INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

DATA SHEET

PCF1171C 4-digit LCD car clock

Product specification Supersedes data of September 1993 File under Integrated Circuits, IC16 1997 Apr 16





4-digit LCD car clock

PCF1171C

FEATURES

- Driving standard 3½ or a 4-digit LCD
- · Internal voltage regulator for 5 V LCD
- · Option for external stabilized voltage supply
- 4.19 MHz oscillator
- Integrated oscillator output capacitor and polarization resistor
- Operating ambient temperature: -40 to +85 °C
- 40-lead plastic SMD, face down (VSO40).

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The PCF1171C is a single chip, 4.19 MHz CMOS car clock circuit indicating hours and minutes. It is designed to drive a $3\frac{1}{2}$ or 4-digit liquid crystal display (LCD).

Two external single-pole, single-throw switches will accomplish all time setting functions. A bonding option allows the selection of 12-hour or 24-hour display mode. The circuit is battery-operated via an internal 5 V voltage regulator or by an external stabilized voltage supply.

ORDERING INFORMATION

TYPE	PACKAGE							
NUMBER	NAME	DESCRIPTION	VERSION					
PCF1171CT	VSO40	plastic very small outline package; 40 leads; face down ⁽¹⁾	SOT158-2					
PCF1171CU	_	uncased chip in tray ⁽²⁾	_					

Notes

- 1. See Fig.1 and Chapter "Package outline" for pin layout and package details.
- 2. See Chapter "Chip dimensions and bonding pad locations" for pad layout and package details.

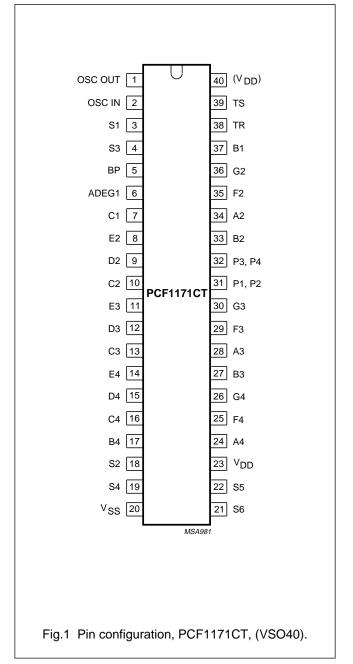
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PINNING

