

**3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION
FOR HIGH-RESOLUTION COLOR DISPLAYS**
DESCRIPTION

M52337SP is a video preamplifier provided with OSD mixing function, and a semi-conductor IC having three channels of a built-in amplifier in the 110MHz band.

Each channel has the functions of OSD blanking, OSD mixing, wideband amplifier, main and sub-contrast control, and main and sub brightness. Accordingly, it is structured to best fit the OSD-provided high-resolution display.

FEATURES

- Frequency band: RGB110MHz (at 3VP-P)
OSD.....50MHz
- Input : RGB.....0.7VP-P (Typ.)
OSD.....3.0 to 5.0 VP-P (positive polarity)
BLK.....4.0 VP-P or more (positive polarity)
- Output : RGB.....4.0 VP-P (max.)
OSD.....3.5 VP-P (max., black level=2V)
- Each control of contrast and brightness includes a main which allows three channels to be variable simultaneously, and a sub which allows each channel to be variable independently. Each control pin can be controlled within a range of 0 to 5V.
- A built-in feedback circuit inside IC provides a stable DC level at IC output pins.
- Pin arrangement of M52337SP is the same as that of M52321SP.

APPLICATION

CRT display

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION

Supply voltage range.....Vcc=11.5 to 12.5V
Rated supply voltage.....Vcc=12.0V

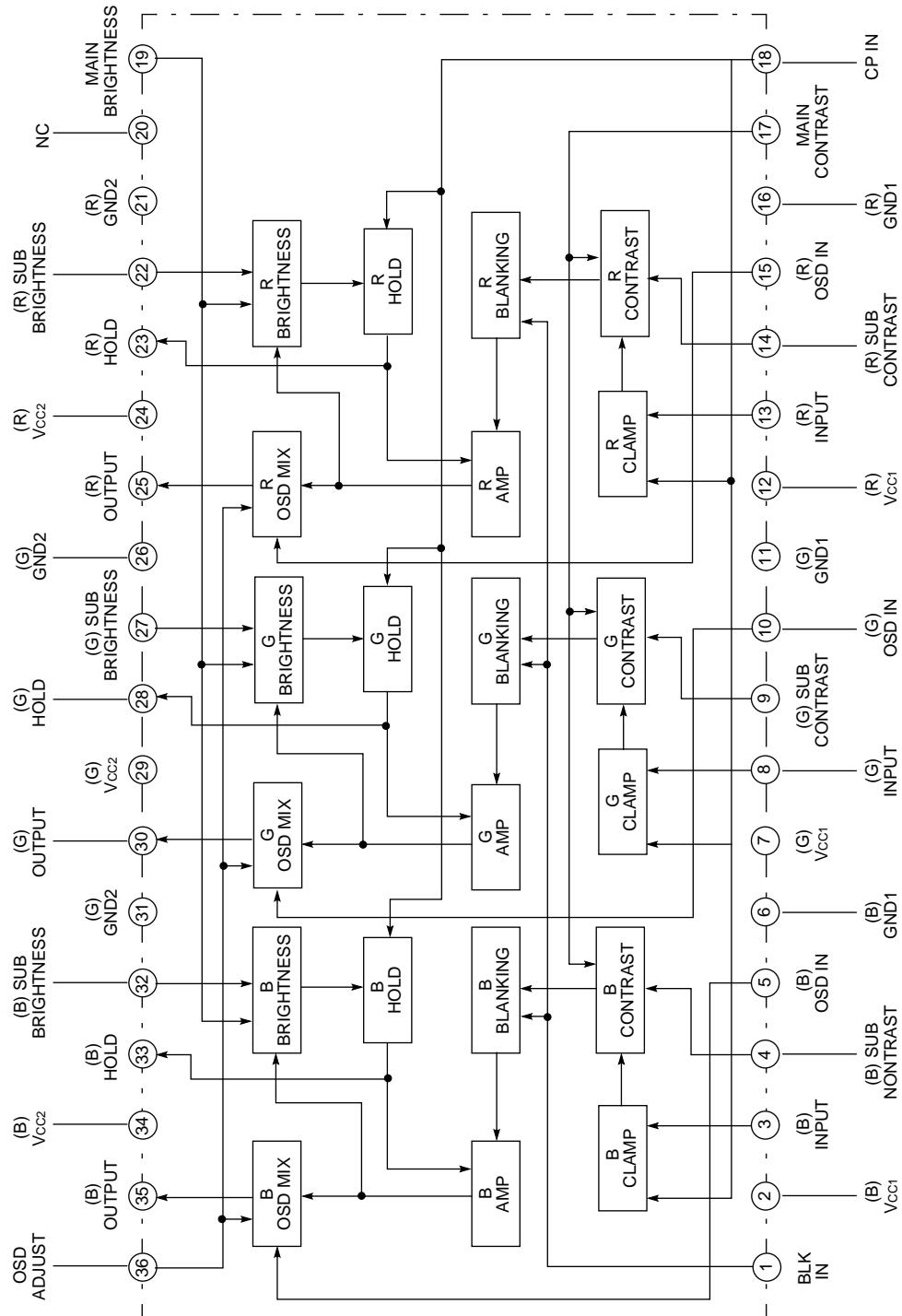
PIN CONFIGURATION (TOP VIEW)

BLK IN	1	36	OSD ADJUST
Vcc1 (B)	2	35	OUTPUT (B)
INPUT (B)	3	34	Vcc2 (B)
SUB CONTRAST (B)	4	33	HOLD (B)
OSD IN (B)	5	32	SUB BRIGHTNESS (B)
GND 1 (B)	6	31	GND2 (B)
Vcc1 (G)	7	30	OUTPUT (G)
INPUT (G)	8	29	Vcc2 (G)
SUB CONTRST (G)	9	28	HOLD (G)
OSD IN (G)	10	27	SUB BRIGHTNESS (G)
GND 1 (G)	11	26	GND2 (G)
Vcc1 (R)	12	25	OUTPUT (R)
INPUT (R)	13	24	Vss2 (R)
SUB CONTRAST (R)	14	23	HOLD (R)
OSD IN (R)	15	22	SUB BRIGHTNESS (R)
GND 1 (R)	16	21	GND2 (B)
MAIN CONTRAST	17	20	NC
CP IN	18	19	MAIN BRIGHTNESS

M52337SP

Outline 36P4E

NC:NO CONNECTION

**3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION
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BLOCK DIAGRAM

