

# DATA SHEET

**AU2904**

Low power dual operational amplifier

Product data  
Supersedes data of 1994 Aug 31  
File under Integrated Circuits, IC11 Handbook

2001 Aug 03

# Low power dual operational amplifier

**AU2904**

## DESCRIPTION

The AU2904 consists of two independent, high-gain, internally frequency-compensated operational amplifiers designed specifically to operate from a single power supply over a wide range of voltages. Operation from dual power supplies is also possible, and the low power supply current drain is independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage.

## FEATURES

- Internally frequency-compensated for unity gain
- Large DC voltage gain: 100 dB
- Wide bandwidth (unity gain): 1 MHz (temperature-compensated)
- Wide power supply range. Single supply:  $3 V_{DC}$  to  $30 V_{DC}$ , or dual supplies:  $\pm 1.5 V_{DC}$  to  $\pm 15 V_{DC}$
- Very low supply current drain (400  $\mu A$ ): essentially independent of supply voltage (1 mW/op amp at +5  $V_{DC}$ )
- Low input bias current: 45 nA<sub>DC</sub> (temperature-compensated)
- Low input offset voltage: 2 mV<sub>DC</sub> and offset current: 5 nA<sub>DC</sub>
- Differential input voltage range equal to the power supply voltage
- Large output voltage: 0  $V_{DC}$  to  $V_+ - 1.5 V_{DC}$  swing

## PIN CONFIGURATION

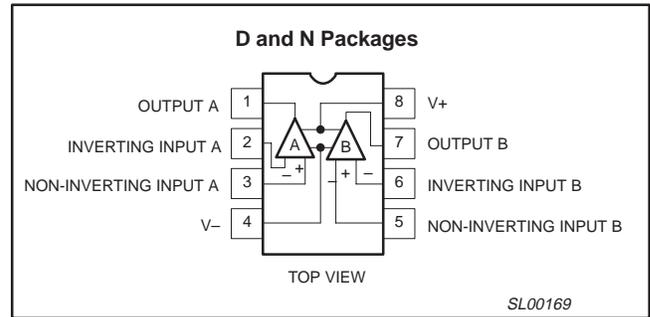


Figure 1. Pin configuration.

## UNIQUE FEATURES

In the linear mode the input common-mode voltage range includes ground and the output voltage can also swing to ground, even though operated from only a single power supply voltage.

The unity gain crossover frequency and the input bias current are temperature-compensated.

## ORDERING INFORMATION

DESCRIPTION	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE	DWG #
8-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	-40 °C to +125 °C	AU2904N	SOT97-1
8-Pin Plastic Small Outline (SO) Package	-40 °C to +125 °C	AU2904D	SOT96-1

## EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC

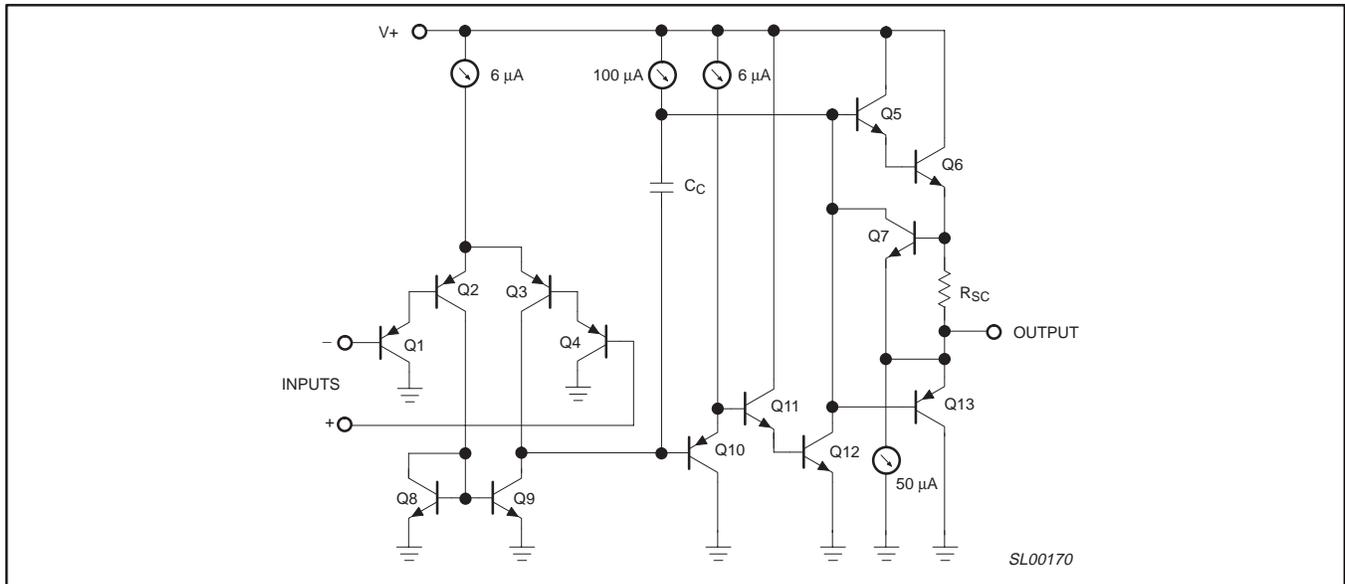


Figure 2. Equivalent schematic.

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**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	RATING	UNIT
$V_S$	Supply voltage $V_+$	32 or $\pm 16$	$V_{DC}$
	Differential input voltage	32	$V_{DC}$
$V_{IN}$	Input voltage	-0.3 to +32	$V_{DC}$
$P_{D(max)}$	Maximum power dissipation; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ (still-air) <sup>1</sup>		
	N package	1160	mW
	D package	780	mW
	Output short-circuit to GND <sup>2</sup> $V_+ < 15 V_{DC}$ and $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	Continuous	
$T_{amb}$	Operating ambient temperature range	-40 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{stg}$	Storage temperature range	-65 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{sld}$	Lead soldering temperature (10 sec max)	230	$^\circ\text{C}$

**NOTES:**

- Derate above 25  $^\circ\text{C}$  at the following rates:  
N package at 9.3 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$   
D package at 6.2 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
- Short-circuits from the output to  $V_+$  can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction. The maximum output current is approximately 40 mA independent of the magnitude of  $V_+$ . At values of supply voltage in excess of +15  $V_{DC}$ , continuous short-circuits can exceed the power dissipation ratings and cause eventual destruction.

