TEKTRONIX®

7A13 DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATOR

SN B200000-up

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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CHANGE INFORMATION



Fig. 1-1. 7A13 Differential Comparator.

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SPECIFICATION

Introduction

The 7A13 Vertical Plug-In is a DC coupled differential comparator with excellent common-mode rejection and medium gain characteristics for medium level applications. The 7A13 is designed for use in Tektronix 7000 series oscilloscopes. It may be used as a differential input preamplifier or conventional preamplifier in addition to its use as a comparator.

In the differential input mode, the dynamic range allows the application of common-mode signals up to \pm 10 or \pm 10 volts to be applied to the unit without attenuation. Common-mode rejection ratio of at least 20,000:1 at DC to 100 kHz permits measurements of differential signals less than 1 mV in amplitude on 10 volt common-mode signals.

When used as a differential comparator, the 7A13 has an effective offset range of 10,000 divisions.

Electrical Characteristics

The electrical characteristics described in Table 1-1 are valid over the stated environmental range of instruments calibrated at an ambient temperature of $+20^{\circ}$ C to $+30^{\circ}$ C and after a 20-minute warmup period unless otherwise noted.

TABLE 1-1

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Performance Requirement
Deflection Factor (VOLTS/DIV) Calibrated Range	1 mV/Div to 5 V/Div, 12 steps in a 1, 2, 5 sequence
Gain Ratio Accuracy	Within 1.5% of GAIN adjusted at 1 mV/Div
Uncalibrated (Variable)	Continuously variable: extends deflection factor to at least 12.5 V/Div

TABLE 1-1 (cont)

TABLE 1-1 (CONT)			
Characteristic	Performance Requirement		
Common Mode Signal Range 1 mV/Div to 50 mV/Div;	At least +10 V and -10 V		
X10 V _c In			
10 mV/Div to 50 mV/Div; X10 V _C Out	At least +100 V and -100 V		
0.1 V/Div to 0.5 V/Div; X10 V _c In			
0.1 V/Div to 0.5 V/Div; X10 V _C Out	At least +500 V and500 V		
1 V/Div to 5 V/Div X10 V _c In	At least ±500 V and ±500 V		
Frequency Response (8 Div Reference) FULL Bandwidth Upper Limit	See Table 1-4, System Charac- teristics		
AC (Capacitive) Coupled Input Lower Bandwidth Frequency	10 Hz or less		
5 MHz Bandwidth	DC to 5 MHz within 500 kHz		
Overdrive Recovery (1X Attenuator at 1 mV/Div)	Recovers to within 2 mV in 1 μ s (and 1 mV in 0.1 ms) after a pulse of +10 V or -10 V, or less, regardless of pulse duration.		

Specification-7A13 (SN B200000-up)

TABLE 1-1 (cont)

TABLE 1-1 (cont) Characteristic **Performance Requirement** Characteristic **Performance Requirement** Input R and C Common Mode See Fig. 1-2. Resistance $1 M\Omega \pm 0.15\%$ **Rejection Ratio** 1 mV/Div to Capacitance Approximately 20.0 pF 50 mV/Div X10 Vc In R and C Product Within ±1% between all deflection DC to 100 kHz At least 20,000:1, 20 V P-P or less factors. test signal 100 kHz to At least 10,000:1, 10 V P-P or less Maximum Gate 1 MHz test signal Current 0°C to +35°C 0.2 nA or less (0.2 Div at 1 1 MHz to Decreases to 500:1 at 10 MHz with **Both Inputs** mV/Div) 20 MHz 1 V P-P, then 200:1 at 20 MHz at 1 V P-P. See Fig. 1-2. +35°C to +50°C 2 nA or less (2 Div at 1 mV/Div) **Both Inputs** 10 mV/Div to 50 mV/Div; X10 Vc Out; DC Drift Drift With Time 0.1 V/Div to 5 (Ambient Temp-V/Div: erature and Line X10 V_c In or Out Voltage Constant) DC to 10 kHz At least 2,000:1 Short Term 1 mV P-P or less or 0.1 Div or less AC Coupled at At least 500:1 (whichever is greater) any 1 minute 60 Hz interval within 1 hour after 20 minutes from turn-on. Long Term 1 mV P-P or less or 0.1 Div Maximum Input (whichever is greater) during any Voltage hour after the first hour and 20 DC (Direct) minutes from turn-on. Coupled DC + Peak AC Drift With Ambient 2 mV/10°C or less, 0.2 Div/10°C 1 mV/Div to 40 VDC, 40 V Peak AC, 1 kHz or or less (whichever is greater) Temperature 50 mV/Div; less Line Voltage Con- $X10 \ V_{\rm C} \ In$ stant) 10 mV/Div to 400 VDC, 400 V Peak AC, 1 kHz Amplifier Crosstalk 1% or less shift within 20 ns of step 50 mV/Div; or less of fast rise squarewave when X10 V_c Out switching undriven input from GND to AC or DC 0.1 V/Div to 0.5 V/Div: X10 V_c In **Displayed Noise** 400 μ V or less at 1 mV/Div in Tangentially Meas-Type 7700-Series indicator os-500 VDC. 500 V Peak AC, 1 kHz 0.1 V/Div to ured) cilloscope 0.5 V/Div: or less X10 V_c Out Comparison Voltage Range 0 V to ±10 V 1 V/Div to 5 V/ Div: Accuracy \pm (0.1% of setting +3 mV) X10 Vc In **Electrical Zero** 0.5 mV or less AC (Capacitive 500 VDC **Coupled Input** $V_{\rm C}$ OUT Resistance 2 k Ω to 5.5 k Ω



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TABLE 1-2

7A13 tested alone (separate from oscilloscope mainframe)

ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Performance Requirements		
Temperature Operating	0°C to +50°C		
Storage	55°C to +75°C		
Altitude Operating	15,000 feet		
Storage	50,000 feet		
Transportation	Qualified under National Safe Transit Committee test procedure 1A, Category II.		

TABLE 1-3

PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Size	Fits all 7000-Series plug-in com- partments.
Weight	3.1 Pounds (1.4 kilograms).

System Characteristics

The system characteristics listed in Table 1-4 specify the performance of the plug-in with various combinations of probes and in various indicator oscilloscopes.

TABLE 1-4

SYSTEM CHARACTERISTICS (Indicator Oscilloscope: 7500-Series with P6053B Probe.)

		¹ Accuracy (%)			¹ Accuracy (%) Sig Out		
BW	Tr	² EXT	³ INT	⁴INT	BW	Tr	
(MHz)	(ns)	CAL	CAL	CAL	(MHz)	(ns)	
75	4.7	1.5	2.5	3.5	55	6.4	
75	4.7	1.5	2.5	3.5	55	6.4	

(Indicator Oscilloscope: 7700-Series with P6053B Probe.)

100	3.5	1.5	2.5	3.5	55	6.4
100	3.5	1.5	2.5	3.5	55	6.4

¹Accuracy percentages apply to all deflection factors. Plug-in GAIN must be set at the deflection factor designated at the applicable position of the VOLTS/DIV switch. When a probe is used, the GAIN must be set with the calibration signal applied to the probe tip.

 2 EXTernal CALibrator, 0°C to +50°C: The plug-in GAIN is set (within 10°C of the operating temperature) using an external calibrator signal whose accuracy is within 0.25%.

³INTernal CALibrator, $\pm 15^{\circ}$ C to $\pm 35^{\circ}$ C: The plug-in GAIN is set using the oscilloscope's own calibrator and the instrument is operating within the $\pm 15^{\circ}$ C to $\pm 35^{\circ}$ C range.

⁴INTernal CALibrator, 0°C to +50°C: The plug-in GAIN is set (within 10°C of the operating temperature) using the oscilloscope's own calibrator, and the instrument is operating within the 0°C to +50°C range.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

INTRODUCTION

This section opens with a brief functional description of the front panel controls and connectors (see Fig. 2-1). Following the front-panel description is a familiarization procedure and finally a general discussion of the operation of the 7A13.

FRONT-PANEL DESCRIPTION

$R_{\rm in}\approx\infty$ 1-50 mV VAR IN ONLY Lamp

Illuminates when switch S10, located on left side of plug-in, is turned cw. This indicates a + INPUT and - INPUT impedance of approximately infinity whenever the VOLTS/DIV switch is set between 1 and 50 mV, VARIABLE knob is pushed in and 1X probe is used.

NOTE

With VOLTS/DIV switch set from .1 V to 5 V, lamp remains on but input impedance is $\approx 1 M\Omega$ and the input attenuator is uncompensated.

L -	COMPARISON VOLTAGE (Vc) + and Pushbuttons	Selects polarity of comparison vol- tage.
	VOLTS DISPLAY	Reads out the equivalent voltage selected by the COMPARISON VOLTAGE (V _c) COARSE, FINE, VOLTS/DIV, and PULL VAR for X10 V _c controls.
	COARSE Control	Varies the V_c voltage from zero to

ten volts.



Fig. 2-1. Front panel of 7A13 and location of Rin switch S10.

FINE Control	Provides more precise control of the $V_{\rm C}$ voltage.	•	
+ INPUT Connector	Provides a means of connection for signal measurement. It also contains a third contact for probe attenuation information. This enables proper deflection factor display on the CRT screen, and proper volts display on 7A13.	VAR BAL Control	Adjusts for no vertical trace move- ment as VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) knob is varied throughout its range.
		Release Latch	Pull to withdraw plug-in from in- dicator oscilloscope.
+ INPUT Mode Switch	Selects AC, DC, GND or V_c Mode of coupling for the - INPUT channel.	BW Switch	Selects either the FULL bandwidth or 5 MHz.
VOLTS/DIV Switch	Selects one of twelve volts per division calibrated deflection fac- tors.	V _C OUT 0-10 V Jack	Provides a convenience outlet for the comparison voltage.
VOLTS/DIV VARI- ABLE CONTROL	Selects an uncalibrated deflection factor somewhere between the twelve settings. A minium of 2.5	POSITION Control	Positions display vertically on the CRT face.
	times the VOLTS/DIV switch set- ting is provided. The UNCAL lamp lights when the VARIABLE control is out of the CAL detent.	V_c REF-IDENT Pushbutton	Internally disconnects both sig- nals and applies V_c to both inputs. Readout display is replaced by the word "IDENTIFY".
PULL VAR FOR X10 $V_{\rm C}$ Switch	Extends the deflection factor of the VOLTS/DIV Switch. This occurs only for 10, 20, and 50 mV/DIV and .1, .2, and .5 V/DIV settings of the VOLTS/DIV switch.	Fig. 2-2 shows a dra	SETUP CHART
- INPUT Connector	Same as for + INPUT connector.	connectors. This chart can be reproduced and used a test setup record for special measurements a applications, or it may be used as a training aid operation of the 7A13.	
INPUT Mode Switch	Selects AC, DC, GND or V_c Mode of coupling for the INPUT channel.		
		FAMILIARIZ	ATION PROCEDURE
STEP ATTEN BAL Adjustment	Adjusts for no vertical trace move- ment as the VOLTS/DIV switch setting is varied from 10 to	First-Time Operatio	'n
	50 mV/DIV.	on the CRT screen q	s are intended to help get the trace uickly and to prepare the unit for steps are intended to acquaint you
GAIN Adjustment	Adjusts the amplifier gain for dis- play of four divisions upon receipt of a 4 mV signal when the VOLTS/DIV switch is set to 1 mV		c functions of the 7A13.
	and the VARIABLE control is set to CAL.	 Insert the unit in compartment. 	nto the oscilloscope vertical plug-in

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## 7A13 DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATOR SETUP CHART



### DATA:

| Fig. 2-2. Test set-up chart. |
|------------------------------|
|                              |
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|                              |
|                              |
|                              |
|                              |
|                              |
|                              |
|                              |
|                              |

2. Set the 7A13 front panel controls as follows:

| COMPARISON       | VOLTAGE             |
|------------------|---------------------|
| $(V_c)$ Polarity | Pushbutton canceled |
| + INPUT Mode     | Gnd                 |
| - INPUT Mode     | Gnd                 |
| VOLTS/DIV        | 1 V                 |
| VARIABLE         | In (CAL)            |
| STEP ATTEN BA    | L As is             |
| GAIN             | As is               |
| X10 BAL          | As is               |
| VAR BAL          | As is               |
| BW               | 5 MHz               |
| POSITION         | Midrange            |

3. Turn the Intensity control fully counterclockwise and turn the oscilloscope Power ON. Preset the time-base plug-in controls for a .5 ms/div sweep rate and automatic triggering.

4. Wait about five minutes for the 7A13 and the oscilloscope to warm up.

### NOTE

About five minutes is sufficient warmup time when using the 7A13 for short-term DC measurements. For long-term DC measurements using the lower deflection factors, allow at least one hour.

5. Adjust the Intensity control for normal viewing of the trace. The trace should appear near the graticule center.

6. Using the POSITION control, position the trace two divisions below graticule center. Set VOLTS/DIV to 1 mV position.

### NOTE

If trace is off screen, perform Front Panel Adjustments outlined below.

7. Vary the VARIABLE control throughout its range while observing the CRT trace.

8. Adjust VAR BAL so that there is no trace movement while varying the VARIABLE control.

9. Vary the VOLTS/DIV switch from 10 mV to 50 mV while observing the CRT trace.

10. Adjust STEP ATTEN BAL so that the trace does not move while varying the VOLTS/DIV switch.

11. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 10 mV. Pull out the PULL VAR FOR X10  $V_{\rm C}$  range knob while observing the CRT trace.

12. Adjust X10 BAL so that there is no trace movement while moving the PULL VAR FOR X10  $V_{\rm C}$  range knob in and out.

13. Repeat steps 7 through 12 until optimum settings are achieved.

14. Push in the PULL VAR FOR X10  $V_{\rm C}$  Range knob and set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 1 mV; position the trace two divisions below graticule center.

15. Apply a 4 mV peak-to-peak calibrator signal through a coaxial cable to the  $\pm$  INPUT connector on the 7A13.

16. For DC coupled, single-ended operation, set the + INPUT Mode Switch to DC. The display should be 4 divisions of square wave amplitude.

### NOTE

If the display amplitude is not 4 divisions, adjust GAIN control until it is.

17. For AC coupled, single-ended operation, reposition the display to place the bottom of the display at the graticule center line.

18. Set the + INPUT Mode switch to AC and note that the display shifts downward about two divisions to its average level.

19. Disconnect the calibrator signal from the  $\pm$  INPUT connector. Set both the  $\pm$  and - INPUT Mode switches to GND.

### **Front Panel Adjustments**

These adjustments must be accomplished each time the 7A13 is placed in a different oscilloscope and should be checked in the given sequence prior to any critical measurement of waveforms.

Preset 7A13 controls as follows:

| VOLTAGE             |
|---------------------|
| GND                 |
| GND                 |
| 1 V                 |
| In (CAL)            |
| L Midrange or as is |
| As is               |
| Midrange or as is   |
| Midrange or as is   |
| 5 MHz               |
| Midrange            |
|                     |

Allow 20 minutes warmup time.

### **VAR BAL Adjustment**

1. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 1 mV.

2. Vary the VARIABLE control throughout its range while observing the CRT trace.

3. Adjust VAR BAL so that there is no trace movement while varying the VARIABLE control.

#### STEP ATTEN BAL Adjustment

1. Vary the VOLTS/DIV switch from 10 mV to 50 mV while observing the CRT trace.

2. Adjust STEP ATTEN BAL so that the trace does not move while varying the VOLTS/DIV switch.

### X10 BAL Adjustment

1. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 10 mV. Pull out the PULL VAR FOR X10  $V_{\rm C}$  Range knob while observing the CRT trace.

2. Adjust X10 BAL so that there is no trace movement while moving the knob in and out.

3. Repeat all balance adjustments until optimum settings are achieved.

### **GAIN Adjustment**

1. Using the POSITION control, position the CRT trace two divisions below graticule center.

2. Set VOLTS/DIV to 1 mV position.

3. Apply a 4 mV peak-to-peak calibrator signal through a coaxial cable to the  $\pm$  INPUT connector on the 7A13.

4. Set the + INPUT Mode switch to DC.

5. Adjust GAIN control so that the display is four divisions of square wave amplitude with the bottom of the display at the reference established in step 1.

### **GENERAL OPERATING INFORMATION**

### **Signal Connection**

In general, probes offer the most convenient means of connecting signals to the inputs of the 7A13. The Tektronix probes are shielded to prevent pickup of electrostatic interference. A 10X attenuator probe offers a high input impedance and allows the circuit under test to perform very close to normal operating conditions. (For further information on the use of probes, see Use of Attenuator Probes in this section of the manual, and in the probe instruction manual).

In high-frequency applications requiring maximum overall bandwidth, use a coaxial cable terminated at both ends in the characteristic impedance of the cable. To maintain the high-frequency characteristics of the applied signal, use high-quality, low-loss cable. Resistive coaxial attenuators can be used to reduce reflections if the applied signal has suitable amplitude.

High-level, low-frequency signals can be connected directly to the 7A13 input with short unshielded leads. This coupling method works best for signals below about one kilohertz and deflection factors above one volt/division. When this method is used, establish a common ground between the 7A13 and the equipment under test (common ground provided by line cords is usually inadequate). Attempt to position the leads away from any source of interference to avoid errors in the display. If interference is excessive with unshielded leads, use a coaxial cable, probe, or differential amplifier operation. (Differential amplifier operation may require special considerations for signal connections. See Differential Operation in this section of the manual).

### **Bandwidth Limiter**

The BW (bandwidth) switch provides a method of reducing interference from unwanted high-frequency signals when viewing low-frequency signals. With the FULL button pressed, the full bandwidth capabilities of the amplifier are available. When the 5 MHz button is pressed, the upper -3 dB bandwidth point of the amplifier is limited to about 5 MHz. The unwanted high-frequency signals are reduced in the displayed waveform.

### **Display Identification**

When the 7A13  $V_c$  REF-IDENT button is pressed, the signal is internally disconnected. This feature is particularly useful when the 7A13 is used with an indicator unit designed for use with more than one vertical amplifier.

When using an oscilloscope system equipped with the readout feature, the 7A13 deflection factor is displayed on the CRT. When the  $V_c$  REF-IDENT button is pressed, the readout information pertaining to the 7A13 is replaced by the word IDENTIFY.

### **R**<sub>in</sub> Switch

The R<sub>in</sub> switch S10 (located on left side of the unit) selects the input resistance to ground (+ and - INPUT simultaneously) to be either 1 M $\Omega$  or  $\approx \infty$ . The R<sub>in</sub> switch is normally set to the 1 M $\Omega$  position. A front-panel lamp is illuminated to indicate when the R<sub>in</sub> switch is set to  $\approx \infty$ .

The high input impedance obtained by setting  $R_{in}$  to  $\approx \infty$  is useful for measuring voltages in high-impedance circuits where minimum loading is necessary, and the voltage to be measured is within the 10 volt range of the 7A13. Differential comparator operation is used to make the measurement. At null, the comparison voltage is equal to the voltage being measured.

Several precautions must be observed when using the  $\approx \infty$  position of the R<sub>in</sub> switch (1) the VOLTS/DIV control must be set to one of the six positions from 1 to 50 mV; (2) the VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) knob must be pushed to the IN position; (3) the INPUT Mode switch of the signal channel must be set to DC.

If the external device does not provide a DC return path for the input FET gate, an external resistance (adequately shielded) must be connected between the input connector and ground.

### Introduction

When one of the INPUT switches is set to  $V_c$  and the other is set to AC or DC, the 7A13 is operating as a calibrated differential comparator or slide-back voltmeter. The calibrated comparison voltage  $V_c$ , can be added differentially to the input signal to obtain a null. For linear operation, Table 1-1 in the Specification section lists the maximum input signal or voltage that can be applied to the 7A13 INPUT connector at a given VOLTS/DIV switch position.

In differential comparator operation the calibrated DC comparison voltage is internally applied, to differentially offset any unwanted portion of the applied signal. This allows measurements of relatively small AC or DC signals riding on top of relatively large AC or DC signals.

The DC comparison voltage is set by the two COM-PARISON VOLTAGE ( $V_c$ ) controls: COARSE and FINE.

### Equivalent V<sub>c</sub>

When a signal is applied to the 7A13 INPUT connector(s), it is attenuated in the Input Attenuators before being applied to the + or - Input stage. In contrast, the V<sub>c</sub> Supply voltage is not attenuated, but is applied (via relays) directly to the Input stage.

Direct application of the V<sub>c</sub> to the Input stage makes the +10 V V<sub>c</sub> appear equivalent to the product of the V<sub>c</sub> and the attenuation factor of the Input Attenuator. Likewise, the use of an attenuator probe multiplies the V<sub>c</sub> by the attenuation factor of the probe.

