

No. 3926%

LC73711N

Switchable DTMF/Pulse Dialer with Memory

Preliminary

OVERVIEW

The LC73711N is a DTMF/pulse dialer CMOS LSI for push-button telephones. It incorporates memory for eight 31-digit one-touch dial numbers and ten quick-dial numbers (of which five numbers are common to both).

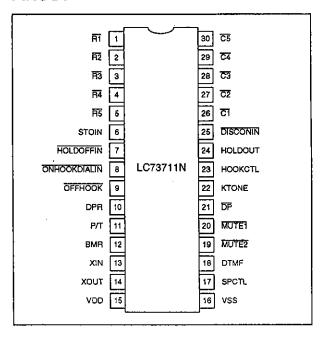
The LC73711N features a 63-digit redial function, on-hook and mixed-mode dialing, a hold mode and a hookflash function.

The LC73711N operates from a 2.0 to 5.5 V supply in DTMF mode and a 1.5 to 5.5 V supply in pulse mode. It is available in 30-pin DIPs.

FEATURES

- No external supply needed
- On-chip oscillator designed for use with a low-cost, color-burst crystal or ceramic resonator
- · Connects directly to a keypad.
- Supports on-hook dialing and memory setting.
- · Supports mixed-mode dialing.
- 63-digit redial function
- Memory for eight 31-digit one-touch dial numbers and ten 31-digit quick dial numbers (of which five numbers are common to both)
- · Mode change and pause data can be stored in memory
- Hold mode
- · Hookflash function
- 12 high-accuracy DTMF tones
- Selectable 10 or 20 pps pulse rate
- Selectable 33 of 39% make ratio
- Key-touch tone output in pulse mode
- · Confirm tone output when data stored in memory
- Automatic pause after mode change and hookflash
- · On-chip key debounce and input settling delay
- 2.0 to 5.5 V supply in DTMF mode
- 1.5 to 5.5 V supply in pulse mode
- 30-pin DIP

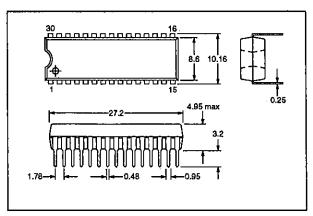
PINOUT



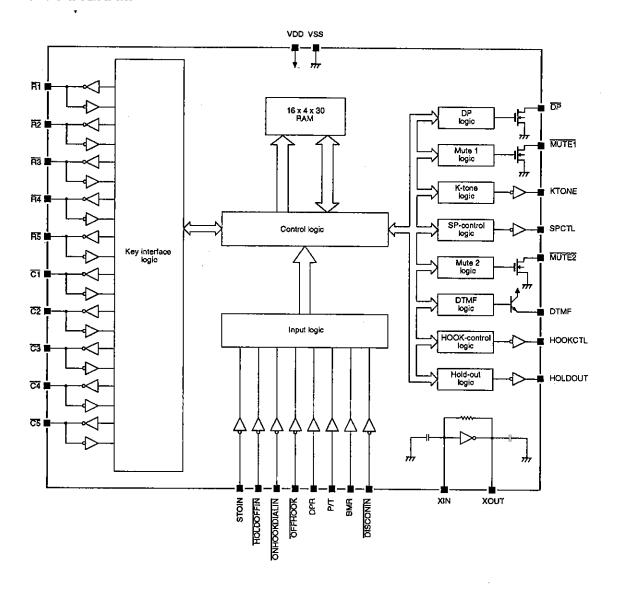
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Unit: mm

3061-DIP30S



BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTION

Number	Name	Description -
1 to 5	F1 to R5	Keypad row inputs
6	STO	Memory set mode input
7	HOLD OFF	Hold-mode cancel input
8	ON HOOK DIAL	On-hook dial input
9	OFF HOOK	Hook switch input
10	DPR	Dial pulse rate select input
11	Р/Т	Pulse/tone dial mode select input
12	BMR	Make ratio select input
13	XIN	
14	XOUT	Crystal or ceramic resonator connections
15	VDD	Supply voltage

