

M27V512

512 Kbit (64Kb x 8) Low Voltage UV EPROM and OTP EPROM

- LOW VOLTAGE READ OPERATION: 3V to 3.6V
- FASTACCESS TIME: 100ns
- LOW POWER CONSUMPTION:
 - Active Current 10mA at 5MHz
 - Standby Current 10µA
- PROGRAMMING VOLTAGE: 12.75V ± 0.25V
- PROGRAMMING TIME: 100µs/byte (typical)
- ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE
 - Manufacturer Code: 20h
 - Device Code: 3Dh

DESCRIPTION

The M27V512 is a low voltage 512 Kbit EPROM offered in the two ranges UV (ultraviloet erase) and OTP (one time programmable). It is ideally suited for microprocessor systems and is organized as 65,536 by 8 bits.

The M27V512 operates in the read mode with a supply voltage as low as 3V. The decrease in operating power allows either a reduction of the size of the battery or an increase in the time between battery recharges.

The FDIP28W (window ceramic frit-seal package) has transparentlid which allows the user to expose the chip to ultraviolet light to erase the bit pattern. A new pattern can then be written to the device by following the programming procedure.

For applications where the content is programmed only one time and erasure is not required, the M27V512 is offered in PDIP28, PLCC32 and TSOP28 (8 x 13.4 mm) packages.

A0-A15	Address Inputs
Q0-Q7	Data Outputs
Ē	Chip Enable
GV _{PP}	Output Enable / Program Supply
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage

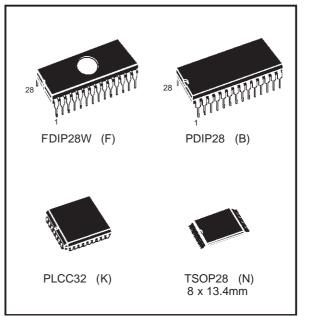


Figure 1. Logic Diagram

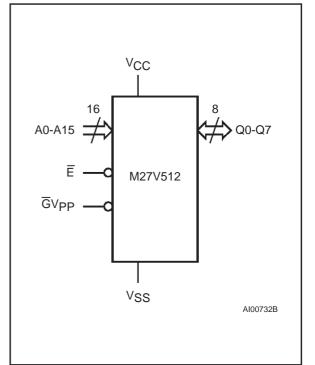


Figure 2A. DIP Pin Connections

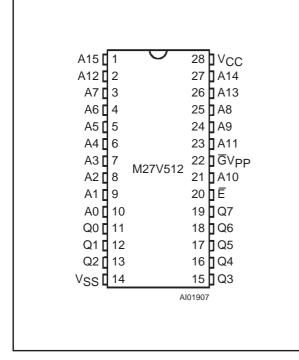
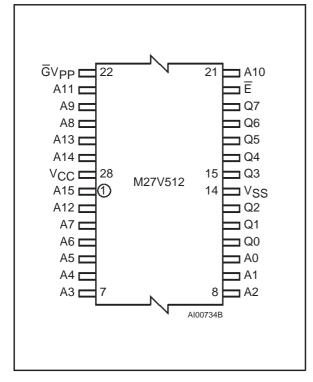
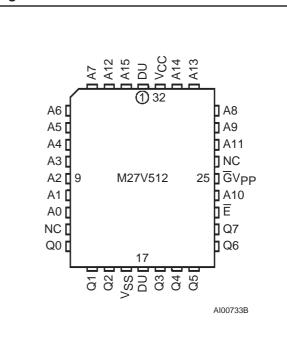


Figure 2C. TSOP Pin Connections







Warning: NC = Not Connected, DU = Don't Use

DEVICE OPERATION

The operating modes of the M27V512 are listed in the Operating Modes table. A single power supply is required in the read mode. All inputs are TTL levels except for $\overline{GV_{PP}}$ and 12V on A9 for Electronic Signature.

Read Mode

The M27V512 has two control functions, both of which must be logically active in order to obtain data at the outputs. Chip Enable (\overline{E}) is the power control and should be used for device selection. Output Enable (\overline{G}) is the output control and should be used to gate data to the output pins, independent of device selection. Assuming that the addresses are stable, the address access time (tavqv) is equal to the delay from \overline{E} to output (t_{ELQV}). Data is available at the output after a delay of t_{GLQV} from the falling edge of \overline{G} , assuming that \overline{E} has been low and the addresses have been stable for at least tavqv-t_{GLQV}.

