


LA8608V**1.8 V Low-Voltage Narrowband FM-IF System**

Overview

The LA8608V is a narrowband FM-IF system intended for communications equipment, operates at just 1.8 V, and is contained in an ultrasmall package with a 0.65 mm pitch. In addition to the various functions needed for reception, the LA8608V also offers other functions such as noise detection and electric field intensity detection, and is optimum for compact designs, such as for cordless phones.

Functions

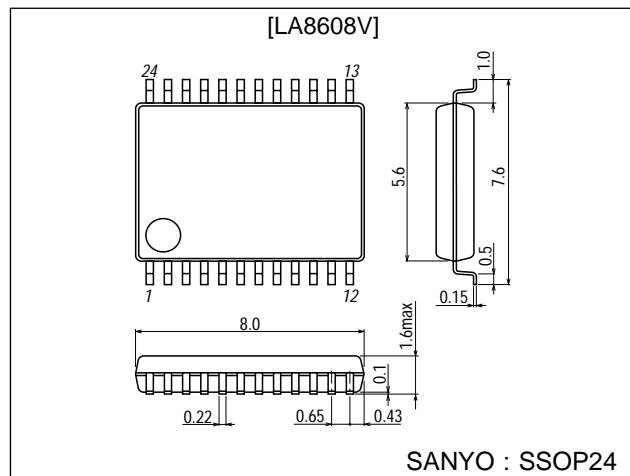
- 2nd mixer, 2nd local oscillator, IF amplifier, limiter, quadrature detector, signal meter
- Noise detector, noise amplifier, noise detector, Schmitt trigger, comparator

Features

- Because this IC has three independent noise detection and amplification amplifiers, it can be used to form a secondary biquad bandpass filter; furthermore, because it is equipped with detector and Schmitt trigger functions, it can be easily used for carrier sense applications.
- Broad signal meter linearity (70 dB typ.)
- Low operating voltage: 1.8 V to 6 V
- Small package: SSOP-24 (0.65 mm pitch)

Package Dimensions

unit : mm

3175A-SSOP24

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SANYO Electric Co.,Ltd. Semiconductor Company

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Specifications

Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	V _{CCmax}		8.0	V
Allowable power dissipation	P _{d max}		300	mW
Operating temperature	T _{opr}		-20 to +75	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}		-40 to +125	°C

Operating Conditions at Ta = 25 °C

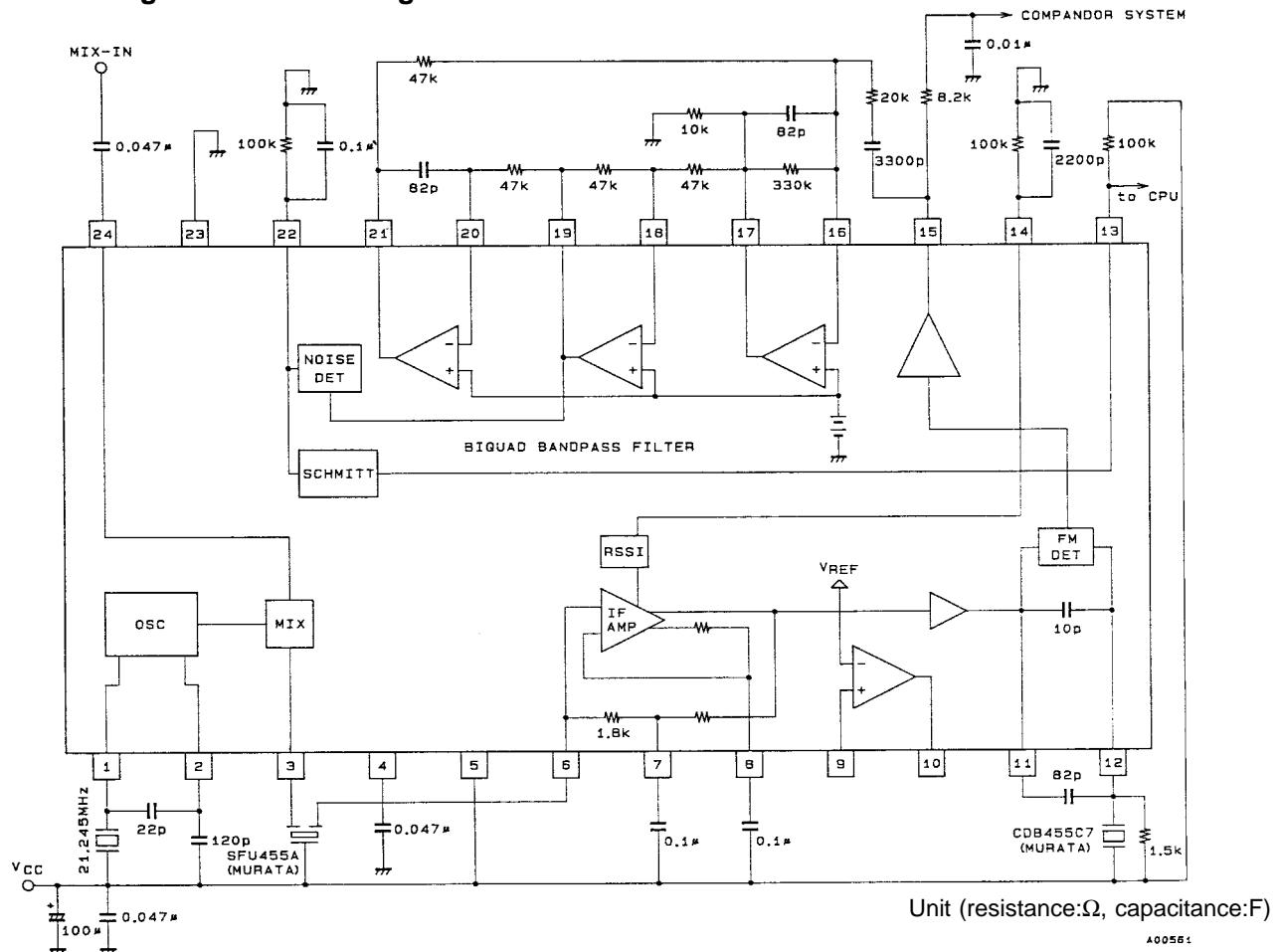
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Recommended supply voltage	V _{CC}		3.0	V
Operating supply voltage range	V _{CC op}		1.8 to 6.0	V

Operating Characteristics at Ta = 25 °C, V_{CC} = 3 V, f_C = 21.7 MHz, fmod = 1 kHz, dev = ±3 kHz