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## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ;  $V_{+} = +5\text{ V}$ , unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	Limits			UNIT
			Min	Typ	Max	
$V_{OS}$	Offset voltage <sup>1</sup>	$R_S = 0\ \Omega$		$\pm 2$	$\pm 3$	mV
		$R_S = 0\ \Omega$ ; over temp.			$\pm 5$	mV
$V_{OS}$	Drift	$R_S = 0\ \Omega$ ; over temp.		7		$\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
$I_{OS}$	Offset current	$I_{IN(+)} - I_{IN(-)}$		$\pm 5$	$\pm 50$	nA
		Over temp.			$\pm 150$	nA
$I_{OS}$	Drift	Over temp.		10		$\text{pA}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
$I_{BIAS}$	Input current <sup>2</sup>	$I_{IN(+)} \text{ or } I_{IN(-)}$		45	250	nA
		$I_{IN(+)} \text{ or } I_{IN(-)}$ ; Over temp.		40	500	nA
$I_{BIAS}$	Drift	Over temp.		50		$\text{pA}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
$V_{CM}$	Common-mode voltage range <sup>3</sup>	$V_{+} = 30\text{ V}$	0		$V_{+} - 1.5$	V
		$V_{+} = 30\text{ V}$ ; over temp.	0		$V_{+} - 2.0$	V
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{+} = 30\text{ V}$	65	70		dB
$V_{OH}$	Output voltage swing	$R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$ ; $V_{+} = 30\text{ V}$ ; over temp.	26			V
		$R_L \geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ; $V_{+} = 30\text{ V}$ ; over temp.	27	26		V
$V_{OL}$	Output voltage swing	$R_L \geq 10\text{ k}\Omega$ ; Over temp.		5	20	mV
$I_{CC}$	Supply current	$R_L = \infty$ ; $V_{+} = 30\text{ V}$		0.5	1.0	mA
		$R_L = \infty$ on all amplifiers; $V_{+} = 30\text{ V}$ ; Over temp.		0.6	1.2	mA
$A_{VOL}$	Large-signal voltage gain	$R_L \geq 2\text{ k}\Omega$ ; $V_{OUT} \pm 10\text{ V}$ $V_{+} = 15\text{ V}$ Over temp.	25 15	100		V/mV V/mV
		PSRR	Supply voltage rejection ratio	$R_S = 0\ \Omega$	65	100
	Amplifier-to-amplifier coupling <sup>4</sup>	$f = 1\text{ kHz to } 20\text{ kHz}$ (input referred)		-120		dB
$I_{OUT}$	Output current Source	$V_{IN+} = +1\text{ V}_{DC}$ ; $V_{IN-} = 0\text{ V}_{DC}$ ; $V_{+} = 15\text{ V}_{DC}$	20	40		mA
		Over temp.	10	20		mA
	Output current Sink	$V_{IN-} = +1\text{ V}_{DC}$ ; $V_{IN+} = 0\text{ V}_{DC}$ ; $V_{+} = 15\text{ V}_{DC}$	10	20		mA
		$V_{IN-} = +1\text{ V}_{DC}$ ; $V_{IN+} = 0\text{ V}_{DC}$ ; $V_{+} = 15\text{ V}_{DC}$ ; Over temp.	5	8		mA
		$V_{IN+} = 0\text{ V}$ ; $V_{IN-} = +1\text{ V}_{DC}$ ; $V_O = 200\text{ mV}$	12	50		$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{SC}$	Short circuit current <sup>5</sup>		40	60	mA	
	Differential input voltage <sup>3</sup>			$V_{+}$	V	
GBW	Unity gain bandwidth	$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		1		MHz
SR	Slew rate	$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$		0.3		$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
$V_{NOISE}$	Input noise voltage	$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ; $f = 1\text{ kHz}$		40		$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

## NOTES:

- $V_O \approx 1.4\text{ V}$ ,  $R_S = 0\ \Omega$  with  $V_{CC}$  from 5 V to 30 V and over full input common-mode range ( $0\text{ V}_{DC}$  to  $V_{CC} - 1.5\text{ V}$ ).
- The direction of the input current is out of the IC due to the PNP input stage. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output so no loading change exists on the input lines.
- The input common-mode voltage or either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V. The upper end of the common-mode voltage range is  $V_{+} - 1.5$ , but either or both inputs can go to +32 V without damage.
- Due to proximity of external components, insure that coupling is not originating via stray capacitance between these external parts. This typically can be detected as this type of coupling increases at higher frequencies.
- Short-circuits from the output to  $V_{+}$  can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction. The maximum output current is approximately 40 mA independent of the magnitude of  $V_{+}$ . At values of supply voltage in excess of +15  $V_{DC}$ , continuous short-circuits can exceed the power dissipation ratings and cause eventual destruction.

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### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

