

DATA SHEET

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- The IC04 LOC莫斯 HE4000B Logic Family Specifications HEF, HEC
- The IC04 LOC莫斯 HE4000B Logic Package Outlines/Information HEF, HEC

HEF4527B **MSI** **BCD rate multiplier**

Product specification
File under Integrated Circuits, IC04

January 1995

BCD rate multiplier**HEF4527B
MSI****DESCRIPTION**

The HEF4527B is a BCD rate multiplier with two buffered rate outputs (O_1 and \bar{O}_1), two buffered terminal count outputs (TC and \bar{TC}), four BCD rate select inputs (S_A , S_B , S_C , S_D), a common clock input (CP), a preset input (PL), an overriding asynchronous clear input (CL), a strobe input (STR), a cascade input (CAS) and an active LOW count enable input (CE).

The BCD rate multiplier provides an output pulse rate based upon the BCD input number. For example, if 6 is the BCD number, there will be six output pulses for every ten clock input pulses. The output is clocked on the negative-going transition of the clock.

When \bar{CE} , STR, CAS, CL and PL are LOW, the rate pulses are available at the outputs O_1 and \bar{O}_1 , the terminal count pulses at TC and \bar{TC} .

A HIGH on CL resets the counter, independent of all other input conditions and a rate of 10 pulses is available at O_1 and \bar{O}_1 when S_D is HIGH. When \bar{CE} is HIGH, the counter is disabled, the state of the outputs (O_1 , \bar{O}_1) depend on the content of the counter.

A HIGH on PL sets the counter in the '9' state and TC becomes HIGH.

A HIGH on STR inhibits the outputs O_1 and \bar{O}_1 . A HIGH on CAS forces the output O_1 to HIGH, while the state of \bar{O}_1 depends on the inputs S_A to S_D (see lines 1 to 16 of function table).

This device may be used to perform arithmetic operations. For the add mode and multiply mode see Figs 5 and 6.

Schmitt-trigger action in the clock input makes the circuit highly tolerant to slower clock rise and fall times.

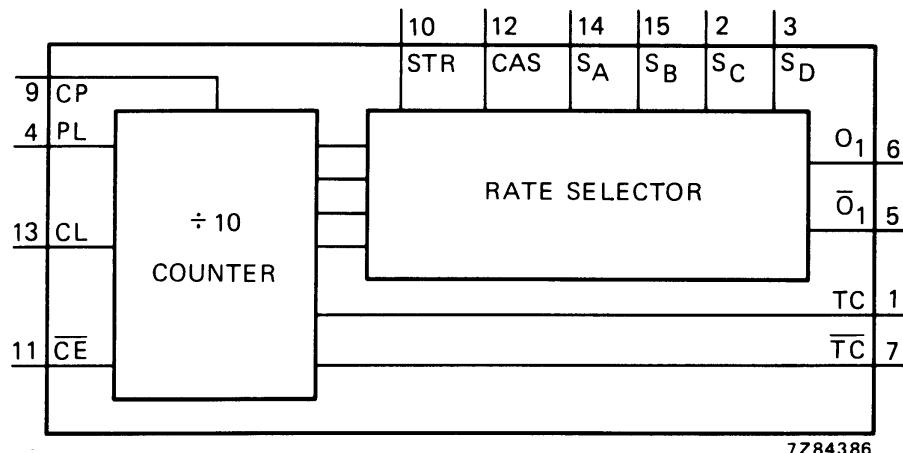
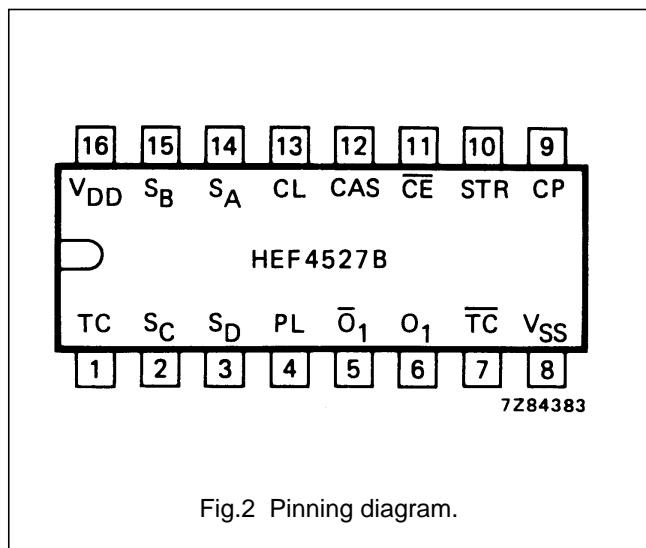


Fig.1 Functional diagram.