Parameter	Symbol	Output	min	typ	max	Unit
Quiescent current	I _{cco}	No input		2.8	3.8	mA
-3 dB limiting sensitivity	-3dBLS.	-3 dB		5	11	dB μ
Demodulation output	V _O	V _{in} = 80 dB μ	115	170	230	mVrms
S/N ratio	S/N(1)	V _{in} = 80 dB μ , Non-modulation	54	60		dB
	S/N(2)	V _{in} = 20 dB μ , Non-modulation	20	25		dB
AM rejection ratio	AMR	V _{in} = 80 dB μ , AM 30% modulation	30	40		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	V _{in} = 80 dB μ		0.7	2.0	%
Noise detection output	V _{ND(1)}	V _{in} = 10 dB μ , V _{CC} = 2.1 V		1.9		V
	V _{ND(2)}	V _{in} = 10 dB μ , V _{CC} = 3.0 V	1.6	2.2	2.8	V
	V _{ND(3)}	V _{in} = 10 dB μ , V _{CC} = 5.0 V		2.3		V
	V _{ND(4)}	V _{in} = 30 dB μ		0	0.1	V
Schmitt trigger level	SH		12	20	27	dB μ
Schmitt hysteresis	SHhy			1		dB
Schmitt output level	V _{SH(1)}	V _{in} = 13 dB μ			0.5	V
	V _{SH(2)}	V _{in} = 26 dB μ	2.8			V
Signal meter output	V _{SM(1)}	V _{in} = 5 dB μ		0.1	0.3	V
	V _{SM(2)}	V _{in} = 50 dB μ	0.8	1.1	1.4	V
	V _{SM(3)}	V _{in} = 80 dB μ	1.3	1.6	2.0	V
Comparator output	V _{COMP(1)}	V ₉ = 1.5 V	2.8			V
	V _{COMP(2)}	V ₉ = 0.9 V			0.5	V
Mixer conversion gain	G _M			20		dB
Mixer input frequency					90	MHz
Mixer input resistance				3.6		kΩ
Mixer output resistance				1.8		kΩ
IF input resistance				1.8		kΩ
FM detection output impedance				2.4		kΩ

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Block Diagram and Pin Assignment

