INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

DATA SHEET

AU2902

Low power quad operational amplifier

Product data Supersedes data of 1994 Aug 31 File under Integrated Circuits, IC11 Handbook 2001 Aug 03





Low power quad operational amplifier

AU2902

DESCRIPTION

The AU2902 consists of four independent, high-gain, internally frequency-compensated operational amplifiers designed specifically to operate from a single power supply over a wide range of voltages.

UNIQUE FEATURES

In the linear mode, the input common-mode voltage range includes ground and the output voltage can also swing to ground, even though operated from only a single power supply voltage.

The unity gain crossover frequency and the input bias current are temperature-compensated.

FEATURES

- Internally frequency-compensated for unity gain
- Large DC voltage gain: 100 dB
- Wide bandwidth (unity gain): 1 MHz (temperature-compensated)
- Wide power supply range Single supply: 3 V_{DC} to 30 V_{DC} or dual supplies: ±1.5 V_{DC} to ±15 V_{DC}
- Very low supply current drain: essentially independent of supply voltage (1 mW/op amp at +5 V_{DC})
- Low input bias current: 45 nA_{DC} (temperature-compensated)
- Low input offset voltage: 2 mV_{DC} and offset current: 5nA_{DC}
- Differential input voltage range equal to the power supply voltage
- ullet Large output voltage: 0 V_{DC} to V_{CC} 1.5 V_{DC} swing

PIN CONFIGURATION

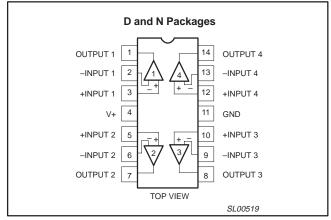


Figure 1. Pin Configuration

EQUIVALENT SCHEMATIC

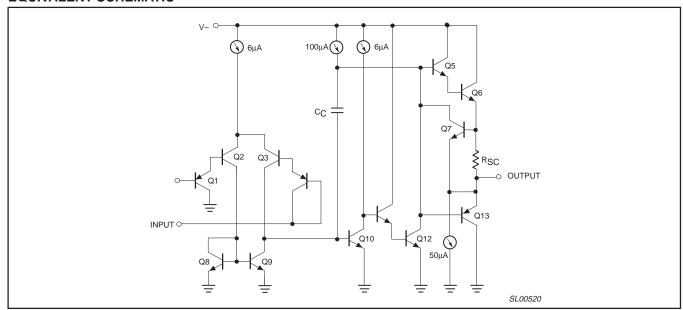


Figure 2. Equivalent Schematic

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ORDERING INFORMATION

DESCRIPTION	TEMPERATURE RANGE	ORDER CODE	DWG#
14-Pin Plastic Small Outline (SO) Package	–40 °C to +125 °C	AU2902D	SOT108-1
14-Pin Plastic Dual In-Line Package (DIP)	−40 °C to +125 °C	AU2902N	SOT27-1

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	RATING	UNIT
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	32 or ±16	V_{DC}
V _{IN}	Differential input voltage	32	V_{DC}
V _{IN}	Input voltage	-0.3 to +32	V_{DC}
P _{DMAX}	Maximum power dissipation; T _{amb} = 25 °C (still-air) ¹ N package D package	1420 1040	mW mW
	Output short-circuit to GND; one amplifier V_{CC} < 15 V_{DC} and T_{amb} = 25 $^{\circ}C$	Continuous	
I _{IN}	Input current (V _{IN} < -0.3 V) ³	50	mA
T _{amb}	Operating ambient temperature range	-40 to +125	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range	−65 to +150	°C
T _{sld}	Lead soldering temperature (10 sec max)	230	°C

NOTES:

1. Derate above 25 °C at the following rates:

N package at 11.4 mW/°C

D package at 8.3 mW/°C

- Short-circuits from the output to V_{CC}+ can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction. The maximum output current is approximately 40 mA, independent of the magnitude of V_{CC}. At values of supply voltage in excess of +15 V_{DC} continuous short-circuits can exceed the power dissipation ratings and cause eventual destruction.
 This input current will only exist when the voltage at any of the input leads is driven negative. It is due to the collector-base junction of the
- 3. This input current will only exist when the voltage at any of the input leads is driven negative. It is due to the collector-base junction of the input PNP transistors becoming forward biased and thereby acting as input bias clamps. In addition, there is also lateral NPN parasitic transistor action on the IC chip. This action can cause the output voltages of the op amps to go to the V+ rail (or to ground for a large overdrive) during the time that the input is driven negative.

