

DC-DC CONVERTER CONTROL CIRCUITS

- OUTPUT SWITCH CURRENT IN EXCESS OF 1.5A
- 2% REFERENCE ACCURACY
- LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT: 2.5mA (TYP.)
- OPERATING FROM 3V TO 40V
- FREQUENCY OPERATION TO 100KHz
- ACTIVE CURRENT LIMITING

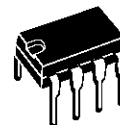
DESCRIPTION

The MC34063A series is a monolithic control circuit delivering the main functions for DC-DC voltage converting.

The device contains an internal temperature compensated reference, comparator, duty cycle controlled oscillator with an active current limit circuit, driver and high current output switch.

Output voltage is adjustable through two external resistors with a 2% reference accuracy.

Employing a minimum number of external components the MC34063A devices series is designed for Step-Down, Step-Up and Voltage-Inverting applications.

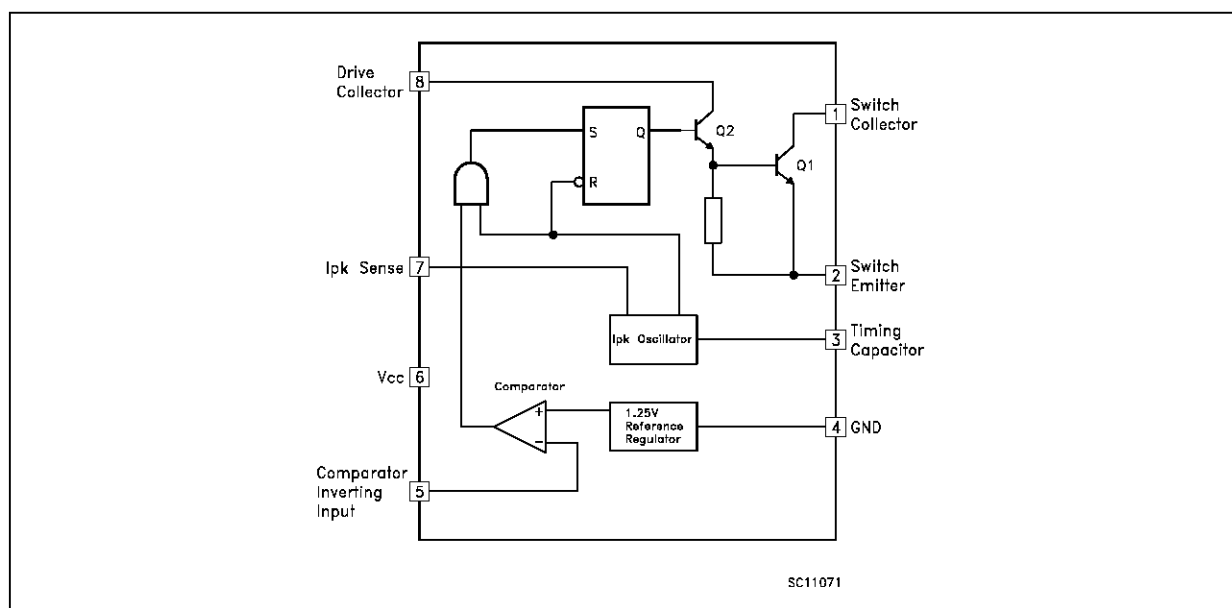


DIP-8



SO-8

BLOCK DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{CC}	Power Supply Voltage	50	V
V_{ir}	Comparator Input Voltage Range	-0.3 to 40	V
V_{SWC}	Switch Collector Voltage	40	V
V_{SWE}	Switch Emitter Voltage ($V_{SWC} = 40V$)	40	V
V_{CE}	Switch Emitter to Collector Voltage	40	V
V_{dc}	Driver Collector Voltage	40	V
I_{dc}	Driver Collector Current	100	mA
I_{SW}	Switch Current	1.5	A
P_{tot}	Power Dissipation at $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$ (for Plastic Package) (for SOIC Package)	1.25 0.625	W
T_{op}	Operating Ambient Temperature Range (for AC SERIES) (for AB SERIES)	0 to 70 - 40 to 85	$^{\circ}C$ $^{\circ}C$
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	- 40 to 150	$^{\circ}C$

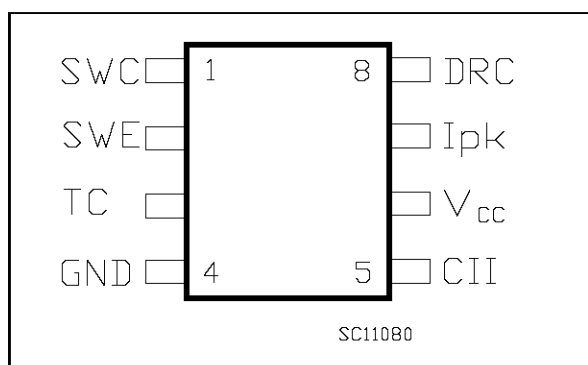
Absolute Maximum Rating are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.
Functional operation under these condition is not implied.

THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	DIP-8	SO-8	Unit
$R_{thj-amb}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient (*) Max	100	160	$^{\circ}C/W$

(*) This value depends from thermal design of PCB on which the device is mounted.

CONNECTION DIAGRAM (top view)



PIN CONNECTIONS

Pin No	Symbol	Name and Function
1	SWC	Switch Collector
2	SWE	Switch Emitter
3	TC	Timing Capacitor
4	GND	Ground
5	CII	Comparator Inverting Input
6	Vcc	Voltage Supply
7	Ipk	Ipk Sense
8	DRC	Voltage Driver Collector

ORDERING NUMBERS

Type	DIP-8	SO-8	SO-8 (tape & reel)
MC34063AB	MC34063ABN	MC34063ABD	MC34063ABD-TR
MC34063AC	MC34063ACN	MC34063ACD	MC34063ACD-TR

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Refer to the test circuits, $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_a = T_{LOW}$ to T_{HIGH} , unless otherwise specified, see note 2)

OSCILLATOR

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
f_{osc}	Frequency	$V_{pin5} = 0V$ $C_T = 1nF$ $T_a = 25^\circ C$	24	33	42	KHz
I_{chg}	Charge Current	$V_{CC} = 5$ to $40V$ $T_a = 25^\circ C$	24	33	42	μA
I_{dischg}	Discharge Current	$V_{CC} = 5$ to $40V$ $T_a = 25^\circ C$	140	200	260	μA
I_{dischg}/I_{chg}	Discharge to Charge Current Ratio	$Pin\ 7 = V_{CC}$ $T_a = 25^\circ C$	5.2	6.2	7.5	
$V_{ipk(sense)}$	Current Limit Sense Voltage	$I_{chg} = I_{dischg}$ $T_a = 25^\circ C$	250	300	350	mV

