



1-Chip PLL + Controller

Preliminary

Overview

The LC7232-8291 is a single-chip microcontroller that is best suited for car electronics tuning applications. It includes the internal PLL (Phase Locked Loop) circuitry that can be used all over the world, LCD driver circuitry, remote control function and anti-theft (or thief proof) function.

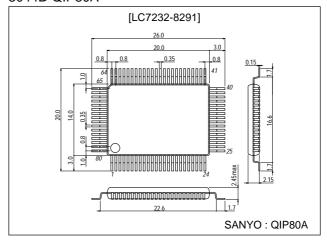
Features

- On-chipped infrared remote control receiver circuit : Transmitter IC=LC7461M (remote non-wired control and wired control).
- On-chipped ANTI-THEFT function.
- Preset Memory function: 36 channels (Max.)= (FM1+FM2+FM3+VF+MW (MW1)+LM (MW2))×6 (with the last channel storage).
- Auto Preset Memory function : Based on the intensities of electric fields.
- Radio monitor function.
- CD function (Keys, IN and OUT).
- Tape function: DIRECTION display on/off by the FF and REW input signals.
- Abundant tape DOUBLE FUNCTION KEY selections : Independent 2 keys added.
- On-chipped DKcount function.
- Preset Memory write modes : 2
- Tape character display function.
- Power Key.
- Diode matrix selections: 30
- World-wide version.

Package Dimensions

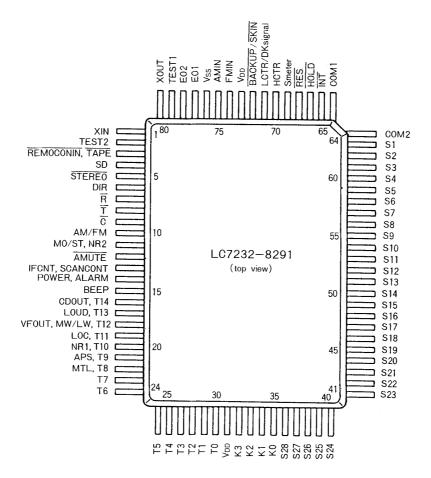
unit:mm

3044B-QIP80A



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Pin Assignment



Frequencies

Area Band		and Frequency range (FM : MHz AM : kHz)		STEP	IF FM (MHz)	IF count tolerance				e matrix n 0 : off)		
		(FIVI: IVIHZ AIVI: KHZ)	(kHz)	(kHz)	AM (kHz)	(kHz)	B2	B1	В0	LW2	LW1	SHIFT
	FM a MW a	87.5–107.9 530–1720	50 10	200 10	10.7 450	±10 ±3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FM a MW b	87.5–107.9 530–1620	50 10	200 10	10.7 450	±10 ±3	0	0	0	0	0	1
	FM a MW c	87.5–107.9 531–1620	50 9	200 9	10.7 450	±10 ±3	0	0	0	0	1	0
U.S.A.	FM a MW d	87.5–107.9 531–1719	50 9	200 9	10.7 450	±10 ±3	0	0	0	0	1	1
0.0	FM b MW a	87.5–108.0 530–1720	50 10	100 10	10.7 450	±10 ±3	0	0	0	1	0	0
	FM b MW b	87.5–108.0 530–1620	50 10	100 10	10.7 450	±10 ±3	0	0	0	1	0	1
	FM b MW c	87.5–108.0 531–1620	50 9	100 9	10.7 450	±10 ±3	0	0	0	1	1	0
	FM b MW d	87.5–108.0 531–1719	50 9	100 9	10.7 450	±10 ±3	0	0	0	1	1	1
	FM c MW e LW a	87.5–108.0 522–1620 153–281	25 9 1	50 9 1(9)	10.7 450/459 	±10 ±3 ±0.6	0	0	1	<u>0</u> 0	<u>0</u> 1	0/1
	FM c MW c LW a	87.5–108.0 531–1620 153–281	25 9 1	50 9 1(9)	10.7 _450/459_	±10 ±3 ±0.6	0	1	0	0 0	0	0/1
	FM d MW e LW a	87.5–108.0 522–1620 153–281	12.5 9 1	25 9 1(9)	10.7 450/459 	±10 ±3 ±0.6	0	1	1	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u> 1	0/1
5115055	FM d MW c LW a	87.5–108.0 531–1620 153–281	12.5 9 1	25 9 1(9)	10.7 _450/459	±10 ±3 ±0.6	1	0	0	<u>0</u> 0	0 1	0/1
EUROPE	FM c MW e LW b	87.5–108.0 522–1620 146–290	25 9	50 9 1(9)	10.7 450/459	±10 ±3 ±0.6	0	0	1	<u>0</u>	0	0/1
	FM c MW c LW b	87.5–108.0 531–1620 146–290	25 9 1	50 9 1(9)	10.7 450/459 	±10 ±3 ±0.6	0	1	0	<u>0</u> 1	0	0/1
	FM d MW e LW b	87.5–108.0 522–1620 146–290	12.5 9 1	25 9 1(9)	10.7 450/459 ↑	±10 ±3 ±0.6	0	1	1	01	<u>0</u>	0/1
	FM d MW c LW b	87.5–108.0 531–1620 146–290	12.5 9 1	25 9 1(9)	10.7 _450/459 _↑	±10 ±3 ±0.6	1	0	0	<u>0</u> 1	0	0/1
JAPAN	FM e MW f	76.0–90.0 522–1629	50 9	100 9	-10.7 450	±10 ±3	1	0	1	0	0	0
SAUDI- ALABIA	FM b MW g	87.5–108.0 531–1602	50 9	100 9	-10.7 450	±10 ±3	1	0	1	0	0	1
SOUTH- AFRICA	FM f MW g	87.5–108.0 531–1602	50 9	100 9	-10.7 450	±10 ±3	1	0	1	0	1	0
EAST- EUROPE	FM g MW h	64.0–108.0 522–1620	25 9	50 9	10.7 450	±10 ±3	1	0	1	1	0	0

Notes:

- 1. In the Europe area, the diode matrix 'SHIFT' is used to select the desired IF frequency.
- 2. The (9)s of the STEP are the STEP values that will be effective with the IF count inactive in the Auto Tuning mode.

Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings at $Ta=25^{\circ}C,\,V_{SS}{=}0V$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply voltage	V _{DD} max		-0.3 to +6.5	V
land to the second	V _{IN} 1	HOLD, INT, RES, S meter, BACKUP	-0.3 to +13	V
Input voltage	V _{IN} 2	Input other than V _{IN} 1	−0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
Output valtage	V _{OUT} 1	R, T, C, AM/FM	-0.3 to +15	V
Output voltage	V _{OUT} 2	Output other than VOUT1	−0.3 to V _{DD} +0.3	V
	I _{OUT} 1	R, T, C, AM/FM, T8 to T11	0 to 5	mA
Output current	I _{OUT} 2	T12 to 14, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT, MO/ST, S1 to S28	0 to 3	mA
	I _{OUT} 3	T0 to T7	0 to 1	mA
Allowable power dissipation	Pd max	Ta=-40 to +85°C	400	mW
Operating temperature	Topr		-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-40 to +125	°C

Recommended Operating Conditions at $Ta=-40\ to\ +85^{\circ}C,\ V_{DD}=3.5\ to\ 5.5V$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings			Unit
Falanetei	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Offic
	V _{DD} 1	CPU, PLL operation	4.5		5.5	V
Supply voltage	V_{DD}^2	CPU operation	3.5		5.5	V
	V _{DD} 3	Memory hold	1.3		5.5	V
	V _{IH} 1	REMOCONIN, SD, STEREO, DIR	0.7V _{DD}		8.0	V
	V _{IH} 2	RES, INT, HOLD	0.8V _{DD}		8.0	V
	V _{IH} 3	BACKUP	2.5		8.0	V
Input high-level voltage	V _{IH} 4	K0 to K3	0.6V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
	V _{IH} 5	T12 to T14, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT, AMUTE, MO/ST	0.7V _{DD}		V _{DD}	٧
	V _{IH} 6	LCTR	0.8V _{DD}		V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL} 1	REMOCONIN, SD, STEREO, DIR	0		0.3V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL} 2	RES, INT	0		0.2V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL} 3	BACKUP	0		1.3	V
Input low-level voltage	V _{IL} 4	K0 to K3	0		0.2V _{DD}	V
mparion ioro ronago	V _{IL} 5	T12 to T14, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT, AMUTE, MO/ST	0		0.3V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL} 6	LCTR	0		0.2V _{DD}	V
	V _{IL} 7	HOLD	0		0.4V _{DD}	V
	f _{IN} 1	XIN, V _{IN} 1, V _{DD} 1	4.0	4.5	5.0	MHz
	f _{IN} 2	FMIN, V _{IN} 2, V _{DD} 1	10		130	MHz
Input frequency	f _{IN} 3	AMIN (MW, LW), V _{IN} 3, V _{DD} 1	0.5		10	MHz
	f _{IN} 4	HCTR (FMIF, AMIF), V _{IN} 4, V _{DD} 1	0.4		12	MHz
	f _{IN} 5		1		500k	Hz
	V _{IN} 1	XIN	0.50		1.5	Vrms
Input amplitude	V _{IN} 2	FMIN	0.10		1.5	Vrms
input ampitude	V _{IN} 3	AMIN	0.15		1.5	Vrms
	V _{IN} 4	HCTR	0.10		1.5	Vrms
Input voltage range	V _{IN} 5	S meter	0		V _{DD}	V