**3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION
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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings					Unit
Vcc	Supply voltage	13.0					V
Pd	Power dissipation	2016					mW
Surge	Surge pressure	±200					V
Vopr	Recommended supply voltage	12.0					V
Vopr'	Recommended supply voltage range	11.5 to 12.5					V
Topr	Operating temperature	-20 to +85					°C
Tstg	Storage temperature	-40 to +150					°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C, Vcc=12V, unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Test point	Input			External power supply(V)				Pulse input		Limits			Unit	
			SW13 R-ch	SW8 G-ch	SW13 B-ch	V4	V17	V19	V32	V36	SW18	SW1 5,10,15	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
Icc	Circuit current	A	a —	a —	a —	5	5	5	5	2	b SG6	a —	65	95	125	mA
Vomax	Output dynamic range	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG1	b SG1	b SG1	5	5	Vari- able	5	-	a —	a —	5.8	6.8	9.0	VP-P
Vimax	Max. allowable input	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG1	b SG1	b SG1	5	2.5	Vari- able	5	-	a —	a —	1.7	2.4	2.9	VP-P
Gv	Max. gain	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG1	b SG1	b SG1	5	5	VT	5	-	a —	a —	13	17	20	dB
ΔGv	Relative max. gain		Take the ratio of the above values										0.8	1	1.2	-
VCR1	Main contrast control characteristics (at typ.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG1	b SG1	b SG1	5	2	VT	5	-	a —	a —	5	8	11	dB
ΔVCR1	Relative main contrast control characteristics (at typ.)		Take the ratio of the above values										0.8	1	1.2	-
VCR2	Main contrast control characteristics (at min.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG1	b SG1	b SG1	5	1	VT	5	-	a —	a —	0.5	0.8	1.1	VP-P
ΔVCR2	Relative main contrast control characteristics (at min.)		Take the ratio of the above values										0.8	1	1.2	-
VSCR1	Sub-contrast control characteristics (at typ.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG1	b SG1	b SG1	2	5	VT	5	-	a —	a —	5	8	11	dB
ΔVSCR1	Relative sub-contrast control characteristics (at typ.)		Take the ratio of the above values										0.8	1	1.2	-
VSCR2	Sub-contrast control characteristics (at min.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG1	b SG1	b SG1	1	5	VT	5	-	a —	a —	0.5	0.8	1.1	VP-P
ΔVSCR2	Relative sub-contrast control characteristics (at min.)		Take the ratio of the above values										0.8	1	1.2	-
VSCR3	Main and sub brightness control characteristics (both main and sub at typ.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG1	b SG1	b SG1	3	3	VT	5	-	a —	a —	0.8	1.5	2.2	VP-P
ΔVSCR3	Relative main and sub brightness control characteristics (both main and sub at typ.)		Take the ratio of the above values										0.8	1	1.2	-
VB1	Main brightness control characteristics (at max.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	a —	a —	5	5	4	5	-	b SG6	a —	3.0	3.6	4.2	V
ΔVB1	Relative main brightness control characteristics (at max.)		Take the ratio of the above values										-0.3	0	0.3	V
VB2	Main brightness control characteristics (at typ.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	a —	a —	5	5	2.5	5	-	b SG6	a —	1.6	2.2	2.8	V
ΔVB2	Relative main brightness control characteristics (at typ.)		Take the ratio of the above values										-0.3	0	0.3	V
VB3	Main brightness control characteristics (at min.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	a —	a —	5	5	1	5	-	b SG6	a —	0.8	1.2	1.6	VDC
ΔVB3	Relative main brightness control characteristics (at min.)		Take the ratio of the above values										-0.3	0	0.3	V

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (cont.)

Symbol	Parameter	Test point	Input			External power supply(V)					Pulse input		Limits			Unit
			SW13 R-ch	SW8 G-ch	SW13 B-ch	V4	V17	V19	V32	V36	SW18	SW1 5,10,15	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
V _{SB1}	Sub-brightness control characteristics (at max.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	a —	a —	5	5	2	5	-	b SG6	a —	1.3	1.8	2.4	VDC
V _{SB1}	Sub-brightness control characteristics (at min.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	a —	a —	5	5	2	0	-	b SG6	a —	0.8	1.2	1.6	VDC
F _{C1}	Frequency characteristics 1 (f=50MHz at max.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG3	b SG3	b SG3	5	3	VT	-	-	a —	a —	-2.5	-1	3	dB
F _{C1}	Relative frequency characteristics 1 (f=50MHz at max.)					Take the ratio of the above values							-1	0	1	dB
F _{C1'}	Frequency characteristics 1 (f=110MHz at max.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG4	b SG4	b SG4	5	3	VT	-	-	a —	a —	-3	-2	3	dB
F _{C1'}	Relative frequency characteristics (f=110MHz at max.)					Take the ratio of the above values							-2	0	2	dB
F _{C2}	Frequency characteristics 2 (f=110MHz at typ.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG3	b SG3	b SG3	5	2	VT	-	-	a —	a —	-3	-2	3	dB
V _{C2'}	Relative frequency characteristics 2 (f=110MHz at typ.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG4	b SG4	b SG4	5	2	VT	-	-	a —	a —	-2	0	2	dB
F _{C3}	Frequency characteristics 3 (f=110MHz at min.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG3	b SG3	b SG3	5	1	VT	-	-	a —	a —	-3	-2	3	dB
F _{C3'}	Relative frequency characteristics 3 (f=110MHz at min.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG4	b SG4	b SG4	5	1	VT	-	-	a —	a —	-2	0	2	dB
C.T.1	Crosstalk1(f=50MHz)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG3	a —	a —	5	5	VT	5	-	a —	a —	-	-30	-20	dB
C.T.1'	Crosstalk1(f=110MHz)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG4	a —	a —	5	5	VT	5	-	a —	a —	-	-20	-15	dB
C.T.2	Crosstalk2(f=50MHz)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	b SG3	a —	5	5	VT	5	-	a —	a —	-	-30	-20	dB
C.T.2'	Crosstalk2(f=110MHz)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	b SG4	a —	5	5	VT	5	-	a —	a —	-	-20	-15	dB
C.T.3	Crosstalk3(f=50MHz)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	a —	b SG3	5	5	VT	5	-	a —	a —	-	-30	-20	dB
C.T.3'	Crosstalk2(f=110MHz)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	a —	b SG4	5	5	VT	5	-	a —	a —	-	-20	-15	dB
Tr	Pulse characteristics 1	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG5	b SG5	b SG5	5	3.3	2	5	-	b SG6	a —	-	4	7	nsec
Tf	Pulse characteristics 2	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG5	b SG5	b SG5	5	3.3	2	5	-	b SG6	a —	-	7	9	nsec
V _{14th}	Clamping pulse threshold voltage	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	a —	a —	5	5	2	5	-	b SG6	a —	0.7	1.5	2.5	VDC
W ₁₄	Clamping pulse min. operating width	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	a —	a —	5	5	2	5	-	b SG6	a —	-	0.3	1.0	μsec
OTr	OSD pulse characteristics 1	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	a —	a —	5	5	2	5	4.5	b SG6	b SG8	-	5	10	nsec
OTf	OSD pulse characteristics 2	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	a —	a —	5	5	2	5	4.5	b SG6	b SG8	-	5	10	nsec
Oaj1	OSD adjustment control characteristics (at max.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	a —	a —	5	5	2	5	4.5	b SG6	b SG8	2.5	3.1	3.6	VP-P
ΔOaj1	Relative OSD adjustment control characteristics (at max.)					Take the ratio of the above values							0.8	1	1.2	-
Oaj2	OSD adjustment Control characteristics (at min.)	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	a —	a —	5	5	2	5	0	b SG6	b SG8	-0.5	0	0.5	VP-P
ΔOaj2	Relative OSD adjustment Control characteristics (at min.)					Take the ratio of the above values							0.8	1	1.2	-

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (cont.)

