

LCD Segment Driver CMOS

The MC141514 is an LCD segment driver chip which consists of 160x146 static RAM for display storage and provides 160 high voltage LCD driving signals.

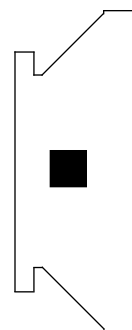
It is a companion chip of MC141512 and MC141515 Backplane drivers for medium LCD panels. All these chips are controlled by the MC68HC05L11 microcomputer.

See Application Note AN-HK-15.

- Operating Supply Voltage Range-
Control Logic, RAM and Latch (V_{DD} Pin): 4.5V to 5.5V
Segment drivers (V_{LCD} Pin): 8.0 to 26V
- Operating Temperature Range: -25 to 70°C
- Direct Serial Data Interface with the MC68HC05L11
- 160 x146 Static RAM (Display RAM)
- 160 LCD Segment Driving Signals
- Selectable 1:16 to 1:146 Multiplex Ratios
- 1:5 to 1:13 bias
- Expansion to higher driver count by cascade
- Available in TAB Form:

TAB (Tape Automated Bonding), 186 contacts

MC141514

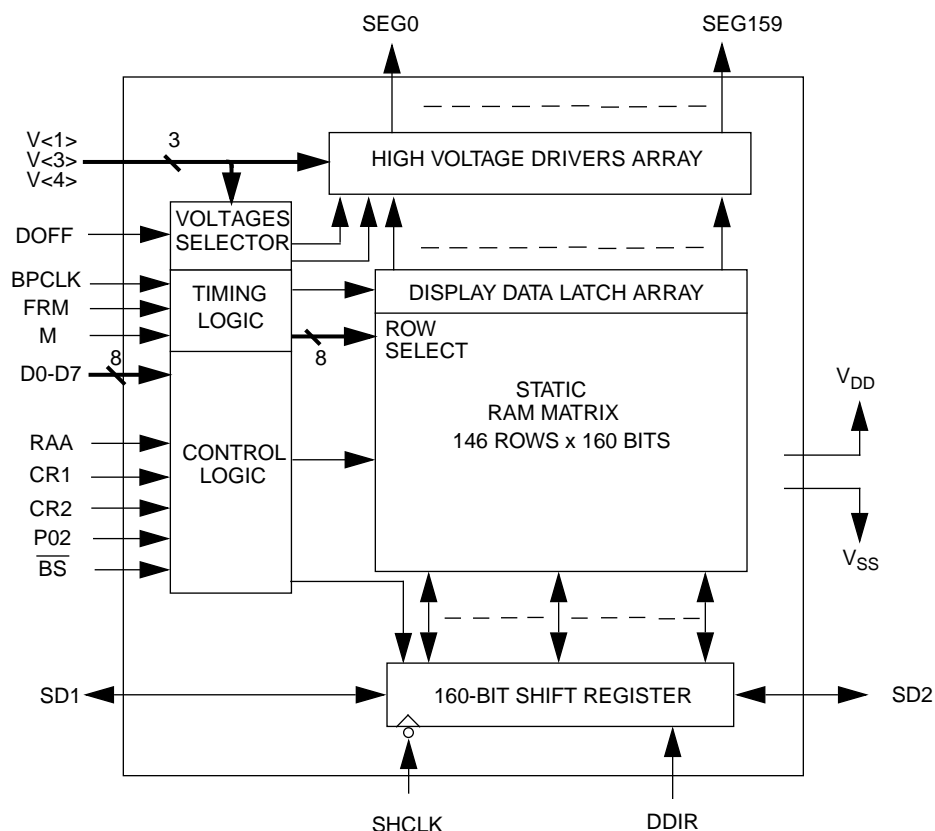


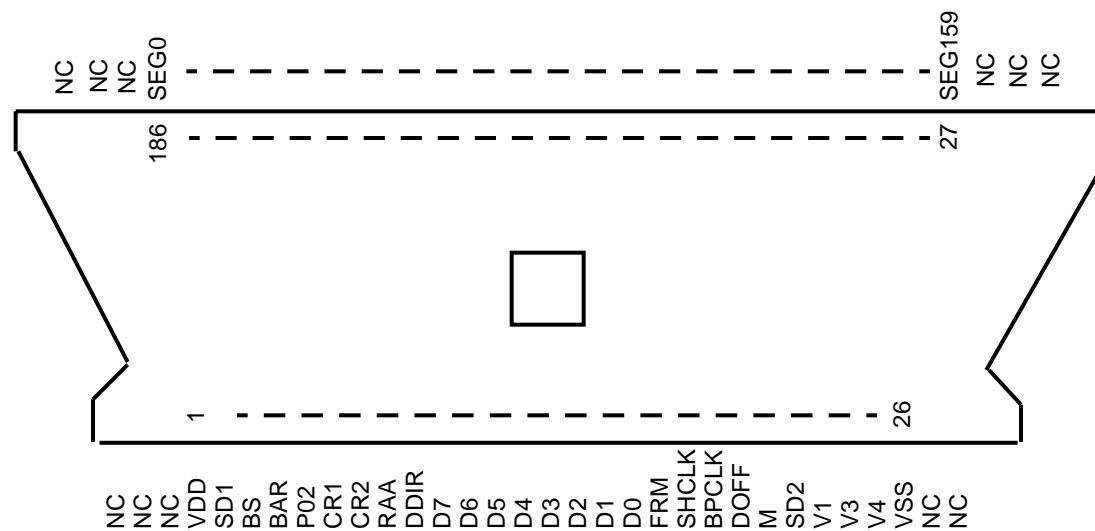
MC141514T1
MC141514T2
TAB

ORDERING INFORMATION

MC141514T1	TAB
MC141514T2	TAB

BLOCK DIAGRAM





NC=NO CONNECTION

TAB Package Pin Assignment (Copper View)
MC141514T1
MC141514T2

MAXIMUM RATINGS* (Voltages Referenced to V_{SS})

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage	-0.3 to +7.0	V
$V_{<1>}$		-0.3 to +27.5	V
V_{in}	Input Voltage	-0.3 to $V_{DD}+0.3$	V
I	Current Drain Per Pin Excluding V_{DD} and V_{SS}	25	mA
T_A	Operating Temperature	-25 to +70	°C
T_{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C

* Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation should be restricted to the limits in the Electrical Characteristics tables or Pin Description section.

