

256KB and 512KB BurstRAM™ Secondary Cache Module for PowerPC™ – Based Systems

The MPC2002SG and MPC2003SG are designed to provide a burstable, high performance, 256K/512K L2 cache for the PowerPC 60x processors. The modules are configured as 32K x 72 and 64K x 72 bits in a 136 pin dual readout single inline memory module (DIMM). The module uses four of Motorola's MCM67M518 or MCM67M618 BiCMOS BurstRAMs.

Bursts can be initiated with either transfer start processor ($\overline{\text{TSP}}$) or transfer start controller ($\overline{\text{TSC}}$). Subsequent burst addresses are generated internal to the BurstRAM by the burst address advance (BAA) pin.

Write cycles are internally self timed and are initiated by the rising edge of the clock (K) input. Eight write enables are provided for byte write control.

The cache family is designed to interface with the PowerPC 60x bus and requires external tag.

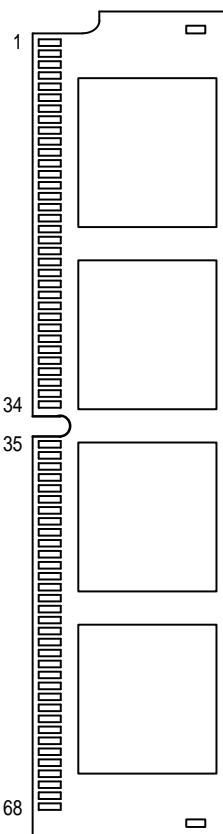
PD0 – PD2 are reserved for density and speed identification.

- PowerPC–style Burst Counter on Board
- Dual Readout SIMM for Circuit Density
- Single 5 V \pm 5% Power Supply
- All Inputs and Outputs are TTL Compatible
- Three State Outputs
- Byte Parity
- Byte Write Capability
- Fast Module Clock Rates: 66 MHz, 60 MHz, 50MHz
- Decoupling Capacitors for each Fast Static RAM
- High Quality Multi–Layer FR4 PWB With Separate Power and Ground Planes
- I/Os are 3.3 V Compatible

**MPC2002
MPC2003**

(Formerly MCM72MS32/64)

136–LEAD DIMM
CASE 1104–01
TOP VIEW



BurstRAM is a trademark of Motorola.

PowerPC and PowerPC 601 are trademarks of International Business Machines Corp.

PIN ASSIGNMENT
136-LEAD DIMM
CASE 1104-01
TOP VIEW

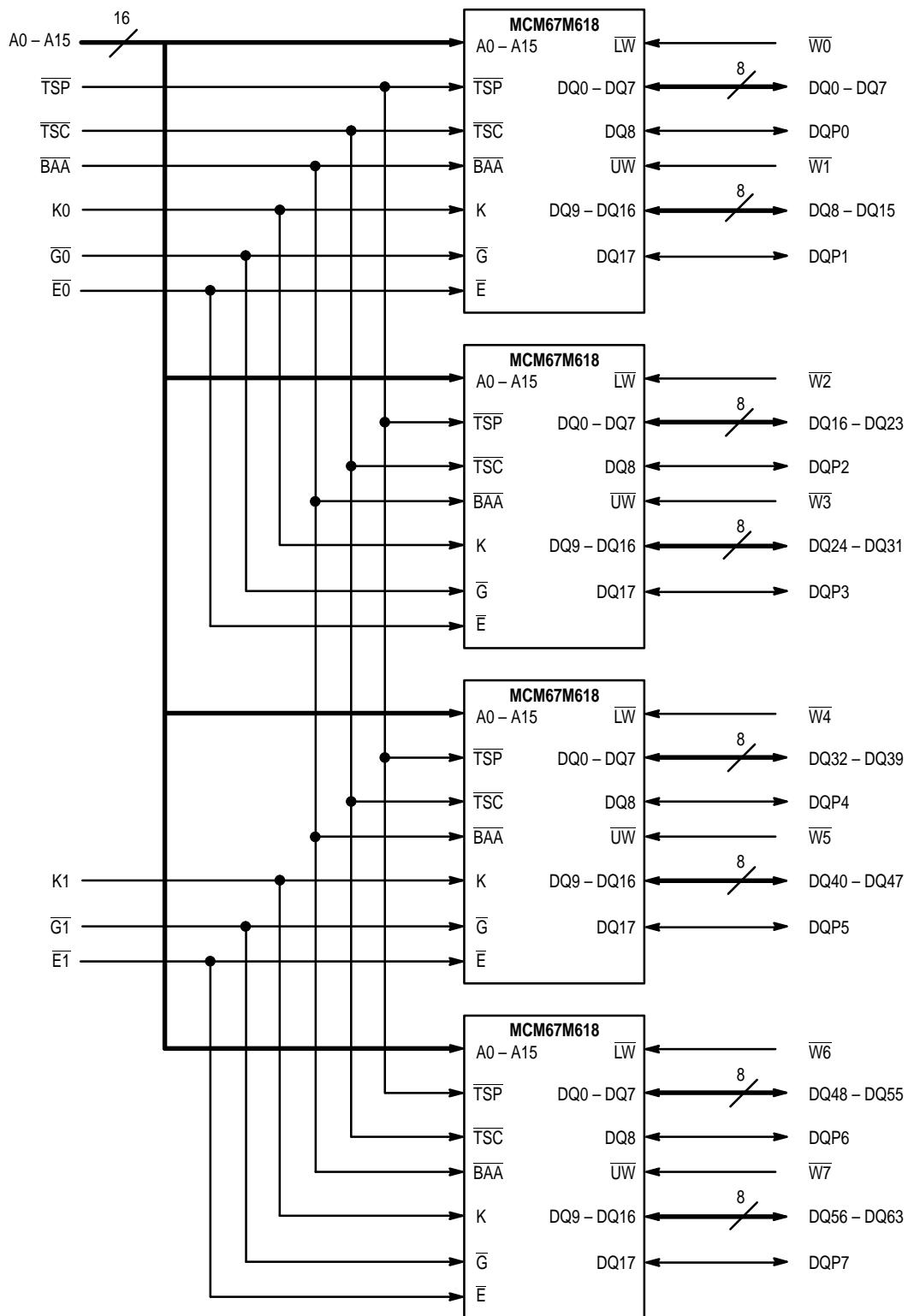
PD2	PD1	PD0	Cache Size	Module
VSS	NC	NC	512KB	MPC2003SG66/60
VSS	NC	VSS	512KB	MPC2003SG50
VSS	VSS	NC	256KB	MPC2002SG66/60
VSS	VSS	VSS	256KB	MPC2002SG50