Symbol	Parameter	Test point	Input			External power supply(V)					Pulse input		Limits			Unit
			SW13 R-ch	SW8 G-ch	SW13 B-ch	V4	V17	V19	V32	V36	SW18	SW1 5,10,15	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
OSDth	OSD input threshold voltage	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	a —	a —	a —	5	5	2	5	1.7	b SG6	b SG8	1.7	2.5	3.5	VDC
V1th	BLK input threshold voltage	T.P35 T.P30 T.P25	b SG7	b SG7	b SG7	5	5	2	5	-	b SG6	SW1 only b SG8	1.7	2.5	3.5	VDC

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS TEST METHOD

SW/NO of signal input pin and SW/NO of pulse input pin, which have already been described in the electrical characteristics table, are omitted, and SW/NO of external power supply will only be described as follows:

Sub-brightness voltages, V32, V27 and V22, which are always set to the identical value, are represented by V32 in the electrical characteristic table. In addition, sub-contract voltages, V4, V9 and V14, which are also set to the identical value, are represented by V4 in the table.

Icc circuit current

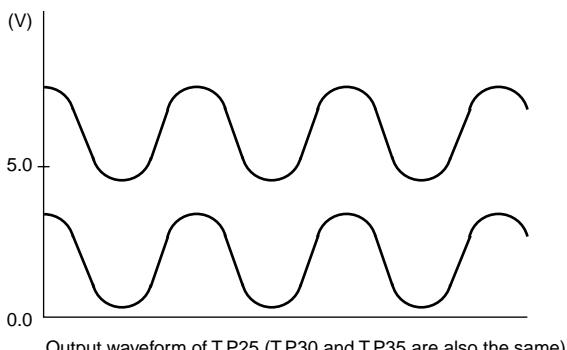
Conditions shall be as specified in the electrical characteristic table, and take measurements with ammeter A when SW1 is turned to the b side.

V_{max} output dynamic range

Follow the following procedure to set V19.

1. Input SG1 to pin ⑬(pin ⑧ or pin ⑩), gradually raise V19, and read V19 voltage when the upper part of the output waveform of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) is distorted to let the reading be VTR1 (VTG1 or VTB1).

In addition, gradually reduce V19 conversely, and read V19 voltage when the lower part of the output waveform of T.P35 (T.P30 or T.P25) is distorted to let the reading be VTR2 (VTG2 or VTB2).



2. From the above, V_T (V_{TR}, V_{TG} or V_{TB}) is found by

$$V_{TR} (V_{TG}, V_{TB}) = \frac{V_{TR1}(V_{TG1}, V_{TB1}) + V_{TR2}(V_{TG1}, V_{TB1})}{2}$$

which should be used properly depending upon output pins.

In measuring, use .P25 → V_{TR1}, T.P30 → V_{TG1} and T.P35 → V_{TB1}.

3. After setting V_{TR} (V_{TG} or V_{TB}), gradually increase SG1 amplitude from 700mV, and take measurements of output amplitude at a point where the upper and lower parts of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) output waveform start to be distorted simultaneously.

V_{max} max. allowable input

From the status of V_{max}, change V17 into 2.5V as specified in the electrical characteristics table, gradually increase input signal amplitude from 700m V_{P-P}, and read input signal amplitude at a point where output signal starts to be distorted.

G_V and ΔG_V max gain and relative max. gain

1. Input SG1 to pin ⑬ (pin ⑧ or pin ⑩), read the output amplitude of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) to let the reading be V_{OR1} (V_{OG1} or V_{OB1}).

2. Max. gain G_V is found by:

$$G_V=20\log \frac{V_{OR1}(V_{OG1}, V_{OB1})}{0.7} [V_P-P]$$

3. Relative max. gain ΔG is found by

$$\Delta G_V=V_{OR1}/V_{OG1}, V_{OG1}/V_{OB1}, V_{OB1}/V_{OR1}$$

through respective calculation.

V_CR1 main contrast control characteristics (at typ.) and**ΔV_CR1 relative main contrast control characteristics (at typ.)**

1. Follow the electrical characteristic table except changing V17 to 2.0V.

2. Read the output amplitude of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) at this time to let the reading be V_{OR2} (V_{OG2} or V_{OB2}).

3. Contrast control characteristics V_CR1 and relative contrast control characteristics ΔV_CR1 are found by

$$V_{CR1}=20\log \frac{V_{OR2}(V_{OG2}, V_{OB2})}{0.7} [V_P-P]$$

$$\Delta V_{CR1}=V_{CR2}/V_{OG2}, V_{OG2}/V_{OB2}, V_{OB2}/V_{OR2}$$

through respective calculation.

V_CR2 main contrast control characteristics (at min.) and**ΔV_CR2 relative main contrast control characteristics (at min.)**

1. Follow the electrical characteristic table except changing V17 to 1.0V.

2. Read the output amplitude of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) to let the reading be V_{OR3} (V_{OG3} or V_{OB3}) to let it be V_CR2, respective

3. Relative contrast control characteristic ΔV_CR2 is found by:

$$\Delta V_{CR2}=V_{CR3}/V_{OG3}, V_{OG3}/V_{OB3}, V_{OB3}/V_{OR3}$$

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FOR HIGH-RESOLUTION COLOR DISPLAYS****VSCR1 sub-contrast control characteristics (at typ.) and****ΔVSCR1 relative sub-contrast control characteristics (at typ.)**

1. Follow the electrical characteristics table except changing V4, V9 and V14 to 2.0V.
2. Read the output amplitude of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) at this time to let the reading be VOR4 (VOG4 or VOB4).
3. Sub-contrast control characteristic Vscr1 and relative sub-contrast control characteristics ΔVscr1 is found by:

$$Vscr1=20\log \frac{VOR4(VOG4, VOB4)}{0.7} [VP-P]$$

$$\Delta Vscr1=VOR4/VOG4, VOG4/VOB4, VOB4/VOR4$$

VSCR2 sub-contrast control characteristics (at min.) and**ΔVSCR2 relative sub-contrast control characteristics (at min.)**

1. Follow the electrical characteristics table except changing V4, V9 and V14 to 1.0V.
2. Read the output amplitude of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) at this time, and let it be VOR5 (VOG5 or VOB5).
3. Relative sub-contrast control characteristics VCR2 is found by:
 $\Delta VCR2=VOR5/VOG5, VOG5/VOB5, VOB5/VOR5$

