M52734SP

3-CHANNEL VIDEO AMPLIFICATION WITH OSD BLANKING

DESCRIPTION

The M52734SP is a semiconductor integrated circuit amplifies video signals, having a 3-channel amplifier with a band width of 130MHz. The circuit also features the OSD mixing function.

The circuit is most useful with high resolution displays that have OSD, and its function are available for each channel, including OSD blanking, OSD mixing, wide-band amplification, contrast control (main and sub), and brightness control.

FEATURES

٠	Freque	ency band width:	RGB	130MHz (3VP-P)
		•	OSD	50MHz
	Input	:RGB		0.7VP-P (typ.)
		OSD		3.0VP-P min. (positive)
		BLK		
	Output	:RGB		
		OSD		4.0VP-P (max.)

 To adjust contrast, two types of controls are provided, main and sub. With the main control, the contrast of the 3-channels can be changed simultaneously. Sub controls are used to adjust the contrast of a given channel individually. The control terminals can be controlled by applying a voltage of 0 to 5V.

• The DC power remains stable at the IC output terminal because a feedback circuit is built in.

APPLICATION

Display monitor

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

Supply voltage range	11.5 to 12.5V
Rated supply voltage	12.0V

PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)





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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Unit
Vcc	Supply voltage	13.0	V
Pd	Power dissipation	2016	mW
Topr	Ambient temperature	-20 to +85	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature	-40 to +150	°C
Vopr	Recommended supply voltage	12.0	V
Vopr'	Recommended supply voltage range	11.5 to 12.5	V
Surge	Electrostatic discharge	±200	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Vcc=12V, Ta=25°C, unless otherwise noted)

					Te	est cor	ditions	\$							
		Test		Input		Exter	nal pow	/er supp	oly (V)	Pulse	input		Limits		
Symbol	Parameter	point (s)	SW13 R-ch	SW8 G-ch	SW3 B-ch	V4	V17	V19	V36	SW18	SW1 5, 10, 15	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Icc	Circuit current	A	a _	a _	a _	5	5	5	2	b SG5	a -	70	100	140	mA
Vomax	Output dynamic range	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG6	b SG6	b SG6	5	5	Vari- able	5	b SG5	a _	5.8	6.8	9.0	Vp-p
Vimax	Maximum input	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG6	b SG6	b SG6	5	2.5	1	5	b SG5	a -	1	1.8	_	Vp-p
Gv	Maximum gain	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG6	b SG6	b SG6	5	5	2	5	b SG5	a -	15	17	20	dB
∆Gv	Relative maximum gain			R	elative	to me	easured	d value	s abov	/e		0.8	1	1.2	-
VCR1	Contrast control characteristics (typical)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG6	b SG6	b SG6	5	4	2	5	b SG5	a _	14	15.5	17	dB
$\Delta VCR1$	Contrast control relative characteristics (typical)			R	elative	to me	easure	d value	s abov	/e		0.8	1	1.2	_
VCR2	Contrast control characteristics (minimum)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG6	b SG6	b SG6	5	1	2	5	b SG5	a _	0.3	0.6	0.9	Vp-p
$\Delta VCR2$	Contrast control relative characteristics (minimum)			R	elative	to me	asure	d value	s abov	/e		0.8	1	1.2	-
VSCR1	Sub contrast control characteristics (typical)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG6	b SG6	b SG6	4	5	2	5	b SG5	a -	14	15.5	17	dB
$\Delta VSCR1$	Sub contrast control relative characteristics (typical)			R	elative	to me	easured	d value	s abov	/e		0.8	1	1.2	-
VSCR2	Sub contrast control characteristics (minimum)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG6	b SG6	b SG6	1	5	2	5	b SG5	a _	0.5	0.9	1.3	Vp-p
$\Delta VSCR2$	Sub contrast control relative characteristics (minimum)			R	elative	to me	easure	d value	s abov	/e		0.8	1	1.2	_
VSCR3	Contrast/sub contrast control characteristics (typical)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG6	b SG6	b SG6	3	3	2	5	b SG5	a _	0.8	1.5	2.2	Vp-p
∆Vscr3	Contrast/sub contrast control relative characteristics (typical)			R	elative	e to me	easure	d value	s abov	/e		0.8	1	1.2	_
VB1	Brightness control characteristics (maximum)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	a _	a _	a _	5	5	4	5	b SG5	a -	3.0	3.6	4.2	V
ΔV B1	Brightness control relative characteristics (maximum)			R	elative	to me	easure	d value	s abov	/e		-0.3	0	0.3	V

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (cont.)

