



# 7-Band Graphic Equalizer

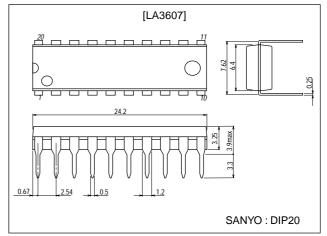
#### **Features**

- 7-band graphic equalizer for one channel can be formed easily by externally connecting capacitors and variable resistors which fix fo (resonance frequency).
- Series connection of the LA3607 makes multiband available.
- Boost, cut amount can be varied by external resistors.
- Highly stable to capacitive load.

## **Package Dimensions**

unit:mm

3021B-DIP20



## **Specifications**

### Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> max		20	V
Allowable Power Dissipation	Pd max		300	mW
Operating Temperature	Topr		-20 to +75	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg		-40 to +125	°C

#### **Operating Conditions** at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$

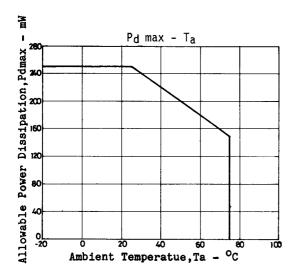
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Recommended Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>		8	V
Operating Voltage Range	V <sub>CC</sub> op		5 to 15	V

- Any and all SANYO products described or contained herein do not have specifications that can handle applications that require extremely high levels of reliability, such as life-support systems, aircraft's control systems, or other applications whose failure can be reasonably expected to result in serious physical and/or material damage. Consult with your SANYO representative nearest you before using any SANYO products described or contained herein in such applications.
- SANYO assumes no responsibility for equipment failures that result from using products at values that exceed, even momentarily, rated values (such as maximum ratings, operating condition ranges,or other parameters) listed in products specifications of any and all SANYO products described or contained herein.

# LA3607

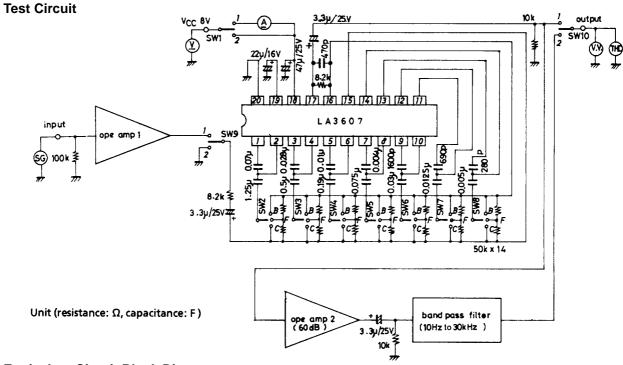
# $\textbf{Operating Characteristics} \ at \ Ta=25^{\circ}C, \ V_{CC}=8V, \ R_{L}=10k\Omega, \ Rg=600\Omega, \ See \ specified \ Test \ Circuit.$

Description	O: ::::- h - l	Conditions			Ratings			
Parameter	Symbol	Conc	min	typ	max	Unit		
Quiescent Current	Icco	Quiescent			7	9	mA	
Voltage Gain	VG	f=1kHz, Vin=-10dB at all flat mode			-0.8	+2.2	dB	
		f=60Hz		10	12	14	dB	
		f=150Hz	1	10	12	14	dB	
		f=400Hz	1	10	12	14	dB	
Boost Amount	BOOST	f=1kHz	1	10	12	14	dB	
		f=2.5kHz	1	10	12	14	dB	
		f=6kHz	]	10	12	14	dB	
		f=15kHz	Vo=-10dB is taken as 0dB at all flat mode at	10	12	14	dB	
		f=60Hz	f=1kHz.	-14	-12	-10	dB	
		f=150Hz	1	-14	-12	-10	dB	
		f=400Hz	]	-14	-12	-10	dB	
Cut Amount	CUT	f=1kHz	1	-14	-12	-10	dB	
		f=2.5kHz	1	-14	-12	-10	dB	
		f=6kHz	1	-14	-12	-10	dB	
		f=15kHz	1	-14	-12	-10	dB	
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	f=1kHz, V <sub>O</sub> =1.0V at all flat		0.02	0.1	%		
Output Noise Voltage	V <sub>NO</sub>	All flat, input short, B.P.F.		7	40	μV		