FAMILY DATA, I_{DD} LIMITS category MSI

See Family Specifications

BCD rate multiplier

HEF4527B
MSI

- HEF4527BP(N): 16-lead DIL; plastic (SOT38-1)
HEF4527BD(F): 16-lead DIL; ceramic (cerdip) (SOT74)
HEF4527BT(D): 16-lead SO; plastic (SOT109-1)
- (): Package Designator North America

PINNING

CP	clock input
PL	preset to '9' input
CL	counter clear input
CE	count enable input (active LOW)
STR	strobe input
CAS	cascade input
S _A to S _D	rate select inputs
O ₁ to Ō ₁	rate outputs
TC	terminal count output (active HIGH)
TC̄	terminal count output (active LOW)

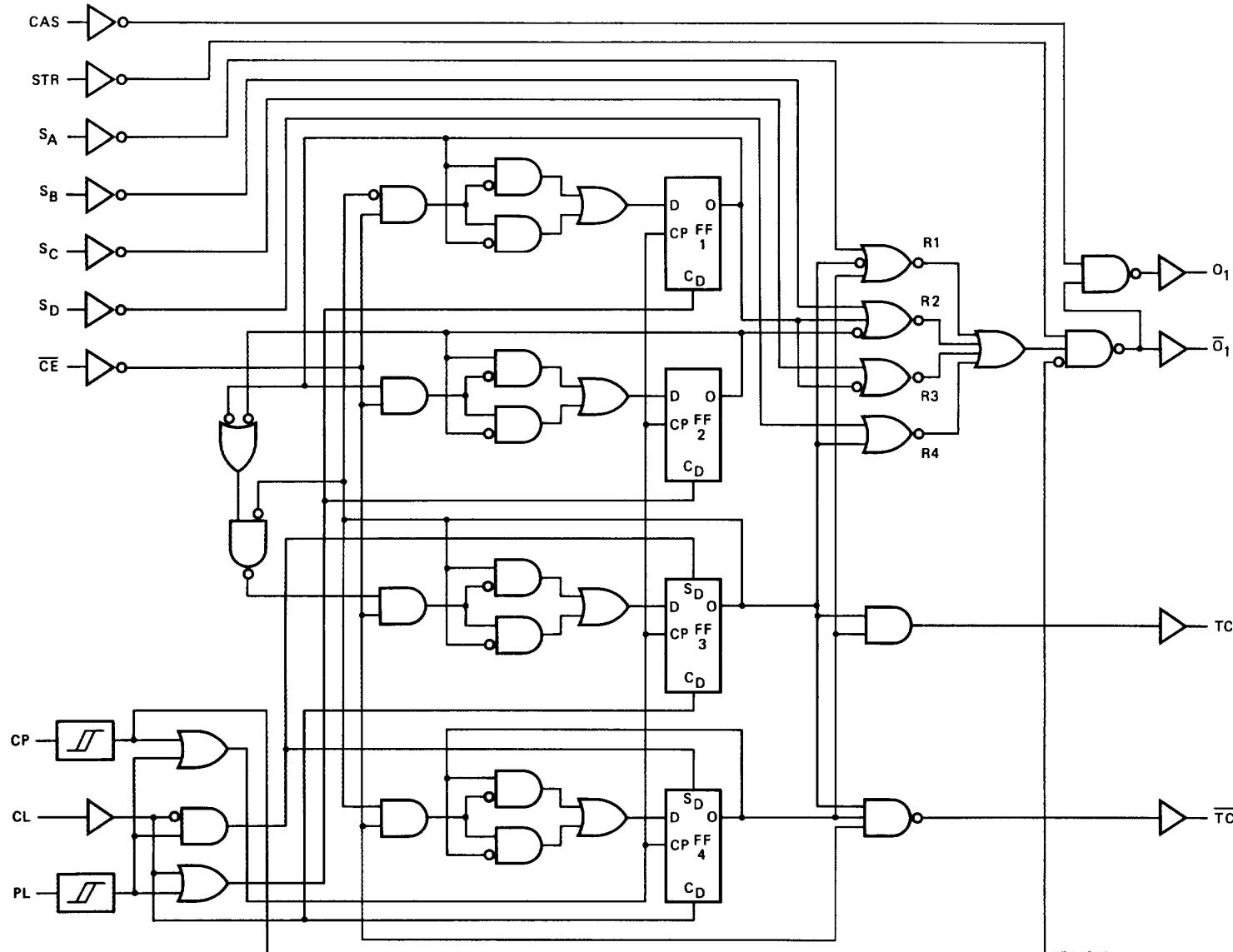


Fig.3 Logic diagram.

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FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS										OUTPUTS				MODE OF OPERATION	
NUMBER OF PULSES OR LOGIC LEVEL										NUMBER OF PULSES OR LOGIC LEVEL					
S _D	S _C	S _B	S _A	CP	CE	STR	CAS	CL	PL	O ₁	̄O ₁	̄TC	TC		
L	L	L	L	10	L	L	L	L	L	L	H	1	1		
L	L	L	H	10	L	L	L	L	L	1	1	1	1		
L	L	H	L	10	L	L	L	L	L	2	2	1	1		
L	L	H	H	10	L	L	L	L	L	3	3	1	1		
L	H	L	L	10	L	L	L	L	L	4	4	1	1		
L	H	L	H	10	L	L	L	L	L	5	5	1	1		
L	H	H	L	10	L	L	L	L	L	6	6	1	1		