Standby Mode

The M27V512 has a standby mode which reduces the supply current from 10mA to 10 μ A with low voltage operation V_{CC} \leq 3.6V, see Read Mode DC Characteristics table for details. The M27V512 is placed in the standby mode by applying a CMOS

Table 2.	Absolute	Maximum	Ratings ⁽¹⁾	
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Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
TA	Ambient Operating Temperature (3)	-40 to 125	°C
T _{BIAS}	Temperature Under Bias	–50 to 125	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	–65 to 150	°C
V _{IO} ⁽²⁾	Input or Output Voltages (except A9)	–2 to 7	V
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage	–2 to 7	V
V _{A9} ⁽²⁾	A9 Voltage	–2 to 13.5	V
V _{PP}	Program Supply Voltage	–2 to 14	V

Notes: 1. Except for the rating "Operating Temperature Range", stresses above those listed in the Table "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the Operating sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Refer also to the STMicroelectronics SURE Program and other relevant quality documents.

2. Minimum DC voltage on Input or Output is -0.5V with possible undershoot to -2.0V for a period less than 20ns. Maximum DC voltage on Output is V_{CC} +0.5V with possible overshoot to V_{CC} +2V for a period less than 20ns.

3. Depends on range.

Table 3. Operating Modes

Mode	Ē	GV _{PP}	A9	Q0 - Q7
Read	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	Х	Data Out
Output Disable	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	Х	Hi-Z
Program	V _{IL} Pulse	V _{PP}	Х	Data In
Program Inhibit	VIH	V _{PP}	Х	Hi-Z
Standby	V _{IH}	Х	Х	Hi-Z
Electronic Signature	VIL	V _{IL}	V _{ID}	Codes

Note: $X = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} , $V_{ID} = 12V \pm 0.5V$

Table 4. Electronic Signature

Identifier	A0	Q7	Q6	Q5	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q0	Hex Data
Manufacturer's Code	V _{IL}	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	20h
Device Code	V _{IH}	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	3Dh

high signal to the \overline{E} input. When in the standby mode, the outputs are in a high impedance state, independent of the $\overline{G}V_{PP}$ input.

Two Line Output Control

Because EPROMs are usually used in larger memory arrays, the product features a 2 line control function which accommodates the use of multiple memory connection. The two line control function allows:

a. the lowest possible memory power dissipation,

b. complete assurance that output bus contention will not occur.

For the most efficient use of these two control lines, \overline{E} should be decoded and used as the primary device selecting function, while \overline{G} should be made a common connection to all devices in the array and connected to the READ line from the system control bus. This ensures that all deselected memory devices are in their low power standby mode and that the output pins are only active when data is required from a particular memory device.

Table 5. AC Measurement Conditions

	High Speed	Standard
Input Rise and Fall Times	≤ 10ns	≤ 20ns
Input Pulse Voltages	0 to 3V	0.4V to 2.4V
Input and Output Timing Ref. Voltages	1.5V	0.8V and 2V

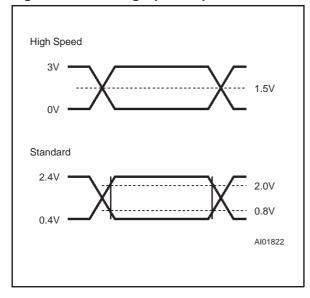


Figure 3. AC Testing Input Output Waveform

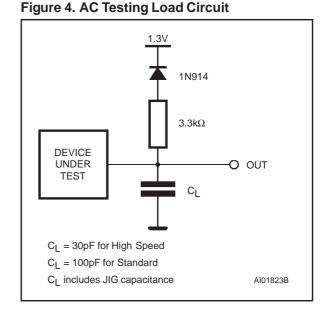


Table 6. Capacitance ⁽¹⁾ $(T_A = 25 \text{ °C}, f = 1 \text{ MHz})$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Мах	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	$V_{IN} = 0V$		6	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance	$V_{OUT} = 0V$		12	pF

Note. 1. Sampled only, not 100% tested.