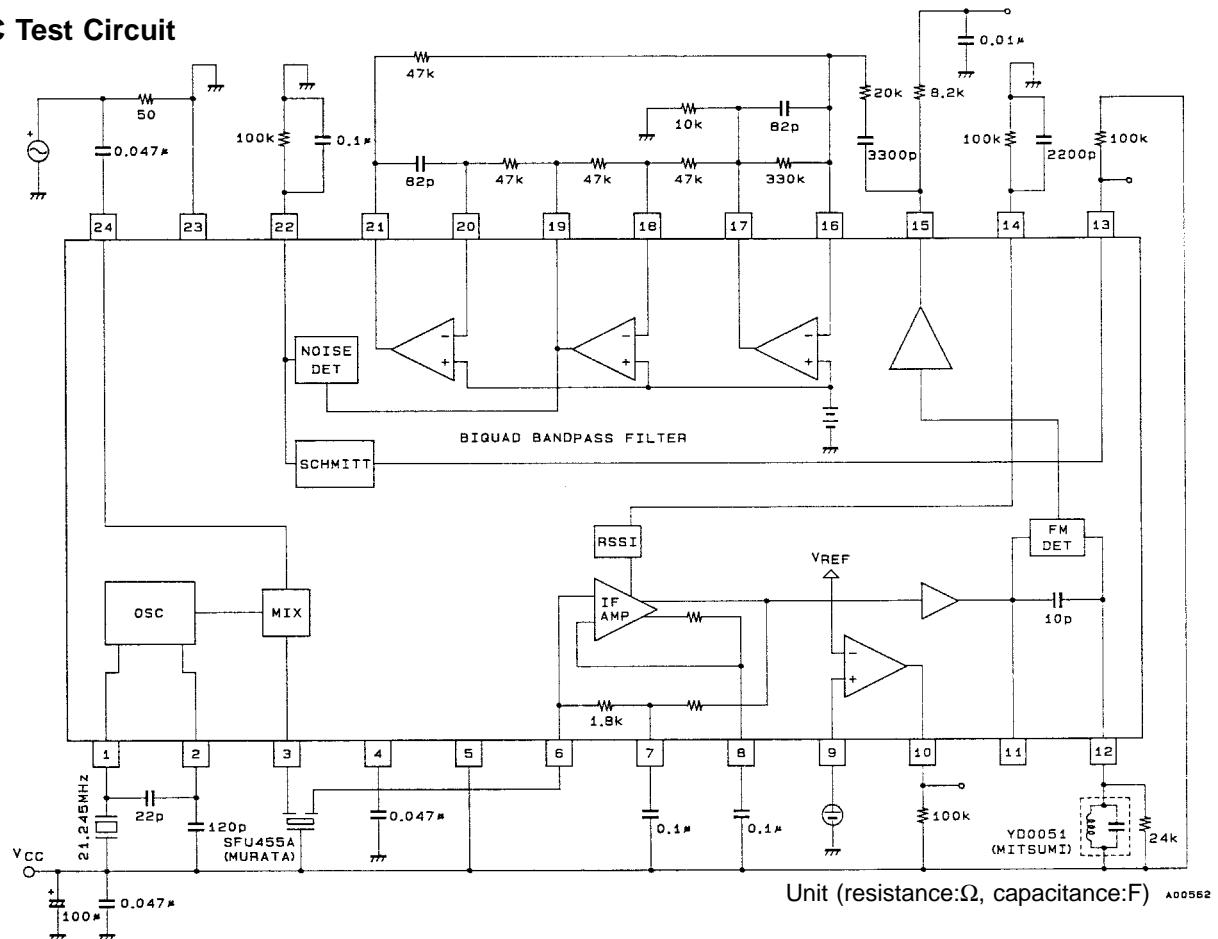


Pins

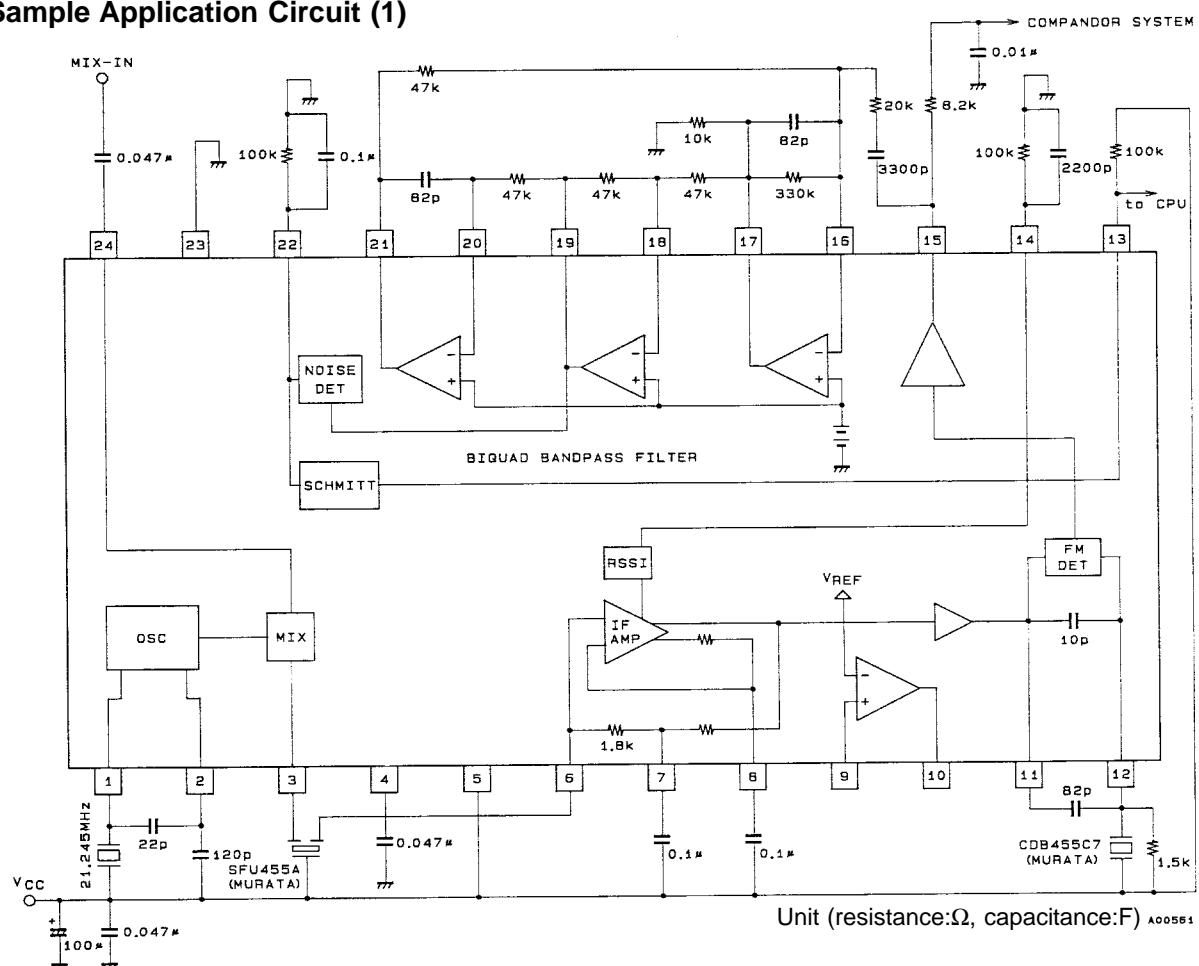
- | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 1. CRYSTAL | 9. COMP(+) | 17. OUT1 |
| 2. OSC | 10. COMP-OUT | 18. IN(-)2 |
| 3. MIX-OUT | 11. LIMT.OUT | 19. OUT2 |
| 4. V _{REF} | 12. QUAD-COIL | 20. IN(-)3 |
| 5. V _{CC} | 13. SCHMITT-OUT | 21. OUT3 |
| 6. IF-IN | 14. S.DET. | 22. NOISE-DET. |
| 7. D.C1 | 15. DET-OUT | 23. GND |
| 8. D.C2 | 16. IN(-)1 | 24. MIX-IN |

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AC Test Circuit

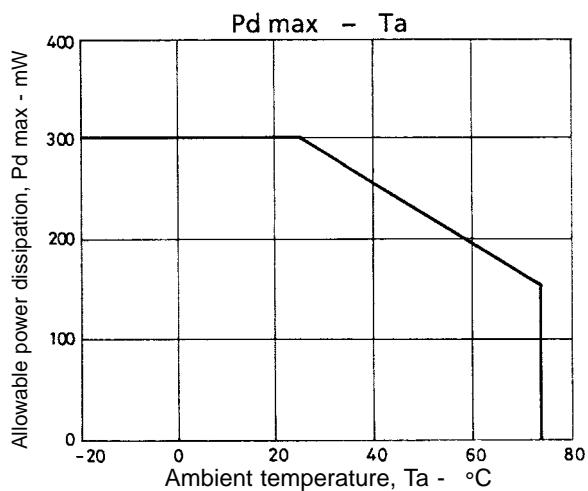
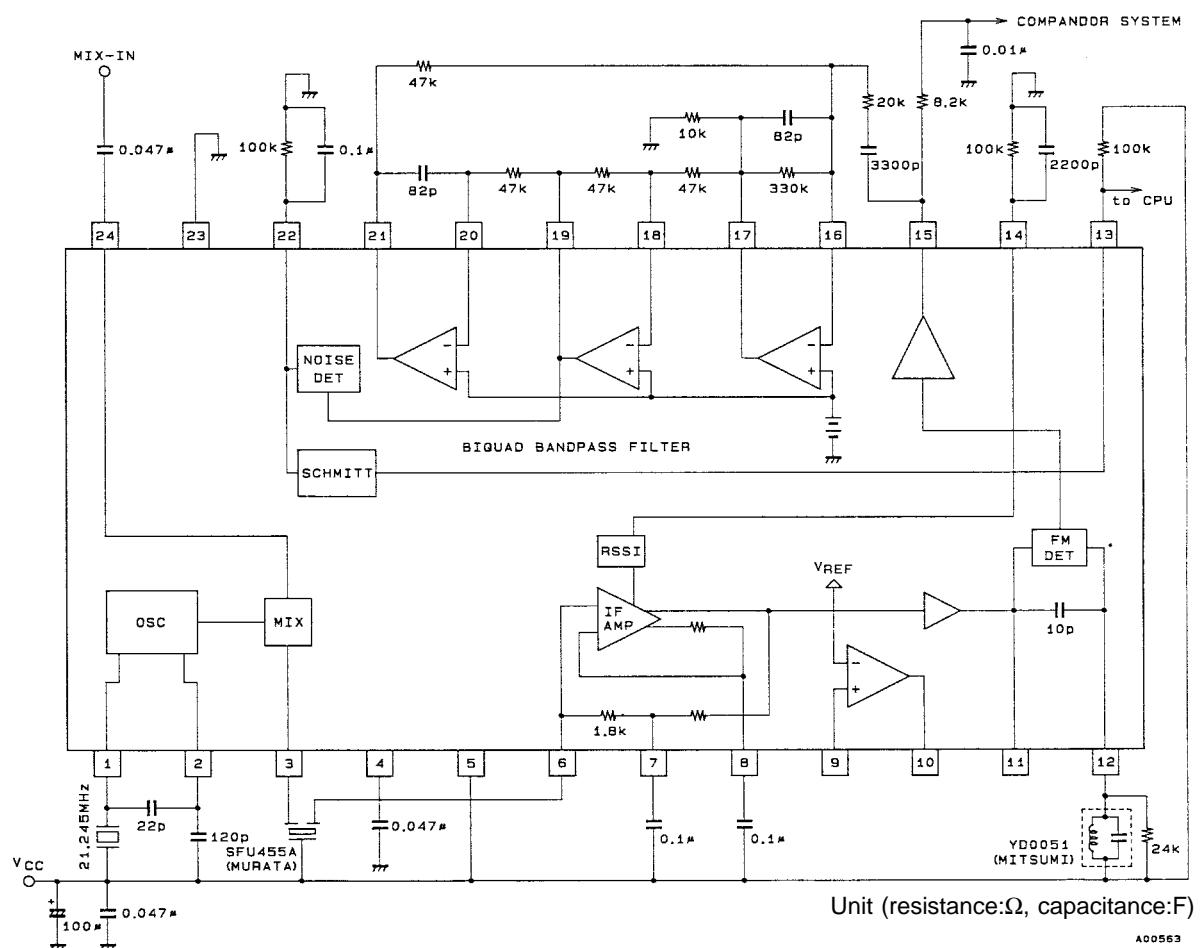