L	H	H	H	10	L	L	L	L	L	7	7	1	1		
H	L	L	L	10	L	L	L	L	L	8	8	1	1		
H	L	L	H	10	L	L	L	L	L	9	9	1	1		
H	L	H	L	10	L	L	L	L	L	8	8	1	1		
H	L	H	H	10	L	L	L	L	L	9	9	1	1		
H	H	L	L	10	L	L	L	L	L	8	8	1	1		
H	H	L	H	10	L	L	L	L	L	9	9	1	1		
H	H	H	L	10	L	L	L	L	L	8	8	1	1		
H	H	H	H	10	L	L	L	L	L	9	9	1	1		
X	X	X	X	X	H	L	L	L	L	(5)	(5)	H	(5)	CE = H; counter disabled	
X	X	X	X	10	L	H	L	L	L	H	1	1		outputs O ₁ and O ₂ disabled	
X	X	X	X	10	L	L	H	L	L	H	(4)	1	1	output O ₁ disabled	
H	X	X	X	10	L	L	L	H	X	10	10	H	L	CL = H	
L	X	X	X	X	L	L	L	H	X	L	H	H	L	counter reset	
X	X	X	X	X	L	L	L	L	H	L	H	L	H	PL = H; preset to '9'	

Notes

1. H = HIGH state (the more positive voltage)
2. L = LOW state (the less positive voltage)
3. X = state is immaterial
4. Same output as the first 16 lines of this function table (depends on the values of S_A to S_D).
5. Depends on internal state of the counter.

BCD rate multiplier

HEF4527B
MSI

AC CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$; $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$; $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$; input transition times $\leq 20 \text{ ns}$.