System Considerations

The power switching characteristics of Advanced CMOS EPROMs require careful decoupling of the devices. The supply current, I_{CC} , has three segments that are of interest to the system designer: the standby current level, the active current level, and transient current peaks that are produced by the falling and rising edges of \overline{E} . The magnitude of the transient current peaks is dependent on the capacitive and inductive loading of the device at the output.

The associated transient voltage peaks can be suppressed by complying with the two line output control and by properly selected decoupling capacitors. It is recommended that a 0.1μ F ceramic capacitor be used on every device between V_{CC} and V_{SS}. This should be a high frequency capacitor of low inherent inductance and should be placed as close to the device as possible. In addition, a 4.7μ F bulk electrolytic capacitor should be used between V_{CC} and V_{SS} for every eight devices. The bulk capacitor should be located near the power supplyconnection point. The purpose of the bulk capacitor is to overcome the voltage drop caused by the inductive effects of PCB traces.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Мах	Unit
ILI	Input Leakage Current	$0V \le V_{IN} \le V_{CC}$		±10	μA
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current	$0V \le V_{OUT} \le V_{CC}$		±10	μA
Icc	Supply Current	$\label{eq:expansion} \begin{split} \overline{E} = V_{IL}, \ \overline{G} = V_{IL}, \ I_{OUT} = 0 m A, \\ f = 5 M Hz, \ V_{CC} \leq 3.6 V \end{split}$		10	mA
I _{CC1}	Supply Current (Standby) TTL	$\overline{E} = V_{IH}$		1	mA
I _{CC2}	Supply Current (Standby) CMOS	\overline{E} > V _{CC} – 0.2V, V _{CC} \leq 3.6V		10	μΑ
IPP	Program Current	$V_{PP} = V_{CC}$		10	μA
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage		-0.3	0.8	V
V_{IH} $^{(2)}$	Input High Voltage		2	V _{CC} + 1	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 2.1mA		0.4	V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage TTL	I _{OH} = -400μA	2.4		V
VOH	Output High Voltage CMOS	I _{OH} = −100μA	$V_{CC} - 0.7V$		V

Table 7. Read Mode DC Characteristics ⁽¹⁾ (T_A = 0 to 70 °C or -40 to 85 °C; V_{CC} = $3.3V \pm 10\%$; V_{PP} = V_{CC})

Notes: 1. V_{CC} must be applied simultaneously with or before V_{PP} and removed simultaneously or after V_{PP}. 2. Maximum DC voltage on Output is V_{CC} +0.5V

Table 8A. Read Mode AC Characteristics ⁽¹⁾

(T_A = 0 to 70 °C or –40 to 85 °C; V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 10%; V_{PP} = V_{CC})

Symbol	Alt	Parameter	Test Condition	-100 ⁽³⁾		-1	Unit	
				Min	Мах	Min	Мах	
tavqv	tacc	Address Valid to Output Valid	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}, \overline{G} = V_{IL}$		100		120	ns
t _{ELQV}	t _{CE}	Chip Enable Low to Output Valid	$\overline{G} = V_{IL}$		100		120	ns
t _{GLQV}	t _{OE}	Output Enable Low to Output Valid	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}$		45		45	ns
t_{EHQZ} ⁽²⁾	t _{DF}	Chip Enable High to Output Hi-Z	$\overline{G} = V_{IL}$	0	30	0	35	ns
t _{GHQZ} ⁽²⁾	t _{DF}	Output Enable High to Output Hi-Z	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}$	0	30	0	35	ns
t _{AXQX}	t _{он}	Address Transition to Output Transition	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}, \ \overline{G} = V_{IL}$	0		0		ns

Notes. 1. V_{CC} must be applied simultaneously with or before V_{PP} and removed simultaneously or after V_{PP}.
2. Sampled only, not 100% tested.
3. Speed obtained with High Speed AC measurement conditions.