					Te		nditions						Limits		
Symbol	Parameter	Test		Input		Exter	nal pow	er supp	oly (V)	Pulse	input			1	Unit
Cymbol		point (s)	SW13 R-ch	SW8 G-ch	SW3 B-ch	V4	V17	V19	V36	SW18	SW1 5, 10, 15	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onic
VB2	Brightness control characteristics (typical)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	a _	a _	a _	5	5	2.5	5	b SG5	a _	1.7	2.3	2.9	V
ΔV B2	Brightness control relative characteristics (typical)			R	elative	to me	easured	d value	es abov	/e		-0.3	0	0.3	V
Vb3	Brightness control characteristics (minimum)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	a _	a _	a _	5	5	1	5	b SG5	a _	0.5	0.9	1.3	V
ΔVвз	Brightness control relative characteristics (minimum)			R	elative	to me	easured	d value	s abov	/e		-0.3	0	0.3	V
Fc1	Frequency characteristics 1 (f=50MHz;maximum)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG2	b SG2	b SG2	5	2.5	Vт	_	a _	a _	-2.5	-1	3	dB
∆Fc1	Frequency relative characteristics 1 (f=50MHz;maximum)			R	elative	e to me	easured	d value	es abov	/e		-1	0	1	dB
FC1'	Frequency characteristics 1 (f=130MHz;maximum)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG3	b SG3	b SG3	5	2.5	Vт	_	a _	a _	-3	-2	3	dB
ΔFc1 [′]	Frequency relative characteristics 1 (f=130MHz;maximum)			R	elative	e to me	asureo	d value	s abov	/e		-1	0	1	dB
FC2	Frequency characteristics 2 (f=50MHz; maximum)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG2	b SG2	b SG2	5	1.5	Vт	_	a _	a -	-3	0	3	dB
ΔFc2'	Frequency relative characteristics 2 (f=130MHz; maximum)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG3	b SG3	b SG3	5	1.5	Vт	_	a _	a _	-1	0	1	dB
C.T.1	Crosstalk 1 (f=50MHz)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG2	a _	a _	5	5	Vт	_	a _	a -	_	-30	-20	dB
C.T.1'	Crosstalk 1 (f=130MHz)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG3	a _	a _	5	5	Vт	_	a _	a _	_	-20	-15	dB
C.T.2	Crosstalk 2 (f=50MHz)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	a _	b SG2	a _	5	5	Vт	_	a _	a _	-	-30	-20	dB
C.T.2'	Crosstalk 2 (f=130MHz)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	a _	b SG3	a _	5	5	Vт	_	a _	a _	_	-20	-15	dB
C.T.3	Crosstalk 3 (f=50MHz)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	a _	a _	b SG2	5	5	Vт	_	a _	a _	_	-30	-20	dB
C.T.3'	Crosstalk 3 (f=130MHz)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	a _	a _	b SG3	5	5	Vτ	_	a _	a -	-	-20	-15	dB
Tr	Pulse characteristics 1	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG4	b SG4	b SG4	5	3.3	2	_	b SG5	a _	-	3	7	nsec
Tf	Pulse characteristics 2	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG4	b SG4	b SG4	5	3.3	2	_	b SG5	a _	_	4	8	nsec
V14th	Clamp pulse threshold voltage	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	a _	a _	a _	5	5	2	_	b SG5	a _	1.0	1.5	2.0	VDC
W14	Clamp pulse minimum width	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	a _	a _	a _	5	5	2	_	b SG5	a _	-	0.1	0.5	μsec
Росн	Pedestal voltage temperatere characteristics1	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG6	b SG6	b SG6	5	5	2		b SG5	a _	-0.3	0	0.3	VDC