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DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

V_{CC} = 5 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C; unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	2.2.445752	TEST SOMBITIONS					
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	Min	Тур	Max	mV	
\/	Officet voltage 1	R _S = 0 Ω		±2	±3		
V _{OS} Offset voltage ¹		$R_S = 0 \Omega$, over temp.			±5	mV	
ΔV _{OS} /ΔT	Temperature drift	$R_S = 0 \Omega$, over temp.		7		μV/°C	
	Larrett surma et?	I _{IN} (+) or I _{IN} (–)		45	250	nA	
BIAS	Input current ²	$I_{IN}(+)$ or $I_{IN}(-)$; over temp.		40	500	nA	
ΔI _{BIAS} /ΔΤ	Temperature drift	Over temp.		50		pA/°C	
	Office the second of	I _{IN} (+)-I _{IN} (-)		±5	±50	nA	
los	Offset current	$I_{IN}(+) - I_{IN}(-)$; over temp.			±150	nA	
Δl _{OS} /ΔT	Temperature drift	Over temp.		10		pA/°C	
.,	0 1 11 2	V _{CC} ≤ 30 V	0		V _{CC} – 1.5	V	
V_{CM}	Common-mode voltage range ³	V _{CC} ≤ 30 V; over temp.	0		V _{CC} - 2	V	
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	V _{CC} = 30 V	65	70		dB	
V _{OUT}	Output voltage swing	$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$; $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$; over temp.	26			V	
V _{OH}	Output voltage high	$R_L \ge 10 \text{ k}\Omega$; $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$; over temp.	27	28		V	
V _{OL}	Output voltage low	$R_L \le 10 \text{ k}\Omega$; $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$; over temp.		5	20	mV	
Icc		$R_L = \infty$; $V_{CC} = 30 \text{ V}$; over temp.		1.5	3	mA	
	Supply current	$R_L = \infty$; $V_{CC} = 5$ V; over temp.		0.7	1.2	mA	
		V_{CC} = 15 V (for large V_O swing); $R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$	25	100		V/mV	
A _{VOL}	Large-signal voltage gain	V_{CC} = 15V (for large V_O swing); $R_L \ge 2 k\Omega$; over temp.	15			V/mV	
	Amplifier-to-amplifier coupling ⁵	f = 1 kHz to 20 kHz; input referred		-120		dB	
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio	R _S = 0 Ω	65	100	1	dB	
		V _{IN} + = +1 V; V _{IN} - = 0 V; V _{CC} = 15 V	20	40		mA	
	Output current, Source	V_{IN} + = +1 V; V_{IN} - = 0 V; V_{CC} = 15 V; over temp.	10	20		mA	
I _{OUT}		V _{IN} = +1 V, V _{IN} + = 0 V; V+ = 15 V	10	20		mA	
	Output current, Sink	V_{IN} -= +1 V; V_{IN} + = 0 V; V_{CC} = 15 V; over temp.	5	8		mA	
		V _{IN} -= +1 V; V _{IN} + = 0 V; V _O = 200 mV	12	50	1	μΑ	
I _{SC}	Short-circuit current ⁴		10	40	60	mA	
V _{DIFF}	Differential input voltage ³				V _{CC}	V	
GBW	Unity gain bandwidth			1	1	MHz	
SR	Slew rate			0.3	1	V/μs	
V _{NOISE}	Input noise voltage	f = 1 kHz		40	†	nV/√Hz	

- 1. $V_O \approx 1.4 \ V_{DC}$, $R_S = 0 \ \Omega$ with V_{CC} from 5 V to 30 V and over full input common-mode range (0 V_{DC} + to V_{CC} –1.5 V). 2. The direction of the input current is out of the IC due to the PNP input stage. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output so no loading change exists on the input lines.
- 3. The input common-mode voltage or either input signal voltage should not be allowed to go negative by more than 0.3 V. The upper end of
- the common-mode voltage range is V_{CC} –1.5, but either or both inputs can go to +32 V without damage.