PIN NAMES	
A0 – A15	Address Inputs
K0, K1	Clock
W0 – W7	Byte Write
E0, E1	Module Enable
G0, G1	Module Output Enable
DQ0 – DQ63	Cache Data Input/Output
DQP0 – DQP7	Data Parity Input/Output
TSC	Transfer Start Controller
TSP	Transfer Start Processor
BAA	Burst Address Advance
PD0 – PD2	Presence Detect
VCC	+ 5 V Power Supply
VSS	Ground

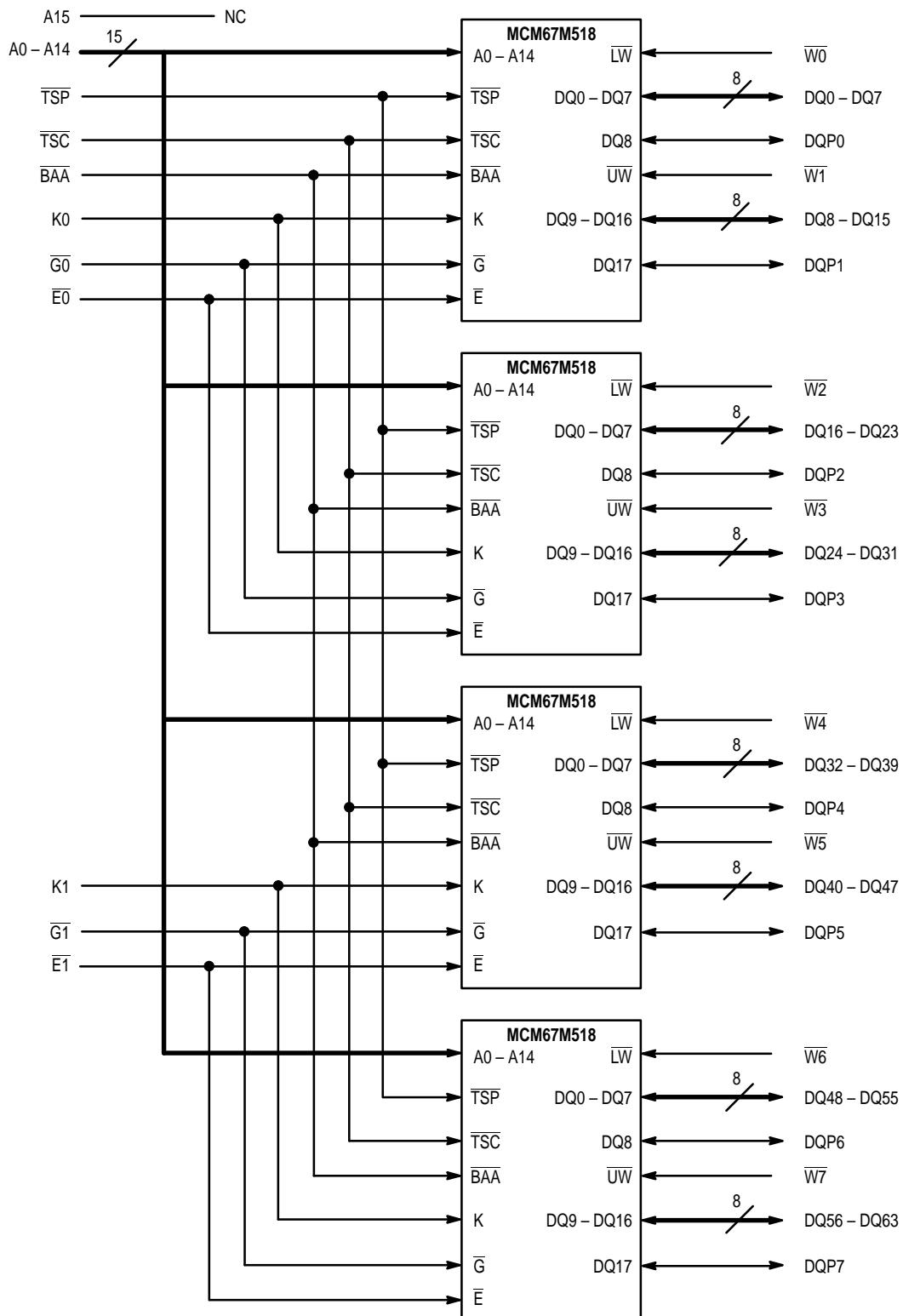
PD0	1	69	VSS
PD1	2	70	PD2
DQ0	3	71	VCC
DQ1	4	72	DQ2
VCC	5	73	DQ3
DQ4	6	74	DQ5
DQ6	7	75	DQ7
DQP0	8	76	VSS
DQ8	9	77	DQ9
DQ10	10	78	DQ11
VSS	11	79	DQ12
K0	12	80	VSS
VSS	13	81	DQ13
DQ14	14	82	DQ15
VCC	15	83	DQP1
DQ16	16	84	VSS
DQ17	17	85	DQ18
DQ19	18	86	DQ20
DQ21	19	87	DQ22
VCC	20	88	DQ23
DQP2	21	89	VSS
DQ24	22	90	DQ25
DQ26	23	91	DQ27
DQ28	24	92	DQ29
VSS	25	93	DQ30
DQ31	26	94	VSS
DQP3	27	95	E0
VSS	28	96	W1
W0	29	97	W3
W2	30	98	G0
TSP	31	99	TSC
BAA	32	100	VSS
VCC	33	101	G1
W4	34	102	W5
W6	35	103	W7
DQ32	36	104	E1
DQ33	37	105	DQ34
VSS	38	106	DQ35
DQ36	39	107	DQ37
DQ38	40	108	VCC
DQ39	41	109	DQP4
DQ40	42	110	DQ41
VCC	43	111	DQ42
DQ43	44	112	DQ44
DQ45	45	113	VSS
DQ46	46	114	DQ47
DQP5	47	115	DQ48
VSS	48	116	DQ49
K1	49	117	VSS
VSS	50	118	DQ50
DQ52	51	119	DQ51
DQ53	52	120	DQ54
DQ55	53	121	DQ56
DQP6	54	122	VSS
VCC	55	123	DQ57
DQ58	56	124	DQ59
DQ60	57	125	DQ61
DQ62	58	126	DQ63
DQP7	59	127	VCC
A0	60	128	A1
A2	61	129	A3
A4	62	130	A5
A6	63	131	A7
A8	64	132	NC
A10	65	133	A9
A12	66	134	A11
A14	67	135	A13
VSS	68	136	A15*

