

**LC8953**

General-Purpose 68000 MPU Peripheral Interface IC

PUPPET (Programmable Universal Peripheral/Port Expansion unit)

Overview

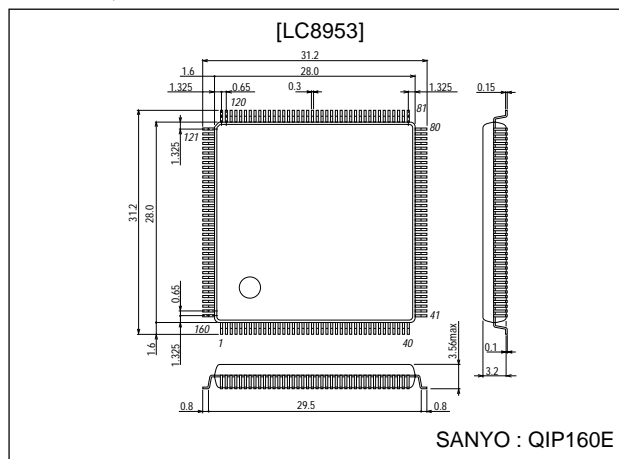
There are many application systems using the 68000 chip as their MPU (Main Processing Unit). It is common to them that designing the peripheral circuits such as address decoders, interrupt controllers, serial interface and DMA (Direct Memory Access) has become a time-consuming task. As a result, each of the application systems requires a larger board size, which makes it very expensive.

In addition, 68000 family peripherals are highly advanced functional ICs. The application system designer finds it difficult to use them in small- and medium-sized application products in terms of cost as well as functional complexity. The LC8953 (Programmable Universal Peripheral/Port Expansion unit) has optimized on-chip control circuits enabling the 68000 MPU to control the LC8951 (RCHIP) and LC8955. Use of the optimized control circuits allows the user to easily build up CD-ROM and CD-I systems which offer excellent performance in terms of space and cost.

Package Dimensions

unit:mm

3153A-QIP160E



Features

- Programmable address decoder.
- Programmable \overline{DTACK} generator.
- Programmable interrupt handler.
- Clock divider.
- Bus error generator.
- TICK generator (programmable timer interrupt generator)
- Serial mouse interface (1 port)
- LC8951 (RCHIP-Real-time error Correction & Host-interface Integrated Processor) interface.
- LC8955 interface.
- Micro-programmable 1-channel DMA controller.