VSCR3 main and sub-brightness control characteristics (both main and sub at typ.) and**ΔVSCR3 relative main and sub-brightness control characteristics (both main and sub at typ.)**

1. Follow the electrical characteristics table except changing V7 to 3.0V and V4, V9 and V14 to 3.0V.
2. Read the output amplitude of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) at this time to let the reading be VOR6 (VOG6 or VOB6).

$$VCR3=20\log \frac{VOR6(VOG6, VOB6)}{0.7} [VP-P]$$

$$\Delta VCR3=VOR6/VOG6, VOG6/VOB6, VOB6/VOR6$$

Vb1 main brightness control characteristics (at max.) and**ΔVb1 relative main brightness control characteristics (at max.)**

1. The conditions shall be as specified in the electrical characteristics table.
2. Use an ammeter to measure the output of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) at this time to let the value be VOR7 (VOG7 or VOB7).
 This value represents Vb1.
3. For relative brightness control characteristics, further, calculate difference between channels from VOR7, VOG7 or VOB7.

$$\Delta Vb1=VOR7 — VOG7 [mV]$$

$$VOG7 — VOB7$$

$$VOG7 — VOB7$$

Vb2 main brightness control characteristics (at typ.) and**ΔVb2 relative main brightness control characteristics (at typ.)**

1. The conditions shall be as specified in the electrical characteristic table.
2. Use an ammeter to measure the output of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) at this time to let the value be VOR7' (VOG7' or VOB7').

This value represents Vb2.

3. For relative brightness control characteristics ΔVb2, further, calculate difference between channels from VOR7', VOG7' or VOB7'.

$$\begin{aligned}\Delta Vb2 &= VOR7' — VOG7' & [mV] \\ &= VOG7' — VOB7' \\ &= VOB7' — VOR7'\end{aligned}$$

Vb3 main brightness control characteristics (at min.) and**ΔVb3 relative main brightness control characteristics (at min.)**

1. The conditions shall be as specified in the electrical characteristics table.
2. Use an ammeter to measure the output of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) at this time to let the value be VOR7'' (VOG7'' and VOB7'').
 This value represents Vb3.
3. For relative brightness control characteristics ΔVb3, further, calculate difference between channels from VOR7'', VOG7'' and VOB7''.
 $\Delta Vb3=VOR7'' — VOG7'' [mV]$
 $= VOG7'' — VOB7''$
 $= VOB7'' — VOR7''$

VSB1 sub-brightness control characteristics (at max.) and (at min.)

Same as Vb1 and ΔVb1 except changing sub-brightness (V32, V27 and V22) to 5.0V or 0V. However, exclude 3. of Vb1 and ΔVb1.

Fc1 frequency characteristics 1 (f=50MHz at max.),**Relative frequency characteristics 1 (F=50MHz at max.),****Fc1' frequency characteristics 1 (f=110MHz at max.), and****Relative frequency characteristics (f=110MHz at max.)**

1. The conditions shall be as specified in the electrical characteristics table.
2. Whilst SG3 and SG4 are used, measure the output waveform amplitude of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) as given in Gv and ΔGv.
3. Now, when letting this value be:

$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{output amplitude VOR1 (VOG1 or VOB1) when SG1 is input,} \\ \text{output amplitude VOR8 (VOG8 or VOB8) when SG3 is input, or} \\ \text{output amplitude VOR9 (VOG9 or VOB9) when SG4 is input,} \end{array} \right.$
 frequency characteristics Fc1 or Fc1' is calculated from:

$$Fc1=20\log \frac{VOR8(VOG8, VOB8)}{VOR1(VOG1, VOB1)} [VP-P]$$

$$Fc1'=20\log \frac{VOR9(VOG9, VOB9)}{VOR1(VOG1, VOB1)} [VP-P]$$

4. For relative frequency bands, ΔFc1 and ΔFc1', calculate difference between Fc1 and Fc1' for each channel.

Fc2 frequency characteristics 2 (f=110MHz at typ.) and**Fc2' relative frequency characteristics 2 (f=110MHz at typ.)**

Same as Fc1 or FC1' except reducing CONTRAST (V17) to 2.0V.

Fc3 frequency characteristics 3 (f=110MHz at min.) and**Fc3' relative frequency characteristics 3 (f=110MHz at min.)**

Same as Fc1 and FC1' except reducing CONTRAST (V17) to 1.0V.

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C.T.1, and C.T.1' crosstalk 1 (f=50MHz) and (F=110 MHz)

1. The conditions shall be as specified in the electrical characteristics table.
2. Input SG3 (or SG4) to pin ⑬ (R-ch) only, measure the output waveform amplitude of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) at this time to let the value be VOR, VOG or VOB.
3. Crosstalk C.T.1 is found by:

$$C.T.1=20\log \frac{VOR \text{ or } VOB}{VOR} \frac{[V_{P-P}]}{[V_{P-P}]} \text{ [dB]}$$

(C.T.1')

C.T.2 and C.T.2' crosstalk 2 (f=50MHz) and (f=110MHz)

1. Change input pin from pin ⑬ (R-ch) to pin ⑭ (G-ch), and read output in the same manner as in the case of C.T.1 and C.T.1'.
2. Crosstalk C.T.2 is found by:

$$C.T.2=20\log \frac{VOR \text{ or } VOB}{VOR} \frac{[V_{P-P}]}{[V_{P-P}]} \text{ [dB]}$$

(C.T.2')

C.T.3 and C.T.3' crosstalk 3 (f=50MHz) and (f=110MHz)

1. Change input pin from pin ⑬ (R-ch) to pin ⑮ (B-ch), and read output in the same manner as in the case of C.T.1 and C.T.1'.
2. Crosstalk C.T.3 is found by:

$$C.T.3=20\log \frac{VOR \text{ or } VOG}{VOB} \frac{[V_{P-P}]}{[V_{P-P}]} \text{ [dB]}$$

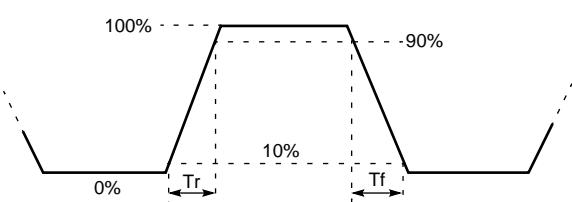
(C.T.3')

Tr and Tf pulse characteristics 1 and pulse characteristics 2

1. The conditions shall be as specified in the electrical characteristics table.
2. Use an active probe to measure rise Tr1 and fall Tf1 at 10 to 90% of input pulse.
3. Then, measure rise Tr2 and fall Tf2 at 10 to 90% of output pulse with an active probe.
4. Pulse characteristics Tr and Tf is found by:

$$Tr (\text{nsec}) = \sqrt{(Tr2)^2 - (Tr1)^2}$$

$$Tf (\text{nsec}) = \sqrt{(Tf2)^2 - (Tf1)^2}$$

**V14th clamping pulse threshold voltage**

1. The conditions shall be as specified in the electrical characteristics table.

2. Gradually reduce SG6 level at this time, while monitoring output (in a range of 2.0VDC), and measure SG6 level when output becomes 0V.