* This pin on the MPC2002 is a No Connect (NC)

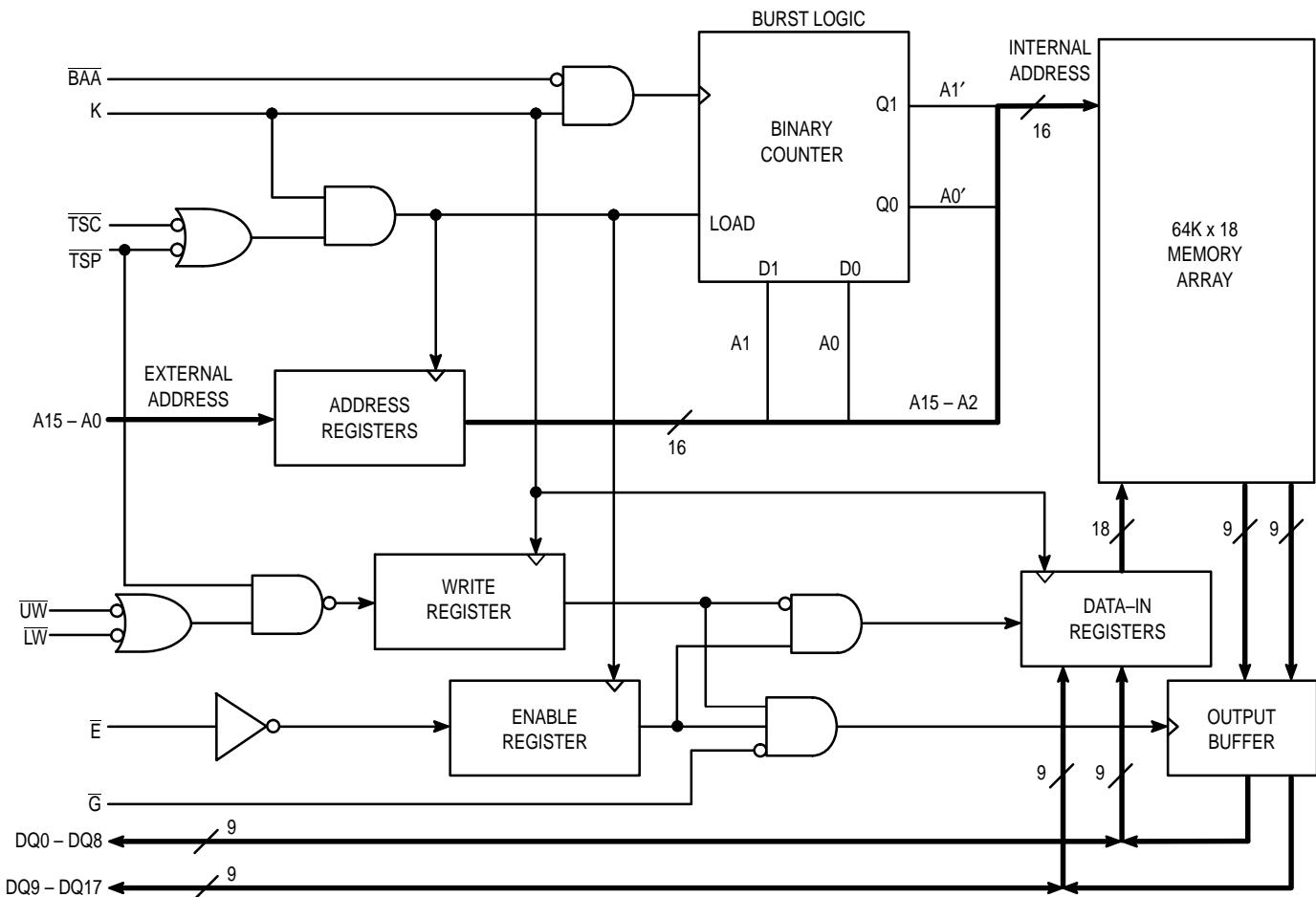
MPC2003 (64K x 72) MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



MPC2002 (32K x 72) MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



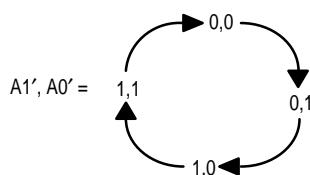
BLOCK DIAGRAM (See Note)



NOTE: All registers are positive-edge triggered. The **TSC** or **TSP** signals control the duration of the burst and the start of the next burst. When **TSP** is sampled low, any ongoing burst is interrupted and a read (independent of **W** and **TSC**) is performed using the new external address. Alternatively, a **TSP**-initiated two cycle WRITE can be performed by asserting **TSP** and a valid address on the first cycle, then negating both **TSP** and **TSC** and asserting **LW** and/or **UW** with valid data on the second cycle (see Single Write Cycle in WRITE CYCLES timing diagram).