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					Te	est cor	ditions	3				Limits			
Cumbal	Parameter	Test		Input		Exter	rnal power supply (V) Pulse input						Unit		
Symbol	Parameter	point (s)	SW13 R-ch	SW8 G-ch	SW3 B-ch	V4	V17	V19	V36	SW18	SW1 5, 10, 15	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
PDCL	Pedestal voltage temperatere characteristics2	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG6	b SG6	b SG6	5	5	2	-	b SG5	a _	-0.3	0	0.3	VDC
OTr	OSD pulse characteristics1	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	a _	a _	a _	5	5	2	3	a _	b SG7	_	4	8	nsec
OTf	OSD pulse characteristics2	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	a _	a _	a _	5	5	2	3	a _	b SG7	_	4	8	nsec
Oaj1	OSD adjusting control characteristics (maximum)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	a _	a _	a _	5	5	2	4	a _	b SG7	3.5	4.0	4.5	Vp-p
∆Oaj1	OSD adjusting control relative characteristics (maximum)			R	elative	to me	asured	d value	s abov	/e		0.8	1	1.2	-
Oaj2	OSD adjusting control characteristics (minimum)	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	a _	a _	a _	5	5	2	0	a _	b SG7	_	0	0.5	Vp-p
∆Oaj2	OSD adjusting control relative characteristics (minimum)			Relative to measured values above					0.8	1	1.2	-			
OSDth	OSD input threshold voltage	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	a _	a _	a _	5	5	2	5	a _	b SG7	1.7	2.5	3.5	VDC
V1th	BLK input threshold voltage	T.P.35 T.P.30 T.P.25	b SG6	b SG6	b SG6	5	5	2	5	a _	SW1 only b SG7	1.7	2.5	3.5	VDC

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS TEST METHOD

 Because a description of signal input pin and pulse input pin switch numbers is already given in Supplementary Table, only external power supply switch numbers are included in the notes below.

Sub contrast voltages V4, V9 and V14 are always set to the same voltage, therefore only V4 is referred to in Supplementary Table.

Icc Circuit current

Measuring conditions are as listed in Supplementary Table. Measured with an ammeter At test point A when SW1 is set to a.

Vomax Output dynamic range

Voltage V19 is varied as described below:

 Increase V19 gradually while inputting SG6 to pin 13 (8 or 3). Measure the voltage when the top of the waveform output at T.P25 (30 or 35) is distorted. The voltage is called VTR1 (VTG1 or VTB1). Next, decrease V19 gradually, and measure the voltage when the bottom of the waveform output at T.P35 (30 or 25) is distorted. The voltage is called VTR2 (VTG2 or VTB2).



2. Voltage VT (VTR, VTG and VTB) is calculated by the equation below:

Use relevant voltages, depending on the pin at which the waveform is output; specifically, use VTR1 when it is output at T.P25; VTG1, at T.P30, and VTB, at T.P35.

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 After setting VTR (VTG or VTB), increase the SG6 amplitude gradually, starting from 700mV. Measure the amplitude when the top and bottom of the waveform output at T.P25 (30 or starts becoming distorted synchronously.

Vimax Maximum input

Measuring conditions are the same as those used above, except that the setting of V17 is changed to 2.5V as specified in Supplementary Table. Increase the input signal amplitude gradually, starting from 700mVP-P. Measure the amplitude when the output signal starts becoming distorted.

Gv Maximum gain

$\Delta {\rm Gv}$ Relative maximum gain

- 1. Input SG6 to pin 13 (8 or 3), and read the amplitude at output T.P25 (30 or 35). The amplitude is called Vor1 (Vog1 or VoB1) .
- 2. Maximum gain $G \lor$ is calculated by the equation below:

3. Relative maximum gain ΔG is calculated by the equation below: $\Delta G v{=}VOR1/VOG1, VOG1/VOB1, VOB1/VOR1$

VCR1 Contrast control characteristics (typical) ΔVCR1 Contrast control relative characteristics (typical)

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table. The setting of V17 is changed to 4V.
- 2. Measure the amplitude output at T.P25 (30 or 35). The measured value is called VOR2 (VOG2 or VOB2).
- 3. Contrast control characteristics VCR1 and relative characteristics ΔVCR1 are calculated, respectively, by the equations below:

VCR1=20LOG	Vor2 (Vog2, Vob2)	[Vp-p]
VCR1=20LOG	0.7	[Vp-p]

 Δ VCR1=VOR2/VOG2, VOG2/VOB2, VOB2/VOR1

VCR2 Contrast control characteristics (minimum) ΔVCR2 Contrast control relative characteristics (minimum)

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table. The setting of V17 is changed to 1.0V.
- 2. Measure the amplitude output at T.P25 (30 or 35). The measured value is called VOR3 (VOG3 or VOB3), and is treated as VCR2.
- Contrast control relative characteristics ∆VCR2 are calculated by the equation below:

ΔVCR2=VOR3/VOG3, VOG3/VOB3, VOB3/VOR3

VSCR1 Sub contrast control characteristics (typical) ΔVSCR1 Sub contrast control relative characteristics (typical)

