Service Manual

Tektronix

TDS 340A, TDS 360 & TDS 380 Digital Real-Time Oscilloscopes

070-9435-03

This document applies to firmware version 1.05 and above.

Warning

The servicing instructions are for use by qualified personnel only. To avoid personal injury, do not perform any servicing unless you are qualified to do so. Refer to all safety summaries prior to performing service. Copyright © Tektronix, Inc. All rights reserved.

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Tektronix, Inc., P.O. Box 1000, Wilsonville, OR 97070-1000

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WARRANTY

Tektronix warrants that the products that it manufactures and sells will be free from defects in materials and workmanship for a period of three (3) years from the date of purchase from an authorized Tektronix distributor. If any such product proves defective during this warranty period, Tektronix, at its option, either will repair the defective product without charge for parts and labor, or will provide a replacement in exchange for the defective product. Batteries are excluded from this warranty.

In order to obtain service under this warranty, Customer must notify Tektronix of the defect before the expiration of the warranty period and make suitable arrangements for the performance of service. Customer shall be responsible for packaging and shipping the defective product to the service center designated by Tektronix, shipping charges prepaid, and with a copy of customer proof of purchase. Tektronix shall pay for the return of the product to Customer if the shipment is to a location within the country in which the Tektronix service center is located. Customer shall be responsible for paying all shipping charges, duties, taxes, and any other charges for products returned to any other locations.

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General Safety Summary

Review the following safety precautions to avoid injury and prevent damage to this product or any products connected to it. To avoid potential hazards, use the product only as specified.

Only qualified personnel should perform service procedures.

While using this product, you may need to access other parts of the system. Read the *General Safety Summary* in other system manuals for warnings and cautions related to operating the system.

Injury Precautions Use Proper Power Cord. To avoid fire hazard, use only the power cord specified for this product.

Avoid Electric Overload. To avoid electric shock or fire hazard, do not apply a voltage to a terminal that is outside the range specified for that terminal.

Avoid Overvoltage. To avoid electric shock or fire hazard, do not apply potential to any terminal, including the common terminal, that varies from ground by more than the maximum rating for that terminal.

Avoid Electric Shock. To avoid injury or loss of life, do not connect or disconnect probes or test leads while they are connected to a voltage source.

Ground the Product. This product is grounded through the grounding conductor of the power cord. To avoid electric shock, the grounding conductor must be connected to earth ground. Before making connections to the input or output terminals of the product, ensure that the product is properly grounded.

Do Not Operate Without Covers. To avoid electric shock or fire hazard, do not operate this product with covers or panels removed.

Use Proper Fuse. To avoid fire hazard, use only the fuse type and rating specified for this product.

Do Not Operate in Wet/Damp Conditions. To avoid electric shock, do not operate this product in wet or damp conditions.

Do Not Operate in an Explosive Atmosphere. To avoid injury or fire hazard, do not operate this product in an explosive atmosphere.

Avoid Exposed Circuitry. To avoid injury, remove jewelry such as rings, watches, and other metallic objects. Do not touch exposed connections and components when power is present.

Keep Probe Surface Clean and Dry. To avoid electric shock and erroneous readings, keep probe surface clean and dry.

Wear Eye Protection. To avoid eye injury, wear eye protection if there is a possibility of exposure to high-intensity rays.
Use Proper Power Source. Do not operate this product from a power source that applies more than the voltage specified.
Provide Proper Ventilation . To prevent product overheating, provide proper ventilation.
Do Not Operate With Suspected Failures. If you suspect there is damage to this product, have it inspected by qualified service personnel.
Do Not Immerse in Liquids. Clean the probe using only a damp cloth. Refer to cleaning instructions.
Terms in this Manual. These terms may appear in this manual:
WARNING . Warning statements identify conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.



CAUTION. Caution statements identify conditions or practices that could result in damage to this product or other property.

Terms on the Product. These terms may appear on the product:

DANGER indicates an injury hazard immediately accessible as you read the marking.

WARNING indicates an injury hazard not immediately accessible as you read the marking.

CAUTION indicates a hazard to property including the product.

Symbols on the Product. The following symbols may appear on the product:



DANGER High Voltage Protective Ground (Earth) Terminal

Ē



ATTENTION

Refer to Manual

Double Insulated

Certifications and Compliances Refer to the specifications section for a listing of certifications and compliances that apply to this product.

Service Safety Summary

Only qualified personnel should perform service procedures. Read this *Service Safety Summary* and the *General Safety Summary* before performing any service procedures.

Do Not Service Alone. Do not perform internal service or adjustments of this product unless another person capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation is present.

Disconnect Power. To avoid electric shock, disconnect the main power by means of the power cord or, if provided, the power switch.

Use Caution When Servicing the CRT. To avoid electric shock or injury, use extreme caution when handling the CRT. Only qualified personnel familiar with CRT servicing procedures and precautions should remove or install the CRT.

CRTs retain hazardous voltages for long periods of time after power is turned off. Before attempting any servicing, discharge the CRT by shorting the anode to chassis ground. When discharging the CRT, connect the discharge path to ground and then the anode. Rough handling may cause the CRT to implode. Do not nick or scratch the glass or subject it to undue pressure when removing or installing it. When handling the CRT, wear safety goggles and heavy gloves for protection.

Use Care When Servicing With Power On. Dangerous voltages or currents may exist in this product. Disconnect power, remove battery (if applicable), and disconnect test leads before removing protective panels, soldering, or replacing components.

To avoid electric shock, do not touch exposed connections.

X-Radiation. To avoid x-radiation exposure, do not modify or otherwise alter the high-voltage circuitry or the CRT enclosure. X-ray emissions generated within this product have been sufficiently shielded.

Preface

This service manual provides service information for the TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380 Digitizing Oscilloscopes.

Manual Structure

This manual is divided into Chapters such as *Specifications* and *Theory of Operation*. Further, it is divided into subsections such as *Product Description* and *Removal and Installation Procedures*.

Sections containing procedures also contain introductions to those procedures. Be sure to read these introductions because they provide information needed to do the service correctly and efficiently. The following is a brief description of each manual chapter.

- *Specifications* contains a product description of the digitizing oscilloscope and tables of the characteristics and descriptions that apply to it.
- *Operating Information* includes general information and operating instructions at the level needed to safely power on and service this oscilloscope.
- *Theory of Operation* contains circuit descriptions that support general service and fault isolation down to the module level.
- Performance Verification contains a collection of procedures for confirming that this digitizing oscilloscope functions properly and meets warranted limits.
- Adjustment Procedures contains a collection of procedures for adjusting this digitizing oscilloscope to meet warranted limits.
- Maintenance contains information and procedures for doing preventive and corrective maintenance of the digitizing oscilloscope. Instructions for cleaning, for module removal and installation, and for fault isolation to a module are found here.
- *Options* contains information on the factory-installed options that may be present in your oscilloscope.
- Electrical Parts List contains a statement referring you to the Mechanical Parts List, where both electrical and mechanical modules are listed.

- Diagrams contains a statement referring you to the Theory of Operation Chapter, where module-level block diagrams are listed.
- Mechanical Parts List includes a table of all replaceable modules, their descriptions, and their Tektronix part numbers.

Manual Conventions

This manual uses certain conventions which you should become familiar with before doing service.

Modules Throughout this manual, any replaceable component, assembly, or part of this digitizing oscilloscope is referred to generically as a module. In general, a module is an assembly, like a circuit board, rather than a component, like a resistor or an integrated circuit. Sometimes a single component is a module; for example, the chassis of the oscilloscope is a module.

- **Safety** Symbols and terms related to safety appear in the *General Safety Summary* and *Service Safety Summary* found at the beginning of this manual.
- **Symbols** Besides the symbols related to safety, this manual uses the following symbols:

STOP. This "stop sign" labels information which you must read in order to correctly do service and to avoid incorrectly using or applying service procedures.

Related Manuals

These other manuals are available for the TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380 Digitizing Oscilloscopes.

- The *Reference Manual* gives you a quick overview of how to operate your oscilloscope.
- The User Manual provides instructions on how to operate your oscilloscope.
- The Programmer Manual provides complete information on programming and remote control of the oscilloscope through the GPIB or RS-232 interface (optional accessory).

Specifications

This appendix contains complete specifications for the TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380. The specifications are divided into three subsections, one for each of three classes of traits: *Warranted Characteristics, Typical Characteristics,* and *Nominal Traits*.

Warranted Characteristics

Warranted characteristics are described in terms of quantifiable performance limits that are warranted. This subsection lists only warranted characteristics.

NOTE. In these tables, those warranted characteristics that are checked in the Performance Tests, starting on page 4–11, appear in **boldface type** under the column **Name**.

Performance ConditionsThe electrical characteristics found in these tables of warranted characteristics
apply when the oscilloscope has been adjusted at an ambient temperature
between $+20^{\circ}$ C and $+30^{\circ}$ C, has had a warm-up period of at least 20 minutes,
and is operating at an ambient temperature between -10° C and $+55^{\circ}$ C (unless
otherwise noted).

Table 1–1: Warranted characteristics — signal acquisition system

Name	Description	
Accuracy, DC Voltage Measurement, Average Acquisition Mode	Measurement type	DC accuracy
	Average of ≥16 waveforms	\pm (2.0% × (reading – Net Offset ¹) + Offset Accuracy + 0.1 div)
	Delta volts between any two averages of \geq 16 waveforms acquired under the same setup and ambient conditions	\pm (2.0% × reading + 0.15 div + 0.3 mV)
Accuracy, DC Gain, Sample or Average Acquisition Modes	±2%	
Pulse Response, Peak Detect and	Sec/Div setting	Minimum pulse width
Envelope Mode	5 s/div – 25 μs/div	10 ns
	TDS 340A: 10 μs/div – 5 ns/div TDS 360: 10 μs/div – 2.5 ns/div TDS 380: 10 μs/div – 1 ns/div	The greater of 10 ns or $.02 \times \text{sec/div}$ setting

Name	Description	
Accuracy, Offset	Volts/Div setting	Offset accuracy
	2 mV/div – 99.5 mV/div	$ \begin{array}{c} \pm (0.4\% \times \text{Net Offset}^1 \\ + 3 \text{ mV} + 0.1 \text{ div} \times \text{V/div setting} \end{array} $
	100 mV/div – 995 mV/div	\pm (0.4% × Net Offset ¹ + 30 mV + 0.1 div × V/div setting)
	1 V/div – 10 V/div	\pm (0.4% × Net Offset ¹ + 300 mV + 0.1 div × V/div setting)
Analog Bandwidth, DC Coupled	TDS 340A: DC – \geq 100 MHz TDS 360: DC – \geq 200 MHz; DC – \geq 180 MHz for 2 mV/div TDS 380: DC – \geq 400 MHz; DC – \geq 250 MHz for 2 mV/div	
Cross Talk (Channel Isolation)	≥100:1 at 50 MHz with equal Volts/Div settings on each channel	
Input Impedance, DC-Coupled	TDS 340A: 1 M Ω ±1% in parallel with 20 pF ±2.0 pF TDS 360: 1 M Ω ±1% in parallel with 20 pF ±2.0 pF TDS 380: 1 M Ω ±1% in parallel with 12 pF ±2.0 pF	
Input Voltage, Maximum	± 300 V (DC or AC) CAT II; derate at 20 dB/decade above 100 kHz to 13 V peak AC at 3 MHz and above	
Lower Frequency Limit, AC Coupled ²	≤10 Hz	

Table 1–1: Warranted characteristics — signal acquisition system (Cont.)

Net Offset = Offset – (Position × Volts/Div). Net offset is the voltage level at the center of the A-D converter dynamic range. Offset Accuracy is the accuracy of this voltage level.

² The AC Coupled Lower Frequency Limits are reduced by a factor of 10 when 10X, passive probes are used.

Table 1–2: Warranted characteristics — time base system

Name	Description	
Accuracy, Long Term Sample Rate and Delay Time	\pm 100 ppm over any \geq 1 ms interval	
Accuracy, Delta Time Measurements ^{1, 2}	For single-shot acquisitions using sample acquisition mode and a bandwidth limit setting of FULL:	
	\pm (1 WI + 100 ppm \times Reading + 0.6 ns)	
	For repetitive acquisitions using average acquisition mode with \geq 16 averages and a bandwidth limit setting of FULL:	
	\pm (1 WI + 100 ppm × Reading + 0.4 ns)	

¹ For input signals ≥5 divisions in amplitude and a slew rate of ≥2.0 divisions/ns at the delta time measurement points. Signal must be acquired at a volts/division setting ≥5 mV/division.

² The WI (waveform interval) is the time between the samples in the waveform record. Also, see the footnotes for *Sample Rate Range* and *Equivalent Time or Interpolated Waveform Rates* in Table 1–11 on page 1–8.

Name	Description	
Accuracy, Trigger Level, DC Coupled	Trigger source	Sensitivity
	CH1 or CH2	\pm (3% of Setting – Net Offset ¹ + 0.2 div × volts/div setting + Offset Accuracy)
	External	±(6% of Setting + 20 mV)
	External/10	±(6% of Setting + 200 mV)
Sensitivity, Edge-Type Trigger, DC	Trigger source	Sensitivity
Coupled	CH1 or CH2	TDS 340A: 0.35 division from DC to 20 MHz, increasing to 1 div at 100 MHz
		TDS 360: 0.35 division from DC to 50 MHz, increasing to 1 div at 200 MHz
		TDS 380: 0.35 division from DC to 50 MHz, increasing to 1 div at 400 MHz
	External	TDS 340A: 50 mV from DC to 20 MHz, increasing to 150 mV at 100 MHz
		TDS 360: 50 mV from DC to 50 MHz, increasing to 150 mV at 200 MHz
		TDS 380: 50 mV from DC to 50 MHz, increasing to 500 mV at 400 MHz
	External/10	TDS 340A: 500 mV from DC to 20 MHz, increasing to 1.5 V at 100 MHz
		TDS 360: 500 mV from DC to 50 MHz, increasing to 1.5 V at 200 MHz
		TDS 380: 500 mV from DC to 50 MHz, increasing to 5.0 V at 400 MHz
Input Impedance, External Trigger	1 M Ω ±2% in parallel with 20 pF ±2 pF	
Maximum Input Voltage, External Trigger	±300 V (DC or AC) CAT II; derate at 20 dB/decade above 100 kHz to 13 V peak AC at 3 MHz and above	

Table 1–3: Warranted characteristics — triggering system

¹ Net Offset = Offset – (Position × Volts/Div). Net Offset is the voltage level at the center of the A-D converter dynamic range. Offset Accuracy is the accuracy of this voltage level.

Table 1-4: Power Requirements

Name	Description	
Source Voltage and Frequency	00 to 132 VAC _{RMS} , continuous range, for 47 Hz through 440 Hz	
	132 to 250 VAC _{RMS} , continuous range, for 47 Hz through 63 Hz	
Power Consumption	≤65 Watts (120 VA)	

Name	Description
Atmospherics (TDS 340A, TDS 360 or TDS 380)	Temperature without diskette in floppy disk drive:
	+4° C to +50° C, operating; -22° C to +60° C, non-operating
	Temperature with diskette in floppy disk drive:
	+10° C to +50° C, operating or non-operating
	Relative humidity without diskette in floppy disk drive:
	to 80% at or below +29° C, or to 20% from +30° C to +50° C, operating; to 90% at or below +40° C, or to 5% from +41° C to +50° C, non-operating;
	Relative humidity with diskette in floppy disk drive:
	to 80% at or below +29 $^\circ$ C, or to 20% from +30 $^\circ$ C to +50 $^\circ$ C, operating or non-operating
	Altitude:
	To 15,000 ft (4570 m), operating; to 40,000 ft (12190 m), non-operating
Dynamics	Random vibration without diskette in floppy disk drive:
	0.31 g $_{RMS}$, from 5 to 500 Hz, 10 minutes each axis, operating; 2.46 g $_{RMS}$, from 5 to 500 Hz, 10 minutes each axis, non-operating

Table 1–5: Warranted characteristics — environmental

Typical Characteristics

Typical characteristics are described in terms of typical or average performance. Typical characteristics are not warranted.