W14 clamping pulse operating min. width

Gradually reduce SG6 pulse width while monitoring output this time under the conditions of V14th. In this case as well, measure SG6 pulse width when output becomes 0V.

OTr OSD pulse characteristics 1 and OTf OSD pulse characteristics 2

1. The conditions shall be as specified in the electrical characteristics table.
2. Use an active probe to measure rise OTr and fall OTf at 10 to 90% of output pulse.

Oaj1 OSD adjustment control characteristics (at max.) and ΔOaj1 relative OSD adjustment control characteristics (at max.)

1. The conditions shall be as specified in the electric characteristics table.
2. Read the output width of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) at this time, and let the reading be VORA (VOGA or VOBA) to let it be Oaj1, respectively.
3. Relative OSD adjustment control characteristics ΔOaj1 is found by:
 $\Delta Oaj1 = VORA/VOGA, VOGA/VOBA, VOBA/VORA$

Oaj2 OSD adjustment control characteristics (at min.) and ΔOaj2 relative OSD adjustment control characteristics (at min.)

1. Follow the electrical characteristics table except changing V36 to 0V.
2. Read the output amplitude of T.P25 (T.P30 or T.P35) at this time, and let the reading be VORB (VOGB or VOBB) to let it be Oaj2, respectively.
3. Relative OSD adjustment control characteristics ΔOaj2 is found by:
 $\Delta Oaj2 = VORA/VOGA, VOGA/VOBA, VOBA/VORA$

OSDth OSD input threshold voltage

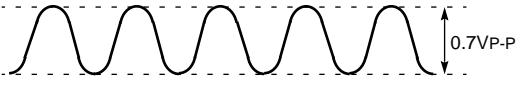
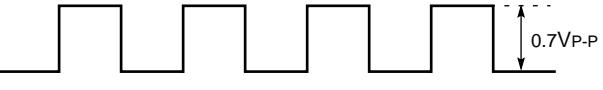
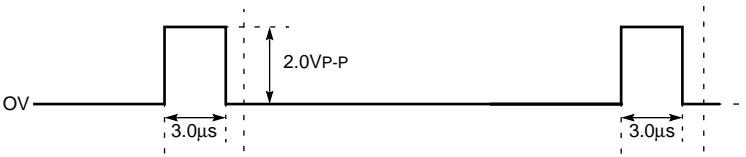
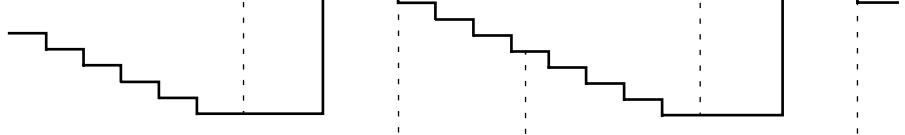
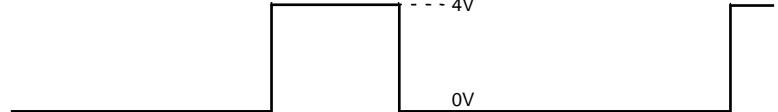
1. The conditions shall be as specified in the electrical characteristics table.
2. Gradually reduce SG8 level at this time, while monitoring output, and measure SG8 level when output is stopped to let the value be OSDth.

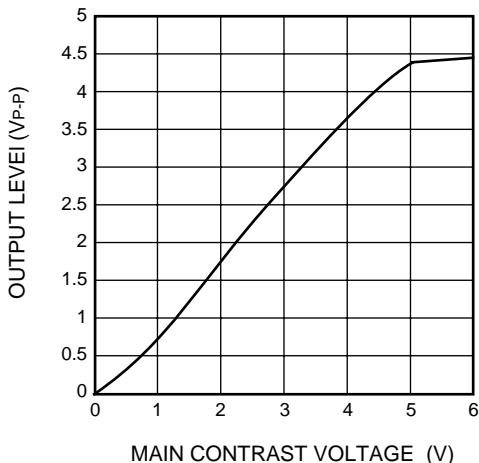
V1th BLK input threshold voltage

1. The conditions shall be as specified in the electrical characteristics table.
2. Verify at this time that no signal is output with a timing in which output is synchronized with SG8.
3. Gradually reduce SG8 level at this time, while monitoring output, and measure SG8 level when blanking period expires to let the value be V1th.

**3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION
FOR HIGH-RESOLUTION COLOR DISPLAYS**

INPUT SIGNAL

SG No.	Signals
SG1	Sine wave at an amplitude of 0.7V _{P-P} (100 kHz, amplitude partially variable) 
SG2	Sine wave at an amplitude of 0.7V _{P-P} (f=10MHz)
SG3	Sine wave at an amplitude of 0.7V _{P-P} (f=50MHz)
SG4	Sine wave at an amplitude of 0.7V _{P-P} (f=110MHz)
SG5	Pulse at an amplitude of 0.7V _{P-P} (f=30kHz, duty=50%) 
SG6	Pulse at an amplitude of 2.0V _{P-P} and a pulse width of 3.0μs (pulse width and amplitude partially variable) synchronized with the pedestal section of standard video stage wave 
SG7 standard video stage wave	Video signal at an amplitude of 0.7V _{P-P} (f=30kHz, amplitude partially variable) 
SG8 BLK, OSD signal	Pulse at an amplitude of 4.0V _{P-P} and a pulse width of 15μs synchronized with the image section of standard video stage wave 

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**MAIN CONTRAST CONTROL VS. OUTPUT LEVEL**

Vcc=12V

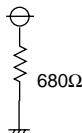
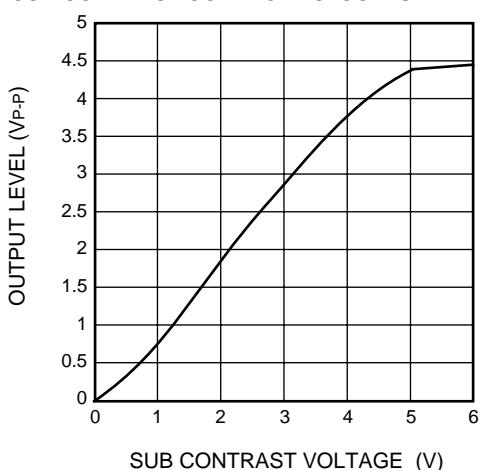
Input Signal : fH=40kHz All white 0.7Vp-p

