# Low-Voltage 1.8/2.5/3.3V 16-Bit Transparent Latch With 3.6V–Tolerant Inputs and Outputs (3–State, Non–Inverting)

The 74VCX16373 is an advanced performance, non-inverting 16-bit transparent latch. It is designed for very high-speed, very low-power operation in 1.8V, 2.5V or 3.3V systems. The VCX16373 is byte controlled, with each byte functioning identically, but independently. Each byte has separate Output Enable and Latch Enable inputs. These control pins can be tied together for full 16-bit operation.

When operating at 2.5V (or 1.8V) the part is designed to tolerate voltages it may encounter on either inputs or outputs when interfacing to 3.3V busses. It is guaranteed to be over-voltage tolerant to 3.6V.

The 74VCX16373 contains 16 D-type latches with 3-state 3.6V-tolerant outputs. When the Latch Enable (LEn) inputs are HIGH, data on the Dn inputs enters the latches. In this condition, the latches are transparent, (a latch output will change state each time its D input changes). When LE is LOW, the latch stores the information that was present on the D inputs a setup time preceding the HIGH-to-LOW transition of LE. The 3-state outputs are controlled by the Output Enable ( $\overline{OEn}$ ) inputs. When  $\overline{OE}$  is LOW, the outputs are enabled. When  $\overline{OE}$  is HIGH, the standard outputs are in the high impedance state, but this does not interfere with new data entering into the latches.

- Designed for Low Voltage Operation:  $V_{CC} = 1.65 3.6V$
- 3.6V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

• High Speed Operation: 3.0ns max for 3.0 to 3.6V 3.9ns max for 2.3 to 2.7V

6.8ns max for 1.65 to 1.95V

- Static Drive: ±24mA Drive at 3.0V ±18mA Drive at 2.3V ±6mA Drive at 1.65V
- Supports Live Insertion and Withdrawal
- $I_{OFF}$  Specification Guarantees High Impedance When  $V_{CC} = 0V$
- Near Zero Static Supply Current in All Three Logic States (20µA) Substantially Reduces System Power Requirements
- Latchup Performance Exceeds ±300mA @ 125°C
- ESD Performance: Human Body Model >2000V; Machine Model >200V

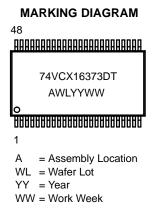


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DT SUFFIX CASE 1201

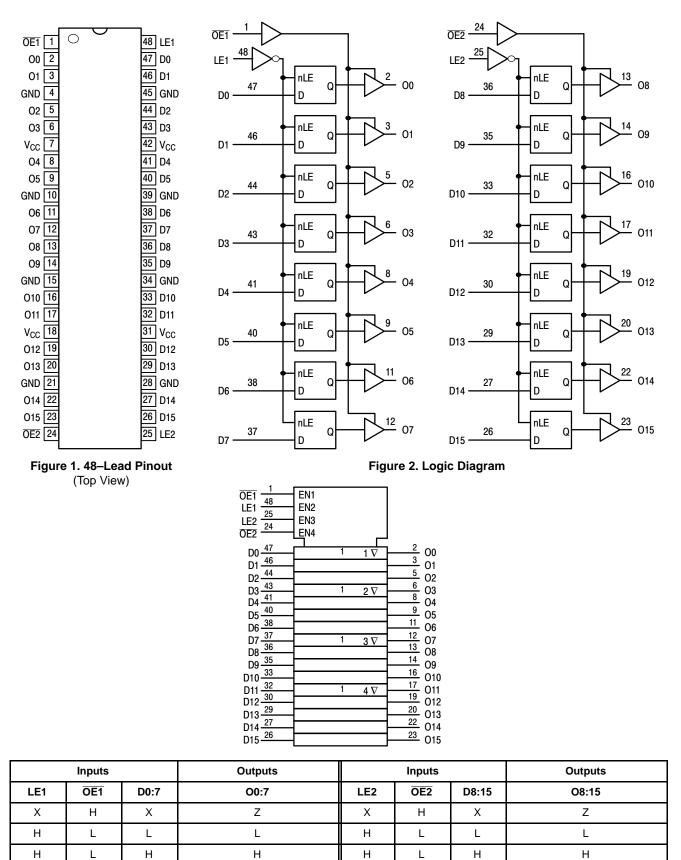


#### **PIN NAMES**

Pins	Function
OEn	Output Enable Inputs
LEn	Latch Enable Inputs
D0-D15	Inputs
O0-O15	Outputs

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Package	Shipping
74VCX16373DT	TSSOP	39 / Rail
74VCX16373DTR	TSSOP	2500 / Reel



H = High Voltage Level; L = Low Voltage Level; Z = High Impedance State; X = High or Low Voltage Level and Transitions Are Acceptable, for  $I_{CC}$  reasons, DO NOT FLOAT Inputs. O0 = No Change.