Name	Description				
Accuracy, DC Gain, Envelope Acquisition Mode	\pm 3% for sec/div settings from 5 Sec/Div to 25 µsec/div; \pm 2% for sec/div settings from 10 µs/div to 5 ns/div (TDS 340A); \pm 2% for sec/div settings from 10 µs/div to 2.5 ns/div (TDS 360); \pm 2% for sec/div settings from 10 µs/div to 1 ns/div (TDS 380)				
Accuracy, DC Voltage Measurement,	Measurement type	Measurement type		DC accuracy	
Sample Acquisition Mode	Any Sample	Any Sample		\pm (2.0% × (reading – Net Offset ¹) + Offset Accuracy + 0.13 div + 0.6 mV)	
	Delta Volts between any two samples ² $\pm (2.0\% \times reading + 0.26 \text{ div} + 1.2 \text{ m})$ acquired under the same setup and ambient conditions		ling + 0.26 div + 1.2 mV)		
Frequency Limit, Upper, 20 MHz Band- width Limited	20 MHz				
Step Response Settling Error	Volts/Div	Volts/Div Step	Settling error (%) ³		
	setting	amplitude	100 ns	20 ms	
	2 mV/div – 99.5 mV/div	≤2 V	≤1.0	≤0.1	
	100 mV/div – 995 mV/div	≤20 V	≤1.5	≤0.2	
	1 V/div – 10 V/div	≤200 V	≤2.5	≤0.2	
Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)	100:1 at 60 Hz, reducing to 20:1 at 50 MHz, with equal Volts/Div and Coupling settings on each channel.				

Table 1-6: Typical	characteristics - si	ianal aco	uisition s	vstem

Net Offset = Offset – (Position × Volts/Div). Net Offset is the voltage level at the center of the A-D converter dynamic range. Offset Accuracy is the accuracy of this voltage level.

² The samples must be acquired under the same setup and ambient conditions.

³ The values given are the maximum absolute difference between the value at the end of a specified time interval after the mid-level crossing of the step, and the value one second after the mid-level crossing of the step, expressed as a percentage of the step amplitude.

Name	Description	
Error, Trigger Position, Edge Triggering	Acquire mode	Trigger-position error ^{1,2}
	Sample, Average	±(1 WI + 2 ns)
	Peak Detect, Envelope	±(2 WI + 2 ns)
Sensitivity, Video-Type Trigger	Source	Typical sensitivity
	CH1 or CH2 External External/10	0.6 division of video sync signal 75 mV of video sync signal 750 mV of video sync signal
Lowest Frequency for Successful Operation of "Set Level to 50%" Function	50 Hz	
Sensitivity, Edge Type Trigger, Not DC	Trigger coupling	Typical signal level for stable triggering
Coupled ³	AC	Same as DC-coupled limits ⁴ for frequencies above 60 Hz. Attenuates signals below 60 Hz.
	Noise Reject	Three and one half times the DC-coupled limits. ⁴
	High Frequency Reject	One and one half times times the DC-coupled limits ⁴ from DC to 30 kHz. Attenuates signals above 30 kHz.
	Low Frequency Reject	One and one half times the DC-coupled limits ⁴ for frequencies above 80 kHz. Attenuates signals below 80 kHz.

Table 1–7: Typical characteristics — triggering system

¹ The trigger position errors are typically less than the values given here. These values are for triggering signals having a slew rate at the trigger point of ±0.5 division/ns.

² The waveform interval (WI) is the time between the samples in the waveform record. Also, see the footnote for the characteristics *Sample Rate Range* and *Equivalent Time or Interpolated Waveform Rates* in Table 1–11 on page 1–8.

³ The minimum sensitivity for obtaining a stable trigger. A stable trigger results in a uniform, regular display triggered on the selected slope. The trigger point must not switch between opposite slopes on the waveform, and the display must not "roll" across the screen on successive acquisitions. The TRIG'D LED stays constantly lighted when the SEC/DIV setting is 2 ms or faster but may flash when the SEC/DIV setting is 10 ms or slower.

⁴ See the characteristic *Sensitivity, Edge-Type Trigger, DC Coupled* in Table 1–3, which begins on page 1–3.

Table 1–8: Typical characteristics — probe compensator output

Name	Description	
Output Voltage and Frequency,	Characteristic	
Probe Compensator	Voltage	5.0 V (low-high) into a 1 M Ω load
	Frequency	1 kHz

Table 1–9: Typical characteristics — data handling

Name	Description
Time, Data-Retention, Nonvolatile Memory ^{1,2}	≥5 Years

¹ The time that reference waveforms, stored setups, and calibration constants are retained when there is no power to the oscilloscope.

² Data is maintained by a lithium poly-carbon monofluoride battery.

Nominal Traits

Nominal traits are described using simple statements of fact such as "Two, identical" for the trait "Input Channels, Number of," rather than in terms of limits that are performance requirements.

Name	Description		
Bandwidth Selections	20 MHz and FULL	20 MHz and FULL	
Digitizers, Number of	Two, identical, digitized simultaneou	ısly	
Digitized Bits, Number of	8 bits ¹		
Input Channels, Number of	Two, identical, called CH 1 and CH	2	
Input Coupling	DC, AC, or GND	DC, AC, or GND	
Ranges, Offset, All Channels	Volts/Div setting	Offset range	
	2 mV/div – 99.5 mV/div	±1 V	
	100 mV/div – 995 mV/div	±10 V	
	1 V/div – 10 V/div	±100 V	
Range, Position	±5 divisions	±5 divisions	
Range, Sensitivity ²	2 mV/div to 10 V/div	2 mV/div to 10 V/div	
Rise Time	TDS 340A: 3.5 ns TDS 360: 1.75 ns TDS 380: 875 ps	TDS 360: 1.75 ns	
TekProbe Interface	Level one probe coding	Level one probe coding	

Table 1–10: Nominal traits — signal acquisition system

Displayed vertically with 25 digitization levels (DLs) per division and 10.24 divisions dynamic range with zoom off. A DL is the smallest voltage level change that the 8-bit A-D Converter can resolve, with the input scaled to the volts/division setting of the channel used. Expressed as a voltage, a DL is equal to 1/25 of a division times the volts/division setting.

² The sensitivity ranges from 2 mV/div to 10 V/div in a 1–2–5 sequence of coarse settings. Between consecutive coarse settings, the sensitivity can be finely adjusted with a resolution of 1% of the more sensitive setting. For example, between 50 mV/div and 100 mV/div, the volts/division can be set with 0.5 mV resolution.

Name	Description
Range, Sample-Rate ^{1,2}	TDS 340A: 10 Samples/s to 500 MSamples/s in a 1–2–5 sequence TDS 360: 10 Samples/s to 1 GSamples/s in a 1–2–5 sequence TDS 380: 10 Samples/s to 2 GSamples/s in a 1–2–5 sequence
Range, Seconds/Division	TDS 340A: 5 ns/div to 5 s/div in a 1–2.5–5 sequence TDS 360: 2.5 ns/div to 5 s/div in a 1–2.5–5 sequence TDS 380: 1 ns/div to 5 s/div in a 1–2.5–5 sequence
Range, Time Base Delay Time	16.5 ns to 50 seconds
Record Length	1,000 samples

Table 1–11: Nominal traits — time base system

¹ The range of real-time rates, expressed in samples/second, at which a digitizer samples signals at its inputs and stores the samples in memory to produce a record of time-sequential samples

² The Waveform Rate (WR) is the equivalent sample rate of a waveform record. For a waveform record acquired by real-time sampling of a single acquisition, the waveform rate is the same as the real-time sample rate; for a waveform created by interpolation of real-time samples from a single acquisition or by equivalent-time sampling of multiple acquisitions, the waveform rate is faster than the real time sample rate. For all three cases, the waveform rate is 1/(Waveform Interval) for the waveform record, where the waveform interval (WI) is the time between the samples in the waveform record.

Name	Description	
Range, Hold Off	500 ns minimum to 10 secon	ds maximum
Ranges, Trigger Level	Source	Range
	Any Channel	\pm 12 divisions from center of screen
	External	±1.5 Volts
	External /10	±15 Volts
	Line	±300 Volts
Formats and Field Rates, Video Trigger	Triggers from sync-negative composite video, 525 to 625 lines, 50 Hz to 60 Hz, interlaced or noninterlaced systems with scan rates from 15 kHz to 65 kHz – such as NTSC, PAL, or SECAM	
TekProbe Interface, External Trigger	Level one probe coding	

Table 1–12: Nominal traits — triggering system

Name	Description
CRT Type	7-inch (17.95 cm) diagonal, magnetic deflection; horizontal raster-scan; P31 green phosphor
Video Display Resolution	640 pixels horizontally by 480 pixels vertically
	Display area is 5.04 inch (12.92 cm) horizontally by 3.78 inch (9.69 cm) vertically
Waveform Display Graticule	A single graticule 401 \times 501 pixels (8 \times 10 divisions, with divisions that are approximately 1 cm by 1 cm)
Intensity Levels	Dim and Bright, with adjustable Overall Intensity and Contrast

Table 1–13: Nominal traits — display system

Table 1–14: Nominal traits — I/O interface option

Name	Description
GPIB	Part of Option 14 I/O interface or TD3F14A I/O interface field upgrade kit; complies with IEEE Std 488–1987
RS-232	Part of Option 14 I/O interface or TD3F14A I/O interface field upgrade kit; a 9-pin male DTE RS-232 interface that complies with EIA/TIA 574–90
Centronics	Part of Option 14 I/O interface or TD3F14A I/O interface field upgrade kit; a 25-pin, IBM PC-type, parallel printer interface that complies electrically with Centronics C332–44, Rev A
Video Signal Output (Option 14 Only)	DB-9 rear panel Video connector; non-interlaced, with levels that comply with ANSI RS343A
	VGA compatible at a 30.6 kHz sync rate
Power Supply, Printer (Option 14 Only)	Power supply connector to supply power to the Option 3P Printer Pack

Table 1–15: Nominal traits — power distribution system

Name	Description
Fuse Rating	5 mm \times 20 mm, 3.15 A (T), 250 V; or 1.25 in \times 0.25 in, 3 A (T), 250 V

Name	Description		
Weight			
Standard	 7.0 kg (15.5 lbs) stand-alone instrument; 8.6 kg (19 lbs) with front cover, accessories, and accessories pouch installed; 12.9 kg (28.5 lbs) when packaged for domestic shipment 		
Rackmount	6.6 kg (14.5 lbs), plus weight of rackmount parts (Option 1R); 14.7 kg (32.5 lbs) when the oscilloscope is packaged for domestic shipment		
Rackmount conversion kit	4.5 kg (10 lbs); 7.5 kg (17.5 lbs) when kit is packaged for domestic shipment		
Overall Dimensions			
Standard Instrument (Figure 1–1)	Height: 191 mm (7.5 in) with feet and accessories pouch installed 165 mm (6.5 in) without the accessories pouch installed		
	Width: 362 mm (14.25 in) with handle		
	Depth: 471 mm (18.55 in) stand-alone instrument 490 mm (19.28 in) with front cover installed 564 mm (22.2 in) with handle extended		
Rackmount Instrument	Height: 178 mm (7 in) Width: 483 mm (19 in) Depth: 472 mm (18.6 in) without handles; 517 mm (20.35 in) including handles		

Table 1–16: Nominal traits — mechanical characteristics



Figure 1–1: TDS 340A, TDS 360, & TDS 380 dimensions

Table 1–17: Certifications and compliances

EC Declaration of Conformity	Meets intent of Directive 89/336/EEC for Electromagnetic Compatibility and Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC for Product Safety. Compliance was demonstrated to the following specifications as listed in the Official Journal of the European Communities:		
	EMC Directive 89/336/EEC: EN 55011 EN 50081-1 Emissions: EN 60555-2 EN 50082-1 Immunity: IEC 801-2 IEC 801-3 IEC 801-4 IEC 801-5	Class B Radiated and Conducted Emissions ¹ AC Power Line Harmonic Emissions Electrostatic Discharge Immunity RF Electromagnetic Field Immunity ² Electrical Fast Transient/Burst Immunity Power Line Surge Immunity	
	Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC: EN 61010-1 Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use		
	¹ To maintain emission requirements when connecting to the I/O interface of this oscilloscope, use only a high-quality, double-shielded (braid and foil) cable. The cable shield must have low-impedance connections to both connector housings. The VGA cable must also have a ferrite core at both ends. Acceptable cables are listed in Table 7–6 on page 7–4.		
	Performance criteria: ≤±0.3 division waveform displacement, or ≤0.6 division increase in p-p noise from 27 MHz to 500 MHz. Test conditions: both channel inputs terminated with grounding caps, both channels set to 10 mV/div, both channels set to DC Coupling, trigger source set to CH 1, acquisition mode set to Sample, and time base set to 250 µs/div.		
Certifications	Underwriters Laboratories listing to Standard UL3111–1 for Electrical Measuring and Test Equipment. ^{3 4} Canadian Standards Association certified to Standard CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 1010.1–92. ³		
	³ These standards are North American interpretations of IEC 1010.		
	⁴ Conditions for certification: operating temperature –10° C to +55° C, maximum operating altitude 2000 m, Safety Class I (IEC 1010-1 Annex H), Overvoltage Catagory II (IEC 1010-1 Annex J), Pollution Degree 2 (IEC 1010-1).		
FCC Compliance	Emissions comply with FCC Code of Federal Regulations 47, Part 15, Subpart B, Class A Limits		
CSA Certified Power Cords	CSA Certification includes the products and power cords appropriate for use in the North America power network. All other power cords supplied are approved for the country of use.		
Overvoltage Category	Category:	Examples of Products in this Category:	
	CAT III	Distribution-level mains, fixed installation	
	CAT II	Local-level mains, appliances, portable equipment	
	CAT I	Signal levels in special equipment or parts of equipment, telecommu- nications, electronics	
Pollution Degree 2	Do not operate in environments where conductive pollutants may be present.		

Operating Information

This section identifies and describes each control and connector on the TDS 300 Series oscilloscope. This chapter also describes how to use the oscilloscope menu system. Refer to the *TDS 340A*, *TDS 360 & TDS 380 User Manual* for more information on setting up and taking measurements with the oscilloscope.

Display and Power Controls





Horizontal Controls



The Horizontal POSITION knob controls the horizontal position of all waveforms.

The HORIZONTAL MENU button calls up the horizontal operations menu.

The SCALE knob controls the horizontal scale of the active waveforms.

Trigger Controls



Inputs



Miscellaneous Controls


Display Map



Rear-Panel Connectors



TDS 340A, TDS 360 & TDS 380 Service Manual

Using the Menu System

TDS 300 Series oscilloscopes use an intuitive user interface. This interface reduces front-panel clutter while allowing easy access to specialized functions through the menu structure.

The following procedure describes how to navigate in the menu structure. If you are unfamiliar with this menu system, you may want to run through the procedure several times to learn how you can access functions and subfunctions. Figure 2–2 provides a graphic overview of using the menu system.

- 1. Push a front-panel button to call up a menu of functions. This first menu is the *main menu*. Sometimes the main menu will be a side menu (step 3), but most main menus are bottom menus.
- 2. Push a main menu button to select a function. One of three things happens:
 - If the function has no subfunctions, it becomes active. If it is a variable function, you can now use the General Purpose Knob to adjust it (step 4).
 - If the function has subfunctions, they appear on the side menu (step 3).
 - The leftmost main menu button sometimes activates a pop-up menu (as shown in Figure 2–1). You can cycle through the pop-up menu options by repeatedly pressing the button. Each selection calls up different main and side menus.



Figure 2–1: A pop-up menu

- 3. Push a side-menu button to select a subfunction.
- **4.** Use the General Purpose knob to change variable-function or subfunction settings.
- 5. Press the CLEAR MENU button to remove a menu from the screen.





3 Select an item from the side menu, if displayed.



4 Adjust menu item values with general purpose knob.

Figure 2-2: Using menus

Theory of Operation

This section describes the electrical operation of the TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380 to the module level.

Logic Conventions

This manual refers to digital logic circuits with standard logic symbols and terms. Unless otherwise stated, all logic functions are described using the positive logic convention: the more positive of the two logic levels is the high (1) state and the more negative level is the low (0) state. Signal states may also be described as "true" meaning their active state or "false" meaning their non-active state. The specific voltages that constitute a high or low state vary among the electronic devices.

Active-low signals are indicated by a tilde (~) prefixed to the signal name (~RESET). Signal names are considered to be either active-high, active-low, or to have both active-high and active-low states.