Sample Application Circuit (1)



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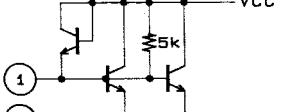
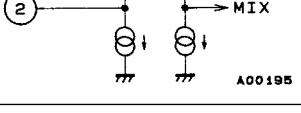
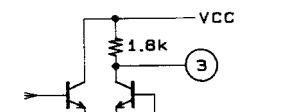
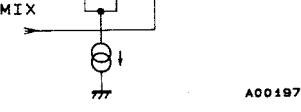
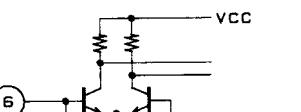
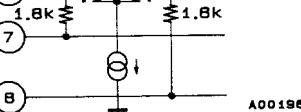
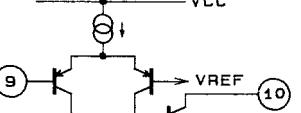
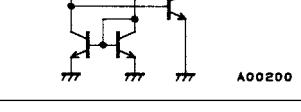
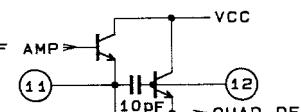
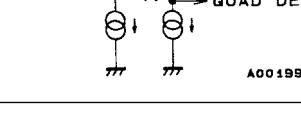
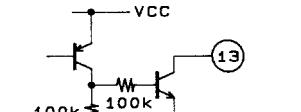
Sample Application Circuit (2)



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Pin Description

Unit (resistance: Ω)

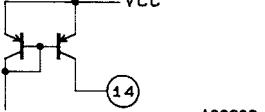
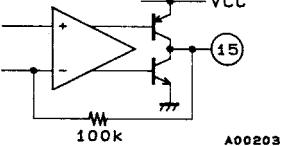
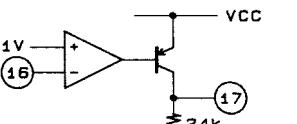
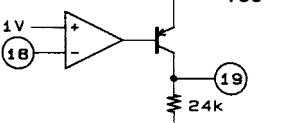
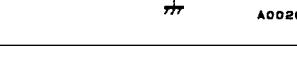
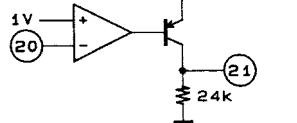
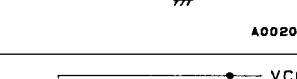
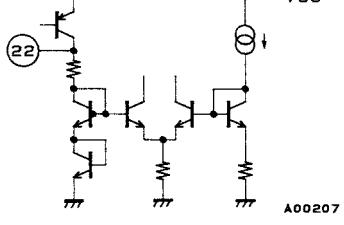
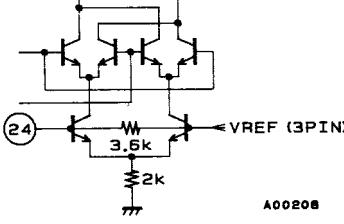
Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin Voltage [V]	Internal equivalent circuit	Remarks
1	CRYSTAL	V _{CC}	 A00195	Forms a Colpitts oscillator.
2	OSC	V _{CC} -0.7	 A00196	
3	MIX-OUT	V _{CC} -0.3	 A00197	MIX buffer output
4	V _{REF}	1.2V	 A00196	Regulated voltage output
5	V _{CC}	V _{CC}		Power supply
6	IF-IN	V _{CC} -0.9	 A00198	IF amp input
7	D.C1	V _{CC} -0.9	 A00198	IF amp DC feedback
8	D.C2	V _{CC} -0.9		
9	COMP (+)		 A00200	Comparator threshold setting pin; set by external resistance
10	COMP-OUT		 A00200	Comparator output; open collector
11	LIM.OUT	0.2	 A00199	Limiter amp output
12	QUAD-COIL	V _{CC}	 A00199	Discriminator connection
13	SCHMITT-OUT		 A00201	Noise Schmitt output; open collector

Continued on next page.

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Continued from preceding page.

Unit (resistance: Ω)

Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin Voltage [V]	Internal equivalent circuit	Remarks
14	S.DET	0.1 to 1.5	 A00202	Electric field intensity signal output
15	DET-OUT	1.2	 A00203	FM detection output
16	IN (-)1	1.0	 A00204	Operational amplifier negative input
17	OUT1	1.0	 A00204	Operational amplifier output
18	IN (-)2	1.0	 A00205	Operational amplifier negative input
19	OUT2	1.0	 A00205	Operational amplifier output
20	IN (-)3	1.0	 A00206	Operational amplifier negative input
21	OUT3	1.0	 A00206	Operational amplifier output
22	NOISE-DET	0 to 1.4	 A00207	Noise wave detection output
23	GND	0		GND
24	MIX-IN	1.2	 A00208	Mixer input