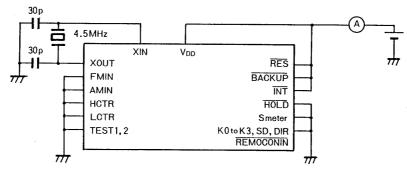
Electrical Characteristics (in line with the recommended operating conditions)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions			Unit	
Falametei	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Offic
Hysteresis voltage	٧H	RES, INT	0.1V _{DD}			V
Reject pulse width	PREJ	BACKUP			50	μs
Power-down detect voltage	VDET		2.7	3.0	3.3	V
	I _{IH} 1	INT, HOLD, RES, S meter, BACKUP, SD, REMOCONIN, STEREO, DIR, V _I =5.5V			3.0	μA
Input high-level current	I _{IH} 2	T12 to T14, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT, MO/ST, AMUTE output-off, V _I =V _{DD}			3.0	μA
mpat riight level earrein	I _{IH} 3	XIN, V _I =V _{DD} =5.0V	2.0	5.0	15	μΑ
	I _{IH} 4	FMIN, AMIN, HCTR, LCTR, V _I =V _{DD} =5.0V	4.0	10	30	μΑ
	I _{IH} 4	K0 to K3, V _I =V _{DD} =5.0V		50		μΑ
	I _{IL1}	V _I =V _{SS}			3.0	μΑ
Input low-level current	I _{IL2}	V _I =V _{SS}			3.0	μΑ
input low-level current	I _{IL3}	V _I =V _{SS}	2.0	5.0	15	μΑ
	I _{IL4}	V _I =V _{SS}	4.0	10	30	μΑ
Input floating voltage	V _{IF}	K0 to K3			0.05V _{DD}	V
Pull-down resistor	RPD	K0 to K3	75	100	200	kΩ
	l _{OFFH} 1	EO1, EO2, V _O =V _{DD}		0.01	10	nA
Output high-level off leakage current	I _{OFFH} 2	T0 to T14, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT, MO/ST, AMUTE, S25 to S28, VO=VDD			3.0	μA
	I _{OFFH} 3	R, T, C, AM/FM, V _O =13V			5.0	μΑ
	l _{OFFL} 1	EO1, EO2, V _O =V _{SS}		0.01	10	nA
Output low-level off leakage current	l _{OFFL} 2	T0 to T14, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT, MO/ST, AMUTE, V _O =V _{SS}			3.0	μA

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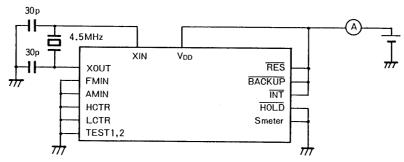
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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		Ratings		Unit
Farameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Onit
	V _{OH} 1	T0 to T7, I _O =1mA	V _{DD} -2.0	V _{DD} -1.0	V _{DD} -0.5	V
	V _{OH} ²	T12 to T14, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT, MO/ST, AMUTE, S25 to S28, I _O =1mA	V _{DD} -1.0			V
	V _{OH} 3	EO1, EO2, I _O =500μA	V _{DD} -1.0			V
Output high-level voltage	V _{OH} ⁴	XOUT, I _O =200μA	V _{DD} -1.0			V
	V _{OH} 5	S1 to S28, I _O =-0.1mA	V _{DD} -1.0			V
	V _{OH} 6	T8 to T11, I _O =5mA	V _{DD} -1.0			V
	V _{OH} 7	COM1, COM2, I _O =20µA	V _{DD} -0.7	V _{DD} -0.5	V _{DD} -0.35	V
	V _{OL} 1	T0 to T7, I _O =1mA	0.5	1.0	2.0	V
	V _{OL} 2	T12 to T14, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT, MO/ST, AMUTE, S25 to S28, I _O =1mA			1.0	V
	V _{OH} 3 EO1, EO2, I _O =500μA				1.0	V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OH} ⁴	XOUT, I _O =200μA			1.0	V
Output low-level voltage	V _{OH} 5	S1 to S28, I _O =0.1mA			1.0	V
	V _{OH} 6	T8 to T11, I _O =5mA			1.0	V
	V _{OH} 7	COM1, COM2, I _O =20µA			1.0	V
	VOH8	\overline{R} , \overline{T} , \overline{C} , AM/FM, I _O =5mA	0.75 (150Ω)		2.0 (400Ω)	V
Output intermediate-level voltage	٧ _M	COM1, COM2, V _{DD} =5V, I _O =20µA	2.0	2.5	3.0	V
AD conversion error	E _{VV}	S meter, V _{DD} 1	-1/2		+1/2	LSB
	I _{DD} 1	V _{DD} 1, f _{IN} =130MHz		15	20	mA
	I _{DD} 2	V _{DD} 2, PLL stop (in the HOLD mode. See Fig. 1.)		0.7		mA
Supply current	lan3	V _{DD} =5.5V. OSC stop. Ta=25°C. (in the BACK UP mode. See Fig. 2.)			5	μΑ
	I _{DD} 3	V _{DD} =2.5V. OSC stop. Ta=25°C. (in the BACK UP mode. See Fig. 2.)			1	μΑ



Note : T0 to T4, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT, \overline{AMUTE} , MO/ST, AM/FM, \overline{R} , \overline{T} , \overline{C} , S1 to S28, COM1 and COM2='Open'

Fig. 1 I_{DD} 2 test circuit in the HOLD mode



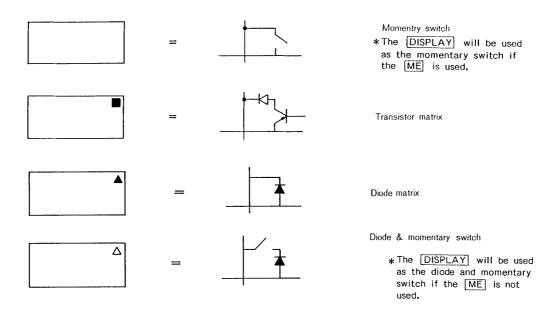
Note : T0 to T4, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT, \overline{AMUTE} , MO/ST, AM/FM, \overline{R} , T, \overline{C} , S1 to S28, COM1 and COM2='Open'

Unit (capacitance: F)

Fig. 2 $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize DD}}3$ test circuit in the BACK UP mode

Key and Diode Matrix

Ney and Did	The matrix				
IN					
OUT	K0	K1	K2	K3	
T0	LOUD	M1	M2	M3	
		M4	M5	M6	
T1	MO/ST	APS	NR	MTL	
T2	VF	DOWN	UP	SCAN UP	
ТЗ	BAND	SEEK DOWN	SEEK UP	CD	
		HA	MA	PS	
T4	LOC	APS	NR	AMEM	
T5	*△ DISPLAY	RMON	RMON POWER		
Т6	TAPE CDIN		FF	REW	
T7	CLOCK	CD SELECT	SKIN	DKIN	
T8 (MTL)	В0	B1	B2	IFSHIFT	
T9 (APS)	FMB0	FMB1	LW1	LW2	
T10 (NR1)	NR C	MEMORY TYPE	POWER SW	PRIORITY	
T11 (LOC/NR2)	IF COUNTO	IF COUNT1	COLON	VF AUTORETUNE	
T12 (VFOUT)	DOUBLE FUNCTION 0	DOUBLE FUNCTION 1	DOUBLE FUNCTION 2	VF SELECT A	
T13 (LOUD)	REMOCON	DK COUNT	ANTI THEFT	POWER OFF CLOCK ON	
T14 (CDOUT)	TAPE IND	FKEY0	FKEY1	DIR DISPLAY	



Pin Description

Pin No. 1 2 3	Name	I/O	Assignment	Active logic	Functional description	Unused pin
2	XIN			logic		handling
		I	_	-	Connected with 4.5kHz X'tal (Crystal) oscillator.	_
3	TEST2	1	_	-	Grounded to the common ground.	_
	PG3	l	REMOCONIN TAPE	L	Connected to the INT pin (active low) and used for the LC7461M signal input. If the REMOCON is not used, this pin can be used for Tape input. The TRMRX TAPE transistor is not required.	Direct connection with the V _{DD} .
4	PG2	I	SD	Н	This signal is an input signal used in the auto tuning mode to indicate that the desired channel frequency has been received.	_
5	PG1	I	STEREO	L	The RADIO mode will be activated 500ms later after the HOLD pin becomes inactive ('H'). The 'ST' will be turned on if the HOLD pin (active L) becomes active only in the FM and VF modes. The display will be activated 500ms later after the HOLD pin changes to 'H' from 'L'.	Direct connection with the V _{DD} .
6	PG0	I	DIR	H/L	This is used to indicate the 'direction' during TAPE mode. If this pin level is 'H' with the DIMRX 'TAPE IND'=0, the '>' will be turned on. If that level is 'L', the '<' will be turned on.	Direct connection with the V _{SS} or the V _{DD} .
7	PH3	0	R	L	Radio source select. This pin has the OD (Open Drain) type output circuit, which requires a pull-up resistor addition.	Open
8	PH2	0	T	L	Tape source select. This pin has the OD (Open Drain) type output circuit, which requires a pull-up resistor addition.	Open
9	PH1	0	C	L	CD source select. This pin has the OD (Open Drain) type output circuit, which requires a pull-up resistor addition.	Open
10	PH0	0	AM/FM	H/L	Output signal used for selecting the FM or AM band : L-level output=FM. H-level output=AM.	Open
11	PF3	0	MO/ST	Н	Controls the ST display in the RADIO FM mode (including the VF and RADIO monitor). If this output is 'L', the ST display circuit is activated. If it is 'H', its display will be turned off. This output level will be 'L' if the HOLD pin (active low) becomes active (clock selected), and the AM or CD mode is activated.	Open
			NR2	Н	Controls the 'DNR' display and the 'C' (preset CH digit display character) display will the DIMRX 'NR'='1' (DNR-C selection) in the TAPE mode: 'H' output=display ON. 'L' output=display OFF. This output signal becomes effective with HOLD pin='H' and at the power on.	
12	PF2	0	AMUTE	L	Audio mute control output. This pin will be 'H' if the HOLD pin becomes active (clock selected).	Open
13	PF1	0	IFCNT SCANCONT	H 	ON-OFF control signal for IF count buffer. This signal will be 'H' only when the SD signal becomes active in the Auto Search mode. In other cases, the pin level will remain Low. Diode matrix scan outputs. This signal will be 'H' only when the	Open
			SCANCOINT	"	HOLD pin becomes inactive ('H'). In other cases, the pin level will remain Low.	
14	PF0	0	POWER	Н	This output will be 'H' at the power on (when the POWER key is pressed with the DIMRX 'POWER SW'=1).	Open
			ALARM	H	This signal will become effective when the SKIN signal remains inactive (H-level) for about 30 seconds in the VF mode. The SKIN signal level is checked every about 25ms. If this output signal becomes active, the 'auto up search' operation will be started and at the same time the SKIN='L' will be repeatedly checked. For more details, refer to the timing section. This signal is effective if the DIMRX 'POWER SW" is 0.	
15	PE3	0	BEEP	Н	This signal will become active for about 50ms if the valid key is pressed.	Open
16	PE2	0	CDOUT	Н	CD power source select output.	Open
4-7	DE4		T14	Н	Diode scan out.	
17	PE1	0	LOUD	Н	Controls the 'LOUD' display: 'H' for the 'LOUD' display ON. 'L' for the 'LOUD' display OFF. This signal will be effective only at the power on with the HOLD pin='H' (inactive).	Open
			T13	Н	Diode scan out.	
18	PE0	0	VFOUT MW/LW	H L/H	VF control output. MW or LW select control out MW : 'L' LW : 'H'	Open
			T12	Н	Diode scan out.	
19	PD3	0	LOC	Н	The signal will be active only when the SEEK or the SCAN operation is being carried out with the 'LOC' display ON in the RADIO mode. If the 'LOC' display is inactivated, this signal will be 'L'. Note that the output signal is effective at the power on with the HOLD='H'.	Open
			T11	Н	Diode scan out.	
20	PD2	0	NR1	Н	This signal will be active only when the 'NR' and the preset CH digit display 'B' are turned on in the TAPE mode. If they are inactivated, this signal will be 'L'. Note that the output signal is effective only at the power on with the HOLD='H'.	Open
			T10	Н	Diode scan out.	†

