LC7464M



Infrared Remote Control Transmitter IC

Preliminary

Overview

The LC7464M is a 64-key infrared remote control transmitter IC that incorporates all key-scanning, oscillator and timing function on-chip, resulting in a very low external component count.

The LC7464M generates 71 function codes using the 64 function keys. The output data format comprises the mask-programmed custom code, the parity field, the mask-programmed system code, the product code, the function code and the data check code.

The LC7464M operates from a 2.0 to 3.6 V supply and is available in 24-pin MFPs.

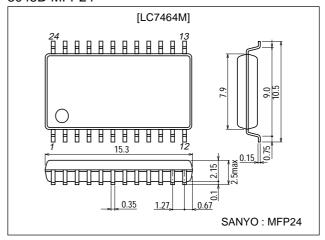
Features

- · Low external component count.
- 64 function keys.
- 71 function codes.
- Mask-programmable custom and system codes.
- 64 product codes.
- Output conforms to Japan's Association for Electric Home Appliances recommended standards for infrared remote controls.
- On-chip input pull-down resistors.
- 2.0 to 3.6 V supply.
- 24-pin MFP.

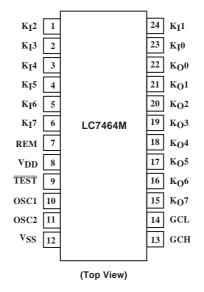
Package Dimensions

unit:mm

3045B-MFP24

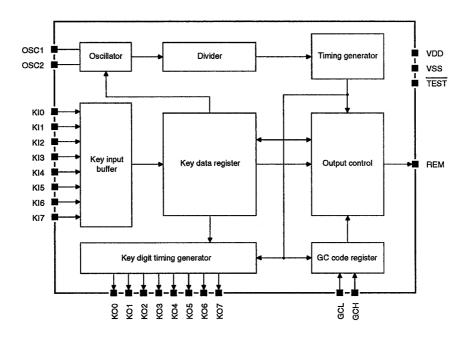


Pin Assignment



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Block Diagram



Pin Description

| Number | Name | Equivalent circuit | Description |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 to 6, 23, 24 | KI0 to KI7 | | Keyswitch scanning inputs |
| 7 | REM | | LED driver output |
| 8 | V _{DD} | | Supply voltage |
| 9 | TEST | | Test input. TEST should be tied HIGH or left open for normal operation |
| 10 | OSC1 | | Ceramic oscillator input connection |
| 11 | OSC2 | | Ceramic oscillator output connection |
| 12 | V _{SS} | | Ground |
| 13, 14 | GCL, GCH | ■> | Product code select inputs |
| 15 to 22 | KO0 to KO7 | ■ | Keyswitch scanning outputs |

Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | Ratings | Unit |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|------------|----------------------------------------------|------|
| Supply voltage | V _{DD} max | | V _{SS} -0.3 to+5.5 | V |
| Input voltage range | VI | | V _{SS} -0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3 | V |
| Output voltage range | VO | | V _{SS} -0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3 | V |
| Output current | lo | | -35 | mA |
| Power dissipation | Pd max | Ta≤85°C | 150 | mW |
| Operating temperature range | Topr | | -40 to +85 | °C |
| Storage temperature range | Tstg | | -50 to +125 | °C |

Recommended Operating Conditions at $Ta = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | | Unit | | |
|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------|------------|--------------------|------|--------------------|-------|
| Faiailletei | Symbol | Symbol | | typ | max | Offic |
| Supply voltage | V _{DD} | | 2.0 | 3.0 | 3.6 | V |
| KI0 to KI7, GCL and GCH high-level input voltage | V _{IH} | | 0.7V _{DD} | | V _{DD} | V |
| KI0 to KI7, GCL and GCH low-level input voltage | V _{IL} | | V _{SS} | | 0.3V _{DD} | V |
| Oscillator frequency | fosc | | 433 | 455 | 477 | kHz |