Module Overview

	This overview describes the basic operation of each functional circuit block as shown in Figures NO TAG through 3–2.
Input Signal Path A signal enters the oscilloscope through a probe connected to a BNC of (TDS 340A), A12 (TDS 360), or A13 (TDS 380) Main Board.	
	Attenuators. Circuitry in the attenuator selects the input coupling and attenuation factor. The processor system controls the attenuators with a serial interface.
	Probe Coding Interface . The probe coding interface signals pass through the Main Board to the A6 Front Panel, which senses them.
	Acquisition System . The acquisition system amplifies the input signals, samples them, converts them to digital signals, and controls the acquisition process under direction of the processor system. The acquisition system includes the trigger, acquisition timing, and acquisition mode generation and control circuitry.



Figure 3–1: TDS 340A, TDS 360, & TDS 380 block diagram



Figure 3–2: TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380 with Option 14 block diagram

Processor System. The processor system contains a 68331 microprocessor that controls the entire instrument. The processor passes waveforms and text on to the display system. The Main Board contains both the processor and display systems, in addition to the firmware ROMs.

Display System. A display controller IC processes text and waveforms. The display system sends the text and waveform information to the monitor assembly as a video signal. The display system also generates and sends vertical (VSYNC) and horizontal (HSYNC) sync signals to the monitor assembly.

- **Monitor** All information (waveforms, text, graticules, and pictographs) is displayed by the A26 Monitor. It generates the high voltages necessary to drive the display tube. It also contains the video amplifier, horizontal oscillator, and the vertical and horizontal yoke driver circuitry.
- **Front Panel** The processor system sends instructions to and receives information from the Front Panel Processor on the Front Panel Board. The Front Panel Processor reads the front-panel switches and ports, and reports any change in their settings to the processor system. The Front Panel Processor also turns front panel LEDs on and off.

The Front Panel Processor reads the front-panel menu switches and sends any changes in menu selections to the processor system. The **ON/STBY** button is not read by the Front Panel Processor but passes through the Front Panel Board and the Main Board to the A20 Low Voltage Power Supply.

The front panel also generates the probe compensation signal.

Floppy Disk Drive The floppy disk drive system consists of the A5 floppy interface board that connects to the main board. A 26-pin cable connects the floppy disk drive to the floppy interface board, supplying both power and data to the drive.

The drive is 2 Mbyte double-side, high-density unit that uses 3.5 inch IBM-format disks.

Option 14 The A2 Option 14 board has GPIB, RS-232, and Centronics interfaces for external control and hardcopy operations. Also included is the A3 board with a VGA video output port and a power connector for the Option 3P printer.

Low Voltage Power Supply	The A20 Low Voltage Power Supply is a switching power converter. It supplies power to all the circuitry in the oscilloscope.		
	The Low Voltage Power Supply does not have a main power switch. The		

ON/STBY switch, located on the front panel, controls all the power to the oscilloscope except the standby circuits in the Low Voltage Power Supply.

Fan The fan provides forced air cooling for the oscilloscope. It connects to a 12 V connector on the Low Voltage Power Supply.

Performance Verification

The procedures in this section verify that the TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380 oscilloscopes meet warranted specifications. There are three performance tests that you can do.

To rapidly confirm that this oscilloscope functions, do the Self Test procedures that begin on page 4–5.

Advantages: This procedure is quick to do, requires no external equipment or signal sources, and performs extensive functional and accuracy testing to provide high confidence that the oscilloscope performs properly. You can use it as a quick check before making a series of important measurements.

To further check functionality, do the *Functional Test* procedures that begin on page 4–7.

Advantages: These procedures require minimal additional time to perform, require no additional equipment other than a standard-accessory probe, and more completely test the internal hardware of this oscilloscope. You can use them to quickly determine if the oscilloscope is suitable for putting into service, such as when it is first received.

 If you need a more extensive confirmation of performance, do the *Performance Tests* that begin on page 4–11, after doing the functional and self tests.

Advantages: These procedures check warranted specifications. They require more time and suitable test equipment. (See *Test Equipment* on page 4–3.)

Conventions

Throughout these procedures the following conventions apply:

- Each test procedure uses the following general format:
 - Title of test Equipment required Time required Prerequisites Procedure steps

- Refer to Figure 4–1: "Main menu" refers to the menu that labels the seven menu buttons under the display. "Side menu" refers to the menu that labels the five buttons to the right of the display. "Pop-up menu" refers to a menu that pops up when a main menu button is pressed.
- Where instructed to use a front-panel button or knob, select from a main or side menu, or verify a readout or status message, the name of the button or knob appears in boldface type.
- Instructions for menu selection follow this format: FRONT PANEL BUTTON → Pop-Up (if necessary) → Main Menu Button → Side Menu Button. For example, "Push TRIGGER MENU → Type: Video → Trigger On → Lines."

STOP. This symbol denotes information you must read to do the procedure properly.



Figure 4–1: Menu locations

Test Equipment

The performance test procedures require external, traceable signal sources to check instrument performance. If your test equipment does not meet the minimum requirements listed in Table 4–1, your test results will be invalid.

Item number and description		Minimum requirements	Example	Purpose
1.	Termination 50 Ω (two required)	Impedance 50 Ω ; connectors: female BNC input, male BNC output	Tektronix part number 011-0049-01	Checking delay between channels
2.	Cable, Precision Coaxial (two required)	50 Ω , 91 cm (36 in), male to male BNC connectors	Tektronix part number 012-0482-00	Signal interconnection
3.	Connector, Dual-Banana	Female-BNC to dual-banana	Tektronix part number 103-0090-00	Several accuracy tests
4.	Connector, BNC "T"	Male-BNC to dual-female-BNC	Tektronix part number 103-0030-00	Checking trigger sensitivity
5.	Coupler, Dual-Input	Female-BNC to dual-male-BNC	Tektronix part number 067-0525-02	Checking delay between channels
6.	Generator, DC Calibration	Variable amplitude to ± 110 V; accuracy to 0.1%	Wavetek 9100 Calibration System with Option 250 and Option 100	Checking DC offset, gain, and measurement accuracy
7.	Generator, Leveled Sine Wave, Medium-Frequency	50 kHz to 250 MHz; variable amplitude from 5 mV to 4 $V_{p\text{-}p}$ into 50 Ω	Wavetek 9100 Calibration System with Option 250 and Option 100	Checking bandwidth and trigger sensitivity
8.	Generator, Leveled Sine Wave, High-Frequency ¹	50 kHz to 400 MHz; variable amplitude from 5 mV to 4 $V_{p\text{-}p}$ into 50 Ω	Rohde & Schwarz SMY with URV 35 Power Meter and NRV-Z8 Power Sensor	Checking bandwidth and trigger sensitivity
9.	Generator, Time Mark	Variable marker frequency from 10 ms to 10 ns; accuracy within 2 ppm	Wavetek 9100 Calibration System with Option 250 and Option 100	Checking sample rate and delay-time accuracy
10.	Probe, 10X, included with this instrument	A P6109B (TDS 340A), P6111B (TDS 360), or P6114B (TDS 380) probe	Tektronix number P6109B (TDS 340A), P6111B (TDS 360), or P6114B (TDS 380)	Signal interconnection

Table 4–1: Test equipment

¹ The high frequency leveled sine wave generator is only required to verify the TDS 380, not the TDS 340A or TDS 360. If you use the example equipment, refer to *Sine Wave Generator Leveling Procedure* on page 4–20 for information on obtaining a leveled output from an unleveled sine wave generator. If available, you can use a Tektronix SG504 Leveled Sine Wave Generator in place of the example equipment.

Test Record

Photocopy this page and use it to record the performance test results for your instrument.

TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380 test record

		Certificate N RH %:	lumber:	
		Technician:		
	Minimum	Incoming	Outgoing	Maximum
ccuracy				
200 mV 50 mV ¹	+97.1 V +8.28 V –581 mV			+98.9 V +8.52 V -619 mV
50 mV ² ∆ at 50 mV 10 mV 5 mV	-881 mV +286 mV +54.6 mV -982 mV			–919 mV +314 mV +65.4 mV –998 mV
200 mV 50 mV ¹ 50 mV ² ∆ at 50 mV 10 mV 5 mV	+97.1 V +8.28 V -581 mV -881 mV +286 mV +54.6 mV -982 mV			+98.9 V +8.52 V -619 mV -919 mV +314 mV +65.4 mV -998 mV
	42.5 mV			N/A
	42.5 mV			N/A
delay time accuracy				
	–2.0 Div			+2.0 Div
coupled				
	stable trigger stable trigger			N/A N/A
	200 mV 50 mV ¹ 50 mV ² Δ at 50 mV 10 mV 5 mV 200 mV 50 mV ¹ 50 mV ² Δ at 50 mV 10 mV 5 mV delay time accuracy	ccuracy +97.1 V 200 mV +8.28 V 50 mV1 -581 mV 50 mV2 -881 mV Δ at 50 mV +286 mV 10 mV +54.6 mV 5 mV -982 mV 200 mV +8.28 V 50 mV1 -581 mV 50 mV -982 mV 200 mV +8.28 V 50 mV1 -581 mV 50 mV2 -881 mV 50 mV1 -581 mV 50 mV2 -881 mV 50 mV +286 mV 10 mV +54.6 mV 5 mV -982 mV 200 mV 42.5 mV 42.5 mV 42.5 mV delay time accuracy -2.0 Div coupled stable trigger	RH %: Technician: Minimum Incoming ccuracy +97.1 V 200 mV +8.28 V 50 mV1 -581 mV 50 mV2 -881 mV 50 mV +286 mV 10 mV +54.6 mV 5 mV -982 mV 200 mV +8.28 V 50 mV1 -581 mV 50 mV -982 mV 200 mV +54.6 mV 5 mV -982 mV 200 mV +8.28 V 5 mV -982 mV 200 mV +8.28 V 5 mV -982 mV 10 mV +54.6 mV 5 mV -982 mV 10 mV +54.6 mV 5 mV -982 mV 42.5 mV	RH %:

1 2 Generator set at -0.6 V. Generator set at -0.9 V.

Self Test

This procedure uses internal routines to verify that the oscilloscope functions and passes its internal self tests and signal-path compensations. It also confirms that the oscilloscope was adjusted properly at the time it was last adjusted. No test equipment or hookups are required.

Equipment Required: None.

Time Required: Approximately 5 minutes.

Prerequisites: Power up the oscilloscope and allow a 20 minute warm up before doing this procedure.

Procedure:

- 1. Press the front-panel button UTILITY.
- 2. Press the main-menu button System to select Diag.
- **3.** Press the main-menu button **Execute** and then press the side-menu button **OK Confirm Run Test**. The internal diagnostics verify proper oscilloscope function. This verification takes about 30 seconds. While it progresses, a variety of test patterns flash on screen. When finished, status messages appear on the screen.
- **4.** Check that the screen reports no failures. If it reports a failure, the oscilloscope has failed the self test. Contact your Tektronix representative for assistance.
- 5. Press CLEAR MENU.
- 6. Press UTILITY and then press the main-menu button System to select Cal.
- 7. Check that the word **Pass** appears in the main menu under the Voltage Reference, Timing, and Ext Trig menu labels. (See Figure 4–2.) If any of the labels read Fail, the oscilloscope has failed the self test. Contact your Tektronix representative for assistance.



Figure 4–2: Verifying adjustments and signal path compensation

- 8. Press Signal Path and then press the side menu button OK Compensate Signal Paths. When compensation completes, the status message updates to Pass or Fail in the main menu
- **9.** Check that the word **Pass** appears under **Signal Path** in the main menu. (See Figure 4–2.) If Pass does not appear, the oscilloscope has failed the performance verification; return it to Tektronix for servicing.

Functional Test

This procedure confirms that the oscilloscope functions properly.

NOTE. This procedure verifies functions; that is, it verifies that oscilloscope features operate. It does not verify that they operate within limits. Therefore, when the instructions that follow call for you to verify that a signal appears on-screen "that is about five divisions in amplitude" or "has a period of about six horizontal divisions," do NOT interpret the quantities given as limits. Operation within limits is checked in the performance tests, which begin on page 4–11.

DO NOT make changes to the front-panel settings that are not called out in the procedure. If you make changes to these settings other than those called out in the procedure, you may obtain invalid results. In this case, just redo the procedure from step 1.

Equipment Required: One P6109B (TDS 340A), P6111B (TDS 360), or P6114B (TDS 380) probe.

Time Required: Approximately 5 minutes.

Prerequisites: None.

Procedure:

1. Install the probe on **CH 1**. Connect the probe tip to **PROBE COMP** on the front panel; leave the probe ground unconnected. (See Figure 4–3.)



Figure 4–3: Hookup for functional test

2. Press the front-panel button SAVE/RECALL, the main-menu button Recall Factory Setup, and then the side-menu button OK Confirm Factory Init.

3. Press AUTOSET.

- **4.** Set the **VOLTS/DIV** to 1 V. Use the vertical **POSITION** knob to center the waveform vertically on screen.
- 5. Set the SEC/DIV to $250 \ \mu$ s. Check that a square wave probe-compensation signal of about five divisions in amplitude is on screen.
- 6. Check that one period of the square wave probe-compensation signal is about four horizontal divisions on screen.
- 7. Check that the horizontal **POSITION** knob positions the signal left and right on screen when rotated.
- 8. Press the front-panel button **TRIGGER MENU**, the main-menu button **Mode**, and then the side-menu button **Normal**.
- **9.** Check that the trigger-level readout for the main trigger system changes with the trigger **LEVEL** knob.
- **10.** Check that the trigger-level knob can trigger and untrigger the square-wave signal as you rotate it. (Leave the signal untriggered.)
- **11.** Check that pressing **SET LEVEL TO 50%** triggers the signal that you just left untriggered.
- **12.** Press the front-panel button **ACQUIRE**, the main-menu button **Mode**, and then the side-menu button **Sample**.
- **13.** Check that the oscilloscope displays an actively acquiring waveform. (Note that there is noise present on the peaks of the square wave.)
- **14.** Press the side-menu button **Peak Detect**. Check that the oscilloscope displays an actively acquiring waveform with the noise "peak detected."
- **15.** Press the side-menu button **Envelope**. Check that the oscilloscope displays an actively acquiring waveform with the noise displayed.
- **16.** Press the side-menu button **Average**. Check that the oscilloscope displays an actively acquiring waveform with the noise reduced.
- 17. Press WAVEFORM OFF to remove Channel 1 from the display.
- 18. Press CH 2 and move the probe to the CH 2 input.
- **19.** Repeat steps 3 through 16 for Channel 2.
- **20.** Disconnect the probe from the channel input and the PROBE COMP terminal. You are done running the oscilloscope functional test.

File System Functional Test

Equipment Required: One 720K or 1.44Mbyte, 3.5 inch DOS-compatible disk (formatted).

Time Required: Approximately 5 minutes.

Prerequisites: None.

Procedure:

1. Install the probe on CH 1. Connect the probe tip to PROBE COMP on the front panel; leave the probe ground unconnected. (See Figure 4–4.)



Figure 4-4: Hookup for file system functional test

- **2.** Insert the disk in the disk drive.
- 3. Push the SAVE/RECALL front-panel button.
- 4. Push the Recall Factory Setup main-menu button.
- 5. Push the OK Confirm Factory Init side-menu button.
- 6. Push the trigger SET LEVEL TO 50% front-panel button.
- 7. Set the horizontal SCALE to 250 µs.
- 8. Push the Save Current Setup main-menu button.
- 9. Push the To File side-menu button.
- **10.** Turn the general purpose knob to select the file to which to save the current settings. Select TEK????.SET. This saves the settings to a file starting with TEK, then containing five digits, and a .SET extension. For example, if you are using a blank disk, the file name will be TEK00000.SET.
- **11.** Push the **Save To Selected File** side-menu button. The oscilloscope writes the current settings out to the file.

- 12. Push the SAVE/RECALL front-panel button.
- 13. Push the Recall Factory Setup main-menu button.
- **14.** Push the **OK Confirm Factory Init** side-menu button. This restores the oscilloscope settings to those before you saved the settings.
- 15. Push the Recall Saved Setup main-menu button.
- 16. Push the From File side-menu button.
- **17.** Turn the general purpose knob to select the file to which you saved the settings (step 10). If you used a blank floppy disk, this file is TEK00000.SET.
- **18.** Push the **Recall From Selected File** side-menu button. The oscilloscope reads the current settings from the selected file and resets its settings. The displayed signal should show a horizontal setting of 250 µs and the trigger at 50%.
- **19.** Disconnect the probe from the channel input and the PROBE COMP terminal. You are done running the file system functional test.