OUTPUT SWITCH

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Saturation Voltage, Darlington Connection	$I_{SW} = 1A$ Pins 1, 8 connected		1	1.3	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Saturation Voltage	$I_{SW} = 1A$ $R_{pin8} = 82\Omega$ to V_{CC} , Forced $\beta \sim 20$		0.45	0.7	V
h_{FE}	DC Current Gain	$I_{SW} = 1A$ $V_{CE} = 5V$ $T_a = 25^\circ C$	50	120		
$I_{C(off)}$	Collector Off-State Current	$V_{CE} = 40V$		0.01	100	μA

COMPARATOR

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{th}	Threshold Voltage	$T_a = 25^\circ C$ $T_a = T_{LOW}$ to T_{HIGH}	1.225 1.21	1.25	1.275 1.29	V V
Reg_{line}	Threshold Voltage Line Regulation	$V_{CC} = 3$ to $40V$		1	5	mV
I_B	Input Bias Current	$V_{IN} = 0V$		-5	-400	nA

TOTAL DEVICE

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I_{CC}	Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 5$ to $40V$ $C_T = 1nF$ $Pin\ 7 = V_{CC}$ $V_{pin5} > V_{th}$ $Pin\ 2 = GND$ Remaining pins open		2.5	4	mA

NOTES:

1) Maximum package power dissipation limit must be observed.

2) $T_{LOW} = 0^\circ C$, $T_{HIGH} = 70^\circ C$ (AC series); $T_{LOW} = -40^\circ C$, $T_{HIGH} = 85^\circ C$ (AB series).

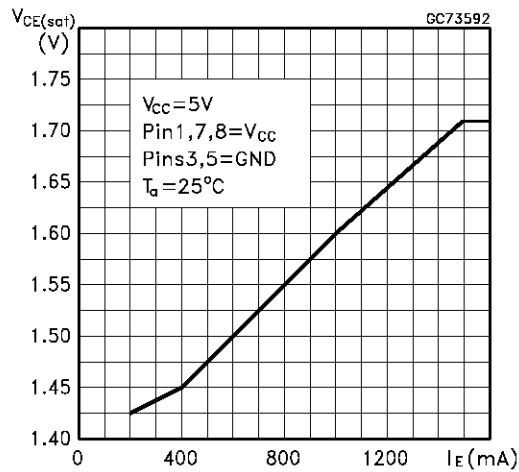
3) If Darlington configuration is not used, care must be taken to avoid deep saturation of output switch. The resulting switch-off time may be adversely affected. In a Darlington configuration the following output driver condition is suggested:

Forced β of output current switch = $I_{C(OUTPUT)}/(I_{C(DRIVER)} - 1mA^*) \geq 10$

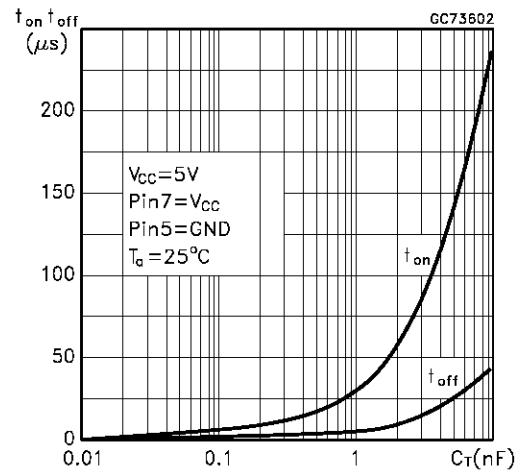
* Current less due to a built in 1K Ω antileakage resistor.

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

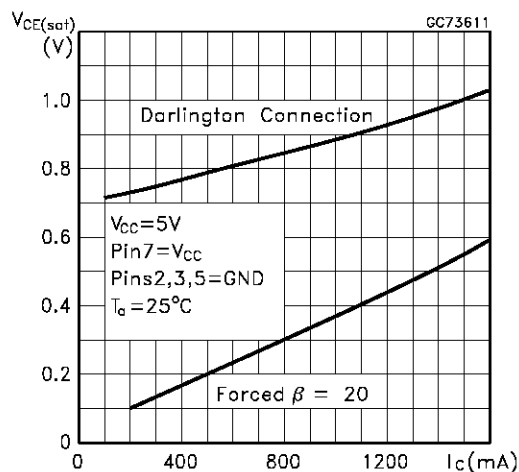
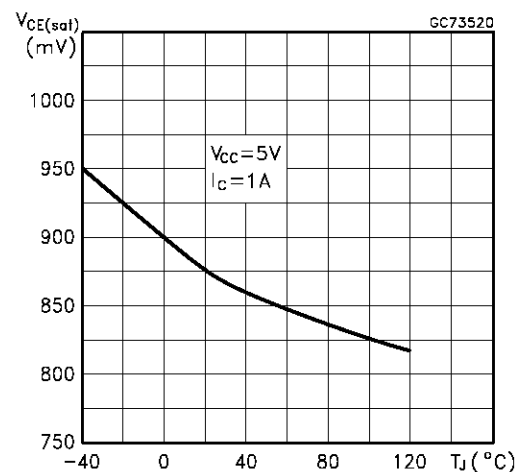
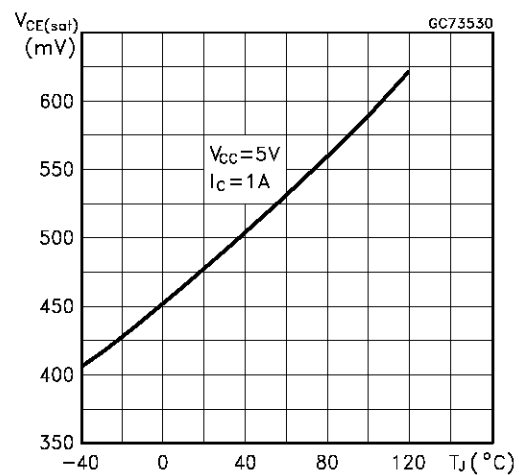
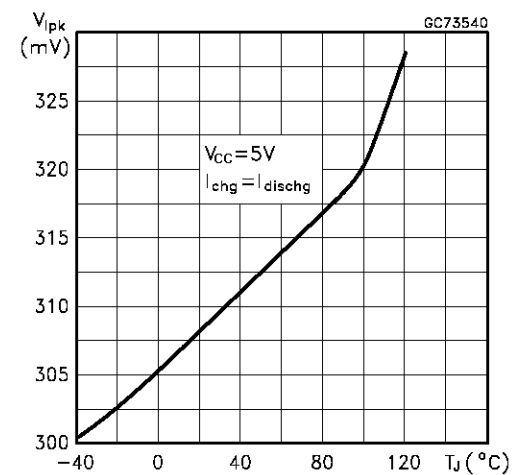
Emitter Follower Configuration Output Saturation Voltage vs Emitter Current