 4. Short-circuits from the output to V_{CC} can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction. The maximum output current is approximately 40 mA independent of the magnitude of V_{CC}. At values of supply voltage in excess of +15 V_{DC}, continuous short-circuits can exceed the power dissipation ratings and cause eventual destruction. Destructive dissipation can result from simultaneous shorts on all amplifiers.
- Due to proximity of external components, insure that coupling is not originating via stray capacitance between these external parts. This typically can be detected as this type of coupling increases at higher frequencies.

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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

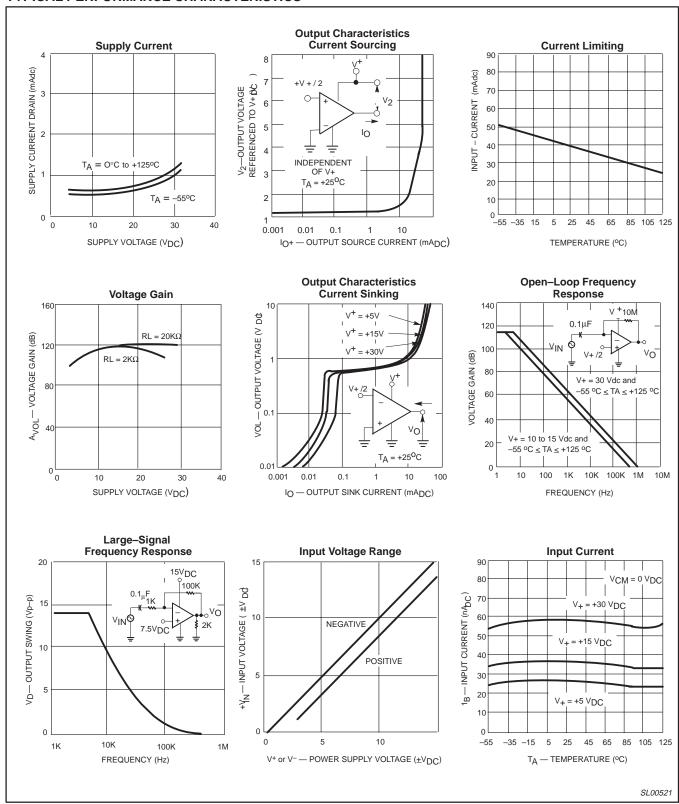


Figure 3. Typical Performance Characteristics

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TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

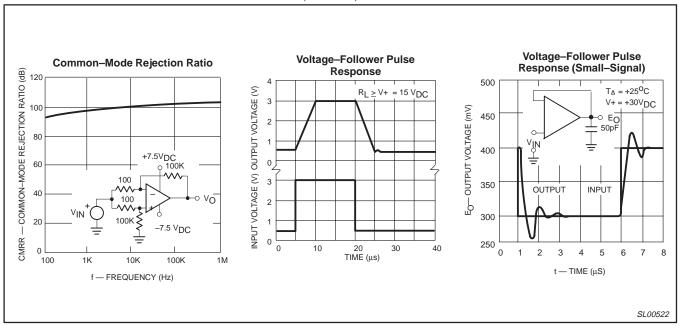


Figure 4. Typical Performance Characteristics (cont.)