PARAMETER	V_{DD} V	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TYPICAL EXTRAPOLATION FORMULA
Propagation delays $CP \rightarrow O_1, \bar{O}_1$ HIGH to LOW	5	t_{PHL}		130	260	ns	103 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
	10			50	100	ns	39 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
	15			35	70	ns	27 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
	LOW to HIGH	t_{PLH}		130	260	ns	103 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
				50	100	ns	39 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
				35	70	ns	27 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
	CP \rightarrow TC HIGH to LOW	t_{PHL}		175	350	ns	148 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
				65	130	ns	54 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
				45	90	ns	37 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
	LOW to HIGH	t_{PLH}		160	320	ns	133 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
				65	130	ns	54 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
				45	90	ns	37 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
CP \rightarrow \bar{TC} HIGH to LOW	5	t_{PHL}		175	350	ns	148 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
	10			65	130	ns	54 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
	15			50	100	ns	42 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
	LOW to HIGH	t_{PLH}		150	300	ns	123 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
				60	120	ns	49 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
				45	90	ns	37 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
	CAS $\rightarrow O_1$ HIGH to LOW	t_{PHL}		90	180	ns	63 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
				35	70	ns	24 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
				25	50	ns	17 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
	LOW to HIGH	t_{PLH}		70	140	ns	43 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
				30	60	ns	19 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
				25	50	ns	17 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
STR $\rightarrow O_1, \bar{O}_1$ HIGH to LOW	5	t_{PHL}		100	200	ns	73 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
	10			40	80	ns	29 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
	15			30	60	ns	22 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
	LOW to HIGH	t_{PLH}		85	170	ns	58 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
				35	70	ns	24 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
				25	50	ns	17 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
	$\bar{CE} \rightarrow \bar{TC}$ HIGH to LOW	t_{PHL}		95	190	ns	68 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
				35	70	ns	24 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
				25	50	ns	17 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L
	LOW to HIGH	t_{PLH}		65	130	ns	38 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C_L
				30	60	ns	19 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C_L
				20	40	ns	12 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C_L

BCD rate multiplier

HEF4527B
MSI

PARAMETER	V_{DD} V	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	TYPICAL EXTRAPOLATION FORMULA
CL → O ₁ HIGH to LOW	5	t _{PHL}		145	290	ns	118 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
	10			55	110	ns	44 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
	15			40	80	ns	32 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
	CL → \bar{O}_1 LOW to HIGH	t _{PLH}		145	290	ns	118 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
				55	110	ns	44 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
				40	80	ns	32 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
Propagation delays PL → O ₁ , \bar{O}_1 HIGH to LOW	5	t _{PHL}		260	520	ns	233 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
				100	200	ns	89 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
				70	140	ns	62 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
	10	t _{PLH}		235	470	ns	208 ns + (0,55 ns/pF) C _L
				90	180	ns	79 ns + (0,23 ns/pF) C _L
				50	100	ns	42 ns + (0,16 ns/pF) C _L
	15	t _{WCPH}		45	90	ns	
				18	36	ns	
				12	24	ns	
Minimum CL pulse width; HIGH	5	t _{WCLH}		20	40	ns	
	10			12	24	ns	
	15			10	20	ns	
Minimum PL pulse width; HIGH	5	t _{WPLH}		50	100	ns	
	10			20	40	ns	
	15			15	30	ns	
Set-up times $\bar{CE} \rightarrow CP$	5	t _{SU}		30	15	ns	
	10			20	10	ns	
	15			12	5	ns	
Recovery times CL → CP	5	t _{RCL}		20	10	ns	
	10			16	8	ns	
	15			10	5	ns	
	PL → CP	t _{RPL}		80	40	ns	
				36	18	ns	
				25	10	ns	
Maximum clock pulse frequency	5	f _{max}		4,5	9	MHz	
	10			11	22	MHz	
	15			16	32	MHz	

BCD rate multiplier

HEF4527B
MSI**AC CHARACTERISTICS** $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$; $T_{amb} = 25 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$; input transition times $\leq 20 \text{ ns}$

	V_{DD} V	TYPICAL FORMULA FOR P (μW)	
Dynamic power dissipation per package (P)	5	$1\ 050 f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$	where
	10	$4\ 500 f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$	f_i = input freq. (MHz)
	15	$10\ 500 f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$	f_o = output freq. (MHz) C_L = load capacitance (pF) $\sum (f_o C_L)$ = sum of outputs V_{DD} = supply voltage (V)