- Set V4, V9 and V14 to 4.0V. Other conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- 2. Measure the amplitude output at T.P25 (30 or 35). The measured value is called VOR4 (VOG4 or VOB4).
- 3. Sub contrast control characteristics VSCR1 and relative characteristics Δ VSCR1 are calculated, respectively, by the equations below:

VSCR1=20LOG VOR4 (VOG4, VOB4) [VP-P] 0.7 [VP-P]

 Δ VSCR1=VOR4/VOG4, VOG4/VOB4, VOB4/VOR4

VSCR2 Sub contrast control characteristics (minimum) ΔVSCR2 Sub contrast control relative characteristics (minimum)

- 1. Set V4, V9 and V14 to 1.0V. Other conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- 2. Measure the amplitude output at T.P25 (30 or 35). The measured value is called VOR5 (VOG5 or VOB5).
- Relative characteristics ∆VscR2 are calculated by the equation below:

 Δ VSCR2=VOR5/VOG5, VOG5/VOB5, VOB5/VOR5

VSCR3 Contrast/sub contrast control characteristics (typical) ΔVSCR3 Contrast/sub contrast control relative characteristics (typical)

- 1. Set V4, V9, V14 and V17 to 3.0V. Other conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- 2. Measure the amplitude at T.P25 (30 or 35). The measured value is called VOR6 (VOG6 or VOB6).

 Δ VCR3=VOR6/VOG6, VOG6/VOB6, VOB6/VOR6

VB1 Brightness control characteristics (maximum) ΔVB1 Brightness control relative characteristics (maximum)

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- Measure the output at T.P25 (30 or 35) with a voltmeter. The measured value is called VOR7 (VOG7 or VOB7), and is treated as VB1.
- To obtain brightness control relative characteristics, calculate the difference in the output between the channels, using VOR7, VOG7 and VOB7.

∆VB1=V0R7-V0G7 =V0G7-V0B7 =V0B7-V0R7 [mV]

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VB2 Brightness control characteristics (typical) ΔVB2 Brightness control relative characteristics (typical)

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- 2. Measure the output at T.P25 (30 or 35) with a voltmeter.
- The measured value is called Vor7' (Vog7' or VoB7'), and is treated as VB2.
- To obtain brightness control relative characteristics (ΔVB2), calculate the difference in the output between the channels, using VOR7', VOG7', and VOB7'.

ΔVB2 =VOR7'-VOG7' [mV] =VOG7'-VOB7' =VOB7'-VOR7'

VB3 Brightness control characteristics (minimum) ΔVB3 Brightness control relative characteristics (minimum)

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- Measure the output at T.P25 (30 or 35) with a voltmeter. The measured value is called VOR7" (VOG7" or VOB7"), and is treated as VB2.
- To obtain brightness control relative characteristics (ΔVB3), calculate the difference in the output between the channels, using VOR7", VOG7" and VOB7".

$\Delta VB3 = VOR7"-VOG7"$	[mV]
=VOG7"-VOB7"	
=VOB7"-VOR7"	

Fc1 Frequency characteristics1 (f=50MHz; maximum) ∆Fc1 Frequency relative characteristics1 (f=50MHz; maximum)

Fc1' Frequency characteristics1 (f=130MHz; maximum) Δ Fc1' Frequency relative characteristics1

(f=130MHz; maximum)

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- 2. SG1·SG2 and SG3 are input. The amplitude of the waveform output at T.P25 (30 or 35) is measured.
- 3. Supposing that the measured value is treated as amplitude VOR1 (VOG1 or VOB1) when SG1 is input, as VOR8 (VOG8 or VOB8) when SG2 is input, or as VOR9 (VOG9 or VOB9) when SG3 is input, frequency characteristics Fc1 and Fc1' are calculated as follows:

Fc1=20LOG	Vor8 (Vog8, Vob8)	[Vp-p]
101-20200	Vor1 (Vog1, Vob1)	[Vp-p]
Fc1'=20LOG	Vor9 (Vog9, Vob9) Vor1 (Vog1, Vob1)	[Vp-p]
1 C1 - 20LOG		[VP-P]

4. Frequency relative band widths ΔFc_1 and $\Delta Fc_1'$ are equal to the difference in Fc1 and Fc1', respectively, between the channels.

