AN6157NK

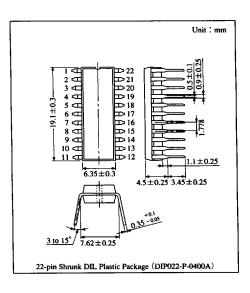
Speech Network Circuit

Overview

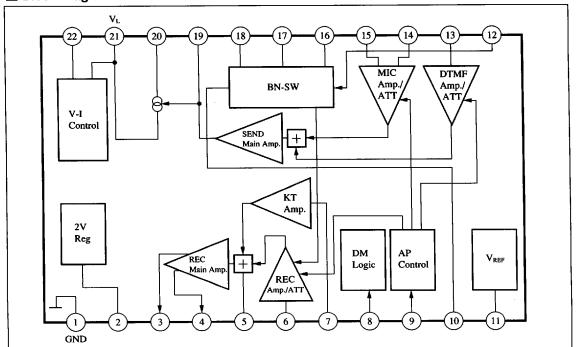
The AN6157NK is a speech network IC with a side tone preventive circuit network switching function. It enables manual/automatic switching and realizes good side-tone characteristics under any line conditions, including communications through the extension.

Features

- Capable of interfacing with the light-weight small ceramic receivers and low-impedance dynamic receivers
- · Capable of interfacing with the ECM transmitters.
- Built-in ECM constant voltage source (2.1V typ.)
- Built-in 2-channel side tone circuit network switching function according to a line current and capable of manual switching in communications through the extension.
- Automatic gain control according to a line current and manual gain control also available.
- Built-in key-in-tone amplifier and DTMF transmission circuit to allow mode setting through a control pin.
- 22-pin DIL (shrunk type) plastic package.



■ Block Diagram



■ 6932852 0013052 9T4 **■**

Panasonic

761

ICs for

Telephone

Absolute Maximum Ratings $(Ta=25^{\circ})$

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{L}	14.4	v
Supply current	I _L	120	mA
Power dissipation (Ta=60℃)	P _D	1440	mW
Operating ambient temperature	Topr	-20 to +75	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C

Recommended Operating Range $(Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter	Symbol	Range
Operating supply voltage range	V_L	3 to 11.5V

Electrical Characteristics (I_L (Line Current) = 30mA, Input Signal Frequency f_{in} =1kHz, Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Receiver System					·	·
Receiver gain	G _{V-R}	Input a signal to the Pin $\mathbb Q$. Connect a resistor $(3k\Omega)$ and a capacitor $(0.055\mu\text{F})$ between the Pins $\mathfrak G$ and $\mathfrak G$, and measure the output between the capacitors.	8.5	11	13.5	dB
Receiver automatic pad	A _{P-R}	Input a signal (-26dBV) to the PinQ). Measure an output change (both ends of the capacitor) when changing I _L from 30mA to 80mA.	-4.8	-3.4	-2.3	dB
Maximum receiver level	V_{O-R}	Input a signal to the Pin@and measure the measure the output when an output distortion factor is 5%.	-3	0		dBV
KEY IN TONE gain	G _{V-KT}	Ground the Pin(8). Measure the receiver output when inputting a signal (-42dBV) to the Pin(7).	11.5	14	16.5	dB
Transmitter System						
Transmitter gain (1)	G _{V-T}	Input a signal $(-47dBV)$ to the Pin(\textcircled{B}) and measure a transmission signal at a 600Ω load eed between the Pin(\textcircled{D}) and GND.	37	39	41	dB
Transmitter automatic pad	A _{P-T}	Input a signal ($-47dBV$) to the Pin($\frac{1}{2}$). Measure a change of transmission signal (600Ω end) when changing I _L from 30mA to 80mA.	-5.3	-3.7	-2.5	dB
Maximum transmission level	V _{O-T}	Input a signal to the Pin $\textcircled{3}$ and measure the output when the output distortion factor of a transmission signal $(600\Omega \text{ end})$ is 5% .	-5	-1.4	_	dBV
DTMF gain	G _{V-DT}	Ground the Pin(\mathbb{S}). Input a signal (-37dBV) to the Pin(\mathbb{S}) and measure a transmission signal (600 $\mathbb{\Omega}$ end).	25	27	29	dB
DTMF automatic pad	A _{P-DT}	Ground the Pin. Input a signal (-37dBV) to the Pin. and measure an output change when L changes from 30mA to 80mA.	-5	-3.4	-2.2	dB
DTMF maximum transmission level	V _{O-DT}	Ground the Pin(\mathbb{S}). Input a signal to the Pin(\mathbb{S}) and measure the output when the output distortion factor of atransmission signal (600 Ω end) is 5%.	-5	-1.2	_	dBV
Power Supply						
DC line voltage (1)	V_{L-1}	Pin② DC voltage when I _L =20mA	2.5	3.1	3.7	<u>v</u> :
DC line voltage (2)	V_{L-2}	Pin DC voltage when I _L =120mA	5.5	7.5	11.5	v
Internal supply voltage (1)	V_{cc}	Pin② DC voltage when I _L =20mA	1.8	2.08	2.4	v
Internal supply voltage (2)	V _{REF}	Pin(1) DC voltage when I _L =20mA	0.88	1.03	1.18	v