Electrical Characteristics at Ta = -40 to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = 2.0$ to 3.6~V

| Parameter | Symbol | Conditions | | Unit | | |
|---------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------|------|--------------------|-------|
| r alametei | Symbol | | min | typ | max | Offic |
| Operating supply current | I _{DD} | Key pressed, no load | | | 1 | mA |
| Standby supply current | IDS | No key pressed, oscillator stopped | | | 1 | μΑ |
| REM high-level output current | lau | $V_{DD}=2V$, $V_{OH}=V_{DD}-1V$ | | -2.5 | | mA |
| NEW High-level output current | IOH | $V_{DD}=3V$, $V_{OH}=V_{DD}-1V$ | | -11 | | ША |
| KO0 to KO7 high-level output voltage | VOH | I _{OH} =-0.1mA | V _{DD} -0.3 | | | V |
| KO0 to KO7 and REM low-level output voltage | VOL | I _{OL} =0.1mA | | | 0.3 | V |
| GCL and GCH high-level input current | IН | $V_{I}=V_{DD}$ | | | 1 | μΑ |
| GCL and GCH low-level input current | Ι _Ι L | $V_{I}=V_{SS}$ | -1 | | | μΑ |
| KI0 to KI7 input floating voltage | V _{IF} | | | | 0.1V _{DD} | V |
| KI0 to KI7 input pull-down resistance | R _{IN} | | 75 | 100 | 125 | kΩ |

Functional Description

Key Inputs

An eight-by-eight matrix is formed with the keyswitch scanning outputs KO0 to KO7 and the keyswitch scanning inputs KI0 to KI7 as shown in the following figure. When a key is held down, either the normal or abbreviated continuation code is output continuously, depending on the mask option selected.

Normally, only one key can be pressed at a time. If more than one key is pressed, all keys are ignored and no output is generated. However, when the appropriate mask option is selected, up to three extra codes can be generated by holding down key 8 and either key 16, 24, 32, 40, 48, 56 or 64 as shown in table 1.

| | KI0 | KI1 | KI2 | KI3 | KI4 | KI5 | KI6 | KI7 |
|--------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| KO0 - | 1 | 9 | 17 | 25 | 33 | 41 | 49 | 57 |
| KO1 - | 2 | 10 | 18 | 26 | 34 | 42 | 50 | 58 |
| KO2 - | 3 | 11 | 19 | 27 | 35 | 43 | 51 | 59 |
| KO3 - | 4 | 12 | 20 | 28 | 36 | 44 | 52 | 60 |
| KO4 - | 5 | 13 | 21 | 29 | 37 | 45 | 53 | 61 |
| KO5 - | 6 | 14 | 22 | 30 | 38 | 46 | 54 | 62 |
| KO6 - | 7 | 15 | 23 | 31 | 39 | 47 | 55 | 63 |
| KO7 - | 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 |

Table 1. Function code generation

| Key combination | Function code | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Ney combination | FC0 | FC1 | FC2 | FC3 | FC4 | FC5 | FC6 | FC7 |
| 8, 16 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 8, 24 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 8, 32 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 8, 40 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 8, 48 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 8, 56 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 8, 64 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Output Data Configuration

The 48-bit output data configuration is shown in the following figure. Note that the data is sent least-significant bit first.

| C0 t0 C15 | F0 10 F3 | 300 10 303 | 90010 907 | FC0 10 FC1 | DC0 10 DC1 |
|-----------|----------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| C0 to C15 | P0 to P3 | SC0 to SC3 | GC0 to GC7 | FC0 to FC7 | DC0 to DC7 |

Custom code

The 16-bit mask-programmable custom code (C0 to C15) is a unique code registered with the Association for Electric Home Appliances.

Parity bits

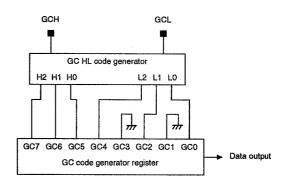
The four parity bits (P0 to P3) are used for error detection. Their value is given by the following equation. Pn=Cn \oplus C(n+4) \oplus C(n+8) \oplus C(n+12) where n=0 to 3.