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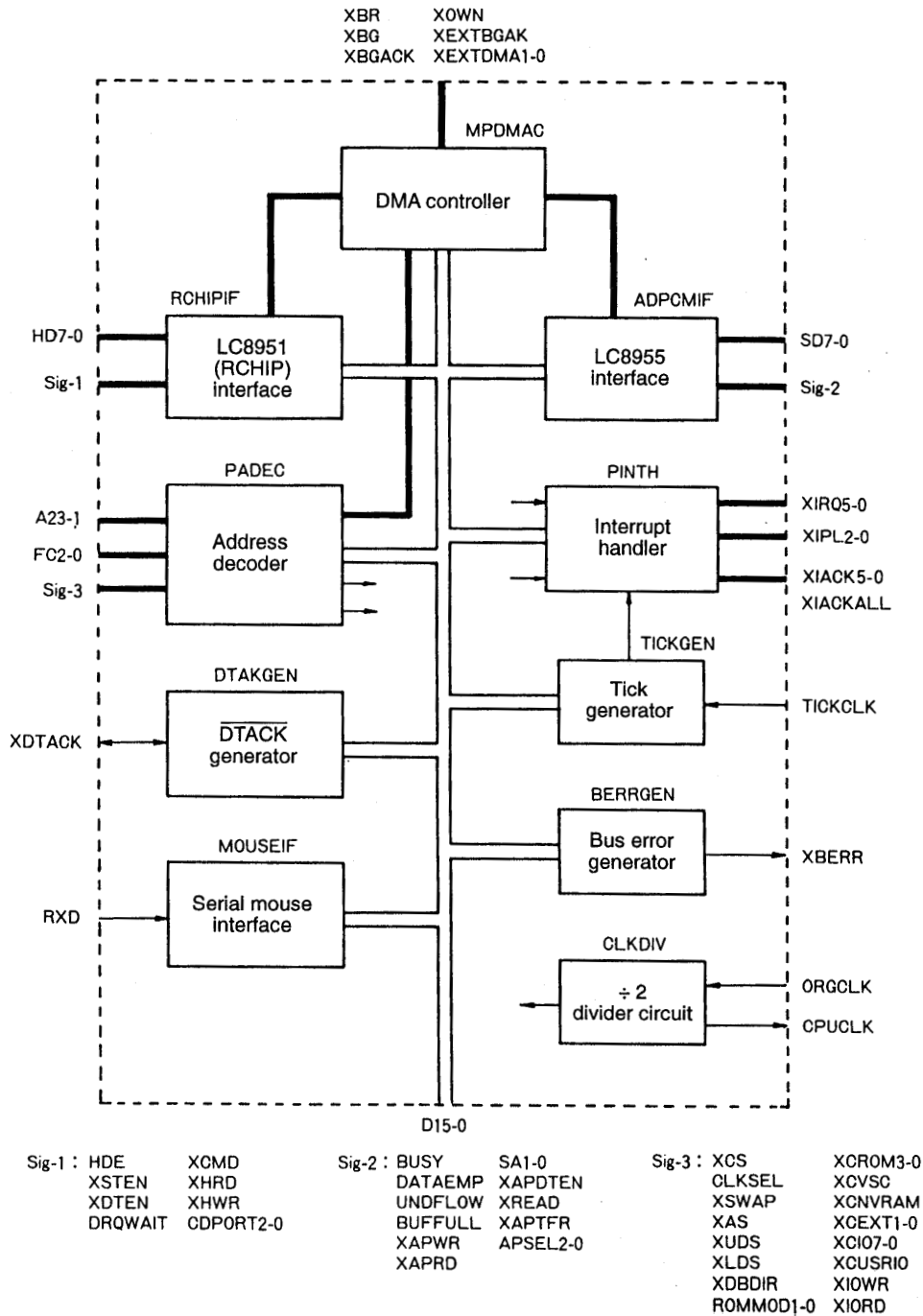
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Block Diagram