### V<sub>C</sub> LED Readout

The front panel, light-emitting-diode VOLTS readout array displays the four-digit V<sub>c</sub> value selected by the COMPARISON VOLTAGE (V<sub>c</sub>) COARSE and FINE controls. The decimal point placement is switched automatically by internal circuitry for display of the equivalent V<sub>c</sub>. Special probes that correct the V<sub>c</sub> display (by changing decimal point placement) for the probe attenuation may be used. Attenuator probes not so equipped may be used with the instrument, but the VOLTS display will not be correct. The operator must take this into account when viewing the VOLTS display.

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### V<sub>c</sub> OUT 0-10 V Jack

The V<sub>c</sub> OUT 0-10 V jack, mounted on the front panel of the 7A13, permits monitoring of the comparison voltage. The voltage at the jack is set up by the COMPARISON VOLTAGE (V<sub>c</sub>) COARSE and FINE controls, and polarity switch. Impedance is 2 k $\Omega$  to 5.5 k $\Omega$ .

When monitoring the voltage at the jack, the voltage is not affected if an "infinite-impedance type" voltmeter (such as a digital voltmeter or any null type meter which draws negligible current) is used for monitoring purposes.

If the V<sub>c</sub> OUT 0-10 V jack is loaded by an external meter, the comparison voltage available at the jack and applied to the input of the amplifier will not be the same as indicated by the VOLTS display.

### **Differential Operation**

Differential measurements are made by applying the signals to the + INPUT and - INPUT connectors. Then, both input Mode switches should be set to the same position: AC or DC, depending on the method of signal coupling desired. When using the 7A13 for differential operation, only the voltage difference between the two signals is amplified and displayed. Common-mode signals (signals that are common in amplitude, frequency, and phase) are rejected and not displayed.

The 7A13 differential input provision may be used to eliminate interfering signals such as AC line-frequency hum. Single-ended measurements often yield unsatisfactory information because of interference resulting from ground-loop currents between the oscilloscope and the device under test.

These limitations of single-ended measurements are virtually eliminated in differential measurements. A differential measurement is made by connecting each of the two inputs to selected points in the test circuit. Since the chassis of the 7A13 need not be connected in any way to the test circuit, there are few limitations to the selection of these test points.

### Amplitude and Common-Mode Rejection

In the text which follows, the term "Input Signal Range" means the common-mode operating range of voltage through which the amplifier will produce a usable output. This should not be confused with the maximum (nondestructive) input voltage, which is related to the breakdown limits of the amplifier components.

### Factors That Affect CMRR

**Frequency.** Since the common-mode output voltage is a factor of phase differences as well as gain between channels, the frequency of the input common-mode signal has a direct bearing on the CMRR. Generally, as the frequency of the input signal increases, the CMRR decreases. (Exception: with AC-coupled input, the CMRR will become higher as frequency is increased from DC to over 100 Hz.)

**Source Impedance.** The specified CMRR assumes that the points being measured have identical source impedance. The source impedance and the amplifier input impedance form an RC divider which determines the portion of the signal that appears across the amplifier input, and the apparent effect on CMRR.

The user may desire to construct a graph of CMRR versus frequency for specific applications where the source or signal tranporting lead impedances are unbalanced.

**Signal Transporting Leads.** A principal requirement for maximum CMRR is that the signals arrive at the amplifier's two inputs with no change in phase or amplitude. Slight differences in attenuation factors, or phase shift between two input attenuators may reduce the CMRR 20% or more.

Attenuator probes extend the usable voltage range of a differential amplifier by reducing the input signal level below the maximum common-mode input voltage. However, a reduction in the apparent CMRR will usually occur because of component value differences within the probes. (See Use of Attenuator Probes in this section).

**Ground Connections.** Proper grounding reduces signals generated from ground loop currents. It is usually best to electrically connect the probe or signal lead shields together at the probe body or signal source, but not to the instrument ground.

### **USE OF ATTENUATOR PROBES**

### General

Attenuator probes reduce the resistive and capacitive loading of the signal source and extend the measurement range to include substantially higher voltages. Passive attenuator probes having different attenuation factors as well as special-purpose types are available from Tektronix, Inc.

Special probes that correct the oscilloscope deflection factor display, VOLTS display, and MAX INPUT VOLTS indicator to match probe attenuation may be used. (The + and - INPUT connectors have an outer ring that is connected to the Probe Sensing circuit). Attenuator probes not so equipped may be used with the instrument, but they will not operate the sensing circuit. Therefore, the operator must supply the probe attenuation factor for measurements involving the three indicators affected.

### NOTE

If two probes with different attenuation are connected to the INPUT connectors (e.g., 10X and 100X), the deflection factor readout,  $V_c$  Display, and MAX INPUT VOLTS indicator will be corrected for the probe with the larger division ratio (100X).

### **Probe Selection**

The P6055 probe is recommended for measurements where CMRR up to 20,000:1 must be maintained (100:1 at 20 MHz). The attenuation ratio is adjustable to X10 to compensate for differences in input resistance of the amplifier.

The P6053B probe is recommended for measurements requiring the full bandwidth of the 7A13 (see Table 1-4 in the Specification section). The P6053B also has the sensing capability for deflection factor and  $V_c$  Display readout compatibility.

## **CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION**

### INTRODUCTION

A block diagram description covering the general configuration of each circuit in the 7A13 is included in this section. Following the block diagram description is a more detailed description, particularly for circuits unique to this instrument.

A block diagram and complete schematic diagrams are included in the Diagrams section at the back of this manual. These should be referred to throughout the circuit description.

For more information relating to the function or adjustment of variable components, refer to the Performance Check/Calibration procedure in Section 5.

### BLOCK DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION

(See Block Diagram Pullout preceding schematics.)

### **INPUT Mode Switches**

A signal applied to either the + or - INPUT connector, as shown by the heavy lines on the Block Diagram, passes through the INPUT Mode switches to the Input Attenuators. The signals can be AC coupled, DC coupled or disconnected internally. (See schematic diagram No. 1.)

### **Input Attenuators**

The Input Attenuators for the + and - inputs are identical and are conventional RC type attenuators. The adjustable resistive elements facilitate matching the - and + attenuators to obtain optimum DC common-mode rejection and precise attenuation ratios.

The attenuators (Schematic Diagram No. 1) are frequency compensated voltage dividers that provide constant attenuation at all frequencies within the bandwidth of the instrument. This is done while maintaining the same input time constant (20  $\mu$ s) for all positions of the VOLTS/DIV switch.

### Input Source and Emitter Followers

The Input Source and Emitter Followers are designed to present a very high input impedance at the attenuator's output. Bootstrapping is incorporated in these stages for each of the + and - inputs. A Current Source is used to supply the proper amount of current for these stages. Each side also contains an overload protection circuit to guard against signals larger than approximately  $\pm 15$  volts.

### **Differential and Common Mode Signal Clamps**

The Differential and Common Mode Signal Clamps allow the following Differential Comparator stage to operate linearly for all input conditions. The Differential Mode Signal Clamp limits the output levels to approximately  $\pm 1$  volt, whereas the Common Mode Signal Clamp allows a window of at least  $\pm 10$  volts.

### **Differential Comparator**

The Differential Comparator operates upon the limited output of the Differential and Common Mode Signal Clamps. The amplified signal is then applied to the gainswitching amplifiers. The gain of the Differential Comparator is approximately one.

### 1X, 2X, and 5X Gain-Switching Amplifier

The 1X, 2X, and 5X Gain-Switching Amplifier receives the differential signals from the Differential Comparator. Gain switching is accomplished by the VOLTS/DIV switch through relays.

### Circuit Description-7A13 (SN B200000-up)

### 1X and 10X Gain-Switching Amplifier

The 1X, 10X Gain-Switching Amplifier receives the differential signal from the 1X, 2X, and 5X Gain-Switching Amplifier. The gain of this stage is switched through relays by the VOLTS/DIV switch in conjunction with the PULL VAR FOR X10 V<sub>c</sub> switch.

### **Driver Amplifier**

The Driver Amplifier receives the differential signals from the 1X, 10X Gain-Switching Amplifier. The gain of the Driver Amplifier is approximately 2.5. Its output signals are applied to the Output Amplifier.

### **Output Amplifier**

The Output Amplifier further amplifies the differential signals and then applies them to the input of the oscilloscope through pins A11 and B11 of the interface connector.

### **Trigger Amplifier**

The Trigger Amplifier receives a portion of the Output Amplifier signal in order to provide + and - internal triggers to drive the Trigger Generator circuit in the timebase plug-in unit.

### **Feedback Limiter**

The Feedback Limiter is driven by signals from the Trigger Amplifier when the output amplitude exceeds a certain limit. These signals are fed back to the 1X, 2X, and 5X Gain-Switching Amplifier stage to limit the incoming signal and prevent the signal from over-driving the succeeding stages into saturation.

### **Uncal Readout Logic**

The Uncal Readout Logic circuit provides the necessary logic to indicate the uncalibrated symbol on the CRT display, and illuminates the UNCAL lamp on the 7A13 when the VARIABLE control is not in the CAL position.

### V<sub>c</sub> Decimal Point Logic

The V<sub>c</sub> Decimal Point Logic provides a logic signal to the DVM circuit, which is determined by the total attenuation of the input signal by the Input Attenuator and divider probe. This provides a decimal point placement signal to the V<sub>c</sub> Readout Driver circuit, enabling it to display the equivalent comparison voltage.

### V<sub>c</sub> Generation and Digital Voltmeter

The comparison voltage (V<sub>c</sub>) is derived from a Zener diode reference, and is selectable by the COARSE and FINE front panel controls. The selected value of V<sub>c</sub> is measured by the Digital Voltmeter circuit and displayed by the front panel light-emitting-diode array. V<sub>c</sub> may also be measured externally at the V<sub>c</sub> OUT output jack on the front panel.

### **Probe Sensing and Trace Identify**

The Probe Sensing circuit senses the attenuation factor of an attenuator probe connected to an input. The output of this circuit then adjusts the output of the readout logic and the V<sub>c</sub> Decimal Point Logic circuits to include the probe attenuation factor. The inputs to this circuit also provide the trace identify signals to the readout output line and Output Amplifier circuits.

### **DETAILED CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION**

### ATTENUATOR AND SWITCHING

The Attenuator and Switching circuitry determines the operating mode and deflection factor of the 7A13. Also included is the circuitry that provides the readout logic to the indicator oscilloscope, and encodes the decimal point placement for the Digital Voltmeter.

### **INPUT Mode Switches**

The separate + and - INPUT switches control the mode of operation for the 7A13. S1 controls the + input side of the amplifier, and S21 controls the - input side. These switches permit connecting one input or the other, or both, to the Input Source and Emitter Follower stages. The  $V_c$  position of the INPUT switches applies the comparison voltage, instead of the signal, to one or both sides of the amplifier.

#### NOTE

The + and - input channels of the 7A13 are similar. To avoid duplication, only the + input channel is described in detail throughout this description.

When the INPUT switch is in the DC position, the input signal is coupled directly to the Input Attenuator. In the AC position, the AC component of the signal is coupled through capacitor C1, while the DC component is blocked. The GND position internally disconnects the signal from the 7A13 and connects ground to the Input Attenuator. This provides a ground reference for the amplifier without requiring removal of the input probes.

When the INPUT switch is set to Vc, relay K10 (relay K30 for – input) disconnects the signal while the comparison voltage V<sub>c</sub> is applied to the gate of the input FET. This provides a DC reference for one input of the Differential Comparator while the signal is applied to the other. The front-panel V<sub>c</sub> REF-IDENT pushbutton S540, when pressed, actuates both relays K10 and K30 to apply V<sub>c</sub> to both input channels simultaneously.

### VOLTS/DIV and PULL VAR FOR X10 V<sub>c</sub> Switches

The VOLTS/DIV switch, S50, sets the overall deflection factor of the 7A13. The PULL VAR FOR X10 V<sub>c</sub> switch, S80, multiplies the equivalent V<sub>c</sub> range ten times and increases the maximum input voltage rating of the 7A13. S80 is actuated by pulling the VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) knob to

its outer position. A latch on the control shaft prevents the knob from being pulled out unless the VOLTS/DIV switch is in one of its center six positions (10 mV to .5 V).

The functions of these two controls are accomplished by switching relays to switch input attenuators and set the gain of the two gain-switching amplifier stages. The switches also provide signals indicating deflection factor and V<sub>c</sub> range to the Readout Logic and V<sub>c</sub> Decimal Light Driver stages.

S50 and S80 control the switching relays associated with the following circuits:

1. Input Attenuators. Relays K6-K26 and K7-K27 switch the input signal (both + and - input channels simultaneously) to pass directly to the input FET (1X), pass through one attenuator network (10X), or pass through two attenuator networks (100X). The current to energize the switching relays passes through contacts on both S50 and S80. With S80 pushed in, the Input Attenuators are selected by S50 to be 1X for S50 settings of 1-50 mV; 10X for S50 settings of .1-.5 V; and 100X for S50 settings of 1-50 mV, and 100X for S50 settings of 10 to 50 mV, and 100X for settings of .1 to .5 V.

2. 1X-10X Gain-Switching Amplifier. The gain of this stage is switched by relays K60-K61. The stage gain is maximum when the relays are in the 1X setting. The relays in the 10X position switch in an attenuator to divide the gain by a factor of 10. The relay energizing current passes through contacts on S50 and S80.

3. 1X, 2X, and 5X Gain-Switching Amplifier. Relays K47-K48 switch attenuator networks to reduce the gain of this stage by a factor of 2 or 5. These relays are controlled by S50 only, giving the VOLTS/DIV switch the 1-2-5 sequence.

Thus, S50 selects the amplifier gains and input attenuation as necessary for any specific deflection factor. Pulling out S80 multiplies the equivalent Vc by switching in an attenuator to divide the input signal 10 times; simultaneously, the amplifier gain is multiplied by 10 to retain the deflection factor set by S50.

### Circuit Description-7A13 (SN B200000-up)

### **Input Attenuators**

The Input Attenuator circuit consists of two 10X RC divider networks in each input channel. Switching relays K6-K26 and K7-K27 switch the input signals to bypass the RC divider networks for 1X attenuation; pass through one divider network for 10X attenuation; or pass through both networks for 100X attenuation. (The amount of input signal attenuation is determined by the setting of the VOLTS/DIV and PULL VAR FOR X10 Vc switches. For more information, refer to the discussion of these switches and to the schematic diagram.)

In the 1X attenuator setting, the input resistance consists of two resistors in series returned to ground through  $R_{in}$  switch S10. The ground return is disconnected when S10 is set to  $R_{in} \propto \approx$ .

Variable components in the input to the FET adjust to establish the input R and C at 1 M $\Omega$  and 20 pF. Variable components in the attenuator networks adjust to provide the following characteristics:

1. The input R and C is normalized at all settings of the VOLTS/DIV switch.

2. Precise attenuation ratios and high-frequency compensation. With these adjustments accurately set, optimum common-mode rejection through the attenuators is achieved.

### INPUT AMPLIFIER

### Input Source and Emitter Followers

The Input Source and Emitter Followers stage provides a very high input impedance, so as not to load the attenuator circuit elements. This stage includes Q120, source follower; Q130A, emitter follower; and the following: Q140-Q145, constant current source; Q115-Q118, bootstrap emitter followers; Q105, constant current source; and Q110-CR110-CR112-CR101-CR102-CR134, overdrive protection. The overdrive protection circuitry acts to prevent component damage within this stage. The Differential and Common Mode Signal Clamps protect the rest of the amplifier from an input overdrive.

A simplified schematic diagram of this stage is shown in Fig. 3-1. The primary signal path, through Q120 and Q130A, is shown by a heavy line on the diagram. The secondary signal path is from the emitter of Q130A through emitter followers Q118 and Q115. This part of the circuit, called "bootstrapping", allows the drain and collector of Q120 and Q130A to follow the input; maintaining approximately quiescent (or a constant) voltage across Q120 and Q130A. The resistive tails of Q118, Q120, and Q130A all connect to current source Q145 through CR134. The constant current source, in conjunction with the bootstrapping, results in minimal transistor parameter changes, particularly at high frequencies.

The operation of the protection circuitry depends on the polarity of the overdrive signal. Quiescently, Q110 is saturated, forward biasing CR110 to connect +25 V to the input stage. Q105 is operating as a constant current source for biasing Q115, and CR112 is conducting. Current is returned to the power supply through forward biased CR134 and constant current source Q145. 47 volt zener diode VR103 is in a non-conducting state, with approximately 40 volts DC across it. CR102 and CR101 are reverse biased, and thus non-conducting.

A positive-going over-excursion at the input will forward bias the gate-source junction of Q120 and will saturate Q130A, Q118, and Q115. As the input is rising, the voltages at the cathodes of CR110 and CR112 will reach a level which will reverse bias the diodes. This essentially disconnects the input stage from the + power supplies, allowing the input stage to float with the input. The voltage strain is now across Q145.

If a negative signal is applied to the input, the junction of R124, R126, R134, and CR134 follows. When the voltage at this point is approximately equal to or more negative than the voltage at the collector of Q145, CR134 becomes reverse biased and thus disconnects the input stage from the supply return. If the signal becomes more negative than about -15 volts, CR101 and CR102 become forward biased, thus locking the anode end of VR103 to approximately the same potential as the input. If the input becomes equal to or more negative than about -21 volts, zener diode VR103 begins to conduct, locking the base of Q110 and the base of Q105 to a level about 48 volts above the input. As the input goes more negative, Q110 goes out of saturation and is turned off. This disconnects the input stage from the +25 V supply. The collector of Q105 had been going negative becuase of the bootstrapping. Now

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### Circuit Description—7A13 (SN B20000-up)

that VR103 is conducting, the base and emitter of Q105 are also going negative. This limits the collector-emitter voltage on Q105 so it will not break down, and R109 absorbs the input voltage.

## Differential Signal and Common Mode Signal Clamps

The disconnect circuit consists of CR150 and Q152, with the base of Q152 referenced to the other input through the differential clamp diodes CR152, CR252, CR155 and CR159. The Common Mode Signal Clamp circuit includes these and VR155, VR157, CR154, CR156, CR157 and CR158.

Quiescently, CR150 is forward biased and Q152 is saturated. The base of Q152 is fed by a current source so that the base voltage, and hance the emitter voltage, can follow the collector voltage. The differential clamp diodes will conduct whenever the difference between the bases of Q152 and Q252 exceeds about 1.2 volts. When this occurs, the base of Q152 will be clamped. If the signal goes more positive, Q152 will go out of saturation; thus disconnecting the signal from the rest of the amplifier. If the signal goes more negative, CR150 will become reverse biased; again disconnecting the signal from the rest of the amplifier.

The voltages at the junction of VR155 and CR156, and at the junction of VR157 and CR158, are constant at about +12 V and -12 V respectively. When the base voltage of Q152 or Q252 exceeds that voltage sufficiently to forward bias the clamp diodes, the bases will be clamped at that voltage. The operation of Q152 or Q252 is now the same as when the base was clamped by the differential clamp, disconnecting the signal from the rest of the amplifier.

#### **Differential Comparator**

The Differential Comparator includes Q160A and B, Q170, Q270, Q255, Q258 and Q165. Q160A and B actually form the comparator, which has a Constant Current Source formed by Q255 and Q258 supplying 25 mA. Bootstrapping is accomplished by Q165. The cascode connections are made to Q170 and Q270.

The gain of the Differential Comparator is approximately one. Diode VR166 is used as a DC level raising diode. R167 is a thermal compensating potentiometer.

The output signal current can be varied by R177, the VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) control, to reduce the overall (7A13) gain by a ratio of at least 2.5 to 1. R173 and R175 provide a coarse and fine adjustment for balancing this stage as R177 is varied.

### 1X, 2X, and 5X Gain-Switching Amplifier

The 1X, 2X, and 5X Gain-Switching Amplifier consists of Q185A and B, Q195A and B, and associated components.

Gain switching is accomplished by means of relays K47 and K48 controlled by the VOLTS/DIV switch, S50 (see Attenuator and Switching schematic). The gain of this stage is maximum when the relays are in the 1X setting. The gain is divided by two in the 2X relay setting by diverting 50% of the (1X) signal current through R193. Similarly, 80% of the (1X) signal current is diverted through R193 in the 5X relay setting.

R288 and R287 provide a coarse and fine adjustment for balancing this stage as the attenuator is switched. R187-C187 adjust the transient response. R196 adjusts the Thermal Balance for transient response.