Performance Tests

These procedures confirm that the oscilloscope functions within warranted limits. The procedures are in three groupings: *Signal Acquisition System Checks, Time Base System Checks,* and *Trigger System Checks.* They check all the characteristics that appear in **boldface** type under *Warranted Characteristics* on page 1–1.

Prerequisites

The tests in this subsection comprise an extensive, valid confirmation of performance and functionality when the following requirements are met:

- The cabinet must be installed.
- You must have performed and passed the procedures under *Self Test*, on page 4–5, and those under *Functional Test*, on page 4–7.
- The oscilloscope must have been operating for a warm-up period of at least 20 minutes, and must be operating at an ambient temperature between -10° C and +55° C.

Signal Acquisition System Checks

These procedures check signal acquisition system characteristics that are listed as checked under *Warranted Characteristics* in the *Specifications* section.

Check DC Voltage Measurement Accuracy



WARNING. Performance of this procedure requires input voltages up to 98 VDC. Contact with live circuits could cause injury or death. Be sure to set the DC calibration generator to 0 volts before connecting, disconnecting, or moving the test hookup during the performance of this procedure. **Equipment Required:** One dual-banana connector (Item 3), one DC calibration generator (Item 6), and one precision coaxial cable (Item 2).

Time Required: Approximately 35 minutes.

Prerequisites: The oscilloscope must meet the prerequisites listed on page 4–11.

Procedure:

- 1. Set the output of a DC calibration generator to 0 volts.
- 2. Connect the output of a DC calibration generator through a dual-banana connector followed by a 50 Ω precision coaxial cable to CH 1, as shown in Figure 4–5.



Coaxial cable

Figure 4–5: Hookup for DC voltage measurement accuracy check

- 3. Press SAVE/RECALL SETUP → Recall Factory Setup → OK Confirm Factory Init.
- 4. Press ACQUIRE \rightarrow Mode \rightarrow Average 16.
- **5.** Press **MEASURE** → **Select Measurement**.
- 6. Press the side menu button **more** until the menu label **Mean** appears in the side menu. Press the side menu button **Mean**.
- 7. Set the vertical **SCALE** to one of the settings listed in Table 4–2 that you have not yet checked. (Start with the first setting listed.)
- 8. Press VERTICAL MENU \rightarrow Position.
- **9.** Turn the **General Purpose Knob** to set the vertical position to the setting listed in Table 4–2. The baseline level moves off screen.
- 10. Press the main menu button Offset.

11. Use the **General Purpose Knob** to set vertical offset to the setting listed in Table 4–2 for the present vertical scale setting. The baseline level remains off screen.

Vertical scale setting	Position setting (divs)	Offset setting	Generator setting	Accuracy limits
1 V	+5	+100 V	+98 V	+97.1 V to +98.9 V
200 mV	+5	+10 V	+8.4 V	+8.28 V to +8.52 V
50 mV	-5	–1 V	–0.6 V	-581 mV to -619 mV
50 mV	-5	–1 V	–0.9 V	-881 mV to -919 mV
Δ at 50 mV				+286 mV to +314 mV
10 mV	-5	0 V	+60 mV	+54.6 mV to +65.4 mV
5 mV	0	–1 V	–990 mV	-982 mV to -998 mV

Table 4–2: DC accuracy

- **12.** Set the generator to the level and polarity indicated in Table 4–2 for the vertical scale, position, and offset settings you have made. The DC test level should appear on screen. (If it does not return, the DC accuracy check has failed for the present vertical scale setting of the current channel.)
- **13.** Check that the readout for the measurement **Mean** readout on screen is within the limits listed for the present vertical scale and position/offset/generator settings.
- **14.** Repeat steps 7 through 13 until you have checked all the vertical scale settings listed in Table 4–2. Record the measurements for each of the 50 mV settings.
- 15. Subtract the second 50 mV measurement from the first and compare the result to the " Δ at 50 mV" limits in Table 4–2.
- 16. Press WAVEFORM OFF; then, press CH 2.
- **17.** Set the generator output to 0 V.
- **18.** Move the test hookup to the **CH 2** input.
- **19.** Repeat steps 5 through 15 for channel 2.
- **20.** Set the generator output to 0 V.
- 21. Disconnect the cable at the CH 2 input connector.

DC Gain Accuracy	DC gain accuracy is verified by successful completion of the self tests and the DC voltage measurement accuracy (in the previous procedure).		
Offset Accuracy	Offset accuracy is verified by succ voltage measurement accuracy (in	tessful completion of the self tests and the DC the previous procedure).	
Check Analog Bandwidth	Equipment Required: One leveled sine wave generator (Item 7 or 8), one 50 Ω precision cable (Item 2), and one 50 Ω termination (Item 1).		
	Time Required: Approximately 20 minutes.		
	Prerequisites: See page 4–11.		
	Procedure:		
	1. Connect, through a 50 Ω precision cable and a 50 Ω termination, the sine wave output of a leveled sine wave generator to CH 1 (see Figure 4–6). Set the output of the generator to a reference frequency of 50 kHz.		
	NOTE . If you are verifying a TDS 380, you need a leveled sine wave generator with a 400 MHz output frequency. Refer to Sine Wave Generator Leveling Procedure on page 4–20 for information on obtaining a leveled output from an unleveled sine wave generator.		
	Leveled		
	sine wave generator	Digitizing oscilloscope	



Figure 4–6: Hookup for analog bandwidth check

- **1.** Press SAVE/RECALL SETUP → Recall Factory Setup → OK Confirm Factory Init.
- 2. Set the horizontal SCALE to $10 \,\mu$ s/div.
- **3.** Press **TRIGGER MENU** → **Coupling** → **Noise Rej**.
- 4. Press ACQUIRE \rightarrow Mode \rightarrow Average 16.

- 5. Press MEASURE \rightarrow High-Low Setup \rightarrow Min-Max.
- 6. Press the main menu button **Select Measurement**. Now press the side menu button **more** until the menu label **Pk-Pk** appears in the side menu. Press the side menu button **Pk-Pk**.
- 7. Set the vertical SCALE to 10 mV/div.
- 8. Set the generator output so the CHx Pk-Pk readout equals 60 mV.
- 9. Press SET LEVEL TO 50% as necessary to trigger the display.
- **10.** Increase the frequency of the generator output to 100 MHz (TDS 340A), 200 MHz (TDS 360), or 400 MHz (TDS 380).
- 11. Set the horizontal SCALE to 5 ns/div (TDS 340A), 2.5 ns/div (TDS 360), or 2.5 ns/div (TDS 380).
- 12. Press SET LEVEL TO 50% as necessary to trigger the display.
- **13.** Check that the **Pk-Pk** readout on screen (as shown in Figure 4–7) is \geq 42.5 mV.



Figure 4–7: Measuring analog bandwidth

- 14. When finished checking, set the horizontal SCALE back to the 10 μ s/div setting, and set the generator output frequency back to 50 kHz.
- 15. Press WAVEFORM OFF to remove Channel 1 from the display.
- 16. Press CH 2 and move the hookup to the CH 2 input.
- **17.** Press **TRIGGER MENU** \rightarrow **Source** \rightarrow **CH 2**.
- 18. Repeat steps 6 through 13 for CH 2.
- 19. Disconnect the test hook up from the CH 2 input connector.

Time Base System Checks

This procedure checks those characteristics that relate to the Main and Delayed time base system and are listed as checked under *Warranted Characteristics* in the *Specifications* section.

Check Long-Term Sample
Rate and Delay Time
AccuracyEquipment Required: One time-marker generator (Item 9), one precision
coaxial cable, (Item 2) and one 50 Ω termination (Item 1).The section of the section

Time Required: Approximately 5 minutes.

Prerequisites: See page 4–11.

Procedure:

1. Connect, through a 50 Ω precision coaxial cable and a 50 Ω termination, the time-mark output of a time-marker generator to **CH 1**, as shown in Figure 4–8. Set the output of the generator for 10 ms markers.





- 2. Press SAVE/RECALL SETUP → Recall Factory Setup → OK Confirm Factory Init.
- 3. Set the vertical SCALE to 500 mV/div.
- 4. Press **SET LEVEL TO 50%**; use the vertical **POSITION** knob to center the test signal on screen.
- 5. Set the horizontal SCALE to 1 ms/div.
- 6. Press HORIZONTAL MENU \rightarrow Trigger Position \rightarrow Set to 10%.
- 7. Adjust the horizontal **POSITION** to move the trigger **T** to the right and on to the screen. Continue to position the trigger **T** to align it to the center vertical graticule line.
- 8. Press the main menu button **Time Base**; then press the side menu button **Delayed Only**.
- **9.** Set the horizontal **SCALE** of the **D** (delayed) time base to 1 ms/div. Then use the **General Purpose** knob to set delay time to 10 ms.

10. Set the horizontal SCALE of the D (delayed) time base to 500 ns/div.

NOTE. When you change the **SEC/DIV** in step 10, the delay time readout changes to 10.00001 or 9.99999. This is normal and has no effect on the verification

11. Check that the rising edge of the marker crosses the center horizontal graticule line at a point within ± 2.0 divisions of the graticule center.

NOTE. One division of displacement from the center graticule corresponds to a 50 ppm time base error.

12. Disconnect the test hookup.

Delta Time Measurement Accuracy

t Delta time measurement accuracy is verified by successful completion of the previous procedure.

Trigger System Checks

These procedures check those characteristics that relate to the trigger system and are listed as checked under *Warranted Characteristics* in the *Specifications* section.

Check Edge Trigger Sensitivity, DC Coupled Equipment Required: One leveled sine wave generator (Item 7 or 8), two precision 50 Ω coaxial cables (Item 2), one 50 Ω termination (Item 1), and one BNC T connector (Item 4).

Time Required: Approximately 10 minutes.

Prerequisites: See page 4–11.

Procedure:

- **1.** Press SAVE/RECALL SETUP → Recall Factory Setup → OK Confirm Factory Init.
- 2. Set the vertical SCALE to 500 mV/div.
- 3. Set the horizontal SCALE to 10 ns/div.
- 4. Press TRIGGER MENU → Mode → Normal.
- 5. Press ACQUIRE \rightarrow Mode \rightarrow Average 16.
- 6. Connect one 50 Ω cable to the output of the sine wave generator. Attach a BNC T connector to the other end of the cable. Connect a second 50 Ω cable to the other side of the BNC T connector.
- 7. Connect the BNC T connector to CH 1; connect the cable to the EXT TRIG input through a 50 Ω termination as shown in Figure 4–9.



Figure 4–9: Hookup for trigger sensitivity check

- 8. Set the generator frequency to 100 MHz (TDS 340A), 200 MHz (TDS 360), or 400 MHz (TDS 380).
- 9. Press MEASURE \rightarrow High-Low Setup \rightarrow Min-Max.
- 10. Press the main menu button Select Measurement.
- **11.** Press the side menu button **-more-** until **Amplitude** appears in the side menu. Press the side menu button **Amplitude**.
- 12. Press SET LEVEL TO 50%.
- **13.** Set the test signal amplitude for about one division on screen. Fine adjust the generator output until the **CH 1 Amplitude** readout indicates the amplitude is 500 mV. (Readout may fluctuate around 500 mV.)
- **14.** Press **TRIGGER MENU** → **Slope**.
- 15. Press SET LEVEL TO 50%. Check that a stable trigger is obtained for the test waveform on both the positive and negative slopes (see Figure 4–10). (Use the side menu to switch between trigger slopes; use the trigger LEVEL knob to stabilize the trigger if required.)



Figure 4–10: Measuring trigger sensitivity

	16. Press WAVEFORM OFF.
	17. Press CH 2.
	18. Press TRIGGER MENU \rightarrow Source \rightarrow Ch2 .
	19. Disconnect the hookup from CH 1 and connect it to CH 2 .
	20. Set the vertical SCALE to 500 mV/div.
	21. Repeat steps 14 and 15 for Channel 2.
	22. Press TRIGGER MENU \rightarrow Source \rightarrow EXT/10 .
	23. Press MEASURE \rightarrow Select Measrmnt \rightarrow Amplitude.
	24. Increase the generator amplitude until the amplitude measurement reads 1.5 V if you are checking a TDS 340A or TDS 360. Increase the generator amplitude until the amplitude measurement reads 4.0 V if you are checking a TDS 380.
	25. Repeat steps 14 and 15 for the external trigger.
	26. Disconnect the test hookup.
Trigger Level Accuracy, DC Coupled	Trigger level accuracy is verified by the successful completion of the Self Tests and the DC voltage measurement accuracy procedure on page 4–11.
	This completes the performance verification procedure.

Sine Wave Generator Leveling Procedure

Some procedures in this manual require a sine wave generator to produce the necessary test signals. If you do not have a leveled sine wave generator, use the following procedure to level the output amplitude of your sine wave generator using a power meter.

Equipment Required: Sine wave generator, level meter and power sensor, power splitter, and one precision coaxial cable.

Time Required: About 5 minutes.

Prerequisites: See page 4–11.

Procedure:

- 1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4–11.
- 2. Set the sine wave generator to a reference frequency of 50 kHz.

- **3.** Adjust the sine wave generator amplitude to the required number of divisions as measured by the oscilloscope.
- 4. Note the reading on the level meter.
- 5. Change the sine wave generator to the desired new frequency.
- 6. Input the correction factor for the new frequency into the level meter.
- **7.** Adjust the sine wave generator amplitude until the level meter again reads the value noted in step 4. The signal amplitude is now correctly set for the new frequency.



Figure 4–11: Hookup for sine wave generator leveling
Adjustment Procedures

This section contains information you need to adjust the TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380. There are only three types of adjustments you can perform on the oscilloscope: the automated and semiautomated adjustments in the system calibration menu, attenuator adjustments, and monitor adjustments.

You should perform the signal path compensation adjustment after servicing your instrument or moving your instrument to a new operating environment $(\pm 5^{\circ} \text{ C temperature change})$. The other adjustment procedures may be necessary if the instrument fails one of the *Performance Tests* in the previous section.

You should allow the instrument a 20 minute warm-up period before performing any adjustments.

Adjustment Interval. These adjustments should be done once a year.

Equipment Required

Table 5–1 lists the equipment you will need to do the adjustment procedures.

Item number and description		Minimum requirements	Example	Purpose
1.	Adjustment Tool	0.075 inch slot screwdriver	Tektronix part number 003-1433-01 (standard probe adjustment tool)	Monitor and attenuator adjust- ments
2.	Termination, 50 Ω	Impedance 50 Ω ; connectors: female BNC input, male BNC output	Tektronix part number 011-0049-01	Timing calibration and attenua- tor adjustment
3.	Cable, Precision Coaxial	50 Ω , 36 in, male to male BNC connectors	Tektronix part number 012-0482-00	Attenuator adjustments and system calibration
4.	Generator, DC Calibration	Variable amplitude to $\pm 10~\text{V};$ accuracy to 0.05%	Wavetek 9100 Calibration System with Option 250	Voltage and external trigger calibrations
5.	Generator, Fast-rise Step	$t_r \le 10 \text{ ns};$ amplitude $\le 1 \text{ V}_{p-p}$	Wavetek 9100 Calibration System with Option 250	Timing calibration and attenua- tor adjustment

Table 5–1: Adjustment equipment

The System Calibration Menu

The oscilloscope has four onboard calibration routines. You can access these routines through the system calibration menu. Use the following procedure.

NOTE. The Voltage, Timing, and External Trigger calibration routines are disabled at the factory. To enable the calibration menus, refer to Enabling Calibration Menus on page 6–31.

Equipment Required: One DC calibration generator (Item 4), one precision coaxial cable (Item 3), one fast–rise step generator (Item 5), and one 50 Ω termination (Item 2).

- 1. Press UTILITY.
- **2.** Press the leftmost main menu button until the pop-up menu shows the **Cal** selection. This calls up the system calibration menu, shown in Figure 5–1.



Figure 5–1: The system calibration menu

- 3. Remove all input signals from the front panel BNC connectors.
- **4.** Press the main menu button **Voltage Reference**. Read the on-screen text before continuing.