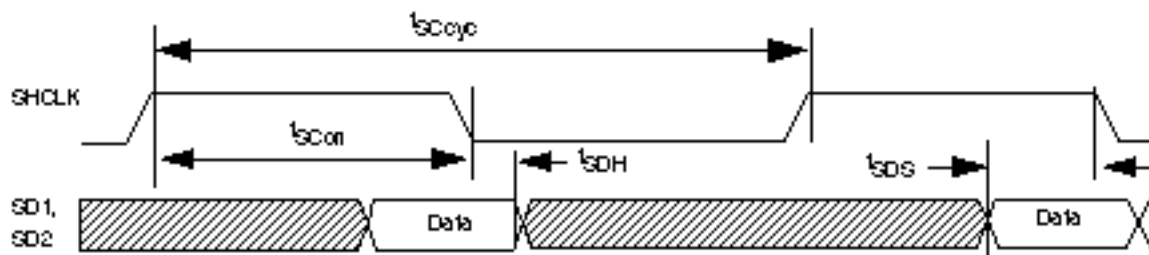
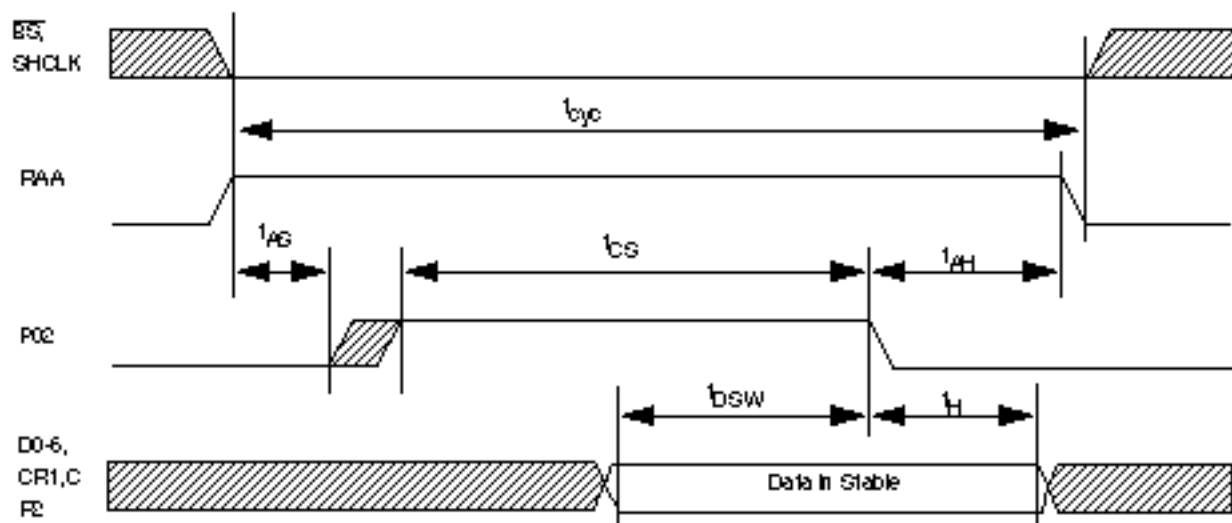
This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions to be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high impedance circuit. For proper operation it is recommended that V_{in} and V_{out} be constrained to the range $V_{SS} < \text{or} = (V_{in} \text{ or } V_{out}) < \text{or} = V_{DD}$. Reliability of operation is enhanced if unused input are connected to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either V_{SS} or V_{DD}). Unused outputs must be left open. This device may be light sensitive. Caution should be taken to avoid exposure of this device to any light source during normal operation. This device is not radiation protected.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Voltage Referenced to V_{SS} , $V_{DD} = 5.0V$, $V_{<1>} = 25V$, $T_A = 0$ to 70°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage Range	(Absolute value reference to V_{SS})	4.5	-	5.5	V
$V_{<1>}$	LCD Supply Voltage Range		+8.0	-	+26.0	V
I_{ACC}	Access Mode Supply Current (V_{DD} Pin)		-	100	200	
I_{DP}	Display Mode Supply Current (V_{DD} Pin)		-	50	100	uA
I_{SB}	Standby Mode Supply Current (V_{DD} Pin)	Using D_{ON} bit of the MCU	-	1	10	uA
I_{LDP}	Display Mode Supply Current ($V_{<1>}$ Pin)		-	10	20	uA
I_{LSB}	Standby Mode Supply Current ($V_{<1>}$ Pin)		-	1	10	uA
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	No Load	V_{SS}	-	$0.2 \times V_{DD}$	V
V_{OH}	Output High Voltage (SD1, SD2)		$0.8 \times V_{DD}$	-	V_{DD}	V
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage		$0.7 \times V_{DD}$	-	V_{DD}	V
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage (BPCLK, FRM, P02, RAA, CR1, CR2, \overline{BS} , D7-D0, SD1, SD2, SHCLK, DOFF, M, DIRR)		V_{SS}	-	$0.3 \times V_{DD}$	V
V_R	Data Retention		2.0	-	-	V
I_{in}	Input Current (BPCLK, FRM, P02, RAA, CR1, CR2, \overline{BS} , D7-D0, SD1, SD2, SHCLK, DOFF, M, DIRR)		-	-	1	uA
C_{in}	Input Capacitance (BPCLK, FRM, P02, RAA, CR1, CR2, \overline{BS} , D7-D0, SD1, SD2, SHCLK, DOFF, M, DIRR)		-	-	8	pF
R_{down}	Internal Pull Down Resistance (DOFF)		-	1	-	M

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS(V_{DD}=5.0V, V_{SS}=0, T_A=25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
t _{cyc}	Access Cycle Time	235	-	ns
t _{AS}	Access Set up Time	100	-	ns
t _{AH}	RAA Hold Time	0	-	ns
t _{CS}	Chip Select Pulse Width	135	-	ns
t _{DSW}	Data SetUp Time	100	-	ns
t _H	Input Hold Time	10	-	ns
t _{SCcyc}	Shift Clock Cycle Time	200	-	ns
t _{SCon}	Shift Clock On Time	100	-	ns
t _{SDS}	Serial Data Setup Time	50	-	ns
t _{SDH}	Serial Data Hold Time	10	-	ns



Serial Access Timing (with $\overline{BS} = 0$)

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

V_{DD} AND V_{SS}

Power is supplied to the driver using these two pins. V_{DD} is power and V_{SS} is ground.

V<1>, V<3>, V<4>

These are the levels of voltage generated from an external voltages divider (Fig. 2). These voltage provide different voltage levels for shaping up the display output waveforms Seg0 - Seg159.