### **OUTPUT AMPLIFIER**

### 1X-10X Gain-Switching Amplifier

The 1X-10X Gain-Switching Amplifier stage includes Q300A and B, and Q320A and B.

Gain switching is accomplished by relays K60-K61 in a manner similar to the 1X, 2X, and 5X Gain-Switching Amplifier (see Attenuator and Switching schematic). The gain of this stage is maximum in the 1X relay setting. For 10X attenuation, 90% of the signal current (1X) is diverted through R317.

Thermistor RT303 and varactor diode CR401 provide high-frequency temperature compensation for the amplifier.

R307 and R300 provide internal and front-panel adjustment of DC balance to minimize trace shift due to gain switching.

#### **Driver Amplifier**

The Driver Amplifier is a PNP cascode circuit including Q330-Q340, and Q430-Q440. Vertical POSITION, Position Centering, and amplifier GAIN adjustments are accomplished in this stage. Several RC peaking networks are employed in this stage to improve the amplifier transient response. The Driver Amplifier has a voltage gain of approximately 2.7.

### **Output Amplifier**

The Output Amplifier is an NPN cascode amplifier with a voltage gain of approximately 2.7. It includes Q350-Q360, and Q450-Q460.

R360, Sig DC Level, adjusts the DC level at the collectors of Q360 and Q460. R463-C463 across the output of this stage set the net output impedance at 100 ohms at high frequencies. This tends to reverse-terminate the output stage to reduce reflections in the transmission system between the 7A13 and the oscilloscope. CR364 and CR365 limit the output signal swint to  $\pm$ 0.6 volt.

Bandpass limiting, when selected by the front-panel BW (bandwidth) switch, takes place in this stage. When the BW switch is in the 5 MHz position, C364 and C464 form pi-network filters with L364 and L464. The switching is by means of a switching relay, K490. K480 in the Trigger Amplifier is actuated simultaneously with K480 for bandpass limiting in that stage.

### **Trigger Amplifier**

The Trigger Amplifier consists of Q370, Q470, Q380, Q480, and associated components.

R371 provides an internal adjustment for the Trigger DC Balance, and R380 sets the Trigger DC Level at the collectors of Q380 and Q480. The output of the Trigger Amplifier is applied to the Feedback Limiter circuit, which limits the output signal swing to  $\pm 0.6$  volt. C383-R383 reverse-terminate the Trigger Amplifier output by setting the output impedance at 100 ohms at high frequencies.

Capacitors C494 and C492 are switched in by relay K480 when the BW switch is set to 5 MHz. C494 and C492 then form pi-network filters with L384 and L484 to limit the bandpass of the Trigger Amplifier.

### **Feedback Limiter**

The Feedback Limiter includes Q180, Q182, Q280, Q282, and associated components. This circuit prevents all the stages within the feedback loop from being overdriven.

Q180, Q182, Q280, and Q282 are quiescently turned off; acting only on over-excursions in the output of the Trigger Amplifier to reduce the signal drive to Q185A and B.

### Circuit Description-7A13 (SN B200000-up)

Q180-Q182 act on positive over-excursions, while Q280-Q282 act on negative over-excursions; the polarity refers to the signal at the collector of Q380, with respect to the collector of Q480. The push-pull output of the Trigger Amplifier is applied to the base-emitter junction of Q180 (Q280). An over-excursion exceeding approximately 0.6 volt will turn on Q180 (Q280). This forward-biases Q182 (Q282) into conduction. Conducting, Q182 in series with R185 (Q282-R285) shunts the differential signal input to Q185A and B.

### **Uncal Readout Logic**

The Uncal Readout Logic circuit consists of Q20 and associated components. This circuit encodes the uncal information of the VARIABLE VOLTS/DIV switch, providing a signal current to the readout logic output lines for an uncalibrated symbol. It also illuminates the UNCAL lamp when the VARIABLE control is not in the CAL position.

Uncalibrated information is generated when -15 V clock pulses from interface connector B32 add current to the column current through R45-CR45 and interface connector A37. When the VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) control is in the CAL position, Q20 is saturated to apply +50 V through R36 to the junction of CR45-CR46-R45-R36. This positive voltage reverse biases CR45, to block current flow between B32 and A37. When the VARIABLE control is not in the CAL POSITION, +50 V from S35 reverse biases CR36 and Q20 through CR35. This removes the reverse bias voltage from CR45 to provide a current path between interface connectors B32 and A37, producing an uncalibrated symbol on the CRT display. Lamp DS47 is illuminated by current flow through R38, when S35 is closed.

### V<sub>c</sub> Decimal Point Logic Circuit

The V<sub>c</sub> Decimal Point Logic circuit consists of Q65, Q70, and Q75 acting as switches between ground and resistors R655, R653, and R651 of the V<sub>c</sub> Readout Driver circuit. Current through R655 produces a decimal placement 0.000 (X1) unless changed by the input(s) for a V<sub>c</sub> multiplier of X10 or X100 (combined attenuator ratio of probe and Input Attenuator). Multiplier inputs indicating X10 or X100 Input Attenuator settings are currents through resistors R66 and R65 switched through contacts on the VOLTS/DIV and PULL VAR for X10 V<sub>c</sub> switches. An input from the Probe Sense circuit corrects for the probe attenuation ratio.

The bias levels on Q65, Q70, and Q75 are established by the resistor-diode network consisting of resistors R63, R64, R71 through R77, and diodes CR66, CR67, and CR77. With no multiplier inputs, bias levels are such that Q65 is

### Circuit Description—7A13 (SN B200000-up)

saturated, which provides a current path through R655. With the collector of Q65 near zero volts, a reverse bias is applied to Q70 and Q75, through CR66 and CR67, producing a decimal placement of 0.000.

An input current level indicating a X10 multiplier (either through R66 or from the Probe Sense circuit) reverse biases Q65 to cutoff. With the collector of Q65 near +5 volts, CR66 and CR67 become reverse biased, which forward biases Q70 to saturation, providing a current path through R653. With the collector of Q70 near zero volts, a reverse bias is applied to the base of Q75 through CR76 and CR77. This results in a decimal placement of 00.00.

Similarly, an input current level indicating a X100 multiplier (X100 through R65, X100 through the Probe Sense circuit, or X10 from each input), will result in both Q65 and Q70 being cut off; CR66, CR67, and CR77 reverse biased; and Q75 truned on, providing a current path through R651, resulting in a decimal placement of 000.00.

### V<sub>c</sub> Generation and Digital Voltmeter Circuit

The comparison voltage (V<sub>c</sub>) is derived from a Zener diode reference, and is selectable by the COARSE and FINE front panel controls. The selected value of V<sub>c</sub> is measured by the Digital Voltmeter circuit, and may also be measured at the V<sub>c</sub> OUT output jack on the front panel.

Zener diode VR683 sets a reference voltage, which is increased to approximately 10.8 volts by amplifier U678C. Resistors R685, R686, and R687 set the output voltage level of the stage. This comparison voltage is applied to the variable voltage divider consisting of COARSE control R690A and FINE control R690B, along with R692, R693, R726, and R699.  $+V_c$  ZERO control R696 sets the  $V_c$  minimum voltage level, which is applied to the  $V_c$  attenuator circuit and the  $V_c$  OUT jack.

Amplifier U678D inverts the comparison voltage and provides the  $-V_c$  output to  $V_c$  POLARITY switch S570. R741 and C743 filter the  $V_c$  output voltage, which is applied through R742 to the attenuator circuit, and through R744 to the front panel  $V_c$  OUT jack.  $-V_c$  CAL control R727 sets the gain for the inverter amplifier U678D.  $-V_c$  ZERO control R720 adjusts for the offset voltage of U678D.

Converter amplifier U678B, with resistor network R681, R678, R679, and R703 produce a reference current (I ref), derived from the output V<sub>c</sub> voltage of U678C, for the integrator circuit. The integrator circuit consisting of U678A, R699 and C706 integrates this reference current, along with current derived from the selectable V<sub>c</sub> voltage across R699. The result is a generation of positive and negative going current ramps. The ratio of these currents (V<sub>c</sub>/R699 to I ref), is proportional to the output voltage (V<sub>c</sub>) readings on the LED display. See Fig. 3-2.

The oscillator circuit consisting of Q623, Q629, R623, R626, R628, C627, buffered by Q632, provides a clock input to a 4 1/2 decade (39,999), continuously counting counter U635. U635 contains five binary coded decimal latches and circuitry to scan and update the latches once during each cycle (approximately 8 times per second), providing a multiplexed output.



Fig. 3-2. Integrator output voltage for reading of 6000 on LED display.

As the counter overflows to 00,000, pin 16 goes low and resets RS flip-flop U632A, causing pin 5 to go low. This low is coupled to the base of Q676, cutting it off. This causes the reference current from the U678B circuit to be diverted from Q676, allowing it to flow through CR702. The integrating capacitor C706 charges positively, providing a positive going ramp at the anode of CR715. The ramp increases until Q717 conducts, dropping its collector voltage, and toggling the RS flip-flop U632A to its set state. The high voltage at pin 5 turns on Q676, causing it to saturate, which again diverts the reference current from the integrator circuit to Q676 (functioning in an inverted mode), which starts the integration of current V<sub>c</sub>/R699 for the negative-going ramp.

A high at pin 5 of U632A is also coupled to pin 12 of D flip-flop U632B, causing pin 2 of U635 to go low. This causes an instantaneous count in the counters to be transferred to the decade latches. The ratio of  $V_c/R699$  to the reference current (I ref) is such that the count transferred to the latches on each cycle of the counter is equal to the voltage  $V_c$ . The maximum value of  $V_c$  is nominally 10.05 volts; hence the transferred count will be between 0000 and a maximum of 10050. Since the 5th latch (MSD) of U635 is not used, a count of 10050 would appear on the LED display as 0050.

When the internal counter of U635 cycles from 39,999 to 0000, it pauses for 10 counts before continuing, allowing switching transients to die out. This has the effect of subtracting 10 counts (equal to 10 mV at the V<sub>c</sub> output) from the transferred count. To compensate for this, a -10 mV offset is added to the input of the integrator amplifier U678A, by the DVM Zero control R708.

### V<sub>c</sub> Readout Driver Circuit.

Refer to Diagram 5. U665 is a 4 digit common-cathode light-emitting-diode (LED) display. It is driven by the BCD to seven-segment decoder driver U668, the digit drivers Q637, Q640, Q644, Q648, and a Decimal Point Driver Q658. As a digit is selected by the scanner circuit within U635, the corresponding digit select output at pin  $0_A$ ,  $0_B$ ,  $0_C$ ,  $0_D$  goes high, turning on the appropriate digit driver. At the same time, the BCD output for that digit, at  $0_1$ ,  $0_2$ ,  $0_4$ , and  $0_8$  of U635, will be decoded and buffered by U668, providing a 7 segment driving signal to U665.

Fig. 3-3 shows the time relationship of the U635 Decade Counter data output pulses, and illustrates the signals producing a readout of 1296 on the LED display. Pulses to the Step input of U635 drive the internal scanner circuit (at 1/100 of the clock frequency), causing high levels to be produced sequentially at digit selected outputs  $0_A$ ,  $0_B$ ,  $0_C$ ,  $0_D$ , and simultaneously producing the corresponding BCD signals at  $0_1$ ,  $0_2$ ,  $0_4$ , and  $0_8$ . For example, while the least significant digit select output  $0_A$  is high, outputs  $0_1$ 

### Circuit Description-7A13 (SN B20000-up)

and  $0_8$  are low, and  $0_2$  and  $0_4$  high, producing a binary coded decimal (BCD) output equivalent to number 6. This binary (0110) signal is encoded by U668 into a sevensegment driving signal for U665. To produce a 6 in the least significant position of the LED display, two conditions are met. The input signals to U665 are high at A, C, D, E, F, and G, and low at B; second, the high level at  $0_A$ turns on Q637 providing a low at pin 7 of U665. This provides a current path to ground for the light-emittingdiodes, which forms the number 6 on the LED display. Other digits are displayed in a similar manner.

Transistors Q640, Q644, and Q648 perform two functions. First, they provide a current path to ground for the light-emitting-diodes of digit 1, 2, and 9, when turned on by the respective digit select outputs  $0_B$ ,  $0_c$ , or  $0_D$ ; also,



Fig. 3-3. Time relationship of the pulses from U635.

### Circuit Description-7A13 (SN B20000-up)

they form part of a circuit to time-multiplex drive signals to Q658, producing the required decimal point placement on the LED display. For example, if the decimal placement is 129.6, the voltage produced by the Decimal Point Logic circuit will be approximately zero volt at pin AA, and approximately five volts at pins AB and AC, at P650, reverse biasing CR645 and CR649. Quiescently, Q640 is cut off, causing current flow through divider R641, CR641, and R651, producing approximately 4.0 volts at the cathode of CR641. Q658 is biased at threshold by the divider R657, CR651, and CR641 cathode voltage. When the digit select output pulse 0<sub>B</sub> arrives, Q640 turns on, its output goes low, and CR641 is cut off. This causes CR651 to conduct hard, saturating Q658, which allows current to flow through R661, to pin 5 of U665, and through the decimal point light-emitting-diode for the least significant digit, producing a decimal placement 129.6. The collector voltage at Q658 is also coupled to pin 12 of U635, providing leading zero suppression. Thus, the readout 000.0 will actually appear as 0.0 on the LED display. Other decimal points are produced in a similar manner by Q644 and Q648.

Large current fluctuations produced by the LED display circuit are reduced by the shunt regulator, composed of Q604, Q607, and Q611. This is achieved by the negative feedback action of Q607, with the base acting as the input, and Q611 as the output stage. R609 prevents large voltage variations from appearing in the 5-volt source supply.

### **Probe Sense**

The Probe Sense circuit consists of Q40 and Q60 and associated components. This circuit identifies the attenuation factor of the probe connected to the front-panel connector by sensing the amount of current flowing from the current sink (R40-R42) through the probe coding resistance. The outputs of this circuit adjust the readout logic and the V<sub>c</sub> Decimal Point logic circuits so their outputs include the probe attenuation factor.

The third contact of the + (or -) INPUT connector provides the input to the Probe Sense circuit from the probe coding resistance (coded probes only; see Operating Instructions). The third contact is also used for the INDENTIFY input. The coding resistor forms a voltage divider with R40 (R42 through CR42) to the -15 V supply. The resultant voltage sets the bias on Q40 and Q60, and determines (along with their respective emitter resistors) their collector currents.

The collector current of Q60 adjusts the bias levels in the V<sub>c</sub> Decimal Point logic circuit. The output of Q40 affects the readout logic output in the following manner. When the -15 V clock pulse is applied to interface connector B33, Q40 is interrogated and its collector current is added to the column current through interface connector A37.

With a 1X probe (or no probe) connected, Q40 and Q60 are turned off, and thus have no output.

When different-attenuation divider probes are connected to the + and - INPUT connectors, the outputs of the Probe Sense circuit will indicate the attenuation factor of the probe having the larger divider.

### V<sub>c</sub> REFerence and Trace IDENTify

The  $V_{\rm c}$  REF-IDENT pushbutton, when pressed, does two things:

1.  $V_{\rm c}$  is connected to the gates of the input FET's via relays K10-K30, while the input signal (if any) is disconnected.

2. Connects ground to the bases of Q40 and Q60 through CR43 and CR44. This low value of bias will: (1) cause Q40 to turn on hard when interrogated, replacing the deflection factor readout display with the word "IDENTIFY"; (2) move the V<sub>c</sub> Counter decimal to the far right.

When the probe Identify pushbutton is pressed, the effect on the Readout Logic and V<sub>c</sub> Decimal Point logic circuits is the same as when the V<sub>c</sub> REF-IDENT front-panel pushbutton is pressed. However, the trace is not returned to center screen, but is shifted upward slightly. This is accomplished by inserting a resistor, R376, from ground through CR46 or CR47 to the base of Q470 (Trigger Amplifier, diagram 3). This shunts a small amount of the output current, causing the trace to move.

These two actions aid in identifying the 7A13 trace when multiple traces are displayed.

### **DISTRIBUTION DIAGRAM**

### Low Voltage Power Supplies

The Low Voltage Power Supplies operate upon receipt of  $\pm 50$  V DC,  $\pm 15$  V DC, -15 V DC and  $\pm 50$  V DC to produce the following voltages:  $\pm 50$  V DC,  $\pm 25$  V DC,  $\pm 14$  V DC,  $\pm 8$  V DC,  $\pm 5$  V DC, -8 V DC, -15 V DC and  $\pm 50$  V DC. These voltages are further divided into several decoupled supplies. For example,  $\pm 15$  V DC is decoupled five times, once for each load. Similarly the other DC supplies are decoupled from their loads.

## MAINTENANCE

### Introduction

This section of the manual contains maintenance information for use in preventive maintenance, corrective maintenance and troubleshooting of the 7A13.

### **PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE**

### General

Preventive maintenance consists of cleaning, visual inspection, lubrication, etc. Preventive maintenance performed on a regular basis may prevent instrument breakdown and will improve reliability of this instrument. The severity of the environment to which the 7A13 is subjected determines the frequency of maintenance. A convenient time to perform preventive maintenance is preceding recalibration of the instrument.

### Cleaning

The 7A13 should be cleaned as often as operating conditions require. Accumulation of dirt in the instrument can cause overheating and component breakdown. Dirt on the components acts as an insulating blanket and prevents effective heat dissipation. It may also provide an electrical conduction path.



Avoid the use of chemical cleaning agents which might damage the plastics used in this instrument. Special care should be taken when cleaning the Polyphenylene Oxide attenuator boards. Do not apply any solvent containing ketones, esters or halogenated hydrocarbons. To clean, use only water soluble detergents, ethyl, methyl or isopropyl alcohol.

The covers of the oscilloscope minimize the amount of dust which reaches the interior of the 7A13. Operation of the system without the oscilloscope covers in place necessitates more frequent cleaning. When the 7A13 is not in use, it should be stored in a protected location such as a dust-tight cabinet. **Exterior.** Loose dust accumulated on the outside of the 7A13 can be removed with a soft cloth or small paint brush. The paint brush is particularly useful for dislodging dirt on and around the front-panel controls. Dirt which remains can be removed with a soft cloth dampened in a mild detergent and water solution. Abrasive cleaners should not be used.

Interior. Dust in the interior of the instrument should be removed occasionally due to its electrical conductivity under high-humidity conditions. The best way to clean the interior is to blow off the accumulated dust with dry, lowvelocity air. Remove any dirt which remains with a soft paint brush or a cloth dampened with a mild detergent and water solution. A cotton-tipped applicator is useful for cleaning in narrow spaces.

### **Visual Inspection**

The 7A13 should be inspected occasionally for such defects as broken connections, broken or damaged circuit boards, improperly seated transistors or relays and heat-damaged parts.

The corrective procedure for most visible defects is obvious. However, particular care must be taken if heatdamaged components are found. Over-heating usually indicates other trouble in the instrument; therefore, it is important that the cause of overheating be corrected to prevent a recurrence of the damage.

#### Semiconductor Checks

Periodic checks of the semiconductors in the 7A13 are not recommended. The best check of semiconductor performance is actual operation in the instrument. More details on checking semiconductor operation are given under Troubleshooting.

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### Recalibration

To ensure accurate measurements, check the calibration of this instrument after each 1000 hours of operation of every six months if used infrequently. In addition, replacement of components may necessitate recalibration of the affected circuits. Complete calibration instructions are given in Section 5.

The Performance Check/Calibration procedure can also be helpful in localizing certain troubles in the instrument. In some cases, minor troubles may be revealed and/or corrected by calibration.

### TROUBLESHOOTING

### Introduction

The following information is provided to facilitate troubleshooting of the 7A13. Information contained in other sections should be used along with the following information to aid in locating the defective component. An understanding of the circuit operation is very helpful in locating troubles. See the Circuit Description section for complete information.

### General

If trouble occurs in the 7A13, the following procedure is recommended to accomplish rapid and effective repairs.

1. Check that the plug-in unit and the oscilloscope connectors are not damaged, and that the plug-in unit is properly inserted.

2. Inspect the front panel of the 7A13 and indicator oscilloscope to be sure that the trouble is not from an incorrect control setting.

3. Insure that the indicator oscilloscope is not at fault by inserting a known properly-operating plug-in unit and checking its operation.

4. Determine all trouble symptoms.

5. Perform a visual inspection of the 7A13.

- 6. Repair or replace obviously defective parts.
- 7. Troubleshoot the 7A13 as necessary.
- 8. Recalibrate the 7A13.