- 5. Press the side menu button OK Calibrate Voltage Ref. Connect a DC calibration generator (Item 4) to the CH 1 input through a 50 Ω coaxial cable (Item 3) and follow the instructions on the screen.
- 6. Press UTILITY.
- 7. Press the main menu button **Signal Path**. Read the on-screen text before continuing.
- 8. Press the side menu button OK Compensate Signal Paths.
- 9. Wait. The signal path compensation routine takes about four minutes to run.
- **10.** Move the DC calibration generator (Item 4) from the **CH 1** input to the **EXT TRIG** input.
- 11. Press UTILITY.
- **12.** Press the main menu button **Ext Trig**. Read the on-screen text before continuing.
- **13.** Press the side menu button **OK Calibrate External Trig**. Follow the instructions on the screen.
- 14. Disconnect the DC calibration generator and connect the -1 V fast rise output of a calibration generator to the CH 1 input through a 50 Ω coaxial cable and a 50 Ω termination (Item 2).
- **15.** Set the calibration generator to output a 1 ms, fast rise signal; set the pulse amplitude to 50%.
- 16. Press SAVE/RECALL SETUP. Press the main menu button Recall Factory Setup; then press the side menu button OK Confirm Factory Init.
- **17.** Press **AUTOSET**. Then adjust the vertical **POSITION** control to center the waveform on the screen so that the trigger arrow is at the center graticule, set the **VOLTS/DIV** to 50 mV, and set the **SEC/DIV** to 250 ns. This should result in a waveform similar to the one shown in Figure 5–2.



Figure 5–2: Timing compensation waveform

18. Press UTILITY.

- **19.** Press the main menu button **Timing**. Read the on-screen text before continuing.
- **20.** Press the side menu button **OK Compensate Timing**. Follow the instructions on the screen.

Attenuator Adjustment

Use this procedure to adjust the low-frequency compensation of the channel 1 and channel 2 attenuators. You should perform this procedure if your oscillo-scope demonstrates gross rounding or overshoot of square-wave input signals or if your instrument fails one of the *Performance Tests* in the previous section.

Equipment Required: One adjustment tool (Item 1), one precision coaxial cable (Item 3), one fast–rise step generator (Item 5), and one 50 Ω termination (Item 2).

- **1.** Remove the instrument cabinet as described in the removal procedure on page 6–11.
- 2. Set the oscilloscope on its left side with its front facing toward you.
- 3. Power up the oscilloscope and press SAVE/RECALL SETUP.

- 4. Press the main menu button **Recall Factory Setup**; then press the side menu button **OK Confirm Factory Init**.
- 5. Press CLEAR MENU.
- 6. Connect the high output of a fast-rise step generator (Item 5) to the CH 1 BNC through a 50 Ω coaxial cable (Item 3) and a 50 Ω termination (Item 2). (See Figure 5–3.)
- **7.** Set the calibration generator to output a high amplitude, 1 kHz signal. Set the pulse amplitude to 25%.
- 8. Set the oscilloscope **VOLTS/DIV** to 200 mV, the **SEC/DIV** to 10 μ s, and adjust the pulse amplitude for a five division display.
- 9. Press SET LEVEL TO 50%.
- **10.** Use the vertical **POSITION** control to place the top of the waveform near center screen.
- 11. Set the VOLTS/DIV to 100 mV.
- **12.** Use an adjustment tool (Item 1) to adjust the CH 1 10X capacitor for the flattest response. (See Figure 5–3.)
- **13.** Remove the 50 Ω termination from the setup.
- 14. Set the VOLTS/DIV to 2 V.



Figure 5–3: Attenuator adjustment setup and locations

- 15. Press SET LEVEL TO 50%.
- **16.** Adjust the pulse amplitude for a five-division display.
- 17. Set the VOLTS/DIV to 1 V.
- **18.** Use an adjustment tool to adjust the CH 1 100X capacitor for the flattest response.
- 19. Press WAVEFORM OFF, CH 2, and TRIGGER MENU, in that order.
- **20.** Press the main menu button **SOURCE**; then press the side menu button **Ch2**.
- **21.** Move the coaxial cable to the **CH 2** BNC input, reinstalling the 50 Ω termination.
- **22.** Repeat steps 7 through 18 for channel 2.
- 23. Reinstall the instrument cabinet.

Monitor Adjustments

There are no set performance requirements for the monitor. You may use this procedure to change monitor parameters whenever the brightness, contrast, horizontal position, or vertical position of the display is not to your liking.

Equipment Required: One adjustment tool (Item 1).

- **1.** Remove the instrument cabinet as described in the removal procedure on page 6–11.
- 2. Set the oscilloscope bottom-down with its front facing toward you.
- 3. Turn on the oscilloscope and allow a 20 minute warm-up period.
- 4. Press DISPLAY.
- 5. Press the main menu button **Intensity**. Use the side menu to set overall intensity to 100%, **Text/Grat** to bright, and **Waveform** to bright.
- **6.** Locate the brightness potentiometer (see Figure 5–4). Use an adjustment tool (Item 1) to raise the brightness until the background of the screen turns green.



Figure 5-4: Monitor adjustments

- 7. Now lower the brightness *just beyond the point* where the background fades to black.
- 8. Locate the contrast potentiometer. Adjust the contrast to your taste.



CAUTION. The higher the contrast, the higher the likelihood that prolonged use will cause CRT burn-in.

- **9.** Locate the vertical position potentiometer. Adjust the vertical position until the display is vertically centered on the screen.
- **10.** Locate the horizontal position potentiometer. Adjust the horizontal position until the display is horizontally centered on the screen.

Maintenance

This chapter describes how to inspect, clean, remove, and troubleshoot the oscilloscope at the module level.

Preventive maintenance, when done regularly, may prevent oscilloscope malfunction and enhance its reliability. Preventive maintenance consists of visually inspecting and cleaning the oscilloscope and using general care when operating it. How often to do maintenance depends on the severity of the environment in which you use the oscilloscope. A proper time to perform preventive maintenance is just before oscilloscope adjustment.

Preventing ESD



CAUTION. Static discharge can damage any semiconductor component in this oscilloscope.

Precautions

When performing any service which requires internal access to the oscilloscope, adhere to the following precautions to avoid damaging internal modules and their components due to electrostatic discharge (ESD).

- 1. Minimize handling of static-sensitive modules.
- **2.** Transport and store static-sensitive modules in their static protected containers. Label any package that contains static-sensitive modules.
- **3.** Discharge the static voltage from your body by wearing a grounded antistatic wrist strap while handling these modules. Do service of static-sensitive modules only at a static-free work station.
- **4.** Do not remove the oscilloscope cabinet unless you have met precaution number 3, above. Consider all internal modules static-sensitive.
- **5.** Nothing capable of generating or holding a static charge should be allowed on the work station surface.
- 6. Handle circuit boards by the edges when possible.
- 7. Do not slide the modules over any surface.
- **8.** Avoid handling modules in areas that have a floor or work-surface covering capable of generating a static charge.
- 9. Do not use high-velocity compressed air when cleaning dust from modules.

General Care

The cabinet helps keep dust out of the oscilloscope and it is a major component of its cooling system. It should normally be in place when operating the oscilloscope. The optional oscilloscope front cover protects the front panel and display from dust and damage. Install it when storing or transporting the oscilloscope.

Inspection and Cleaning Procedures

Inspect and clean the oscilloscope as often as operating conditions require. The collection of dirt on components inside can cause them to overheat and breakdown. (Dirt acts as an insulating blanket, preventing efficient heat dissipation.) Dirt also provides an electrical conduction path that could cause an oscilloscope failure, especially under high-humidity conditions.



CAUTION. Avoid the use of chemical cleaning agents that might damage the plastics used in this oscilloscope. Use only deionized water when cleaning the menu buttons or front-panel buttons. Use a 75% isopropyl alcohol solution as a cleaner and rinse with deionized water. Before using any other type of cleaner, consult your Tektronix Service Center or representative.

Avoid the use of high pressure compressed air when cleaning dust from the interior of this instrument. (High pressure air can cause ESD.) Instead, use low pressure compressed air (about 9 psi).

Inspection — Exterior Using Table 6–1 as a guide, inspect the outside of the oscilloscope for damage, wear, and missing parts. You should thoroughly check oscilloscopes that appear to have been dropped or otherwise abused to verify correct operation and performance. Immediately repair defects that could cause personal injury or lead to further damage to the oscilloscope.

Item	Inspect for	Repair action
Cabinet, front panel, and cover	Cracks, scratches, deformations, damaged hardware or gaskets	Replace defective module
Front-panel knobs	Missing, damaged, or loose knobs	Repair or replace missing or defective knobs
Connectors	Broken shells, cracked insulation, and deformed contacts. Dirt in connectors	Replace defective modules. Clear or wash out dirt
Carrying handle and cabinet feet	Correct operation	Replace defective module
Accessories	Missing items or parts of items, bent pins, broken or frayed cables, and damaged connectors	Replace damaged or missing items, frayed cables, and defective modules

Table 6–1: External inspection check list

Cleaning Procedure — Exterior



WARNING. To avoid injury or death, unplug the power cord from line voltage before cleaning the oscilloscope. To avoid getting moisture inside the oscilloscope during external cleaning, use only enough liquid to dampen the cloth or applicator.

- 1. Remove loose dust on the outside of the oscilloscope with a lint free cloth.
- **2.** Remove remaining dirt with a lint free cloth dampened in a general purpose detergent-and-water solution. Do not use abrasive cleaners.
- **3.** Clean the monitor screen with a lint-free cloth dampened with either isopropyl alcohol or, preferably, a gentle, general purpose detergent-and-water solution.

Inspection — Interior To access the inside of the oscilloscope for inspection and cleaning, refer to the *Removal and Replacement* procedures in this section.

Inspect the internal portions of the oscilloscope for damage and wear, using Table 6–2 as a guide. You should repair defects immediately.

If you replace any electrical module, perform the adjustment procedures, beginning on page 5–1.



CAUTION. To prevent damage from electrical arcing, ensure that circuit boards and components are dry before applying power to the oscilloscope.

Table 6-2: Internal inspection check list

Item	Inspect for	Repair action
Circuit boards	Loose, broken, or corroded solder connec- tions. Burned circuit boards. Burned, broken, or cracked circuit-run plating	Remove the failed module and replace it with a new module
Resistors	Burned, cracked, broken, or blistered condition	Remove the module with the faulty resistor and replace it with a new module
Solder connections	Cold solder or rosin joints	Resolder joint and clean with isopropyl alcohol
Capacitors	Damaged or leaking cases. Corroded solder on leads or terminals	Remove the module with the faulty capacitor and replace it with a new module from the factory
Wiring and cables	Loose plugs or connectors. Burned, broken, or frayed wiring	Firmly seat connectors. Repair or replace modules with defective wires or cables
Chassis	Dents and deformations	Straighten, repair, or replace chassis

Cleaning Procedure — Interior

STOP. If, after doing steps 1 and 2, a module is clean upon inspection, skip the remaining steps.

- 1. Blow off dust with dry, low-pressure, deionized air (approximately 9 psi).
- 2. Remove any remaining dust with a lint free cloth dampened in isopropyl alcohol (75% solution) and rinse with warm deionized water. (A cotton-tipped applicator is useful for cleaning in narrow spaces and on circuit boards.)

NOTE. If steps 1 and 2 do not remove all the dust or dirt, the oscilloscope may be spray washed using a solution of 75% isopropyl alcohol by doing steps 3 through 7.

- **3.** Gain access to the parts to be cleaned by removing easily accessible shields and panels (see *Removal and Replacement* procedures).
- **4.** Spray wash dirty parts with the isopropyl alcohol and wait 60 seconds for the majority of the alcohol to evaporate.
- 5. Use hot $(120^{\circ} \text{ F to } 140^{\circ} \text{ F or } 48.9^{\circ} \text{ C to } 60^{\circ} \text{ C})$ deionized water to thoroughly rinse them.
- 6. Dry all parts with low-pressure, deionized air.
- 7. Dry all components and assemblies in an oven or drying compartment using low-temperature (125° F to 150° F or 51.7° C to 65.5° C) circulating air.

Removal and Replacement

This section contains procedures for removal and installation of all mechanical and electrical modules.

Preparation — Please Read



WARNING. To avoid injury or death, disconnect the power cord from the line voltage source before performing any procedure in this section.

General Instructions

STOP. READ THESE GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE REMOVING A MODULE.

First locate the module you want to remove in the exploded views (Figures 10–1 and 10–2 on pages 10–6 and 10–8). Then read Equipment Required for a list of the tools needed to remove and install modules in this oscilloscope.

To remove an internal module, you need only remove the oscilloscope cabinet (page 6–11) and then perform the removal procedure for that module. The internal modules are independently removable.

Procedures will refer to "front," "rear," "top," etc. of the oscilloscope; note from Figure 6–1 which sides are referenced.





Equipment Required The tools listed in Table 6–3 are required to completely disassemble the oscilloscope into its modules. The tools required to remove an individual module are listed before the first step of its procedure.

All the tools are standard tools readily available from tool suppliers.

Table 6–3: Tools required for module removal

Item no.	Name	Description
1	Screwdriver handle	Accepts Torx®-driver bits
2	T-15 Torx tip	Torx®-driver bit for T-15 size screw heads
3	T-20 Torx tip	Torx®-driver bit for T-20 size screw heads. Used only for removal of the cabinet handle
4	Flat-bladed screwdriver	Screwdriver for removing standard-head screws
5	Pozidriv screwdriver	Screwdriver for removing Pozidriv® screws
6	Nut driver, 5/16 inch	Used for removing earth ground cables
7	Nut driver, 3/16 inch	Used for removing GPIB connector shell and EMI gasket
8	Angle-tip tweezers	Used for knob and shaft removal
9	Slip-Jaw Pliers	Used for removing the front feet from the cabinet

ltem no.	Name	Description
10	Wooden Spudger	Used for front EMI gasket removal
11	Front Cover	This optional accessory protects the front of the oscilloscope when positioned face down in the removal procedures
12	Gloves, lint free, cloth	Used for removing the menu elastomer and menu button flex circuit
13	Soldering Iron	15 watt. Used for removal of some cables
14	Solder Wick	
15	BNC Wrench	Removing BNCs from the attenuator assembly. Tektronix 003-1463-00
16	BNC Fixture	Installing BNCs on the attenuator assembly. Tektronix 003-1464-00

Table 6–3: Tools required for module removal (Cont.)

Line Fuse and Line Cord



WARNING. To avoid injury or death, unplug the line cord from the line voltage power source before continuing.

Required tool: a flat-bladed screwdriver (Item 4).

- 1. Set the oscilloscope so its bottom is down on the work surface and its rear is facing you.
- **2.** Find the line cord on the rear cover. (See Figure 6–2.) Now, remove the line-cord retaining clamp by first unplugging the line cord from its receptacle.
- **3.** Next, grasp both the line cord and the retaining clamp and rotate them 90 degrees counter-clockwise.



Figure 6-2: Line cord removal

- 4. Pull the line cord and clamp away to complete the removal.
- **5.** Locate the fuse drawer beneath the line voltage plug on the rear panel. Pry open the drawer with a small flat-bladed screwdriver (Item 4), and remove the line fuse. (See Figure 6–3.)
- 6. *Reinstallation:* Do in reverse steps 5 through 2 to reinstall the line fuse and then the line cord.



Figure 6–3: Line fuse removal

Front Panel Knobs and Shafts

Required tool: a pair of angle-tip tweezers (Item 8).

- **1.** Set the oscilloscope so its bottom is down on the work surface and its front is facing you.
- **2.** Refer to Figure 6–4. Grasp the knob you want to remove and pull it straight out from the front panel slightly to create some clearance between the base of the knob and the front panel.
- **3.** Insert the tweezers between the knob and front panel and use them to remove the knob and its shaft. Pull the shaft out of the knob to remove.
- 4. Reinstallation:
 - **a.** To reinstall, align the inside of the knob to the end of the shaft and push it in until it snaps.
 - **b.** Insert the shaft of the assembled knob into its hole in the front panel assembly until it stops.
 - **c.** Rotate the knob while lightly pushing inwards until the shaft slips into its receptacle. Push all the way in to seat the knob assembly.



Figure 6-4: Knob and shaft removal

Rear Cover, Cabinet, and Cabinet Handle

Required tool: a screwdriver with a size T-15 Torx[®] tip (Items 1 and 2).