BCD rate multiplier

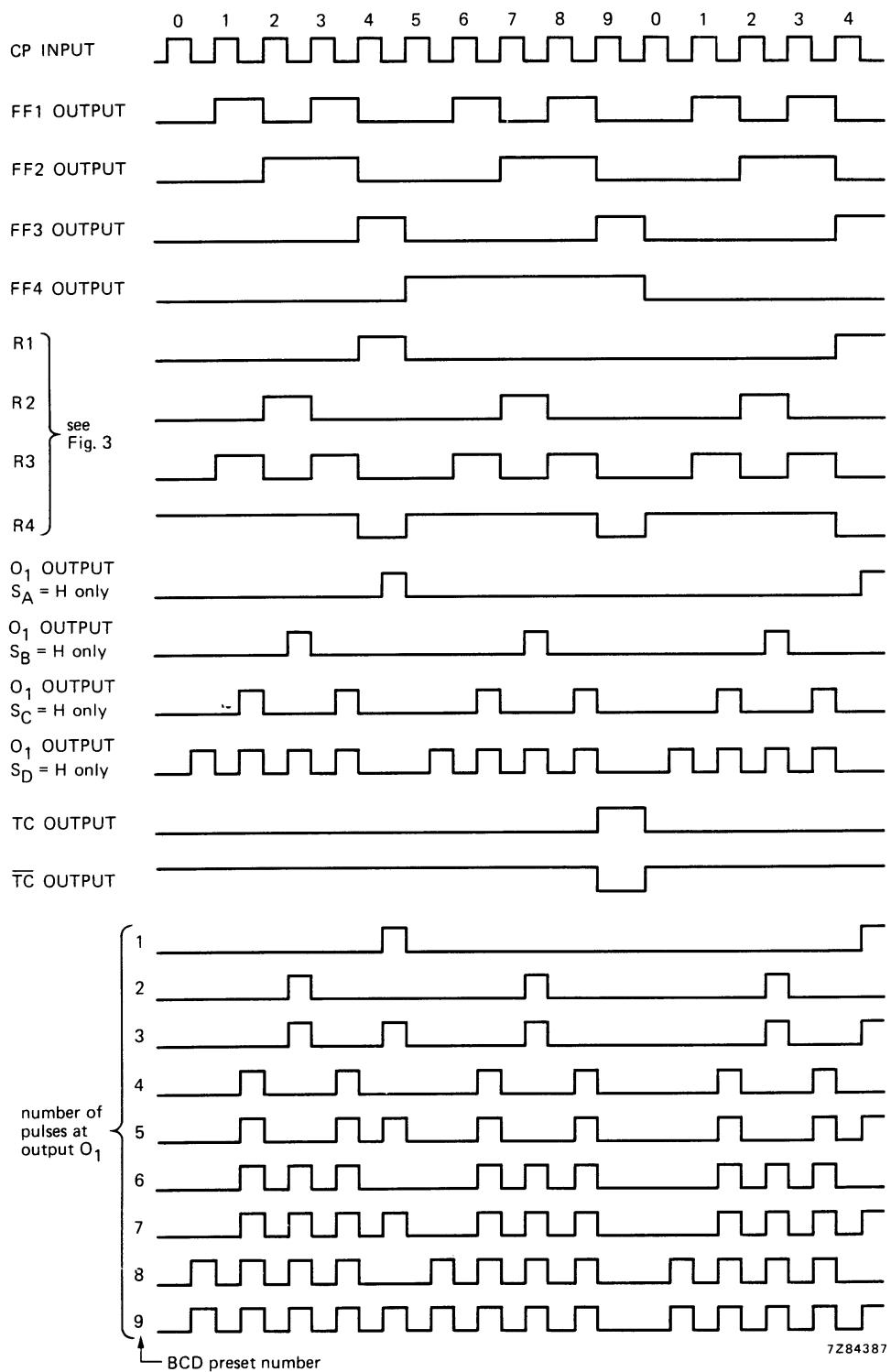
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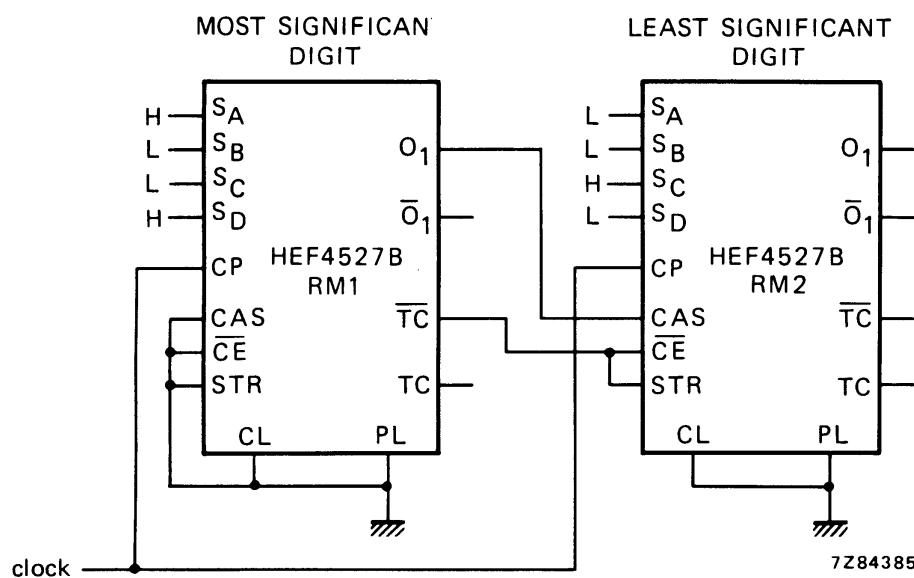
Fig.4 Timing diagram.