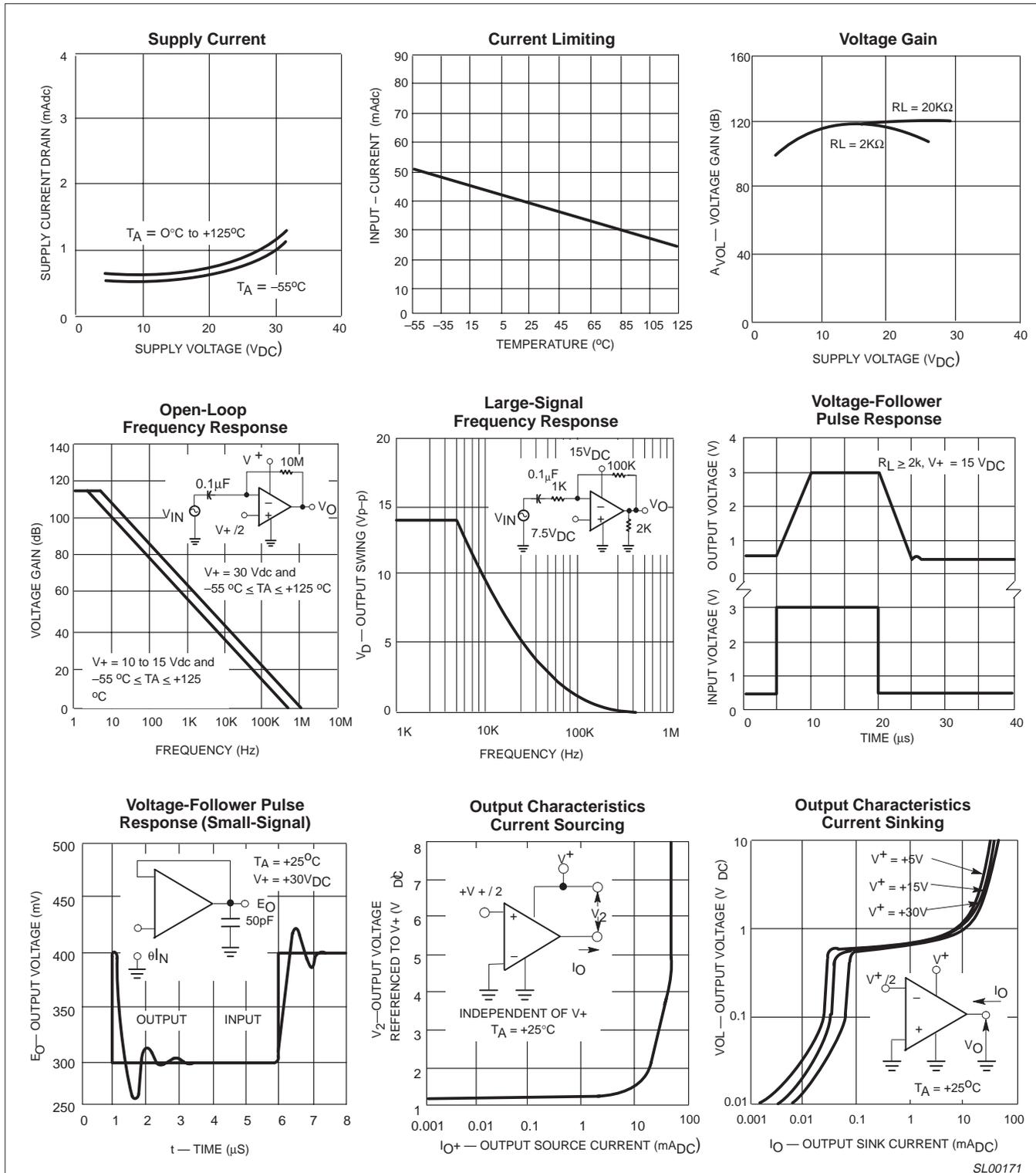


Figure 3. Typical performance characteristics.

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### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