### **Troubleshooting Aids**

Diagrams. Circuit diagrams are given on foldout pages in the Diagrams Section. The component number and electrical value of each component are shown on the diagrams as well as important voltages and waveforms.

**Resistor Color-Code.** In addition to the brown composition resistors, some wire-wound resistors and some metal-film resistors are used in this instrument. The resistance values of wire-wound resistors are printed on the body of the component. The resistance values of composition resistors and metal-film resistors are colorcoded on the components (some metal-film resistors may have the value printed on the body) with EIA color-code. The color code is read starting with a stripe nearest the end of the resistor. Composition resistors have four stripes which consist of two significant figures, a multiplier and a tolerance value (see Fig. 4-1). Metal-film resistors have five stripes consisting of three significant figures, a multiplier and a tolerance value.

**Capacitor Marking.** The capacitance values of common disc capacitors and small electrolytics are marked in microfarads on the side of the component body. The white ceramic capacitors used in the 7A13 are color-coded in pico-farads using a modified EIA code (see Fig. 4-1).

**Diode Color Code.** The cathode end of each glassencased diode is indicated by a stripe, a series of stripes or a dot. For most silicon or germanium diodes with a series of stripes, the color code also indicates the type of diode or identifies the Tektronix Part Number using the resistor color-code system (e.g., a diode color-coded blue or pinkbrown-gray-green indicates Tektronix Part Number 152-0185-00). The cathode and anode ends of metal-encased diodes can be identified by the diode symbol marked on the body.

Semiconductor Lead Configuration. Fig. 4-2 shows the lead configuration of the semiconductors used in this instrument. The view is as seen from the bottom of the semiconductor.

**Multi-Connector Holders.** The multi-connector holder is keyed with two triangles, one on the holder and one on the circuit board. When the holder is mounted parallel to a circuit board, the triangle and the slot numbers on the connector holder should face away from the board surface. When a connection is made perpendicular to a circuit board surface, the orientation of the triangle and the slot numbers on the connector holder is determined by the direction of the nomenclature marking.

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Fig. 4-1. Resistor and capacitor color code.

**Circuit Board Illustrations.** Illustrations of the individual circuit boards showing component locations and/or wiring color code are located opposite the diagram pullout pages.

Switch Wafer Identification. Wafers for the switches are coded on the schematic diagrams to indicate the physical location of the wafer on the actual switches. The number portion of the code refers to the wafer number on the switch assembly. Wafers are numbered from the first wafer located behind the detent section of the switch to the last wafer. The letters F and R indicate whether the front or rear of the wafer is used to perform the particular switching function. For example, 3F of the VOLTS/DIV switch indicates that this is the front side of the third wafer when counting back from the front panel.

**Wiring Color Code.** All insulated wires in the 7A13 are color coded to facilitate tracing the wire from one point to another.

### Test Equipment Recommended for Troubleshooting

The test equipment listed here should suffice for most troubleshooting jobs. Test equipment required for calibration is listed in the Performance Check/Calibration section of this manual.

High Impedance Voltmeter (20,000  $\Omega$ /DC or greater)

Ohmmeter (2 mA or less current on the X1 kΩ scale)

Test Oscilloscope and Probes

Plug-In Extender

Dynamic Transistor Tester



Fig. 4-2. Semiconductor lead configuration.

If the output DC balance is checked first and is in error, work toward the front until an unbalance no longer exists. This localizes the trouble to the circuitry between the points which are balanced and the points which are unbalanced. The individual components must then be checked.

### **Troubleshooting Techniques**

This troubleshooting procedure is arranged in an order which checks the simple trouble possibilities before proceeding with more detailed troubleshooting. The first few checks assure proper connection, operation and

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calibration. If the trouble is not located by these checks, the remaining steps aid in isolating the trouble to a particular circuit; then the circuit must be checked to locate the defect in the circuit. When the defect is located, the repair should be made using the information provided in the Corrective Maintenance portion of this section.

1. Check Front-Panel Control Settings. Control settings can indicate a trouble that does not exist. For example, an incorrect setting of the VARIABLE control appears as incorrect function or operation of any control, see the Operating Instructions section for the 7A13 or the associated oscilloscope.

2. Isolate Trouble to 7A13 or Oscilloscope. When following a troubleshooting procedure, it is assumed that the oscilloscope used with the 7A13 is operating normally. Since this is not always the case, check the operation of the oscilloscope before attempting to troubleshoot the 7A13.

3. Check Instrument Calibration. Check the calibration of this instrument, or the affected circuit if the trouble exists in one circuit. The apparent trouble may only be a result of misadjustment or may be corrected by calibration. Complete instructions are given in the Calibration Section.

**4. Visual Check.** Visually check the portion of the instrument in which the trouble is located. Many troubles can be located by visual indications such as broken wires, unsoldered connections, damaged components, etc.

5. Isolate Trouble to a Circuit. To isolate a trouble to a circuit, note the trouble symptoms. The symptom often indicates the circuit in which a trouble is located. When trouble symptoms appear in more than one circuit, check all affected circuits by taking voltage and waveform readings. If the signal is correct, the circuit is working correctly up to that point.

#### NOTE

To locate intermittent or temperature sensitive components mounted on the attenuator boards, Quik-Freeze (Miller Stephenson, MS-240, Tektronix Part Number 006-0173-01) is recommended. Dry ice or dichlorodifluoremethane (Freon 12, Dupont or Can-O-Gas) may also be used. Zero Mist Circuit Cooler (GC Electronics) will damage the polyphenylene oxide boards.

6. Check Voltages and Waveforms. Often the defective component can be located by checking for the correct

voltage or waveform in the circuit. Typical voltages and waveforms are given on the diagrams.

NOTE

Voltages and waveforms given on the diagrams are not absolute and may vary slightly between instruments. To obtain operating conditions similar to those used to take these readings, see page 7-2.

Isolating DC Imbalance. A properly operating oscilloscope will have its trace centered vertically on the CRT only when the 7A13 has a balanced output. The 7A13 is a balanced amplifier when the POSITION control is set to midrange and all the DC balance controls are properly adjusted. With no signal or comparison voltage applied to the FET gates (Q120, Q220), any point in the +Input side of the circuit should have a potential essentially equal (except for a minor voltage difference occurring in the Input Amplifier stages) to that at an identical point in the -Input side of the circuit.

If the CRT trace is deflected off the screen as a result of a 7A13 problem, DC unbalances exist. They can be detected by connecting a DC voltmeter between identical points such as those listed in Table 4-1. (A plug-in extender is needed during this procedure to allow access to the points being checked.) Voltage difference limits are provided in the table to show how much voltage difference can be present between two points when the trace is positioned to the top or bottom of the graticule with respect to graticule center. If these limits are not exceeded, the trace should be present within the graticule viewing area.

#### Table 4-1

### DC IMBALANCE VOLTAGE DIFFERENCE LIMITS (VOLTS/DIV SWITCH SET TO .1)

| DC Voltmeter Connected Between<br>the Following Test Points | Voltage<br>Difference<br>Limits <sup>1</sup> |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| TP360 and TP460                                             | ±0.20 V DC                                   |
| Q340 Collector and Q440 Collector                           | ±0.07 V DC                                   |
| Q330 Base and Q430 Base                                     | ±0.02 V DC                                   |
| Q300A Collector and Q300B Collector                         | ±0.10 V DC                                   |
| Q195A Collector and Q195B Collector                         | ±0.02 V DC                                   |
| Q170 Collector and Q270 Collector                           | ±0.03 V DC                                   |
| Q152 Emitter and Q252 Emitter                               | $\pm 0.03 \text{ V DC}^2$                    |
| Q130A Emitter and Q130B Emitter                             | ±0.04 V DC <sup>2</sup>                      |

<sup>1</sup>To obtain on-screen positioning of the trace.

 $^2\text{Take}$  into consideration that an additional voltage difference as high as  $\pm 0.04$  V can be present between these two points in a normal operating plug-in unit.

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As a suggested procedure, check the output DC balance first. If it is in error, work toward the input stages until an unbalance no longer is detected. This localizes the trouble to the circuitry between the points providing balance and those providing unbalance.

**Signal Tracing.** A method is described here for checking waveform amplitude and polarity at the test point shown on the Attenuator & Switching Input Amplifier and Output Amplifier schematic diagrams. The technique is based on using a plug-in extender to operate the 7A13 outside the oscilloscope plug-in compartment. The plugin extender permits access to the circuits in the 7A13 for detailed signal tracing and troubleshooting.

After the faulty stage is located and the trouble found and corrected, then it is easy to remove the extender, insert the plug-in in the oscilloscope and go directly to the Performance Check/Calibration procedure in Section 5 to check frequency compensation and other performance requirements.

To signal trace the 7A13 amplifier stages, proceed as follows:

1. Connect a plug-in extender between the 7A13 and the indicator oscilloscope.

2. Set the front-panel controls of the 7A13 to the same positions as listed in the Voltage and Waveform Conditions.

3. Apply a 4 V peak to peak calibrator signal through a T connector and coaxial cables to the 7A13 Input connector and to the test oscilloscope external Trigger Input connector.

4. Set the test oscilloscope Input Coupling switch to AC, the V/Div switch to .1, the Time/div switch to 0.2 ms, and the triggering controls for +EXT triggering on the 4 V calibrator signal.

5. Remove the attenuator shield. Touch the test oscilloscope 10X probe tip to the soldered connection (wired end) of the Input connector center conductor for the channel to be checked.

6. Set the test oscilloscope Triggering Level control so the first half cycle of the waveform is positive going. The displayed waveform on the test oscilloscope should correspond to the waveform polarity and amplitude shown in waveform 1 on the Attenuator & Switching diagram. Disconnect the probe. 7. On the diagram, locate the next test point where a waveform is shown. Set the test oscilloscope vertical deflection factor to correspond to the setting given on the waveform.

8. Locate the same test point in the 7A13 that corresponds to the one on the diagram and connect the probe tip to this test point. Check the displayed waveform amplitude and polarity. Disconnect the probe.

9. Repeat steps 7 and 8 until a test point is found where an abnormal indication is definitely obtained. Then proceed with detailed troubleshooting checks between that stage and preceding test point to isolate the trouble to the smallest possible area until the cause of the trouble is found. Detailed checks consist of signal tracing the circuits between the test points to determine where the signal becomes abnormal. Then voltage checks may have to be made; semiconductors and other components may have to be substituted.

7. Check Individual Components. The following procedures describe methods of checking individual components in the 7A13. Components which are soldered in place are best checked by disconnecting one end. This isolates the measurement from the effects of surrounding circuitry.

**Transistors (including FET's).** The best means of checking a transistor is by using a transistor curve display instrument such as a Tektronix Type 576. If a transistor checker is not readily available, a defective transistor can be located by signal tracing, by making in-circuit voltage checks, by measuring the transistor resistances or by the substitution method previously described.

When troubleshooting using a voltmeter, measure the emitter-to-base and emitter-to-collector voltages to determine whether the voltages are consistent with normal circuit voltages. Voltages across a transistor vary with the device and its circuit function. Some of these voltages are predictable. A silicon transistor will normally be 0.6 V. The collector-emitter voltage will vary with the circuit and circuit conditions, but it should always exceed 0.5 V. The best way of checking these devices is by connecting a voltmeter across the junction and using a sensitive voltmeter setting.

An ohmmeter can be used to check a transistor if the ohmmeter's voltage source and current are kept within safe limits. 1.5 V and 2 mA are generally acceptable. Selecting the X1 k $\Omega$  scale on most ohmmeters will provide voltage and current below these values.

Table 4-2 contains the normal values of resistance to expect when making an ohmmeter check of an otherwise unconnected transistor.

### Table 4-2

### **TRANSISTOR RESISTANCE CHECKS<sup>3</sup>**

| Ohmmeter<br>Connections | Resistance Reading That Can Be<br>Expected Using the R X 1 k<br>Range |  |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Emitter-Collector       | High readings both ways                                               |  |
| Emitter-Base            | High reading one way, low reading the other way                       |  |
| Base-Collector          | High reading one way, low reading the other way                       |  |

<sup>3</sup>Test prods from the ohmmeter are first connected to the transistor leads and then the test lead connections are reversed. Thus, the effects of the polarity reversal of the voltage applied from the ohmmeter to the transistor can be observed.

Field Effect Transistor Checks. Field Effect Transistors (FET's) can be checked in the same manner as other transistors. However, it should be noted that normal operation in the 7A13 has the gate-to-source junction reverse biased just as the control grid-to-cathode is biased in vacuum tubes.

**Diodes.** A diode can be checked for an open or for a short circuit by measuring the resistance between terminals with an ohmmeter set to the R X 1 k scale. The diode resistance should be very high in one direction and very low when the meter leads are reversed. Do not check tunnel diodes or back diodes with an ohmmeter.

#### A. RESISTORS

Resistors can be checked with an ohmmeter. Check the Electrical Parts List for the tolerance of the resistors used in this instrument.

### **B. CAPACITORS**

A leaky or shorted capacitor can be detected by checking the resistance with an ohmmeter on the highest scale. Do not exceed the voltage rating of the capacitor. The resistance reading should be high after the initial charge of the capacitor. An open capacitor can be detected using a capacitance meter or by checking whether the capacitor passes AC signals.

### C. RELAYS

The relays which are plugged into the circuit board may be removed and checked. The lead configuration is shown on the side of the relay cover. Using an ohmmeter, check for the indicated resistance. The relay may be actuated by applying 15 volts DC to the relay coil. With the relay actuated, check the normally-open contacts for continuity.

8. Repair and Readjust the Circuit. If any defective parts are located, follow the replacement procedures given in this section. Be sure to check the performance of any circuit that has been repaired or had any electrical components replaced.

#### Table 4-3

#### **RECALIBRATION AFTER REPAIR**

| Areas of Repair                                | Checks &<br>Adjustments<br>Affected                                                        | Section 5<br>Calibration<br>Step                          |
|------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| Input Mode<br>Switches<br>Input<br>Attenuators | Input R and C,<br>attenuator compen-<br>sation, CMRR<br>low-frequency<br>response          | Steps 12<br>through 16.<br>Steps 18, 19,<br>21, 22.       |
| Input Amplifier                                | DC adjustments,<br>gain CMRR,<br>high-frequency<br>compensation,<br>noise and<br>recovery  | Steps 1<br>through 9.<br>Steps 11, 17,<br>20, 25, 32, 36  |
| Output Amplifier                               | DC adjustments,<br>gain, CMRR,<br>high-frequency<br>compensation,<br>noise and<br>recovery | Steps 1<br>through 9.<br>Steps 17, 20,<br>25, 26, 32, 36. |
| Trigger Amplifier                              | Gain,<br>high-frequency<br>response                                                        | Steps 17<br>and 20.<br>Steps 23<br>through 24.            |
| Comparison<br>Voltage                          | Comparison<br>Voltage                                                                      | Steps 27<br>through 34.                                   |

### **CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE**

### General

Corrective maintenance consists of component replacement and instrument repair. Special techniques required to replace components in this instrument are given here.

### **Obtaining Replacement Parts**

**Standard Parts.** All electrical and mechanical part replacements for the 7A13 can be obtained through your local Tektronix Field Office or representative. However, many of the electronic components can be obtained locally in less time than is required to order them from Tektronix, Inc. Before purchasing or ordering replacement parts, check the parts list for value, tolerance, rating and description.

### NOTE

When selecting replacement parts, it is important to remember that the physical size and shape of a component may affect the performance of the instrument, particularly at high frequencies. All replacement parts should be direct replacements unless it is known that a different component will not adversely affect instrument performance.

**Special Parts.** In addition to the standard electronic components, some special parts are used in the 7A13. These parts are manufactured or selected by Tektronix, Inc. in accordance with our specifications. These special parts are indicated in the parts list by an asterisk preceding the part number. Most of the mechanical parts used in this instrument have been manufactured by Tektronix, Inc. Order all special parts directly from your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

**Ordering Parts.** When ordering replacement parts from Tektronix, Inc., include the following information:

1. Instrument Type.

2. Instrument Serial Number.

3. A description of the part (if electrical, include circuit number).

4. Tektronix Part Number.

### **Soldering Techniques**



Disconnect the instrument from the power source before soldering.

The reliability and accuracy of this instrument can be maintained only if proper soldering techniques are used when repairing or replacing parts. General soldering techniques which apply to maintenance of any precision electronic equipment should be used when working on this instrument. Use only 60/40 rosin-core, electronicgrade solder. The choice of soldering iron is determined by the repair to be made. When soldering on circuit boards (other than attenuator circuit boards), use a 35 to 40-watt pencil-type soldering iron with a 1/8-inch wide, wedgeshaped tip. Keep the tip properly tinned for best heat transfer to the solder joint. A higher wattage soldering iron may separate the wiring from the base material. When soldering on attenuator circuit boards (made from polyphenylene oxide), use a very small soldering iron, not over 15 watts. Avoid excessive heat; apply only enough heat to remove the component or to make a good solder joint. Also, apply only enough solder to make a firm solder joint; do not apply too much solder.

For metal terminals (e.g., switch terminals, potentiometers, etc.), a higher wattage-rating soldering iron may be required. Match the soldering iron to the work being done. For example, if the component is connected to the chassis or other large heat-radiating surface, it will require a 75-watt or larger soldering iron. The pencil-type soldering iron used on the circuit board can be used for soldering to switch terminals, potentiometers, or metal terminals mounted in plastic holders.

### **Component Replacement**



Disconnect the equipment from the power source before replacing components.

**Relay Replacement.** The relays in the 7A13 are manufactured by Tektronix, Inc. If a relay fails, a replacement may be ordered from your local Tektronix Field Office or representative. The eight-pin DPDT relays are symmetrical and may be replaced in their sockets facing either direction. Relays which are not symmetrical can be replaced in only one direction. See the lead configuration on the side of the relay cover. Semiconductor Replacement. Transistors should not be replaced unless actually defective. If removed from their sockets during routine maintenance, return them to their original sockets. Unnecessary replacement of transistors may affect the calibration of this instrument. When transistors are replaced, check the performance of the part of the instrument which may be affected.

Replacement semiconductors should be of the original type of a direct replacement. Fig. 4-2 shows the lead configuration of the semiconductors used in this instrument. If the replacement semiconductor is not of the original type, check the manufacturer's basing diagram for proper basing.

Interconnecting Pins and Pin Socket Replacement. Two types of mating connectors are used for these interconnecting pins. If the mating connector is mounted on a plug-on circuit board, a special socket is soldered onto the board. If the mating connector is on the end of a lead, a pin connector is used to mate with the interconnecting pin. The following information provides the replacement procedure for the various types of pins and pin sockets:

### A. CIRCUIT BOARD PINS

### NOTE

A pin replacement kit including necessary tools, instructions and replacement pins is available from Tektronix, Inc. Order Part No. 040-0542-00.

To replace a pin which is mounted on a circuit board, first disconnect any pin connectors. Then, unsolder the damaged pin and pull it out of the circuit board. Observe the precautions given under Soldering Techniques to prevent damage to the circuit board. Ream out the hole in the circuit board with a 0.031inch drill. Remove the ferrule from the new interconnecting pin and press the new pin into the hole in the circuit board. Position the pin in the same manner as the old pin. Solder the pin on both sides of the circuit board. If the old pin was bent at an angle to mate with a connector, bend the new pin to match the associated pins.

### B. CIRCUIT BOARD PIN SOCKETS

The pin sockets on the circuit boards are soldered on the rear of the board. To replace one of these sockets, first unsolder the pin (use a vacuum-type desoldering tool to remove excess solder). Straighten the tabs on the socket and remove it from the board. Place the new socket in the circuit board hole and press the tabs down against the board. Solder the tabs to the circuit board. Do not allow the solder to get into the socket.

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#### NOTE

The spring tension of the pin sockets ensures a good connection between the circuit board and the pin. This spring tension can be destroyed by using the pin sockets as a connecting point for spring-loaded probe tips, alligator clips, etc.

### C. END LEAD PIN CONNECTORS

The pin connectors used to connect the wires to the interconnecting pins are clamped to the ends of the associated leads. To replace damaged end-lead pin connectors, remove the old pin connector from the end of the lead and clamp the replacement connector to the lead.

Some of the pin connectors are grouped together and mounted in a plastic holder. These connectors are referred to as multi-pin connectors and are removed and re-installed as a unit. To provide correct orientation of this multi-pin connector when it is replaced, an arrow is stamped on the circuit board and a matching arrow is molded into the plastic housing of the multi-pin connector. Align these arrows when replacing the multi-pin connector. If individual end-lead pin connectors are removed from the plastic holder, note the color of the wire for replacement.