Number	Name	Description		
16	VSS	Ground		
17	SP CTL	Speaker control cutput. Complementary output		
18	DTMF	DTMF output npn-transistor emitter follower		
19	MUTE2	DTMF-mode mute output. n-channel open drain		
20	MUTE1	Pulse-mode mute output. n-channel open drain		
21	DP DP	Pulse dialing output, n-channel open drain		
22	KTONE	Key-touch tone output. Complementary output		
23	HOOK CTL	Hook control output. Complementary output		
24	HOLD	Hold-mode output. Complementary output		
25	DISCON	Disconnect input		
26 to 30	C1 to C5	Keypad column inputs		

SPECIFICATIONS

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage range	V _{DD}	-0.3 to 6.5	٧
Input voltage range	V _I	-0.3 to V_{DD} + 0.3	٧
Output voltage range	V _o	-0.3 to V_{DD} + 0.3	V
Power dissipation	Po	250	mW
Operating temperature range	Topr	-30 to 70	°C
Storage temperature range	T _{slg}	-40 to 125	∘c
DTMF and VSS minimum load resistance	RL	1	kΩ

Recommended Operating Conditions

 $T_a = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Pulse-mode supply voltage range	VDDP	1.5 to 5.5	٧
DTMF-mode supply voltage range	V _{DDT}	2.0 to 5.5	٧

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Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{\text{DDP}} = 1.5$ to 5.5 V, $V_{\text{DDT}} = 2.0$ to 5.5 V, $T_a = 25$ °C, $f_{\text{OSC}} = 3.579545$ MHz unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Condition		Rating		P1~14	
i didilete;	Syllabol	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit	
LOW-level input voltage	V _{IL}		Vss	-	0.3 V _{DD}	٧	
HIGH-level input voltage	V _{tH}		0.7 V _{DD}	-	V _{DD}	v	
LOW-level output voltage.	V	V _{DD} = 1.5 V, l _{OL} = 250 μA	-	-	0.4		
See note 1.	l I	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V},$ $I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA}$	-	-	0.4	V	
HIGH-level output voltage.	VoH	V _{DD} = 1.5 V, l _{OH} = -250 μA	V _{DD} — 0.5	-	-		
See note 1.	٧	V _{DD} = 5.5 V, I _{OH} = -1 mA	V _{DD} – 1	_	-	V	
Supply voltage for data retention	V _{DR}		1	_	-	٧	
Supply current for data retention	lon	V _{DD} = 1 V	0.5	_	-	mA	
Pulse-mode operating current consumption	IDDP	V _{DD} = 0.3 V, outputs open	-	0.3	0.5	mA	
DTMF-mode operating current consumption	Гоот	V _{DD} = 0.3 V, outputs open	_	0.5	1.0	mA	
Standby-mode current consumption	loos	V _{DD} = 1.5 to 5.5 V, outputs open	<u>-</u>	-	1	μА	
LOW-level input current. See note 2.	lı.	V _{IL} = V _{SS}	-1	_	- '	μА	
HIGH-level input current. See note 2.	I _{IH}	$V_{IH} = V_{DD}$	-	_	1	Ац	
Kan innut armat		$V_{DD} = 1.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{ILK} = \text{V}_{SS}$	-20	-	_		
Key input current	lick	$V_{DD} = 5.5 \text{ V}, V_{ILK} = V_{SS}$	-300	-	_	μΑ	
V		V _{DD} = 1.5 V, V _{OLK} = 0.4 V	200	-	-		
Key output current	lorx	V _{DD} = 5.5 V, V _{OLK} = 0.4 V	700		_	μА	
DP, MUTE1 and MUTE2 leakage current	OFF	Vo = V _{DD} = 5.5 V. Output is OFF.	_	-	1	μА	

Notes

- 1. Pins KTONE, DP, MUTE1, MUTE2, SP CTL, HOLD and HOOK CTL
- 2. Pins STO, HOOK SW, DPR, P/T, BMR, ON HOOK, HOLD OFF and DISCON

AC characteristics

 V_{DDP} = 1.5 to 5.5 V, V_{DDT} = 2.0 to 5.5 V, T_a = 25 °C, f_{OSC} = 3.579545 MHz unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol Cor	Condition	Rating			
r di dilliete i		Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Key contact resistance	Rĸ		_	-	3.0	kΩ
Key capacitance	C _{KI}		-	-	330	рF
Key debounce time	tкo		16.4	17.5	18.4	ms
Input settling delay time	трснт		28.9	30.0	30.9	ms
Key scan trequency	fksc	-	-	258.9	-	Hz
Key-touch tone frequency	1kt		_	1035,7	-	Hz