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Pin	ed from preceding		A :	Active		Francisco de carintina	Unused pin	
No.	Name	1/0	Assignment	logic		Functional description	handling	
21	PD1	0	APS T9	H 		tive only when the 'APS' is turned on in the isplay is turned off, this signal will be 'L'.	Open	
22	PD0	0	MTL	Н		tive only when the 'MTL' is turned on in the isplay is turned off, this signal will be 'L'.	Open	
			Т8	Н	Diode scan out			
23	PC3	0	T7	Н	Diode scan out	Diode scan out		
24	PC2	0	Т6	Н	Key scan out		Open	
25	PC1	0	T5	Н	Key scan out		Open	
26	PC0	0	T4	Н	Key scan out		Open	
27	PB3	0	Т3	Н	Key scan out		Open	
28	PB2	0	T2	Н	Key scan out		Open	
29	PB1	0	T1	Н	Key scan out		Open	
30	PB0	0	ТО	Н	Key scan out		Open	
31	V _{DD}	-	_	-	+5V supply voltage in	nput	Open	
32	PA3	I	K3	Н	Key, diode scan in		Open	
33	PA2	I	K2	Н	Key, diode scan in		Open	
34	PA1	I	K1	Н	Key, diode scan in		Open	
35	PA0	I	К0	Н	Key, diode scan in		Open	
Pin No.	Name	I/O		COM1		COM2	Unused pin handling	
36	S28	0		ST		LOC	Open	
37	S27	0		DNR MTL		MTL	Open	
38	S26	0		APS		LOUD	Open	
39	S25	0		AM		PM	Open	
40	S24	0		1a		RMON	Open	
41	S23	0		1d		1c	Open	
42	S22	0		1e		1g	Open	
43	S21	0		1f		1b	Open	
44	S20	0		2a		5	Open	
45	S19	0		2d	2c		Open	
46	S18	0		2e		2g	Open	
47	S17	0		2f		2b	Open	
48	S16	0		3a		dp	Open	
49	S15	0		3d		3c	Open	
50	S14	0		3e		3g	Open	
51	S13	0		3f		3b	Open	
52	S12	0		4a		colon	Open	
53	S11	0		4d		4c	Open	
54	S10	0		4e		4g	Open	
55	S9	0		4f		4b	Open	
56	S8	0		5a		SK	Open	
57	S7	0		5d		5c	Open	
58	S6	0		5e		5g	Open	
59	S5	0		ST		5b	Open	
60	S4	0		LW (MW	(2)	VF	Open	
61	S3	0		FM3	•	MW (MW1)	Open	
62	S2	0		FM1		FM2	Open	
63	S1	0				→ NNZ	Open	
64	COM2	0		7	COMMON		Open	
0-	JOIVIZ				COMMO	T GITTOT	Open	

Pin No.	Name	I/O	Assignment	Active logic	Functional description	Unused pin handling
66	INT	I	REMOCONIN	L	REMOTE CONTROL signal input. This pin requires a pull-up resistor to be externally added.	Direct connection with the V _{DD} pin.
67	HOLD	I	HOLD	L	POWER ON/OFF detect input. This pin is preceded by the POWER SW in its closed circuit. If the pin changes from 'H' to 'L', the chip enters the following operational states: -With clock: The oscillation does not stop and the clock count continues. (HOLD mode, IDD=0.7mA (typical)) -Without clock: The oscillation stops and the power save mode will be started. (BACKUP mode, IDD=5µA (Max.))	-
68	RES	I	-	L	Direct connection to the V _{DD} .	Direct connection with the V _{DD} pin.
68	ADI	I	S meter	-	S meter signal input: The input signal should be within the range between 0V and 3.2V. If the input signal exceeds the upper limit (3.2V), it should reach the chip pin via a resistor divider. This pin should be connected to the V _{DD} pin if the chip stores signals sequentially (SD timings) from M1.	Direct connection with the V _{DD} pin.
70	HCTR	I	HCTR	-	FMIF and AMIF inputs. The input signals should reach the chip pin through the AC coupling and be greater than 100mV (rms). For more information, refer to the DIMRX 'IF COUNTO, and 1' section. Tolerance: FM±10kHz MW±3kHz LW±0.6kHz	Direct connection with the V _{SS} pin.
71	LCTR	I	LCTR	-	AMIF inputs. The input signals should reach the chip pin through the AC coupling and be greater than 100mV (rms). For more information, refer to the DIMRX 'IF COUNT0, and 1' section. Tolerance: MW±3kHz LW±0.6kHz	Direct connection with the V _{SS} pin.
			DKsignal	-	DK signal 125Hz COUNT input. The LCTR frequency measurement is started every second. If an input signal is measured for 384ms three times in a row and its frequency is within the range between 115Hz and 135Hz (125Hz±10Hz) at each time, the input signal will be handled as the DK input. 3 s(last time) LCTR 384ms count The DK input amplitude should be within the ranges: V _{IH} =0.8V _{DD} to V _{DD} , V _{IL} =0 to 0.2V _{DD} .	
72	SNS	ı	SKIN BACKUP	L	In the application without the ANTI-THEFT function, this pin is used as the SKIN (active low). If the pin level is 'L', the SK display is turned on. This input pin has the same function as the TRMRX input 'SKIN'. This pin can also be used as the BACKUP pin (active low) as discussed below. This pin is used to detect a MEMO line desconnection. The drower type and the ANTI-THEFT (or thief-proof) TYPE set products use this pin.	Direct connection with the V _{DD} pin.
73	V_{DD}		_	-	+5V supply voltage input pin	_
74	FMIN	I	-	-	FM local OSC input. The input signal should reach the chip pin through the AC coupling and be greater than 100mV (rms).	Direct connection with the V _{SS} pin.
75	AMIN	I	_	-	AM local OSC input. The input signal should reach the chip pin through the AC coupling and be greater than 100mV (rms).	Direct connection with the V _{SS} pin.
76	V _{SS}		_	-	Grounded to the common ground.	-
77	EO1	0	_	-	Phase comparator output. To be connected to the LPF (Low Pass Filter). Same as the EO2 pin.	Open
78	EO2	0	-	-	Phase comparator output. To be connected to the LPF (Low Pass Filter). Same as the EO1 pin.	Open
79	TEST1	1	-	-	Connected to the common ground.	_
80	XOUT	0	_	-	Connected to the 4.5MHz X'tal (crystal) oscillator.	_