**Circuit Board and Pushbutton Switch Replacement.** If a circuit board is damaged beyond repair, either the entire assembly including all soldered-on components, or the board only, can be replaced. Part numbers are given in the Mechanical Parts List for either the wired or unwired board.

Components which are mounted on the circuit board associated with the pushbutton switch can be replaced using the normal replacement procedures. See the information under Light-Bulb Replacement for instructions on replacing the light bulbs.

### Switch Replacement

Various types of manually-operated switches are used in the 7A13. If a switch other than an illuminated pushbutton type is damaged, it should be replaced as a unit. The illuminated pushbutton switches are attached to a circuit board assembly. The replacement of one of these switches requires replacement of the complete assembly. Refer to the Mechanical Parts List for the part number of the assembly.

A defective + or - INPUT Mode switch can usually be repaired by experienced personnel. For further information regarding the possibility of repair or replacement of these switches, contact your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

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Observe the soldering precautions given previously in this section when replacing a switch. Use the exploded view in the rear portion of this manual as a guide when removing and reassembling mechanical parts. The following replacement information is provided.

+ and - INPUT Switch. Use the following procedure when replacing the switches.

1. Remove all knobs except the release latch knob. To remove the V<sub>c</sub> REF-IDENT pushbutton knob, first loosen the POSITION knob setscrew and then pull off the POSITION knob. The V<sub>c</sub> REF-IDENT knob will slide off at the same time.

2. Remove the Gnd connector assembly using a 3/8-inch wrench.

3. Remove the V<sub>c</sub> OUT 0-10 V jack by unsoldering the cable wire lead and the capacitor connected to it. Then, use a 5/16-inch wrench to loosen the jack at the front panel location. Use a small screwdriver as a wedge to hold the rear mounting nut stationary as a jack is loosened for removal. Remove the jack.

4. Pull the release latch outward to allow removal of the front panel. Remove the front panel, the  $R_{in} \approx \infty$  indicator light lens and the VOLTS counter lens holder assembly.

### NOTE

The  $R_{in} \approx \infty$  indicator light lens and the VOLTS Counter lens holder assembly fit loosely in the sub panel. Hold the 7A13 with the front facing upward to prevent these parts from falling out while removing the front panel.

5. Remove the Attenuator electrical shield cover by removing the two screws that hold it in place.

6. Unsolder the three Attenuator wires where they attach to the front end of the Input board.

7. Unsolder the capacitors and leads where they are attached to the BNC INPUT connectors.

### NOTE

To make removal of the Attenuator board assembly easier, the .019  $\mu$ F coupling capacitors should be completely removed.

8. Make a color-code wiring sketch of the eight wires that connect to the back side of the Attenuator board. Disconnect these wires from their pin connectors.

9. Remove the screws that hold the +INPUT and -INPUT Mode switches to the front sub panel.

10. Remove the 9/16-inch nuts from the +INPUT and -INPUT BNC connectors.

11. Remove the two screws at the rear end of the Attenuator board that fasten the Attenuator board assembly to the support bracket.

12. Lift the Attenuator board assembly (includes the electrical shield fastened to the board) out of the plug-in unit.

13. Replace the defective switch by replacing the complete board with switches attached. Be sure to save parts, such as the shield and switch lamp housings, that must be transferred to the new board. Reverse the order of the above procedure to re-install the Attenuator board assembly, front panel, knobs and other parts that have been removed.

### NOTE

When replacing the Attenuator board assembly, first install the screws that hold the pushbuttons to the front sub panel. This ensures that the pushbuttons will be centered in their respective square holes to prevent rubbing or binding when they are operated.

**BW or Polarity Switches.** The procedure is as follows:

1. Perform steps 1 through 4 of the +INPUT Mode Switch replacement procedure.

2. Disconnect the multi-pin connectors from the switch circuit board.

3. Remove the front-panel screw that holds the switch and circuit board assembly.

4. Remove the switch with its circuit board.

5. Replace the switch and circuit board assembly.
6. To re-install the assembly, reverse the order of the above procedure.

**VOLTS/DIV Switch.** Use the following removal information as a guide.

1. Set the PULL VAR FOR X10 V $_{\rm c}$  Range knob to its outward position. Remove the VOLTS/DIV and VARIABLE knobs.

2. Make a color code wiring sketch of the VOLTS/DIV switch wires. Unsolder the wires.

3. Loosen the three setscrews that hold the VARIABLE control shaft couplings to the VARIABLE control plastic extension shaft. (Do not loosen the setscrew in the plastic half coupling attached to the VARIABLE control drive shaft, but do loosen the setscrew in the front half of this two-piece plastic coupling.)

4. Slide the front half of the plastic coupling forward.

5. Remove the plastic extension shaft with its couplings.

6. Loosen the four 3/16-inch nuts on the VOLTS/DIV switch that hold the rear end of the switch to the support bracket.

7. Remove the 7/16-inch front panel nut from the VOLTS/DIV switch.

8. Loosen the nuts on the PULL VAR FOR X10 Range slide switch until they are located near the end of their mounting studs. Lift the slide switch to allow removal of the slide switch coupling off the variable control metal extension shaft. Remove the slide switch coupling.

9. Loosen the setscrew in the VARIABLE control shaft collar. Slide the collar off the metal extension shaft.

10. Remove the two VARIABLE control extension shaft retaining rings located on each side of the rotary switch stop.

11. Remove the switch.

12. When replacing the switch, check that the plastic extension shaft extends about 1/16-inch into the plastic half coupling fastened to the VARIABLE control. This enables the shaft to slide smoothly into the coupling when the PULL VAR FOR X10 Range knob is pushed in.

**Light-Bulb Replacement.** To replace light bulbs in the pushbutton switches, proceed as follows:

1. Remove the applicable pushbutton switch, using the previously described procedure.

2. Remove the screw which holds the metal cover on the back of the switch to expose the light bulb.

3. Note the position of the bulb on the switch. Unsolder the defective bulb from the circuit board.

4. Install the new bulb so it is positioned in the same manner as the original bulb.

5. Solder the bulb to the circuit board. If possible, use a heat sink to protect the bulb during soldering.

6. Replace the metal cover on the switch.

7. Re-install the switch using the previously described procedure.

# Maintenance—7A13 (SN B200000-up)

# REPACKAGING FOR SHIPMENT

If the Tektronix instrument is to be shipped to a Tektronix Service Center for service or repair, attach a tag showing: owner (with address) and the name of an individual at your firm that can be contacted, complete instrument serial number and a description of the service required.

Save and re-use the package in which your instrument was shipped. If the original packaging is unfit for use or not available, repackage the instrument as follows:

 Obtain a carton of corrugated cardboard having inside dimensions of no less than six inches more than the instrument dimensions; this will allow for cushioning. Refer to the following table for carton test strength requirements.

- 2. Surround the instrument with polyethylene sheeting to protect the finish of the instrument.
- 3. Cushion the instrument on all sides by tightly packing dunnage or urethane foam between carton and instrument, allowing three inches on all sides.
- 4. Seal carton with shipping tape or industrial stapler.

### SHIPPING CARTON TEST STRENGTH

| Gross Weight (lb) | Carton Test Strength (Ib) |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| 0-10              | 200                       |
| 10-30             | 275                       |
| 30-120            | 375                       |
| 120-140           | 500                       |
| 140-160           | 600                       |

# **PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION**

## Introduction

To assure instrument accuracy, check the calibration of the 7A13 every 1000 hours or every six months if used infrequently. Before calibration, thoroughly clean and inspect this unit as outlined in the Maintenance section.

The Performance Check/Calibration Procedure can be used to check instrument performance without removing the side covers or making internal adjustments by performing everything except the ADJUST part of the steps. Screwdriver adjustments which are accessible without removing the covers are adjusted as part of the performance check procedure. Steps 1 through 7, and 12 through 16, are Calibration Procedure Only steps and therefore should be excluded when making a performance check.

Completion of each step in the complete Performance Check/Calibration Procedure ensures that this instrument meets the electrical specifications given in Section 1. For best overall instrument performance when performing a complete calibration procedure, make each adjustment to the exact setting even if the CHECK is within the allowable tolerance.

A Short-Form Procedure is given prior to the complete procedure. To facilitate instrument calibration for the experienced calibrator, the Short-Form Procedure lists the calibration adjusment necessary for each step and the applicable tolerances. This procedure also includes the step number and title as listed in the complete Performance Check/Calibration Procedure and the page number on which each step begins. Therefore, the Short-Form Procedure can be used as an index to locate a step in the complete procedure. This procedure may be reproduced and used as a permanent record of instrument calibration.

#### NOTE

All waveforms shown in this procedure were taken with a Tektronix Oscilloscope Camera System using a projected graticule. Limits, tolerances and waveforms in this procedure are given as calibration guides and should not be interpreted as instrument specifications except as stated in Section 1.

A partial calibration is often desirable after replacing a component, or to touch up an adjustment of a particular circuit between major recalibrations. For partial calibration, set the controls as given under Preliminary Procedure and start with the nearest test equipment list preceding the desired check or checks. If any controls need to be changed from the preliminary settings for this portion of the calibration procedure, they are listed under "Control Settings" near the equipment-required list. To prevent unnecessary recalibration of other parts of the instrument, readjust only if the tolerances given in the CHECK part of the step is not met. If readjustment is necessary, also check the calibration of any steps listed in the INTERACTION part of the step.

# **TEST EQUIPMENT REQUIRED**

The following test equipment and accessories, or their equivalents, are required for complete calibration of the 7A13. Specifications given for the test equipment are the minimum necessary for accurate calibration. Therefore, some of the specifications listed here may differ from the actual performance capabilities of the test equipment. All test equipment is assumed to be correctly calibrated and operating within the listed specifications. Detailed operating instructions for the test equipment are not given in this procedure. Refer to the test equipment instruction manual if more information is needed.

If only a Performance Check procedure is performed, not all of the listed test equipment will be required. Items used only for the Calibration Procedure are indicated by footnote 1. The remaining pieces of equipment are items common to both the Performance Check and the Calibration Procedure.

#### **Special Calibration Fixtures**

Special Tektronix calibration fixtures are used only where they facilitate instrument calibration. These special calibration fixtures are available from Tektronix, Inc. Order by part number through your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

#### **Calibration Equipment Alternatives**

Test equipment listed in the Examples of Applicable Test Equipment column, Table 5-1, is required to performance check and calibrate this instrument. If other equipment is substituted, control settings or calibration setups may need to be altered. If the exact item of equipment given as an example is not available, refer to the specifications column to determine if other equipment may be substituted.

# TABLE 5-1

**Test Equipment and Accessories** 

| Description                                            | Minimum Specifications                                                                                                                                                                 | Purpose                                                  | Examples of Applicable<br>Test Equipment                                                                                              |
|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <ol> <li>Calibration Oscillo-<br/>scope</li> </ol>     | Tektronix 7000-series main-<br>frame. Minimum system<br>bandwidth (Vert. and Plug-<br>in, plus mainframe):<br>100 MHz.                                                                 | Used throughout pro-<br>cedure to provide a<br>display.  | <ol> <li>Tektronix 7904</li> <li>Oscilloscope.<sup>1</sup></li> <li>Tektronix 7704A</li> <li>Oscilloscope.<sup>1</sup></li> </ol>     |
| 2. Time-Base Plug-In                                   | Tektronix 7B-series plug-in<br>unit. Fastest sweep rate:<br>0.1 µs/div.                                                                                                                | Used throughout pro-<br>cedure to provide sweep.         | Tektronix 7B50 Time Base<br>Plug-In.                                                                                                  |
| 3. Pulse Generator                                     | Risetime: 250 ps or less.<br>Amplitude: adjustable from<br>80 mV to 40 V into a 50 $\Omega$<br>load. Repetition rate; preset<br>between 500 ps and 720 ps<br>(using two charge lines). | Used for steps 17 and 23.                                | Tektronix Type 109 Pulse<br>Generator.                                                                                                |
| 4. Square-Wave<br>Generator (Calibration<br>Generator) | Repetition rate: approx-<br>imately 1 kHz; risetime:<br>approximately 0.5 $\mu$ s;<br>amplitude: 0.5 V to 12 V<br>into 50 $\Omega$ .                                                   | Used for steps 12, 17, 18,<br>19, 20, 21, 22,<br>and 23. | <ul> <li>a. Tektronix PG506 Calibration<br/>Generator.<sup>2</sup></li> <li>b. Tektronix 106 Square-<br/>Wave Generator.</li> </ul>   |
| 5. Low-Frequency<br>Sine-wave Generator                | Frequency, 30 Hz to 50 kHz;<br>output amplitude, variable<br>from 200 mV to 8 V.                                                                                                       | Low-frequency triggering checks and adjustments.         | <ul> <li>a. Tektronix FG503 Function</li> <li>Generator.<sup>2</sup></li> <li>b. General Radio 1310-B</li> <li>Oscillator.</li> </ul> |
| 6. Medium-Frequency<br>Sine-Wave Generator             | Frequency, 20 MHz to<br>100 MHz; output amplitude,<br>variable from 100 mV to<br>500 mV.                                                                                               | 100 megahertz triggering checks.                         | <ul> <li>a. Tektronix SG503 Sine-Wave Generator.<sup>2</sup></li> <li>b. Tektronix Type 191 Sine-Wave Generator.</li> </ul>           |
| 7. Precision DC<br>Voltmeter                           | Range: 100 mV to 10 V.<br>Accuracy: 0.02% or better.                                                                                                                                   | Used for steps 12 30, 31<br>and 32.                      | John Fluke Differential Volt-<br>meter, Model 825A.                                                                                   |

<sup>1</sup>Used for calibration only; NOT used for performance check. <sup>2</sup>Requires a TM500-Series Power Module. www.www.

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| Description                           | Minimum Specifications                                                                                                 | Purpose                                                                                         | Examples of Applicable<br>Test Equipment                                                          |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 8. Overdrive Recovery<br>Test Fixture | Reed switch with drive coil<br>for switching 15 volts ex-<br>ternally applied.                                         | Used for Step 36.                                                                               | Tektronix Part No.<br>067-0608-00.                                                                |
| 9. DC Voltmeter (VOM) <sup>1</sup>    | Sensitivity, less than 2 volts full scale.                                                                             | Used for steps 4, 5, 6,<br>and 7.                                                               | a. Triplett 630-NA.<br>b. Simpson 262.                                                            |
| 10. Precision DC Divider              | Attenuation: 10X and 100X.<br>Accuracy: $\pm$ 0.01%.                                                                   | Used for steps 12, 13, 14, and 15.                                                              | Tektronix Type<br>067-0503-00.                                                                    |
| 11. RC Normalizer                     | RC Time constant: 1 MΩ<br>X 20 pF.                                                                                     | Used for step 18.                                                                               | Tektronix Type<br>067-0538-00.                                                                    |
| 12. Plug-In Extender <sup>1</sup>     | Provides access to 7A13 adjustments.                                                                                   | Used throughout pro-<br>cedure to provide access<br>to internal adjustments<br>and test points. | Tektronix Part 067-0589-00<br>Calibration Fixture.                                                |
| 13. Long Charge Line<br>(60 ns)       | Length: 60 ns. Impedance<br>50 $\Omega \pm 1$ %. Cable quality,<br>approximately 1.5 dB loss<br>per 100 feet at 1 GHz. | Used for steps 17, 23, 24, 25, and 26.                                                          | Tektronix 7M11 Delay Line.                                                                        |
| 14. Short Charge Line<br>(Optional)   | Length: 3.45 ns. Impedance:<br>50 Ω. GR connector on<br>one end, other end open.                                       | Used for steps 17, 23, 24, 25, and 26.                                                          | Made from Tektronix Part No<br>017-0505-00 cut to length.<br>Approximately 14-1/8 inches<br>long. |
| 15. 5 ns Cable (2)                    | Delay: 5 ns; connectors:<br>GR; impedance: 50 Ω.                                                                       | Used for steps 17 and<br>throughout for signal<br>connection.                                   | Tektronix Part No.<br>017-0502-00.                                                                |
| 16. 42-inch Cable                     | Connector: BNC; im-<br>pedance: 50 Ω.                                                                                  | Used throughout pro-<br>cedure for signal<br>connection.                                        | Tektronix Part No.<br>012-0057-01.                                                                |
| 17. 6-inch Patch Cord                 | Connector: BNC plug and<br>jack on one end; red and<br>black banana plug and jack<br>on other end.                     | Used for steps 12, 13, 14, and 15.                                                              | Tektronix Part No.<br>012-0088-00 — RED<br>012-0089-00 — BLACK                                    |
| 18. 6-inch Patch Cord (2)             | Connector; banana plug<br>and jack on each end.                                                                        | Used for steps 12, 13, 14, and 15.                                                              | Tektronix Part No.<br>012-0023-00 — BLACK<br>012-0024-00 — RED                                    |
| 19. 5-inch Patch Cord                 | Connector: probe ground<br>lead, and a probe spring clip.                                                              | Used for steps 10 and 11.                                                                       | Tektronix Part No.<br>175-0124-01 (ground lead)<br>206-0060-00 (spring clip)                      |

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|----|------|-----|-----|-----|
|    |      |     |     |     |

<sup>1</sup>Used for calibration only; NOT used for performance check.

| Description                                     | Minimum Specifications                                             | Purpose                                                    | Examples of Applicable<br>Test Equipment                                                                    |
|-------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 20. Termination                                 | Impedance: 50 $\Omega$ ; GR to BNC male; accuracy, $\pm 2\%$ .     | Used throughout pro-<br>cedure.                            | Tektronix Part No.<br>017-0083-00.                                                                          |
| 21. 10X Attenuator (2)                          | Impedance: 50 $\Omega$ ; con-<br>nector: GR; accuracy, $\pm 2\%$ . | Used for step 17 and<br>when necessary for<br>attenuation. | Tektronix Part No.<br>017-0078-00.                                                                          |
| 22. 5X Attenuator                               | Impedance: 50 Ω; con-<br>nector: GR; accuracy, ±2%.                | Used for step 28 and<br>when necessary for<br>attenuation. | Tektronix Part No.<br>017-0079-00.                                                                          |
| 23. Adapter                                     | Connectors: GR to BNC male.                                        | Used throughout pro-<br>cedure.                            | Tektronix Part No.<br>017-0064-00.                                                                          |
| 24. Adapter                                     | Connectors: GR to BNC female.                                      | Used throughout pro-<br>cedure.                            | Tektronix Part No.<br>017-0063-00.                                                                          |
| 25. Adapter                                     | Connectors: BNC female to clip leads.                              | Used for steps 12, 13, 14, and 15.                         | Tektronix Part No.<br>013-0076-00.                                                                          |
| 26. Adapter                                     | Connectors: Dual binding post to BNC male.                         | Used for step 13.                                          | Tektronix Part No.<br>103-0035-00.                                                                          |
| 27. Flexible T Con-<br>nector                   | Connectors: BNC male.                                              | Used for steps 20, 21, and 22.                             | Tektronix Part No.<br>067-0525-01.                                                                          |
| 28. Resistor                                    | Fixed, 1 megohm 1/2 or 1/4 W 1%.                                   | Used for steps 12, 13, 14, and 15.                         | Tektronix Part No.<br>323-0481-00 (1/2 W).                                                                  |
| 29. Screwdriver                                 | Three-inch shaft, 3/32 inch bit.                                   | Used to adjust variable resistors.                         | Xcelite R3323.                                                                                              |
| 30. Low Capacitance<br>Screwdriver <sup>1</sup> | All plastic rod; 5-inches<br>long.                                 | Used to adjust variable capacitors.                        | Tektronix Part No.<br>003-0301-00.                                                                          |
| 31. Alignment Tool                              | All plastic rod; removable<br>tips.                                | Used to adjust variable capacitors.                        | Tektronix Part No.<br>003-0307-00, Handle.<br>003-0308-00, Wire Pin Insert.<br>003-0334-00, Screwdriver Tip |

# TABLE 5-1 (cont)

<sup>1</sup>Used for calibration only; NOT used for performance check.

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# INDEX AND SHORT-FORM PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

This short-form procedure is intended to be used for inspection and periodic calibration checks to confirm that the 7A13 is operating within acceptable limits. This procedure is concerned with those portions of the instrument calibration that are essential to measurement accuracy and correct operation.

The step numbers and titles used here correspond to those used in the complete procedure, and also serve as an index to locate that step.

Performance requirements that are listed after the word "Requirement" correspond to those given in Section 1. The tolerances, when given after the word "Check", are given as a guide to check the 7A13 for correct operation and are not instrument specifications.

# DC and GAIN ADJUSTMENTS

1. Check/Adjust Position Center (R335) Page 5-10 and DC Balance (R173)

CHECK—Trace positioned within  $\pm 1$  division of graticule center and no trace shift as VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) control is rotated.