IC Usage Notes

1. About the local oscillator

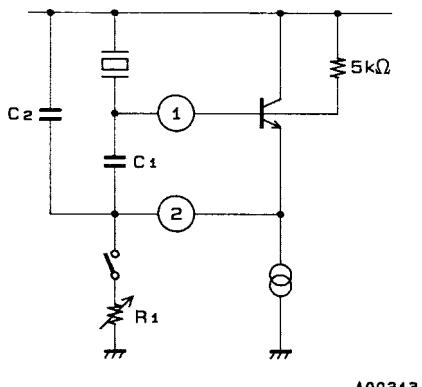
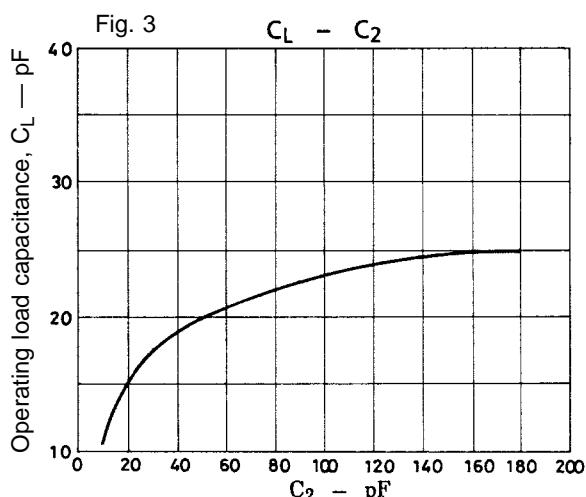
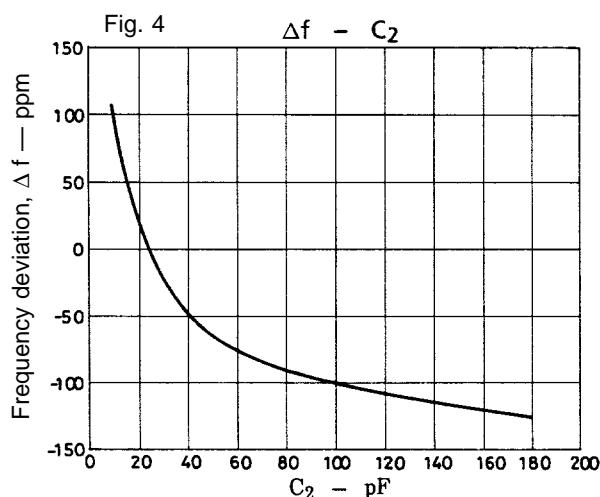
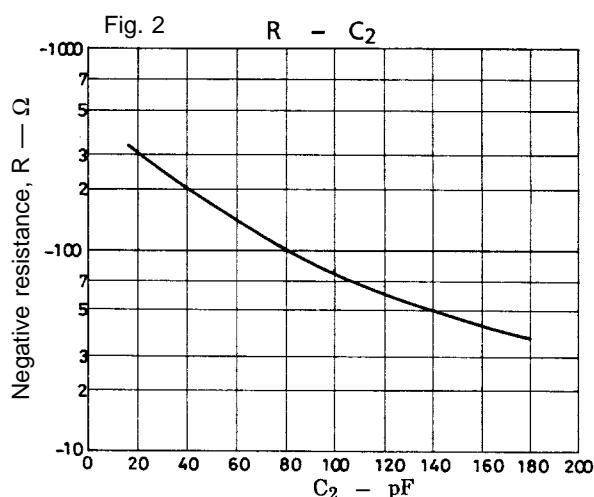


Fig. 1

Fig. 1 shows the equivalent circuit for the local oscillator.

In this circuit, when $C_1 = 22 \text{ pF}$, the change in the negative resistance versus C_2 is shown in Fig. 2, the change in the operational load capacitance is shown in Fig. 3, and the frequency deviation is shown in Fig. 4. In the application circuit, $C_2 = 120 \text{ pF}$, and in this case the negative resistance according to Fig. 2 is -58Ω . In order to increase the negative resistance, it is necessary to decrease the value of C_2 . To increase the oscillation level, it is possible to add external resistor R_1 and raise the local oscillator current. However, the oscillation level on pin 1 must be set to 110 dB or less. If set to a greater level, distortion will occur in the oscillation waveform.



(Note)

Fig 2 to 4: $C_1 = 22 \text{ pF}$

Figs. 3, 4: Reference to operating load capacitance 16 pF

2. About the built-in operational amplifiers

The LA8608V has three independent operational amplifiers on chip that can be used as needed. If they are not to be used, short the I/O pins.

Sample application 1: Noise amplifier

Using the three operational amplifiers, it is possible to form a secondary biquad bandpass filter. (For details on the filter response characteristics, refer to the data provided later.)

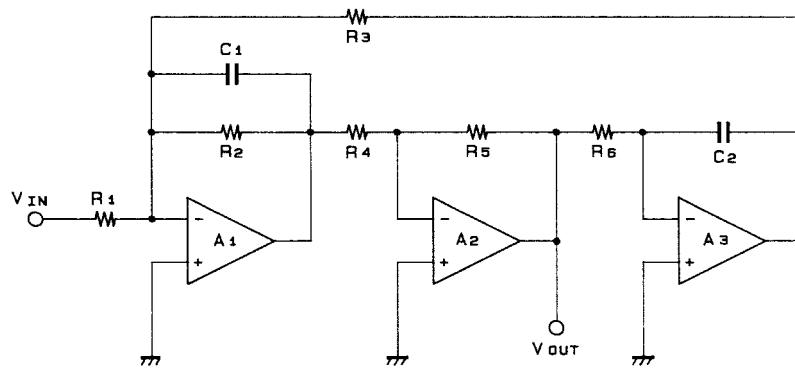


Fig. 5

A00215

The calculation of the transfer function for the above diagram is as shown below.

$$\omega_0^2 = \frac{R_5}{C_1 C_2 R_3 R_4 R_6}$$

$$\frac{\omega_0}{Q} = \frac{1}{C_1 R_2}$$

$$H = \frac{R_2 R_5}{R_1 R_4}$$

In normal use, $R_3 = R_4 = R_5 = R_6 = R_f$, and $C_1 = C_2 = C_f$:
Therefore,

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{C_f R_f} \quad Q = C_f R_2 \times \omega_0 \quad H = \frac{R_2 R_f}{R_1 R_f}$$

$$f_O = \frac{1}{2\pi C_f R_f} = \frac{R_2}{R_f} = \frac{R_2}{R_1}$$

f_O = center frequency, H = pass band gain, Q = selectivity

Noise amplified by this amp passes through the noise detector, and is detected by R and C connected to pin 22. The Schmitt circuit operates on the basis of this DC, and the Shmitt output appears on pin 13. Because the pass band gain is determined by R_2/R_1 , changing these resistances makes it possible to vary the Schmitt circuit level to some extent. By varying the level, it is possible to continue operating Schmitt circuit up to a signal-to-noise ratio of approximately 30 dB on the No. 2 mixer input. To continue operating Schmitt circuit at a higher S/N ratio, add a resistor between pin 17 and GND. This makes it possible to increase the signal-to-noise ratio of the input level at which the Schmitt circuit continues operating by approximately 10 dB. (Refer to Fig. 6.)