- 1. Pull out on both of the hubs on the cabinet handle to unlock it for positioning. While holding the hubs unlocked, rotate the handle towards the bottom of the oscilloscope.
- 2. Set the oscilloscope so its face is down with its front cover on the work surface and its bottom facing you. Reference Figure 6–5 on page 6–12 as you do the following steps.
- **3.** Remove the four T-15 Torx[®] screws securing the rear cover to the oscilloscope. Lift off the rear cover. If no other parts are being serviced, skip to the end (step 10) of this procedure.
- 4. Remove the single T-15 Torx[®] screw at the left side of the oscilloscope.
- 5. Lift the cabinet upwards to slide it off the oscilloscope.
- 6. If no other cabinet parts are being serviced, skip the rest of this procedure.
- 7. Working from the inside of the cabinet, remove the T-20 Torx[®] screw securing each handle hub to the cabinet.
- **8.** Working from the outside of the cabinet, grasp the two handle hubs and pull them outward from the cabinet until they are out of the cabinet.
- 9. While holding the handle hubs pulled out, lift the handle away to remove.
- **10.** *Reinstallation:*
 - **a.** Do, in reverse order, steps 8 and 7 to reinstall the handle assembly.
 - **b.** Do, in reverse order, steps 5 through 3 to reinstall the cabinet, while observing the following precautions:
 - Take care not to bind or snag the cabinet on internal cabling; redress cables as necessary.
 - When sliding the cabinet onto the oscilloscope, be sure that the front and rear ridges of the main chassis slide into the grooves at the rear of the cabinet and on the front trim.
 - Install the four screws at the rear panel before installing the single screw at the left side of the cabinet.



Figure 6-5: Rear cover, cabinet, and cabinet handle and feet removal

Disk Drive

Required tools: a screwdriver with a size T-15 Torx tip (items 1 and 2) and a Pozidriv screwdriver (item 5).

- 1. Set the oscilloscope so its bottom is down, and its front is facing you.
- **2.** To remove the disk drive, perform the following steps using Figure 6–6 as a guide:
 - **a.** Lift up on the two locking tabs on J1 of the disk drive.
 - **b.** Remove cable J1 from the drive.
 - **c.** If present, remove the T-15 Torx-drive screw that clamps the drive in the chassis. When replacing the drive, do not reinstall this screw.
 - **d.** Remove the one or two screws securing the drive to the chassis. When replacing a drive without a spacer, use one 4.0 mm screw.
 - **e.** Push the drive from the back until it extends one to two inches beyond the front panel. Then grasp the drive by its front edges and pull it out of the front panel to complete its removal.
 - **f.** If present, remove the screw securing the spacer to the drive, and lift the spacer away from the drive to complete the removal.
- 3. To reinstall the disk drive, perform steps 2a-2f in reverse order.



Figure 6–6: Removing the disk drive

Trim Ring, Menu Elastomer, Menu Buttons, and Front EMI Gaskets

Required tool: a wooden spudger (Item 10).

1. Set the oscilloscope so its rear is down on the work surface and its bottom is facing you.

STOP. DO NOT touch the carbon contact points on the menu elastomer installed in the trim ring. Also, do not touch the contacts on the menu button flex circuit exposed when you remove the trim ring. You should wear clean cloth gloves that are free of lint when handling the menu elastomer or when touching the menu button flex circuit mounted on the front chassis.

2. Grasp the trim ring by its top edge, pry it up, and lift it forward to snap it off the top front of the main chassis (see Figure 6–7).



Figure 6–7: Trim ring, menu elastomer, and menu buttons removal

- **3.** Repeat the process, prying on the bottom edge of the trim ring to complete its removal. Lay the trim ring on its face on the work surface.
- 4. If you are servicing the front EMI gaskets, discard the old ones.
- 5. If you are servicing the menu elastomer, lift it out of the trim ring.
- 6. If you are servicing the menu buttons, lift them out of the trim ring.
- 7. Reinstallation:
 - **a.** Insert each button into its hole in the trim ring.
 - **b.** Align the menu elastomer over the menu button holes in the trim ring and press it in to install. Avoid touching the carbon contact points on the elastomer when installing.
 - **c.** Without installing the EMI gaskets, align the trim ring to the front of the chassis and push it on to seat. Be sure that both pairs of flex locks, one pair each at the inside top and bottom of the trim ring, snap over the edge of the chassis.
 - d. Lay the oscilloscope so its front cover is on the work surface.
 - e. Align an EMI gasket so it lies between any pair of adjacent flex locks along the groove between the cabinet.
 - **f.** Using a wood spudger, push the EMI gasket until it is firmly seated at the bottom of the groove (see Figure 6–8). It should not overlap either flex lock.
 - g. Repeat the process just described to install the remaining three gaskets.



Figure 6–8: EMI gasket removal and installation

Front Panel Assembly and Menu Flex Circuit

Required tool: a flat-bladed screwdriver (Item 4).

- 1. Perform the previous procedure to remove the trim ring.
- 2. Set the oscilloscope so its bottom is down on the work surface and its front is facing you.
- **3.** Insert a flat-bladed screwdriver into the slot at the front-right of the chassis (see Figure 6–9). Push inwards to release the snap lock at the right side.
- **4.** Lift the front panel assembly out of the front of the main chassis until you can reach the interconnect cables connecting it to various other modules.
- **5.** Unplug the main board and menu flex-circuit cables from their jacks on the front panel assembly.
- **6.** Finally, lift the front panel assembly out of the front of the main chassis to complete the removal.



Figure 6–9: Front panel assembly and menu flex circuit removal

- 7. If you are removing the menu flex circuit, pull the circuit away from the front of the main chassis.
- **8.** *Reinstallation:*
 - **a.** If you are replacing the menu flex circuit, perform the following subparts:
 - Wipe the front of the chassis using isopropyl alcohol and a clean, lint-free cloth. Let it dry.
 - Find the score line in the adhesive backing and peel the backing off the menu flex circuit.

- Carefully align the three holes on the menu flex circuit to the locator studs on the front of the main chassis. When the alignment is correct, press the flex circuit against the chassis so it adheres to the chassis.
- Clean the surface of the menu flex circuit using isopropyl alcohol and a clean, lint-free cloth.
- **b.** Reconnect the main board and menu flex-circuit cables to the back of the front panel assembly.
- **c.** Carefully reinsert the front-panel assembly into the main chassis *left side first*.

Main Board Assembly

Required tools: a screwdriver with a size T-15 Torx[®] tip (Items 1 and 2), BNC wrench (Item 15), BNC fixture (Item 16), and soldering iron (Item 13).

- 1. Remove the front trim ring as described on page 6–14.
- 2. Set the oscilloscope so its top side is down on the work surface and its rear is facing you.
- **3.** Remove the floppy interface board, shown in Figure 6–10, by removing the screw, unclipping the standoff post from the board, and gently rocking the board from side to side while lifting. Make sure that you lift and rock from the connector end of the board.



Figure 6–10: Removing the floppy interface board

- 4. Unplug the power supply cable *at the power supply*.
- 5. Unplug the monitor cable *at the monitor assembly and power supply*; carefully route the cable out through its access hole.
- **6.** Unplug the front panel cable.
- 7. Using Figure 6–11 as a guide, remove the T-15 Torx[®] mounting screws securing the main board assembly to the chassis.
- **8.** Lift the main board assembly away from the oscilloscope to complete its removal.



Figure 6–11: Removing the main board

9. *Reinstalling the main board:* Perform in reverse order steps 8 through 1, reversing the removal instructions in each substep to reinstall the assembly.



WARNING. When reinstalling the floppy interface board with an Option 14 communications cable, make sure that you pull on the cable while tightening the interface board hold-down screw. Pulling the cable prevents it from getting pinched between the main processor board and the metal standoff post.

Monitor Assembly

Required tool: a screwdriver with a size T-15 Torx[®] tip (Items 1 and 2).

1. Set the oscilloscope so its top is down on the work surface, with its front facing you.



WARNING. To avoid injury: Use care when handling a monitor. If you break its display tube it may implode, scattering glass fragments with high velocity and possibly injuring you. Wear protective clothing, including safety glasses (preferably a full-face shield). Avoid striking the display tube with or against any object.

To avoid damaging the monitor: Store the monitor with its display tube face down in a protected location, placing it on a soft, nonabrasive surface to prevent scratching the face plate.

- **2.** Take the precautions outlined in the *WARNING* above. Refer to Figure 6–12 while doing the following steps.
- **3.** Unplug the main board/power supply cable.
- 4. Remove the three T-15 Torx[®] screws securing the monitor assembly to the bottom of the main chassis. Rotate the oscilloscope so its bottom is down on the work surface.



WARNING. To avoid injury or death, do not unplug the anode from the monitor when removing or replacing the monitor module.

- 5. Remove the three T-15 Torx[®] screws securing the monitor assembly to the top of the chassis. (See Figure 6–12 to locate the screws.)
- **6.** Push up on the left top tab lock on the trim ring and pull the left corner of the trim ring forward slightly.
- 7. Tilt the rear of the monitor assembly upward slightly. Slide the monitor assembly back in the main chassis until it stops (about 2 cm). Now lift it straight up out of the top of the main chassis to complete the removal.
- 8. While heeding the *WARNING* on monitor handling that immediately precedes step 2 of this monitor removal procedure, store the monitor assembly in a protected location. Place it face down on a soft, nonabrasive surface to prevent scratching the face plate.
- **9.** *Reinstallation:* perform steps 3 through 7 in reverse order to reinstall the monitor assembly.



Figure 6–12: Monitor assembly removal

Power Supply Assembly

Required tool: a screwdriver with a size T-15 Torx[®] tip (Items 1 and 2).

- 1. Set the oscilloscope so its right side is down on the work surface, with its bottom facing you.
- **2.** Unplug the main board power cable.
- **3.** Set the oscilloscope so its bottom is down on the work surface, with its front facing to the right.
- **4.** If Option 14 is installed and its printer power cable is used on your instrument, unplug the printer power cable.
- 5. Unplug the monitor and fan power cables.
- 6. Remove the chassis ground connector by unbolting it from the main chassis.
- 7. Remove the two screws connecting the power supply assembly to the main chassis (see Figure 6–13).
- 8. Gently pull the power supply assembly up and out of the main chassis.
- **9.** *Reinstallation:* Perform steps 2 through 8 in reverse order, reversing the removal instructions in each step to reinstall the assembly.



Figure 6–13: Low voltage power supply removal

Option 14 Assembly

Required tools: a screwdriver with a size T-15 Torx[®] tip (Items 1 and 2) and a 3/16 inch nut driver (Item 7).

- 1. Set the oscilloscope so its top is down on the work surface, with its front facing towards you.
- 2. Disconnect the main board communications cable (J601) *at the main board* or at the *floppy interface board*. Remove the cable from its cable clamp (see Figure 6–14). Refer to Page 6–18, step 3, for instructions on how to remove the floppy interface board.
- 3. Disconnect the video cable (J703) at the main board.
- **4.** Remove the two screws connecting the assembly to the chassis (see Figure 6–14) using a screwdriver with a size T-15 Torx[®] tip.
- 5. Set the oscilloscope so its bottom is down on the work surface, with its rear facing towards you.
- 6. Disconnect power cable J4 from the power supply.
- 7. Using a screwdriver with a size T-15 Torx[®] tip, remove the two screws on the left side of the assembly (see Figure 6–14).
- **8.** Now remove the two screws on the rear panel that fasten the assembly to the chassis.
- **9.** Pull the assembly towards the front of the instrument and up and out of the chassis. Carefully route the cables through their holes in the chassis.
- 10. Reinstallation: Perform steps 9 through 2 in reverse order.



Figure 6–14: Option 14 assembly removal
Fan and Fan Mount

- 1. Set the oscilloscope so its bottom is down, with its rear facing you.
- 2. Unplug the *fan* power cable from J3 on the *Power Supply*.
- **3.** Release the two flex locks securing the top of the fan to the fan mount, then lift the fan out from the top of the chassis (see Figure 6-15).



Figure 6–15: Fan and fan mount removal

STOP. DO NOT proceed unless servicing a broken fan mount or removing that mount for cleaning.

- **4.** Rotate the oscilloscope so the side that houses the fan *mount* is facing upwards.
- 5. Depress the two flex locks to release them (see Figure 6–15).
- 6. While holding the flex locks released, slide the fan mount so its four retainer lugs slide from their small retainer holes in the chassis into their large release holes.
- 7. Move the fan mount inward so its retainer lugs are out of the large retainer holes and lift it out of the chassis to remove.
- 8. Reinstallation:
 - **a.** Perform in reverse order steps 5 through 7, reversing the removal instructions in each substep to reinstall the fan mount. Be sure to seat the fan mount so its two flex locks snap to secure it on the chassis.
 - **b.** Perform in reverse order steps 2 and 3 to reinstall the fan.

Troubleshooting

This section contains information and procedures designed to help you isolate faulty modules in the oscilloscope. If you need to replace a module, use the *Removal and Replacement* procedures immediately preceding this section.

Onboard Diagnostics

The onboard diagnostics focus on verifying, calibrating, and isolating faulty modules. Use the following procedure to activate the diagnostics.

- 1. Power up the oscilloscope and allow a 20 minute warm-up period.
- 2. Press the front panel button UTILITY.
- **3.** Repeatedly press the main menu button **System** until **Diag** is highlighted in the pop-up menu. This calls up the diagnostics menu, shown in Figure 6–16.



Figure 6–16: The diagnostics menu

- **4.** Press the main menu button **Loop**. Select one of the following options from the side menu.
 - Press **Once** to run the tests once.
 - Press Always to run the tests continuously until you cycle the power.
 - Press Until Fail to run the tests continuously until the instrument fails a test or until you cycle the power.
- 5. Press the main menu button Execute; press the side menu button Ok Confirm Run Test.
- **6.** Wait. The diagnostics will take about two minutes to complete. Then the oscilloscope displays pass/fail results for each system.
- 7. If the onboard diagnostics indicate a failure, reenter the diagnostics menu and press the main menu button **Error Log**.

NOTE. *The RS232 Line Snapshot and RS232 Errors are reset at each power-on. For more RS-232 information, refer to the* TDS 340A, TDS 360, & TDS 380 Programmer Manual.

8. Press the side menu button Display Log to display the diagnostics error log. The error log contains summary data gathered over the life of the oscilloscope and descriptions of the last 200 errors encountered (see Figure 6–17). The last error in the list is the most recent and/or most important; record this information and continue on to the *Troubleshooting Procedure* in the next section to verify the failure and pinpoint the faulty module.

System Errors: 2 RS232 Line Snap: RS232 Errors: 0	Option: 0, Cal: 0, Rom:	2 S: Low, Chars Rcvd: No	_
0: 9 1 0: 9 1 1: 11 37 1: 11 38	er: nvram error er: nvram error memory error pud memory error	vvenun. o	
1: 11 37 1: 11 37 1: 11 37 1: 11 37 1: 11 40 1: 11 40	memory error memory error memory error save/recall memory error save/recall memory error		_
1: 11 40 1: 11 40 1: 11 40 1: 11 40 1: 11 40	save/recall memory error save/recall memory error save/recall memory error save/recall memory error save/recall memory error		
1: 11 40 1: 11 40 1: 11 40 1: 11 40 1: 11 40 1: 11 40	save/recall memory error save/recall memory error save/recall memory error save/recall memory error save/recall memory error		
1: 11 40 2: 11 40	save/recall memory error save/recall memory error	PAGE: 1 of 1	
Push CLEAR MEN	U to continue.	FAGE. FOLT	

Figure 6–17: The error log

Enabling Calibration Menus

The Voltage, Timing, and External Trigger calibration menus are disabled at the factory. To enable the calibration menus, perform the following steps.

- 1. Remove the Line Cord as described on page 6–8.
- 2. Remove the Rear Cover and Cabinet as described on page 6–11.
- **3.** Set the oscilloscope so its top side is down on the work surface and its front is facing you.
- **4.** Remove cal jumper J609 from the main board (see Figure 6–18). Save the jumper. Reinstall the jumper after calibration to protect the calibration settings.
- **5.** *Reinstallation:* Perform in reverse order steps 1 through 4, reversing the removal instructions in each substep.





Troubleshooting Procedure

Figures 6–19 through 6–22, 6–26, 6–28, and 6–29 are troubleshooting procedure flowcharts. Use them to verify module failures indicated by the onboard diagnostics, or use them to troubleshoot an instrument failure not connected with the diagnostics. Begin with Figure 6–19.