OSC OUT 1 oscillator output OSC IN 2 oscillator input S1 3 set hour S3 4 ±2 minute correction BP 5 64 Hz backplane driver (common of LCD) ADEG1 6 segment driver C1 7 segment driver E2 8 segment driver D2 9 segment driver C2 10 segment driver E3 11 segment driver C3 12 segment driver C3 13 segment driver C4 16 segment driver C4 16 segment driver C5 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation VSS 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	SYMBOL	PIN	DESCRIPTION		
S1 3 set hour S3 4 ±2 minute correction BP 5 64 Hz backplane driver (common of LCD) ADEG1 6 segment driver C1 7 segment driver E2 8 segment driver D2 9 segment driver C2 10 segment driver E3 11 segment driver E3 12 segment driver C3 13 segment driver C4 14 segment driver C4 16 segment driver C4 16 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation VSS 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	OSC OUT	1	oscillator output		
S3 4 ±2 minute correction BP 5 64 Hz backplane driver (common of LCD) ADEG1 6 segment driver C1 7 segment driver E2 8 segment driver D2 9 segment driver C2 10 segment driver E3 11 segment driver D3 12 segment driver C3 13 segment driver E4 14 segment driver D4 15 segment driver C4 16 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation Vss 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	OSC IN	2	oscillator input		
BP 5 64 Hz backplane driver (common of LCD) ADEG1 6 segment driver C1 7 segment driver E2 8 segment driver D2 9 segment driver C2 10 segment driver E3 11 segment driver C3 12 segment driver C3 13 segment driver C4 16 segment driver C4 16 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation Vss 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	S1	3	set hour		
(common of LCD) ADEG1 6 segment driver C1 7 segment driver E2 8 segment driver D2 9 segment driver C2 10 segment driver E3 11 segment driver C3 13 segment driver E4 14 segment driver C4 15 segment driver C4 16 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation V _{SS} 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	S3	4	±2 minute correction		
ADEG1 6 segment driver C1 7 segment driver E2 8 segment driver D2 9 segment driver C2 10 segment driver E3 11 segment driver D3 12 segment driver C3 13 segment driver E4 14 segment driver D4 15 segment driver C4 16 segment driver B4 17 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation V _{SS} 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	BP	5	64 Hz backplane driver		
C1 7 segment driver E2 8 segment driver D2 9 segment driver C2 10 segment driver E3 11 segment driver D3 12 segment driver C3 13 segment driver E4 14 segment driver D4 15 segment driver C4 16 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation V _{SS} 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode			(common of LCD)		
E2 8 segment driver D2 9 segment driver C2 10 segment driver E3 11 segment driver D3 12 segment driver C3 13 segment driver E4 14 segment driver D4 15 segment driver C4 16 segment driver C4 16 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation Vss 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	ADEG1	6	segment driver		
D2 9 segment driver C2 10 segment driver E3 11 segment driver D3 12 segment driver C3 13 segment driver E4 14 segment driver D4 15 segment driver C4 16 segment driver B4 17 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation V _{SS} 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	C1	7	segment driver		
C2 10 segment driver E3 11 segment driver D3 12 segment driver C3 13 segment driver E4 14 segment driver D4 15 segment driver C4 16 segment driver B4 17 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation V _{SS} 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	E2	8	segment driver		
E3	D2	9	segment driver		
D3 12 segment driver C3 13 segment driver E4 14 segment driver D4 15 segment driver C4 16 segment driver B4 17 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation V _{SS} 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	C2	10	segment driver		
C3 13 segment driver E4 14 segment driver D4 15 segment driver C4 16 segment driver B4 17 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation V _{SS} 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	E3	11	segment driver		
E4 14 segment driver D4 15 segment driver C4 16 segment driver B4 17 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation V _{SS} 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	D3	12	segment driver		
D4 15 segment driver C4 16 segment driver B4 17 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation V _{SS} 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	C3	13	segment driver		
C4 16 segment driver B4 17 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation V _{SS} 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	E4	14	segment driver		
B4 17 segment driver S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation V _{SS} 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	D4	15	segment driver		
S2 18 set minutes S4 19 internal voltage regulation VSS 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	C4	16	segment driver		
S4 19 internal voltage regulation V _{SS} 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	B4	17	segment driver		
V _{SS} 20 negative supply S6 21 selectable correction mode	S2	18	set minutes		
S6 21 selectable correction mode	S4	19	internal voltage regulation		
	V _{SS}	20	negative supply		
CE 20 40/04 have read a	S6	21	selectable correction mode		
55 22 12/24-nour mode	S5	22	12/24-hour mode		
V _{DD} 23 positive supply	V _{DD}	23	positive supply		
A4 24 segment driver	A4	24	segment driver		
F4 25 segment driver	F4	25	segment driver		
G4 26 segment driver	G4	26	segment driver		
B3 27 segment driver	B3	27	segment driver		
A3 28 segment driver	A3	28	segment driver		
F3 29 segment driver	F3	29	segment driver		
G3 30 segment driver	G3	30	<u> </u>		
P1, P2 31 colon flashing	P1, P2	31	•		
P3, P4 32 colon static	P3, P4	32	<u> </u>		
B2 33 segment driver	B2	33	segment driver		
A2 34 segment driver	A2	34	segment driver		
F2 35 segment driver	F2	35	<u> </u>		
G2 36 segment driver	G2	36	segment driver		
B1 37 segment driver	B1	37	segment driver		

SYMBOL	PIN	DESCRIPTION
TR	38	test reset; connect to (V _{DD})
TS	39	test speed-up; connect to (V _{DD})
(V _{DD})	40	positive supply for test and oscillator inputs



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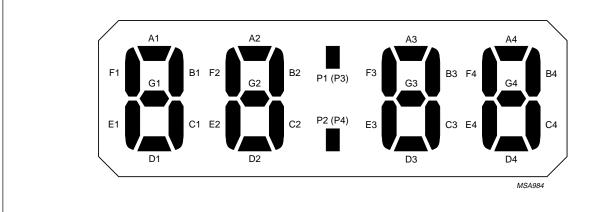


Fig.2 Segment designation of LCD.

TIME

MSA985

Fig.3 Display mode (24-hour mode shown).

OPERATIONAL INPUTS

Operational inputs S1, S2 and S3 have an internal pull-up resistor to facilitate use of external single-pole, single-throw switches. A specific debounce circuit is integrated as protection against contact debounce and parasitic voltages.