S/N for noise amp gain and Schmitt trigger

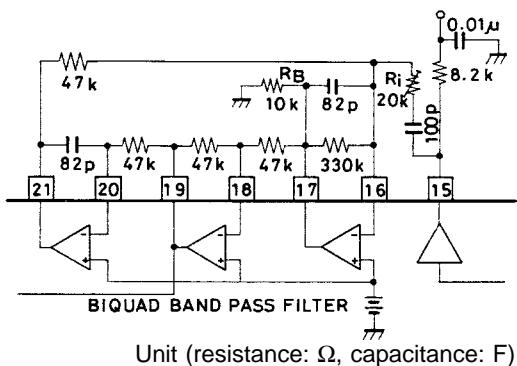
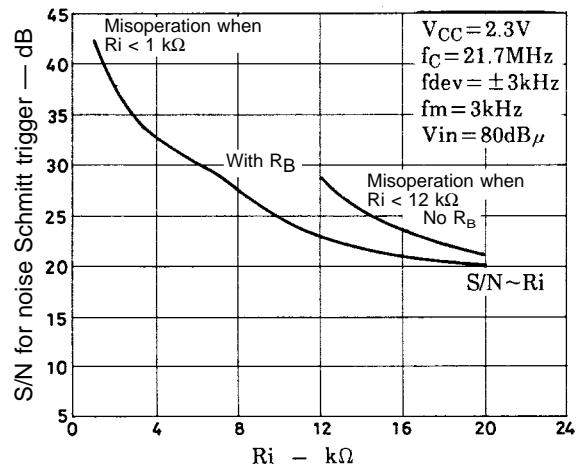


Fig. 6

Sample application 2:

- When an operational amplifier is used in a signal system amplifier, etc., connect a capacitor of about 1000 pF between the output (pins 17, 19, 21) and GND. This capacitor prevents local oscillation when the signal is clipped on the negative side.

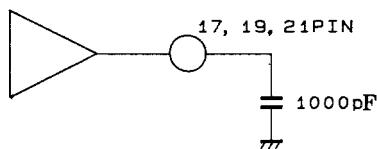


Fig. 7

A00216

- When used in the signal system amplifier, etc. and the dynamic range of the output must be expanded, use the scheme described below.

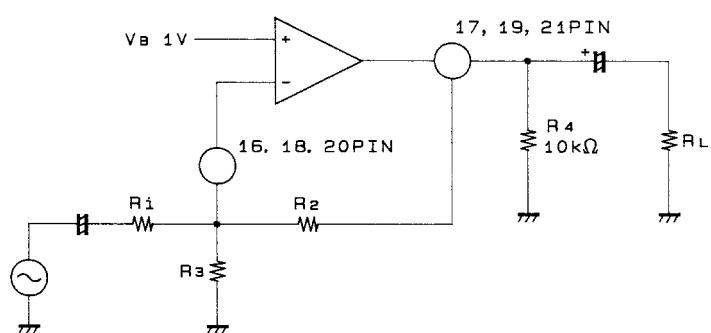


Fig. 8

A00217

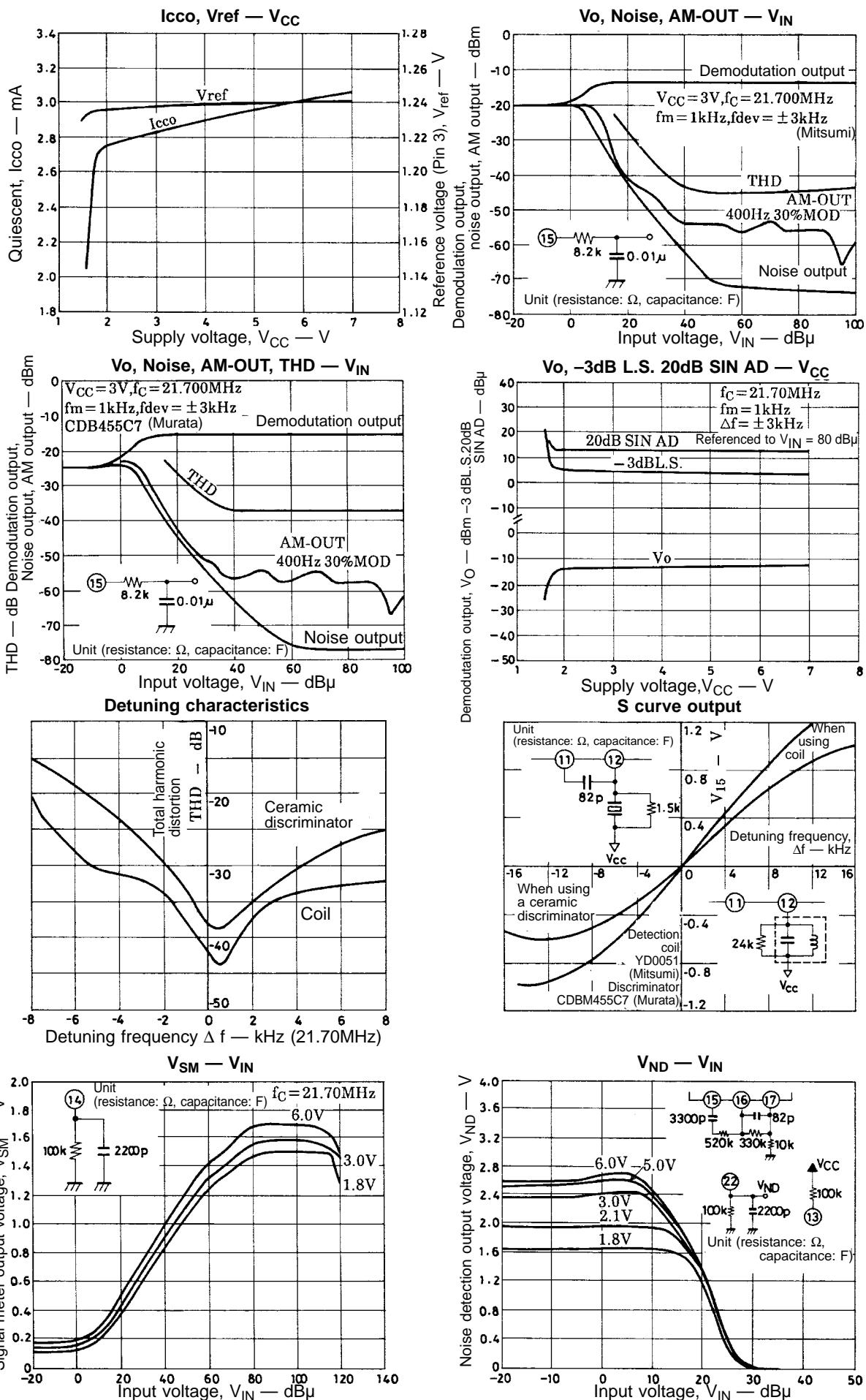
- Use R_{B1} to set the output DC voltage to approximately $1/2V_{CC}$. Output DC voltage