Diode Matrix (DIMRX) Select

0: without diode, 1: with diode

	Fur	nctional Descri	ption					
CLOCK 0 Selects the clock function: The (HOLD pin ='L'). 12Hr: USA, JAPAN, SAUDI-AI 24Hr: EUROPE, EAST-EURO	_ABIA, SOUTH-A	•	A in the clock o	peration mode with the ACC='OFF'				
Does not select the clock function operation mode with the ACC='C			be 5μA (Max.) a	after the chip enters the BACKUP				
CD SELECT 0 Does not select the CD function	:CDIN inhibited. 7	The CDOUT p	in level will be	set to 'L'.				
1 Selects the CD function : CDIN 6	enabled. The CDC	OUT pin level	will be 'H' when	the CDIN changes to 'L'.				
B0 - See the frequency table. B1 B2 IFSHIFT LW1 LW2	e frequency table.							
FMB0 FMB1 FMB0 FMB1		FM preset	channels					
0 0 FM1, FM2, FM3	(18 channels)							
0 1 FM1, FM2	(12 channels)							
1 0 FM1	(6 channels)							
1 1 Not assigned								
	h the NR key, the	display chan	ges in the order	of 'off' and then NR B. The 'DNR'				
display is also turned on. 1 Selects the DNR C : With the NF	R kev. the display	changes in th	e order of 'off'.	NR B and then NR C.				
Key on	off	NR B	NR C]				
Digit 1	- 011		,-					
display data	off	🚡 "DNR"	DNR"	Display digit 1 indicates each mode.				
Pins NR1	L	Н	L	indicates each mode.				
NR2	L	Н	Н					
MEMORY O All I I I I I I I		(144) 140		1. 16 4.5				
MEMORY 0 Allows memory update without the TYPE seconds. The ME key is not us		of [IVI1] to [IVI6]	keys needs to	be pressed for more than 1.5				
Allows memory update with the ME key is pressed.	ME key : Any of M	11 to M6 keys	needs to be pr	essed within 5 seconds after the				
POWER SW 0 Controls the power ON/OFF with	the HOLD pin :	See section 11	I, 'Example pov	ver source connection'.				
1 Controls the power ON/OFF with	the POWER key	: See section	11, 'Example p	power source connection'.				
PRIORITY 0 Clock display is given priority.		This	annlies only to t	he case where the clock function				
1 Frequency, TAPE and CD displa	ys are given prior			DIMRX 'CLOCK'=0).				
IFCOUNT 1 IFCOUNT 0 count mod	de HCTR pin	LCTR pin		note				
IFCOUNT 1 IFCOUNT 0 count mod								
IFCOUNT 0 0 0 selected	FIVIIF	AIVIIF						
iii oooiti o countinoc		(DK signal)	LW : In the S with STEP=9					
IFCOUNT 0 0 selected	ed grounded	(DK signal)						
IFCOUNT 0	ed grounded in the clock mode	(DK signal)						
IFCOUNT 0 0 0 selected IFCOUNT 1 1 0 Not selected COLON 0 Turns on the colon display 1 Turns on and off the colon VF 0 Activates the auto retune m 30 seconds in the VF mode	in the clock mode display : ON-OFF node : The auto re e. The ALARM ou	(DK signal) c: cycle=1Hz ctune mode witput is still effe	with STEP=9 Ill be started if tective.	he SKIN (active low) ='H' continues				
IFCOUNT 0 0 0 selected IFCOUNT 1 1 0 Not selected COLON 0 Turns on the colon display 1 Turns on and off the colon VF 0 Activates the auto retune m 30 seconds in the VF mode	in the clock mode display : ON-OFF node : The auto re e. The ALARM ou retune mode : Th	(DK signal) c: cycle=1Hz ctune mode witput is still effe e auto retune	with STEP=9 Ill be started if tective. mode will not be	he SKIN (active low) = 'H' continues e started even if the SKIN (active				
IFCOUNT 0	grounded in the clock mode display : ON-OFF node : The auto re e. The ALARM ou retune mode : Th onds in the VF mo	(DK signal) c: cycle=1Hz ctune mode witput is still effe e auto retune	with STEP=9 Ill be started if tective. mode will not be	he SKIN (active low) = 'H' continues e started even if the SKIN (active				
IFCOUNT 0 0 0 selected IFCOUNT 1 1 0 Not selected COLON 0 Turns on the colon display 1 Turns on and off the colon VF AUTORETUNE 0 Activates the auto retune m 30 seconds in the VF mode 1 Does not activate the auto low) = 'H' continues 30 seconds	grounded in the clock mode display : ON-OFF node : The auto re e. The ALARM ou retune mode : Th onds in the VF mo	(DK signal) c: cycle=1Hz ctune mode witput is still effe e auto retune	with STEP=9 Ill be started if tective. mode will not be	he SKIN (active low) = 'H' continues e started even if the SKIN (active				
IFCOUNT 0	grounded in the clock mode display: ON-OFF node: The auto re e. The ALARM ou retune mode: Th onds in the VF mode.	(DK signal) F cycle=1Hz etune mode without is still effere auto retune auto retune de. The ALAF	with STEP=9 Ill be started if tective. mode will not be	the SKIN (active low) ='H' continues e started even if the SKIN (active				
IFCOUNT 0 0 0 selected IFCOUNT 1 1 0 Not selected COLON 0 Turns on the colon display 1 Turns on and off the colon VF AUTORETUNE 0 Activates the auto retune m 30 seconds in the VF mode 1 Does not activate the auto low) ='H' continues 30 seconds. VF SELECT 0 Does not select the VF mode.	grounded in the clock mode display: ON-OFF node: The auto ou retune mode: Th onds in the VF mode. e control function.	(DK signal) F cycle=1Hz etune mode without is still effere auto retune auto retune de. The ALAF	with STEP=9 Ill be started if tective. mode will not be	he SKIN (active low) = 'H' continues e started even if the SKIN (active				
IFCOUNT 0	grounded in the clock mode display: ON-OFF node: The auto re e. The ALARM ou retune mode: Th onds in the VF mode. e control function.	(DK signal) c: cycle=1Hz etune mode wi tput is still effe e auto retune de. The ALAF	with STEP=9 Ill be started if tactive. mode will not be RM output is no	he SKIN (active low) = 'H' continues e started even if the SKIN (active				

 $[\]ensuremath{^{*}}$ The SEEK operation jumps to the 9-kHz step mode from the manual mode.

Diode matrix name	on /off				Functio	nal Desc	ription				
ANTI	0	Selects the ANT	I-THEFT 1	unction.							
THEFT	1	Does not select	the ANTI-	THEFT fo	unction.						
POWER OFF	0	Inactivates the c	lock displa	ay during	off-power.						
CLOCK ON	1	Activates the clo	ck display	during o	ff-power.						
DIR	0	Enables the TAF	E direction	n indicati	ion.						
DISPLAY	1	Didables the TA	PE direction	on indicat	tion.						
TAPE IND This allows the indicated four	0	The four charact such as	ne four characters are displayed on the 7-segment display panel.								
characters to be displayed on the 7-segment panel, irrespective of clock mode selection.	1	marked by the u the 7 segments the arrows.	oisplay mode selection: In the FORWARD operation mode, PLAY=0.5s, F=125ms (with the TRMRX 'FF'='L'). In the REVERSE operation mode,								
DOUBLE FUNCTION0 FUNCTION1	have their	FF=125ms (with REW=125ms (w BLE FUNCTION F own purposes.	the TRMI ith the TR keys avail	RX 'FF'='I MRX 'FF able in th	,	RD opera	are show	e,	table below. keys M4, M5 and M6		
FUNCTION2		FUNCTION2	FUNC	TION1	FUNCTION0	M4	M5	M6			
		0		0	0	APS	NR	MTL			
		0		0	1	_	_	_			
		0		1	0	_	APS	MTL			
		0		1	1	_	_	MTL			
		1		0	0	_	_	APS			
		1		0	1	_	_	NR			
		1		1	0	_	NR	MTL			
		1		1	1	-	APS	NR			
FKEY0 FKEY1			tions are		sed for APS, NR a during the clock d				eys are not effective in the RADIO		

Transistor Matrix (TRMRX) Input

'H' and 'L': Transistor base polarities

	Active logic		Functional Description					
TAPE	L	Selects t	elects the TAPE mode.					
	Н	Selects a	ects any other mode than the TAPE mode.					
CDIN	L		the CD mode. The CD is given the tritization is: RADIO mode < TAF					
	Н	Selects a	any other mode than the CD mod	de.				
FF/REW	L	Controls	the DIRECTION indication in the	TAPE mode with the DIMRX 'E	DIR DISPLAY'=0, as shown below.			
				FORWARD	REVERSE			
			PLAY (FF, REW="H")	>	•			
			REW (FF="H", REW="L")	2 Hz flash	2 Hz flash			
			FF (FF="L", REW="H")	2 Hz flash	2 Hz flash			
SKIN	L	has noth When th later afte SKIN rer M1-M6 is	is signal becomes active in the FM mode with the DIMRX "VF SELECT'=1, the \boxed{SK} display is turned on. This nothing to do with the \boxed{VF} mode ON/OFF state. en the \boxed{VF} key is pressed, the \boxed{SKIN} ='L' is searched immediately. If the \boxed{SKIN} signal is active about 250ms r after the SD signal is detected, that channel will be selected. The auto retune operation will be started if the \boxed{N} remains 'H' 30 seconds (this signal is checked every 25ms). In this mode, the \boxed{SKIN} signal (active low) of M6 is checked. If no \boxed{SKIN} signal is found, the next \boxed{SKIN} ='L' will be searched for.					
DKIN	L	COUNT This app	=1, the RADIO mode will be selection to	ected allowing the ARI broadcast only.	, TAPE or CD mode with the DIMRX 'E to be received. cted after the SK SEEK operation.	ЭK		

Source Select Port

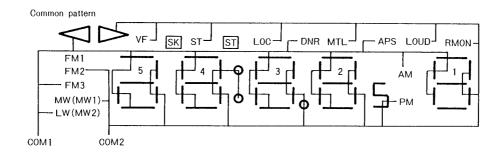
The OUT pins to select sources are set as shown below according to the modes.

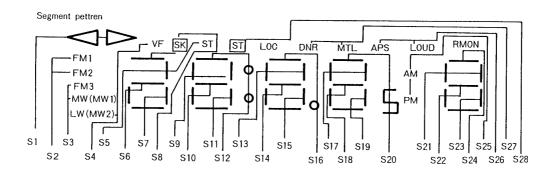
These outputs can be used to select the desired sound source.

0="L" 1="H"

VF	Mode out pin			R	Ŧ	C	AM/FM	VF/ML	CDOUT
off			0 1 1	1 0 1	1 1 0	1/0 1/0 1/0	0 0 0	0 0 1	
on	DK SK mode standby		RADIO TAPE CD	0 1 1	1 0 1	1 1 0	0 0 0	1 1 1	0 0 1
		PS SCAN	RADIO TAPE CD	0 0 0	1 1 1	1 1 1	0 0 0	1 1 1	0 0 1
		SK mode Radio monitor	RADIO TAPE CD	0 0 0	1 1 1	1 1 1	0 0 0	1 1 1	0 0 1
	DK mode		RADIO TAPE CD	0 0 0	1 1 1	1 1 1	0 0 0	1 1 1	0 0 1

LCD Display Pattern





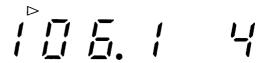
	COM1	COM2		COM1	COM2
S1	◁	⊳	S15	3d	3c
S2	FM1	FM2	S16	3a	dp
S3	FM3	MW (MW1)	S17	2f	2b
S4	LW (MW2)	VF	S18	2e	2g
S5	ST	5b	S19	2d	2c
S6	5e	5g	S20	2a	5
S7	5d	5c	S21	1f	1b
S8	5a	SK	S22	1e	1g
S9	4f	4b	S23	1d	1c
S10	4e	4g	S24	1a	RMON
S11	4d	4c	S25	AM	PM
S12	4a	colon	S26	APS	LOUD
S13	3f	3b	S27	DNR	MTL
S14	3e	3g	S28	ST	LOC

SANYO standard panel LCD-8162JP

Display Examples

RADIO mode: FM frequency display

VF mode: DK on FM frequency display



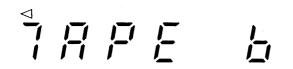
RADIO mode: AM frequency display



TAPE mode: 12-hour clock display



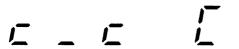
TAPE mode: TAPE display and NR B



TAPE mode: 24-hour clock display and NR B



TAPE mode: TAPE run display and NR C



CD mode: CD display; DIMRX 'CLOCK'=1



ANTI THEFT mode : factory mode entry indication and blinking



ANTI THEFT mode : P.C. code registration and blinking



ANTI THEFT mode : parsonal code entry indication and blinking



RADIO mode: 'P' blinks when the ME key is pressed.