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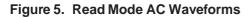
Table 8B. Read Mode AC Characteristics ⁽¹⁾

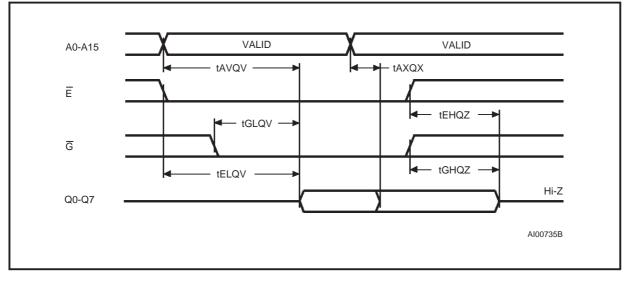
 $(T_A = 0 \text{ to } 70 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ or } -40 \text{ to } 85 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}; V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V} \pm 10\%; V_{PP} = V_{CC})$

Symbol	Alt	Parameter	Test Condition	-150		-200		Unit
				Min	Мах	Min	Max	
t _{AVQV}	t _{ACC}	Address Valid to Output Valid	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}, \ \overline{G} = V_{IL}$		150		200	ns
t _{ELQV}	t _{CE}	Chip Enable Low to Output Valid	$\overline{G} = V_{IL}$		150		200	ns
tGLQV	toe	Output Enable Low to Output Valid	Ē = VIL		50		60	ns
t _{EHQZ} ⁽²⁾	t _{DF}	Chip Enable High to Output Hi-Z	$\overline{G} = V_{IL}$	0	40	0	50	ns
t _{GHQZ} ⁽²⁾	t _{DF}	Output Enable High to Output Hi-Z	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}$	0	40	0	50	ns
t _{AXQX}	t _{OH}	Address Transition to Output Transition	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}, \overline{G} = V_{IL}$	0		0		ns

Notes. 1. Vcc must be applied simultaneously with or before VPP and removed simultaneously or after VPP.

2. Sampled only, not 100% tested.





Programming

The M27V512 has been designed to be fully compatible with the M27C512 and has the same electronic signature. As a result the M27V512 can be programmed as the M27C512 on the same programming equipments applying 12.75V on V_{PP} and 6.25V on V_{CC} by the use of the same PRESTO IIB algorithm. When delivered (and after each erasure for UV EPROM), all bits of the M27V512 are in the '1' state. Data is introduced by selectively pro-

Unit μs μs μs μs μs μs

μs

Table 9. Programming Mode DC Characteristics ⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
ILI	Input Leakage Current	$V_{IL} \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{IH}$		±10	μA
Icc	Supply Current			50	mA
I _{PP}	Program Current	$\overline{E} = V_{IL}$		50	mA
VIL	Input Low Voltage		-0.3	0.8	V
VIH	Input High Voltage		2	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	I _{OL} = 2.1mA		0.4	V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage TTL	I _{OH} = -1mA	3.6		V
V _{ID}	A9 Voltage		11.5	12.5	V

($(T_A = 25 \degree C; V_{CC} = 6.25 V \pm 0.25 V; V_{PP} = 12.75 V \pm 0.25 V)$

Note: 1. V_{CC} must be applied simultaneously with or before V_{PP} and removed simultaneously or after V_{PP}.

(T _A = 25 °C	C; Vcc =	$6.25V \pm 0.25V$; Vpp = 12.75V $\pm 0.25V$)				
Symbol	Alt	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Мах	
t _{A9HVPH}	t _{AS9}	VA9 High to V _{PP} High		2		
t _{VPHEL}	t _{VPS}	V _{PP} High to Chip Enable Low		2		
t _{A10HEH}	t _{AS10}	VA10 High to Chip Enable High (Set)		1		
t _{A10LEH}	t _{AS10}	VA10 Low to Chip Enable High (Reset)		1		
t _{EXA10X}	t _{AH10}	Chip Enable Transition to VA10 Transition		1		
t _{EXVPX}	t _{VPH}	Chip Enable Transition to VPP Transition		2		
t _{VPXA9X}	t _{AH9}	V _{PP} Transition to VA9 Transition		2		

Table 10. MARGIN MODE AC Characteristics⁽¹⁾ (T_A = 25 °C: $V_{CC} = 6.25V \pm 0.25V$: $V_{PP} = 12.75V \pm 0.25V$)