In the description below, an arrangement as shown in Fig.5 is assumed and S1, S2 and S3 refer to the external switches rather than the corresponding inputs.

Set hours, switch S1

Closure of S1 increments the hours according to the correction mode selected by S6 (see Chapter "Input options").

Set minutes/reset seconds, switch S2

When S2 is closed, the minute setting is corrected according to the correction mode determined by S6 (see Chapter "Input options").

The seconds counter is reset to zero each time S2 is closed, and begins running each time S2 is opened.

Segment test/reset, switches S1 and S2

If S1 and S2 are closed simultaneously all LCD segments are switched on. When the switches are released, the clock starts at 1:00 in the 12-hour mode or 0:00 in the 24-hour mode.

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Time correction ±2 minutes, switch S3

This switch operates in two ranges:

- Displayed time ≥ 58 minutes 00 seconds
- Displayed time ≤ 1 minute 59 seconds.

When switch S3 is pressed in these ranges, the minutes and seconds are reset to zero. For displayed time \geq 58 minutes 00 seconds, the hour is also incremented by one.

INPUT OPTIONS

In the description below S4, S5 and S6 refer to the external switches shown in Fig.5 rather than to the corresponding inputs.

In a real application, these inputs will normally be bonded to the appropriate level to give the required function mode.

Internal/external regulation, switch S4

For internal regulation, S4 is closed, the internal voltage regulator is active and the voltage supply for the LCD is regulated to 5 V. For external regulation, S4 is open and the circuit has to be supplied with an externally regulated voltage.

12/24-hour mode, switch S5

For 12-hour display mode, S5 is connected to V_{DD} . For 24-hour display mode, S5 is connected to V_{SS} .

Single/continuous correction mode, switch S6

For single-set correction mode, S6 is connected to V_{DD} . Each closure of S1 or S2 advances the counter by one.

For continuous-set correction mode, S6 is connected to V_{SS} . Momentary closure of S1 or S2 causes single increments as for single-set correction mode. If S1 or S2 is kept closed for more than 1s, the counter is automatically incremented by 1 for each full second that S1 or S2 is kept closed.

TESTING

In normal operation the test inputs TR (pin 38) and TS (pin 39) have to be connected to V_{DD} (pin 23). A test frequency (64 Hz) is available at BP (pin 5). The test mode is activated by connecting TS to V_{SS} (pin 20). All output frequencies are then increased by a factor of 65536. In this mode the maximum input frequency is 100 kHz (external generator at OSC IN). By connecting TR to V_{SS} all counters (seconds, minutes and hours) are stopped. After connecting TR to V_{DD} all counters start from an initial state.

The switches/inputs described above also operate in the test mode.

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{DD}	supply voltage with respect to V _{SS} with internal regulation disconnected;	note 1	_	8	V
VI	all input voltages		V _{SS} - 0.3	V _{DD} + 0.3	V
T _{amb}	operating ambient temperature		-40	+85	°C
T _{stg}	storage temperature		-55	+125	°C

Note

 Connecting the supply voltage with reverse polarity, will not harm the circuit, provided the current is limited to 10 mA by the external resistor.

HANDLING

Inputs and outputs are protected against electrostatic discharges in normal handling. However, to be totally safe, it is advisable to take handling precautions appropriate to handling MOS devices. Advice can be found in "Data Handbook IC16, General, Handling MOS Devices".

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CHARACTERISTICS

 V_{DD} = 5 V; V_{SS} = 0 V; T_{amb} = -40 to +85 °C; crystal: f = 4.194304 MHz; R_s = 50 Ω ; C_L = 12 pF; unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply						•
V _{DD}	supply voltage					
	external regulation		3	_	6	V
	internal regulation	I _{REG} = 1 mA	4	5	6	V
I _{REG}	regulation current with internal regulation		0.2	_	5	mA
I _{DD}	current consumption	all switches open; without LCD; internal regulation disconnected; note 1	50	400	700	μΑ
r _o	differential internal impedance	I _{REG} = 1 mA	_	_	150	Ω
Oscillator	(pins 1 and 2) (see note 2)					
t _{osc}	start time		_	_	200	ms
$\Delta f/f_{OSC}$	frequency stability	$\Delta V_{DD} = 100 \text{ mV}$	_	0.2×10^{-6}	1 × 10 ⁻⁶	
R _{fb}	feedback resistance		0.1	_	1	MΩ
C _i	input capacitance		_	_	9	pF
Co	output capacitance		19	24	29	pF
Switches	S1, S2 and S3 (pins 18, 3 and 4	l) and test inputs, TS, TR (pins	38 and 3	9)		
li	input current	with inputs connected to V _{SS}	50	150	500	μΑ
t _d	debounce time		32	_	150	ms
R _S	segment driver output resistance	$I_L = \pm 50 \mu A$	_	1	2.5	kΩ
R _{BP}	backplane driver output resistance	$I_L = \pm 250 \mu\text{A}$	_	0.2	0.5	kΩ
f _{BP}	backplane driver output frequency		_	64	_	Hz
V _{offset(DC)}	LCD DC offset voltage	R_L = 200 kΩ; C_L = 1 nF	_	_	±50	mV