Key Description

- (1) M1 to M6 and ME
- (a) RADIO mode

These keys are used to carry out 'preset memory' write and read operations.

Slow type (DIMRX 'MEMORY TYPE'=0)

If any of M1 to M6 keys is turned off within a 1.5 seconds, the memory data that corresponds to that key will be read. If it is pressed continuously for more than 1.5 second, the frequency currently displayed will be written to the memory.

- ME key type (DIMRX 'MEMORY TYPE'=1)

If the ME key is pressed, the P character (indicating the preset channel) will be flashing at a cycle of 2Hz. This means that data can be written to the preset memory. If any key of M1 to M6 is pressed in this situation within 5 seconds, the frequency currently displayed will be written.

If any other key is pressed or the HOLD (active low) signal becomes active within the 5 seconds, the write status will be released.

(b) TAPE mode

In the TAPE mode, keys M4 to M6 can be used as the TAPE keys.

Through the DIMRX selection, the following DOUBLE FUNCTION keys becomes available. Each key (M4 through M6) has their own function. The DOUBLE FUNCTIONs marked by the '-' are not supported.

FUNCTION2	FUNCTION1	FUNCTION0	M4	M5	M6
0	0	0	APS	NR	MTL
0	0	1	-	-	_
0	1	0	-	APS	MTL
0	1	1	-	-	MTL
1	0	0	-	-	APS
1	0	1	-	-	NR
1	1	0	-	NR	MTL
1	1	1	_	APS	NR

(c) VF mode

During the TAPE and RADIO operation under the VF mode, keys M1 through M6 can be used for tuning.

(d) Clock update with the ME key (DIMRX 'MEMORY TYPE'=1)

The clock update can be performed by pressing the <u>HA</u> and <u>MA</u> (or the <u>M1</u> and <u>M2</u>) while holding down the <u>ME</u> key

This function is effective only when the HOLD (active low) becomes inactive (or at the POWER on).

(2) HA and M1

These keys are used to update the 'HOUR' value. However, note that they only allow the value to increase. If they are pressed once, the value will be incremented by 1 (one hour). If they are pressed continuously for more than 500ms, the value will increase at a speed of 4 (hours) per socond. These keys do not affect the minute and second data display. If the ME key is used, these keys should be pressed synchronously with it. If it is not used, they should be pressed synchronously with the DISPLAY key.

This function is effective only when the clock display is active.

In the TAPE mode, the HA key can be assigned to the APS or the MTL.

(3) \overline{MA} and $\overline{M2}$

These keys are used to update the 'minute' value. However, note that they only allow the value to increase. If they are pressed once, the value will be incremented by 1. If they are pressed continuously for more than 500ms, the value can be increased at a speed of 8 (minutes) per second. In this case, the 'second' value is reset to 0. There will be no carry from the minute data. If the ME key is used, they should be pressed synchronously with it. If the ME key is not used, they should be used together with the DISPLAY key. This function is effective only when the clock display is active.

In the TAPE mode, the \overline{MA} key can be assigned to the \overline{NR} .

Keys HA and MA can have the following functions through the DIMRX 'FKEY0, 1' manipulation.

FKEY1	FKEY0	НА	MA
0	0	_	-
0	1	APS	NR
1	0	MTL	NR
1	1	APS	-

(4) UP and DOWN

These keys are used for manual tuning. If they are pressed once, the current frequency value can be decreased (DOWN) or increased (UP) one step. If they are pressed continuously for more than 500ms, the value will change at a step of about 70ms. The system will enter a wait state of about 500ms when the frequency value has reached a band edge.

In the VF mode, they can be used as the SEEK UP, DOWN keys.

These functions are effective only when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER on.

(5) SEEK UP and SEEK DOWN

These keys are used for automatic station searching. If the desired station is searched, its frequency is held. If the SCAN key is pressed during the seek operation, the SCAN mode will be activated. This means that if the SEEK UP key is pressed during the SEEK DOWN operation, the scan operation in the UPward direction is started. If the SEEK DOWN key is pressed during the SEEK UP operation, the scan operation in the DOWNward direction is started as well.

If these keys are pressed twice in a row, the SEARCH mode will be released. The system will enter a wait state of about 500ms when the search operation has reached a band edge. The search speed is 50ms/step for FM, or 70ms/step for AM.

These functions are effective only when the \overline{HOLD} signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER on.

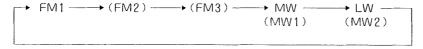
(6) SCAN

This key is used for automatic station searching. If the desired station is searched, its frequency is held for 5 seconds (AMUTE (active low)='H'). If the key is pressed again during this 5-second period, the frequency is officially held. If no action is taken during that 5-second period, the system will continue the search operation. If the SEEK DOWN key is pressed during the scan operation, the seek operation in the DOWNward direction will be started. If this key is pressed twice in a row, the SCAN mode will be released. The system will enter a wait state of about 500ms if the search operation has reached a band edge. The search speed is 50ms/step for FM, or 70ms/step for AM.

This key is effective only when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER on.

(7) BAND

This key is used to select the desired frequency band. The current band value will be changed every time when this key is pressed.



This key is effective only when the $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER on.

(8) VF

This key is used to activate the VF mode for FM band. It can be used in any band under the RADIO mode.

When this key is pressed, the 'VF' display will be turned on and the VFOUT output will change to 'H'. In this situation, the SD signal will be checked 300ms later. In addition, the \overline{SKIN} signal (active low) will be checked 250ms (750ms if bands are changed) later. If the SKIN signal is active, the frequency is held. If it is inactive ('H'), the system will start auto search operation for the SK station, and then keep a frequency at the moment when the \overline{SKIN} signal (active low) becomes active.

The SK display in the Europe and FM modes is turned on when the \overline{SKIN} signal (active low) becomes active. It has nothing to do with the VF function.

Key	Display	status	Output status
VE	VE	ON	Н
	V F	OFF	L

 \cdot The \overline{VF} and \overline{SEEK} keys perform the following functions according to the VF modes and \overline{SKIN} signal (active low) levels:

(VF mode)	SKIN	If VF is pressed.	If SEEK is pressed.	If the same SEEK key is pressed during a seek operation.	If the VF key is pressed during a seek operation.
off	Н	The VF mode is activated and the SK station search is then started.	The normal station search is started.	The current search operation stops immediately.	The VF mode is activated and the SK station search is then started.
off	L	The VF mode is activated.	Same as above	Same as above	Same as above
on	H/L	The VF mode is inactivated.	The SK station search is started.	The SEEK operation continues.	The VF mode is inactivated and the previous state is restored.

broadcast.

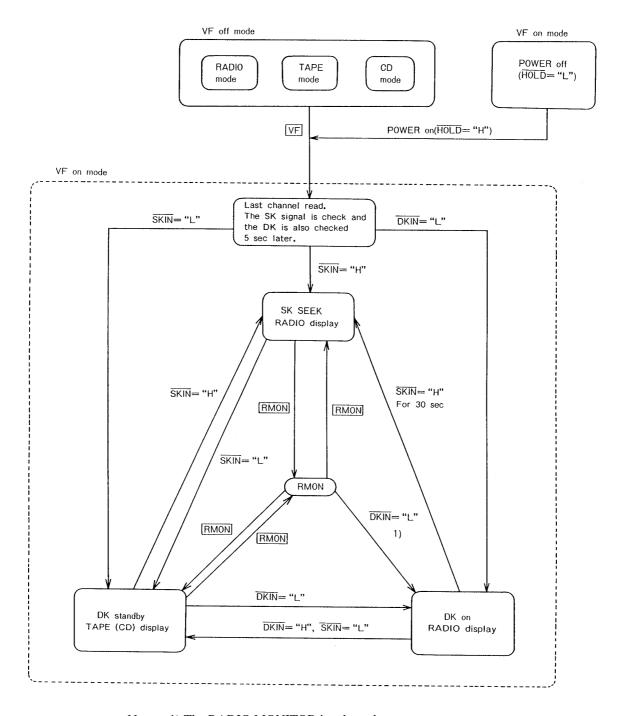
· If the $\overline{\text{VF}}$ key is pressed in the TAPE or CD mode (with the VF mode not activated), the following operations can be performed according to the $\overline{\text{SKIN}}$ and $\overline{\text{DKIN}}$ (active low each) signal levels :

•		_						
	SKIN	DKIN	If the VE key is pressed in the TAPE or the CD mode (VF mode OFF to ON)	mode	R	Ŧ	Ē	AM/FM
1)	Н	н	The frequency is displayed and the \$\overline{SKIN}\$ signal SEEK UP operation is started. If the \$\overline{SKIN}='L' is detected, the display	TAPE mode	Н	L	Н	L
T)	"	''	mode is changed to the TAPE or the CD mode display. The system goes to (3) if it detects the \overline{DKIN} ='L'.	TAPE or the CD mode display. The etects the DKIN='L'. CD mode H H H ETAPE or the CD mode display. It	L	L		
(2)		The system continues the TAPE or the CD mode display. It goes to (3) if it detects the DKIN='L'. The system starts the retuning operation and then checks the SKIN signal (active		TAPE mode	Н	L	Н	L
2	_	Н	seconds (checked every 25 seconds) with the DIMRX 'VF AUTORETUNE'=0. If no SKIN signal is detected, the system starts the SEEK UP operation.	KIN signal becomes inactive 30 ry 25 seconds) with the DIMRX 'VF o SKIN signal is detected, the system CD mode H H		L	L	
		,		,				
	SKIN	DKIN	Operations		R	T	C	AM/FM
(3)			The system enters the frequency display mode and then starts	the ARI		ш	ш	

If the VF key is pressed (VF mode OFF to VF mode ON) in the RADIO MONITOR mode, the RADIO MONITOR mode is released and operation (1) or (2) will be then started.