Note: 1. V_{CC} must be applied simultaneously with or before V_{PP} and removed simultaneously or after V_{PP} .

gramming '0's into the desired bit locations. Although only '0's will be programmed, both '1's and '0's can be present in the data word. The only way to change a '0' to a '1' is by die exposure to ultraviolet light (UV EPROM). The M27V512 is in the programming mode when V_{PP} input is at 12.75V and \overline{E} is pulsed to V_{IL}. The data to be programmed is applied to 8 bits in parallel to the data output pins. The levels required for the address and data inputs are TTL. V_{CC} is specified to be 6.25V \pm 0.25V.

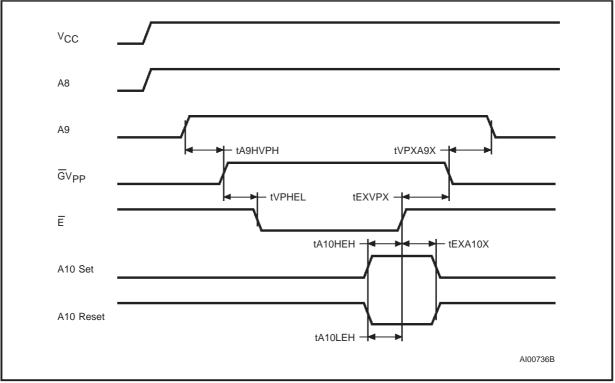
The M27V512 can use PRESTO IIB Programming Algorithm that drastically reduces the programming time (typically less than 6 seconds). Nevertheless to achieve compatibility with all programming equipments, PRESTO Programming Algorithm can be used as well.

Symbol	ibol Alt Parameter		Test Condition	Min	Max	Unit
t _{AVEL}	t _{AVEL} t _{AS} Address Valid to Chip Enable Low			2		μs
t _{QVEL}	t _{DS}	Input Valid to Chip Enable Low		2		μs
t _{VCHEL}	t _{VCS}	V _{CC} High to Chip Enable Low		2		μs
t _{VPHEL}	t _{OES}	V _{PP} High to Chip Enable Low		2		μs
tvplvph	t _{PRT}	V _{PP} Rise Time		50		ns
t _{ELEH}	t _{PW}	Chip Enable Program Pulse Width (Initial)		95	105	μs
t _{EHQX}	t _{DH}	Chip Enable High to Input Transition		2		μs
t _{EHVPX}	t _{OEH}	Chip Enable High to VPP Transition		2		μs
t _{VPLEL}	t _{VR}	VPP Low to Chip Enable Low		2		μs
t _{ELQV}	t _{DV}	Chip Enable Low to Output Valid			1	μs
t _{EHQZ} ⁽²⁾	t _{DFP}	Chip Enable High to Output Hi-Z		0	130	ns
t _{EHAX}	t _{AH}	Chip Enable High to Address Transition		0		ns

Table 11. Programming Mode AC Characteristics ⁽¹⁾ (T_A = 25 °C; V_{CC} = $6.25V \pm 0.25V$; V_{PP} = $12.75V \pm 0.25V$)

Notes: 1. V_{CC} must be applied simultaneously with or before V_{PP} and removed simultaneously or after V_{PP}. 2. Sampled only, not 100% tested.

Figure 6. MARGIN MODE AC Waveforms



Note: A8 High level = 5V; A9 High level = 12V.