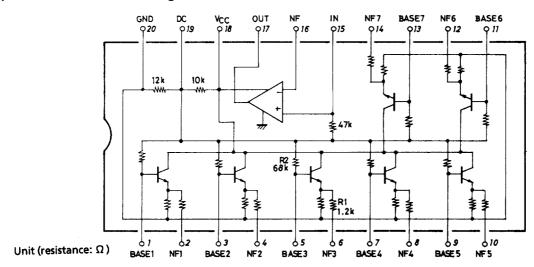


Test Method : V\_{CC}=8V, R\_L=10k\Omega, Rg=600\Omega

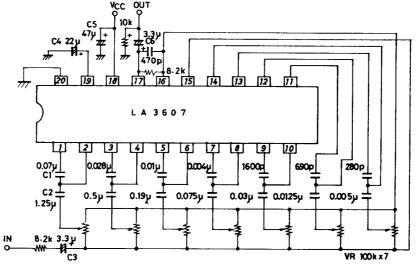
Item	SW1	SW2	SW3	SW4	SW5	SW6	SW7	SW8	SW9	SW10	Conditions
Icco	1	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	2	1	
VG	2	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	1	1	f=1kHz, V <sub>IN</sub> =-10dB
BOOST1	2	В	F	F	F	F	F	F	1	1	f=60Hz
BOOST2	2	F	В	F	F	F	F	F	1	1	f=150Hz
BOOST3	2	F	F	В	F	F	F	F	1	1	f=400Hz
BOOST4	2	F	F	F	В	F	F	F	1	1	f=1kHz
BOOST5	2	F	F	F	F	В	F	F	1	1	f=2.5kHz
BOOST6	2	F	F	F	F	F	В	F	1	1	f=6kHz
BOOST7	2	F	F	F	F	F	F	В	1	1	f=15kHz
CUT1	2	С	F	F	F	F	F	F	1	1	f=60Hz
CUT2	2	F	С	F	F	F	F	F	1	1	f=150Hz
CUT3	2	F	F	С	F	F	F	F	1	1	f=400Hz
CUT4	2	F	F	F	С	F	F	F	1	1	f=1kHz
CUT5	2	F	F	F	F	С	F	F	1	1	f=2.5kHz
CUT6	2	F	F	F	F	F	С	F	1	1	f=6kHz
CUT7	2	F	F	F	F	F	F	С	1	1	f=15kHz
THD	2	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	1	1	f=1kHz, Vo=1.0V
V <sub>NO</sub>	2	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	2	2	



## **Equivalent Circuit Block Diagram**



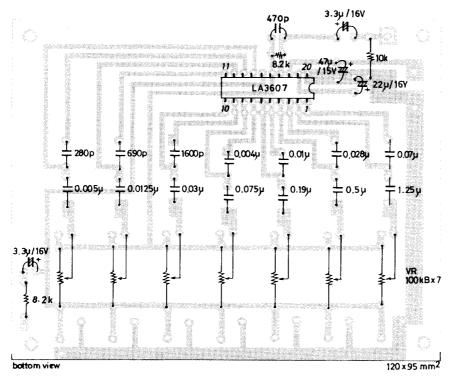
### **Sample Application Circuit**



Unit (resistance: Ω, capacitance: F)

### Sample Printed Circuit Pattern (Cu-foilde side)

Unit (resistance:  $\Omega$ , capacitance: F)



fo (resonance frequency)

In the sample application circuit, fo for each of 7 bands is set as follows :

fo=60Hz, 150Hz, 400Hz, 1kHz, 2.5kHz, 6kHz, 15kHz

fo is calculated using the following formula.

$$fo= \ \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{C1 \cdot C2 \cdot R1 \cdot R2}}$$

Q (quality factor)

Q is calculated using the following formula.

$$Q = \sqrt{\frac{C1 \cdot R2}{C2 \cdot R1}}$$

When Q is increased, the frequency band affected by the resonance circuit is narrowed and a clear distinction between this band and adjacent band is provided, but the frequency response swells greatly at all boost mode and the peak of the composite frequency is lowered. The above must be considered to fix C1, C2.

#### Description of external parts

C1, C2 : Capacitors used to fix fo (resonance frequency)

C3 : Input capacitor. Decreasing the capacitor value lowers the frequency response at low frequencies.

C4 : Decoupling capacitor. Decreasing the capacitor value makes the effect of power supply stronger, whereby repple is liable to occur.