- The SKIN signal (active low) is checked for 3 seconds at the POWER on (or when the HOLD signal (active low) changes to 'H' from 'L'). If it remains 'H' during the 3-second period, the retuning operation is started. In this case, the SKIN signal (active low) of M1-M6 will be checked. If it is not detected, the SEEK UP operation will be started.
- The above operations can be performed only if the \overline{HOLD} signal (active low) is active or at the POWER on.
- The VF mode can be released by pressing the VF or the BAND key. However, the BAND key is not effective in the TAPE mode (TAPE signal (active low)='L'), CD mode and RADIO MONITOR mode.

The state diagram for the VF mode is shown below.



Notes: 1) The RADIO MONITOR is released.

- 2) indicates a key.
- 3) If the VF mode is changed to ON from OFF during the RADIO MONITOR mode, the monitor mode will be released.

(9) PS/AMEN

This key is used to perform two different functions. If it is pressed for less than 2 seconds, the PS (Preset Scan) mode will be started. If it is pressed for more than 2 seconds, the AMEN (Auto store MEMory) mode will be started. This key is effective only when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes active or at the POWER on.

(a) PS (Preset Scan) operation

If this key is pressed, the channel number currently display will be incremented sequentially. If no channel number is displayed currently, the increment will start from channel number 1. If the desired station is encountered, the \overline{AMUTE} (active low) becomes inactive for five seconds. The LOC/DX is set to the DX unconditionally. The channel number display blinks at a cycle of 1Hz during the PS operation. If this key is pressed twice in a row, the PS mode will be released.

The PS mode can be released by pressing any one of the following keys:

PS/AMEM, SEEK UP, SEEK DOWN, SCAN, UP, DOWN, M1 to M6, POWER, BAND and VF. In addition, the PS mode can be released when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes active, and TAPE or CD mode is started.

The Preset Scan direction is determined by the DIMRX 'FMB0, FMB1, B0-B2', as shown below:



(b) AMEM operation

· FM mode

Channels are stored to M1 to M6 in this order according to the intensities of electric field (ADI pin input).

[FM1, FM2 and FM3 selection mode] (DIMRX 'FMB0, 1'=0, 0)

- : If the FM1 band is first selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the FM1 to the M6 of the FM3. \rightarrow 18 channels.
- : If the FM2 band is first selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the FM2 to the M6 of the FM3. \rightarrow 12 channels.
- : If the FM3 band is first selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the FM3 to the M6 of the FM3. \rightarrow 6 channels.

[FM1 and FM2 selection mode] (DIMRX 'FMB0, 1=1, 0)

- : If the FM1 band is first selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the FM1 to the M6 of the FM2. \rightarrow 12 channels.
- : If the FM2 band is first selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the FM2 to the M6 of the FM2. \rightarrow 6 channels.

[FM1 only selection mode] (DIMRX 'FMB0, 1=0, 1]

- : If the FM1 band is selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the FM1 to the M6 of the FM1. \rightarrow 6 channels. [VF selection mode] (DIMRX 'VF SELECT'=1)
 - : If the VF band is selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the VF to the M6 of the VF. \rightarrow 6 channels.
- · MW and LW modes

Place the system in the LOCAL mode by setting the LOC pin level to 'H'. Then, start the channel storage from M1. If some of the M1 to M6 are not used for channel storage, change the LOC pin level to 'L' to activate the DX mode and then store channels to the remaining memories.

· None-LW mode (MW1 and MW2)

If the MW1 band is first selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the MW1 to the M6 of the MW2. \rightarrow 12 channels.

If the MW2 band is first selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the MW2 to the M6 of the MW2. \rightarrow 6 channels.

During the auto store operation under any band mode, the '\(\frac{1}{2} \) is flashed at a cycle of 1Hz. If the entire channel storage area is not used up, the remaining preset channel area is left as is. In this case, channel '1' is read and then displayed.

The one of the following keys can be used to release the AMEM operation.

PS/AMEM, POWER, BAND, VF, and CD

In addition, this operation mode will be released when the \overline{HOLD} signal (active low) becomes active, and TAPE or CD mode is started.

(10) CD

This key is used to start the CD mode. In this mode, the 'CD' display is turned on and the CDOUT output goes high.

Key	Display	Display status	
[CD])(Display ON	Н
	7 5	Display OFF	L

When this key is pressed with the \overline{HOLD} signal (active low)='H', the CD mode is activated immediately. The CD mode will be released when the \overline{HOLD} signal changes from 'H', to 'L' and then to 'H' again, or when the POWER is turned on, turned off and then turned on again.

This key function is effective when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER ON. However, this function is not effective when the CDIN signal (active low) becomes active.

(11) LOC

This key is used in the RADIO mode. If this key is pressed, the 'LOC' display is turned on. In this situation, if the SEEK or the SCAN key is pressed, the LOC output goes high and the local search operation is then started. The LOC output goes low when the seek or the scan operation is released.

Ke	y	Display status		'Normal' output status	'Search' output status
	LOC LOC	Display ON	Н	Н	
LC	C	LOC	Display OFF	L	L

This key function is effective when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER ON.

(12) LOUD

If this key is pressed once, the 'LOUD' display is turned on and the LOUD output goes high. If it is pressed again, the 'LOUD' display is turned off and the LOUD output goes low.

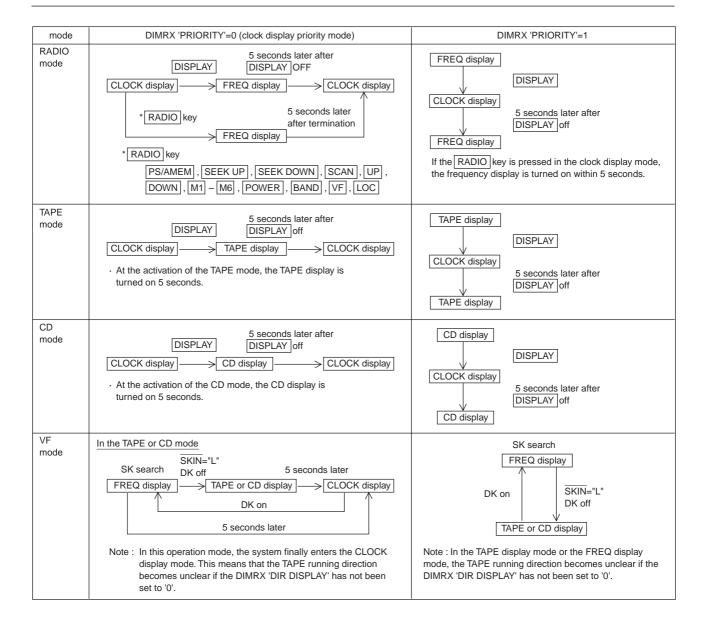
Key	Display	Display status		
LOUD	LOUD	Display ON	Н	
LOOD	LOOD	Display OFF	L	

This key function is effective when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER ON.

(13) DISPLAY

This key is used in the clock mode (DIMRX 'CLOCK'=0) to change the display information (clock and frequency, clock and TAPE display, and clock and CD display). This key can be used in every operation mode when the HOLD signal (active low) or at the POWER ON.

If the ME is not used (DIMRX 'MEMORY TYPE'=0), this key can be used together with the HA or the MA key to change the clock data. This function is effective when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER ON/OFF.



(14) **RMON**

This key is used to activate the RADIO MONITOR mode temporarily. If the key is pressed in the TAPE or the CD operational mode, the 'RMON' display blinks at a cycle of 1Hz. During this blink mode, RADIO frequencies can be received. If this key is pressed again, the RADIO MONITOR mode will be released and the previous operational mode is restored.

Key	Diaplay	Display status		Output status		
Key	Display	/ Status	Output status R T L H ** **	c		
RMON	RMON	Display ON	L	Н	Н	
RIVION	RIVION	Display OFF	**	**	**	

^{**:} Indicate the statuses that are prior to the activation of the RADIO MONITOR mode.

This key is effective in the DK wait (standby) state under the VF operational mode.

If the VF key is pressed (VF mode OFF to VF mode ON) in the RADIO MONITOR mode, the RADIO MONITOR mode is released and operation (1) or (2) will be then started.

	SKIN	DKIN	If the WE key is pressed in the TAPE or the CD mode (VF					
			mode OFF to ON)	mode	R	Ŧ	C	AM/FM
1	Н	н	The frequency is displayed and the SKIN signal SEEK UP operation is started. If the SKIN='L' is detected, the display	TAPE mode	Н	L	Н	L
			mode is changed to the TAPE or the CD mode display. The system goes to (3) if it detects the DKIN='L'.	CD mode	Н	Н	L	L
2		Н	The system continues the TAPE or the CD mode display. It goes to (3) if it detects the \overline{DKIN} ='L'. The system starts the retuning operation and then checks the \overline{SKIN} signal (active low) of M1-M6 if the \overline{SKIN} signal becomes inactive 30 seconds (checked every 25 seconds) with the DIMRX 'VF AUTORETUNE=0. If no \overline{SKIN} signal is detected, the system starts the SEEK UP operation.	TAPE mode	Н	L	Н	L
	L	11		CD mode	Н	Н	L	L

	SKIN	DKIN	Operations	R	Ŧ	C	AM/FM
3	L	L	The system enters the frequency display and then starts the ARI broadcast.	L	Н	Н	L

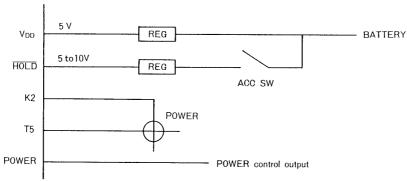
This function is effective only when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER ON.