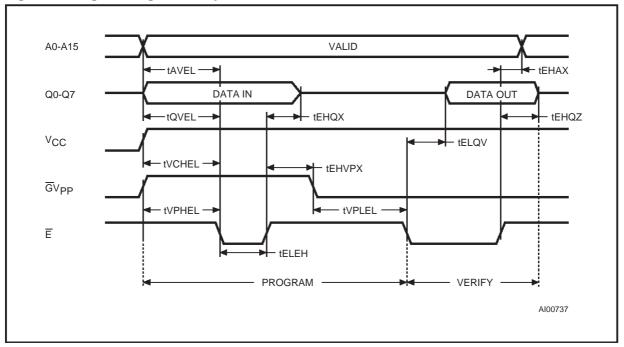


Figure 7. Programming and Verify Modes AC Waveforms

PRESTO IIB Programming Algorithm

PRESTO IIB Programming Algorithm allows the whole array to be programmed with a guaranteed margin, in a typical time of 6.5 seconds. This can be achieved with STMicroelectronics M27V512 due to several design innovations described in the M27V512 datasheet to improve programming efficiency and to provide adequate margin for reliability. Before starting the programming the internal MARGIN MODE circuit is set in order to guarantee that each cell is programmed with enough margin. Then a sequence of 100μ s program pulses are applied to each byte until a correct verify occurs. No overprogram pulses are applied since the verify in MARGIN MODE provides the necessary margin.

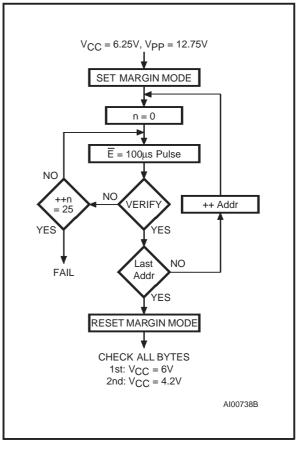
Program Inhibit

Programming of multiple M27V512s in parallel with different data is also easily accomplished. Except for \overline{E} , all like inputs including $\overline{G}V_{PP}$ of the parallel M27V512 may be common. A TTL low level pulse applied to a M27V512's \overline{E} input, with V_{PP} at 12.75V, will program that M27V512. A high level \overline{E} input inhibits the other M27V512s from being programmed.

Program Verify

A verify (read) should be performed on the programmed bits to determine that they were correctly programmed. The verify is accomplished with \overline{G} at V_{IL}. Data should be verified with t_{ELQV} after the falling edge of \overline{E} .

Figure 8. Programming Flowchart



On-Board Programming

The M27V512 can be directly programmed in the application circuit. See the relevant Application Note AN620.

Electronic Signature

The Electronic Signature (ES) mode allows the reading out of a binary code from an EPROM that will identify its manufacturer and type. This mode is intended for use by programming equipment to automatically match the device to be programmed with its corresponding programming algorithm. The ES mode is functional in the $25^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}C$ ambient temperature range that is required when programming the M27V512. To activate the ES mode, the programming equipment must force 11.5V to 12.5V on address line A9 of the M27V512. Two identifier bytes may then be sequenced from the device outputs by toggling address line A0 from V_{IL} to V_{IH}. All other address lines must be held at V_{IL} during Electronic Signature mode.

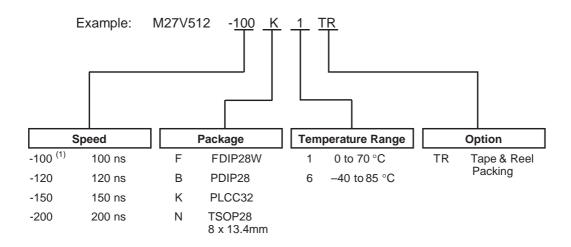
Byte 0 (A0=V_{IL}) represents the manufacturer code and byte 1 (A0=V_{IH}) the device identifier code. For the STMicroelectronics M27V512, these two identifier bytes are given in Table 4 and can be read-out on outputs Q0 to Q7. Note that the M27V512 and M27C512 have the same identifier bytes.

ERASURE OPERATION (applies for UV EPROM)

The erasure characteristics of the M27V512 is such that erasure begins when the cells are exposed to light with wavelengths shorter than approximately 4000 Å. It should be noted that sunlight and some type of fluorescent lamps have wavelengths in the 3000-4000 Å range.

Research shows that constant exposure to room level fluorescent lighting could erase a typical M27V512 in about 3 years, while it would take approximately 1 week to cause erasure when exposed to direct sunlight. If the M27V512 is to be exposed to these types of lighting conditions for extended periods of time, it is suggested that opaque labels be put over the M27V512 window to prevent unintentional erasure. The recommended erasure procedure for the M27V512 is exposure to short wave ultraviolet light which has wavelength 2537 Å. The integrated dose (i.e. UV intensity x exposure time) for erasure should be a minimum of 15 W-sec/cm². The erasure time with this dosage is approximately 15 to 20 minutes using an ultraviolet lamp with $12000 \,\mu\text{W/cm}^2$ power rating. The M27V512 should be placed within 2.5 cm (1 inch) of the lamp tubes during the erasure. Some lamps have a filter on their tubes which should be removed before erasure.