NOTE. Before performing the troubleshooting procedure, remove the instrument cabinet (see page 6–11).



Figure 6–19: Primary troubleshooting procedure



Figure 6–20: Module isolation troubleshooting procedure



Figure 6-21: Front panel/processor troubleshooting procedure



Figure 6-22: Monitor troubleshooting procedure



Figure 6-23: J901 pin 7 signal



Figure 6-24: J901 pin 2 signal



Figure 6–25: J901 pin 5 signal



Figure 6–26: Power supply troubleshooting procedure

Location (see Figure 6–27)	Minimum	Maximum
J1 pin 2	+8.38 V	+8.82 V
J1 pins 5 and 6	+4.87 V	+5.13 V
J1 pin 8	+4.87 V	+5.13 V
J1 pin 10	-8.38 V	-8.82 V
J1 pin 11	–4.87 V	–5.13 V
J1 pin 13, ON	+0.991 V	+1.137 V
J1 pin 13, STBY	+1.272 V	+1.406 V
J2 pin 1	+13.80 V	+15.75 V
J3 pin 1, fan connected	+10.20 V	+13.80 V
J3 pin 1, fan disconnected	+13.80 V	+15.75 V
J4 pin 1	+13.80 V	+15.75 V

Table 6-4: Power supply secondary voltages



Figure 6–27: Power supply connector locations



Figure 6–28: Power supply overload troubleshooting procedure



Figure 6–29: Option 14 I/O interfaces troubleshooting procedure

Repackaging Instructions

If you ship the oscilloscope, pack it in the original shipping carton and packing material. If the original packing material is not available, package the instrument as follows:

- 1. Obtain a corrugated cardboard shipping carton with inside dimensions at least 15 cm (6 in) taller, wider, and deeper than the oscilloscope. The shipping carton must be constructed of cardboard with 170 kg (375 pound) test strength.
- **2.** If you are shipping the oscilloscope to a Tektronix field office for repair, attach a tag to the oscilloscope showing the instrument owner and address, the name of the person to contact about the instrument, the instrument type, and the serial number.
- **3.** Wrap the oscilloscope with polyethylene sheeting or equivalent material to protect the finish.
- **4.** Cushion the oscilloscope in the shipping carton by tightly packing dunnage or urethane foam on all sides between the carton and the oscilloscope. Allow 7.5 cm (3 in) on all sides, top, and bottom.
- 5. Seal the shipping carton with shipping tape or an industrial stapler.

Options

This appendix describes the various options, as well as the standard and optional accessories, that are available for the TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380.

Options

The available options are the Option 14 I/O Interfaces, Options A1-A5 (international power cords), manual language options, and warranty service options. The following sections describe each of these options.

Option 14: I/O Interfaces This option includes GPIB, RS-232, and Centronics interfaces, VGA video output, and power for the DPU 411 printer. It also includes the *TDS 340A*, *TDS 360 & TDS 380 Programmer Manual*.

You can connect a remote display to the VGA 9-pin D connector on the rear panel. Table 7–6 on page 7–4 gives the part number of a properly shielded cable that is commercially available.

Because display manufacturers use different pin combinations and connectors, you may find the information in Table 7–1 helpful.

Pin	Signal
2	Video (monochrome analog)
4	Horizontal sync @ 31.5 kHz (VGA rate)
5	Vertical sync
6, 7, 8	Ground

Table 7–1: VGA output connector pins

Options A1-A5: International Power Cords

Besides the standard North American, 110 V, 60 Hz power cord, Tektronix ships any of five alternate power cord configurations with the oscilloscope when ordered by the customer (see Table 7–2).

Table 7–2: International power cords

Option	Power Cord	
A1	Universal European — 220 V, 50 Hz	
A2	UK — 240 V, 50 Hz	
A3	Australian — 240 V, 50 Hz	
A4	North American — 240 V, 60 Hz	
A5	Switzerland — 220 V, 50 Hz	

Language Options Language options provide user documentation in local languages (refer to Table 7–3 for options and manual part numbers):

Table	7–3:	Language	options
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Language option	Language	User manual	Reference
Std	English	070-9459-00	070-9434-00
L1	French	070-9431-00	
L3	German	070-9432-00	
L4	Spanish	070-9433-00	
L5	Japanese	070-9440-00	070-9441-00
L7	Simple Chinese	070-9437-00	
L8	Standard Chinese	070-9438-00	
L9	Korean	070-9439-00	

Warranty-Plus Service Options

The following options add to the services available with the standard warranty. (The standard warranty appears immediately following the title page in this manual.)

- Option M2: Tektronix provides three years of warranty plus two years remedial service.
- Option M3: Tektronix provides three years of warranty plus two years remedial service and four oscilloscope calibrations.
- Option M8: Tektronix provides four calibrations and four performance verifications, one of each in the second through the fifth years of service.

Standard Accessories

The standard accessories listed in Table 7–4 come with the TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380. (Refer to Table 7–3 for manual part numbers.)

Table 7-4: Standard accessories

Accessory
Reference
User Manual
U.S. Power Cord
Probes (quantity two) P6109B 10X Passive (TDS 340A)
Probes (quantity two) P6111B 10X Passive (TDS 360)
Probes (quantity two) P6114B 10X Passive (TDS 380)

Optional Accessories

You can order the optional accessories listed in Table 7–5.

Table 7–5: Optional accessories

Accessory	Part number	
Scope Camera	C-9, Option 4, (includes Adapter Hood 016-1154-01)	
Oscilloscope Cart	K212	
Rackmount Kit (for field conversion)	016-1166-00	
Soft-Sided Carrying Case	016-1158-01	
Carrying Case	016-0792-01	
Deluxe Transit Case	016-1157-00	
Front Cover	200-3232-02	
Accessories Pouch	016-1159-00	
I/O Interface Field Upgrade Kit	TD3F14A	
Docuwave waveform capture utility software for the PC	S60 DWAV	
Printer, bubble-jet, 360 dpi, 83 cps, plain paper	HC 220	
Printer, portable thermal, 112 mm paper	DPU 411	
Paper for DPU 411 printer, package of five rolls	006-7580-00	
Programmer Manual	070-9442-00	
Service Manual	070-9435-00	

Accessory Probes

These are other types of probes you can use with the TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380. You can order the following probes separately:

- P6101B 1X Passive Probe
- P6129B Switchable 1X-10X Passive Probe (not recommended for the TDS 360 or TDS 380)
- P6408 TTL Logic Probe
- P5100 High Voltage Probe
- P5200 High-Voltage Differential Probe
- AM503S DC/AC Current Probe System
- P6561AS SMD Small-Geometry Probe

Accessory Cables

Table 7–6 lists cables you can use with the TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380. You can order them separately.

Table 7–6: Accessory cables

Cable type	Part number
GPIB,1 meter (3.3 feet)	012-0991-01
GPIB, 2 meter (6.6 feet)	012-0991-00
RS-232, 9-pin female to 9-pin female connectors, null modem, 76 inch (for AT style computers)	012-1379-00
RS-232, 9-pin female to 25-pin female connectors, null modem, 76 inch (for PC style computers)	012-1380-00
RS-232, 9-pin female to 25-pin male connectors, null modem, 9 feet (for serial interface printers)	012-1298-00
RS-232, 9-pin female to 25-pin male connectors, 15 feet (for modems)	012-1241-00
Centronics, 25-pin male to 36-pin Centronics, 2.4 meter (8 feet) (for parallel printer interfaces)	012-1214-00
NEC® VGA video cable. (Use an appropriate adapter when other than a 9-pin monitor connection is needed.)	73893029

Electrical Parts List

The modules that make up the TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380 are listed in Section 10, *Mechanical Parts List*, beginning on page 10-1.

Diagrams

The TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380 block/interconnect diagrams are shown in Figures 3–1 and 3–2, starting on page 3–2.

Diagrams

Mechanical Parts List

This section contains a list of the replaceable modules for the TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380. Use this list to identify and order replacement parts.

Parts Ordering Information

Replacement parts are available through your local Tektronix field office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix products are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available and to give you the benefit of the latest improvements. Therefore, when ordering parts, it is important to include the following information in your order.

- Part number (see Part Number Revision Level below)
- Instrument type or model number
- Instrument serial number
- Instrument modification number, if applicable

If you order a part that has been replaced with a different or improved part, your local Tektronix field office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

Part Number Revision
LevelTektronix part numbers contain two digits that show the revision level of the
part. For some parts in this manual, you will find the letters XX in place of the
revision level number.

Part Number Revision Level	Revision Level May Show as XX
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<u> </u>	, in the second se
670-7918-03	670-7918-XX

When you order parts, Tektronix will provide you with the most current part for your product type, serial number, and modification (if applicable). At the time of your order, Tektronix will determine the part number revision level needed for your product, based on the information you provide. Module Servicing Modules can be serviced by selecting one of the following three options. Contact your local Tektronix service center or representative for repair assistance.
Module Exchange. In some cases you may exchange your module for a remanufactured module. These modules cost significantly less than new modules and meet the same factory specifications. For more information about the module exchange program, call 1-800-TEK-WIDE, extension 6630.
Module Repair and Return. You may ship your module to us for repair, after which we will return it to you.
New Modules. You may purchase replacement modules in the same way as other

Using the Replaceable Parts List

replacement parts.

This section contains a list of the mechanical and/or electrical components that are replaceable for the TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380. Use this list to identify and order replacement parts. The following table describes each column in the parts list.

Column	Column Name	Description
1	Figure & Index Number	Items in this section are referenced by figure and index numbers to the exploded view illustrations that precede the list
2	Tektronix Part Number	Use this part number when ordering replacement parts from Tektronix
3 and 4	Serial Number	Column three indicates the serial number at which the part was first effective. Column four indicates the serial number at which the part was discontinued. No entries indicates the part is good for all serial numbers
5	Qty	This indicates the quantity of parts used
6	Name & Description	An item name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an item name may sometimes appear as incomplete. Use the U.S. Federal Catalog handbook H6-1 for further item name identification
7	Mfr. Code	This indicates the code of the actual manufacturer of the part
8	Mfr. Part Number	This indicates the actual manufacturer's or vendor's part number

Parts List Column Descriptions

Abbreviations Abbreviations conform to American National Standard ANSI Y1.1–1972.

Mfr. Code to Manufacturer Cross Index

The table titled Manufacturers Cross Index shows codes, names, and addresses of manufacturers or vendors of components listed in the parts list.

Manufacturers Cross Index

Mfr.			
Code	Manufacturer	Address	City, State, Zip Code
00779	AMP INC.	CUSTOMER SERVICE DEPT PO BOX 3608	HARRISBURG, PA 17105-3608
06383	PANDUIT CORP	17303 RIDGELAND AVE	TINLEY PARK, IL 60477–3048
06915	RICHCO	5825 N TRIPP AVE P.O. BOX 804238	CHICAGO, IL 60646
0J9P9	GEROME MFG CO INC	PO BOX 737 403 NORTH MAIN	NEWBERG, OR 97132
0KB01	STAUFFER SUPPLY CO	810 SE SHERMAN	PORTLAND, OR 97214-4657
0KBZ5	Q & D PLASTICS INC	1812 – 16TH AVENUE PO BOX 487	FOREST GROVE, OR 97116–0487
1GM54	ZYTEC CORP	7575 MARKET PLACE DR	EDEN PRAIRIE, MN 55344
61058	MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC CORP OF AMERICA	PANASONIC INDUSTRIAL CO DIV TWO PANASONIC WAY	SECAUCUS, NJ 07094
61857	SAN-O INDUSTRIAL CORP	91–3 COLIN DRIVE	HOLBROOK, NY 11741
75915	LITTELFUSE INC	800 E NORTHWEST HWY	DES PLAINES, IL 60016-3049
80009	TEKTRONIX INC	14150 SW KARL BRAUN DR PO BOX 500	BEAVERTON, OR 97077-0001
86928	SEASTROM MFG CO INC	456 SEASTROM STREET	TWIN FALLS, ID 83301
TK1163	POLYCAST INC	9898 SW TIGARD ST	TIGARD, OR 97223
TK1943	NEILSEN MANUFACTURING INC	3501 PORTLAND RD NE	SALEM, OR 97303
TK2469	UNITREK CORPORATION	3000 LEWIS & CLARK HWY SUITE 2	VANCOUVER, WA 98661
07416	NELSON NAME PLATE COMPANY	3191 CASITAS AVENUE	LOS ANGELES, CA 90039-2410
0JR05	TRIQUEST PRECISION PLASTICS	3000 LEWIS & CLARK HWY PO BOX 66008	VANCOUVER, WA 98666-6008
0KB05	NORTH STAR NAMEPLATE INC	5750 NE MOORE COURT	HILLSBORO, OR 97124–6474
18565	CHOMERICS INC	77 DRAGON COURT	WOBURN, MA 01880
2W733	BELDEN WIRE & CABLE COMPANY	2200 US HWY 27 SOUTH PO BOX 1980	RICHMOND, IN 47374
50356	TEAC AMERICA INC	7733 TELEGRAPH RD PO BOX 750	MONTEBELLO, CA 90640-6537
64411	TECH-ETCH INC	100 RIGGENBACH ROAD	FALL RIVER, MA 02720
TK1326	NORTHWEST FOURSLIDE INC	18500 SW TETON AVENUE	TUALATIN, OR 97062
TK1908	PLASTIC MOLDED PRODUCT INC	4336 S ADAMS	TACOMA, WA 98409
TK1918	SHIN-ETSU POLYMER	34135 7TH ST	UNION CITY, CA 94587

Manufacturers Cross Index (Cont.)

Mfr. Code	Manufacturer	Address	City, State, Zip Code
S3109	FELLER U.S. CORPORATION	72 VERONICA AVE UNIT #4	SOMERSET, NJ 08873
TK1373	PATELEC-CEM	10156 TORINO VAICENTALLO 62/456	ITALY,
TK2541	AMERICOR ELECTRONICS LTD	UNIT–H 2682 W COYLE AVE	ELK GROVE VILLAGE, IL 60007
TK2548	XEROX CORPORATION	DIV OF XEROX CORPORATION 14181 SW MILLIKAN WAY	BEAVERTON, OR 97005
1DM20	PARLEX CORP	7 INDUSTRIAL WAY	SALEM, NH 03079
1JJ96	KAM ELECTRIC CO	11866 SLATER AVE NE	KIRKLAND, WA 98034
34416	PARSONS MANUFACTURING CORP	1055 O'BRIEN DRIVE	MENLO PARK, CA 940251476
6D224	HARBOR ELECTRONICS COMPANY	14500 S BROADWAY	GARDENA, CA 90248
TK2193	PHOTO & SOUND COMPANY	824 NW 18TH AVE	PORTLAND, OR 97209-2390
TK2500	SOLECTEK ACCESSORIES CORP	6370 NANCY RIDGE DRIVE UNIT 109	SAN DIEGO, CA 92121

Exploded Views Figures 10–1 and 10–2 on the following pages show the module-level exploded views of the TDS 340A, TDS 360, and TDS 380 oscilloscope. The adjacent page is the list of components for that exploded view, indexed by the numbers in the figure.



