup>2</sup>C system provided the system conforms to the I<sup>2</sup>C specification defined by Philips. This specification can be ordered using the code 9398 393 40011.

---

## MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

SAA7219

---

### NOTES

---

## MPEG2 Transport RISC processor

SAA7219

---

### NOTES

# Philips Semiconductors – a worldwide company

**Argentina:** see South America

**Australia:** 3 Figtree Drive, HOMEBUSH, NSW 2140,  
Tel. +61 2 9704 8141, Fax. +61 2 9704 8139

**Austria:** Computerstr. 6, A-1101 WIEN, P.O. Box 213,  
Tel. +43 1 60 101 1248, Fax. +43 1 60 101 1210

**Belarus:** Hotel Minsk Business Center, Bld. 3, r. 1211, Volodarski Str. 6,  
220050 MINSK, Tel. +375 172 20 0733, Fax. +375 172 20 0773

**Belgium:** see The Netherlands

**Brazil:** see South America

**Bulgaria:** Philips Bulgaria Ltd., Energoproject, 15th floor,  
51 James Bourchier Blvd., 1407 SOFIA,  
Tel. +359 2 68 9211, Fax. +359 2 68 9102

**Canada:** PHILIPS SEMICONDUCTORS/COMPONENTS,  
Tel. +1 800 234 7381, Fax. +1 800 943 0087

**China/Hong Kong:** 501 Hong Kong Industrial Technology Centre,  
72 Tat Chee Avenue, Kowloon Tong, HONG KONG,  
Tel. +852 2319 7888, Fax. +852 2319 7700

**Colombia:** see South America

**Czech Republic:** see Austria

**Denmark:** Sydhavnsgade 23, 1780 COPENHAGEN V,  
Tel. +45 33 29 3333, Fax. +45 33 29 3905

**Finland:** Sinikalliontie 3, FIN-02630 ESPOO,  
Tel. +358 9 615 800, Fax. +358 9 6158 0920

**France:** 51 Rue Carnot, BP317, 92156 SURESNES Cedex,  
Tel. +33 1 4099 6161, Fax. +33 1 4099 6427

**Germany:** Hammerbrookstraße 69, D-20097 HAMBURG,  
Tel. +49 40 2353 60, Fax. +49 40 2353 6300

**Hungary:** see Austria

**India:** Philips INDIA Ltd, Band Box Building, 2nd floor,  
254-D, Dr. Annie Besant Road, Worli, MUMBAI 400 025,  
Tel. +91 22 493 8541, Fax. +91 22 493 0966

**Indonesia:** PT Philips Development Corporation, Semiconductors Division,  
Gedung Philips, Jl. Buncit Raya Kav.99-100, JAKARTA 12510,  
Tel. +62 21 794 0040 ext. 2501, Fax. +62 21 794 0080

**Ireland:** Newstead, Clonskeagh, DUBLIN 14,  
Tel. +353 1 7640 000, Fax. +353 1 7640 200

**Israel:** RAPAC Electronics, 7 Kehilat Saloniki St, PO Box 18053,  
TEL AVIV 61180, Tel. +972 3 645 0444, Fax. +972 3 649 1007

**Italy:** PHILIPS SEMICONDUCTORS, Via Casati, 23 - 20052 MONZA (MI),  
Tel. +39 039 203 6838, Fax +39 039 203 6800

**Japan:** Philips Bldg 13-37, Kohnan 2-chome, Minato-ku,  
TOKYO 108-8507, Tel. +81 3 3740 5130, Fax. +81 3 3740 5057

**Korea:** Philips House, 260-199 Itaewon-dong, Yongsan-ku, SEOUL,  
Tel. +82 2 709 1412, Fax. +82 2 709 1415

**Malaysia:** No. 76 Jalan Universiti, 46200 PETALING JAYA, SELANGOR,  
Tel. +60 3 750 5214, Fax. +60 3 757 4880

**Mexico:** 5900 Gateway East, Suite 200, EL PASO, TEXAS 79905,  
Tel. +9-5 800 234 7381, Fax +9-5 800 943 0087

**Middle East:** see Italy

**Netherlands:** Postbus 90050, 5600 PB EINDHOVEN, Bldg. VB,  
Tel. +31 40 27 82785, Fax. +31 40 27 88399

**New Zealand:** 2 Wagener Place, C.P.O. Box 1041, AUCKLAND,  
Tel. +64 9 849 4160, Fax. +64 9 849 7811

**Norway:** Box 1, Manglerud 0612, OSLO,  
Tel. +47 22 74 8000, Fax. +47 22 74 8341

**Pakistan:** see Singapore

**Philippines:** Philips Semiconductors Philippines Inc.,  
106 Valero St. Salcedo Village, P.O. Box 2108 MCC, MAKATI,  
Metro MANILA, Tel. +63 2 816 6380, Fax. +63 2 817 3474