When **TSC** is sampled low (and **TSP** is sampled high), any ongoing burst is interrupted and a read or write (dependent on **W**) is performed using the new external address. Chip enable (**E**) is sampled only when a new base address is loaded. After the first cycle of the burst, **BAA** controls subsequent burst cycles. When **BAA** is sampled low, the internal address is advanced prior to the operation. When **BAA** is sampled high, the internal address is not advanced, thus inserting a wait state into the burst sequence accesses. Upon completion of a burst, the address will wrap around to its initial state. See **BURST SEQUENCE GRAPH**. Write refers to either or both byte write enables (**LW**, **UW**).

BURST SEQUENCE GRAPH (See Note)



NOTE: The external two values for **A1** and **A0** provide the starting point for the burst sequence graph. The burst logic advances **A1** and **A0** as shown above.

SYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE (See Notes 1, 2, and 3)

E	TSP	TSC	BAA	LW or UW	K	Address	Operation
H	L	X	X	X	L-H	N/A	Deselected
H	X	L	X	X	L-H	N/A	Deselected
L	L	X	X	X	L-H	External Address	Read Cycle, Begin Burst
L	H	L	X	L	L-H	External Address	Write Cycle, Begin Burst
L	H	L	X	H	L-H	External Address	Read Cycle, Begin Burst
X	H	H	L	L	L-H	Next Address	Write Cycle, Continue Burst
X	H	H	L	H	L-H	Next Address	Read Cycle, Continue Burst
X	H	H	H	L	L-H	Current Address	Write Cycle, Suspend Burst
X	H	H	H	H	L-H	Current Address	Read Cycle, Suspend Burst

NOTES:

1. X means Don't Care.
2. All inputs except \bar{G} must meet setup and hold times for the low-to-high transition of clock (K).
3. Wait states are inserted by suspending burst.

ASYNCHRONOUS TRUTH TABLE (See Notes 1 and 2)

Operation	\bar{G}	I/O Status
Read	L	Data Out (DQ0 – DQ8)
Write	X	High-Z — Data In
Deselected	X	High-Z

NOTES:

1. X means Don't Care.
2. For a write operation following a read operation, \bar{G} must be high before the input data required setup time and held high through the input data hold time.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Voltages Referenced to V_{SS} = 0 V)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	-0.5 to + 7.0	V
Voltage Relative to V _{SS} for Any Pin Except V _{CC}	V _{in} , V _{out}	-0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5	V
Output Current (per I/O)	I _{out}	± 30	mA
Power Dissipation	P _D	6.0	W
Temperature Under Bias	T _{bias}	-10 to + 85	°C
Operating Temperature	T _A	0 to +70	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to + 125	°C

NOTE: Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS. Exposure to higher than recommended voltages for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit.

This BiCMOS memory circuit has been designed to meet the dc and ac specifications shown in the tables, after thermal equilibrium has been established.

This device contains circuitry that will ensure the output devices are in High-Z at power up.

DC OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = 5.0 V ± 5%, T_A = 0 to + 70°C, Unless Otherwise Noted)

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (Voltages referenced to V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage (Operating Voltage Range)	V _{CC}	4.75	5.25	V
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	2.2	V _{CC} + 0.3**	V
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	-0.5*	0.8	V

* V_{IL} (min) = -0.5 V dc; V_{IL} (min) = -2.0 V ac (pulse width ≤ 20.0 ns) for I ≤ 20.0 mA.

** V_{IH} (max) = V_{CC} + 0.3 V dc; V_{IH} (max) = V_{CC} + 2.0 V ac (pulse width ≤ 20.0 ns) for I ≤ 20.0 mA.

DC CHARACTERISTICS AND SUPPLY CURRENTS

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Leakage Current (All Inputs, V _{in} = 0 to V _{CC})	I _{lk} (I)	—	± 1.0	µA
Output Leakage Current ($\bar{G} = V_{IH}$)	I _{lk} (O)	—	± 1.0	µA
AC Supply Current ($\bar{G} = V_{IH}$, $\bar{E} = V_{IL}$, I _{out} = 0 mA, All Inputs = V _{IL} or V _{IH} , V _{IL} = 0.0 V and V _{IH} ≥ 3.0 V, Cycle Time ≥ t _{KHHK} min)	I _{CCA66} I _{CCA60} I _{CCA50}	—	1160 1100 1000	mA
AC Standby Current ($\bar{E} = V_{IH}$, I _{out} = 0 mA, All Inputs = V _{IL} and V _{IH} , V _{IL} = 0.0 V and V _{IH} ≥ 3.0 V, Cycle Time ≥ t _{KHHK} min)	I _{SB1}	—	300	mA
Output Low Voltage (I _{OL} = + 8.0 mA)	V _{OL}	—	0.4	V
Output High Voltage (I _{OH} = - 4.0 mA)	V _{OH}	2.4	3.3	V

NOTE: Good decoupling of the local power supply should always be used. DC characteristics are guaranteed for all possible PowerPC bus cycles.