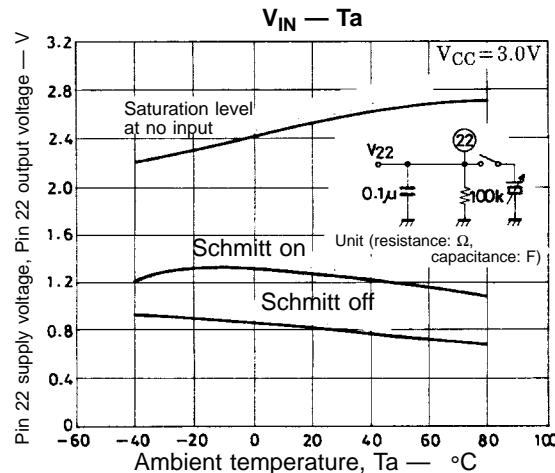
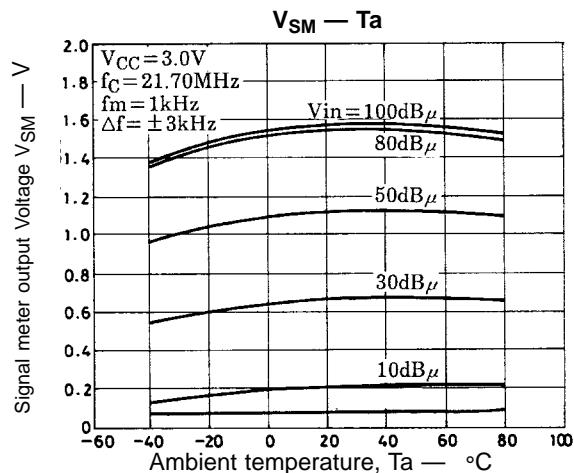
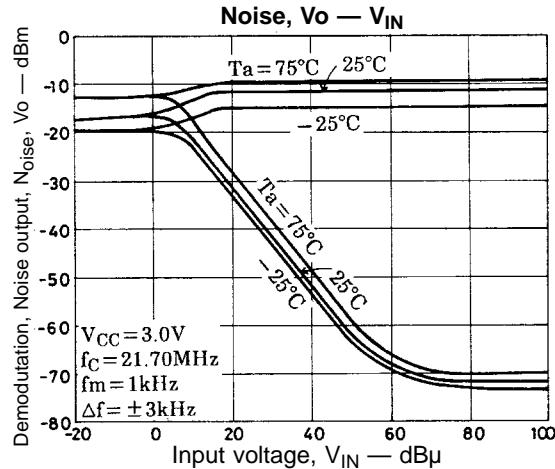
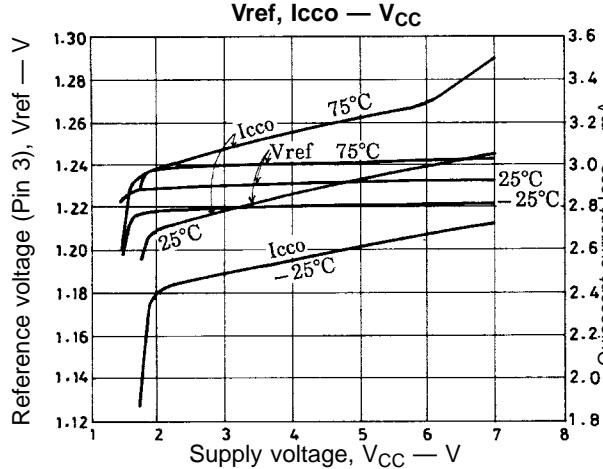
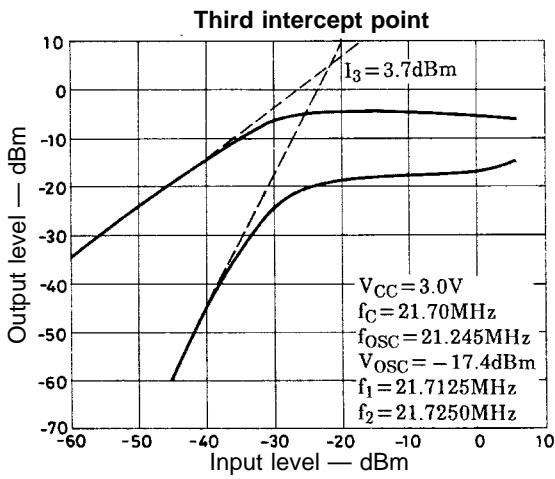
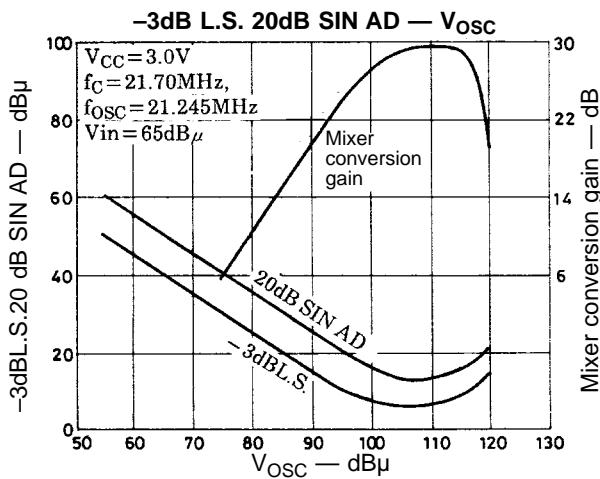
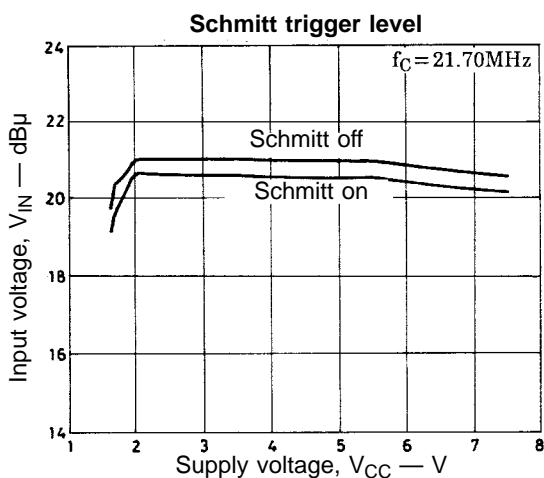
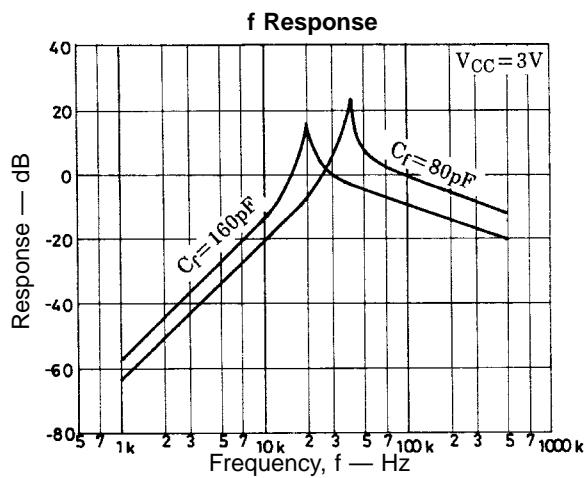
$$V_{ODC} = V_B \left(1 + \frac{R_2}{R_3}\right)$$