L

L

Х

**O**0

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L

### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS\***

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Condition	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +4.6		V
VI	DC Input Voltage	$-0.5 \le V_I \le +4.6$		V
Vo	DC Output Voltage	$-0.5 \le V_{O} \le +4.6$	Output in 3-State	V
		$-0.5 \le V_O \le V_{CC} + 0.5$	Note 1.; Outputs Active	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	DC Input Diode Current	-50	V <sub>I</sub> < GND	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	DC Output Diode Current	-50	V <sub>O</sub> < GND	mA
		+50	$V_{O} > V_{CC}$	mA
I <sub>O</sub>	DC Output Source/Sink Current	±50		mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	DC Supply Current Per Supply Pin	±100		mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	DC Ground Current Per Ground Pin	±100		mA
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150		°C

\* Absolute maximum continuous ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Exposure to these conditions or conditions beyond those indicated may adversely affect device reliability. Functional operation under absolute-maximum-rated conditions is not implied.

1. I<sub>O</sub> absolute maximum rating must be observed.

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	Operating Data Retention Only	1.65 1.2	3.3 3.3	3.6 3.6	V
VI	Input Voltage		-0.3		3.6	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Voltage	(Active State) (3–State)	0 0		V <sub>CC</sub> 3.6	V
I <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH Level Output Current, $V_{CC} = 3.0V - 3.6V$				-24	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Current, $V_{CC} = 3.0V - 3.6V$				24	mA
I <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH Level Output Current, $V_{CC} = 2.3V - 2.7V$				-18	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Current, $V_{CC} = 2.3V - 2.7V$				18	mA
I <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH Level Output Current, $V_{CC} = 1.65 - 1.95V$				-6	mA
I <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Current, $V_{CC} = 1.65 - 1.95V$				6	mA
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Free–Air Temperature		-40		+85	°C
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	Input Transition Rise or Fall Rate, VIN from 0.8V to	2.0V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V	0		10	ns/V

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

			T <sub>A</sub> = -40°0	C to +85°C		
Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	Min	Max	Unit	
V <sub>IH</sub>	HIGH Level Input Voltage (Note 2.)	$1.65V \le V_{CC} < 2.3V$	0.65 x V <sub>CC</sub>		V	
		$2.3V \le V_{CC} \le 2.7V$	1.6			
		$2.7V < V_{CC} \le 3.6V$	2.0			
V <sub>IL</sub>	LOW Level Input Voltage (Note 2.)	$1.65V \le V_{CC} < 2.3V$		0.35 x V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
		$2.3V \le V_{CC} \le 2.7V$		0.7		
		$2.7V < V_{CC} \le 3.6V$		0.8		
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH Level Output Voltage	$1.65V \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V; I_{OH} = -100\mu A$	$V_{CC} - 0.2$		V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -6mA	1.25			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -6mA	2.0			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -12mA	1.8			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -18mA	1.7			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -12mA	2.2			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -18mA	2.4			
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; I <sub>OH</sub> = -24mA	2.2			
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Voltage	$1.65V \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V; I_{OL} = 100\mu A$		0.2	V	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 6mA		0.3		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 12mA		0.4		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 18mA		0.6		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 12mA		0.4		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 18mA		0.4		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V; I <sub>OL</sub> = 24mA		0.55		
l <sub>l</sub>	Input Leakage Current	$1.65 \text{V} \leq \text{V}_{CC} \leq 3.6 \text{V}; \ 0 \text{V} \leq \text{V}_{I} \leq 3.6 \text{V}$		±5.0	μA	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	3–State Output Current	$\begin{array}{c} 1.65 V \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6 V; \ 0 V \leq V_O \leq 3.6 V; \\ V_I = V_{IH} \ or \ V_{IL} \end{array} \label{eq:VCC}$		±10	μA	
I <sub>OFF</sub>	Power–Off Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = 0V; V_{I} \text{ or } V_{O} = 3.6V$		10	μA	
I <sub>CC</sub>	Quiescent Supply Current (Note 3.)	$1.65V \leq V_{CC} \leq 3.6V; \ V_{I}$ = GND or $V_{CC}$		20	μA	
		$1.65V \le V_{CC} \le 3.6V; \ 3.6V \le V_I, \ V_O \le 3.6V$		±20	μA	
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per Input	$2.7V < V_{CC} \le 3.6V; V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$	1	750	μA	