■ 6932852 0013053 830 **■**

Panasonic

■ Electrical Characteristics (cont.) (I_L (Line Current) = 30mA, Input Signal Frequency f_{in} = 1kHz, Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Dial Mute Input						
Dial mute OFF	V _{DM-H}		0.8	_	v_{cc}	v
Dial mute ON	V _{DM-L}			_	0.3	v
Input current (1) *	I _{DM-H}	$V_{DM} = V_{CC}$	-2	0.1	2	μΑ
Input current (2) *	I _{DM-L}	V _{DM} =0V	-2	-0.2	-0.02	μΑ
BN Control						
BN-1 ON	I _{L-BN1}	Increase I _L from 20mA and measure I _L when BN1 is turned ON and BN2 is turned OFF.		52	59	mA
BN-2 ON	I _{L-BN2}	Decrease I _L from 80mA and measure I _L when BN1 is turned OFF and BN2 is turned ON.	41	46		mA
Manual BN	V_{BN-L}	BN1 ON, BN2 OFF, S-BN ON	0.2	<u> </u>	0.6	V
Input current *	I _{BN-L}	BN1 ON, BN2 OFF, V _{BN} =0.2V	-1			mA
Manual Pad						
Manual pad	V_{AP-L}		0.2		0.6	V
Input current	I _{AP-L}	V _{AP} =0.2V	-1	<u> </u>		mA

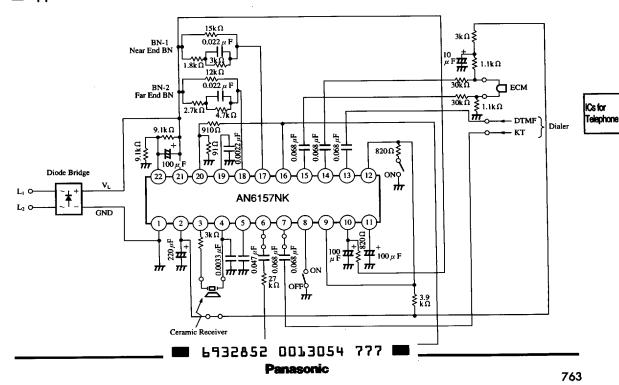
^{*} For the balancing network constant, BN2 is connected.

■ Electrical Characteristics Design Reference Values (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
Supply Voltage						
AC impedance (1)	Z _{AC-1}	$I_L=30\text{mA}, f_{in}=1\text{kHz}$	400	650	800	Ω
AC impedance (2)	Z _{AC-2}	$I_L=80mA$, $f_{in}=1kHz$	400	610	800	Ω

Note) The above characteristics are design reference values and not guaranteed values.

■ Application Circuit



Pin Descriptions

	Description			
Pin No.	Pin name	Typical waveform	Description	Equivalent circuit
1	GND	DC 0V	Ground pin. Connect to the — output of the diode bridge.	
2	2V REG	DC 2V	2V internal stabilized power output pin. Connect to GND via 220 μ F.	2 REG
3 4	REC OUT	IV IV	Receiver output pin. The Pins③ and ④ are of BTL output.	V _{cc}
5	REC filter	IV	Receiver filter pin. Between the receiver pre-amplifier step and output amplifier step. The input impedance is $2k\Omega$.	Vcc +
6	REC IN	- IV	Receiver input pin. A signal is output to the Pins③, ④ and ⑤ when DM (Pin⑧) is at the H level, and not output when at the L level.	V _{CC} V _{REF} 10kΩ
7	Key In tone IN	- IV	KT signal input pin. A signal is output to the Pins③, ④ and ⑤ when DM (Pin⑧) is at the L level, and not output when at the H level.	V _{CC}
8	Dial mute SW	0V Mute	Dial mute SW pin. Switches between the transmission signals (MIC, \overline{DTMF}) and reception signals (REC, \overline{KT}). MIC and REC are output at the high level, and KT and DTMF are output at the low level.	10κΩ Θ
9	Auto pad control	DC 0to 2V	Automatic pad control pin. Connect a resistor between the Pin $\ $ 2 and this pin. Adjust the circuit current characteristic of the pad depending on an external resistance value. Connecting this pin to V_{CC} maximizes the gain, and setting it to the Low level minimizes the gain. (manual pad)	9 v _{cc} v _{cc} 2kΩ
10	BN-SW V _L	DC 3 to 8V	BN Circuit power pin. Connect a resistor(typ. 820Ω) between V_L (Pin2) and a capacitor (typ. $220\mu F$) between GND and this pin.	
11	V _{REF}	10	IV internal stabilized power output pin. Reference voltage to determine the operating point of the internal circuit. No power input/output is allowed to this pin.	IV TIOK OF THE TIO