Fc2 Frequency characteristics2 (f=50MHz; maximum) ∆Fc2' Frequency relative characteristics2 (f=130MHz; maximum)

Measuring conditions and procedure are the same as described in Fc1, Δ Fc1, Fc1', Δ Fc1', except that CONTRAST (V17) is turned down to 1.5V.

C.T.1 Crosstalk1 (f=50MHz) C.T.1' Crosstalk1 (f=130MHz)

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- Input SG2 (or SG3) to pin 13 (R-ch) only, and then measure the waveform amplitude output at T.P25 (30 or 35). The measured value is called Vor, Vog and or Vob respectively.
- 3. Crosstalk C.T. 1 is calculated by the equation below:

C.T.1 =20LOG	Vog or Vob	[Vp-p]	[dB]
(C.T.1')	Vor	[Vp-p]	լսԵյ

C.T.2 Crosstalk2 (f=50MHz)

C.T.2' Crosstalk2 (f=130MHz)

- 1. Change the input pin from pin 13 (R-ch) to pin 8 (G-ch), and measure the output in the same way as in C.T.1, C.T.1'.
- 2. Crosstalk C.T. 2 is calculated by the equation below:

C.T.2 =20LOG	Vor or Vob	[Vp-p]	[dB]
(C.T.2')	Vog	[Vp-p]	[ub]

C.T.3 Crosstalk3 (f=50MHz) C.T.3' Crosstalk3 (f=130MHz)

- 1. Change the input pin from pin 13 (R-ch) to pin 3 (B-ch), and measure the output in the same way as in C.T.1, C.T.1'.
- 2. Crosstalk C.T. 3 is calculated by the equation below:

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Tr Pulse characteristics1

Tf Pulse characteristics2

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- 2. Measure the time needed for the input pulse to rise from 10% to 90% (Tr1) and to fall from 90% to 10% (Tf1) with an active prove.
- Measure the time needed for the output pulse to rise from 10% to 90% (Tr2) and to fall from 90% to 10% (Tf2) with an active prove.
- 4. Pulse characteristics Tr and Tf are calculated by the equation below:

Tr (nsec)= $\sqrt{(Tr2)^2 - (Tr1)^2}$ Tf (nsec)= $\sqrt{(Tf2)^2 - (Tf1)^2}$



V14th Clamp pulse threshold voltage

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- 2. Turn down the SG5 input level gradually, monitoring the output (about 2.0 VDC). Measure the SG5 input level when the output reaches 0V.

W14 Clamp pulse minimum width

Under the same conditions as given in Note 19, reduce the SG5 pulse width gradually, monitoring the output. Measure the SG5 pulse width when the output reaches 0V.

PDCH Pedestal voltage temperatere characteristics1 PDCL Pedestal voltage temperatere characteristics2

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- 2. Measure the pedestal voltage at room temperature. The measured value is called PDc1.
- Measure the pedestal voltage at temperatures of -20°C and 85°C. The measured value is called, respectively, PDc2 and PDc3.
- 4. PDCH=PDC1 PDC2 PDCL=PDC1 - PDC3

OTr OSD pulse characteristics1

OTf OSD pulse characteristics2

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- 2. Measure the time needed for the the output pulse to rise from 10% to 90% (OTr) and to fall from 90% to 10% (OTf) with an active prove.

Oaj1 OSD adjusting control characteristics (maximum) ∆Oaj1 OSD adjusting control relative characteristics (maximum)

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- 2. Measure the amplitude at T.P25 (30 or 35). The measured value is called VORA (VOGA or VOBA), and is treated as Oaj1.
- OSD adjusting control relative characteristics ∆Oaj1 are calculated by the equation below:

Oaj2 OSD adjusting control characteristics (minimum) ∆Oaj2 OSD adjusting control relative characteristics (minimum)

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table, except that V36 is set to 0V.
- 2. Measure the amplitude at T.P25 (30 or 35). The measured value is called VORB (VOGB or VOBB), and is treated as Oaj2.
- OSD adjusting control relative characteristics ∆Oaj2 are calculated by the equation below:

OSDth OSD input threshold voltage

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- Reduce the SG7 input level gradually, monitoring output. Measure the SG7 level when the output reaches 0V. The measured value is called OSDth.

V1th BLK input threshold voltage

- 1. Measuring conditions are as given in Supplementary Table.
- 2. Make sure that signals are not being output synchronously with SG7 (blanking period).
- Reduce the SG7 input level gradually, monitoring output. Measure the SG7 level when the blanking period disappears. The measured value is called V1th.