DOFF

This is an output from MC68HC05L11 to signal the backplane driver to turn off LCD. If this pin is clear, the segment driver supplies LCD with driving signal. If this pin is set, the segment driver outputs is high-impedanced and LCD display is disabled.

FRM

A periodic active high input to the segment driver for frame timing synchronization. This pin is connected to the signal FRM of MC68HC05L11. The frequency depends on the MUX ratio and BPCLK signal.

BPCLK

A periodic clock output from MC68HC05L11 to the segment driver for timing synchronization. The signal controls the refresh timing of LCD display.

M

A periodic output from backplane driver. This pin is used for synchronization among display drivers.

D0 - D7

An eight-bit input-only data bus which is connected to the D0 - D7 of MC68HC05L11. These pins are used for address input and data input. Refer to Fig.1 for definition.

P02

A bus clock input that is used for data bus timing synchronization. This pin is connected to P02 of MC68HC05L11.

BS

This is an active low input for chip select.

RAA

It is a strobe signal from MC68HC05L11 indicating that a valid segment control data is on D0 - D7 for a period of P02.

CR1, CR2

These two control signals from MC68HC05L11 to Segment driver describing the nature of the content in D0 - D7. The effect of CRs are shown on Fig 1.

SD1, SD2

These two pins are two bi-directional data lines connecting to the UD2 or LD2 and UD1 or LD1 respectively. These allow the display data from MC68HC05L11 entering the segment driver in both directions.

SHCLK

This is the shift clock from MC68HC05L11 to segment driver for clocking the serial data on SD1 and SD2. See Timing Diagram (above) for illustration.

DDIR

It is an input pin carrying the signal from MC68HC05L11 to segment driver to control the direction of the serial data. If DDIR is set, the serial data enter the segment driver through SD1 and leave the segment driver through SD2. If DDIR is clear, SD1 and SD2 are redefined as an output and input respectively. See Figure 1A.

SEG0 - SEG159

These 160 output lines provide the segment driving signal to the LCD panel. They are all in high-impedance state while the display is turned off (i.e. DOFF is set).

OPERATION OF LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY DRIVER

INTRODUCTION

The LCD segment driver can support multiplex ratio of a LCD system up to 256(146 at the present version) and cascading of more than one driver for expansion is possible. It can be set from 1:5 bias (for 16 mux) to 1:13 bias (for 146 mux), by the voltage divider ratio of Fig.2. The ratio of bias or the contrast ratio (a) is defined as

$$1: \frac{4 \times R1 + R2}{R1} = 1:a$$

As the multiplex ratio changes, the ratio of bias has to be changed accordingly. The ratio of bias relates to the multiplex ratio as

$$a = \sqrt{\text{mux}} + 1$$

To set up a multiplex ratio, please refer to MC68HC05L11D/H Technical Data Section 10.

CONTROL LOGIC produces the control signals necessary for display RAM read / write and serial data latching. This Control Logic is directly supervised by the MCU through the Data Bus, i.e. D0 - D7, CR1 and CR2. MCU writing a byte of instruction to the Segment Control Register will cause Segment Driver(s) to fetch this instruction from the Data Bus and the command executed at the next P02 cycle. Fig.1 shows the functions of which the Control Logic will carry out in respond to MCU access through the Segment Control Register.

ROW ADDRESS(WRITE IN) instruction causes Segment driver(s) to load the content of the SHIFT REGISTER into a row of RAM which address is specified by D7 to D0.

ROW ADDRESS(READ FROM) instruction causes Segment driver(s) to copy a row of RAM which address is specified by D7 to D0 into the 160 BIT SHIFT REGISTER.

SCROLL UP ADVANCE instruction causes Segment driver(s) to do a vertical scroll up or down.

The content of D7 to D0 only represents the vertical offset of the new screen to the current screen. This vertical offset presenting in the Data Bus then is added up with an old offset which is stored in a register called the VERTICAL SCROLL VECTOR REGISTER to generate a new offset. This new offset will then be stored in the VERTICAL SCROLL VECTOR REGISTER. Periodically the content of this register will be fetched and loaded into a presetable counter in the TIMING LOGIC to generate the row addresses for screen refreshing.

RESET BIT0 Writing an "1" to this bit will set the VERTICAL SCROLL VECTOR REGISTER to zero.

UL BIT1 If this bit is set, the segment driver serves the upper panel in case of splitted panel. This will cause a swap in signals flow between SD1 and SD2.

CLRSH BIT2 Writing an "1" to this bit will clear the content of the 160-BIT SHIFT REGISTER.

TIMING LOGIC, according to M, BPCLK and FRM, fills the DISPLAY DATA LATCH ARRAY with rows of RAM matrix's content periodically starting from the row address specified by the VERTICAL SCROLL VECTOR REGISTER.

VOLTAGES SELECTOR consists of switching circuit to select appropriate voltage levels from the external voltage divider. (See Fig. 2).

DISPLAY DATA LATCH ARRAY is used to buffer up a row of display data from RAM.

STATIC RAM MATRIX consists of 160x146 bits of SRAM cell. The content of these RAM cells can be altered by read/write from/to the shift register with the Segment Control Interface (refer to MC68HC05L11 specification Section 6.2.4).

HIGH VOLTAGE DRIVERS ARRAY is a row of high voltage drivers connecting to segment lines of any LCD panel. The output waveform of the high voltage driver is shown as Seg(x) in Fig 3.

SHIFT REGISTER is a 160-bit bi-directional register which acts as an input either from SD1 or SD2. The direction of data flow depends on the content of DDIR. And, it can be swapped by setting the UL bit to high. Data enter this shift register in serial. Shift register latches data at the falling edge of the signal SHCLK. See Timing Diagram on Page 4 for illustration.