2. These values of  $V_I$  are used to test DC electrical characteristics only. 3. Outputs disabled or 3–state only.

					Lir	nits			
					T <sub>A</sub> = -40°	C to +85°C			]
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0	0V to 3.6V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3V to 2.7V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 to 1.95V	
Symbol	Parameter	Waveform	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Dn to On	1	0.8 0.8	3.0 3.0	1.0 1.0	3.4 3.4	1.5 1.5	6.8 6.8	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay LE to On	1	0.8 0.8	3.0 3.0	1.0 1.0	3.9 3.9	1.5 1.5	7.8 7.8	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub> t <sub>PZL</sub>	Output Enable Time to High and Low Level	2	0.8 0.8	3.5 3.5	1.0 1.0	4.6 4.6	1.5 1.5	9.2 9.2	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Output Disable Time From High and Low Level	2	0.8 0.8	3.5 3.5	1.0 1.0	3.8 3.8	1.5 1.5	6.8 6.8	ns
t <sub>s</sub>	Setup Time, High or Low Dn to LE	3	1.5		1.5		2.5		ns
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold Time, High or Low Dn to LE	3	1.0		1.0		1.0		ns
tw	LE Pulse Width, High	3	1.5		1.5		4.0		ns
t <sub>OSHL</sub> t <sub>OSLH</sub>	Output-to-Output Skew (Note 5.)			0.5 0.5		0.5 0.5		0.75 0.75	ns

4. For  $C_L = 50 pF$ , add approximately 300ps to the AC maximum specification.

5. Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (t<sub>OSHL</sub>) or LOW-to-HIGH (t<sub>OSLH</sub>); parameter guaranteed by design.

## DYNAMIC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

			T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C	
Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	Тур	Unit
V <sub>OLP</sub>	Dynamic LOW Peak Voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.8V, \ C_L = 30pF, \ V_{IH} = V_{CC}, \ V_{IL} = 0V$	0.25	V
	(Note 6.)	$V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{V},  \text{C}_{\text{L}} = 30 \text{pF},  \text{V}_{\text{IH}} = \text{V}_{CC},  \text{V}_{\text{IL}} = 0 \text{V}$	0.6	
		$V_{CC}=3.3 \text{V},  \text{C}_{\text{L}}=30 \text{p}\text{F},  \text{V}_{\text{IH}}=\text{V}_{CC},  \text{V}_{\text{IL}}=0 \text{V}$	0.8	
V <sub>OLV</sub>	Dynamic LOW Valley Voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{V},  \text{C}_{\text{L}} = 30 \text{pF},  \text{V}_{\text{IH}} = \text{V}_{CC},  \text{V}_{\text{IL}} = 0 \text{V}$	-0.25	V
	(Note 6.)	$V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{V},  \text{C}_{\text{L}} = 30 \text{p}\text{F},  \text{V}_{\text{IH}} = \text{V}_{CC},  \text{V}_{\text{IL}} = 0 \text{V}$	-0.6	
		$V_{CC} = 3.3V,  C_{L} = 30pF,  V_{IH} = V_{CC},  V_{IL} = 0V$	-0.8	
V <sub>OHV</sub>	Dynamic HIGH Valley Voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.8 \text{V},  \text{C}_{\text{L}} = 30 \text{pF},  \text{V}_{\text{IH}} = \text{V}_{CC},  \text{V}_{\text{IL}} = 0 \text{V}$	1.5	V
	(Note 7.)	$V_{CC} = 2.5 \text{V},  \text{C}_{\text{L}} = 30 \text{pF},  \text{V}_{\text{IH}} = \text{V}_{CC},  \text{V}_{\text{IL}} = 0 \text{V}$	1.9	
		$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{V},  \text{C}_{\text{L}} = 30 \text{pF},  \text{V}_{\text{IH}} = \text{V}_{CC},  \text{V}_{\text{IL}} = 0 \text{V}$	2.2	

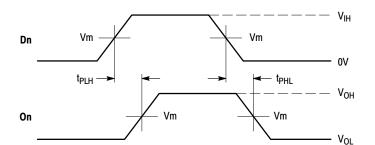
6. Number of outputs defined as "n". Measured with "n-1" outputs switching from HIGH-to-LOW or LOW-to-HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the LOW state.