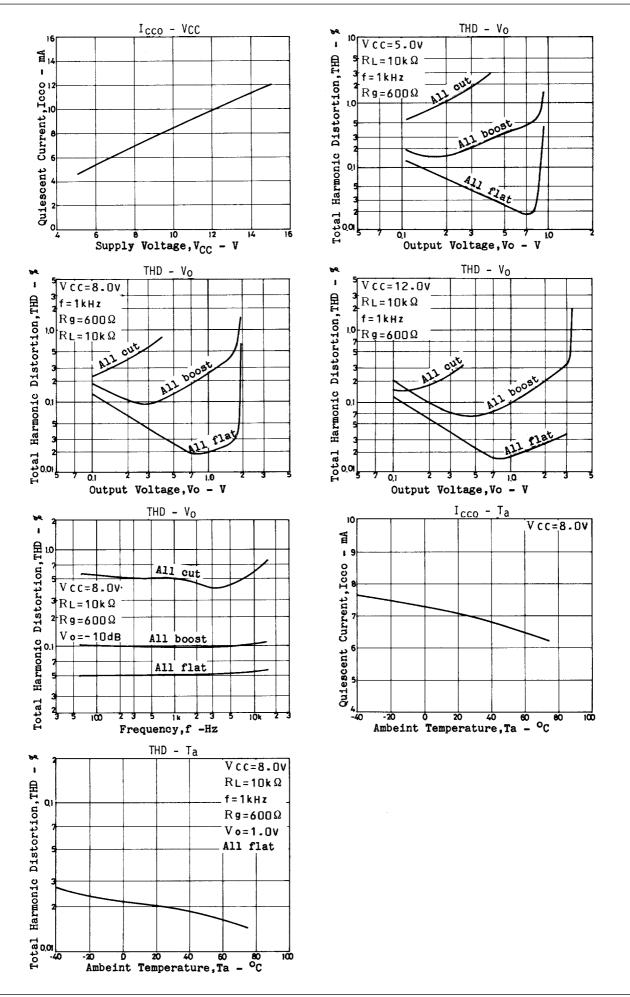
C5 : Power capacitor.

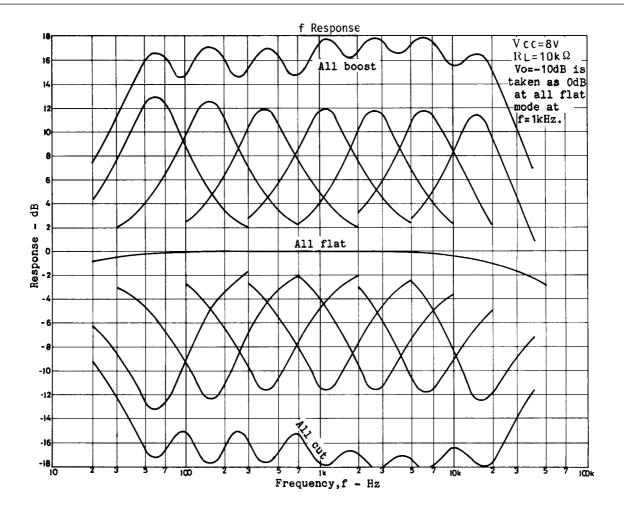
C6 : Putput capacitor. Decreasing the capacitor value lowers the frequency response at low frequencies.

### Proper cares in using IC

 $\cdot$  Maximum supply voltage  $V_{CC}$  max 20V must not be exceeded. The operating voltage is in the range of 5 to 15V.

· Application of power with the pin-to-pin spaces shorted causes breakdown or deterioration of the IC to occur. When mounting the IC on the board of applying power, make sure that the pin-to-pin spaces are not shorted with solder, etc.





- Specifications of any and all SANYO products described or contained herein stipulate the performance, characteristics, and functions of the described products in the independent state, and are not guarantees of the performance, characteristics, and functions of the described products as mounted in the customer's products or equipment. To verify symptoms and states that cannot be evaluated in an independent device, the customer should always evaluate and test devices mounted in the customer's products or equipment.
- SANYO Electric Co., Ltd. strives to supply high-quality high-reliability products. However, any and all semiconductor products fail with some probability. It is possible that these probabilistic failures could give rise to accidents or events that could endanger human lives, that could give rise to smoke or fire, or that could cause damage to other property. When designing equipment, adopt safety measures so that these kinds of accidents or events cannot occur. Such measures include but are not limited to protective circuits and error prevention circuits for safe design, redundant design, and structural design.
- In the event that any or all SANYO products(including technical data, services) described or contained herein are controlled under any of applicable local export control laws and regulations, such products must not be exported without obtaining the export license from the authorities concerned in accordance with the above law.
- No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying and recording, or any information storage or retrieval system, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of SANYO Electric Co., Ltd.
- Any and all information described or contained herein are subject to change without notice due to product/technology improvement, etc. When designing equipment, refer to the "Delivery Specification" for the SANYO product that you intend to use.
- Information (including circuit diagrams and circuit parameters) herein is for example only; it is not guaranteed for volume production. SANYO believes information herein is accurate and reliable, but no guarantees are made or implied regarding its use or any infringements of intellectual property rights or other rights of third parties.

This catalog provides information as of January, 2000. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.