LC8953

Pin Functions

Number	Name ¹	I/O	Function
1	V _{SS}	–	Ground pin
2	DATAEMP	I	Data empty signal input pin for the LC8955
3	UNDFLOW	I	Underflow signal input pin for the LC8955
4	BUFFULL	I	Buffer full signal input pin for the LC8955
5	BUSY	I	Busy signal input pin for the LC8955
6	XAPWR	I	Data write signal input pin for the LC8955
7	XAPRD	I	Data read signal input pin for the LC8955
8	XAPCS	I	Chip select input pin for the LC8955
9	SA0	O	Resister select signal output pins for the LC8955
10	SA1	O	
11	SD0	I/O	Data signal I/O pins for the LC8955
12	SD1	I/O	
13	SD2	I/O	
14	SD3	I/O	
15	SD4	I/O	
16	SD5	I/O	
17	SD6	I/O	
18	SD7	I/O	
19	XAPDTEN	O	Data enable signal output pin for the LC8955 for automatic request transfer
20	V _{DD}	–	+5V supply pin
21	V _{SS}	–	Ground pin
22	XREAD	I	Read signal input pin for the LC8955 for automatic request transfer
23	TEST	I	Test input pin (Tied low)
24	HD0	I/O	Data signal I/O pins for the LC8951 (RCHIP)
25	HD1	I/O	
26	HD2	I/O	
27	HD3	I/O	
28	HD4	I/O	
29	HD5	I/O	
30	HD6	I/O	
31	HD7	I/O	
32	HDE	I	Erase flag signal input pin for the LC8951 (RCHIP)
33	XSTEN	I	Status enable signal input pin for the LC8951 (RCHIP)
34	XD TEN	I	Data enable signal input pin for the LC8951 (RCHIP)
35	DRQWAIT	I	Data request/Wait select signal input pin for the LC8951 (RCHIP)
36	XCMD	O	Command/Data select signal output pin for the LC8951 (RCHIP)
37	XHRD	O	Data read signal output pin for the LC8951 (RCHIP)
38	XHWR	O	Data write signal output pin for the LC8951 (RCHIP)
39	CDPORT0	I/O	General-purpose input/output signal pin
40	V _{DD}	–	+5V supply pin
41	V _{SS}	–	Ground pin
42	CDPORT1	I/O	General-purpose input/output signal pins
43	CDPORT2	I/O	
44	XAPTFR	I	Mask operation select signal input pin for the LC8955 automatic request transfer
45	XIORD	O	IC read signal output pin for Intel peripheral ICs
46	XIOWR	O	Write signal output pin for Intel peripheral ICs
47	XCUSRIO	O	User I/O address select signal output pin
48	XCIO0	O	Programmable I/O address select signal output pins
49	XCIO1	O	
50	XCIO2	O	
51	XCIO3	O	
52	XCIO4	O	
53	XCIO5	O	
54	XCIO6	O	
55	XCIO7	O	
56	XCEXT0	O	External address select signal output pins
57	XCEXT1	O	
58	XCNVRAM	O	NVRAM address select signal output pin
59	XCVSC	O	VSC address select signal output pin

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Number	Name ¹	I/O	Function
60	V _{DD}	–	+5V supply pin
61	V _{SS}	–	Ground pin
62	XCROM0	O	ROM address select signal output pins
63	XCROM1	O	
64	XCROM2	O	
65	XCROM3	O	
66	ROMMOD1	I	ROM mode select signal input pins
67	ROMMOD0	I	
68	XDTACK	I/O	Data acknowledge signal input/output pin
69	XRW	I/O	Read/Write signal input/output pin
70	XLDS	I/O	Low-order data strobe signal input/output pin
71	XUDS	I/O	High-order data strobe signal input/output pin
72	XAS	I/O	Address strobe signal input/output pin
73	D0	I/O	Data bus signal input/output pins
74	D1	I/O	
75	D2	I/O	
76	D3	I/O	
77	D4	I/O	
78	D5	I/O	
79	D6	I/O	
80	D7	I/O	
81	V _{SS}	–	Ground pin
82	D8	I/O	Data bus signal input/output pins
83	D9	I/O	
84	D10	I/O	
85	D11	I/O	
86	D12	I/O	
87	D13	I/O	
88	D14	I/O	
89	D15	I/O	
90	V _{DD}	–	+5V supply pin
91	A23	I/O	Address bus signal input/output pins
92	A22	I/O	
93	A21	I/O	
94	A20	I/O	
95	A19	I/O	
96	A18	I/O	
97	A17	I/O	
98	A16	I/O	
99	V _{SS}	–	Ground pin
100	A15	I/O	Address bus signal input/output pins
101	A14	I/O	
102	A13	I/O	
103	A12	I/O	
104	A11	I/O	
105	A10	I/O	
106	A9	I/O	
107	V _{DD}	–	+5V supply pin
108	A8	I/O	Address bus signal input/output pins
109	A7	I/O	
110	A6	I/O	
111	A5	I/O	
112	A4	I/O	
113	A3	I/O	
114	A2	I/O	
115	A1	I/O	
116	V _{SS}	–	Ground pin
117	XIPL2	O	Interrupt level signal output pins for the MPU
118	XIPL1	O	
119	XIPL0	O	