7. Number of outputs defined as "n". Measured with "n–1" outputs switching from HIGH-to-LOW or LOW-to-HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the HIGH state.

### **CAPACITIVE CHARACTERISTICS**

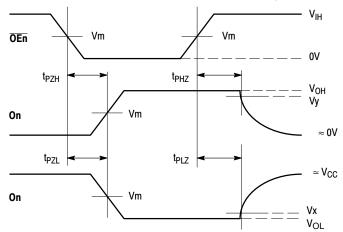
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Typical	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	Note 8.	6	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	Note 8.	7	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance	Note 8., 10MHz	20	pF

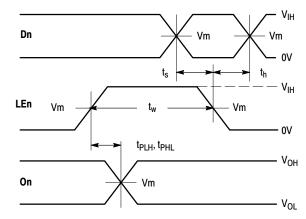
8.  $V_{CC}$  = 1.8, 2.5 or 3.3V;  $V_{I}$  = 0V or  $V_{CC}$ .



**WAVEFORM 1 – PROPAGATION DELAYS**  $t_{R} = t_{F} = 2.0ns, 10\%$  to 90%; f = 1MHz;  $t_{W} = 500ns$ 

#### Figure 3. AC Waveforms





WAVEFORM 2 – OUTPUT ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES  $t_{R} = t_{F} = 2.0ns, 10\%$  to 90%; f = 1MHz;  $t_{W} = 500ns$ 

WAVEFORM 3 – LE to On PROPAGATION DELAYS, LE MINIMUM PULSE WIDTH, Dn to LE SETUP AND HOLD TIMES



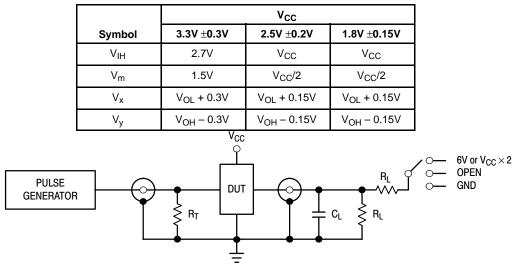


Figure 4. AC Waveforms

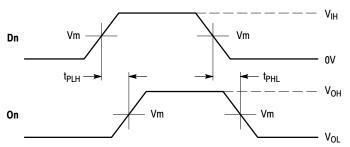
TEST	SWITCH
t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>PZL</sub> , t <sub>PLZ</sub>	6V at V <sub>CC</sub> = $3.3 \pm 0.3$ V; V <sub>CC</sub> × 2 at V <sub>CC</sub> = $2.5 \pm 0.2$ V; 1.8V $\pm 0.15$ V
t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	GND

 $C_L = 30 pF$  or equivalent (Includes jig and probe capacitance)

 $R_L = 500\Omega$  or equivalent

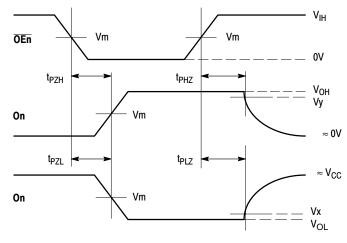
 $R_T = Z_{OUT}$  of pulse generator (typically 50 $\Omega$ )

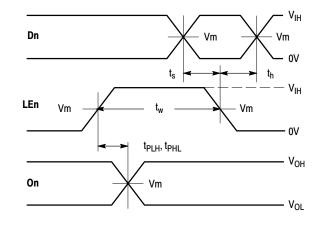
Figure 5. Test Circuit



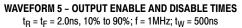
**WAVEFORM 4 – PROPAGATION DELAYS**  $t_{R} = t_{F} = 2.0ns, 10\%$  to 90%; f = 1MHz;  $t_{W} = 500ns$ 

Figure 6. AC Waveforms





WAVEFORM 6 - LE to On PROPAGATION DELAYS, LE MINIMUM PULSE WIDTH, Dn to LE SETUP AND HOLD TIMES  $t_R = t_F = 2.0ns$ , 10% to 90%; f = 1MHz;  $t_W = 500ns$  except when noted