CR2	CR1	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
0	0	ROW ADDRESS (WRITE IN)							
0	1	ROW ADDRESS (READ FROM)							
1	0	SCROLL UP ADVANCE							
1	1	RESERVED	X	X	X	X	CLR SH	UL	RESET

FIGURE 1 - A Summary of the Control Functions of Segment Driver

DDIR	UL	SD1	SD2
1	0	input	output
0	0	output	input
1	1	output	input
0	1	input	output

FIGURE 1A - Relationship between DDIR, UL, SD1 and SD2

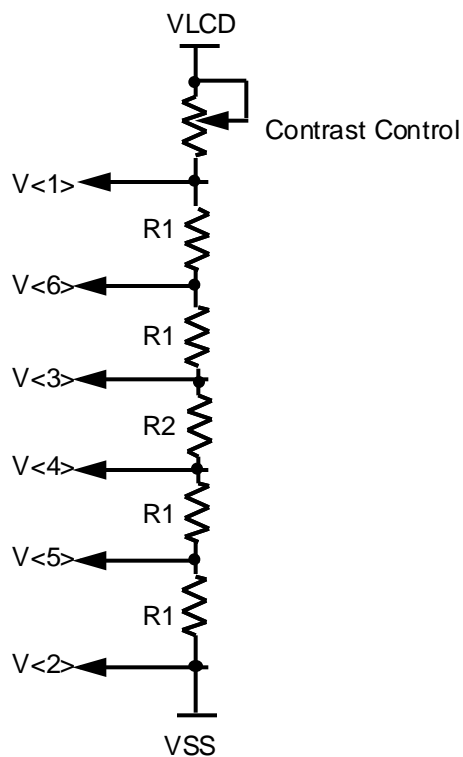


FIGURE 2 - External Voltage Divider

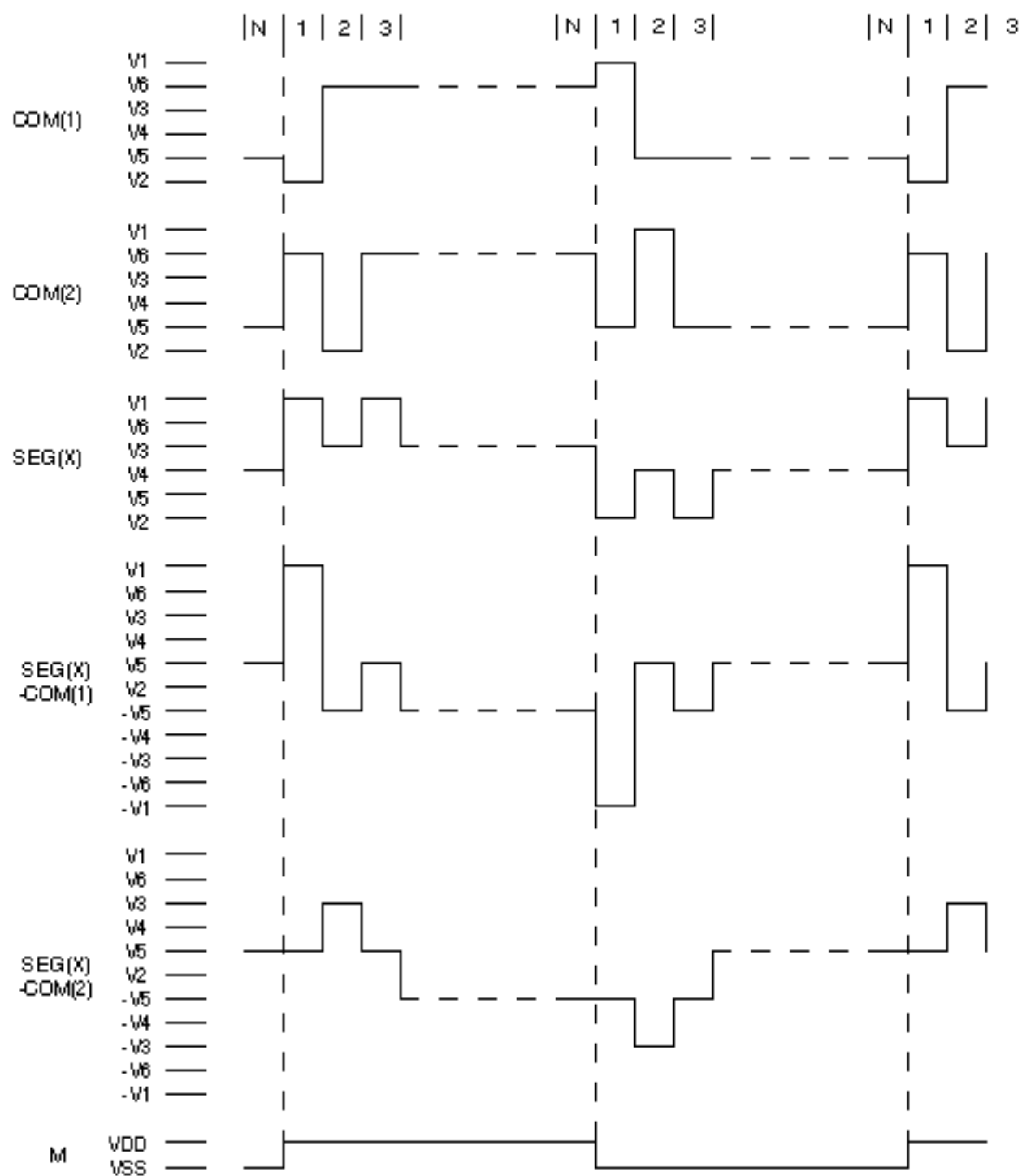
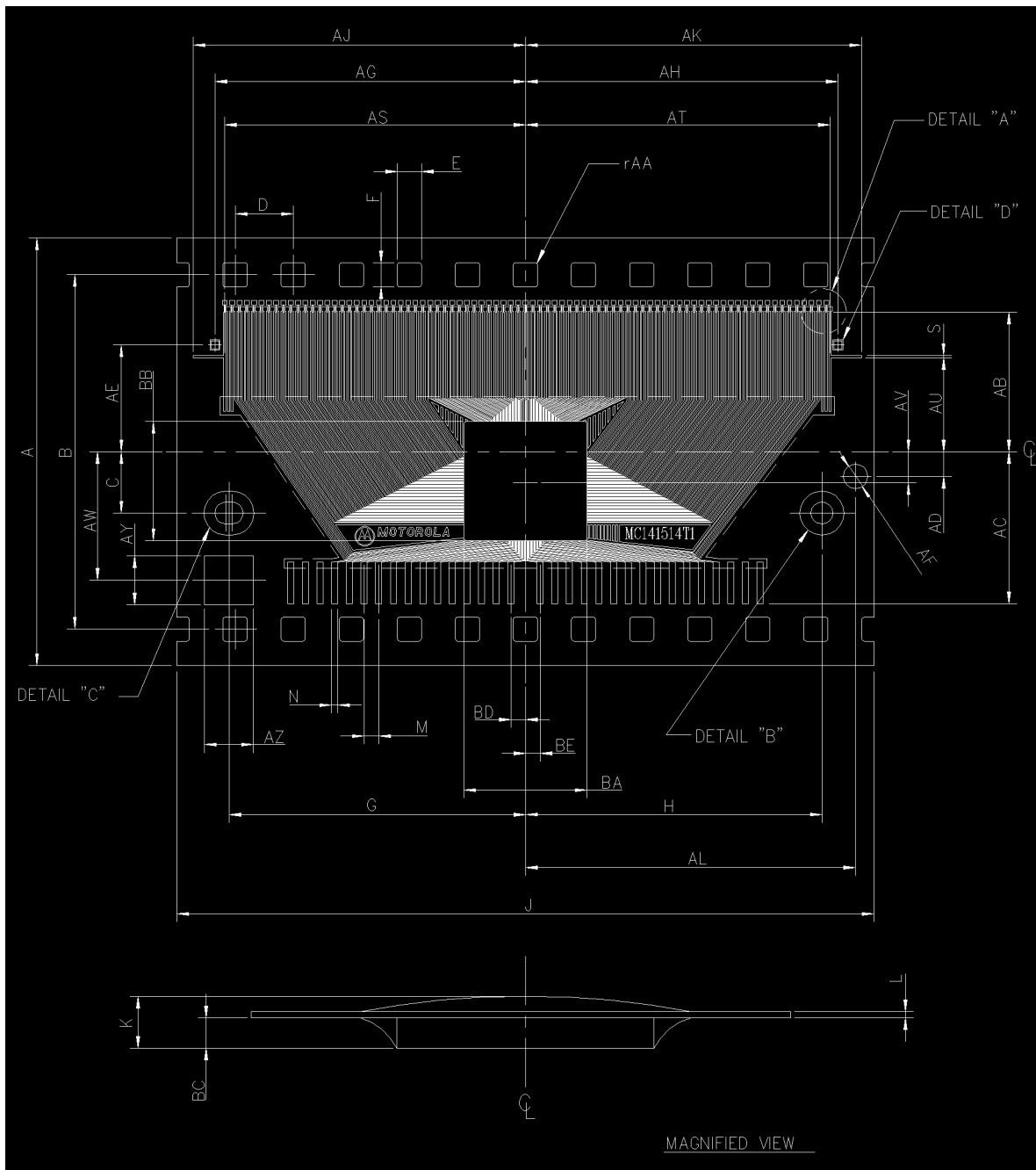