Output Switch ON-OFF Time vs Oscillator Timing Capacitor

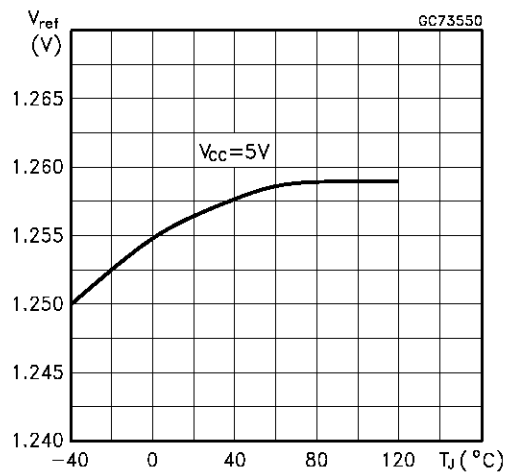


Common Emitter Configuration Output Switch Saturation Voltage vs Collector Current

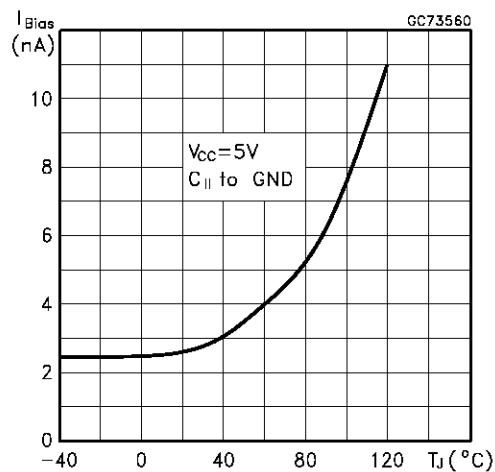
Darlington Configuration Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage ($V_{CE(sat)}$) vs TemperaturePower Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage ($V_{CE(sat)}$) vs TemperatureCurrent Limit Sense Voltage (V_{ipk}) vs Temperature