**Poland:** Al.Jerozolimskie 195 B, 02-222 WARSAW,  
Tel. +48 22 5710 000, Fax. +48 22 5710 001

**Portugal:** see Spain

**Romania:** see Italy

**Russia:** Philips Russia, Ul. Usatcheva 35A, 119048 MOSCOW,  
Tel. +7 095 755 6918, Fax. +7 095 755 6919

**Singapore:** Lorong 1, Toa Payoh, SINGAPORE 319762,  
Tel. +65 350 2538, Fax. +65 251 6500

**Slovakia:** see Austria

**Slovenia:** see Italy

**South Africa:** S.A. PHILIPS Pty Ltd., 195-215 Main Road Martindale,  
2092 JOHANNESBURG, P.O. Box 58088 Newville 2114,  
Tel. +27 11 471 5401, Fax. +27 11 471 5398

**South America:** Al. Vicente Pinzon, 173, 6th floor,  
04547-130 SÃO PAULO, SP, Brazil,  
Tel. +55 11 821 2333, Fax. +55 11 821 2382

**Spain:** Balmes 22, 08007 BARCELONA,  
Tel. +34 93 301 6312, Fax. +34 93 301 4107

**Sweden:** Kottbygatan 7, Akalla, S-16485 STOCKHOLM,  
Tel. +46 8 5985 2000, Fax. +46 8 5985 2745

**Switzerland:** Allmendstrasse 140, CH-8027 ZÜRICH,  
Tel. +41 1 488 2741 Fax. +41 1 488 3263

**Taiwan:** Philips Semiconductors, 5F, No. 96, Chien Kuo N. Rd., Sec. 1,  
TAIPEI, Taiwan Tel. +886 2 2134 2451, Fax. +886 2 2134 2874

**Thailand:** PHILIPS ELECTRONICS (THAILAND) Ltd.,  
60/14 MOO 11, Bangna Trad Road KM. 3, Bangna, BANGKOK 10260,  
Tel. +66 2 361 7910, Fax. +66 2 398 3447

**Turkey:** Yukari Dudullu, Org. San. Blg., 2.Cad. Nr. 28 81260 Umraniye,  
ISTANBUL, Tel. +90 216 522 1500, Fax. +90 216 522 1813

**Ukraine:** PHILIPS UKRAINE, 4 Patrice Lumumba str., Building B, Floor 7,  
252042 KIEV, Tel. +380 44 264 2776, Fax. +380 44 268 0461

**United Kingdom:** Philips Semiconductors Ltd., 276 Bath Road, Hayes,  
MIDDLESEX UB3 5BX, Tel. +44 208 730 5000, Fax. +44 208 754 8421

**United States:** 811 East Arques Avenue, SUNNYVALE, CA 94088-3409,  
Tel. +1 800 234 7381, Fax. +1 800 943 0087

**Uruguay:** see South America

**Vietnam:** see Singapore

**Yugoslavia:** PHILIPS, Trg N. Pasica 5/v, 11000 BEOGRAD,  
Tel. +381 11 3341 299, Fax. +381 11 3342 553

**For all other countries apply to:** Philips Semiconductors,  
Marketing Communications, Building BE-p, P.O. Box 218, 5600 MD EINDHOVEN,  
The Netherlands, Fax. +31 40 27 24825

**Internet:** <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com>

© Philips Electronics N.V. 2000

SCA 70

All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner.

The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequence of its use. Publication thereof does not convey nor imply any license under patent- or other industrial or intellectual property rights.

Printed in The Netherlands

753504/02/pp20

Date of release: 2000 Jun 14

Document order number: 9397 750 06809

*Let's make things better.*

**Philips  
Semiconductors**



**PHILIPS**