(15) POWER (DIMRX 'POWER SW'=1)

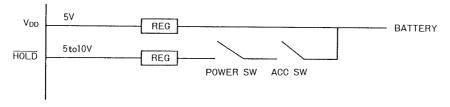
This key is used to control the power supply with a key of the key matrix. If this key is pressed, the POWER pin level goes high. In this situation, if the TAPE in is pressed, the TAPE mode will be activated while the CD mode will be active if the $\boxed{\text{CD}}$ on $(\boxed{\text{CDIN}}$ signal (active low)='L') is pressed.

Power Supply Connection Examples

POWER key configuration (DIMRX 'POWER SW'=1)



External POWER switch configuration (DIMRX 'POWER SW'=0)



Remote Control Function (by the LC7461M-8103 application)

The remote control keys can be used to perform all the functions of the main unit keys.

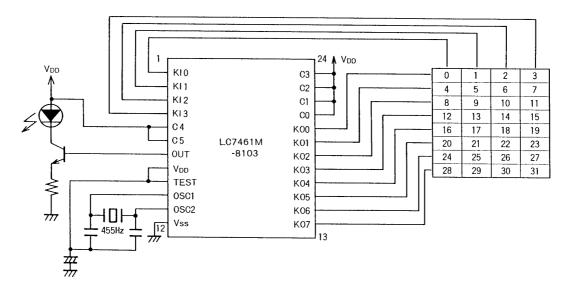
	KO 0	KO 1	KO 2	KO 3	KO 4	KO 5	KO 6	KO7
KI 0	0 LOUD	4 MO/ST	8 VF	12 BAND	16 LOC	20 DISPLAY	24 –	28 –
KI 1	1 M1	5 M4/MTL	9 DOWN	13 SEEK DN	17 APS	21 RMON	25 ADJ *	29 –
KI 2	2 M2	6 4	10 UP	14 SEEK UP	18 NR	22 POWER	26 HA *	30 –
KI 3	3 M3	7 M6/APS	11 SCAN UP	15 CD	19 PS/AMEM	23 ME	27 MA *	31 –

'-': not assigned.

In the remote control mode, the \overline{ME} key cannot be used with the $\overline{M1}$ – $\overline{M6}$ keys at the same time. To write data to the system storage, press the ME key first and then press any of M1 through M6 keys.

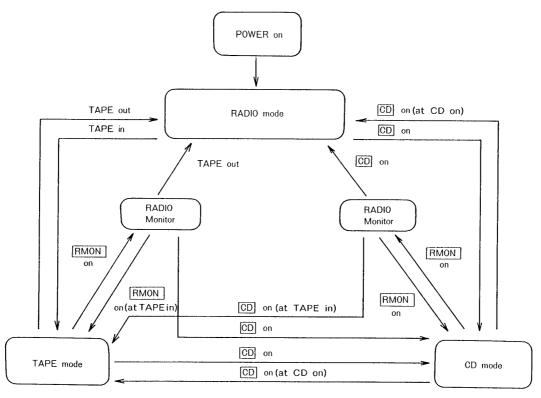
* Keys \boxed{ADJ} , \boxed{HA} and \boxed{MA} are provided for exclusive use under the remote control mode. Keys APS and NR (17 and 18) perform only the APS and NR functions of the main unit keys $\boxed{HA/APS}$ and $\boxed{MA/NR}$, respectively. If the \boxed{ADJ} key is pressed, the clock update mode will be activated and the display data will be flashing. If the key is pressed again, the clock update mode will be released.

These remote control keys are not effective under the ANTI THEFT operation mode.

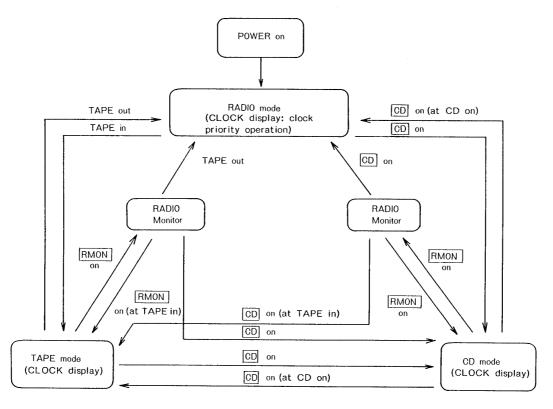


State Diagram

(1) No clock selection



(2) Clock selection



Notes: 1) indicates a key.

2) The 'CD on' is equivalent to the situation where the CDIN signal (active low) becomes active.

(3) VF mode on No clock selection POWER on TAPE out CD on (at CD on) RADIO mode TAPE in CD VF on SKIN= "L" DKIN="L" TAPE in CD on DK off DK off (SKIN="H") (SKIN="H") DK on DK on

on

on (at CD on)

CD

VF on

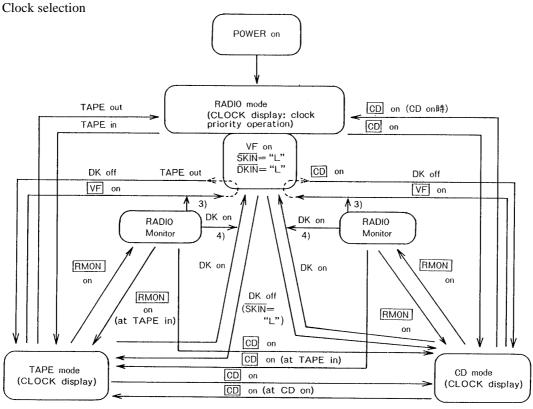
(4) VF mode on

TAPE mode

Note: RADIO monitor omitted

CD mode

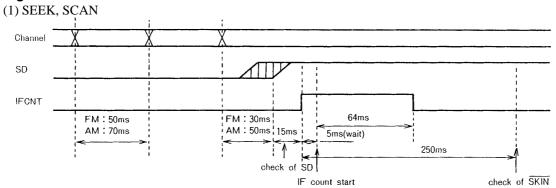
VF on



Notes: 1) indicates a key.

- 2) The 'CD on' is equivalent to the situation where the CDIN signal (active low) becomes active.
- 3) If the VF key is turned on with VF=off during the RADIO MONITOR operation, the RADIO MONITOR mode will be released and the VF mode will be then activated.
- 4) If the 'DK on' is detected during the RADIO MONITOR operation, the RADIO MONITOR mode will be released and the SK broadcasting will be then started.

Timings

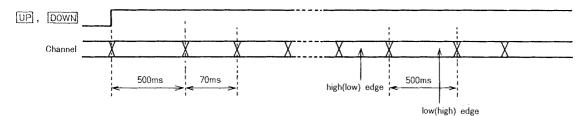


Notes: 1. IF count tolerance

FM	10.7MHz ± 10kHz
MW	450kHz ± 3kHz
LW	450kHz ± 0.6kHz

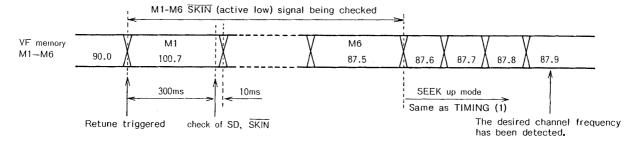
2. The SD is checked for 10ms in the IFcount mode. Otherwise, it is checked for 15ms.

(2) Manual UP and DOWN (applies to the FM and AM modes)

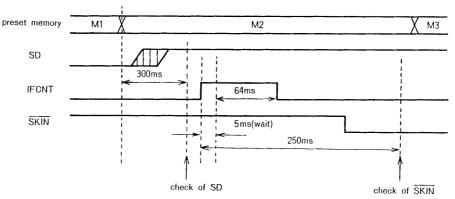


(3) VF auto retune

The retune operation will be started at the following timings if the \overline{SKIN} signal (active low) remains inactive ('H') for more than 30 seconds under the VF mode.



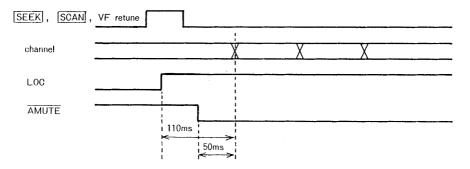
Note 1 : The VF preset memory search operation is performed at the following timings :



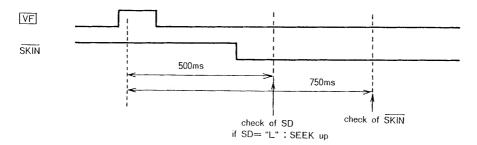
Notes 2: If no SD is detected in the VF preset memory, the normal VF SEEK UP operation is started. In this case, it is carried out at the same timing as TIMING (1).

(4) LOC pin control

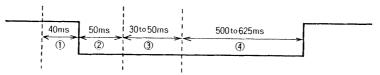
The SEEK, SCAN, AMEN and VF auto retune operatinos are performed as shown below during the 'LOC' display.



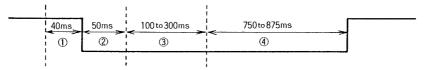
(5) \overline{SKIN} signal (active low) check time at the VF mode change from OFF to ON.



- (6) Audio Mute (AMUTE : active low)
 - (1) Key chattering reject time period (40ms)
 - (2) Audio mute leading time and BEEP out (50ms)
 - (3) PLL data and Display change processing (30ms to 50ms)
 - (4) Audio mute trailing time
 - (a) BAND, M1 to M6, VF on \rightarrow off

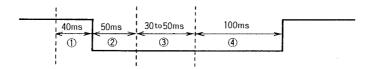


(b) VF OFF to VF ON (The case where the TAPE (active low)='L', CDIN= (active low) 'L', CD on is detected with DK signal inactive is not included)

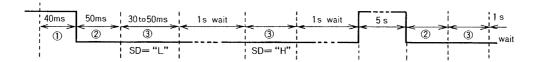


Note) Period (3) includes the check of the SKIN signal (active low).