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

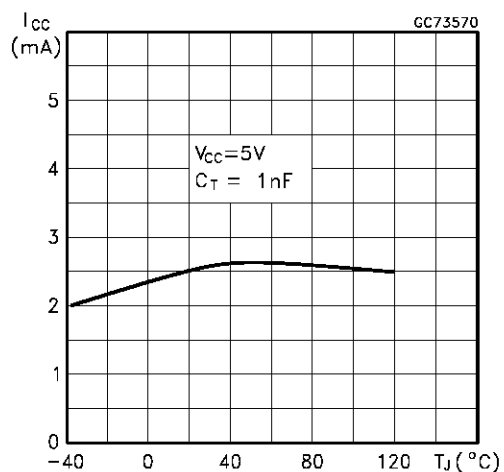
Reference Voltage vs Temperature



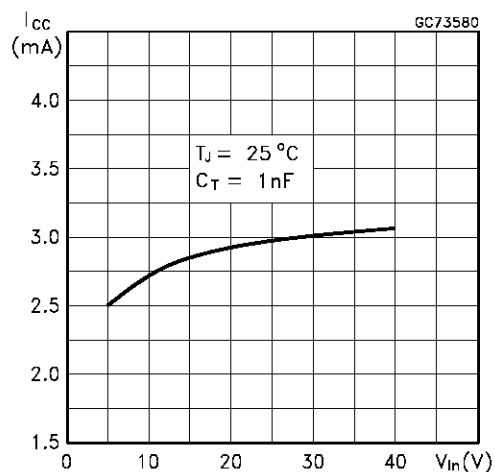
Bias Current vs Temperature



Supply Current vs Temperature



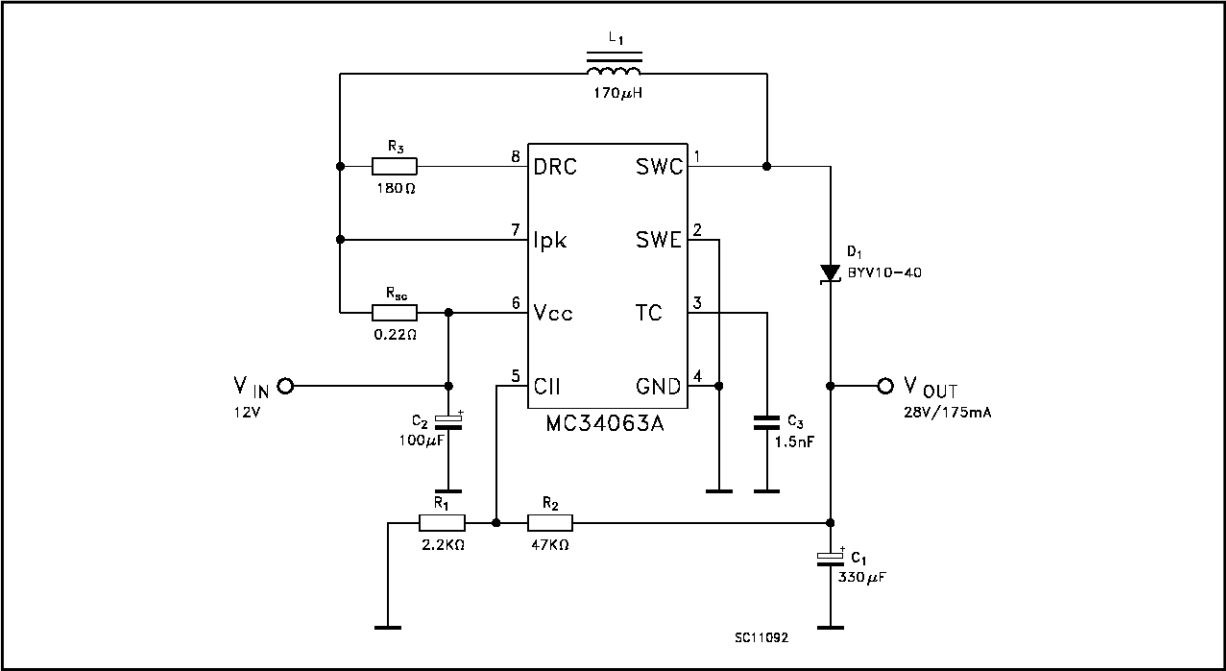
Supply Current vs Input Voltage



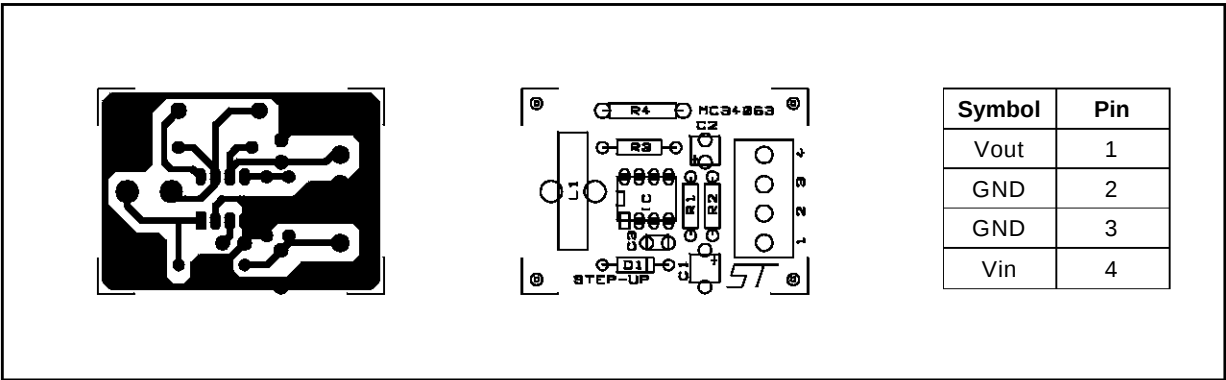
MC34063A

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

Step-Up Converter



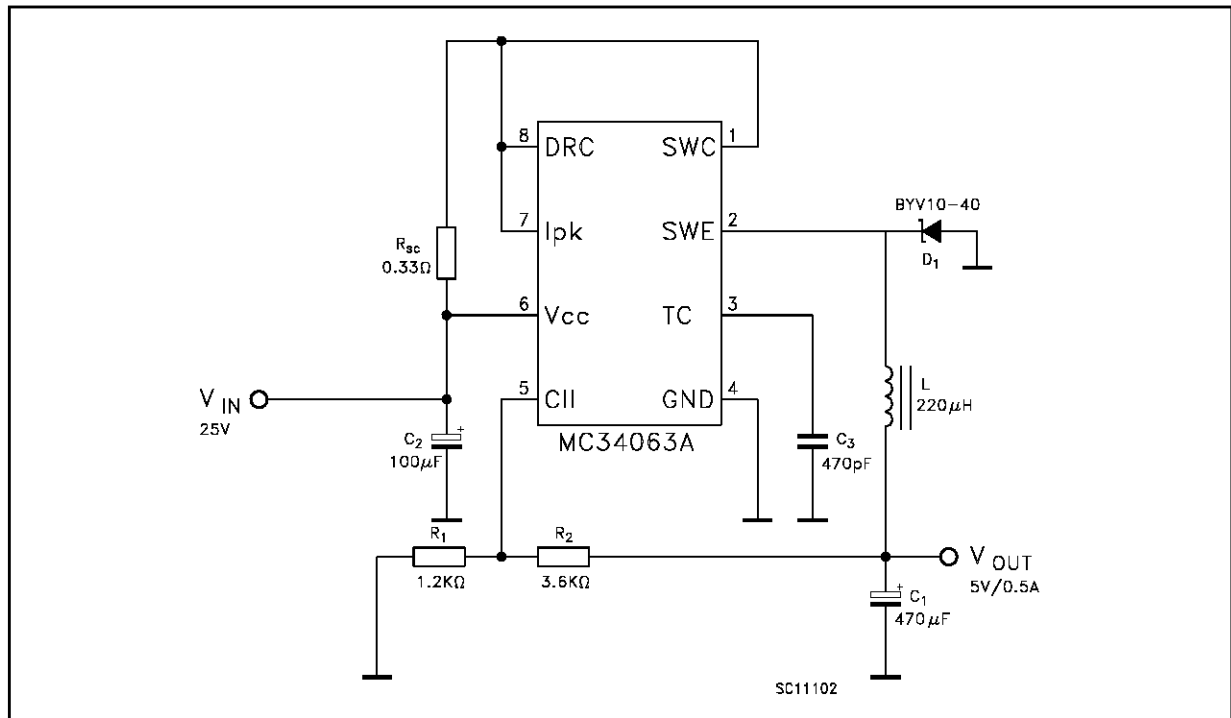
Printed Demoboard



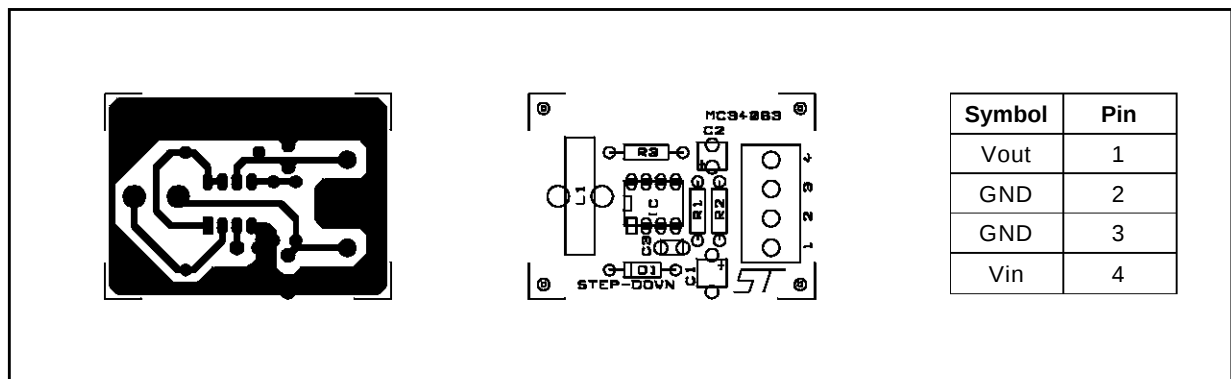
Test Condition ($V_{OUT} = 28V$)

Test	Conditions	Value (Typ.)	Unit
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 8 \text{ to } 16V$, $I_O = 175 \text{ mA}$	30	mV
Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_O = 75 \text{ to } 175 \text{ mA}$	10	mV
Output Ripple	$V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_O = 175 \text{ mA}$	300	mV
Efficiency	$V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_O = 175 \text{ mA}$	89	%