FIGURE 3 - Driving Waveforms of 1:N multiplex
(M is used for timing synchronization)

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

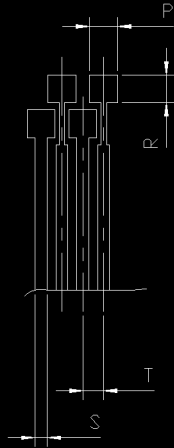
MC141514T1
TAB PACKAGE DIMENSION
(DO NOT SCALE THIS DRAWING)



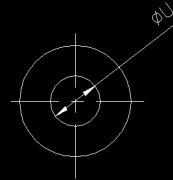
Reference: 98ASL00052A

Issue "C" released on 11/01/93

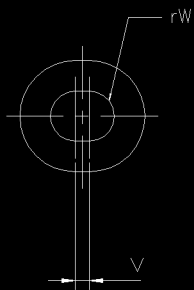
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TAB PACKAGE DIMENSION
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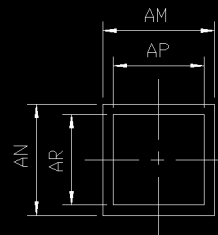
DETAIL "A"



DETAIL "B"



DETAIL "C"



DETAIL "D"

Reference: 98ASL00052A

Issue "C" released on 11/01/93

MC141514T1 TAB PACKAGE DIMENSION

Dim	Millimeters		Inches		Dim	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max		Min	Max	Min	Max
A	34.775	35.175	1.3691	1.3848	AE	8.690	8.790	0.3421	0.3461
B	28.927	29.027	1.1389	1.1428	AF	1.950	2.050	0.0768	0.0807
C	4.950	5.050	0.1949	0.1988	AG	25.350	25.450	0.9980	1.0020
D	4.720	4.780	0.1858	0.1882	AH	25.510	25.610	1.0043	1.0083
E	1.951	2.011	0.0768	0.0792	AJ	27.130	27.230	1.0681	1.0720
F	1.951	2.011	0.0768	0.0792	AK	27.430	27.530	1.0799	1.0839
G	24.200	24.300	0.9528	0.9567	AL	26.500	27.500	1.0433	1.0827
H	24.200	24.300	0.9528	0.9567	AM	0.750	0.850	0.0295	0.0335
J	56.500	57.500	2.2244	2.2638	AN	0.750	0.850	0.0295	0.0335
K	0.686	0.838	0.0270	0.0330	AP	0.600	0.700	0.0236	0.0276
L	0.0675	0.0825	0.0027	0.0032	AR	0.600	0.700	0.0236	0.0276
M	1.190	1.210	0.0469	0.0476	AS	24.551	24.649	0.9666	0.9704
N	0.480	0.520	0.0189	0.0205	AT	24.850	24.950	0.9784	0.9823
P	0.350	0.450	0.0138	0.0177	AU	7.670	7.770	0.3020	0.3059
R	0.350	0.450	0.0138	0.0177	AV	2.450	2.550	0.0965	0.1004
S	0.150	0.190	0.0059	0.0075	AW	10.000	11.000	0.3937	0.4331
T	0.290	0.310	0.0114	0.0122	AY	3.500	4.500	0.1378	0.1772
U	1.750	1.850	0.0689	0.0728	AZ	3.500	4.500	0.1378	0.1772
V	0.450	0.550	0.0177	0.0217	BA	-	10.062	-	0.3961
W	0.850	0.950	0.0335	0.0374	BB	-	9.747	-	0.3837
AA	-	0.200	-	0.0079	BC	0.5794	0.6294	0.0228	0.0248
AB	10.900	11.900	0.4291	0.4685	BD	1.150	1.250	0.0453	0.0492
AC	11.900	12.900	0.4685	0.5079	BE	1.150	1.250	0.0453	0.0492
AD	1.500	2.500	0.0591	0.0984					

NOTES:

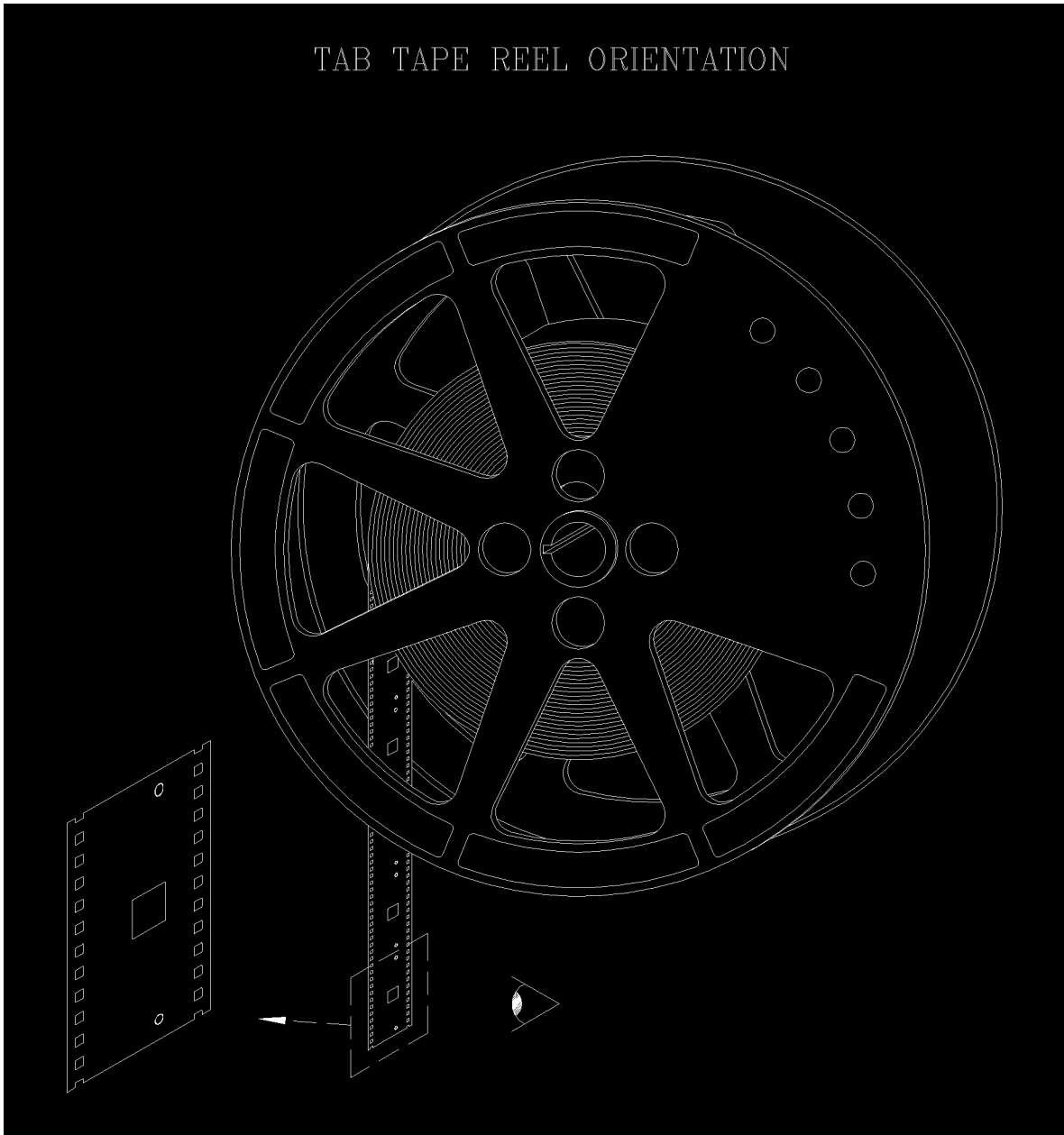
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. Controlling dimension: millimeter.
3. Copper thickness: 1 oz.
4. Tin plating thickness: 0.4µm.
5. Recommended excise area J x (AB + AC).