Sub Cont =5V

Main Bright=1V

Sub Bright =5V

Output

**SUB CONTRAST CONTROL VS. OUTPUT LEVEL**

Vcc=12V

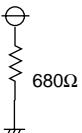
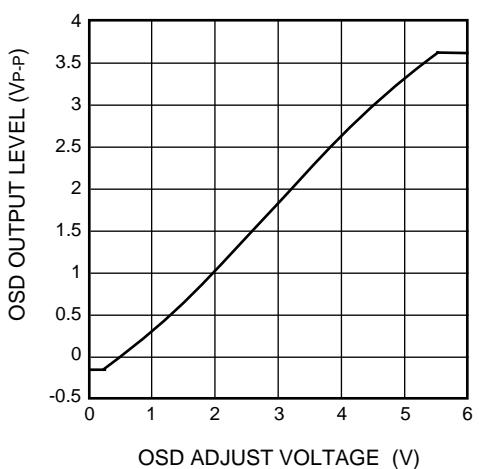
Input Signal : fH=40kHz All white 0.7Vp-p

Main Cont =5V

Main Bright=1V

Sub Bright =5V

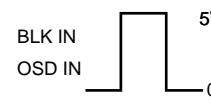
Output

**OSD ADJUST VOLTAGE VS. OSD OUTPUT LEVEL**

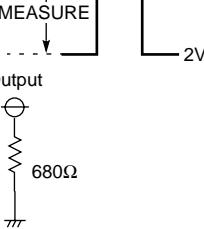
Vcc=12V

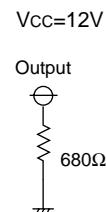
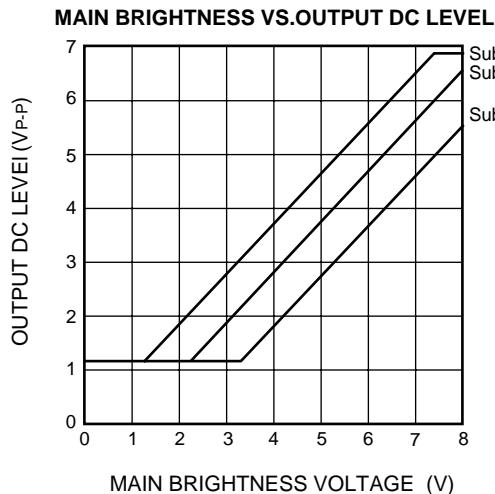
Input Singnal : fH=40kHz 5Vp-p TTL

Black level 2VDC



Output





Note: It is recommended to arrange that output black level is identical on channels on channels since level in the OSD Mix area does not follow variable brightness.

INPUT PULSE RESPONSE

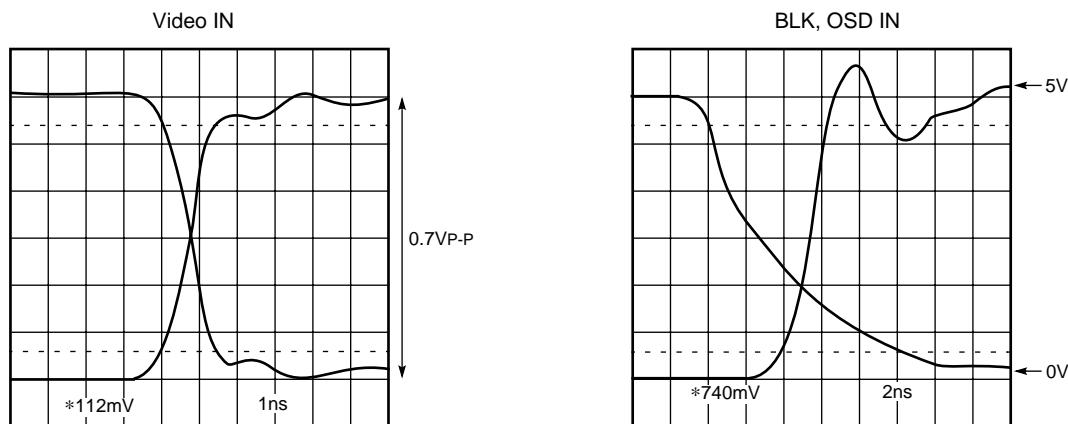
VIDEO IN : 0.7Vp-P, fH=64kHz All White

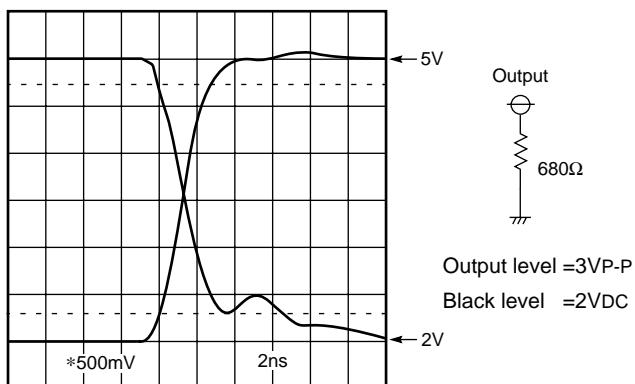
BLK, OSD IN : 5V TTL

Video generator Astrodesign VG-819

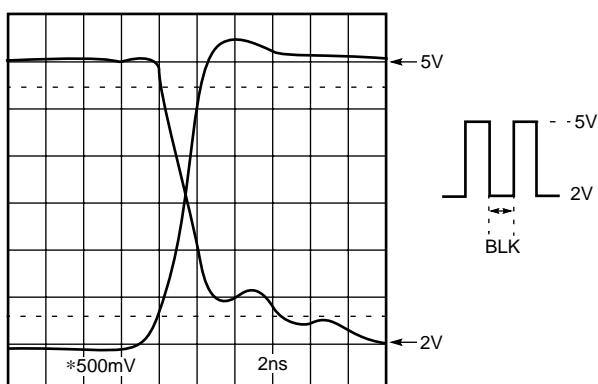
Oscillo sccpe Iwatsu SS6521(to 500MHz)