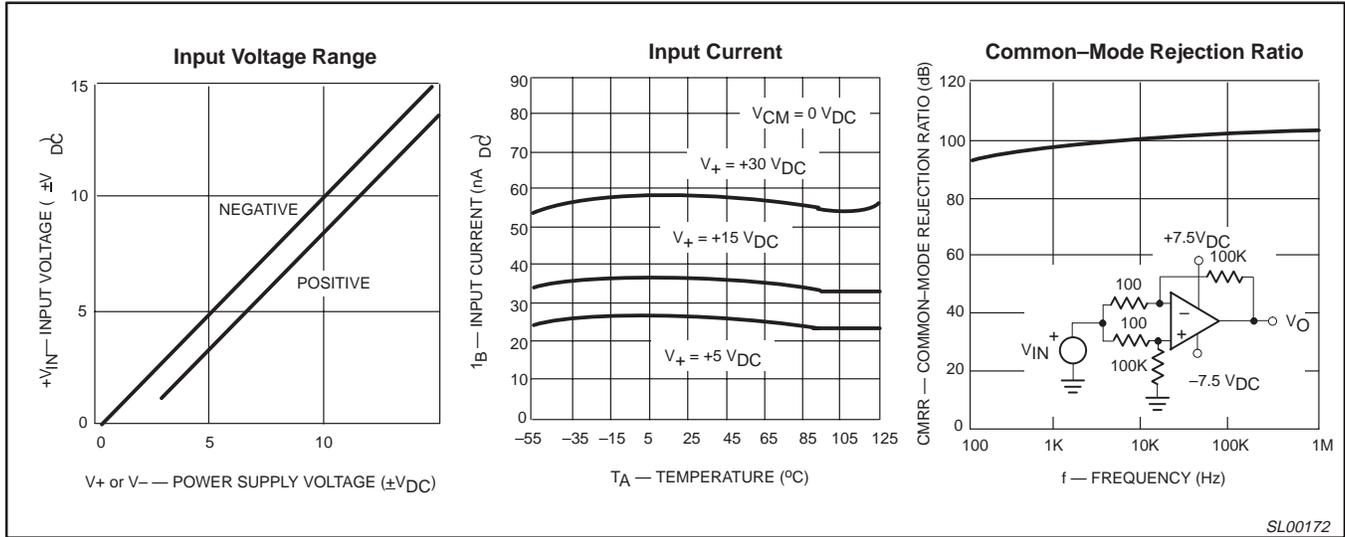


Figure 4. Typical performance characteristics (continued)

### TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

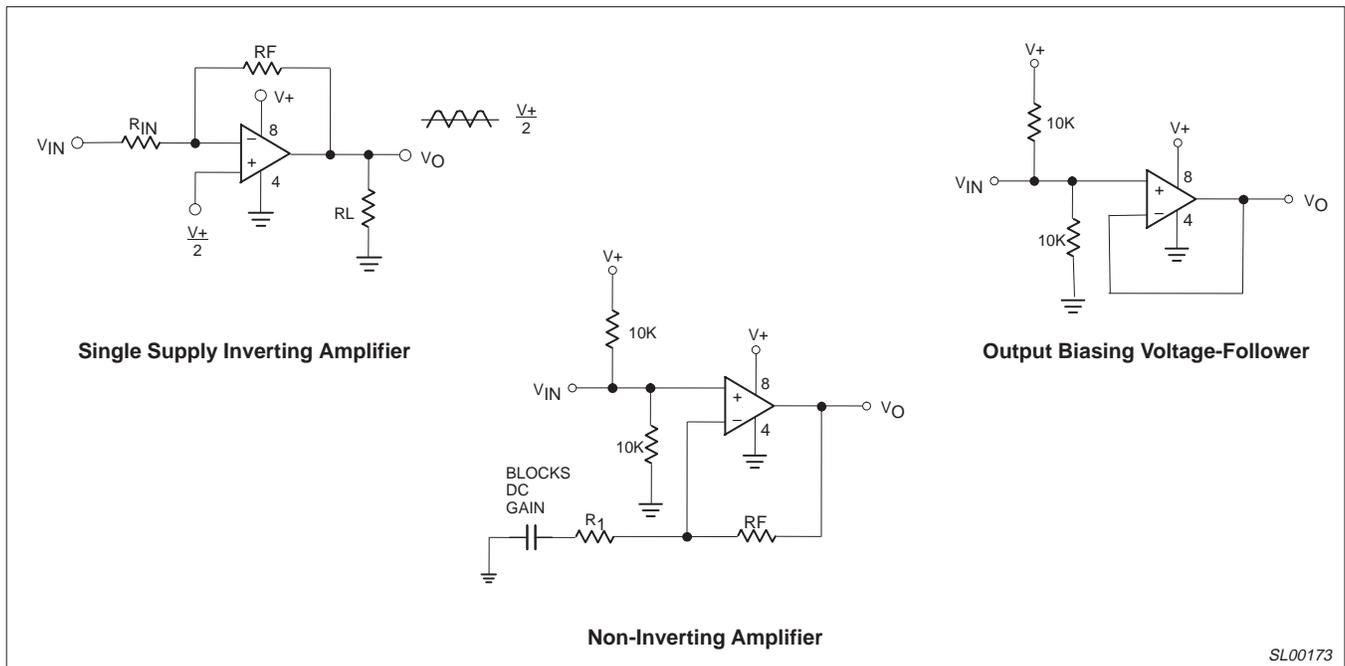


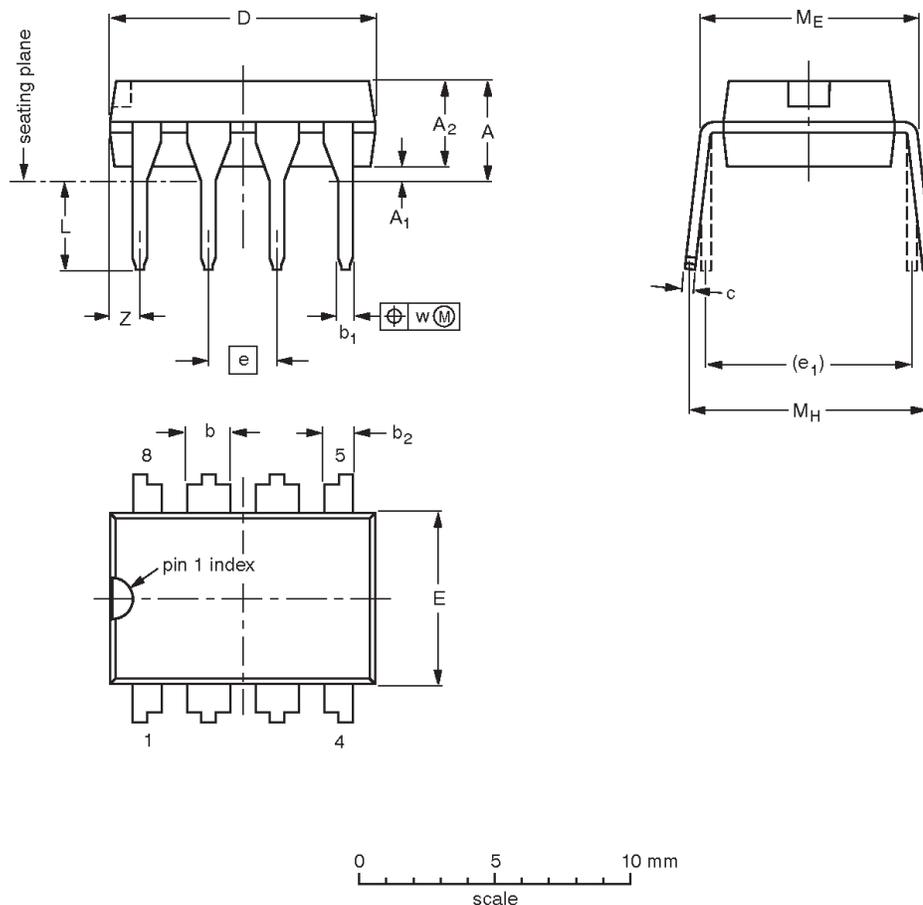
Figure 5. Typical applications.

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## AU2904

**DIP8:** plastic dual in-line package; 8 leads (300 mil)

**SOT97-1**



**DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)**

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub> min.	A <sub>2</sub> max.	b	b <sub>1</sub>	b <sub>2</sub>	c	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(1)</sup>	e	e <sub>1</sub>	L	M <sub>E</sub>	M <sub>H</sub>	w	Z <sup>(1)</sup> max.
mm	4.2	0.51	3.2	1.73 1.14	0.53 0.38	1.07 0.89	0.36 0.23	9.8 9.2	6.48 6.20	2.54	7.62	3.60 3.05	8.25 7.80	10.0 8.3	0.254	1.15
inches	0.17	0.020	0.13	0.068 0.045	0.021 0.015	0.042 0.035	0.014 0.009	0.39 0.36	0.26 0.24	0.10	0.30	0.14 0.12	0.32 0.31	0.39 0.33	0.01	0.045