CAPACITANCE (f = 1.0 MHz, dV = 3.0 V, T_A = 25°C, Periodically Sampled Rather Than 100% Tested)

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Capacitance (A0 – A15, TSP, TSC, BAA)	C _{in}	25	32	pF
Input/Output Capacitance (DQ0 – DQ63, DQP0 – DQP7)	C _{I/O}	8	10	pF
Input Capacitance (Kx, Gx, Ex, Wx)	C _{in}	12	15	pF

AC OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = 5.0 V ± 5% T_A = 0 to + 70°C, Unless Otherwise Noted)

Input Timing Measurement Reference Level	1.5 V	Output Timing Reference Level	1.5 V
Input Pulse Levels	0 to 3.0 V	Output Load	See Figure 1A Unless Otherwise Noted
Input Rise/Fall Time	3 ns		

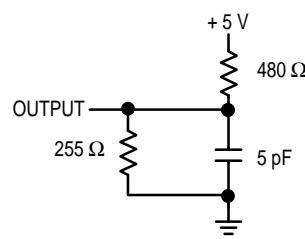
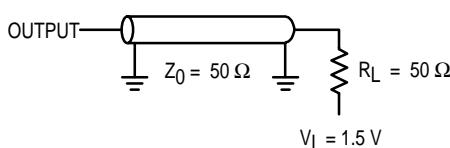
READ/WRITE CYCLE TIMING (See Notes 1, 2, and 3) (\bar{W} refers to either or both byte write enables)

Parameter	Symbol	MPC2002SG66/ MPC2003SG66		MPC2002SG60/ MPC2003SG60		MPC2002SG50/ MPC2003SG50		Unit	Notes	
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max			
Cycle Time	t _{KHHK}	15	—	16.6	—	20	—	ns		
Clock Access Time	t _{KHQV}	—	9	—	11	—	14	ns	4	
Output Enable to Output Valid	t _{GLQV}	—	5	—	5	—	6	ns		
Clock High to Output Active	t _{KHQX1}	6	—	6	—	6	—	ns		
Clock High to Output Change	t _{KHQX2}	3	—	3	—	3	—	ns		
Output Enable to Output Active	t _{GLQX}	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns		
Output Disable to Q High-Z	t _{GHQZ}	2	6	2	6	2	6	ns	5	
Clock High to Q High-Z	t _{KHQZ}	—	6	—	6	—	6	ns	5	
Clock High Pulse Width	t _{KHKL}	5	—	5	—	6	—	ns		
Clock Low Pulse Width	t _{KLKH}	5	—	5	—	6	—	ns		
Setup Times:	Address Address Status Data In Write Address Advance Chip Select	t _{AVKH} t _{TSVKH} t _{DVKH} t _{WVKH} t _{BAVKH} t _{EVKH}	2.5	—	2.5	—	2.5	—	ns	6
Hold Times:	Address Address Status Data In Write Address Advance Chip Select	t _{KHAX} t _{KHTSX} t _{KHDX} t _{KHWX} t _{KHBAX} t _{KHEX}	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	ns	6

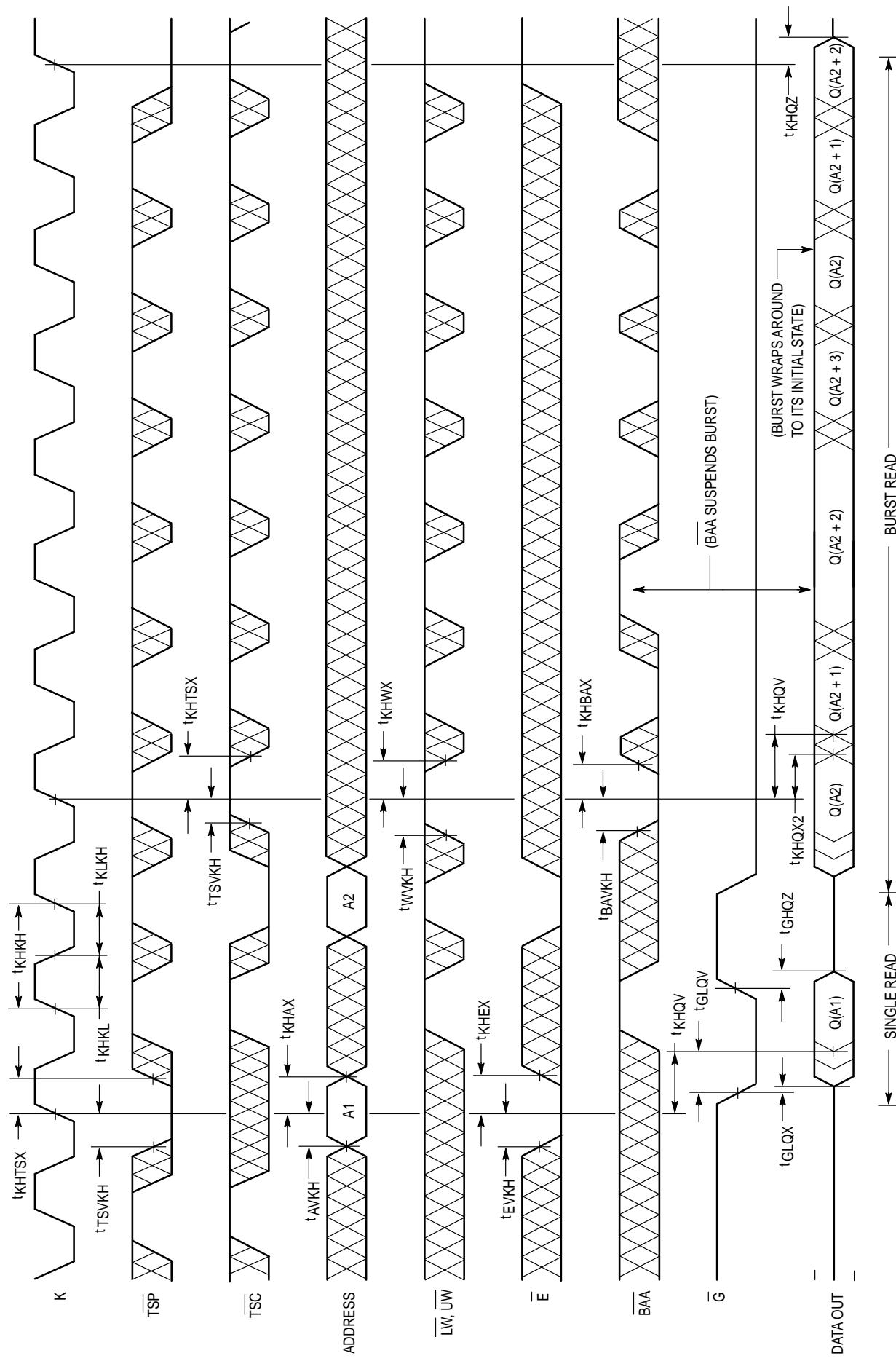
NOTES:

1. A read cycle is defined by \bar{UW} and \bar{LW} high or \bar{TSP} low for the setup and hold times. A write cycle is defined by \bar{LW} or \bar{UW} low and \bar{TSP} high for the setup and hold times.
2. All read and write cycle timings are referenced from K or \bar{G} .
3. \bar{G} is a don't care when \bar{UV} or \bar{LW} is sampled low.
4. Maximum access times are guaranteed for all possible PowerPC 60x external bus cycles.
5. Transition is measured ± 500 mV from steady-state voltage with load of Figure 1B. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested. At any given voltage and temperature, t_{KHQZ} max is less than t_{KHQX1} min for a given device and from device to device.
6. This is a synchronous device. All addresses must meet the specified setup and hold times for **ALL** rising edges of clock (K) whenever \bar{TSP} or \bar{TSC} are low and the chip is selected. All other synchronous inputs must meet the specified setup and hold times for **ALL** rising edges of K when the chip is selected. Chip enable must be valid at each rising edge of clock for the device (when \bar{TSP} or \bar{TSC} is low) to remain enabled.

AC TEST LOADS

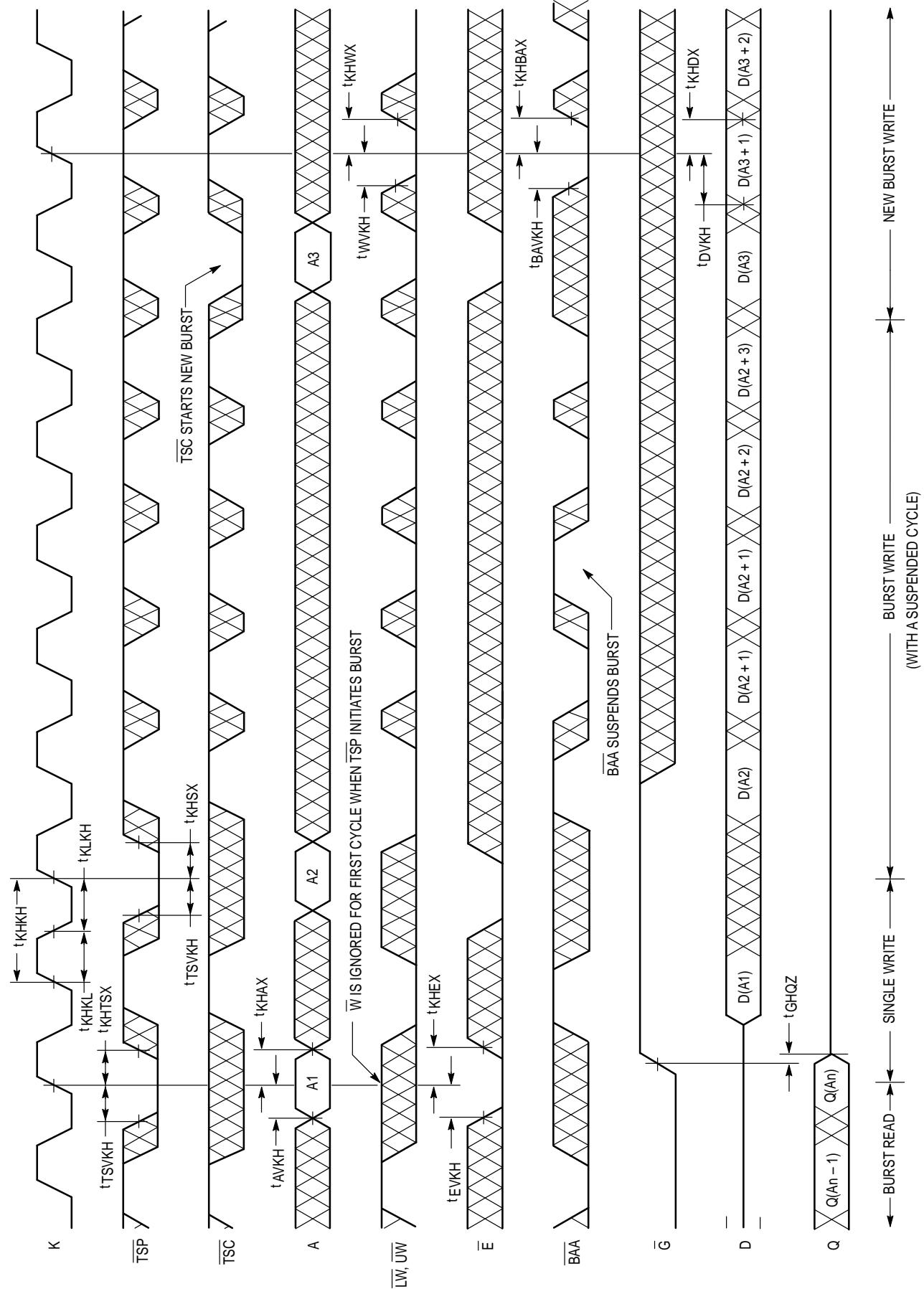


READ CYCLES

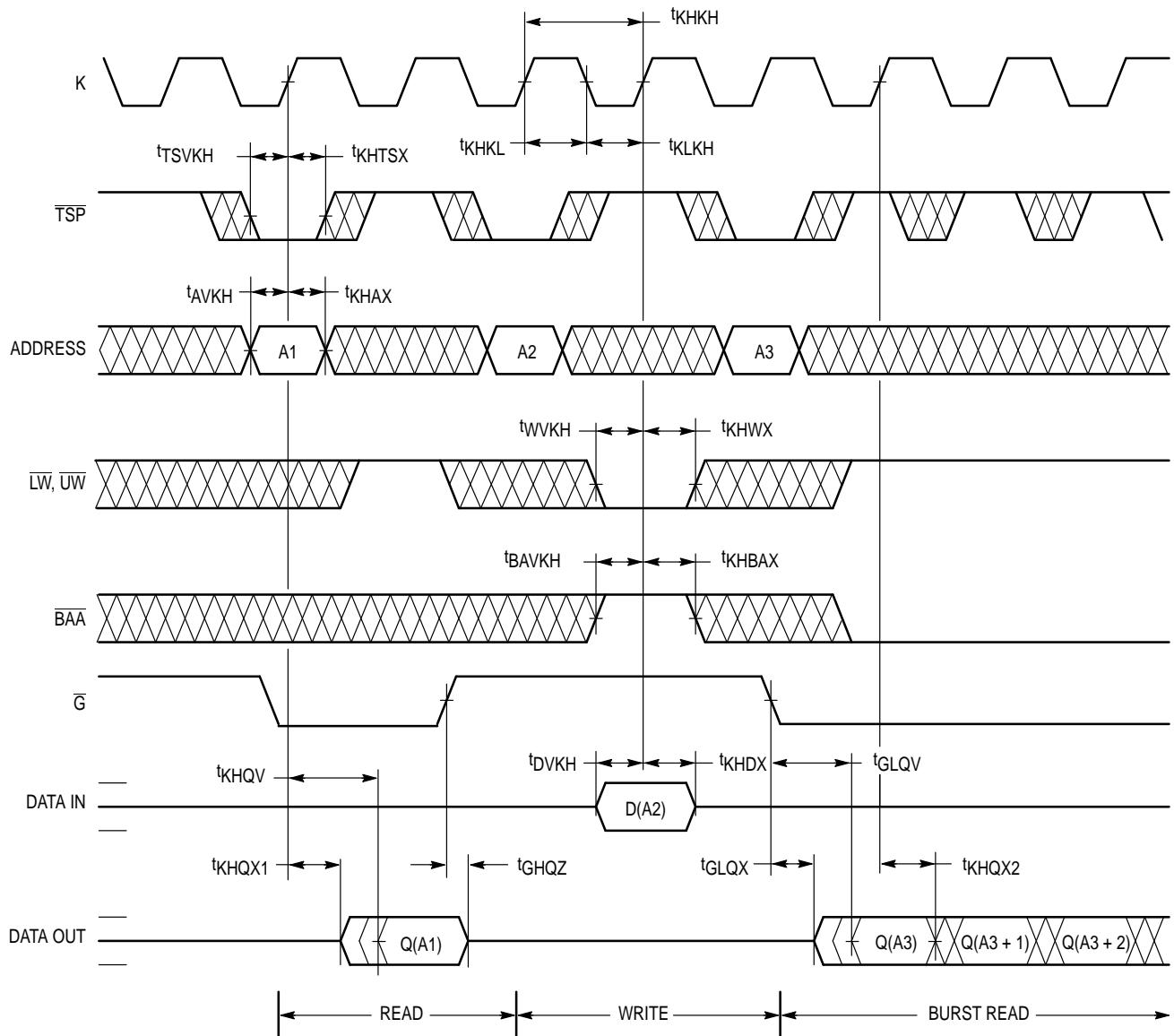


NOTE: $Q(A2)$ represents the first output data from the base address $A2$; $Q(A2 + 1)$ represents the next output data in the burst sequence with $A2$ as the base address.