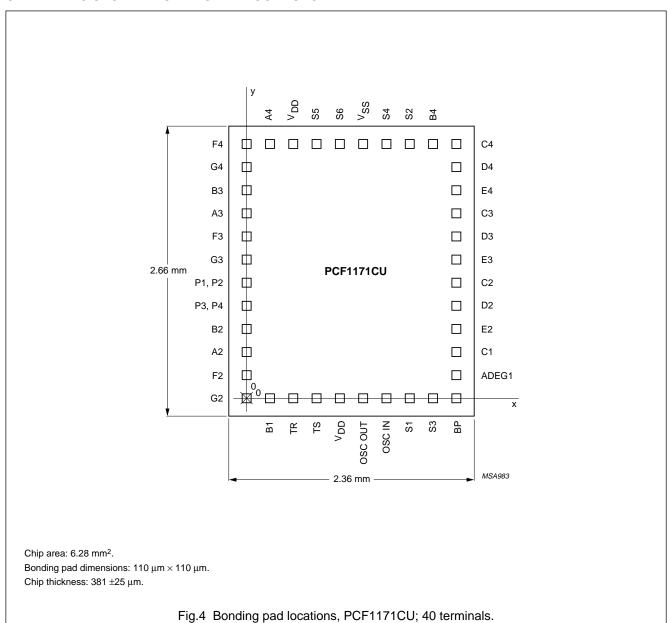
Notes

- 1. The current $I_{EXT} = I_{REG} + I_{DD} + 2 \times I_i$ (+ LCD current).
- 2. For correct operation of the oscillator: $V_{DD} \ge 3 \ V$.

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CHIP DIMENSIONS AND BONDING PAD LOCATIONS



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 $\textbf{Table 1} \quad \text{Bonding pad locations (dimensions in } \mu \text{m})$

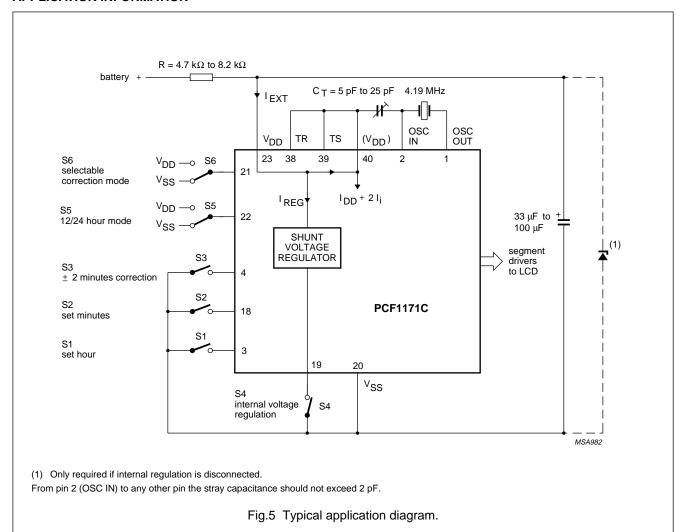
All x/y coordinates are referenced to the pad G2, see Fig.4.