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

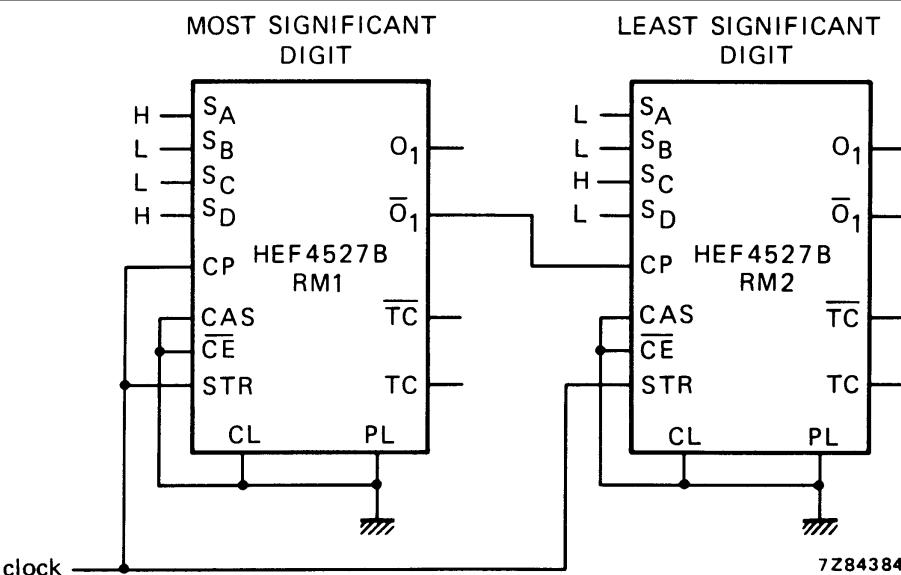
Add mode



Output rate = 10^n ($0,1 \text{ BCD}_1 + 0,01 \text{ BCD}_2 + 0,01 \text{ BCD}_3 + \dots$), in where n = number of cascaded RMs.
 Example: RM1 preset to 9 and RM2 preset to 4, output rate is 10^2 ($0,1 \times 9 + 0,01 \times 4$) = 94.

Fig.5 Two HEF4527B cascaded in the add mode.

Multiply mode



Output rate = 10^n ($0,1 \text{ BCD}_1 \times 0,1 \text{ BCD}_2 \times 0,1 \text{ BCD}_3 \times \dots$), in where n = number of cascaded RMs.
 Example: RM1 preset to 9 and RM2 preset to 4, output rate is 10^2 ($0,1 \times 9 \times 0,1 \times 4$) = 36.

Fig.6 Two HEF4527B cascaded in the multiply mode.