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Number	Name ¹	I/O	Function
120	V _{DD}	–	+5V supply pin
121	FC0	I/O	MPU function code signal input/output pins
122	FC1	I/O	
123	FC2	I/O	
124	XBERR	O	Bus error signal output pin
125	XRESET	I	Reset signal input pin
126	XHALT	I	Halt signal input pin
127	CPUCCLK	O	MPU clock signal output pin
128	XDBDIR	O	Data bus direction signal output pin
129	XBR	O	DMA bus request signal output pin
130	XBG	I	DMA bus request-granted signal input pin
131	XBGACK	O	DMA bus request-granted acknowledge signal output pin
132	XOWN	O	DMA cycle active signal output pin
133	XEXTDMA1	I/O	DMA signal input/output pins
134	XEXTDMA0	I/O	
135	XEXTBGAK	I	External DMA bus request-granted acknowledge signal input pin
136	XCS	I	Address decoder mode select signal input pin
137	CLKSEL	I	Master clock (CPUCCLK) divider select signal input pin
138	XSWAP	I	Memory swap function select signal input pin
139	ORGCLK	I	Clock input pin
140	V _{DD}	–	+5V supply pin
141	V _{SS}	–	Ground pin
142	TICKCLK	I	External clock input pin for the tick generator
143	XIACKALL	O	Interrupt acknowledge common signal output pin
144	XIACK5	O	Interrupt acknowledge signal output pins
145	XIACK4	O	
146	XIACK3	O	
147	XIACK2	O	
148	XIACK1	O	
149	XIACK0	O	
150	XIRQ5	I	Interrupt request signal input pins
151	XIRQ4	I	
152	XIRQ3	I	
153	XIRQ2	I	
154	XIRQ1	I	
155	XIRQ0	I	
156	RXD	I	Mouse data signal input pin
157	APSEL0	O	General-purpose output port pins
158	APSEL1	O	
159	APSEL2	O	
160	V _{DD}	–	+5V supply pin

1. An “X” at the beginning of a pin name indicates negative logic.

Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $V_{SS} = 0V$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	$V_{DD\ max}$	$T_a=25^{\circ}C$	-0.3 to +7.0	V
Input and output voltage	V_I, V_O	$T_a=25^{\circ}C$	-0.3 to $V_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Allowable power dissipation	$P_d\ max$	$T_a \leq 70^{\circ}C$	400	mW
Operating temperature range	T_{opr}		-30 to +70	$^{\circ}C$
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}		-55 to +125	$^{\circ}C$
Soldering temperature	T_{sol}	Manual soldering, 3s	350	$^{\circ}C$
		Reflow soldering, 10s	235	$^{\circ}C$

Allowable Operating Ranges at $T_a = -30$ to $+70^{\circ}C$, $V_{SS} = 0V$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Supply voltage	V_{DD}		4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Input voltage range	V_{IN}		0		V_{DD}	V

DC Electrical Characteristics at $T_a = -30$ to $+70^{\circ}C$, $V_{SS} = 0V$, $V_{DD} = 4.5$ to $5.5V$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
			min	typ	max	
Input high-level voltage	V_{IH1}	TTL compatible: All input pins (including bidirectional pins) except those listed in notes 1 and 2.	2.2			V
Input low-level voltage	V_{IL1}				0.8	V
Input high-level voltage	V_{IH2}	TTL-compatible Schmitt: See note 1.	2.5			V
Input low-level voltage	V_{IL2}				0.6	V
Output high-level voltage	V_{OH1}	$I_{OH} = -3mA$	2.4		0.4	V
Output low-level voltage	V_{OL1}	$I_{OL} = 3mA$				V
Input leakage current	I_L	$V_I = V_{SS}, V_{DD}$	-25		+25	μA
Output leakage current	I_{OZ}	High-impedance output	-100		+100	μA
Input high-level voltage	V_{IH3}	CMOS compatible: ORGCLK (pin 139)	0.7 V_{DD}			V
Input low-level voltage	V_{IL3}				0.3 V_{DD}	V
Output high-level voltage	V_{OH2}	$I_{OH} = -6mA$	2.4		0.4	V
Output low-level voltage	V_{OL2}	$I_{OL} = 6mA$				V