Parameter i	Symbol	Condition		Rating		12-24
r al allotol	Зушьог	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Key-touch tone output time	tкт		_	30.9	-	ms
Automatic pause time	tap		3.88	3.90	3.93	5
DTMF ON time	М ГОИ		98	100	102	ms
DTMF interdigit delay	MFOFF		93	95	97	ms
Hook time	tнк		740	750	760	ms
Hook pause time	Інкр		0.98	1.00	1.02	s
Memory write confirm tone frequency	I KST		_	2071.4	-	Hz
Memory write confirm tone output time	teston		-	278.1	_	mş
Low tone output voltage	Vor	V_{DD} = 3.5 V, R_L = 10 k Ω	165	200	240	mV
Tone output ratio	dB _{CR}	V_{DD} = 2.0 to 5.5 V, R_L = 10 k Ω	1	2	3	₫B
Tone output distortion	%DIS	$V_{DD} = 2.0 \text{ to } 5.5 \text{ V},$ $P_{L} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	-	: -	10	%
Oscillator startup time	•	V _{DD} = 1.5 to 5.5 V	-	_	30	
Coomator startup titile	START	V _{DD} = 3.0 V	_	1	-	ms

Resonator

 V_{DDP} = 1.5 to 5.5 V, V_{DDT} = 2.0 to 5.5 V, T_{a} = 25 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Resonator frequency	fosc	3.579545	MHz
Resonator frequency variation	Δłosc	±1.3	%
Resonator resistance	Rs	100	Ω

Pulse dial output

 V_{DDP} = 1.5 to 5.5 V, V_{DDT} = 2.0 to 5.5 V, T_{a} = 25 °C, f_{OSC} = 3.579545 MHz

DPR	BMR	Puise dial rate (pps)	Pause between digits (ms)	Make ratio (%)
LOW	LOW	9.94	834.2	39.2
LOW	HIGH	9.94	834.2	33.2
HIGH	LOW	19.89	525.2	39.2
HIGH	HIGH	19.89	525.2	33.2

DTMF output

 $V_{DDP} = 1.5$ to 5.5 V, $V_{DDT} = 2.0$ to 5.5 V, $T_a = 25$ °C, $f_{OSC} = 3.579545$ MHz

Input	Output frequency (Hz)		
itiput	Specification	LC73711N	Deviation (%)
R1	697	697.0	+0.01
R2	770	770.1	-0.02
R3	852	852.3	-0.03
R4	941	942.0	-0.11
C1	1209	1209.3	-0.03

land.	Output freq	quency (Hz)	Davisian (9)
Input -	Specification	LC73711N	Deviation (%)
C2	1336	1335.7	+0.03
СЗ	1477	1476.7	+0.02

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

Key Functions

Pi	1	2	3	F	M5
	4	6	6	М	M6
to	7	8	8	FVP	M7
	*	0	ŧ	CLA	м8
FIS.	A1	A2	А3	Hold on/off	M9
,	চা		to		C5

Figure 1. Keypad layout

0 to 9 keys

After lifting the receiver, pressing the numeric keys will initiate normal dialing.

In combination with M and STO, the numeric keys set the quick-dial and one-touch dial memory and retrieve quick-dial numbers.

and # keys

In DTMF dialing mode, and are legitimate dialing digits and can be stored in memory.

In pulse dialing mode, switches to DTMF dialing mode and is not used.

R/P key

After lifting the receiver off-hook, pressing R/P redials the last number dialed.

During manual dialing, redialing and automatic dialing, pressing \mathbb{R}/\mathbb{P} inserts a pause in the output sequence.

While a pause is being executed, pressing \mathbb{R}/\mathbb{P} cancels the pause.

key

M, in combination with the number keys and STO, sets the quick-dial memory.

Pressing $\overline{\mathbf{M}}$ followed by a number key dials a quick-dial number from memory.

The following figure shows the result of misdialing while attempting to dial a number from memory. The sequence M. was dialed instead of the correct sequence M. Since M. is not a valid combination, the resulting output is 7, 8, 9, 1.

Key input	7	8	9	М	#	1	
Key-tone output							

The following figure shows the result of misdialing while attempting to store a number in memory. Again, the sequence M, H was dialed instead of M, Q.