System code

The four-bit system code (SC0 to SC3) is mask-programmed into the LC7464M during fabrication.

Product code

The eight-bit product code (GC0 to GC7) consists of two mask-programmable bits and six bits that are set by connecting each of GCL and GCH to one of KO0 to KO7. The block diagram of the product code generator is shown in the following figure. GC1 and GC3 are the mask-programmable bits, shown set to zero.



Tables 2 and 3 show the relationships between GCL and L0 to L2, and between GCH and H0 to H2, respectively. Table 2. GCL product codes

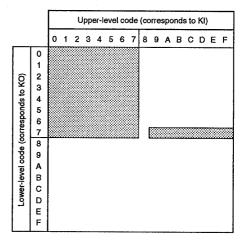
| Pin | Code generated | | | | | |
|------|----------------|----|----|--|--|--|
| FIII | L0 | L1 | L2 | | | |
| KO0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| KO1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| KO2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | |
| KO3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | | |
| KO4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | |
| KO5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | | |
| KO6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| KO7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |

Table 3. GCH product codes

| Pin | Code generated | | | | | |
|------|----------------|----|----|--|--|--|
| FIII | H0 | H1 | H2 | | | |
| KO0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| KO1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | | |
| KO2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | | |
| KO3 | 1 | 1 | 0 | | | |
| KO4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | | |
| KO5 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | | |
| KO6 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | | |
| KO7 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | |

Function code

The eight-bit function code (FC0 to FC7) is determined by the number of the key pressed as shown in the following figure, Note that when the appropriate mask option is selected, function codes 97H, A7H, B7H, C7H, D7H, E7H and F7H can be generated by holding down key 8 and one of keys 16, 24, 32, 40, 48, 56 and 64.



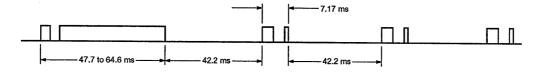
Data check code

The eight-bit data check code (DC0 to DC7) is generated by adding the carry bits from the system code to the product and function code bits. This code is used for error detection. The data chek code is calculated using the following equation.

DC=SC+GC0 to GC3+GC4 to GC7+FC0 to FC3+FC4 to FC7
For example, when SC=0H, GC=0B1H, FC=35H DC=0H+1H+0BH+5H+3H=14H

Data Transmission Waveforms

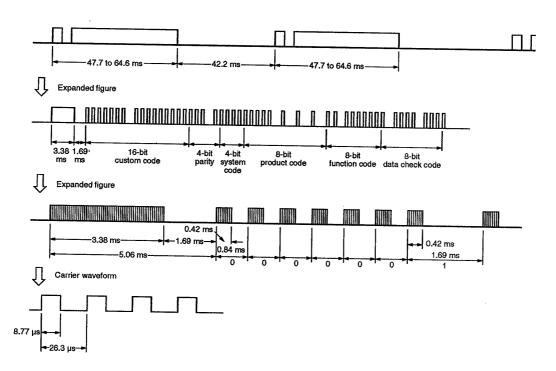
Abbreviated transmission mode



Abbreviated mode detail

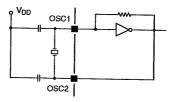


Normal transmission mode

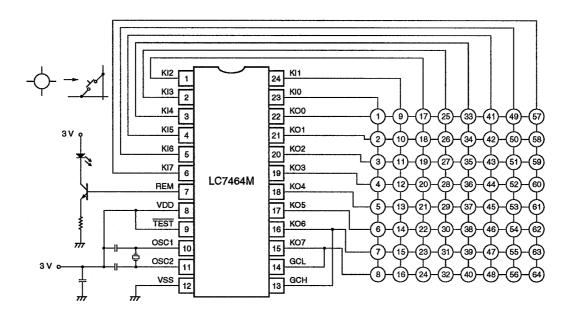


Oscillator

The LC7464M contains a self-biasing CMOS inverter that is used as an oscillator when connected to a ceramic resonator as shown in the following figure. To reduce power, the oscillator operates only when a key is pressed.



Typical Application



LC7464M

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