PAD	х	У	PAD	x	у
OSC OUT	1060	0	S6	860	2320
OSC IN	1260	0	S5	660	2320
S1	1 460	0	V _{DD}	460	2320
S3	1680	0	A4	240	2320
BP	1920	0	F4	0	2320
ADEG1	1920	240	G4	0	2080
C1	1920	460	В3	0	1860
E2	1920	660	A3	0	1660
D2	1920	860	F3	0	1460
C2	1920	1 060	G3	0	1260
E3	1920	1260	P1, P2	0	1060
D3	1920	1460	P3, P4	0	860
C3	1920	1660	B2	0	660
E4	1920	1860	A2	0	460
D4	1920	2080	F2	0	240
C4	1920	2320	G2	0	0
B4	1680	2320	B1	240	0
S2	1 460	2320	TR	460	0
S4	1260	2320	TS	660	0
V _{SS}	1060	2320	V _{DD}	860	0
chip corner (max. value)	-220	-170			

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APPLICATION INFORMATION



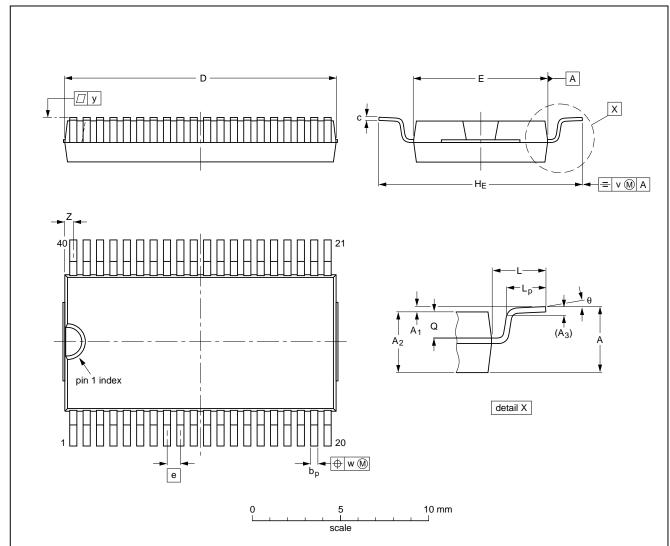
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PACKAGE OUTLINE

VSO40: plastic very small outline package; 40 leads; face down

SOT158-2



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A ₁	A ₂	A ₃	bp	С	D ⁽¹⁾	E ⁽²⁾	е	HE	L	Lp	q	v	w	у	Z ⁽¹⁾	θ
mm	2.70	0.3 0.1	2.45 2.25	0.25	0.42 0.30	0.22 0.14	15.6 15.2	7.6 7.5	0.762	12.3 11.8	2.25	1.7 1.5	1.15 1.05	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.6 0.3	7°
inches	0.11	0.012 0.004	0.096 0.089	0.010		0.0087 0.0055	0.61 0.60	0.30 0.29	0.03	0.48 0.46	0.089	0.067 0.059	0.045 0.041	0.008	0.004	0.004	0.024 0.012	0°

Note

- 1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.4 mm maximum per side are not included.
- 2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE			
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
SOT158-2						92-11-17 95-01-24

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SOLDERING

Introduction

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all IC packages. Wave soldering is often preferred when through-hole and surface mounted components are mixed on one printed-circuit board. However, wave soldering is not always suitable for surface mounted ICs, or for printed-circuits with high population densities. In these situations reflow soldering is often used.

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our "IC Package Databook" (order code 9398 652 90011).

Reflow soldering

Reflow soldering techniques are suitable for all VSO packages.

Reflow soldering requires solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be applied to the printed-circuit board by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before package placement.

Several techniques exist for reflowing; for example, thermal conduction by heated belt. Dwell times vary between 50 and 300 seconds depending on heating method. Typical reflow temperatures range from 215 to 250 $^{\circ}$ C.

Preheating is necessary to dry the paste and evaporate the binding agent. Preheating duration: 45 minutes at 45 °C.

Wave soldering

Wave soldering techniques can be used for all VSO packages if the following conditions are observed:

- A double-wave (a turbulent wave with high upward pressure followed by a smooth laminar wave) soldering technique should be used.
- The longitudinal axis of the package footprint must be parallel to the solder flow.
- The package footprint must incorporate solder thieves at the downstream end.

During placement and before soldering, the package must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing. The package can be soldered after the adhesive is cured.

Maximum permissible solder temperature is 260 °C, and maximum duration of package immersion in solder is 10 seconds, if cooled to less than 150 °C within 6 seconds. Typical dwell time is 4 seconds at 250 °C.

A mildly-activated flux will eliminate the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

Repairing soldered joints

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Fix the component by first soldering two diagonally-opposite end leads. Use only a low voltage soldering iron (less than 24 V) applied to the flat part of the lead. Contact time must be limited to 10 seconds at up to 300 °C. When using a dedicated tool, all other leads can be soldered in one operation within 2 to 5 seconds between 270 and 320 °C.

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DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
Limiting values	

Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Application information

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.

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NOTES

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