# NE/SA/SE5521

#### DESCRIPTION

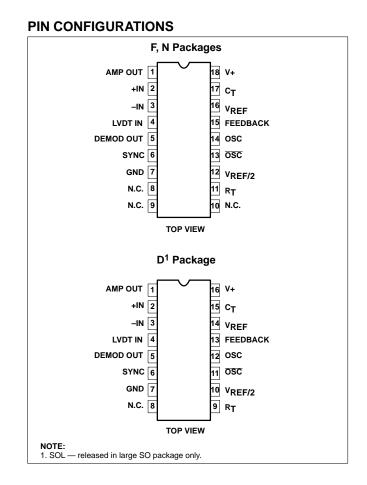
The NE/SA/SE5521 is a signal conditioning circuit for use with Linear Variable Differential Transformers (LVDTs) and Rotary Variable Differential Transformers (RVDTs). The chip includes a low distortion, amplitude-stable sine wave oscillator with programmable frequency to drive the primary of the LVDT/RVDT, a synchronous demodulator to convert the LVDT/RVDT output amplitude and phase to position information, and an output amplifier to provide amplification and filtering of the demodulated signal.

#### FEATURES

- Low distortion
- Single supply 5V to 20V, or dual supply  $\pm 2.5V$  to  $\pm 10V$
- Oscillator frequency 1kHz to 20kHz
- Capable of ratiometric operation
- Low power consumption (182mV typ)

#### APPLICATIONS

- LVDT signal conditioning
- RVDT signal conditioning
- LPDT signal conditioning
- Bridge circuits



#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

DESCRIPTION	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE	DWG #
18-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	0 to +70°C	NE5521N	0407A
16-Pin Small Outline Large (SOL) Package	0 to +70°C	NE5521D	0171B
18-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	–40 to +85°C	SA5521N	0407A
18-Pin Ceramic Dual In-Line Package (CERDIP)	–55 to +125°C	SE5521F	0583A
16-Pin Ceramic Dual In-Line Package (CERDIP)	−40 to +85°C	SA5521D	0582B

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

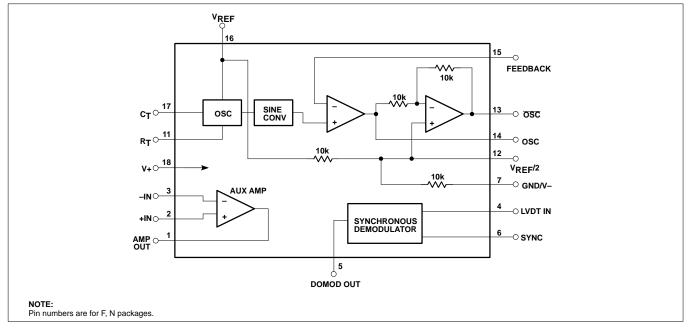
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	RATING	UNIT	
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage	+20	V	
	Split supply voltage	±10	V	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating temperature range NE5521 SA5521 SE5521	0 to 70 -40 to +85 -55 to +125	ပံ ပံ	
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature range	-65 to +125	°C	
PD	Power dissipation <sup>1</sup>	910	mW	

NOTES:

1. For derating, see typical power dissipation versus load curves (Figure 1).

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#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



#### **PIN DEFINITIONS FOR D, F AND N PACKAGES**

PIN	NO.	0/4/201	DEFINITION				
D	F, N	SYMBOL					
1	1	Amp Out	Auxiliary Amplifier Out.				
2	2	+IN	Auxiliary Amplifier non-inverting input.				
3	3	–IN	Auxiliary Amplifier inverting input.				
4	4	LVDT IN	Input to Synchronous Demodulator from the LVDT/RVDT secondary.				
5	5	DEMOD OUT	Pulsating DC output from the Synchronous Demodulator output. This voltage should be filtered before use.				
6	6	SYNC	Synchronizing input for the Synchronizing Demodulator. This input should be connected to the OSC or $\overrightarrow{OSC}$ output. Sync is referenced to V <sub>REF</sub> /2.				
7	7	GND	Device return. Should be connected to system ground or to the negative supply.				
8	8	NC	No internal connection.				
	9	NC	No internal connection.				
	10	NC	No internal connection.				
9	11	R <sub>T</sub>	A temperature stable $18k\Omega$ resistor should be connected between this pin and Pin 7.				
10	12	V <sub>REF</sub> /2	A high impedance source of one half the potential applied to $V_{REF}$ . The LVDT/RVDT secondary return should be to this point. A bypass capacitor with low impedance at the oscillator frequency should also be connected between this pin and ground.				
11	13	OSC	Oscillator sine wave output that is 180° out of phase with the OSC signal. The LVDT/RVDT primary is usually connected between OSC and OSC pins.				
12	14	OSC	Oscillator sine wave output. The LVDT/RVDT primaries are usually connected between OSC and OSC pins.				
13	15	FEEDBACK	Usually connected to the OSC output for unity gain, a resistor between this pin and OSC, and one be- tween this pin and ground can provide for a change in the oscillator output pin amplitudes.				
14	16	V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference voltage input for the oscillator and sine converter. This voltage MUST be stable and must not exceed +V supply voltage.				
15	17	CT	Oscillator frequency-determining capacitor. The capacitor connected between this pin and ground should be a temperature-stable type.				
16	18	+V	Positive supply connection.				