Figure 10–1: Cabinet and front panel assembly

Replaceable Parts List

Fig. & Index	Tektronix Part	Serial No.	Serial No.			Mfr.	
Number	Number	Effective	Discont'd	Qty	Name & Description	Code	Mfr. Part Number
10–1–1	390–1109–02			1	CABINET,SCOPE:ALUMINUM,TEK BLUE	80009	390–1109–02
-2	348-0764-04			1	SHLD GSKT,ELEK:0.125 X 0.188,WIRE MESH	18565	ORDER BY DESCR
-3	200-3971-05			1	REAR COVER ASSY,W/LABELS,TDS300	80009	200-3971-05
-4	334-8324-00			1	MARKER, IDENT: MKD REAR, PWR SUPPLY, WARNING	07416	334-8324-00
-5	334-8718-00			1	MARKER, IDENT: OPTION, TDS300	0KB05	334-8718-00
-6	161-0230-01			1	CABLE ASSY,PWR:3,18 AWG,TAN,60 DEG,10A/125V,	2W733	ORDER BY DESCR
-7	343-1213-00			1	CLAMP, PWR CORD: POLYMIDE	TK1163	ORDER BY DESCR
-8	211-0691-00			4	SCR,ASSEM WSHR:6-32 X 0.625,PNH,STL,T-15 TORX	0KB01	ORDER BY DESCR
-9	211-0840-00			2	SCREW, MACHINE: M2.6 X 0.45MM PITCH X 4.0MM L, PHILIPS	0KB01	.26C4MXPHY
-10	259-0086-00			1	FLEX CIRCUIT:BEZEL BUTTON	07416	ORDER BY DESCR
-11	174-2598-00			1	CA ASSY, FRONT PANEL:FLAT FLEX,FLX,16,26 AWG	TK2469	174–2598–00
-12	348-1258-00			4	SHLD,GASKET,ELE:2 LAYER,0.094 X 0.188 X 8.750	64411	348-1258-00
-13	260-2539-00			1	SWITCH, SET: ELASTOMERIC BEZEL,	TK1918	260-2539-00
-14	672–1454–00			1	CIRCUIT BD ASSY:FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY,	80009	672–1454–00
-15	384-1689-00			6	SHAFT, EXTENDER: ACETAL	TK1163	ORDER BY DESCR
-16	020-2036-00			1	KNOB KIT:MINIATURE SIZE	80009	020-2036-00
-17	119–5677–01			1	DISK DRIVE:FLOPPY, 3.5 INCH, 1.44MB HD	50356	FD-04HF-2300
-18	101–0140–00			1	TRIM,DECORATIVE:FRONT	TK1163	ORDER BY DESCR
-19	200-3232-01			1	COVER, FRONT: ABS (OPTIONAL ACCESSORY)	TK1908	ORDER BY DESCR
-20	334–9118–00 334–9119–00 334–9120–00			1 1	MARKER,IDENT:LABEL,FRONT PANEL,TDS340A MARKER,IDENT:LABEL,FRONT PANEL,TDS360 MARKER,IDENT:LABEL,FRONT PANEL,TDS380	0KB05 0KB05 0KB05	334–9118–00 334–9119–00 334–9120–00
-21	366-2164-00			35	PUSH BUTTON:SMOKE TAN	80009	366-2164-00
-22	367-0356-01			1	HANDLE, CARRYING: POLYCARBONATE LEXAN, SMOKE TAN	80009	367-0356-01
-23	131–5965–00			1	CONTACT, ELEC: ESD PROTECT, STAINLESS STEEL ALLOY	TK1326	131–5965–00
-24	276-0849-00			1	CORE, EM: EMI SUPPRESS, RBN CA, RECTANGULAR	1JJ96	33 FR 33.5 X 8 X 6.5
-25	174-3135-00			1	CABLE ASSY,SP:FLAT FLEX,FLX,26,1MM,15.0 L	1DM20	1.00MM-26-15-B
-26	212-0144-00			2	SCREW,TPG,TC:8-16 X 0.562 L,PLASTITE,SPCL HD,TORX	0KB01	ORDER BY DESCR
-27	348-0659-00			2	FOOT, CABINET: BLACK POLYURETHANE	0JR05	ORDER BY DESCR
-28	211-0730-00			1	SCR,ASSEM WSHR:6-32 X 0.375,PNH,STL,CDPL,T-15 TORX	0KB01	ORDER BY DESCR
-29	211–0866–00 105–1081–00			1 1	SCREW PHIL M2.5X10 PHIL PNH BRZN ADAPTER:FLOPPY DISK DRIVE BRACKET ADAPTER	0KB01 TK1163	211–0866–00 105–1081–00



Figure 10–2: CRT, power supply, and circuit boards

Replaceable Parts List

Tektronix Part Number 426-2436-01 440,0070,02	Serial No. Effective	Serial No. Discont'd	Qty		Mfr.	
			QUY	Name & Description	Code	Mfr. Part Number
440 0070 00			1	FRAME,CRT FLTR:POLYCARBONATE,BLACK,CT750	80009	426-2436-01
040-0079-02			1	DISPLAY ASSY:7 INCH,480 X 640 PIXEL,MONOCHROME	80009	640-0079-02
213-0882-00			22	SCREW,TPG,TR:6-32 X 0.437,PNH,STL,CDPL,T-15 TORX	0KB01	ORDER BY DESCR
426-2426-00			1	FRAME, FAN MTG: POLYCARBONATE	TK1163	426-2426-00
119–1770–04			1	FAN,DC:TUBEAXIAL,12V,2.0W,49.5 CFM,40 DBA,7.5" LEAD W/CONNECTOR,120MM X 120MM X 25.4MM,	61058	Panaflo FBP-12A12L
119–5029–02			1	POWER SUPPLY:44W,90-275VAC,97-440HZ	1GM54	22917399
159–0190–00 159–0277–00			1 1	FUSE,CARTRIDGE:5 X 20MM,3.15A,250V,50MS FUSE,CARTRIDGE:5 X 20MM,3A,250V,5 SEC,UL LIST,CSA,	61857 75915	EQ-3.15A 235003
407-4247-00			1	BRACKET:ALUMINUM,CABLE CLAMP,2.375 L	0J9P9	407-4247-00
407–4196–00 407–4293–00			1 1	BRACKET,STD:ALUMINUM (STANDARD) BRKT,OPTION 14,0.050 AL ALLOY (OPT 14 ONLY)	TK1943 TK1943	407–4196–00 407–4293–00
210-0056-00			2	WASHER,LOCK:#10 SPLIT,0.047 THK,SI BRZ NP	86928	ORDER BY DESCR
213–1079–00			4	JACKSCREW:4-40 X 0.250EXTTHD,4-40 X 0.120 IN	00779	745563–2
213–1061–00			2	JACKSCREW:6-32 X 0.320	00779	554043–3
672–3140–01			1	CKT BD SUBASSY:OPTION 14 BD TDS300 SERIES	80009	672–3140–01
343-0549-00			1	STRAP, TIEDOWN, E:0.098 W X 4.0 L, ZYTEL	06383	PLT1M
343-1585-00			1	CLAMP:WIRE ROUTING CLAMP, NYLON	06915	HFCC-A-8-01
343-0775-00			1	CLAMP:RIBBON CABLE CLAMP (OPT 14)	52152	80610029243/3484– 1000
348-0150-00			1	GROMMET, PLASTIC: DK GRAY, U-SHAPE, 0.66 ID	0KBZ5	NA
129–1480–00			1	SPACING SUPPORT POST, 0.710	06915	DLSP-3-18M-01
671-3777-00			1	SUBASSY:FLOPPY DISK INTERFACE	80009	679–3777–00
211-0712-00			1	SCR,ASSEM WSHR:6-32 X 1.250,T-15 TORX	0KB01	ORDER BY DESCR
671-3736-00			1	CIRCUIT BD ASSY:MAIN BD,TDS 340	80009	671–3736–00
671-3752-00			1	CIRCUIT BD ASSY:MAIN BD,TDS 360	80009	671-3752-00
671-3753-00			1	CIRCUIT BD ASSY:MAIN BD,TDS 380	80009	671-3753-00
441-2072-00			1	CHASSIS ASSY	80009	441-2072-00
344-0513-00			1	SHIELD, GASKET:EMI CLIP,0.4L, 0.1W,0.074H,SST	80009	344-0513-00
210-0457-00			1	NUT,PL,ASSEM WA:6-32 X 0.312,STL CD PL	0KB01	ORDER BY DESCR
	426-2426-00 119-1770-04 119-5029-02 159-0190-00 159-0277-00 407-4247-00 407-4293-00 210-0056-00 213-1079-00 213-1061-00 672-3140-01 343-0549-00 343-0775-00 343-0775-00 348-0150-00 129-1480-00 671-3777-00 211-0712-00 671-3752-00 671-3752-00 441-2072-00 344-0513-00	213-0882-00 426-2426-00 119-1770-04 119-5029-02 159-0190-00 159-0277-00 407-4247-00 407-4247-00 407-4293-00 210-0056-00 213-1079-00 213-1079-00 213-1061-00 672-3140-01 343-0549-00 343-0549-00 343-0775-00 348-0150-00 129-1480-00 671-3777-00 211-0712-00 671-3752-00 671-3752-00 671-3752-00 441-2072-00 344-0513-00	213-0882-00 426-2426-00 119-1770-04 119-5029-02 159-0190-00 159-0277-00 407-4247-00 407-4247-00 407-4293-00 210-0056-00 213-1079-00 213-1061-00 672-3140-01 343-0549-00 343-0755-00 348-0150-00 129-1480-00 671-3777-00 211-0712-00 671-3752-00 671-3752-00 671-3752-00 441-2072-00 344-0513-00	213-0882-00 22 426-2426-00 1 119-1770-04 1 119-5029-02 1 159-0190-00 1 159-0277-00 1 407-4247-00 1 407-4293-00 1 213-1079-00 4 213-1079-00 4 213-1079-00 4 213-1079-00 1 343-05649-00 1 343-0549-00 1 343-0549-00 1 343-0775-00 1 348-0150-00 1 129-1480-00 1 671-3777-00 1 671-3752-00 1 671-3752-00 1 671-3752-00 1 671-3752-00 1 671-3752-00 1 671-3752-00 1 671-3752-00 1 671-3752-00 1 671-3752-00 1 671-3752-00 1 671-3752-00 1 671-3752-00 1 671-3752-00 1 <	213-0882-00 22 SCREW, TPG, TR:6-32 X 0.437, PNH, STL, CDPL, T-15 TORX 226-2426-00 1 FRAME, FAN MTG: POLYCARBONATE 119-1770-04 1 FAN DC: TUBE AXIAL, 12V.2 0W, 49 5 CFM, 40 DBA, 7.5* LEAD W/CONNECTOR, 120MM X 120MM X 25 4MM, 10 DBA, 7.5* LEAD 119-5029-02 1 POWER SUPPLY: 44W, 90-275VAC, 97-440HZ 159-0190-00 1 FUSE, CARTRIDGE: 5 X 20MM, 3.15A, 250V, 50MS 159-0277-00 1 BRACKETALUMINUM, CABLE CLAMP, 2.375 L 407-4247-00 1 BRACKETSTD: ALUMINUM, STANDARD) 407-4293-00 1 BRACKET, STD: ALUMINUM, (STANDARD) 119-0056-00 2 WASHER, LOCK:#10 SPLIT, 0.047 THK, SI BRZ NP 213-1079-00 4 JACKSCREW: 4-40 X 0.250EXTTHD, 4-40 X 0.120 IN 213-1061-00 2 JACKSCREW: 6-32 X 0.320 672-3140-01 1 CKT BD SUBASSY: OPTION 14.005 AL ALLOY 213-1051-00 1 STRAP, TIEDOWN, E: 0.098 W X 4.0 L, ZYTEL 343-0549-00 1 STRAP, TIEDOWN, E: 0.098 W X 4.0 L, ZYTEL 343-0150-00 1 CLAMP-WIRE ROUTING CLAMP, NYLON 343-0150-00 1 CLAMP-WIRE ROUTING CLAMP, NYLON 343-0150-00	213-0882-00 22 SCREW,TPG,TR:6-32 X 0.437,PNH,STL,CDPL,T-15 TORX 0KB01 426-2426-00 1 FRAME,FAN MTG:POLYCARBONATE TK1163 119-1770-04 1 FRAME,FAN MTG:POLYCARBONATE K1163 119-1770-04 1 FRAME,FAN MTG:POLYCARBONATE K1163 119-1770-04 1 FRAME,FAN MTG:POLYCARBONATE K1163 119-5029-02 1 POWER SUPPLY:44W,90-275VAC,97-440HZ 1GM54 159-0177-00 1 FUSE,CARTRIDGE:5 X 20MM,315A,250V,50MS 61857 159-0277-00 1 BRACKET,STD:ALUMINUM,CABLE CLAMP2,375 L 0J9P9 407-4196-00 1 BRACKET,STD:ALUMINUM,CABLE CLAMP2,375 L 0J9P9 407-4292-00 1 BRACKET,STD:ALUMINUM,CABLE CLAMP2,375 L 0J9P9 407-4292-00 1 BRACKET,STD:ALUMY ALOY (DP1 14 ONLY) TK1943 210-0056-00 2 WASHER,LOCK:#10 SPLIT,0.047 THK,SI BRZ NP 86928 213-1079-00 4 JACKSCREW:4-32 X 0.320 00779 213-1061-00 1 STRAP,TIEDOWN,E:0.098 W X 4.0 L,ZYTEL 06383 343-0549-00 <



Figure 10–3: Accessories

Replaceable Parts List

Fig. & Index Number	Tektronix Part Number	Serial No. Effective	Serial No. Discont'd	Qty	Name & Description	Mfr. Code	Mfr. Part Number
Number	Number	LITECTIVE	Discont u	Qty	STANDARD ACCESSORIES	Code	
10-3-1	161-0104-05			1	CABLE ASSY,PWR;:3,18 AWG,240V,98.0 L,	TK1373	161–0104–05
					(OPTION A3-AUSTRALIAN)		
-2	161–0104–06			1	CABLE ASSY,PWR,:3 X 0.75MM SQ,220V,98.0 L (OPTION A1–EUROPEAN)	TK1373	ORDER BY DESC
-3	161–0104–07			1	CABLE ASSY,PWR,:3,1.0MM SQ,240 VOLT,2.5 M (OPTION A2-UNITED KINGDOM)	TK2541	ORDER BY DESC
-4	161–0104–08			1	CABLE ASSY,PWR,:3,18 AWG,98 L,SVT,GREY/BLK (OPTION A4–NORTH AMERICAN)	2W733	ORDER BY DESC
-5	161–0167–00			1	CABLE ASSY,PWR,:3.0 X 0.75,6A,240V,2.5M L (OPTION A5–SWITZERLAND)	S3109	ORDER BY DESC
				1	ACCY PKG:(2) P6109B PASSIVE PROBES W/ACCY (TDS340 ONLY)		ORDER BY DESC
				1	ACCY PKG:(2) P6111B PASSIVE PROBES W/ACCY (TDS360 ONLY)		ORDER BY DESC
				1	ACCY PKG:(2) P6114B PASSIVE PROBES W/ACCY (TDS380 ONLY)		ORDER BY DESC
	070-9459-00			1	MANUAL, TECH: USER ENGLISH	TK2548	070945900
	070-8690-01			1	MANUAL, TECH: USER, XYZ OF OSCILLOSCOPE	TK2548	070869001

Optional Accessories List

Fig. & Index Number	Tektronix Part Number	Serial No. Effective	Serial No. Discont'd	Qty	Name & Description	Mfr. Code	Mfr. Part Number
					OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES		
	012-0991-00			1	CABLE,COMPOSITE:IDC,GPIB:2 METER	00779	553577-3
	012-0991-01			1	CABLE,GPIB:LOW EMI,1 METER	00779	553577-2
	012-1241-00			1	CABLE ASSY, RS232, 9-PIN FEM TO 25-PIN MALE, MODEM	6D224	012-1241-00
	012-1250-00			1	CABLE, CENTRONIC, INTCON:SHLD CMPST, PARA	TK2193	CACC 3049
	012-1298-00			1	CABLE ASSY, RS232, 9-PIN FEM TO 25-PIN MALE, NULL MODEM, 9 FEET	TK2500	C294–9
	012–1379–00			1	CABLE ASSY:RS232, 9-PIN FEM TO 9-PIN FEM, NULL MODEM, 76 INCH	80009	012137900
	012-1380-00			1	CABLE ASSY:RS232, 9-PIN FEM TO 25-PIN FEM, NULL MODEM, 76 INCH	80009	012138000
	016-0792-01			1	CASE,CARRYING:24.5 X 16.5 X 11.5	34416	2416BE11
	016–1154–00			1	HOOD ASSEMBLY:	80009	016115400
	016–1157–00			1	CASE,CARRYING:26 X 22 X 12,HARD TRANSFER	34416	ORDER BY DESC
	016–1158–01			1	CASE, CARRYING: SOFT PADDED, OPTIONS	80009	016115801
	016–1159–00			1	POUCH:POUCH & PLATE,GPS SIZE	80009	016115900
	016–1166–00			1	RACKMOUNT KIT:	80009	016116600
	063–1702–03			1	TDS 300 SERIES I/O INTERFACES UPGRADE KIT (OPT 14)	80009	063170203
	070-9442-00			1	MANUAL, TECH: PROGRAMMER	80009	070944200
	070-9435-00			1	MANUAL, TECH: SERVICE	80009	070943500
	200-3232-00			1	COVER,FRONT:ABS (SEE FIGURE 10–1–19)		ORDER BY DESC