ORDERING INFORMATION SCHEME

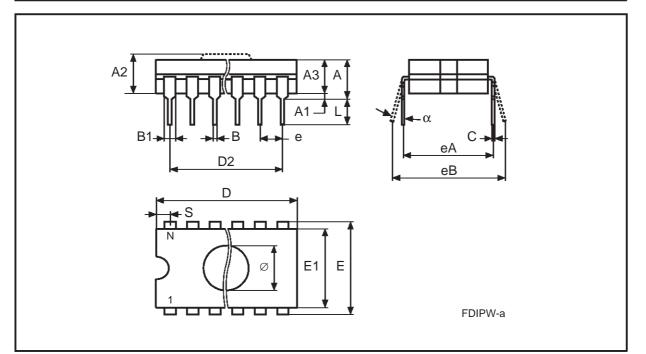


Note: 1. High Speed, see AC Characteristics section for further information.

For a list of available options (Speed, Package, etc...) or for further information on any aspect of this device, please contact the STMicroelectronics Sales Office nearest to you.

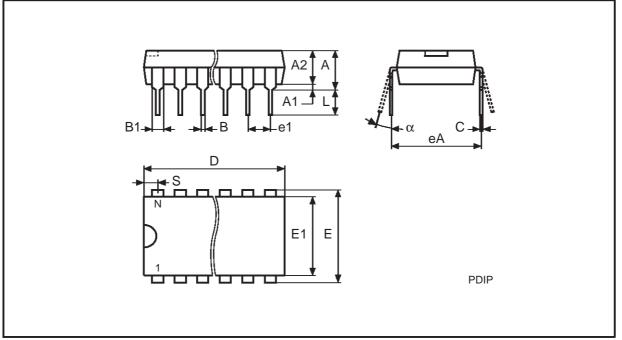
Symb		mm		inches			
Symb	Тур	Min	Max	Тур	Min	Мах	
А			5.72			0.225	
A1		0.51	1.40		0.020	0.055	
A2		3.91	4.57		0.154	0.180	
A3		3.89	4.50		0.153	0.177	
В		0.41	0.56		0.016	0.022	
B1	1.45	-	_	0.057	_	-	
С		0.23	0.30		0.009	0.012	
D		36.50	37.34		1.437	1.470	
D2	33.02	_	_	1.300	—	-	
Е	15.24	_	_	0.600	—	-	
E1		13.06	13.36		0.514	0.526	
е	2.54	_	_	0.100	_	-	
eA	14.99	-	_	0.590	_	-	
eB		16.18	18.03		0.637	0.710	
L		3.18			0.125		
S		1.52	2.49		0.060	0.098	
Ø	7.11	_	_	0.280	_	-	
α		4°	11°		4°	11°	