Step-Down Converter



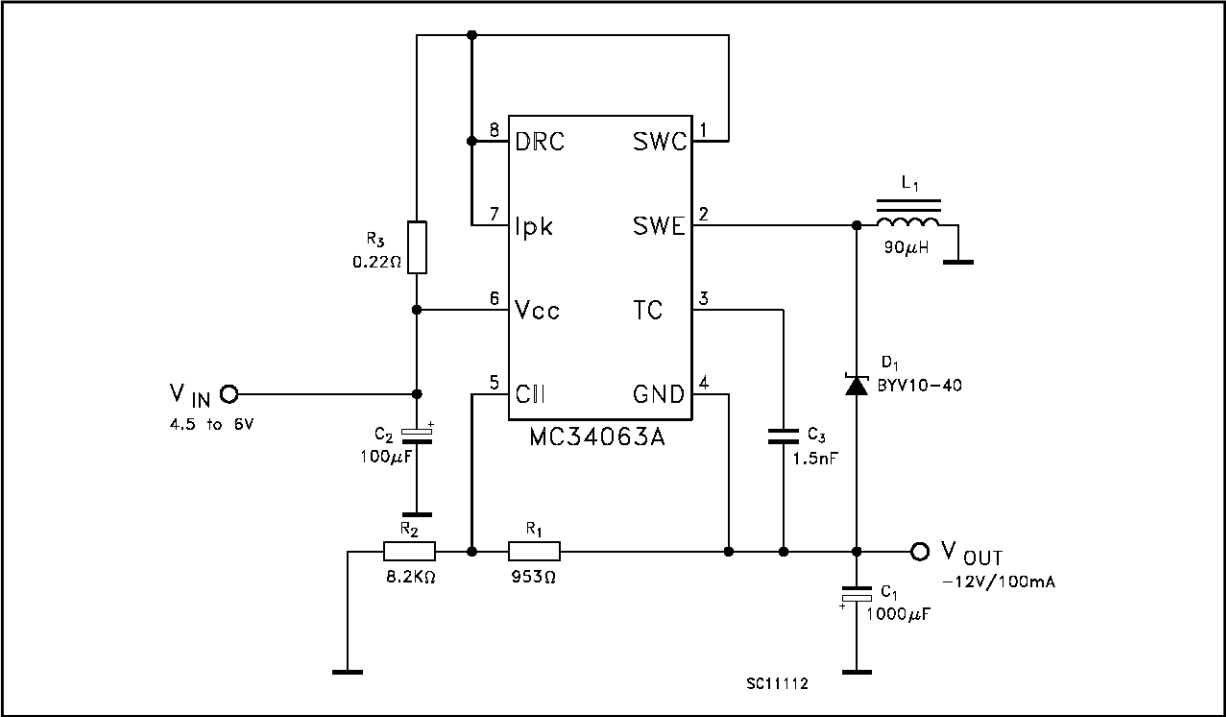
Printed Demoboard

Test Condition ($V_{OUT} = 5V$)

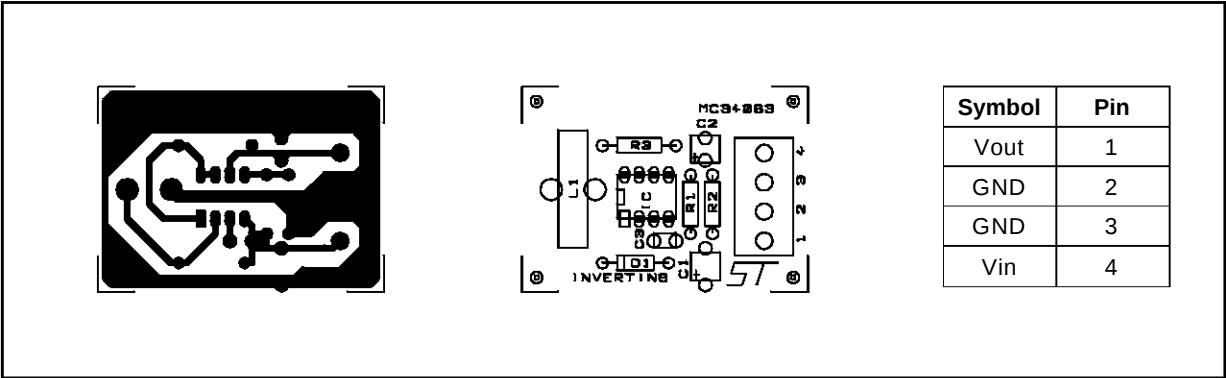
Test	Conditions	Value (Typ.)	Unit
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 15 \text{ to } 25V$, $I_O = 500 \text{ mA}$	5	mV
Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = 25V$, $I_O = 50 \text{ to } 500 \text{ mA}$	30	mV
Output Ripple	$V_{IN} = 25V$, $I_O = 500 \text{ mA}$	100	mV
Efficiency	$V_{IN} = 25V$, $I_O = 500 \text{ mA}$	80	%
Isc	$V_{IN} = 25V$, $R_3 = 0.1\Omega$	1.2	A

MC34063A

Voltage Inverting Converter



Printed Demoboard



Test Condition ($V_{OUT} = -12V$)

Test	Conditions	Value (Typ.)	Unit
Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = 4.5 \text{ to } 6V, I_O = 100 \text{ mA}$	15	mV
Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = 5V, I_O = 10 \text{ to } 100 \text{ mA}$	20	mV
Output Ripple	$V_{IN} = 5V, I_O = 100 \text{ mA}$	230	mV
Efficiency	$V_{IN} = 5V, I_O = 100 \text{ mA}$	58	%
Isc	$V_{IN} = 5V, R_3 = 0.1\Omega$	0.9	A

Calculation

Parameter	Step-Up (Discontinuos mode)	Step-Down (Continuos mode)	Voltage Inverting (Discontinuos mode)
Inductor	170 μ H	220 μ H	90 μ H
t_{on}/t_{off}	$\frac{V_{out} + V_F - V_{in(min)}}{V_{in(min)} - V_{sat}}$	$\frac{V_{out} + V_F}{V_{in(min)} - V_{sat} - V_{out}}$	$\frac{ V_{out} + V_F}{V_{in} - V_{sat}}$
$(t_{on} + t_{off})_{max}$	$1/f_{min}$	$1/f_{min}$	$1/f_{min}$
C_T	$4.5 \times 10^{-5} t_{on}$	$4.5 \times 10^{-5} t_{on}$	$4.5 \times 10^{-5} t_{on}$
$I_{PK(switch)}$	$2I_{out(max)}[(t_{on}/t_{off}) + 1]$	$2I_{out(max)}$	$2I_{out(max)}[(t_{on}/t_{off}) + 1]$
R_{sc}	$0.3/I_{PK(switch)}$	$0.3/I_{PK(switch)}$	$0.3/I_{PK(switch)}$
C_o	$\cong \frac{I_{out} t_{on}}{V_{ripple(p-p)}}$	$\frac{I_{PK(switch)} (t_{on} + t_{off})}{8V_{ripple(p-p)}}$	$\cong \frac{I_{out} t_{on}}{V_{ripple(p-p)}}$
$L(min)$	$\frac{V_{min} - V_{sat}}{I_{PK(switch)}} t_{on(max)}$	$\frac{V_{min} - V_{sat} - V_{out}}{I_{PK(switch)}} t_{on(max)}$	$\frac{V_{min} - V_{sat}}{I_{PK(switch)}} t_{on(max)}$

NOTES:

V_{sat} = Saturation voltage of the output switch

V_F = Forward voltage drop of the output rectifier

THE FOLLOWING POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS MUST BE CHOSEN:

V_{in} = Nominal input voltage

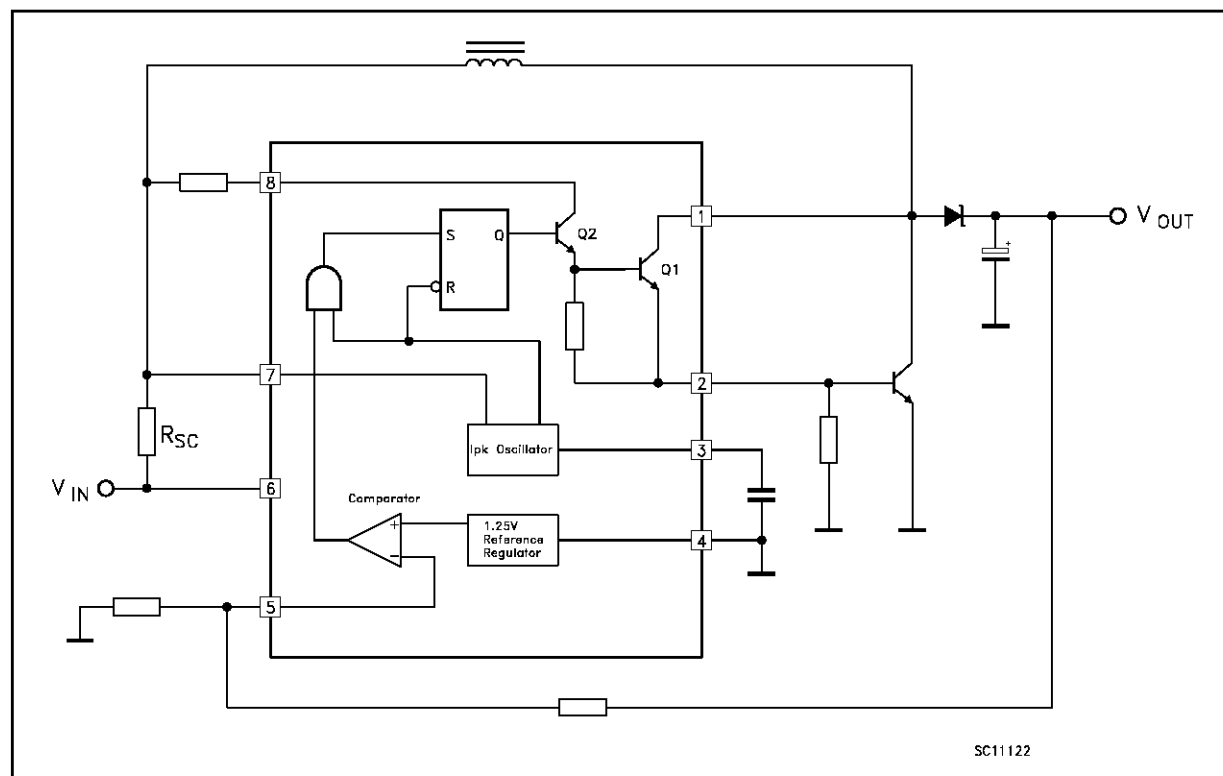
V_{out} = Desired output voltage, $|V_{out}| = 1.25(1 + R_2/R_1)$

I_{out} = Desired output current

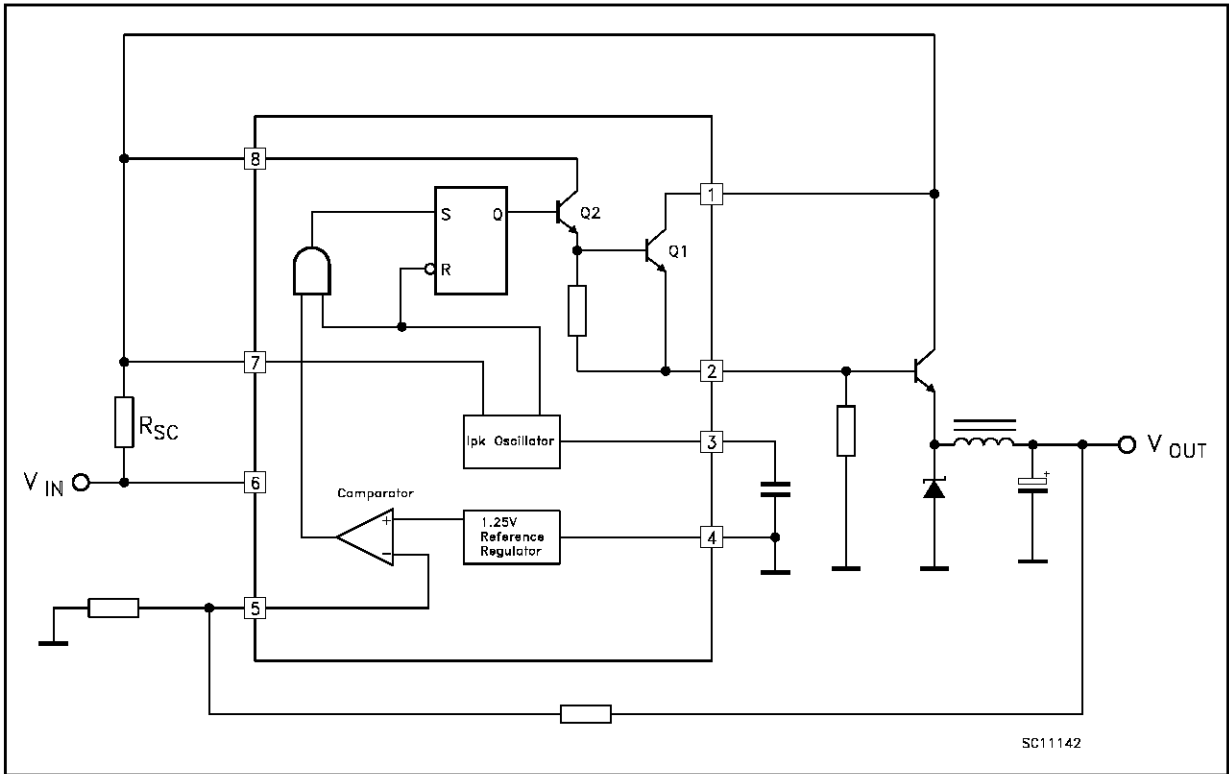
f_{min} = Minimum desired output switching frequency at the selected values of V_{in} and I_o

V_{ripple} = Desired peak to peak output ripple voltage. In practice, the calculated capacitor value will need to be increased due to its equivalent series resistance and board layout. The ripple voltage should be kept to a low value since it will directly affect the line and load regulation.