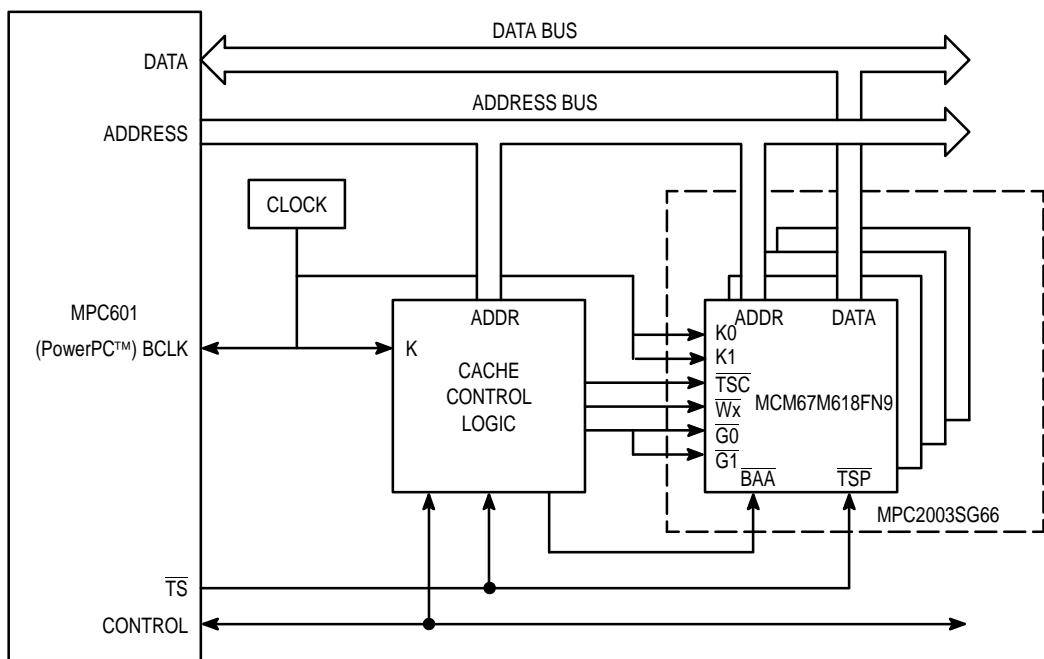
WRITE CYCLES



COMBINATION READ/WRITE CYCLE (\bar{E} low, \bar{TSC} high)



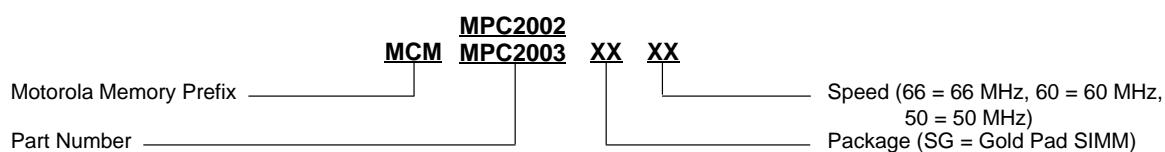
APPLICATION EXAMPLE



512K Byte Burstable, Secondary Cache
Using MPC2003SG66 with a 66 MHz MPC601 PowerPC™

Figure 2

ORDERING INFORMATION (Order by Full Part Number)



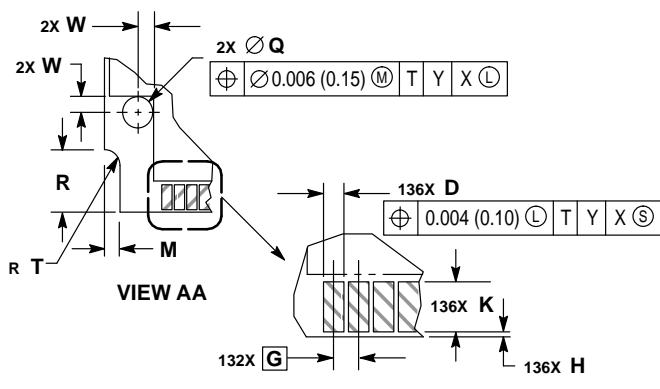
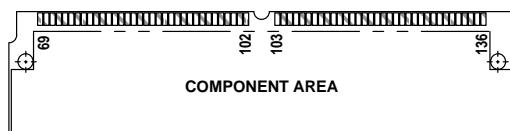
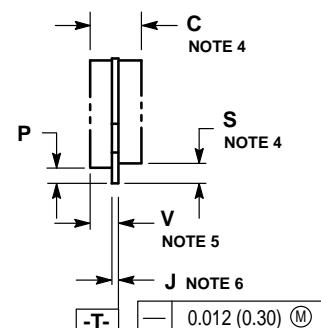
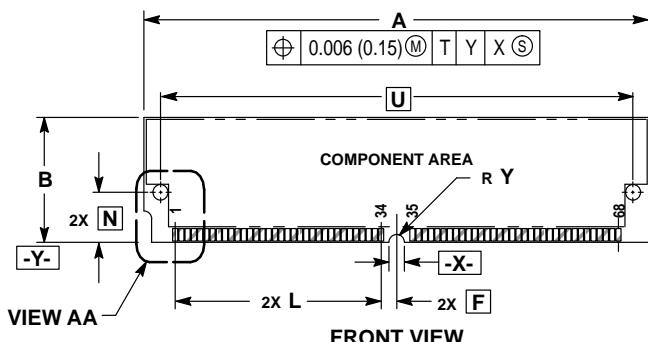
Full Part Numbers — MPC2002SG66
MPC2003SG66

MPC2002SG60
MPC2003SG60

MPC2002SG50
MPC2003SG50

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

**136-LEAD DIMM
CASE 1104-01**



- NOTES:**
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
 3. CARD THICKNESS APPLIES ACROSS TABS AND INCLUDES PLATING AND/OR METALLIZATION.
 4. DIMENSIONS C AND S DEFINE A DOUBLE-SIDED MODULE.
 5. DIMENSION V DEFINES OPTIONAL SINGLE-SIDED MODULE.
 6. STRAIGHTNESS CALLOUT APPLIES TO TAB AREA ONLY.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.045	4.055	102.74	103.00
B	0.995	1.005	25.27	25.53
C	—	0.413	—	10.50
D	0.040	0.042	1.02	1.07
F	0.125 BSC		3.18 BSC	
G	0.050 BSC		1.27 BSC	
H	—	0.010	—	0.25
J	0.046	0.054	1.17	1.37
K	0.100	—	2.54	—
L	1.650 BSC		41.91 BSC	
M	0.075	0.085	1.91	2.16
N	0.400 BSC		10.16 BSC	
P	0.125	—	3.18	—
Q	0.123	0.127	3.12	3.22
R	0.245	0.255	6.22	6.48
S	0.157	—	4.00	—
T	0.060	0.064	1.52	1.63
U	3.784 BSC		96.11 BSC	
V	—	0.236	—	6.00
W	0.062	—	1.57	—
Y	0.060	0.064	1.52	1.63

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MPC2002/D