**Note**

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

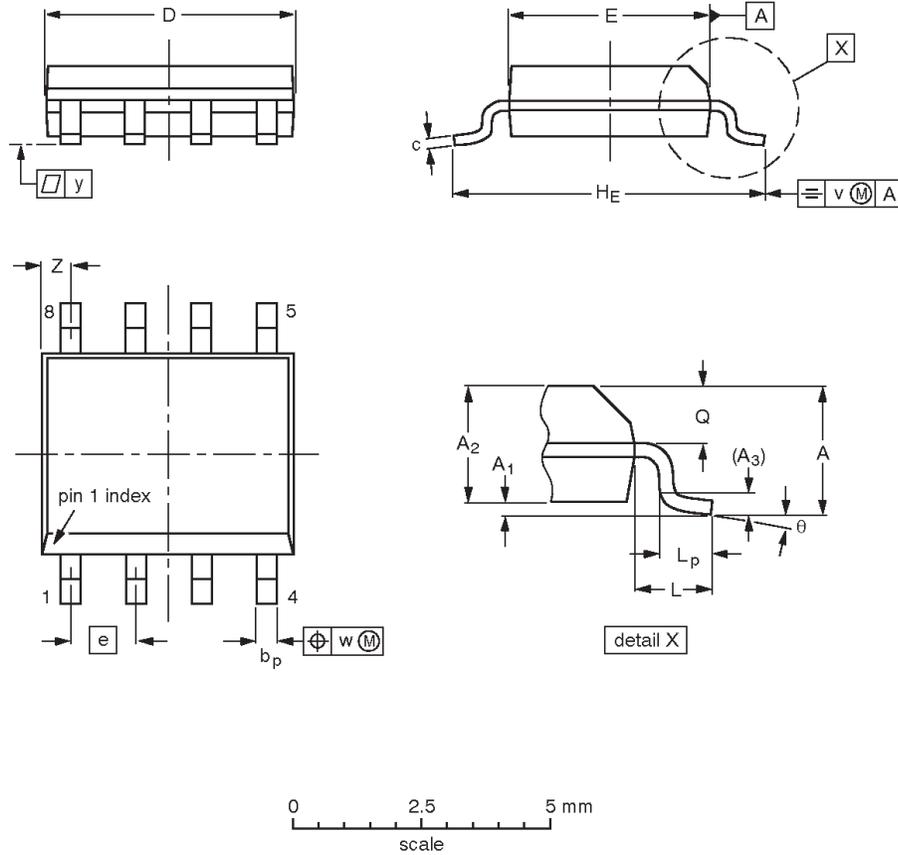
OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ			
SOT97-1	050G01	MO-001	SC-504-8			95-02-04 99-12-27

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**SO8: plastic small outline package; 8 leads; body width 3.9 mm**

**SOT96-1**



**DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)**

UNIT	A max.	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	b <sub>p</sub>	c	D <sup>(1)</sup>	E <sup>(2)</sup>	e	H <sub>E</sub>	L	L <sub>p</sub>	Q	v	w	y	Z <sup>(1)</sup>	θ
mm	1.75	0.25 0.10	1.45 1.25	0.25	0.49 0.36	0.25 0.19	5.0 4.8	4.0 3.8	1.27	6.2 5.8	1.05	1.0 0.4	0.7 0.6	0.25	0.25	0.1	0.7 0.3	8° 0°
inches	0.069	0.010 0.004	0.057 0.049	0.01	0.019 0.014	0.0100 0.0075	0.20 0.19	0.16 0.15	0.050	0.244 0.228	0.041	0.039 0.016	0.028 0.024	0.01	0.01	0.004	0.028 0.012	

**Notes**

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.
2. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ			
SOT96-1	076E03	MS-012				97-05-22 99-12-27

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**NOTES**

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Date of release: 01-02

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