Key input	1	2	3	М	Ħ	Ó	М	0
Key-tone output	1	1	1					F

After misdialing, in this example, all keys other than M or CLR are ignored. The result of this input is to store the sequence 1, 2, 3 in M0.

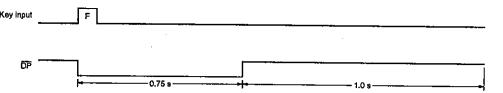
The following figure shows the use of CLR while attempting to store a number in memory. When CLR is pressed, all previous input is cleared. The result of this input is to store a 4 in M0.

Key input	1	2	3	М	CLA	4	М	0
Key-tone output		_1_						

key

During manual dialing, pressing , the flash key, sets DP LOW for 0.75 s and then HIGH for 1.0 s as shown

in the following figure. This is equivalent to the receiver being placed on-hook for 0.75 s followed by a 1 s pause.



Pressing R/P after redials the previous number sequence. Note that [cannot be stored in memory and pressing during a hookflash has no affect.

CLR key

During redialing, pressing CLR cancels the redial and clears the redial memory.

After pressing M, CLR cancels memory operation. During memory storage, pressing CLR clears a memory location,

HOLD key

Toggles hold mode ON and OFF.

Dialing examples

The following table shows some example dialing sequences and the corresponding output.

A1 to	АЗ	keys
-------	----	------

Pressing A1 to A3, the one-touch dial keys, dials the number from the corresponding memory.

In combination with STO, AI to A3 are used to set the one-touch dial memory.

M5 to M9 keys

M5 to M9 are also one-touch dial keys. They correspond to quick-dial numbers M5 to M9.

Function			Key Input	Dialer output	
Normal dialing (p	ormal dialing (pulse mode)		↑ D ₁ , D ₂ to D _n	D ₁ D ₂ to D _n	
Normal dialing wi	ith pause (pulse mode)		↑ D ₁ , O ₂ , R/P, D ₃	D ₁ , D ₂ , (4 s pause), D ₃	
Normal dialing with redial (pulse mode)		Dial	↑ D ₁ , D ₂ to B _n	D ₁ , D ₂ to D _n	
		Redial	↑ R/P	D ₁ , D ₂ to D _n	
Normal dialing with mode change		Using mode change key	↑ 0₁, J. 0₂, 0₃	D ₁ , (4 s pause), D ₂ ', D ₃ '	
		Using P/T	↑ D₁, (P/T LOW), D₂, D₃	D ₁ , (4 s pause), D ₂ ', D ₃ '	
Quick dial		Store (pulse mode)	↓ (STO HIGH), D1, D2, D3, M, D4		
Dialing from memory	Granda Gran	Dial	↑ M. D₄	D ₁ , D ₂ , D ₃	
	One-touch dial	Store (DTMF mode)	↓ (STO HIGH), D 1, D2, D3 , A 1		
		Dial	↑ A ₁₁	D ₁ ', D ₂ ', D ₃ '	

Notes

On-hook Ť

Off-hook D. Key input

Pulse-mode output

DTMF-mode output Mode change

Pin Functions

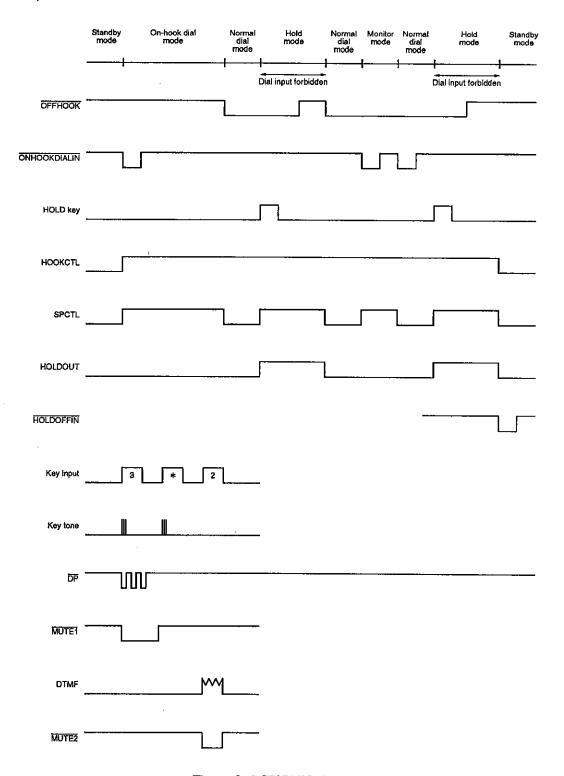


Figure 2. LC73711N timing

When P/T is HIGH, the LC73711N is in pulse dialing mode, and when P/T is LOW, it is in DTMF dialing mode. The mode can be changed from pulse to DTMF while dialing, allowing mixed-mode dialing.