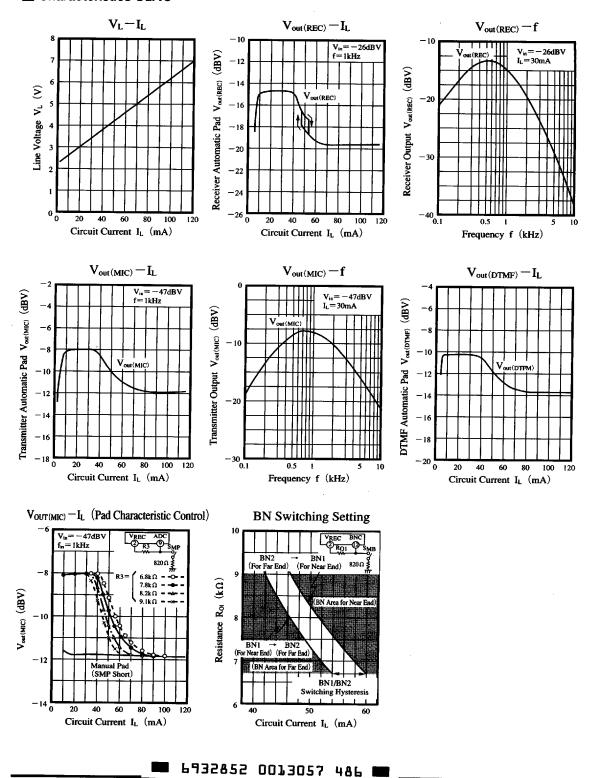
6932852	0013055	FU3 I		
 			_	

Panasonic

I control CMF IN IC IN N OUT N-1 N-2	DC 0 to 2V	BN control pis. Connect resistor between the Pin2 adn this pin. Switches BN with the voltage generated at this pin. If this pin is connected to 2V, the BN-2 (for far end) side tone preventive circuit network is connected, and if set to the Low level, the BN-1 (for near end) side tone preventive circuit network is connected. DTMF signal input pin. Input a DTMF signal from the dialer, etc. It is sent to the circuit when DM (Pin®) is at the L level, and not sent when at the H level. MIC input pin. Microphone input pin. The Pins4 and 1 are of differential input and sent to the circuit when the DM (Pin®) is at the H level, and not sent when at the L level. BN output pin (Pin4). BN connection pins (Pins4) and 1 and 1. Switches the circuit network between the Pin4 and Pin1 and Pin1. Connect the near end BN circuit to the Pin1 and the far end BN circuit to the Pin1.	V _{CC} V _{REF} 10k Ω 13 10k Ω 16 16 17 18 18
IC IN N OUT	1V	Input a DTMF signal from the dialer, etc. It is sent to the circuit when DM (Pin®) is at the L level, and not sent when at the H level. MIC input pin. Microphone input pin. The Pins® and ® are of differential input and sent to the circuit when the DM (Pin®) is at the H level, and not sent when at the L level. BN output pin (Pin®). BN connection pins (Pins®) and ®). Switches the circuit network between the Pin® and Pin® and Pin®. Connect the near end BN circuit to the Pin® and	13 V REF 10k \(\Omega \) 10k \(\Omega
N OUT N-1	→ 1V → 1V	Microphone input pin. The Pins and and are of differential input and sent to the circuit when the DM (Pin is at the H level, and not sent when at the L level. BN output pin (Pin is). BN connection pins (Pins and is). Switches the circuit network between the Pin is and Pin in and Pin is. Connect the near end BN circuit to the Pin in and	16 High or Low
N-1	< <	BN connection pins (Pins① and ⑧). Switches the circuit network between the Pin⑥ and Pin⑩ and Pin⑩. Connect the near end BN circuit to the Pin① and	High or Low
	1		
END filter	1v	Transmission filter pin. A transmission system L.P.F consists of capacitors connected between this pin and GND.	V _{CC} 31kΩ 22kΩ 19 35kΩ 19 37kΩ
ide tone	0.3V	Transmitter output pin. Connect a resistor between GND and this pin. The transmitter system gain changes depending on this resistance value. A circuit output inverting signal is output.	20 <u>**</u>
<i>'</i> ι	3 to 7V	Circuit input pin. Connect to the + output of the diode bridge.	
/ıc	DC 1 to 6V	Circuit voltage control pin. Connect a resistor and a capacitor between this pin and V _L (Pin2), and a resistor between this pin and GND. The DC characteristics of V _L can be adjusted depending on a resistance value.	V _L ξ ikΩ 2.5kΩ
	ι	0.3V	Connect a resistor between GND and this pin. The transmitter system gain changes depending on this resistance value. A circuit output inverting signal is output. Circuit input pin. Connect to the + output of the diode bridge. Circuit voltage control pin. Connect a resistor and a capacitor between this pin and V _L (Pin②), and a resistor between this pin and GND. The DC characteristics of V _L can be adjusted depend-

765

■ Characteristics Curve



766

Panasonic