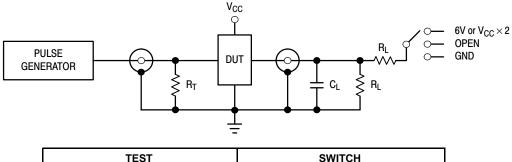


	V <sub>CC</sub>				
Symbol	3.3V ±0.3V	2.7V			
V <sub>IH</sub>	2.7V	2.7V			
Vm	1.5V	1.5V			
V <sub>x</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3V			
Vy	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3V			

### **AC CHARACTERISTICS** ( $t_R = t_F = 2.0ns$ ; $C_L = 50pF$ ; $R_L = 500\Omega$ )

				Lin	nits		
		T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C to +85°C				1	
			V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.0	0V to 3.6V	V <sub>CC</sub> =	= 2.7V	1
Symbol	Parameter	Waveform	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Dn to On	4	1.0 1.0	3.6 3.6		4.3 4.3	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay LE to On	4	1.0 1.0	3.9 3.9		4.6 4.6	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub> t <sub>PZL</sub>	Output Enable Time to High and Low Level	5	1.0 1.0	4.7 4.7		5.7 5.7	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub> t <sub>PLZ</sub>	Output Disable Time From High and Low Level	5	1.0 1.0	4.1 4.1		4.5 4.5	ns
t <sub>OSHL</sub> t <sub>OSLH</sub>	Output-to-Output Skew (Note 9.)			0.5 0.5		0.5 0.5	ns

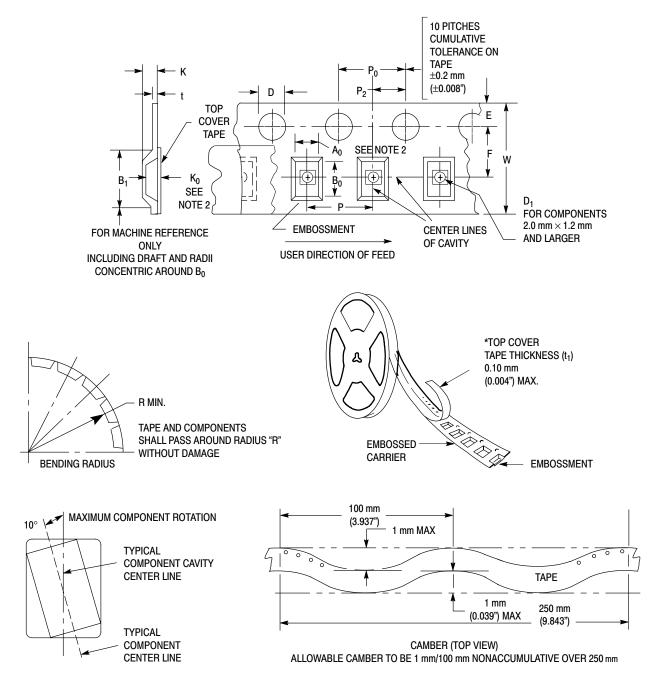
 Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH–to–LOW (t<sub>OSHL</sub>) or LOW–to–HIGH (t<sub>OSLH</sub>); parameter guaranteed by design.



TEST	SWITCH
t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
tpzl, tplz	6V at V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 ±0.3V; V <sub>CC</sub> × 2 at V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 ±0.2V; 1.8V ±0.15V
t <sub>PZH</sub> , t <sub>PHZ</sub>	GND

 $\begin{array}{l} C_L = 50 pF \mbox{ or equivalent (Includes jig and probe capacitance)} \\ R_L = 500 \Omega \mbox{ or equivalent } \\ R_T = Z_{OUT} \mbox{ of pulse generator (typically 50 \Omega)} \end{array}$ 

Figure 8. Test Circuit





Tape Size	B <sub>1</sub> Max	D	D <sub>1</sub>	E	F	к	Р	P <sub>0</sub>	P <sub>2</sub>	R	т	w
24mm	20.1mm (0.791")	1.5 + 0.1mm -0.0 (0.059 +0.004" -0.0)	1.5mm Min (0.060")	1.75 ±0.1 mm (0.069 ±0.004")	11.5 ±0.10 mm (0.453 ±0.004")	11.9 mm Max (0.468")	16.0 ±0.1 mm (0.63 ±0.004")	4.0 ±0.1 mm (0.157 ±0.004")	2.0 ±0.1 mm (0.079 ±0.004")	30 mm (1.18")	0.6 mm (0.024")	24.3 mm (0.957")