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

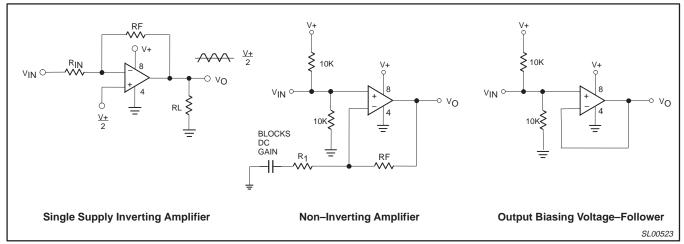


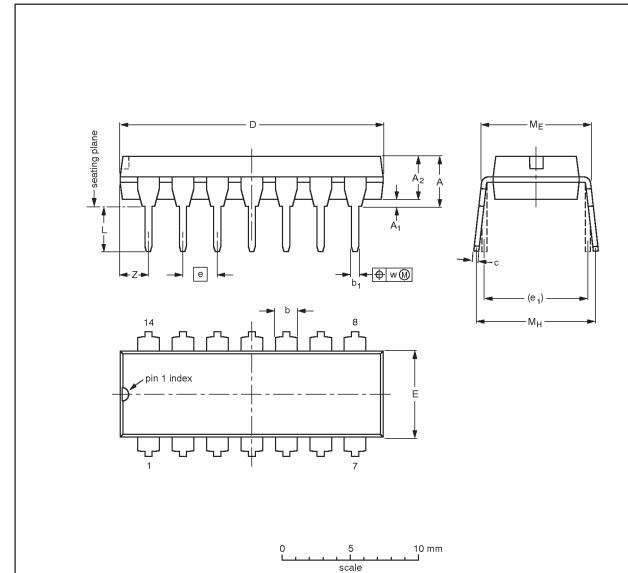
Figure 5. Typical Applications

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DIP14: plastic dual in-line package; 14 leads (300 mil)

SOT27-1



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A ₁ min.	A ₂ max.	b	b ₁	С	D ⁽¹⁾	E (1)	е	e ₁	L	ME	Мн	w	Z ⁽¹⁾ max.
mm	4.2	0.51	3.2	1.73 1.13	0.53 0.38	0.36 0.23	19.50 18.55	6.48 6.20	2.54	7.62	3.60 3.05	8.25 7.80	10.0 8.3	0.254	2.2
inches	0.17	0.020	0.13	0.068 0.044	0.021 0.015	0.014 0.009	0.77 0.73	0.26 0.24	0.10	0.30	0.14 0.12	0.32 0.31	0.39 0.33	0.01	0.087

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

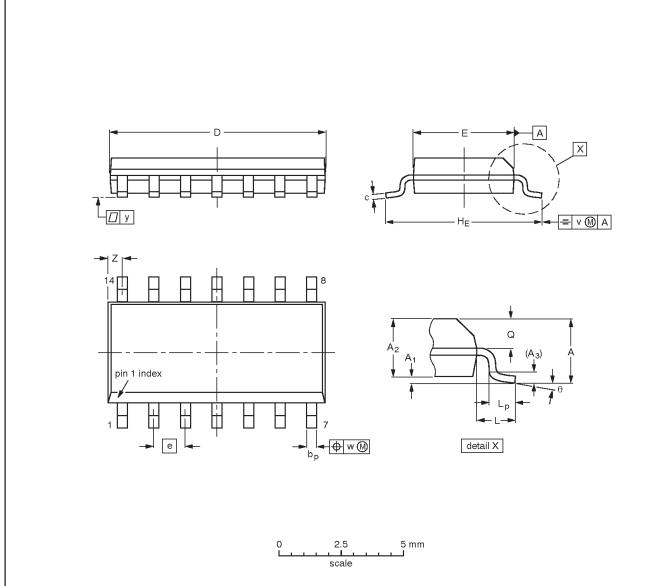
OUTLINE		REFEF	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE			
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ		PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE	
SOT27-1	050G04	MO-001	SC-501-14			95-03-11 99-12-27	

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SO14: plastic small outline package; 14 leads; body width 3.9 mm

SOT108-1



DIMENSIONS (inch dimensions are derived from the original mm dimensions)

UNIT	A max.	A ₁	A ₂	А3	bp	С	D ⁽¹⁾	E ⁽¹⁾	e	HE	L	Lp	Q	>	w	у	Z ⁽¹⁾	θ
mm	1.75	0.25 0.10	1.45 1.25	0.25	0.49 0.36	0.25 0.19	8.75 8.55	4.0 3.8	1.27	6.2 5.8	1.05	1.0 0.4	0.7 0.6	0.25	0.25	0.1	0.7 0.3	8°
inches	0.069	0.010 0.004	0.057 0.049	0.01	0.019 0.014	0.0100 0.0075	0.35 0.34	0.16 0.15	0.050	0.244 0.228	0.041	0.039 0.016		0.01	0.01	0.004	0.028 0.012	0°

Note

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.15 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE		REFEF	EUROPEAN	ISSUE DATE			
VERSION	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ		PROJECTION	155UE DATE	
SOT108-1	076E06	MS-012			€	97-05-22 99-12-27	

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NOTES

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Data sheet status

Data sheet status ^[1]	Product status ^[2]	Definitions
Objective data	Development	This data sheet contains data from the objective specification for product development. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to change the specification in any manner without notice.
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http://www.semiconductors.philips.com. Fax: +31 40 27 24825

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