Probe Tektronix P6202A

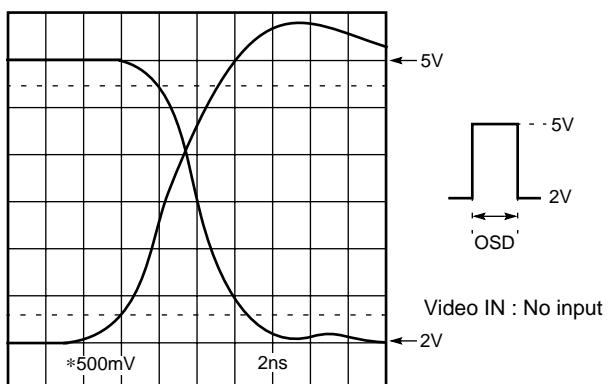


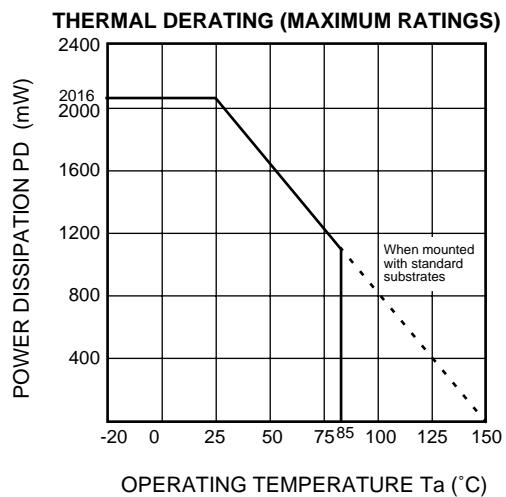
OUTPUT PULSE RESPONSERISE AND FALL OF OUTPUT WAVEFORM (3V_{P-P})