#### EMBOSSED CARRIER DIMENSIONS (See Notes 1 and 2)

1. Metric Dimensions Govern-English are in parentheses for reference only.

 A<sub>0</sub>, B<sub>0</sub>, and K<sub>0</sub> are determined by component size. The clearance between the components and the cavity must be within 0.05 mm min to 0.50 mm max. The component cannot rotate more than 10° within the determined cavity

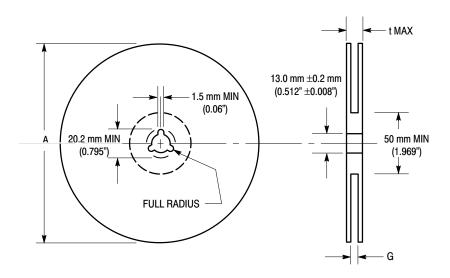
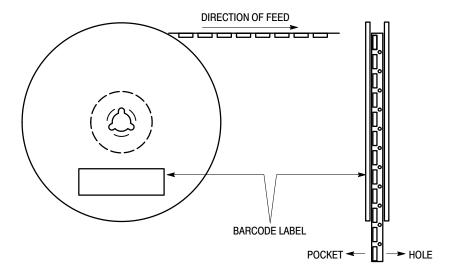


Figure 10. Reel Dimensions

### **REEL DIMENSIONS**

Tape Size	A Max	G	t Max	
24 mm	360 mm	24.4 mm + 2.0 mm, -0.0	30.4 mm	
	(14.173")	(0.961" + 0.078", -0.00)	(1.197")	





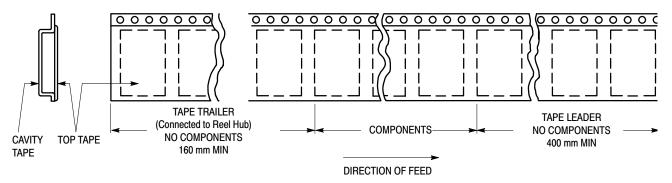
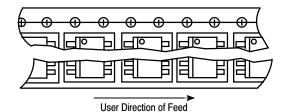
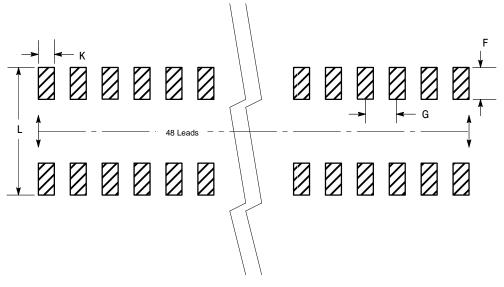


Figure 12. Tape Ends for Finished Goods



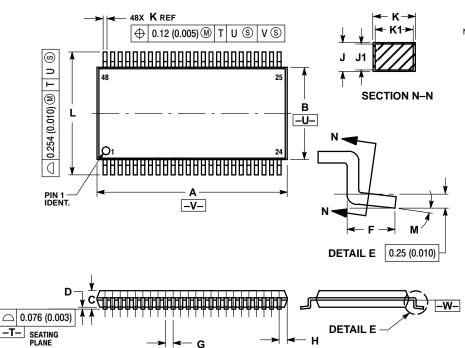




Package Footprint

#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

TSSOP DT SUFFIX CASE 1201–01 ISSUE A



NOTES:

 DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
ONTROLLING DIMENSION AND UNETED

2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER. 3. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH OR GATE BURRS

SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE. 4. DIMENSION K DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 (0.003) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE K DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

5. TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.

 DIMENSIONS A AND B ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -W-

	MILLIN	IETERS	INCHES		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	12.40	12.60	0.488	0.496	
В	6.00	6.20	0.236	0.244	
C		1.10		0.043	
D	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006	
F	0.50	0.75	0.020	0.030	
G	0.50	BSC	0.0197 BSC		
н	0.37		0.015		
J	0.09	0.20	0.004	0.008	
J1	0.09	0.16	0.004	0.006	
K	0.17	0.27	0.007	0.011	
K1	0.17	0.23	0.007	0.009	
L	7.95	8.25	0.313	0.325	
Μ	0 °	8 °	0 °	8 °	

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