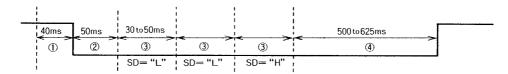
(c) UP, DOWN



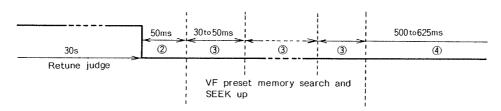
(d) PS (preset scan)



(e) AMEM, SEEK, SCAN



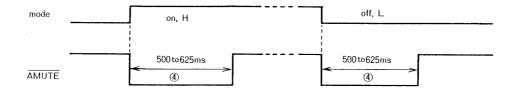
(f) VF auto retune



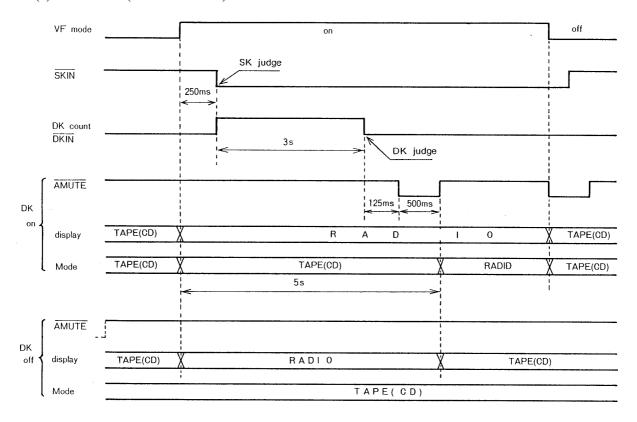
Note: The \overline{AMUTE} signal (active low) is not output in the case where the DK signal is not detected but the \overline{TAPE} signal (active low) or the \overline{CDIN} signal (active low) becomes active, or the CD on is detected. This applies to (a) to (f). Note that the AMUTE signal is output at the BAND selection of (a).

(7) Mode change

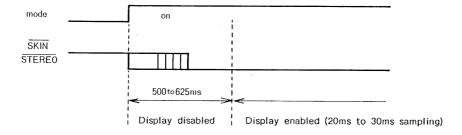
- (a) The modes are changed in the following cases:
 - RADIO on
 - RADIO monitor on/off
 - TAPE in/out
 - $-\overline{CD}$ on/off
 - $-\overline{\text{CDIN}} = \text{'H'} \rightarrow \text{'L'} \rightarrow \text{'H'}$



(b) VF off \rightarrow on (TAPE and CD in)

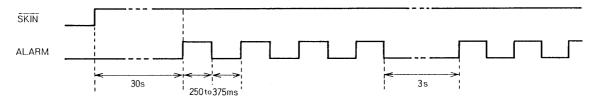


(8) Timings for \overline{SK} display with the \overline{SKIN} signal (active low) and \overline{ST} display with the STEREO signal (active low) under the FM RADIO mode or the VF mode, and Timing for TAPE running direction display with the DIR signal.



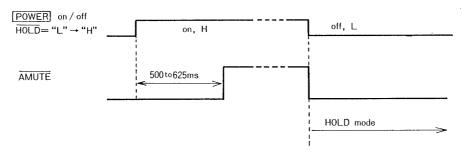
(9) ALARM output (VF mode)

The ALARM signal is output when the \overline{SKIN} signal (active low) remains inactive continuously for 30 seconds. At the same time, the SEEK UP operation will be started. (DIMRX 'VF AUTORETUNE'=0)



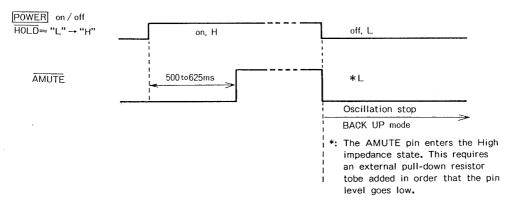
(10) HOLD mode

 $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ mode means a status where only the clock block is in the active state. This mode is activated when the $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ signal (active low) changes from 'H' to 'L'. In this mode, the input to the FMIN, AMIN, HCTR, LCTR and ADI pins is inhibited.



(11) BACK UP mode

The BACK UP mode means a status where the 4.5MHz X'tal oscillation circuitry is in the inactive state and the POWER SAVE mode is activated. This mode is activated when the HOLD signal (active low) changes from 'H' to 'L'. In this mode, the input to the FMIN, AMIN, HCTR, LCTR and ADI pins is inhibited.



Initial Status

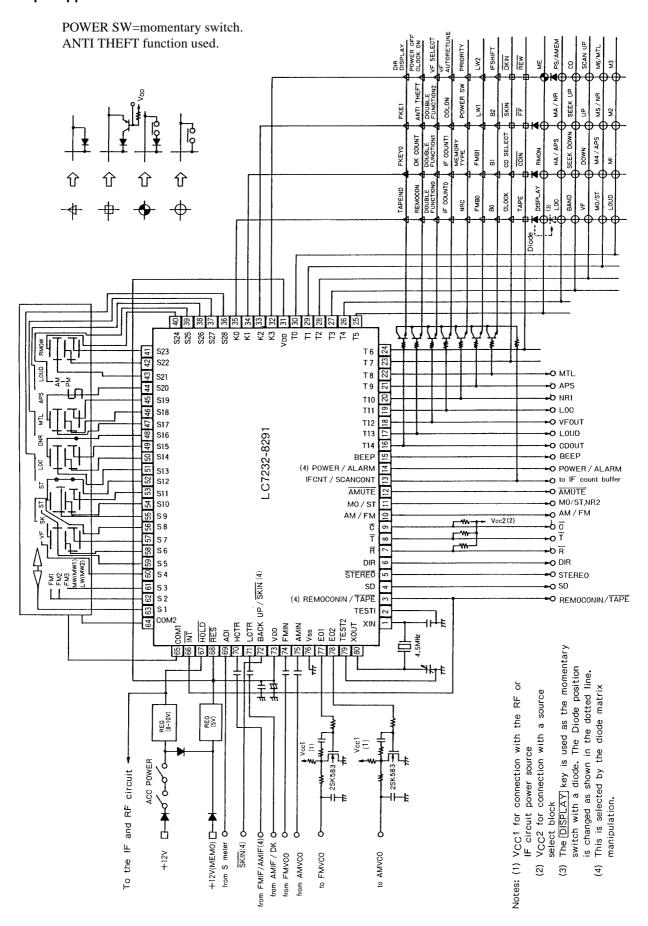
RADIO mode	TAPE mode	POWER on, HOLD="H"			
band FM1 (low band edge) MO/ST mono VF off LOC DX (off)	• NR B, NR C off • APS off • MTL off	CD off LOUD off RADIO monitor off			

Tracking Point Frequency

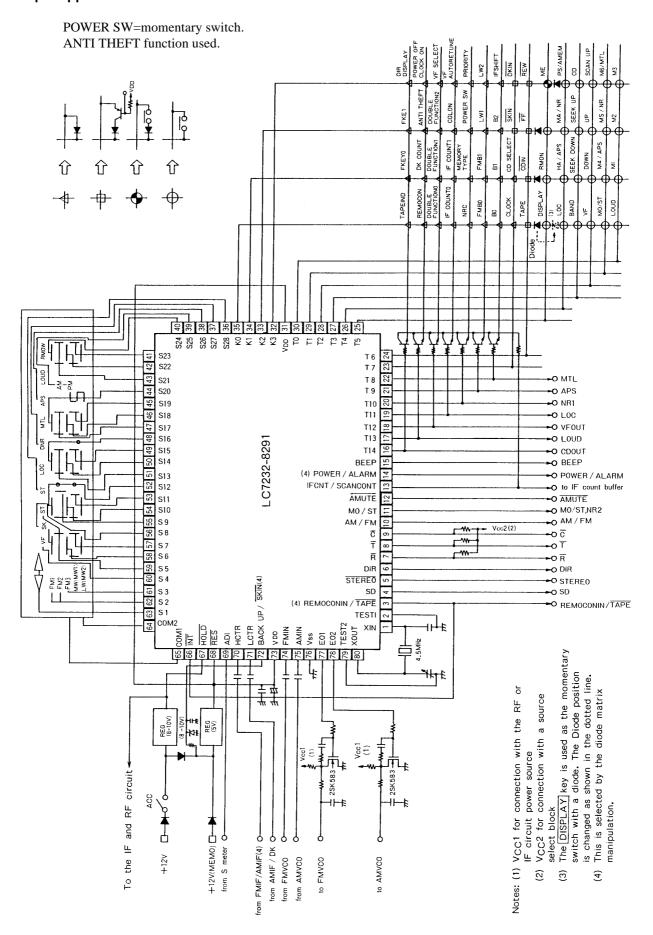
Area	Band	M1	M2	МЗ	M4	M5	M6	last channel
	FM a, b	87.5	90.1	98.1	106.1	107.9	87.5	87.5
USA	MW a	530	600	1000	1400	1720	530	530
	MW b	530	600	1000	1400	1620	530	530
	MW c	531	603	999	1404	1620	531	531
	MW d	531	603	999	1404	1719	531	531
	FM c, d	87.5	90.0	98.0	106.0	108.0	87.5	87.5
	MW c	531	603	999	1404	1620	531	531
EUROPE	MW e	522	603	999	1404	1620	522	522
	LW a	153	160	200	260	281	153	153
	LW b	146	160	200	260	290	146	146
JAPAN	FM e	76.0	78.6	83.0	86.6	90.0	76.0	76.0
JAPAN	MW f	522	603	999	1404	1629	522	522
S.	FM b	87.5	90.1	98.1	106.1	107.9	87.5	87.5
ALABIA	MW g	531	603	999	1404	1602	531	531
SOUTH	FM f	87.5	90.1	98.1	106.1	107.9	87.5	87.5
AFRICA	MW g	531	603	999	1404	1602	531	531
EAST EUROPE	FM g	64.0	74.0	84.0	94.0	104.0	64.0	64.0
	MW h	522	603	999	1404	1620	522	522

The low band edges are loaded into the FM2, FM3 and MW2.

Sample Application Circuit 1:



Sample Application Circuit 2:



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