 Check/Adjust Step Atten DC Bal (R288) Page 5-11 CHECK—No trace shift as VOLTS/DIV switch is switched from 10 mV to 50 mV.

3. Check/Adjust 10X DC Bal (R307) Page 5-11

CHECK—No trace shift as VARIABLE knob is pulled to its outward position.

INTERACTION—Repeat step 2.

4. Check/Adjust Position Center (R335 Page 5-11 final adjustment)

CHECK---Voltmeter reading of 0 volts between TP360 and TP460.

5. Check/Adjust Trigger DC Balance Page 5-12 (R371)

CHECK—Voltmeter reading of 0 volts between TP380 and TP480.

INTERACTION—Repeat step 4 and then step 5.

6. Check/Adjust Signal Output DC Level Page 5-12 (R360)

CHECK—Voltmeter reading of 0 volts between TP360 and chassis ground.

- 7. Check/Adjust Trigger Output DC Level Page 5-12 (R380)
  - CHECK—Voltmeter reading of 0 volts between TP380 and ground.
- 8. Check/Adjust Gain (R329 front panel) Page 5-12

REQUIREMENT---Four divisions vertical deflection at 10 mV/div with 40 mV peak-to-peak 1-kHz square-wave input.

9. Check Gate Current Page 5-12

REQUIREMENT—Trace shift should not exceed 0.2 division (0.2 mV or 0.2 nA) as the + or - INPUT Mode switch is set from GND to AC. A 50-ohm termination is connected to the input being checked. Check both inputs.

# PRELIMINARY COMPARISON VOLTAGE CHECK & THERMAL COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENT

10. Check Comparison Voltage

Page 5-14

CHECK—With 10 volts applied from the 7A13 V<sub>c</sub> OUT 0-10 V jack to the + INPUT connector trace deflection should be 5 divisions within  $\pm$ 0.5 division when the VOLTS/DIV switch is set to 2 V and the + INPUT switch is set to DC.

11. Check/Adjust Overdrive Thermal Page 5-14 Compensation (R167)

CHECK—With 10 volts applied to the 7A13 input circuit via the V<sub>c</sub> position of the + or - INPUT Mode switch the trace should return quickly (within one second or less) to graticule center within 0.5 division or less at 1 mV/div, when the appropriate INPUT Mode switch is set to GND. Check both inputs.

# INPUT RESISTANCE & DC ATTENUATION RATIO ADJUSTMENTS

12. Check/Adjust + INPUT 10X DC Page 5-16 Attenuation Ratio (R8G)

CHECK—Trace shift should not exceed  $\pm 0.3$  division. See procedure for details.

13. Check/Adjust + INPUT 1X DC Input Page 5-17 Resistance (R7)

CHECK—For a null indication within 5 mV on the voltmeter. See procedure for details.

INTERACTION-Repeat step 12.

14. Check/Adjust + INPUT 100X DC Page 5-18 Attenuation Ratio (R5E)

CHECK—Trace shift should not exceed  $\pm 0.3$  division. See procedure for details.

15. Check/Adjust - INPUT 10X Attenua- Page 5-18 tion Ratio (R28G)

CHECK—Trace shift should not exceed  $\pm 0.3$  division. See procedure for details.

16. Check/Adjust - INPUT 1X DC Input Page 5-19 Resistance (R27)

CHECK—For a null indication within 5 mV on the voltmeter. See procedure for details.

INTERACTION-Repeat step 15.

# HIGH-FREQUENCY COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENTS

17. Check/Adjust High-Frequency Page 5-20 Compensation (R196, R432, R336, R333, C187, R187, C163, C113, C150, C250, C213; both inputs)

REQUIREMENT—System risetime of 3.5 nanoseconds or less for all VOLTS/DIV switch positions. Check both inputs.

CHECK—System aberrations using Table 5-4 in the procedure as a guide. Check both inputs.

# ATTENUATOR COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENTS

18. Check/Adjust + INPUT Attenuator Page 5-26 Compensation (C14, C8A, C8B, C5A, C5B)

CHECK—Optimum square corner and flat top within  $\pm$ 1% or  $\pm$ 0.06 division for a 6-division peak-to-peak display. Refer to Table 5-5.

19. Check/Adjust – INPUT Attenuator Page 5-28 Compensation (C34, C28A, C28B, C25A, C25B)

CHECK—Optimum square corner and flat top within  $\pm$ 1% or  $\pm$ 0.06 division for a 6-division peak-to-peak display. Refer to Table 5-6.

# **COMMON-MODE ADJUSTMENTS**

20. Check/Adjust Amplifier High- Page 5-30 Frequency Common-Mode Rejection (C124, C224, C134, C234)

REQUIREMENT—With the VOLTS/DIV switch set at 1 mV, check the common mode difference signal peakto-peak amplitude using the sequence provided in the following chart.

| Sine-Wave     | Requirement           |          |
|---------------|-----------------------|----------|
| Input Signal  | P-P Display Amplitude | CMRR     |
| 1 MHz, 10 V   | 1 mV or less          | 10,000:1 |
| 10 MHz, 1 V   | 2 mV or less          | 500:1    |
| 20 MHz, 1 V   | 5 mV or less          | 200:1    |
| 100 kHz, 20 V | 1 mV or less          | 20,000:1 |

INTERACTION—Repeat step 17 and then step 20.

21. Check/Adjust Attenuator Common- Page 5-31 Mode Rejection at 100 Hz (R28G, R5E)

REQUIREMENT—With a 100 Hz 50-volt square-wave signal applied, peak-to-peak display amplitude should be 0.25 division (25 mV) or less with VOLTS/DIV switch set to .1 V; 1/8 of a minor division (25 mV) or less with VOLTS/DIV switch set to 1 V. This is equivalent to a CMRR of 2,000:1.

22. Check/Adjust Attenuator Common- Page 5-32 Mode Rejection at 10 kHz (C28A, C25A)

REQUIREMENT—With a 10 kHz 50-volt sine-wave signal applied, peak-to-peak display amplitude should be 0.25 division (25 mV) or less with VOLTS/DIV switch set to .1 V; 1/8 of a minor division (25 mV) or less with VOLTS/DIV switch set to 1 V. This is equivalent to a CMRR of 2,000:1.

# TRIGGER AND SIGNAL AMPLIFIER RESPONSE CHECKS (including a trigger gain check)

23. Check Trigger Amplifier Gain and Step Page 5-34 Response

CHECK—Using the 6-division signal amplifier waveform as a reference, the trigger waveform display should be within 15% ( $\pm 0.9$  division) of the signal waveform.

CHECK—System risetime, with the trigger amplifier connected into the system, should be about 0.1 of a nanosecond slower than the risetime obtained when the signal amplifier is connected into the system.

CHECK—System aberration, with the trigger amplifier connected into the system, should be no greater than +4%, -4%, or a total that does not exceed 6% peak to peak.

24. Check Trigger Amplifier Sine Wave Page 5-35 Response; Full and 5 MHz

CHECK---High-Frequency response should not be more than -3 dB at 100 MHz.

CHECK—Upper frequency response limit should be -3 dB at 5 MHz within 500 kHz.

25. Check Signal Amplifier High- Page 5-37 Frequency Response

REQUIREMENT---High frequency response should be not more than -3 dB at 100 MHz.

26. Check Signal Amplifier 5 MHz Page 5-37 Bandwidth Sine Wave Response

REQUIREMENT—Upper frequency response limit should be -3 dB at 5 MHz within 500 kHz.

# COMPARISON VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENTS

27. Check/Adjust +V<sub>c</sub> Zero (R696) Page 5-38

CHECK----Trace should be 1 division below midscreen.

- 28. Check/Adjust –V<sub>c</sub> Zero (R720) Page 5-38 CHECK—Trace should be 1 division above midscreen.
- 29. Check/Adjust DVM Zero (R708) Page 5-38 CHECK---Vc reading should alternate between 0.000 and 0.001.
- 30. Check/Adjust +Vc Cal (R686) Page 5-38 REQUIREMENT--Null reading at +10 volts within a tolerance of ±0.015 V.
- 31. Check/Adjust --Vc Cal (R727) Page 5-38

REQUIREMENT—Null reading at -10 volts within a tolerance of  $\pm 0.015$  V.

32. Check +V<sub>c</sub> Linearity Page 5-39

CHECK—Reading should be in the range of +4.997 to +5.003 volts; see procedure for details.

33. Check—Comparison Voltage Fine Page 5-39 Control Range

CHECK—For increased reading by at least 0.030 but no more than 0.040 volts at extreme ends of control; see procedure for details.

34. Check—V<sub>c</sub> OUT Resistance Page 5-39

# NOISE & OVERDRIVE RECOVERY CHECKS

35. Check Noise Page 5-40

REQUIREMENT---400  $\mu$ V or less at 1 mV/div tangentially measured.

36. Check Overdrive Recovery Time Page 5-41

REQUIREMENT—Trace returns to within 2 divisions (2 mV) of graticule center within a recovery time of 1 microsecond after the removal of a+10 volt or -10 volt pulse; trace returns within 1.0 division (1 mV) of graticule center within a recovery time of 0.1 millisecond. Check both inputs.

# PERFORMANCE CHECK/CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

#### General

The following procedure is arranged in a sequence which allows the 7A13 to be calibrated with the least interaction of adjustments and reconnection of equipment. Instrument performance is checked in the "CHECK" part of the step before an adjustment is made. The "ADJUST" part of the step identifies the point where the actual adjustment is made. Steps listed in the "INTERACTION" part of the step may be affected by the adjustment just performed. This information is particularly helpful when only a partial calibration procedure is performed.

## NOTE

To prevent recalibration of other parts of the instrument when performing a partial calibration, readjust only if the tolerances given in the "CHECK" part of the step are not met. However, when performing a complete calibration, best overall performance is obtained if each adjustment is made to the exact setting even if the "CHECK" is within the allowable tolerance.

In the following procedure, a test-equipment setup is given for each major group of checks and adjustments. Each step continues from the equipment setup and control settings used in the preceding step(s) unless otherwise noted. If only a partial calibration or performance check is performed, start with the test equipment setup preceding the desired portion. External controls or adjustments of the 7A13 referred to in this procedure are capitalized (e.g., POSITION). Internal adjustment names are initially capitalized only (e.g., Position Center).

All waveforms shown in this procedure are actual waveform photographs taken with a Tektronix Oscilloscope Camera System and Projected Graticule. The following procedure uses the equipment listed under Test Equipment Required. If the equipment is substituted, control settings or test equipment setup may need to be altered to meet the requirements of the equipment used. Detailed operating instructions for the test equipment are not given in this procedure. If in doubt as to the correct operation of any of the test equipment, refer to the instruction manual for that unit.

# NOTE

It is assumed that performance is checked within a temperature range of  $0^{\circ}$  C to  $+50^{\circ}$  C and calibration at  $+25^{\circ}$  C,  $\pm 5^{\circ}$  C. The tolerances given in this

procedure are for this temperature range. However, if the procedure is performed at some other temperature, check to the applicable tolerances for that temperature range.

# PRELIMINARY PROCEDURE

1. Set the 7A13  $R_{in}$  switch, S10 (see Fig. 5-1), to the  $R_{in}$  = 1 M $\Omega$  (counterclockwise) position.

2. (Performance Check only). Insert the 7A13 directly into the Left Vert plug-in compartment of the indicator oscilloscope.

3. (Calibration Procedure only). Remove the left side panel and bottom cover from the indicator oscilloscope. Remove the side covers from the 7A13. Insert the Plug-In Extender between the 7A13 and the connector in the Left Vert plug-in compartment of the indicator oscilloscope.

4. Insert the time-base unit into the B Horiz plug-in compartment of the indicator oscilloscope.

5. Connect the oscilloscope power cord to the operating voltage for which the oscilloscope is wired.



Fig. 5-1. Location of the R<sub>in</sub> switch S10 on the Attenuator board.

6. Turn on the oscilloscope Power switch. Allow at least 20 minutes warmup before checking the system to the given accuracy. Preset the various front-panel controls to the settings given in the list that follows. This list is also used as a reference for setting the controls when performing a partial Performance Check/Calibration procedure. Hence, the power and  $R_{in}$  control settings are included even though these controls have already been preset in steps 1 and 6 of this Preliminary Procedure.

#### Indicator Oscilloscope

| B Intensity Focus                                                   | Set for well-defined trace<br>and normal brightness<br>(after plug-in units are<br>installed and power is<br>turned on). |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Calibrator<br>Rate (Calibrator)<br>Vertical Mode<br>Horizontal Mode | 40 mV<br>1 kHz<br>Left<br>B                                                                                              |
| B Trigger Source<br>Power                                           | Left Vert<br>On (see Preliminary<br>Procedure, step 6)                                                                   |

Controls not listed are considered less important and can be set as desired for performing the procedure.

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### Time Base Plug-In

|                                                                                                                                          | -                                                                                                                                                         |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Triggering<br>Level/Slope<br>Mode<br>Coupling<br>Source<br>Position<br>Magnifier<br>Time/Div<br>Variable (Time/Div)<br>Display Mode      | Positive slope region<br>P-P Auto<br>AC<br>Int<br>Set so that the trace starts<br>at left side of the graticule<br>X1<br>0.5 ms<br>Pushed in<br>Time Base |
|                                                                                                                                          | 7A13                                                                                                                                                      |
| COMPARISON VOLTA<br>(V <sub>c</sub> ) Polarity<br>VOLTS Display<br>(Digits set by V <sub>c</sub><br>COARSE and FINE<br>controls)         | Pushbuttons canceled<br>0.000                                                                                                                             |
| + INPUT Mode<br>- INPUT Mode<br>VOLTS/DIV<br>VARIABLE (VOLTS/<br>DIV)<br>PULL VAR                                                        | GND<br>GND<br>10 mV<br>CAL (clockwise, in detent)                                                                                                         |
| FOR X10 V <sub>C</sub><br>FOR X10 V <sub>C</sub><br>VAR BAL<br>BW<br>POSITION<br>R <sub>in</sub> (internal switch,<br>S10, see Fig. 5-1) | Pushed in<br>Midrange<br>5 MHz<br>Midrange<br>$R_{in} = 1 M\Omega$ (see Prelimi-<br>nary Procedure, step 1)                                               |

5-9

# DC AND GAIN ADJUSTMENTS

## **Equipment Required**

- 1. Indicator oscilloscope.
- 2. Time-Base unit.
- 3. Plug-in extender.

#### NOTE (Performance Check Only)

Steps 1 through 7 are Calibration Procedure Only steps. For a performance check procedure, go to Section 2, Operating Instructions, and perform the Front Panel Adjustments procedure for the VAR BAL, STEP ATTEN BAL, and X10 BAL adjustments. Then start with step 8 (Check/Adjust Gain) in this Performance Check/Calibration procedure to continue checking the performance of the 7A13.

# 1. Check/Adjust Position Center and DC Balance

a. Check that the controls are set as given in the Preliminary Procedure.

b. Set the 7A13 X10 BAL and STEP ATTEN BAL front panel adjustments to the center of their range.

c. CHECK—For trace positioned within  $\pm 1$  division of graticule center.

d. ADJUST—If trace does not appear on the screen or within  $\pm 1$  division of graticule center, adjust the Position Center control R335 (see Fig. 5-2A) to position the trace to graticule center.

### NOTE

This is a preliminary adjustment. It is not necessary that the trace appear exactly at graticule center at this time. Final adjustment for R335 occurs in step 4. Leave the front panel POSITION control at midrange until step 7 has been completed.

e. Rotate the VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) control past the detent to its fully counterclockwise position. Note the position of the trace.

f. CHECK-For no trace shift.

- 4. DC Voltmeter (VOM).
- 5. 50 ohm Termination.
- 6. 50 ohm BNC Coaxial cable (42 inch).
- 7. Screwdriver.



Fig. 5-2. Waveform display obtained showing correct vertical gain at 1 mV/div. Sweep rate: 0.5 ms/div.

g. ADJUST—If the trace shifts as the VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) control is rotated, note the direction of the shift. Return the control to its CAL (clockwise, in detent) position. If the trace shift is up, adjust the DC Bal control R173 (see Fig. 5-2B) slightly in a counterclockwise direction until the trace positioned slightly above the location noted in step 1e. If the shift is down, adjust R173 slightly in a clockwise direction to position the trace slightly below the location noted in step 1e.

h. Repeat the procedure in this step until the trace does not shift as the VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) control is rotated back and forth throughout its range of rotation.

i. CHECK—As a final check, set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 1 mV. Repeat steps 1e through 1h until there is no trace shift.

#### NOTE

During the DC Bal adjustment R173 procedure (steps 1e through 1i), it may be necessary to readjust the Position Center control R335 to return the trace to graticule center. Do not use the POSITION control. Instead, use the Position Center control R335 for this purpose.

# 2. Check/Adjust Step Attenuator DC Balance

a. Check that the front panel STEP ATTEN BAL control is set to midrange and the VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) knob is pushed in.

b. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 10 mV.

c. Note the position of the trace.

d. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 50 mV.

e. CHECK-For no trace shift.

f. If the trace shifts, note the direction of the shift and return the VOLTS/DIV switch to the 10 mV position.

g. ADJUST—If the trace shifted up, adjust the internal Step Atten DC Bal control R288 slightly clockwise. If the trace shifted down, adjust R288 slightly counterclockwise.

h. Repeat the procedure in this step until the trace does not shift in any position of the VOLTS/DIV switch from 10 mV to 5 V.

#### NOTE

When performing step 2, it may be necessary to readjust the Position Center control R335 to center the trace on the CRT screen.

# 3. Check/Adjust 10X DC Balance

a. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 10 mV.

b. Check that the VARIABLE control is set to the CAL position. Pull the VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) knob outward to the X10  $V_{\rm C}$  position.

c. CHECK---For no trace shift as the VARIABLE knob is pulled to its outward position.

d. ADJUST—If the trace has shifted, note the direction of the shift. Push the VARIABLE knob to its inward position. If the trace shift is up, adjust the internal 10X DC Bal control R307, in a slightly counterclockwise direction. If the trace shift is down, adjust R307 slightly clockwise.

e. Repeat the procedure given in steps 3b through 3d until there is no trace shift as the VARIABLE knob is pulled out and pushed in.

INTERACTION—Repeat steps 1 through 3, as necessary, to obtain proper DC balance.

# 4. Check/Adjust Position Center (Final Adjustment)

a. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 1 mV.

b. Check that the front panel POSITION control is set to midrange.

c. Adjust the internal Position Center control R335 so that the trace coincides with the graticule centerline.

d. Connect a DC voltmeter (VOM), set to its lowest voltage range, from TP360 to TP460 (see Fig. 5-2A). These test points are connected to the 7A13 signal output.

e. CHECK—For a voltmeter reading of 0 volts.

f. ADJUST---To obtain a 0-volt reading, readjust the internal Position Center control R335. This is the final adjustment for R335.

g. Disconnect the voltmeter.

# 5. Check/Adjust Trigger DC Balance

a. Connect the DC voltmeter (VOM), set to its lowest voltage range, from TP380 to TP480 (see Fig. 5-2A). These test points are connected to the 7A13 trigger output.

b. CHECK---For a voltmeter reading of 0 volts.

c. ADJUST-To obtain a 0-volt reading, adjust the Trig DC Balance control R371 (see Fig. 5-2A).

d. Disconnect the voltmeter.

e. INTERACTION—Repeat steps 4 and 5 as often as necessary to obtain a 0-volt reading at the signal and the trigger output test points.

# 6. Check/Adjust Signal Output DC Level

a. With the DC Voltmeter (VOM) set to its lowest voltage range, connect the voltmeter from TP360 to chassis ground. TP360 (see Fig. 5-2A) is the signal output test point. For a chassis ground connection, use the GND test point (see Fig. 5-2A).

b. CHECK-For a voltmeter reading of 0 volts.

c. ADJUST-To obtain a 0-volt reading, adjust the Signal DC Level control R360 (see Fig. 5-2A).

- d. Disconnect the voltmeter.
- e. INTERACTION-Repeat step 4.

## 7. Check/Adjust Trigger Output DC Level

a. With the DC voltmeter (VOM) set to its lowest voltage range, connect the voltmeter between TP380 (trigger output test point) and ground. Use the GND test point (see Fig. 5-2A).

b. CHECK---For a voltmeter reading of 0 volts.

c. ADJUST—To obtain a 0-volt reading, adjust the Trig DC Level control R380.

- d. Disconnect the voltmeter.
- e. INTERACTION-Repeat step 5.