Notes

1. DATAEMP (pin 2), UNDFLOW (pin 3), BUFFULL (pin 4), BUSY (pin 5), XSTEN (pin 33), XD TEN (pin 34), DRQWAIT (pin 35), XAPTFR (pin 44), XRESET (pin 125), XHALT (pin 126), XEXTBGAK (pin 135), XIRQ0 to 5 (pins 150 to 155), RXD (pin 156)
2. ORGCLK (pin 139)
3. XD TACK (pin 68), D0 to D15 (pins 73 to 89)

Internal Functional Blocks

The PUPPET consists of about 10 functional blocks. See the “Block Diagram”.

PADEC (Programmable Address Decoder)

The PADEC functional block is used to generate the chip select (CS) signals for ROM, RAM, I/O devices and so on. The CS signal addresses are programmable, which enables address allocation specific to your system configuration.

DTAKGEN (Programmable DTACK Generator)

The DTAKGEN functional block is used to generate the data acknowledge signals for the chip select address space selected by the PADEC. The access speed of peripheral IC devices is generally slower than that of the main processing unit (MPU). To adjust this speed gap between them, the user is allowed to insert from 0 to 4 wait cycles into each address cycle. The number of wait cycles to be inserted is programmable. In addition, the user is permitted to disable the DTACK (active low) generator so that it can be generated by an external device.

PINTH (Programmable Interrupt Handler)

The PINTH functional block is used as an interrupt handler to output the vectored numbers corresponding to the 68000 MPU vectored interrupts. Each of the IPL levels and vectored numbers for internal block/external interrupt requests is programmable.

RCHPIF (LC8951 RCHIP Interface)

The RCHPIF functional block is used to provide the interface between the 68000 MPU and the LC8951 RCHIP. This interface enables direct communication between them. As a result, status data, data signal and error bit information can be directly communicated between them.

ADPCMIF (LC8955 Interface)

The ADPCMIF functional block is used to provide the interface between the 68000 MPU and the LC8955. This interface enables direct communication between them. As a result, data can be directly read from or written to internal registers of the LC8955 from the MPU.

TICKGEN (Tick Generator)

The TICKGEN functional block is used to generate timer interrupt clocks for a real-time operating system. The timer interrupt clocks can be generated by dividing the system clock or selecting an external input clock. As a result, the tick can be set independent of the system clock frequency.

MOUSEIF (Serial Mouse Interface)

The MOUSEIF functional block is used as the data receive port for a standard serial mouse. The communication parameters such as parity bit, stop bit, data bits and baud rate can be changed by software. In addition, the interrupt signal generation timing can be set to either 3-byte or 1-byte intervals. Therefore, this functional block can be used as a general-purpose receive serial port as well as the mouse serial port. Note that the mouse transmits an XY coordinate value to the serial port in 3-byte packets.

MPDMAC (Micro-Programmable DMA Controller)

The MPDMAC functional block is used as the DMA controller. With this controller, the operation can be programmed by a 16-instruction micro code. These instructions can be programmed to support data read operations from the LC8951 (RCHIP), data write operations to the LC8955 as well as the basic transfer operations with memory. In addition, they include rather complicated instructions to enable data comparison, logical operation and conditional jump operations. Therefore, this controller block can be used as a sub-CPU to enable intelligent processing, and to reduce the load on the MPU.

BERRGEN (Bus Error Generator)

The BERRGEN functional block is used to generate the bus error signal for the 68000 MPU when no AS (active low) signal is detected. There are four AS signal inactive periods. The user is allowed to select one from the four to best suit the application system in mind.

CLKDIV (Clock Divider Circuit)

The CLKDIV function block is used to generate the MPU clock with 1: 1 duty cycle by dividing the master clock by 2.

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