When STO and ON HOOK are HIGH, memory store mode is ON and one-touch and quick-dial numbers can be set.

The falling edge of ON HOOK DIAL toggles the dialing mode. When the receiver is on-hook (OFF HOOK HIGH), ON HOOK DIAL toggles between standby

mode and on-hook dial mode. When the receiver is off-hook (OFF HOOK LOW), ON HOOK DIAL toggles between normal dial mode and monitor mode.

When DPR is LOW, the dial pulse rate is 10 pps, and when DPR is HIGH, it is 20 pps. When BMR is LOW, the pulse contact make ratio is 39%, and when BMR is HIGH, it is 33%.

When DISCON is LOW, the LC73711N is in standby mode and undergoes a reset.

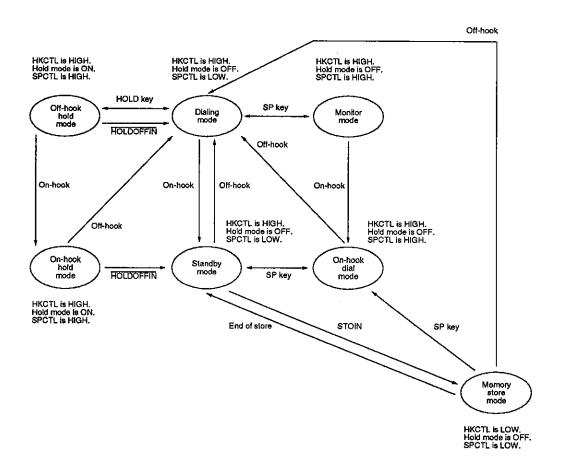


Figure 3. LC73711N operating mode state diagram

Key Debounce and Input Settling Delay Circuits

The LC73711N incorporates a key debounce circuit to prevent multiple entries from a single keystroke. A single keystroke is registered during a 17.5 ms debounce

interval, and the key then has to be released for at least 17.5 ms before another keystroke can be registered.



Figure 4. Key debounce timing

An input settling delay circuit is also incorporated. A pin's state is not registered as valid until it has remained constant for 30 ms.

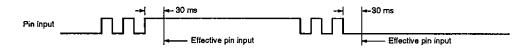


Figure 5. Input settling delay timing

One-touch and quick dial

If dial keys are pressed while in memory store mode (STO HIGH), a 1036 Hz, 31 ms confirm tone is output on KTONE. If more than 31 digits are entered, the confirmation tone is not output and subsequent keystrokes are not stored in memory.

After entering the data to be stored, pressing the appropriate one-touch dial key stores the data for this

key. For quick dial, pressing M, followed by a numeric key, stores the data to this address. After the data has been stored, a 2072 Hz, 279 ms confirm tone is output on KTONE.

If, in memory store mode, no data is entered and a one-touch dial key is pressed or a quick-dial address is set, the data for this key or address is deleted.

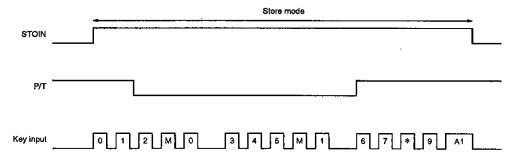


Figure 6. Store mode timing using slide switch to set STO

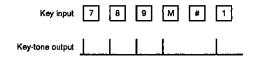


Figure 7. Store mode timing using push button to set STO

Table 1 shows the results of the operations in the above figures.

Table 1. Memory settings

Memory address	Dial start mode flag	Dial data
Mo	Р	0, 1, *, 2
M1	т	3, 4, 5
A1	Р	6, 7, *, 9

Note

^{* =} mode change

TYPICAL APPLICATION