RISE AND FALL OF BLANKING



RISE AND FALL OF OSD

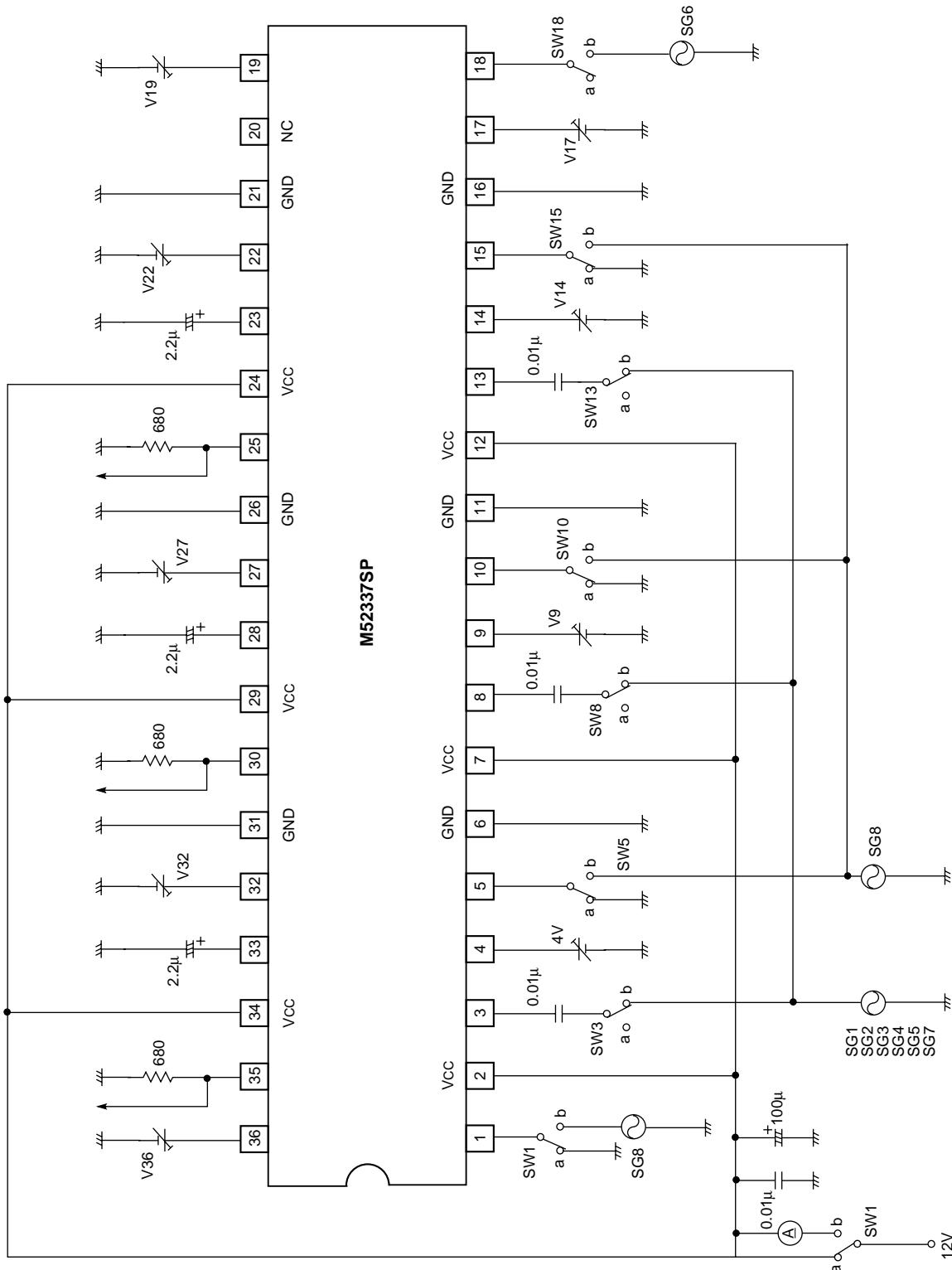


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

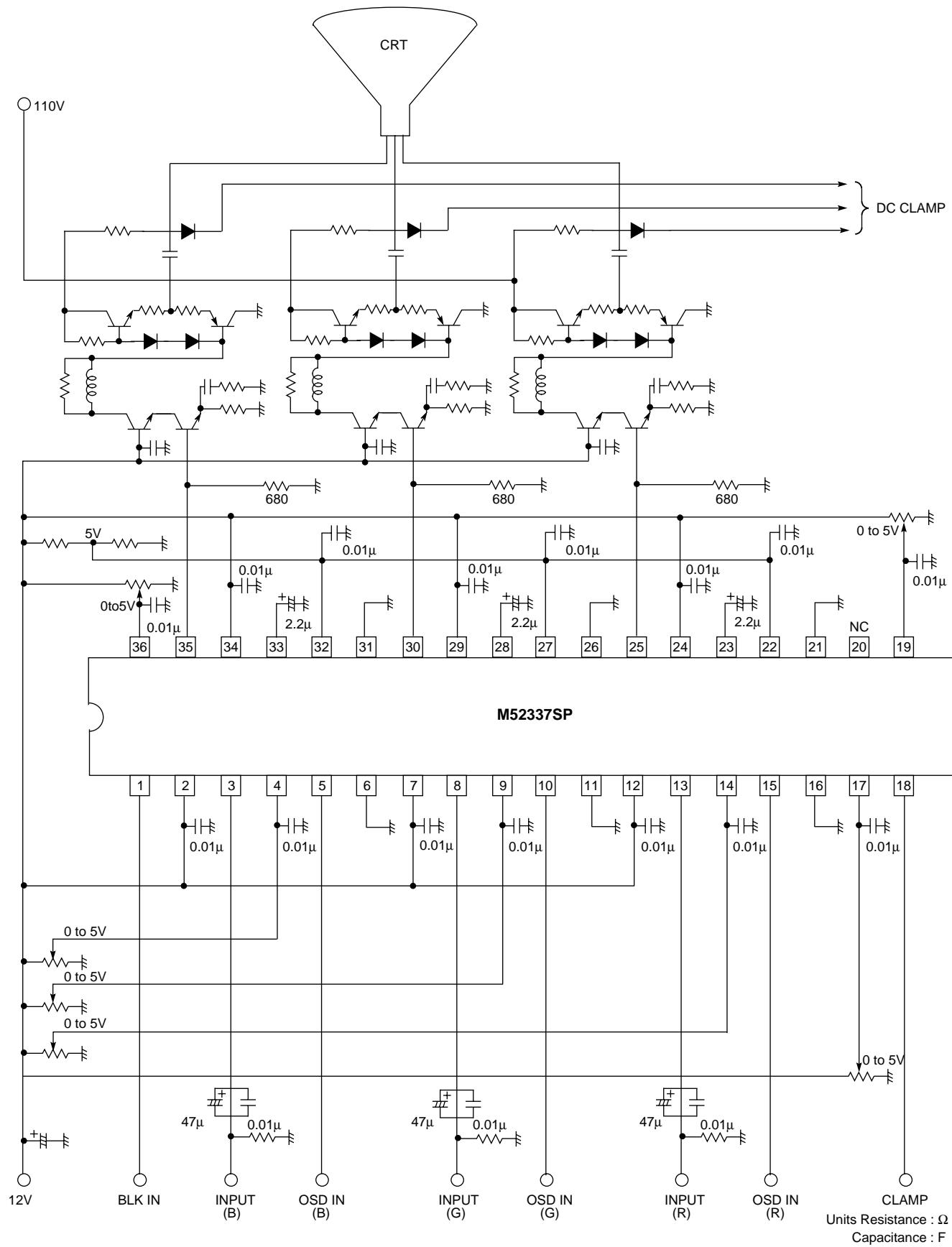
M52337SP

3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION FOR HIGH-RESOLUTION COLOR DISPLAYS

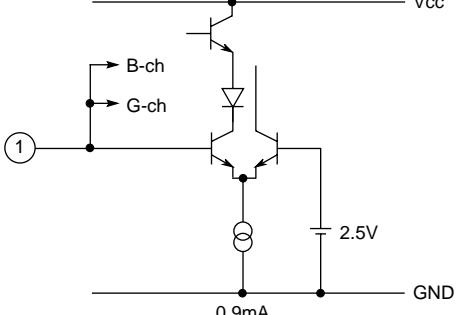
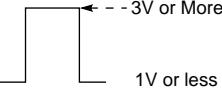
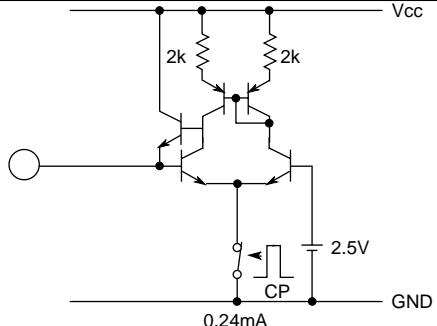
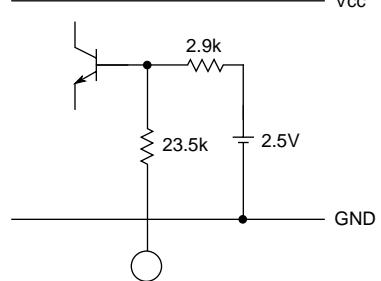
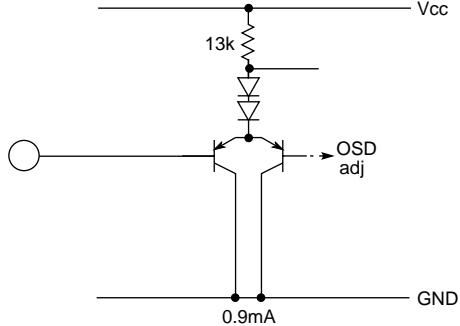
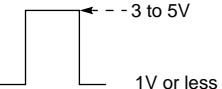
TEST CIRCUIT



Units Resistance : Ω
Capacitance : F

**3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION
FOR HIGH-RESOLUTION COLOR DISPLAYS**
APPLICATION EXAMPLE

**3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION
FOR HIGH-RESOLUTION COLOR DISPLAYS**
DESCRIPTION OF PIN

Pin No.	Name	Peripheral circuit of pins	DC voltage	Description of function
①	BLK IN		-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input 3V or more of pulse  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ground to GND when not in use.
② ⑦ ⑫	VCC (B-ch) VCC (G-ch) VCC (R-ch)		12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apply identical voltage to all 3 channels.
③ ⑥ ⑬	INPUT (B) INPUT (G) INPUT (R)		2.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Clamped to about 2.5V by clamping pulse at pin 18. • Input at a low impedance.
④ ⑨ ⑭	SUB CONTRAST (B) SUB CONTRAST(G) SUB CONTRAST (R)		2.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use at 5V or less to ensure stable operation.
⑤ ⑩ ⑯	OSD IN (B) OSD IN (G) OSD IN (R)		-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input 3V or more and 5V or less of pulse.  <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ground to GND when not in use.

**3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION
FOR HIGH-RESOLUTION COLOR DISPLAYS**
DESCRIPTION OF PIN (cont.)

Pin No.	Name	Peripheral circuit of pins	DC voltage	Description of function
(6) (31) (11) (26) (16) (21)	GND (B-ch) GND (G-ch) GND (R-ch)		GND	
(17)	MAIN CONTRAST		2.5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use at 5V or less to ensure stable operation.
(18)	CP IN		-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input 2.2V or more of pulse. • Input at a low impedance.
(19)	MAIN BRIGHTNESS		-	
(20)	NC		-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Normally ground to GND or open.

**3-CHANNEL VIDEO PREAMPLIFIER WITH OSD MIXING FUNCTION
FOR HIGH-RESOLUTION COLOR DISPLAYS**
DESCRIPTION OF PIN (cont.)

Pin No.	Name	Peripheral circuit of pins	DC voltage	Description of function
㉒ ㉗ ㉙	SUB BRIGHTNESS (R) SUB BRIGHTNESS (G) SUB BRIGHTNESS (B)		2.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pull up directly to Vcc when not in use.
㉓ ㉘ ㉙	HOLD (R) HOLD (G) HOLD (B)		Vari- able	
㉔ ㉙ ㉚	Vcc2 (R) Vcc2 (G) Vcc2 (B)		12 Apply	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A power supply dedicated to output emitter follower. Apply identical voltage to all 3 channels.
㉕ ㉚ ㉛	OUTPUT (R) OUTPUT (G) OUTPUT (B)		Vari- able	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Resistor is necessary on the GND side. Use a necessary drive capability to set arbitrarily to provide 15mA or less.
㉖	OSD ADJUST		Apply	