Reference: 98ASL00052A

Issue "C" released on 11/01/93

MC141514T1

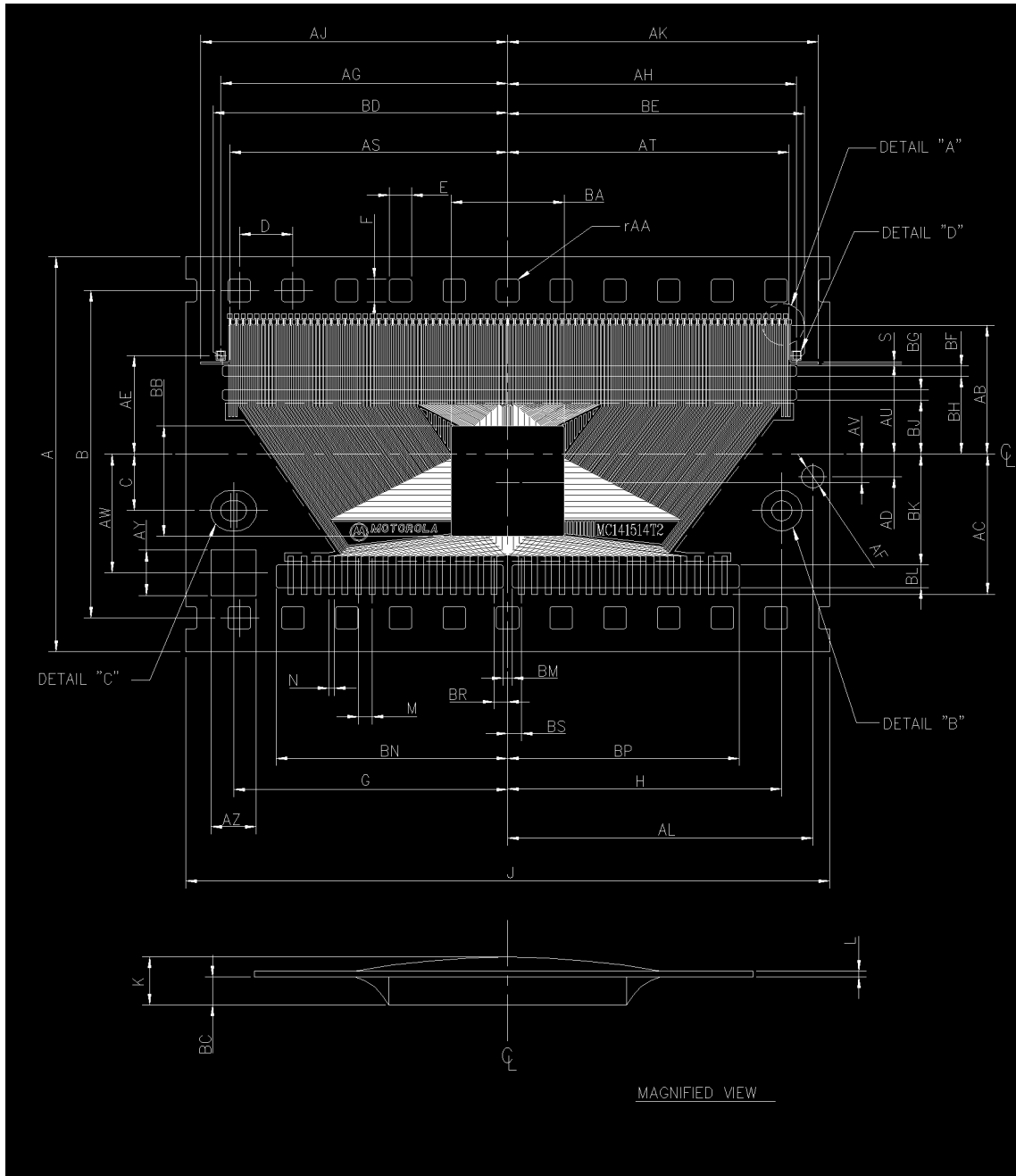
TAB TAPE REEL ORIENTATION



Reference: 98ASL00052A

Issue "C" released on 11/01/93

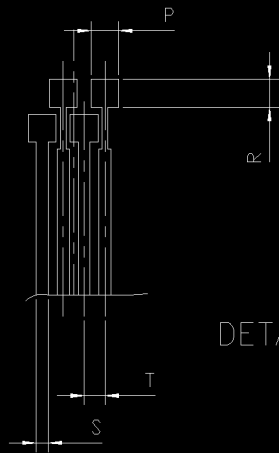
MC141514T2
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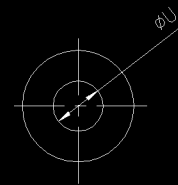
Reference: 98ASL00100A

Issue "B" released on 09/19/95

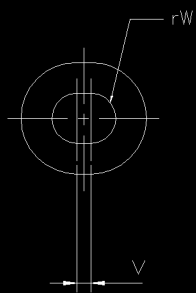
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TAB PACKAGE DIMENSION
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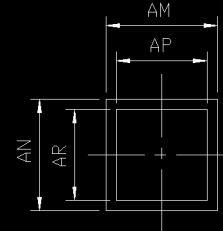
DETAIL "A"



DETAIL "B"



DETAIL "C"



DETAIL "D"

Reference: 98ASL00100A

Issue "B" released on 09/19/95

MC141514T2 TAB PACKAGE DIMENSION

Dim	Millimeters		Inches		Dim	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max		Min	Max	Min	Max
A	34.775	35.175	1.3691	1.3848	AJ	27.130	27.230	1.0681	1.0720
B	28.927	29.027	1.1389	1.1428	AK	27.430	27.530	1.0799	1.0839
C	4.950	5.050	0.1949	0.1988	AL	26.500	27.500	1.0433	1.0827
D	4.720	4.780	0.1858	0.1882	AM	0.750	0.850	0.0295	0.0335
E	1.951	2.011	0.0768	0.0792	AN	0.750	0.850	0.0295	0.0335
F	1.951	2.011	0.0768	0.0792	AP	0.600	0.700	0.0236	0.0276
G	24.200	24.300	0.9528	0.9567	AR	0.600	0.700	0.0236	0.0276
H	24.200	24.300	0.9528	0.9567	AS	24.551	24.649	0.9666	0.9704
J	56.500	57.500	2.2244	2.2638	AT	24.850	24.950	0.9784	0.9823
K	0.686	0.838	0.0270	0.0330	AU	7.937	8.037	0.3125	0.3164
L	0.0675	0.0825	0.0027	0.0032	AV	2.450	2.550	0.0965	0.1004
M	1.190	1.210	0.0469	0.0476	AW	10.000	11.000	0.3937	0.4331
N	0.480	0.520	0.0189	0.0205	AY	3.500	4.500	0.1378	0.1772
P	0.350	0.450	0.0138	0.0177	AZ	3.500	4.500	0.1378	0.1772
R	0.350	0.450	0.0138	0.0177	BA	-	10.062	-	0.3961
S	0.150	0.190	0.0059	0.0075	BB	-	9.747	-	0.3837
T	0.290	0.310	0.0114	0.0122	BC	0.5794	0.6294	0.0228	0.0248
U	1.750	1.850	0.0689	0.0728	BD	25.200	25.300	0.9921	0.9961
V	0.450	0.550	0.0177	0.0217	BE	25.500	25.600	1.0039	1.0079
W	0.850	0.950	0.0335	0.0374	BF	0.850	0.950	0.0335	0.0374
Y	0.032	0.038	0.0013	0.0015	BG	0.850	0.950	0.0335	0.0374
Z	0.032	0.038	0.0013	0.0015	BH	6.850	6.950	0.2697	0.2736
AA	-	0.200	-	0.0079	BJ	4.750	4.850	0.1870	0.1909
AB	10.900	11.900	0.4291	0.4685	BK	9.750	9.850	0.3839	0.3878
AC	11.900	12.900	0.4685	0.5079	BL	1.950	2.050	0.0768	0.0807
AD	1.500	2.500	0.0591	0.0984	BM	0.750	0.850	0.0295	0.0335
AE	8.690	8.790	0.3421	0.3461	BN	20.450	20.550	0.8051	0.8091
AF	1.950	2.050	0.0768	0.0807	BP	20.450	20.550	0.8051	0.8091
AG	25.350	25.450	0.9980	1.0020	BR	1.150	1.250	0.0453	0.0492
AH	25.510	25.610	1.0043	1.0083	BS	1.150	1.250	0.0453	0.0492

NOTES:

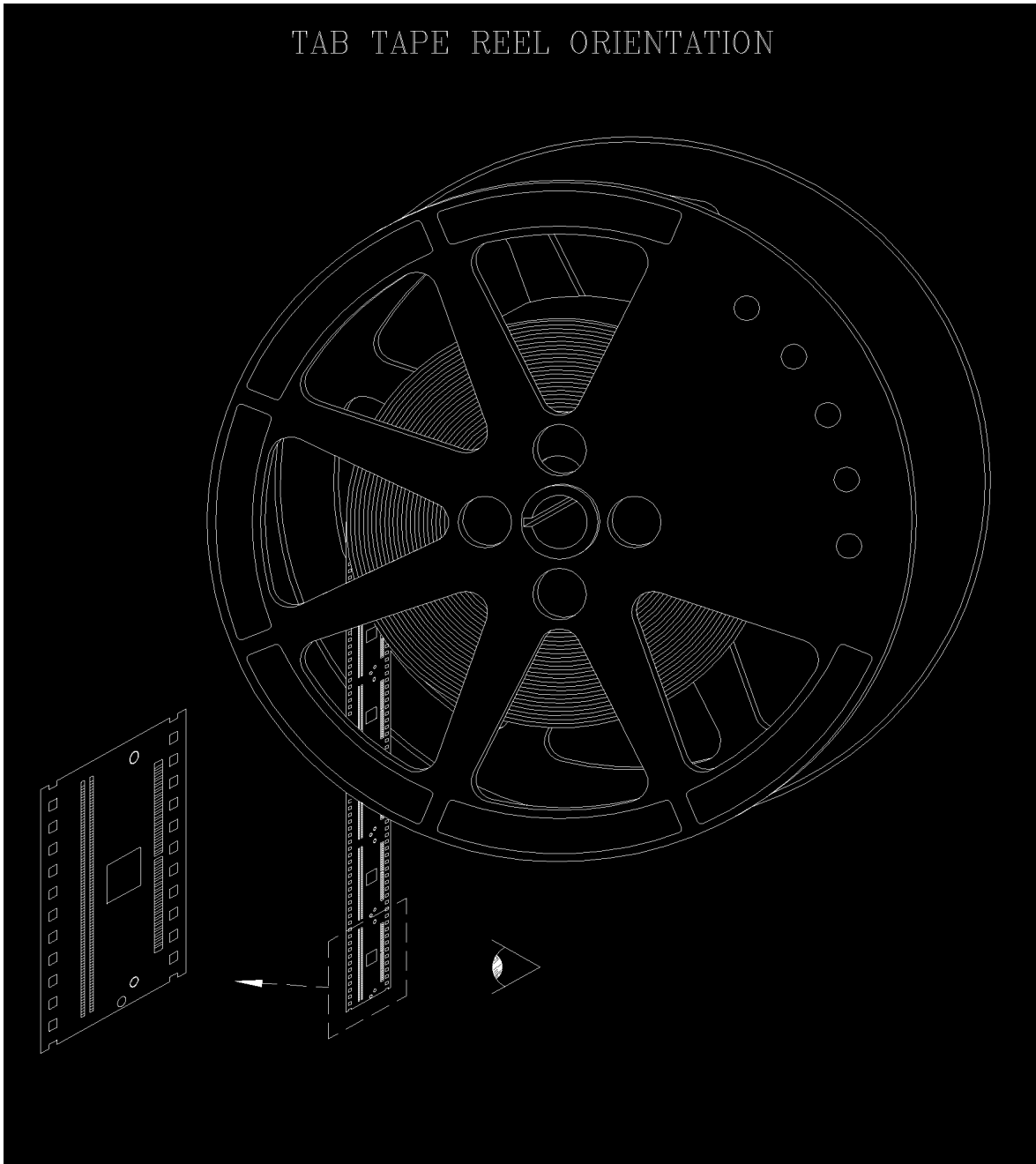
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. Controlling dimension: millimeter.
3. Copper thickness: 1 oz (35 micrometer)
4. 12 sprocket hole device

Reference: 98ASL00100A

Issue "B" released on 09/19/95

MC141514T2

TAB TAPE REEL ORIENTATION

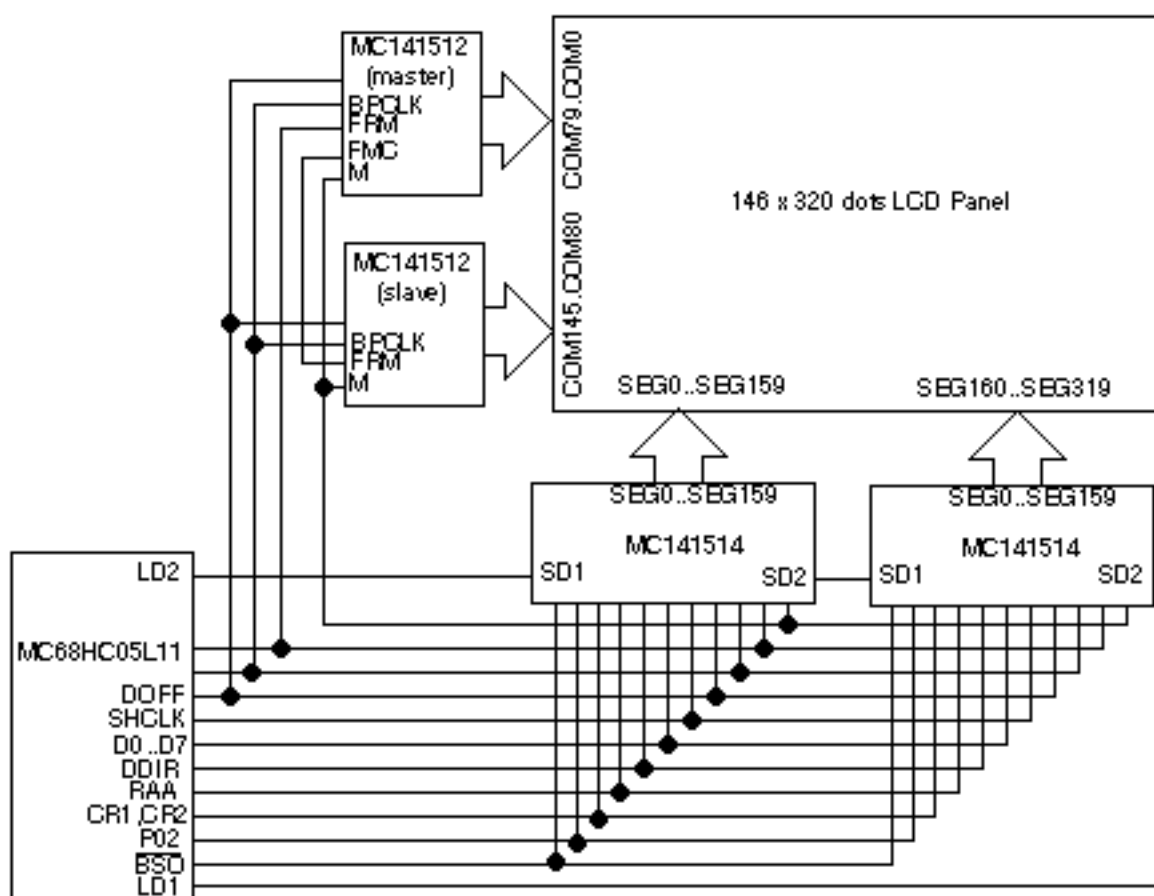


Reference: 98ASL00100A

Issue "B" released on 09/19/95

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

146 x 320 SINGLE PANEL LCD SYSTEM WITH MC68HC05L11



146 x 320 x 2 SPLIT PANEL LCD SYSTEM WITH MC68HC05L11