# 8. Check/Adjust Gain

a. Apply the 40 mV peak-to-peak square wave from the indicator oscilloscope Cal output connector through a 50-ohm coaxial cable to the 7A13 + INPUT connector.

b. Set the 7A13 controls as follows:

| + INPUT Mode | DC                 |
|--------------|--------------------|
| VOLTS/DIV    | 10 mV              |
| POSITION     | Center the display |

c. CHECK-CRT display for exactly 4 divisions of vertical deflection (see Fig. 5-3).





d. ADJUST---The front panel GAIN control (R329) for exactly 4 divisions of vertical deflection.

## NOTE

Performance Check: Since the Gain adjustment is an external control, this control may be adjusted as part of the performance check.

e. Disconnect the calibrator signal.

## 9. Check Gate Current

a. Connect a 50-ohm termination to the  $\pm$  INPUT connector.

b. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 1 mV.

c. Check that the + INPUT and - INPUT Mode switches are set to GND.

d. Using the POSITION control, position the trace to coincide with the graticule centerline.

e. Set the + INPUT switch to AC.

f. CHECK—Amount of trace deflection should not exceed 0.2 division (0.2 mV). This is equivalent to 0.2 nA or less (0.2 mV  $\div$  1 M $\Omega$  = 0.2 nA).

g. Move the 50-ohm termination from the  $\pm$  INPUT connector to the - INPUT connector.

h. Set the  $\pm$  INPUT Mode switch to GND and check that the trace is centered.

i. Set the - INPUT Mode switch to AC.

j. CHECK—Amount of trace deflection should not exceed 0.2 division.

k. Remove the 50-ohm termination.

# PRELIMINARY COMPARISON VOLTAGE CHECK & THERMAL COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENT

# **Equipment Required**

- 1. Indicator oscilloscope.
- 2. Time-Base unit.
- 3. Plug-in extender.

When performing a complete procedure, change the following control settings and proceed with step 10.

|               | 7A13  |
|---------------|-------|
| - INPUT Mode  | GND   |
| VOLTS/DIV     | 2 V   |
| VOLTS Display | 999.9 |

If the remaining controls need to be checked for proper settings or if step 10 is being used as a starting point for partially calibrating the 7A13, refer to the Preliminary Procedure.

# 10. Check Comparison Voltage

a. Connnect a dual binding post adapter to the  $\pm$  INPUT connector.

b. Connect 5-inch patch cord from the red binding post on the adapter to the  $V_{\rm C}$  OUT 0-10 V jack.

c. Using the 7A13 POSITION control, position the trace 3 divisions below graticule center.

d. Depress the  $\pm$  Polarity pushbutton and set the  $\pm$  INPUT Mode switch to DC.

e. CHECK—That the trace is deflected 5 divisions from its original position within a tolerance of  $\pm 0.5$  division.

#### NOTE

This is a quick check to be sure that 10 volts will be available for use in performing step 11. The tolerance is given as a guide to check for correct instrument operation and is not an instrument specification. 4. Dual-banana-plug to female BNC adapter.

5. 5 inch patch cord.

6. Screwdriver.

f. Set the + INPUT Mode switch to GND.

g. Disconnect the patch cord and the dual binding post adapter.

# 11. Check/Adjust Overdrive Thermal Compensation

a. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 1 mV. Check that the VOLTS Display is set to read 9.999.

b. Using the POSITION control, position the trace to coincide with the graticule centerline.

c. Set the + INPUT Mode switch to V<sub>c</sub>.

d. CHECK—Set the + INPUT Mode switch to GND and observe that the trace returns quickly (within one second or less) to graticule center within a tolerance of 0.5 mV (0.5 div) or less.

#### NOTE

The tolerances given in the CHECK and ADJUST procedures for step 11 are guides to check the instrument for correct operation and are not instrument specifications.

e. ADJUST—If tolerance is exceeded, adjust the Overdrive Thermal Compensation control R167 (see Fig. 5-4) for quickest return of trace (with minimum final trace drift) to within 0.5 mV of graticule center.

f. Depress the --Polarity pushbutton and set the + INPUT Mode switch to  $V_{\mbox{c}}.$ 

g. CHECK—Set the + INPUT Mode switch to GND and observe that the trace returns quickly (as described in step 12d) to graticule center within a tolerance of 0.5 mV or less.

h. ADJUST—If tolerance is exceeded, readjust the Overdrive Thermal Compensation control R167.

#### NOTE

It may be necessary to compromise this adjustment setting when performing steps 11b through 11h. The trace should return quickly to its original position within a tolerance of 0.5 mV or less with the Polarity pushbuttons in the + or - positions.

i. Check that the + INPUT Mode switch is set to GND.

j. CHECK—Using step 11b through 11d and steps 11f through 11g as a guide, check the – INPUT circuit of the 7A13. The trace should return quickly to graticule center within a tolerance of 0.5 mV or less as the – INPUT Mode switch is set from V<sub>c</sub> to GND for each V<sub>c</sub> Polarity switch position.



Fig. 5-4. Partial view of Input board showing adjustment location for step 11.

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# INPUT RESISTANCE & DC ATTENUATION RATIO ADJUSTMENTS

# **Equipment Required**

- 1. Indicator oscilloscope.
- 2. Time-Base unit.
- 3. Plug-in extender.
- 4. Precision DC divider.
- 5. Calibration Generator.

- 6. 42 inch 50 ohm coaxial cable.
- 7. Precision DC voltmeter.
- 8. Dual-banana-plug to female BNC adapter.
- 9. Screwdriver.
- 10. Alignment tool.
- 11. Clip lead adapter.

# NOTE

#### Performance Check Only: Go to step 17.

When performing a complete calibration procedure, change the following control settings and proceed with step 12.

| (V <sub>c</sub> ) Polarity | Pushbutton canceled |
|----------------------------|---------------------|
| - INPUT Mode               | GND                 |
| VOLTS/DIV                  | .1 V                |

If the remaining controls need to be checked for proper settings or if step 12 is being used as a starting point for partially calibrating the 7A13, refer to the Preliminary Procedure except as follows:

VOLTS Display 99.99

#### NOTE

The tolerance given in the CHECK and ADJUST procedures for steps 12 through 16 are guides to check the instrument for correct operation and are not instrument specifications.

### 12. Check/Adjust + INPUT 10X DC Attenuation Ratio

a. Test equipment setup, for this step is shown in Fig. 5-5.

b. Connect a 1-megohm 1% resistor from the Precision DC Divider Voltage Output connector to the Precision DC Divider Gnd connector.

c. Connect a 6-inch patch cord from the 7A13 + INPUT connector to the Precision DC Divider Voltage Input connector (see Fig. 5-5).



Fig. 5-5. Closeup view of the Precision DC Divider interconnections to the 7A13.

d. Connect a 6-inch patch cord form the 7A13 Gnd connector to the Precision DC Divider Gnd connector.

e. Disconnect the 7A13 brown-on-white wire located on the Output board (see Fig. 5-6). This wire disconnects the V<sub>c</sub> supply located on the Output board from the V<sub>c</sub> input circuit on the Attenuator board but does not disconnect the V<sub>c</sub> supply from the V<sub>c</sub> OUT 0-10 V jack.



Fig. 5-6. Partial view of Output board showing the V\_c input wire and the V\_c output pin connector location.

f. Connect a 6-inch patch cord from the Precision DC Divider to the pin from which the brown-on-white wire was disconnected.

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Use care when making this connection to prevent the brown-on-white wire from touching chassis ground.

g. Connect a 42-inch 50-ohm coaxial cable to the Calibration Generator AMPL OUTPUT connector. Connect a clip lead adapter to the other end of the cable. Connect the red lead from the clip lead adapter to the Precision DC Divider Voltage Input connector and connect the black lead to the Precision DC Divider Gnd connector. Set the Precision DC Divider switch to 10:1.

h. Set the Calibration Generator AMPLITUDE control to 50 V and the mode switch to STD AMPL.

### NOTE

Calibration generator must be set to a dc voltage.

i. Set the + INPUT and - INPUT Mode switches simultaneously to V<sub>c</sub>. Using the POSITION control, position the trace to graticule center.

j. CHECK—Set the + INPUT Mode switch to DC and note the trace shift. Amount of trace shift should not exceed  $\pm 0.3$  division.

#### NOTE

The input impedance of the Precision DC Divider lowers the 50 V DC calibrator output to ap-

# Performance Check/Calibration-7A13 (SN B200000-up)

proximately 18 volts. This is the voltage that is applied to the + INPUT connector. The voltage applied to the brown-on-white lead is exactly onetenth of the applied voltage at the + INPUT connector.

k. ADJUST—If trace shift exceeds  $\pm 0.3$  division, leave the + INPUT Mode switch in the DC position and adjust R8G (see Fig. 5-7) so that the trace is within the given tolerance. Recheck for no trace shift as the + INPUT switch is set from V<sub>c</sub> to DC. If necessary, readjust R8G.



Fig. 5-7. Attenuator board adjustment locations used in the DC Input Resistance and Attenuator Ratio Adjustments procedure.

I. Simultaneously set both + INPUT and - INPUT Mode switches to GND.

m. Disconnect the Precision DC Divider from the 7A13 but leave all other connections unaltered.

 Leave the brown-on-white wire to the Output board disconnected.

# 13. Check/Adjust + INPUT 1X DC Input Resistance

a. Connect the dual binding post adapter to the + INPUT connector.

b. Remove the 1 megohm 1% resistor from the Precision DC Divider. Connect the resistor between the red binding post on the adapter and the  $V_C$  OUT 0-10 V jack on the 7A13.

c. Depress the  $\pm$  Polarity pushbutton and set the  $\pm$  INPUT Mode switch to DC.

# NOTE

When performing steps 13c through 13i in this procedure, it is normal for the trace to be deflected upward off the CRT.

d. Preset the Precision DC Voltmeter range to measure approximately  $\pm 5$  volts.

e. Connect the Precision DC Voltmeter between the red (+) and the black (ground) binding posts on the adapter.

f. Set the comparison voltage knob for a voltmeter reading of  $\pm 4.500$  volts.

g. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 50 mV.

h. CHECK—For a  $\pm$ 4.500 volt indication within 5 mV on the voltmeter.

i. ADJUST—If a +4.500 volt reading is not obtained, adjust R7 (see Fig. 5-7) for a +4.500 volt indication on the Precision DC Voltmeter.

j. INTERACTION-If R7 was adjusted, repeat step 12.

k. Disconnect the voltmeter.

I. Cancel the + Polarity pushbutton and set the + INPUT Mode switch to GND.

m. Disconnect resistor and binding post adapter.

# 14. Check/Adjust + INPUT 100X DC Attenuation Ratio

a. Reconnect the Precision DC Divider in the same manner as was described in step 12. Be sure the 1 megohm
1% resistor is connected from the Precision DC Divider Voltage Output connector to Gnd.

b. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 1 V.

c. Set the Precision DC Divider switch to 100:1.

d. Simultaneously set both  $\pm$  INPUT and - INPUT Mode switches to  $V_{c}.$ 

e. Using the POSITION control, position the trace to coincide with graticule center.

f. CHECK—Set the + INPUT Mode switch to DC and note the trace shift. Amount of trace shift should not exceed  $\pm 0.3$  division.

g. ADJUST—If the tolerance is exceeded, leave the + INPUT Mode switch in the DC position and adjust R5E (see Fig. 5-7) for minimum trace shift.

# 15. Check/Adjust - INPUT 10X Attenuation Ratio

#### NOTE

No adjustment is provided for the – INPUT 100X DC attenuation ratio.

a. Simultaneously set both + INPUT and - INPUT switches to GND. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to .1 V.

b. Move the patch cord from the + INPUT connector to the - INPUT connector. Leave the other end of the patch cord connected to the Precision DC Divider Voltage Input connector.

c. Set the Precision DC Divider switch to 10:1.

d. Simultaneously set both  $\pm$  INPUT and  $\pm$  INPUT switches to  $V_c.$ 

e. Use the POSITION control to center the trace.

f. CHECK—Set the - INPUT Mode switch to DC and check that the trace shift does not exceed  $\pm 0.3$  division.

g. ADJUST—If trace shift exceeds  $\pm$ .03 division, leave the – INPUT Mode switch at DC and adjust R28G (see Fig. 5-7) for minimum trace shift.

h. Disconnect the Precision DC Divider from the 7A13 and indicator oscilloscope. Reconnect the brown-onwhite wire to the Output board.

# 16. Check/Adjust – INPUT 1X DC Input Resistance

a. Set the front panel controls as follows:

#### 7A13

- INPUT Mode GND

b. Connect the dual-binding post adapter to the -- INPUT connector.

c. Connect the 1 megohm 1% resistor between the red binding post on the adapter and the  $V_{\rm C}$  OUT 0-10 V jack on the 7A13.

d. Set the Polarity switch to  $\pm$  and the - INPUT Mode switch to DC.

### NOTE

When performing steps 16d through 16k, the trace will be deflected downward off the CRT.

e. Check that the Precision DC Voltmeter is set to measure  $\pm 5$  volts.

f. Connect the Precision DC Voltmeter between the red (+) and the black (-) binding posts on the adapter.

g. Set the comparison voltage knob for a voltmeter reading of  $\pm 4.500$  volts.

h. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 50 mV.

i. CHECK—For a  $\pm4.500$  volt indication within 5 mV on the voltmeter.

j. ADJUST—If a  $\pm 4.500$  volt reading is not obtained, adjust R27 (see Fig. 5-7) for a  $\pm 4.500$  volt indication on the Precision DC Voltmeter.

k. INTERACTION-If R27 was adjusted, repeat step 15.

I. Disconnect the voltmeter.

m. Set the 7A13 controls as follows:

(Vc) PolarityPushbuttons canceledVOLTS Display0.000- INPUT ModeGND

n. Disconnect the resistor and binding post adapter.

REV. A, APR. 1978

# **HIGH-FREQUENCY COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENTS**

| Equipment Required         | 7. 5 ns, 50 ohm coaxial cable.        |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. Indicator oscilloscope. | 8. 3.45 ns charge cable.              |
| 2. Time-Base unit.         | 9. 10X attenuator.                    |
| 3. Plug-in extender.       | 10. 50 ohm termination.               |
| 4. Pulse Generator.        | 11. Polarized viewer or viewing hood. |
| 5. Square-Wave Generator.  | 12. Screwdriver.                      |
| 6. 60 ns charge cable.     | 13. Alignment tool.                   |
|                            |                                       |

When performing a complete procedure, change the following settings and proceed with step 17.

|                                | 7A13  |
|--------------------------------|-------|
| + INPUT Mode                   | DC    |
| <ul> <li>INPUT Mode</li> </ul> | GND   |
| VOLTS/DIV                      | 10 mV |
| BW                             | FULL  |

#### **Time Base Plug-In**

Time/Div

.05 *µ*s

If the remaining controls need to be checked for proper settings or if step 17 is being used as a starting point for partially calibrating the 7A13, refer to the Preliminary Procedure. c. Connect a 3.45 ns charge line to the Type 109 50  $\Omega$  Chg Line 1 connector. Connect a 5 ns coaxial cable from the Type 109 50  $\Omega$  Chg Line 2 connector to the Type 113 Delay Cable.

d. From the Type 109 50  $\Omega$  Output connector, connect the signal through a 10X attenuator, 5-ns coaxial cable and a 50-ohm termination to the 7A13 + INPUT connector. Remove the CRT light filter and mount a polarized viewer or a viewing hood on the indicator oscilloscope bezel.

e. Use the indicator oscilloscope CRT controls, the 7A13 POSITION control, and the Type 109 Amplitude control to obtain a display 8 divisions in amplitude as shown in Fig. 5-8A.

### NOTE

Use these controls as desired to display the waveform for best viewing when performing step 17.

f. Depress the time base unit X10 Magnifier pushbutton and use the Position control to position the waveform to the location shown in Fig. 5-8B.

g. CHECK—System risetime and aberrations (+ IN-PUT): Narrow pulse amplitude should be 80% or more of the wide pulse amplitude. This is equal to 6.4 divisions peak to peak (see Fig. 5-8B) or more when the wide pulse is 8 divisions in amplitude as shown in Fig. 5-8A. This is also equivalent to a system risetime of 3.5 ns as measured between the 10% and 90% points on the rising portion of the wide pulse (see Fig. 5-8B) based on an 8-division pulse amplitude (see Fig. 5-8A).

# 17. Check/Adjust High-Frequency Compensation (both inputs)

a. Turn off the indicator oscilloscope. Remove the Plug-in Extender and insert the 7A13 directly into the indicator oscilloscope Left Vert plug-in compartment. Turn on the indicator oscilloscope.

b. Set the Type 109 Pulse Generator controls as follows:

| Amplitude      | 9   |
|----------------|-----|
| Voltage Range  | 5.0 |
| Pulse Polarity | +   |
| Power          | On  |



Fig. 5-8. Waveform examples showing correct high-frequency response derived from a square wave generator; Type 109 for (A) and (B); Type 106 for (C).

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# Performance Check/Calibration-7A13 (SN B20000-up)

Using Table 5-2 and the procedure that follows as a guide, check the system risetime and aberrations for all the VOLTS/DIV switch settings given in the table.

### TABLE 5-2

# Check Step Response Risetime & Aberrations (both inputs)

|           | VOLTS/DIV<br>Switch | Use<br>10X | Use<br>50 Ω | System<br>Rise-   | ECK<br>System<br>Aber- |
|-----------|---------------------|------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------------|
| Generator | Setting             | Atten.     | Term.       | time <sup>3</sup> | rations⁴               |
|           | 10 mV               | Х          | Х           | Х                 |                        |
|           | 5 mV                | X          | Х           | X                 |                        |
|           | 2 mV                | X          | Х           | X                 | No                     |
|           | 1 mV                | X          | Х           | X                 | Check                  |
| Туре      | 20 mV               |            | Х           | X                 |                        |
| 109       | 50 mV               |            | Х           | Х                 |                        |
| Pulse     | .1 V                |            | Х           | X                 | X                      |
| Generator | .2 V                |            | Х           | Х                 | X                      |
|           | .5 V                | Not        | Х           | X                 | Х                      |
|           | 1 V                 | Used       | Х           | X                 | X                      |
|           | 2 V                 |            | Х           | X                 | X                      |
|           | 5 V                 |            | Х           | X                 | X                      |
| Туре      | 50 mV               |            | Х           |                   | X                      |
| 106       | 20 mV               |            | Х           |                   | X                      |
| Square-   | 10 mV               |            | Х           | No                | X                      |
| Wave      | 5 mV                | X          | Х           | Check             | X                      |
| Generator | 2 mV                | Х          | Х           |                   | Х                      |
|           | 1 mV                | X          | Х           |                   | X                      |

<sup>3</sup>To meet the system risetime requirement, the narrow pulse amplitude must be 80% of the wide pulse amplitude. With an 8division peak-to-peak wide pulse displayed, the narrow pulse amplitude should be 6.4 divisions or more peak to peak.

<sup>4</sup>Amplitude of the generator output should be maintained at 8 divisions peak to peak. Then the display should by positioned downward one division when applying the signal to the + INPUT connector (as shown in Fig. 5-8C) and the Time/Div switch set to 10 ns/div to permit visual measurement of the aberrations. When the signal is applied to the - INPUT connector, the 8-division waveform should be positioned one division above the bottom of the graticule.

**Calibration Procedure Only:** When performing step 17g, check the 50 mV to 1 mV VOLTS/DIV switch settings for both inputs. If the instrument operates properly, check the remaining VOLTS/DIV switch settings. If the instrument needs recalibration, perform the high frequency adjustments as described in the remaining portion of this procedure. Then perform steps 18 through 20. Next, repeat step 17 to recheck the VOLTS/DIV switch settings for both inputs.

**Performance Check and Calibration Procedure:** When checking aberrations, use the information given in Table 5-3 and the NOTE that follows.

# NOTE

The aberration tolerance is given as a guide to check the instrument for correct operation and is not an instrument specification. The tolerance measurement excludes the thickness of the trace. Fig. 5-8C shows an example of a waveform obtained when using a Type 106 as a generator. When using the Type 109 as a generator, the tolerance measurement also excludes the sloping front corner of the waveform caused by the characteristics of the Type 113 Delay Cable used as a charge line to produce the wide pulse.