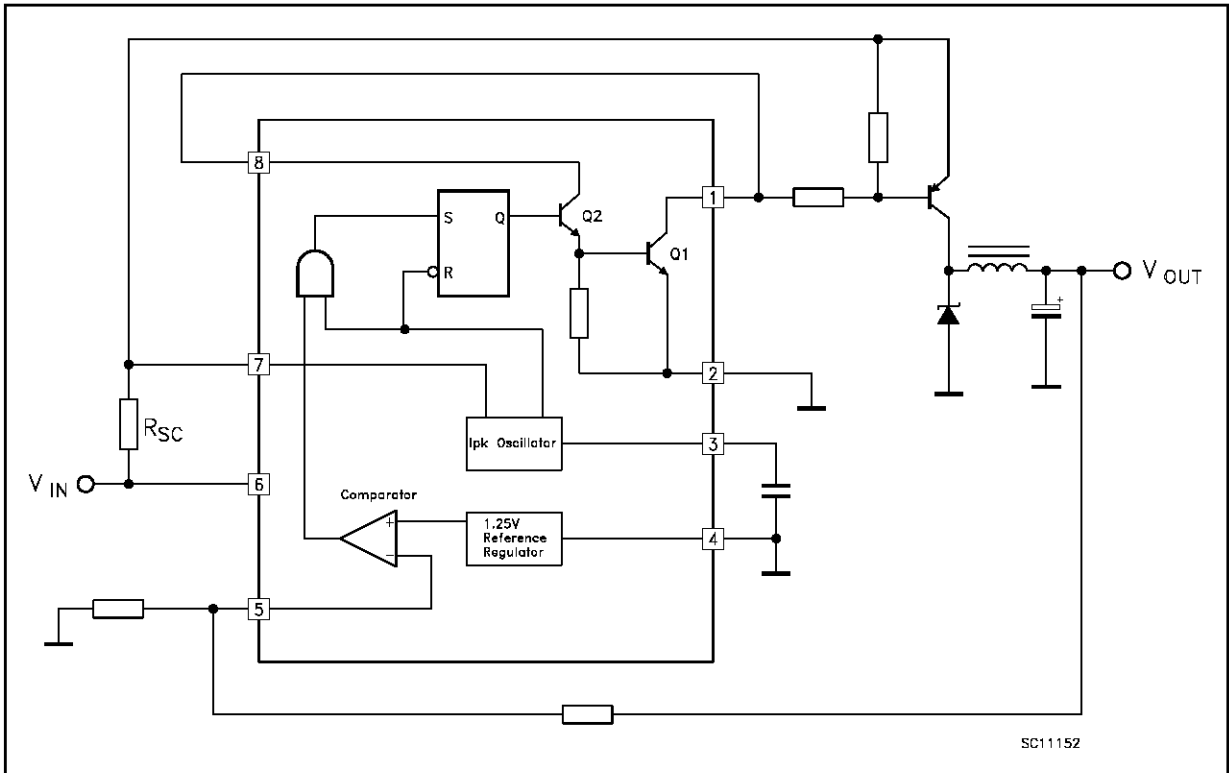
Step-up With External NPN Switch



Step-down With External NPN Switch

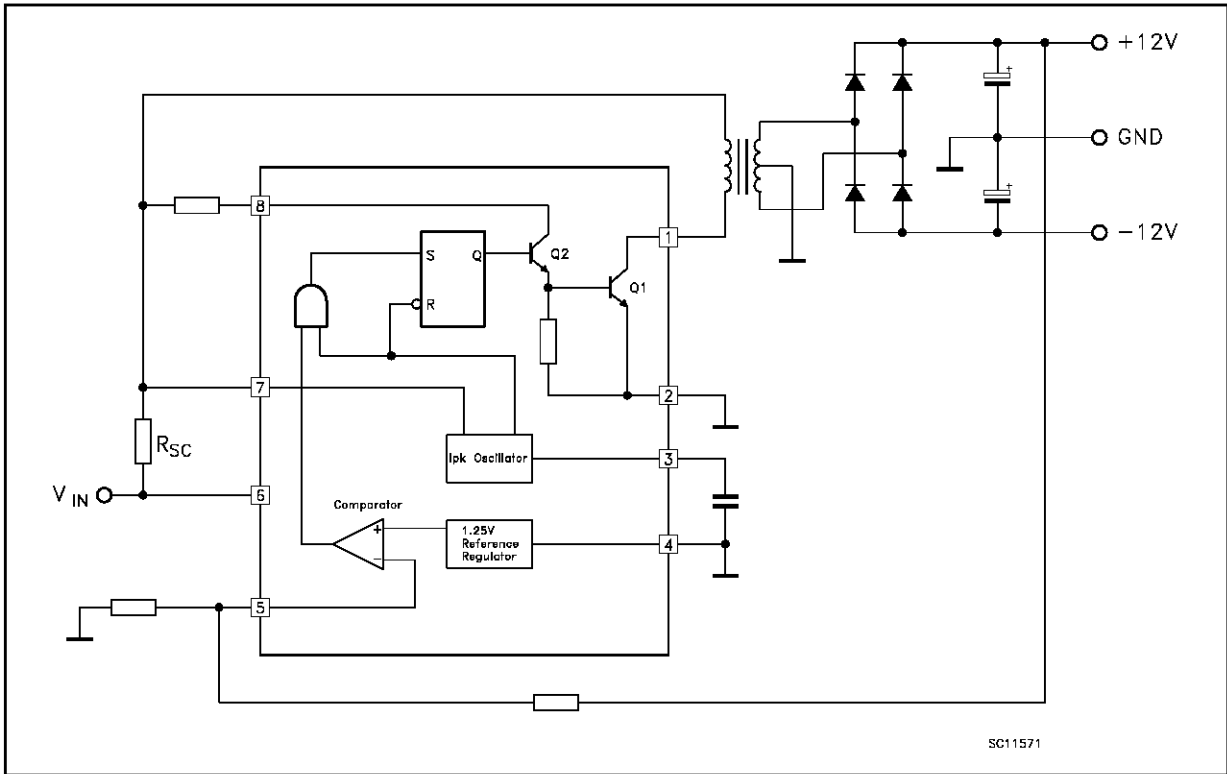


Step-down With External PNP Switch

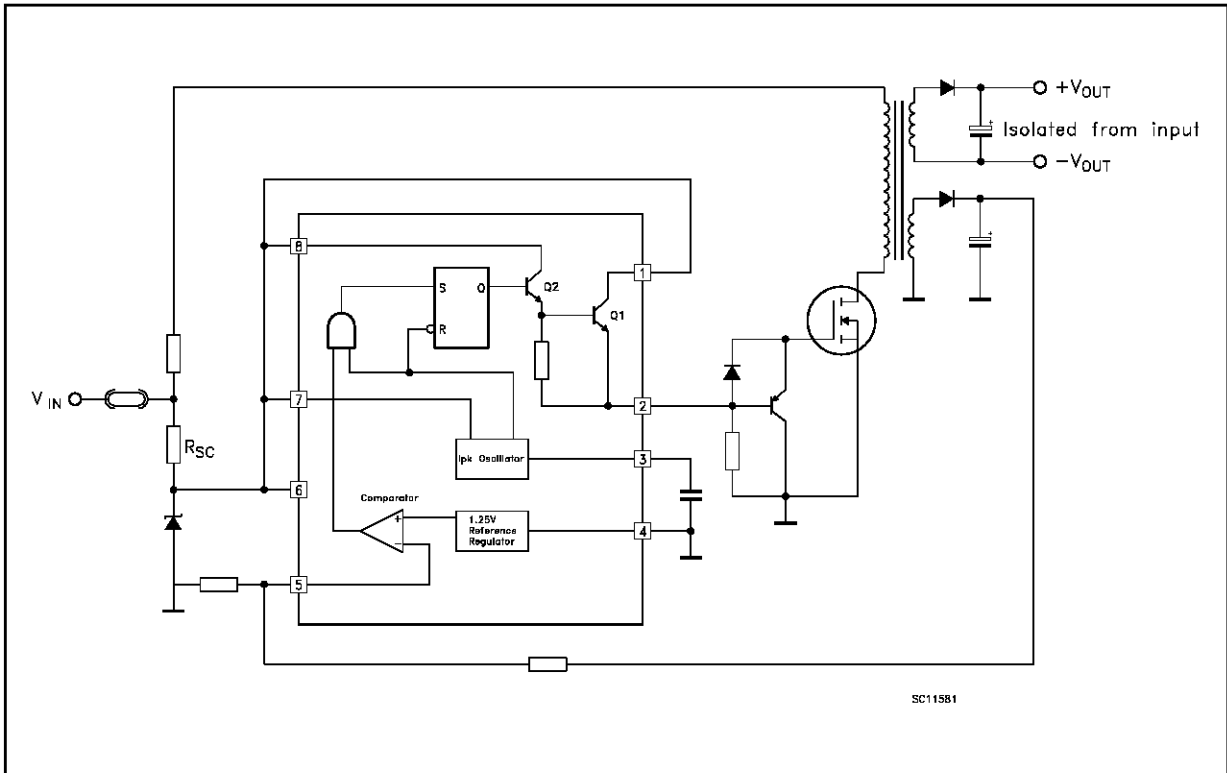


MC34063A

Dual Output Voltage

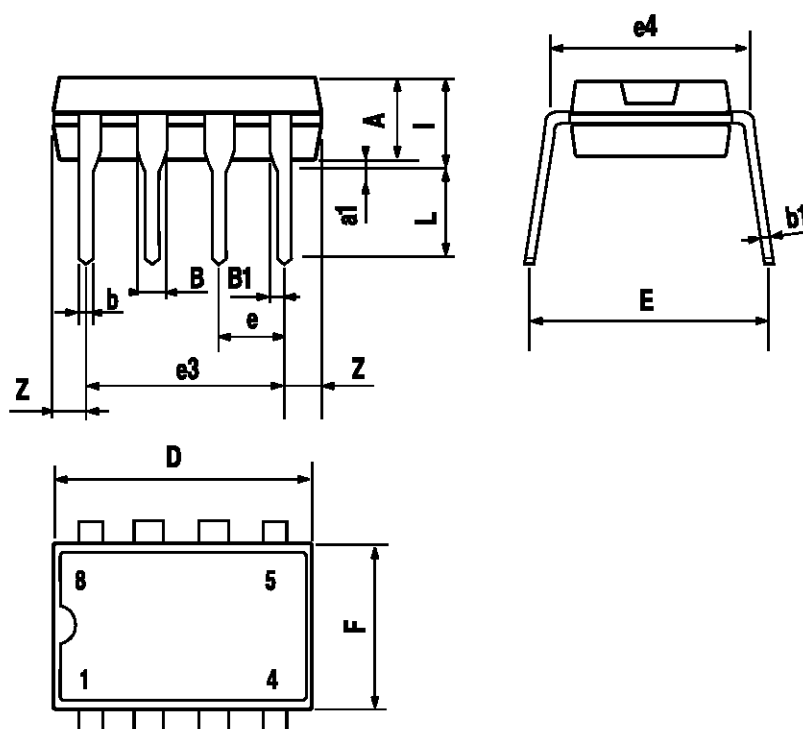


Higher Output Power, Higher Input Voltage



Plastic DIP-8 MECHANICAL DATA

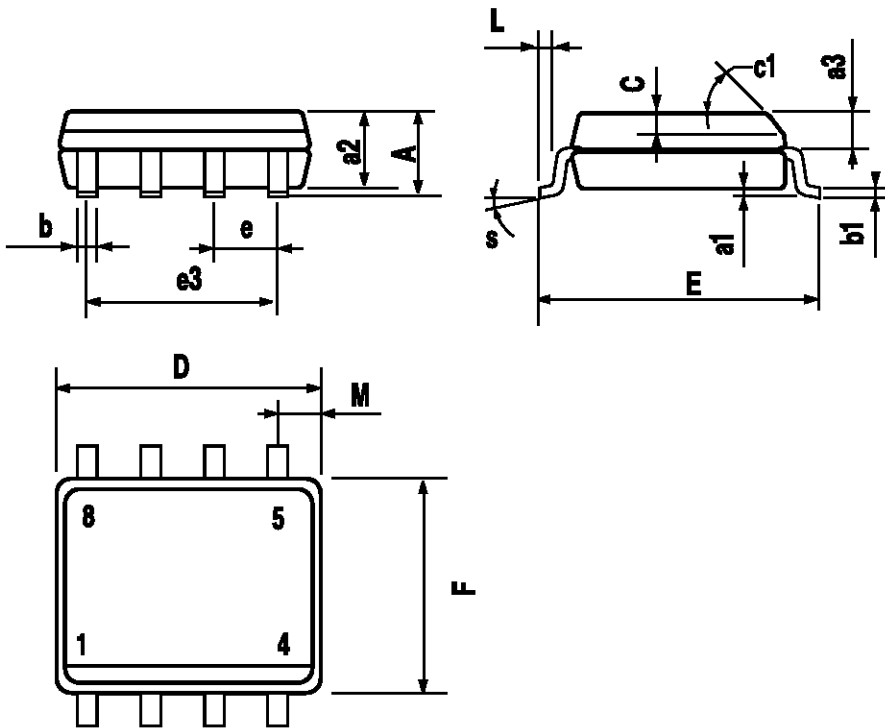
DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A		3.3			0.130	
a1	0.7			0.028		
B	1.39		1.65	0.055		0.065
B1	0.91		1.04	0.036		0.041
b		0.5			0.020	
b1	0.38		0.5	0.015		0.020
D			9.8			0.386
E		8.8			0.346	
e		2.54			0.100	
e3		7.62			0.300	
e4		7.62			0.300	
F			7.1			0.280
I			4.8			0.189
L		3.3			0.130	
Z	0.44		1.6	0.017		0.063



P001F

SO-8 MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.	mm			inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
A			1.75			0.068
a1	0.1		0.25	0.003		0.009
a2			1.65			0.064
a3	0.65		0.85	0.025		0.033
b	0.35		0.48	0.013		0.018
b1	0.19		0.25	0.007		0.010
C	0.25		0.5	0.010		0.019
c1	45 (typ.)					
D	4.8		5.0	0.188		0.196
E	5.8		6.2	0.228		0.244
e		1.27			0.050	
e3		3.81			0.150	
F	3.8		4.0	0.14		0.157
L	0.4		1.27	0.015		0.050
M			0.6			0.023
S	8 (max.)					



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