$$V_B = 1V$$

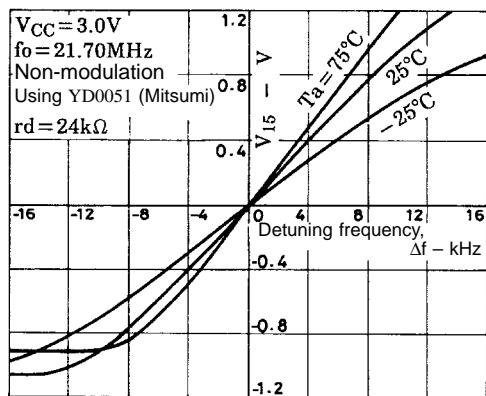
- Add 10 k Ω between the output pin and GND.

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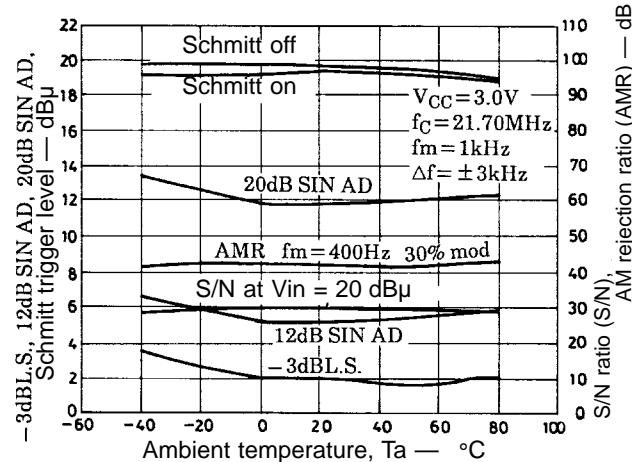
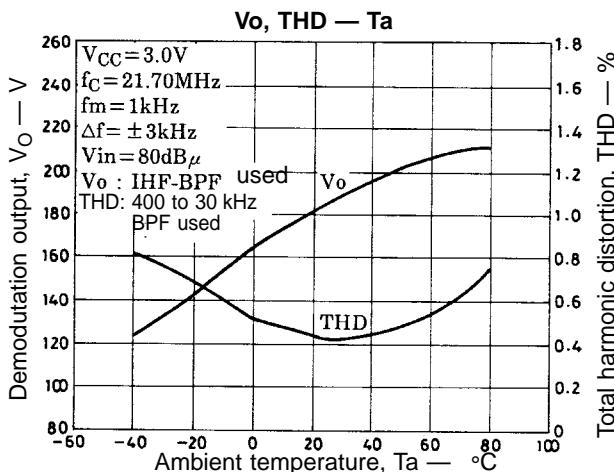
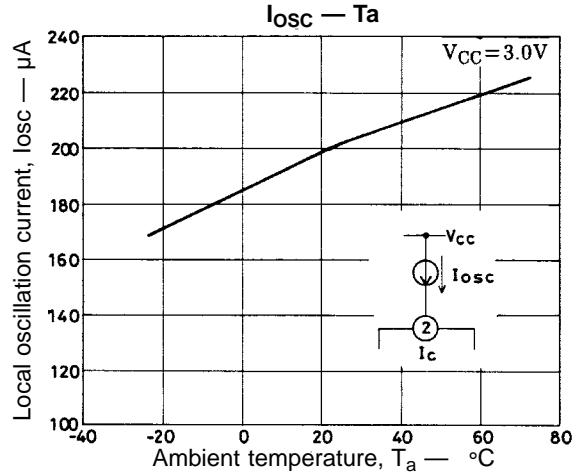
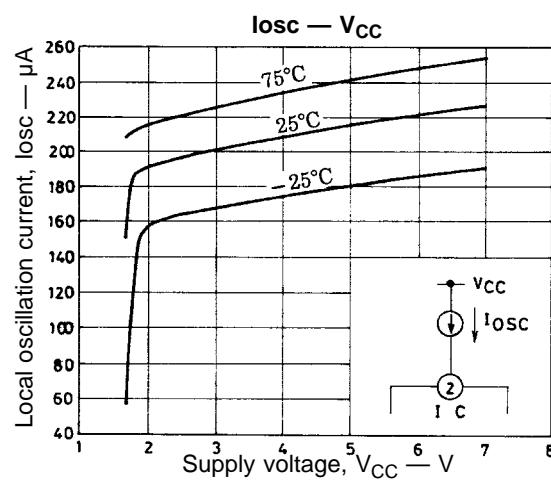
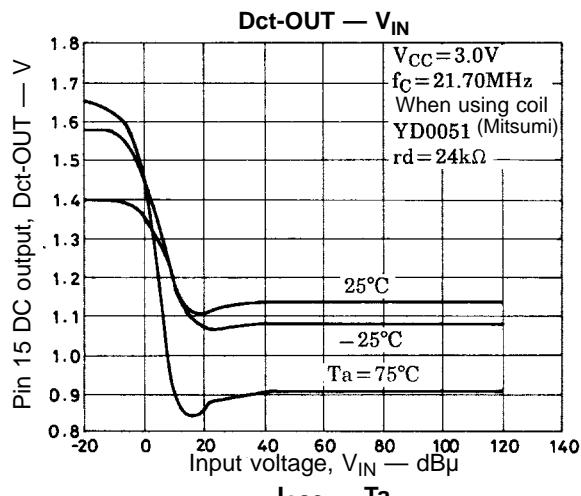
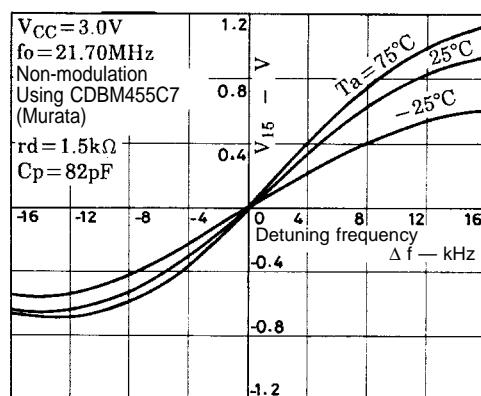




S curve output temperature characteristics (1)



S curve output temperature characteristics (2)



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