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INPUT SIGNAL

SG No.	Signals					
	Sine wave of amplitude 0.7VP-P (f=1MHz)					
SG1						
SG2	Sine wave with amplitude of 0.7VP-P (f=50MHz)					
SG3	Sine wave with amplitude of 0.7VP-P (f=130MHz)					
	Pulse with amplitude of 0.7VP-P (f=1MHz, duty=50%) Pulses which are synchronous with SG4 pedestal portion					
SG4	0.7VP-P					
	Pulses which are synchronous with standard video step waveform pedestal portion: amplitude, 2.0VP-P; and pulse width, 3.0µs (pulse width and amplitude sometimes variable)					
SG5	0V 2.0VP-P 1					
SG6 Standard video step waveform	Video signal with amplitude of 0.7VP-P (f=30kHz, amplitude sometimes variable)					
SG7 OSD BLK and OSD signals	4V					
	Pulses which are synchronous with standard video step waveform's video portions: amplitude, 4.0VP-P; and pulse width, 25µs					

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TEST CIRCUIT

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



3-CHANNEL VIDEO AMPLIFICATION WITH OSD BLANKING

APPLICATION EXAMPLE



Units Resistance : Ω Capacitance : F

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Pin No.	Name	DC voltage (V)	Peripheral circuit of pins	Description of function
1	OSD BLK IN	_	Vcc B-ch G-ch 2.5V 0.9mA GND	 Input pulses of minimum 3V. ▲ 3 to 5V ▲ 1V maximum Connected to GND if not used.
2 7 12	Vcc (B-ch) Vcc (G-ch) Vcc (R-ch)	12	-	·Apply equivalent voltage to 3 channels.
3 8 13	INPUT (B) INPUT (G) INPUT (R)	2.5	Vcc 2k 2k 2k 2k 2k 2k 2k CP 0.24mA GND	·Clamped to about 2.5V due to clamp pulses from pin 18. ·Input at low impedance.
4 9 14	Subcontrast (B) Subcontrast (G) Subcontrast (R)	2.5		·Use at maximum 5V for stable operation.
5 10 15	OSD IN (B) OSD IN (G) OSD IN (R)	_	Vcc Vcc T 2.2V GND	 Input pulses of minimum 3V. ▲ 3 to 5V ▲ 1V maximum Connected to GND if not used.

DESCRIPTION OF PIN

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3-CHANNEL VIDEO AMPLIFICATION WITH OSD BLANKING

DESCRIPTI	DESCRIPTION OF PIN (cont.)							
Pin No.	Name	DC voltage (V)	Peripheral circuit of pins	Description of function				
6, 31 11, 26 16, 21	GND (B-ch) GND (G-ch) GND (R-ch)	GND	-					
17	Main contrast	2.5	Vcc 1.5k Vcc 23.5k 1.5k Vcc 2.2V GND (17)	·Use at maximum 5V for stable operation.				
18	CP IN	_	18 Vcc Vcc Vcc Vcc QND	 Input pulses of minimum 2.5V. ✓ 2.5V minimum 0.5V maximum Input at low impedance. 				
19	Brightness	_	Vcc 20.3k B-ch G-ch GND					
20, 22, 27, 32	NC	_	_	·Connected to GND usually; otherwise kept open.				
23 28 33	Hold (R) Hold (G) Hold (B)	Variable		·A capacity is needed on the GND side.				

DESCRIPTION OF PIN (cont.)

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3-CHANNEL VIDEO AMPLIFICATION WITH OSD BLANKING

Pin No.	Name	DC voltage (V)	Peripheral circuit of pins	Description of function
24 29 34	Vcc2 (R) Vcc2 (G) Vcc2 (B)	Apply 12	Pin 24 Pin 29 Pin 34	 Used to supply power to output emitter follower only. Apply equivalent voltage to 3 channels.
25 30 35	OUTPUT (R) OUTPUT (G) OUTPUT (B)	Variable	50 Pin 25 Pin 30 Pin 35	•A resistor is needed on the GND side. Set discretionally to maximum 15mA, depending on the required driving capacity.
36	OSD adjust	Apply at open 5.5V	1k 55k 55k 10P 55k 55k 55k 55k 55k 55k 55k 55k 55k 50k 55k 55k 50k 50k 55k 50k 5	·Pulled up directly to Vcc or open if not used.

DESCRIPTION OF PIN (cont.)