FDIP28W - 28 pin Ceramic Frit-seal DIP, with window



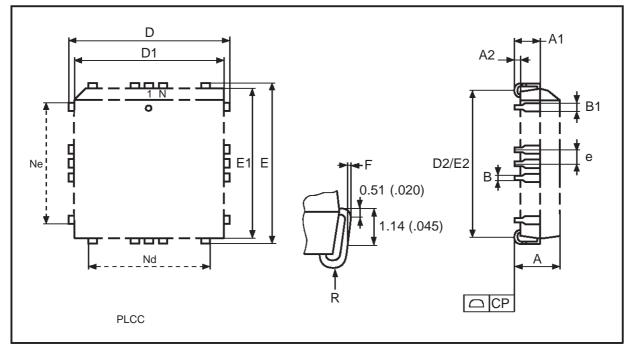
Тур	Min	Max	Тур		1
			тур	Min	Max
	-	5.08		_	0.200
	0.38	_		0.015	-
	3.56	4.06		0.140	0.160
	0.38	0.51		0.015	0.020
1.52	_	_	0.060	_	-
	0.20	0.30		0.008	0.012
	36.83	37.34		1.450	1.470
33.02	_	-	1.300	-	-
15.24	_	-	0.600	-	-
	13.59	13.84		0.535	0.545
2.54	_	_	0.100	_	-
14.99	_	_	0.590	_	-
	15.24	17.78		0.600	0.700
	3.18	3.43		0.125	0.135
	1.78	2.08		0.070	0.082
	0°	10°		0°	10°
	33.02 15.24 2.54	0.38 1.52 - 0.20 36.83 33.02 - 15.24 - 13.59 2.54 - 14.99 - 15.24 3.18 1.78	0.38 0.51 1.52 $ 0.20$ 0.30 36.83 37.34 33.02 $ 15.24$ $ 13.59$ 13.84 2.54 $ 14.99$ $ 15.24$ 17.78 3.18 3.43 1.78 2.08 0° 10°	0.38 0.51 1.52 $ 0.060$ 0.20 0.30 0.30 36.83 37.34 37.34 33.02 $ 1.300$ 15.24 $ 0.600$ 13.59 13.84 $ 2.54$ $ 0.100$ 14.99 $ 0.590$ 15.24 17.78 $ 15.24$ 17.78 $ 0.90$ 15.24 17.78 1.78 2.08 $ 0^{\circ}$ 10° $-$	0.38 0.51 0.015 1.52 $ 0.060$ $ 0.20$ 0.30 0.008 36.83 37.34 1.450 33.02 $ 1.300$ $ 15.24$ $ 0.600$ $ 13.59$ 13.84 0.535 2.54 $ 0.100$ $ 14.99$ $ 0.590$ $ 15.24$ 17.78 0.600 15.24 17.78 0.600 1.78 2.08 0.070 0° 10° 0°





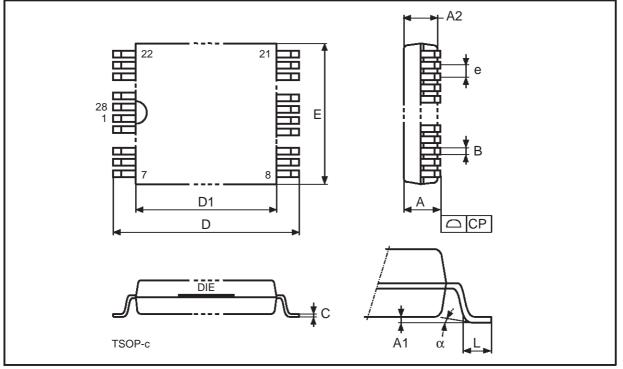
Symb	mm			inches		
Cynib	Тур	Min	Max	Тур	Min	Мах
А		2.54	3.56		0.100	0.140
A1		1.52	2.41		0.060	0.095
A2		_	0.38		_	0.015
В		0.33	0.53		0.013	0.021
B1		0.66	0.81		0.026	0.032
D		12.32	12.57		0.485	0.495
D1		11.35	11.56		0.447	0.455
D2		9.91	10.92		0.390	0.430
Е		14.86	15.11		0.585	0.595
E1		13.89	14.10		0.547	0.555
E2		12.45	13.46		0.490	0.530
е	1.27	_	-	0.050	_	-
F		0.00	0.25		0.000	0.010
R	0.89	_	-	0.035	_	_
Ν	32			32		
Nd		7			7	
Ne		9			9	
CP			0.10			0.004

PLCC32 - 32 lead Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, rectangular



Symb		mm		inches			
Symb	Тур	Min	Max	Тур	Min	Max	
А			1.25			0.049	
A1			0.20			0.008	
A2		0.95	1.15		0.037	0.045	
В		0.17	0.27		0.007	0.011	
С		0.10	0.21		0.004	0.008	
D		13.20	13.60		0.520	0.535	
D1		11.70	11.90		0.461	0.469	
E		7.90	8.10		0.311	0.319	
е	0.55	-	_	0.022	-	-	
L		0.50	0.70		0.020	0.028	
α		0°	5°		0°	5°	
Ν		28			28		
CP			0.10			0.004	

TSOP28 - 28 lead Plastic Thin Small Outline, 8 x 13.4mm



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