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#### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $V + = V_{REF} = 10V, T_A = 0 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}\text{C for NE5521}, T_A = -55 \text{ to } +125^{\circ}\text{C for SE5521}, T_A = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C for SA5521}, \text{ Frequency} = 1\text{kHz}, \text{ unless otherwise noted}.$ 

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		NE5521		SA/SE5521			
SYMBOL			Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply current			12.9	20		12.9	18	mA
I <sub>REF</sub>	Reference current			5.3	8		5.3	8	mA
V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference voltage range		5		V+	5		V+	V
PD	Power dissipation			182	280		182	260	mW
Oscillato	r Section								
	Oscillator output	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	$\frac{V_{REF}}{8.8}$				V <sub>REF</sub> 8.8		V <sub>RMS</sub>
THD	Sine wave distortion	No load		1.5			1.5		%
	Initial amplitude error	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		0.4	±3		0.4	±3	%
	Tempco of amplitude			0.005	0.01		0.005	0.01	%/°C
	Init. accuracy of oscillator freq.	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		±0.9	±5		±0.9	±5	%
	Temperature coeff. of frequency <sup>1</sup>			0.05			0.05		%/°C
	Voltage coeff. of frequency			2.5			3.3		%/V(V <sub>REF</sub> )
	Min OSC (OSC) Load <sup>2</sup>		300	170		300	170		Ω
Demodu	ator Section		•		•				•
∈r	Linearity error	5V <sub>P-P</sub> input		±0.05	±0.1		±0.05	±0.1	%FS
	Maximum demodulator input			$\frac{V_{REF}}{2}$			V <sub>REF</sub> 2		V <sub>P-P</sub>
V <sub>OS</sub>	Demodulator offset voltage			±1.4	±5		±1.4	±5	mV
TCV <sub>OS</sub>	Demodulator offset voltage drift			5	25		5	25	μV/ <sup>5</sup> C
I <sub>BIAS</sub>	Demodulator input current		-600	-234		-500	-234		nA
	V <sub>R/2</sub> accuracy			±0.1	±1		±0.1	±1	%
Auxiliary	Output Amplifier								-
V <sub>OS</sub>	Input offset voltage			±0.5	±5		±0.5	±5	mV
I <sub>BIAS</sub>	Input bias current		-600	-210		-500	-210		nA
I <sub>OS</sub>	Input offset current			10	50		10	50	nA
Av	Gain		100	385		100	385		V/mV
SR	Slew rate			1.3			1.3		V/µs
GBW	Unity gain bandwidth product	A <sub>V</sub> = 1		1.6			1.6		MHz
	Output voltage swing	$R_L = 10k\Omega$	7	8.2		7	8.2		V
	Output short circuit current to ground or to $V_{CC}$	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		42	100		42	100	mA

NOTES:

 This is temperature coefficient of frequency for the device only. It is assumed that C<sub>T</sub> and R<sub>T</sub> are fixed in value and C<sub>T</sub> leakage is fixed over the operating temperature range.

2. Minimum load impedance for which distortion is guaranteed to be less than 5%.

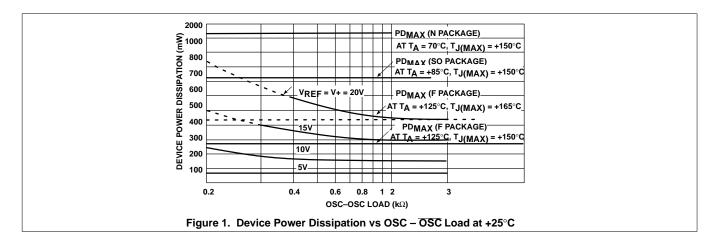
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#### **DEFINITION OF TERMS**

Oscillator Output	RMS value of the AC voltage at the oscillator output pin. This output is referenced to $V_{\text{REF}/2}$ and is a function of $V_{\text{REF}}$ .				
Sine Wave Distortion	The Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) of the oscillator output with no load. This is not a critical specification in LVDT/RVDT systems. This figure could be 15% or more without affecting system performance.				
Initial Amplitude Error	A measure of the interchangeability of NE/SA/SE5521 parts, not a characteristic of any one part. It is the degree to which the oscillator output of a number of NE/SA/SE5521 samples will vary from the median of that sample.				
Initial Accuracy of Oscillator Frequency	Another measure of the interchangeability of individual NE/SA/SE5521 parts. This is the degree to which the oscillator frequency of a number of NE/SA/SE5521 samples will vary from the median of that sample with a given timing capacitor.				
Tempco of Oscillator Amplitude	A measure of how the oscillator amplitude varies with ambient temperature as that temperature deviates from a 25°C ambient.				
Tempco of Oscillator Frequency	A measure of how the oscillator frequency varies with ambient temperature as that temperature deviates from a 25°C ambient.				
Voltage Coefficient of Oscillator Frequency	The degree to which the oscillator frequency will vary as the reference voltage ( $V_{REF}$ ) deviates from +10V.				
Min OSC (OSC) Load	Minimum load impedance for which distortion is guaranteed to be less than 5%.				
Linearity Error	The degree to which the DC output of the demodulator/amplifier combination matches a change in the AC signal at the demodulator input. It is measured as the worst case nonlinearity from a straight line drawn between positive and negative fullscale end points.				
Maximum Demodulator Input	The maximum signal that can be applied to the demodulator input without exceeding the specified linearity error.				

#### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

 $OSC \ frequency \ = \ \frac{V_{REF} \ - \ 1.3V}{V_{REF} \ (R_T \ + \ 1.5k) \ C_T}$ 



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