### TABLE 5-3

# Step Response Aberration Tolerances (both inputs)

| Signal<br>Applied to:                                  | VOLTS/DIV<br>Switch<br>Settings | Aberration Tolerance <sup>s</sup><br>(No greater than) |
|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| ana hanan da da ang kang kang kang kang kang kang kang | 1 mV to 5 mV                    | +4%, -4%, or a total of<br>6% peak to peak             |
| + INPUT<br>Connector                                   | 10 mV to .5 V                   | +5%, -3.0%, or a total<br>of 5% peak to peak           |
|                                                        | 1 V to 5 V                      | +10%,10%, or a total of 15% peak to peak               |
|                                                        | 1 mV to 5 mV                    | +4%, -4%, or a total of<br>6% peak to peak             |
| - INPUT<br>Connector                                   | 10 mV to .5 V                   | +3%,3%, or a total of<br>5% peak to peak               |
|                                                        | 1 V to 5 V                      | +10%, -10%, or a total<br>of 15% peak to peak          |

<sup>5</sup>This is not an instrument specification; see the NOTE in step 17g. When checking the aberrations, use a 10 ns/div sweep rate and measure the total peak-to-peak aberration in the form of overshoot, rounding, ringing, or tilt expressed as a percentage of pulse amplitude. Exclude the thickness of the trace in the measurement. (When using the Type 109 with a Type 113 as a generator, also exclude the front corner slope from the measurement). The pulse amplitude reference level is the average level in the 40 ns to 50 ns period after the 90% point of the step see Fig. 5-8C). When the checks using the Type 109 Pulse Generator as the signal source are completed, turn off the generator and disconnect if from the 7A13. To complete the checks listed in Tables 5-2 and 5-3 using the Type 106 Square-Wave Generator as the signal source, set the controls as follows:

#### **Type 106**

| Repetition Rate<br>Range       | 100 kHz        |  |  |  |
|--------------------------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| Multiplier                     | 1              |  |  |  |
| Symmetry                       | As is          |  |  |  |
| Amplitude                      | Not applicable |  |  |  |
| Hi Amplitude/Fast<br>Rise      | Fast Rise      |  |  |  |
| + Transition                   | Fully CCW      |  |  |  |
| Amplitude                      |                |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Transition</li> </ul> | Not applicable |  |  |  |
| Amplitude                      |                |  |  |  |
| Power                          | On             |  |  |  |
|                                | 7A13           |  |  |  |
| VOLTS/DIV                      | 50 mV          |  |  |  |
| VULTS/DIV                      | 50 110         |  |  |  |
|                                |                |  |  |  |
| Time Base Plug-In              |                |  |  |  |
| Magnifier                      | X1             |  |  |  |
| Time/Div                       | 5 μ <b>s</b>   |  |  |  |
|                                |                |  |  |  |

Apply the signal from the Type 106 + Output connector through a 5 ns coaxial cable and 50-ohm termination to the 7A13 + INPUT connector. Set the Type 106 + Transition Amplitude and Symmetry controls for a symmetrical waveform 8 divisions peak-to-peak in amplitude. Set the time-base unit Magnifier switch to X10 and the Time/Div switch to 0.1. Recheck the amplitude of the step waveform and reset the generator + Transition Amplitude control as necessary, to obtain 8 divisions of vertical deflection in the 40 ns to 50 ns region as described earlier (step 17g). Check aberrations for the 50 mV to 1 mV positions of the 7A13 VOLTS/DIV switch.



Fig. 5-9. Location of high-frequency adjustments on the Input board.



Fig. 5-10. Partial view of the Output board showing location of the high-frequency adjustments.

## Performance Check/Calibration-7A13 (SN B200000-up)

h. After checking the system step response and aberrations with the signal applied to the + INPUT connector, disconnect the signal from the + INPUT connector and apply it to the - INPUT connector.

i. Set the controls as follows:

7A13 GND

+ INPUT Mode - INPUT Mode

DC

Time Base Unit

Level/Slope (Triggering) Negative slope region

j. CHECK—System risetime and aberrations (- IN-PUT): Use step 17h with Tables 5-2 and 5-3 as guide to check the system step response. The waveforms will appear similar to those shown in Fig. 5-8B and 5-8C except that the waveforms will be negative-going.

k. For Performance Check Only, go to step 18.

I. ADJUST—R196, R432, R333, R336, C187, R187, C163, C113, C150, C250 and C213 (see Figs. 5-9 and 5-10) in the given order for optimum response to a square wave. C250 and C213 are mainly — INPUT adjustments. To perform the adjustments, use the information in the procedure that follows.

m. After performing steps 17a through 17j and it is determined that the 7A13 high-frequency square-wave response needs to be improved, a suggested sequence is outlined in Table 5-4. The steps that follow provide additional information based on this sequence. Read the procedure and study the table to determine, if possible, the adjustments that need to be made to restore the 7A13 to its required performance.

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n. Turn off the indicator oscilloscope. Insert the Plug-In Extender between the 7A13 and the indicator oscilloscope. Turn on the indicator oscilloscope.

o. Set the controls as follows:

# **7A13** DC

CNID

| +- | INPUT  | Mode |
|----|--------|------|
|    | INPUT  | Mode |
| V( | OLTS/D | VIV  |
| B١ | N      |      |

| / |
|---|
| z |
| - |

## Time Base Plug-In

| Level/Slope<br>(Triggering) | Positive slope region |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Magnifier                   | X1                    |
| Time/Div                    | .1 ms                 |
|                             |                       |

# **Type 106** 10 kHz

| Repetition | Rate |
|------------|------|
| Range      |      |

p. Remove the 10X attenuator and connect the 5 ns coaxial cable directly to the Type 106 + OUTPUT connector. Disconnect the Type 106 signal from the 7A13 - INPUT connector and apply it to the + INPUT connector.

q. Using Table 5-4 and Fig. 5-11 as a guide, perform the high-frequency compensation adjustments. Note that when using the table, the Plug-In Extender is used while adjusting R196, R432, R336, and R333. For all the remaining adjustments, the Plug-In Extender is removed and the 7A13 is inserted directly into the indicator oscilloscope. Use a 6-division peak-to-peak waveform amplitude during the adjustment procedure. Keep the waveform positioned about one division below the top of the graticule when using the + INPUT connector and about one division above the bottom of the graticule when using the - INPUT connector.

r. After completing the high-frequency compensation adjustments and checking that the instrument operates properly for all VOLTS/DIV switch settings from 50 mV to 1 mV, perform steps 18 through 20. Then, repeat step 17 to recheck all the VOLTS/DIV switch settings.

s. Disconnect the signal from the 7A13 and leave the generator turned on.



(A) Waveform example showing correct high-frequency response to a 10-kHz square wave at a sweep rate of 50  $\mu$ s/div.



(B) R196 is misadjusted to show its effect on the 10-kHz waveform. Sweep rate is 50  $\mu$ s/div.



Fig. 5-11. Waveform examples obtained when performing the high-frequency adjustment procedure.

# TABLE 5-4

### **High-Frequency Compensation Adjustment Sequence**

| Type 106<br>Repetition<br>Rate | Signal<br>Applied<br>to: | Time Base<br>Sweep<br>Rate               | Adjust-<br>ment      | Approximate<br>Time<br>Domain <sup>6</sup> | Procedure                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10 kHz                         | + INPUT<br>Connector     | .1 ms/div                                | R196 <sup>7</sup>    | 50 μs                                      | Turn off the oscilloscope. Insert the Plug-In Ex-<br>tender between the 7A13 and indicator oscilloscope<br>Turn on the indicator oscilloscope. Set the VOLTS/<br>DIV switch to 10 mV and the BW switch to 5 MHz.<br>Adjust for best flat top. Reset BW switch to<br>FULL for remaining adjustments. |
| 100 kHz                        |                          | .5 <i>µ</i> s/div                        | R432                 | 100 ns                                     | Adjust for optimum square corner. (Ignore fast<br>spike, if any, that may remain on the top<br>front corner.)                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                                |                          | .5 μs/div<br>or<br>1 μs/div<br>50 ns/div | R336<br>R432<br>R333 | 50 ns                                      | Adjust for optimum square corner.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                                |                          | 5 ns/div<br>or<br>10 ns/div              | C187                 | 5 ns to<br>10 ns                           | Turn off indicator oscilloscope. Remove the Plug-In<br>Extender and insert the 7A13 directly into the<br>indicator oscilloscope. Replace Type 106 with Type                                                                                                                                         |
|                                |                          |                                          | R187<br>C163         | 2 ns to 7 ns<br>2 ns                       | 109 as a signal source. Turn on indicator oscillo-<br>scope. Adjust for optimum square corner. Leave the                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                                |                          |                                          | C113<br>C150         | 2 ns to 4 ns<br>1 ns to 3 ns               | 7A13 inserted directly in the indicator oscilloscope<br>for the remaining adjustments. Adjust for minimum<br>ripple near front corner. Adjust for optimum square<br>corner. Adjust in equal increments to maintain C150                                                                             |
|                                |                          |                                          | C250                 | 1 ns to 3 ns                               | and C250 at or nearly the same physical positions.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                                | - INPUT                  | 10 ns/div                                | C213                 | 2 ns to 6 ns                               | Repeat steps 17h and 17i. Adjust for optimum                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                                | Connector                |                                          | C250                 | 1 ns to 5 ns                               | square corner.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                                | + INPUT<br>Connector     | 5 ns/div                                 | C150<br>C113<br>C163 | same as given<br>previously                | Repeat applicable portions of step 170. Readjust for optimum square corner.                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                                | - INPUT<br>Connector     | 5 ns/div                                 | C213<br>C250         | Same as given<br>previously                | Repeat steps 17h and 17i. Readjust for optimum square corner.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                                | + INPUT<br>Connector     | 5 ns/div                                 | C163<br>C113<br>C150 | Same as given<br>previously                | Repeat applicable portions of step 170. Readjust<br>for optimum square corner. Set 7A13 for 1 mV and<br>readjust for optimum square corner. Repeat steps<br>17g through 17j. If a bump is present in the 5 ns<br>to 10 ns region, perform step 20.                                                  |
|                                |                          |                                          | C187                 | Same as given previously                   | After performing step 20, C187 may need to be readjusted. Repeat steps 17g through 17j.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |

<sup>6</sup>The 90% point on the rising portion of the waveform (see Fig. 5-11C for location) is the time reference used to determine the time domain or area affected by the adjustment. For example, with the sweep rate set at 5 ns/div, adjustment of C187 will affect the 5 ns to 10 ns area near the top front corner of the waveform when measured with respect to the 90% point on the rising portion of the waveform.

<sup>7</sup>If R196 is adjusted, repeat step 3.

.....

# ATTENUATOR COMPENSATION ADJUSTMENTS

| Equipment Required             | 5. 10X attenuator.            |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Indicator oscilloscope.     | 6. GR to BNC adapter.         |
| 2. Time-Base unit.             | 7. 20 pF Input RC Normalizer. |
| 3. Square-Wave Generator.      | 8. 50 ohm termination.        |
| 4. 5 ns, 50 ohm coaxial cable. | 9. Alignment tool.            |

When performing a complete procedure, change the following control settings and proceed with step 18.

# 7A13

| + INPUT Mode<br>INPUT Mode<br>VOLTS/DIV<br>BW | DC<br>GND<br>10 mV<br>5 MHz | d. Set the Type 106 Symmetry control for a symmetrical waveshape and, if necessary, reset the Multiplier control to obtain the 1 kHz output repetition rate. |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

## e. CHECK-The waveform should have a flat top similar to the illustration shown in Fig. 5-12A. Aberrations should not exceed $\pm 1\%$ or $\pm 0.06$ division for a 6-division peak-to-peak display.

c. Set the Type 106 Amplitude control to produce a display 6 divisions in amplitude. Use the 7A13 POSITION

control to center the display.

Using Table 5-5 as a guide, check the waveform for a flat top and square front top corner in the 10 mV to 5 V positions of the VOLTS/DIV switch. Use a 6 division display amplitude for each switch position.

#### NOTE

The aberration tolerance described in this step is given as a guide to correct instrument operation and is not an instrument specification.

f. ADJUST-The + INPUT shunt capacitance and the attenuator adjustments listed in Table 5-5 for optimum square corner and flat top (see Fig. 5-12A). Readjust the generator output with each setting of the VOLTS/DIV switch to obtain 6 divisions of deflection. Remove the 10X attenuator and the 50-ohm termination when necessary to obtain more signal drive. In the 2 V/DIV position, replace the 50-ohm termination with a GR-to-BNC adapter.

Fig. 5-12B through 5-12E are some waveform examples obtained when the adjustments were misadjusted. Fig. 5-13 shows the location of the adjustments.

| W                          | 5 MHz             |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
|                            | Time-Base Plug-In |
| evel/Slope<br>(Triggering) | Positive slope    |

| Positive slope region |
|-----------------------|
|                       |
| 0.5 ms                |
| X1                    |
|                       |

If the remaining controls need to be checked for proper settings or if step 18 is being used as a starting point for partially calibrating the 7A13, refer to the Preliminary Procedure.

# 18. Check/Adjust + INPUT Attenuator Compensation

a. Set the Type 106 Square-Wave Generator controls to the following positions:

| Repetition Rate           | 1 kHz          |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| Range                     |                |
| Multiplier                | 1              |
| Symmetry                  | Midrange       |
| Amplitude                 | Fully CCW      |
| Hi Amplitude/Fast<br>Rise | Hi Amplitude   |
| Fast Rise controls        | Not applicable |

b. Apply the 1 kHz signal from the Type 106 high amplitude Output connector through a 10X attenuator, 5ns coaxial cable, 50-ohm in-line termination and a 20-pF input RC normalizer to the 7A13 + INPUT connector.



Fig. 5-12. Examples of waveforms obtained when performing step 18. Sweep rate is 0.5 ms/div.

| VOLTS/DIV<br>Switch Setting | Use 10X<br>Atten. |      |                          | Use RC<br>Norm. | Adjust for Optimum             |          |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------|--------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|----------|
|                             |                   |      | Use GR-to-BNC<br>Adapter |                 | Top Front<br>Corner Squareness | Flat Top |
| 10 mV                       | X                 | X    | Not<br>Used              | Х               |                                | C14      |
| 20 mV                       | X                 | X    |                          | Х               | No Adjustment                  | Check    |
| 50 mV                       | X                 | Х    |                          | Х               |                                | Check    |
| .1 V                        |                   | x    |                          | Х               | C8A                            | C8B      |
| .2 V                        |                   |      |                          | Х               | Check                          | Check    |
| .5 V                        | Not               | X    |                          | Х               | Check                          | Check    |
| 1 V                         | Used              | Х    |                          | Х               | C5A                            | C5B      |
| 2 V                         |                   | Not  | X                        | Х               | Check                          | Check    |
| 5 V                         | 1                 | Used | X                        | Х               | Check                          | Check    |

|   |       | TABLE 5-   | -5          |
|---|-------|------------|-------------|
| + | INPUT | Attenuator | Adjustments |



Fig. 5-13. Adjustment locations used in the Attenuator Compensation Adjustment procedure.

# 19. Check/Adjust – INPUT Attenuator Compensation

a. Set the Type 106 Amplitude control for minimum output.

If the waveform aberrations exceed the  $\pm 1\%$  tolerance requirement when performing the "Check" portion of the table, it may be necessary to compromise the adjustment(s) that precede the Check. For example, to minimize the top front corner aberration in the .5 V position, slightly readjust C8A; then recheck the .2 V and .1 V switch positions to determine if the tolerance is within the specified requirement. When adjusting C8A and C5A, the time-base can be set for a sweep rate of 0.2 ms/div.

 b. Disconnect the 20-pF input RC normalizer from the + INPUT connector and connect it to the - INPUT connector.

c. Insert the 50-ohm termination in place of the GR-to-BNC adapter. Reconnect the 10X attenuator between the coaxial cable and Type 106 Output connector.

d. Set the 7A13 controls as follows:

| + INPUT Mode | GND   |
|--------------|-------|
| - INPUT Mode | DC    |
| VOLTS/DIV    | 10 mV |

e. Check that the time base plug-in unit Time/Div switch is set to .5 ms.

f. Set the Type 106 Amplitude control to obtain a display 6 divisions in amplitude.

g. Set the time base plug-in unit Level/Slope control in the negative slope region.

h. CHECK—The waveform should have a flat bottom as illustrated in Fig. 5-14. Aberrations should not exceed  $\pm$ 1% or  $\pm$ 0.06 division for a 6 division peak-to-peak display.

Using Table 5-6 as a guide, check the waveform for a flat bottom and square front bottom corner in the 10 mV to 5 V positions of the VOLTS/DIV switch. Use a 6 division display amplitude for each switch position.

|           | TABLE 5-6              |
|-----------|------------------------|
| <br>ΙΝΡυτ | Attenuator Adjustments |

| VOLTS/DIV<br>Switch Setting | Use 10X<br>Atten. | Use 50 Ω<br>Term. | Use GR-to-BNC<br>Adapter | Use RC<br>Norm. | Adjust for Optimum                |                |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|
|                             |                   |                   |                          |                 | Bottom Front<br>Corner Squareness | Flat<br>Bottom |
| 10 mV                       | X                 | Х                 |                          | X               |                                   | C34            |
| 20 mV                       | X                 | Х                 |                          | X               | No adjustment                     | Check          |
| 50 mV                       | X                 | Х                 | Not                      | X               | -                                 | Check          |
| .1 V                        |                   | X                 | Used                     | X               | C28A                              | C28B           |
| .2 V                        | 1                 | X                 |                          | X               | Check                             | Check          |
| .5 V                        | Not               | X                 | ~                        | X               | Check                             | Check          |
| 1 V                         | Used              | X                 |                          | X               | C25A                              | C25B           |
| 2 V                         |                   | Not               | X                        | X               | Check                             | Check          |
| 5 V                         |                   | Used              | X                        | X               | Check                             | Check          |

# NOTE

The aberration tolerance described in this step is given as a guide to correct instrument operation and is not an instrument specification.

i. ADJUST--The - INPUT shunt capacitance C34 and the atttenuator adjustments listed in Table 5-6 for a square lower front corner and flat bottom (see Fig. 5-14). The procedure used here is similar to the procedure used in performing step 18. Fig. 5-13 shows the locations of the adjustments.

j. Disconnect the signal from the - INPUT connector and turn off the generator.



Fig. 5-14. Checking for optimum – INPUT waveform at sweep rate of 0.5 ms/div.

# **COMMON MODE REJECTION ADJUSTMENTS**

| Equipment Required                       | 6. 42 inch, 50 ohm coaxial cable. |
|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Indicator oscilloscope.               | 7. 5 ns, 50 ohm coaxial cable.    |
| 2. Time-Base unit.                       | 8. GR to BNC adapter.             |
| 3. Square-Wave Generator.                | 9. Flexible T connector.          |
| 4. Medium-Frequency Sine-Wave Generator. | 10. Screwdriver.                  |
| 5. Low-Frequency Sine-Wave Generator.    | 11. Alignment tool.               |

When performing a complete procedure, change the following control settings and proceed with step 20.

7A13

| + INPUT Mode | DC   |
|--------------|------|
| - INPUT Mode | GND  |
| VOLTS/DIV    | 2 V  |
| BW           | FULL |

#### **Time Base Plug-In**

| Level/Slope  | Positive slope region |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| (Triggering) |                       |
| Time/Div     | .5 μs                 |

If the remaining controls need to be checked for proper settings or if step 20 is being used as a starting point for partially calibrating the 7A13, refer to the Preliminary Procedure.

# 20. Check/Adjust Amplifier High-Frequency Common Mode Rejection

a. Set the Medium-Frequency Sine-Wave Generator (Type 191) controls as follows:

| Frequency dial  | 1 MHz     |
|-----------------|-----------|
| Frequency Range | .751.6    |
| Amplitude       | 50        |
| Variable        | Cal       |
| Amplitude Range | .5 to 5 V |
| Power           | On        |

b. Connect the 1-MHz signal from the Type 191 Output connector through a 5 ns coaxial cable and GR-to-BNC adapter to the flexible T connector.

c. Use the positioning controls to position the display for best viewing.

d. Set the Type 191 Variable control to obtain a display 5 divisions peak to peak in amplitude. This indicates that a 10-volt signal is applied to the 7A13.

e. Set the controls as follows:

|              | 7A13 |
|--------------|------|
| - INPUT Mode | DC   |
| VOLTS/DIV    | 1 mV |

#### **Time Base Plug-In**

Time/Div .5 μs

f. CHECK—One division or less display amplitude. This is equivalent to a CMRR of 10,000:1 or greater. Measure the peak to peak excursion, excluding the trace thickness, as shown in Fig. 5-15.

g. ADJUST---C124 and C224 (see Fig. 5-16) to reduce the display amplitude.

h. CHECK—Using Table 5-7 as a guide, check the peak-to-peak display amplitude at the given frequencies.



Fig. 5-15. Measuring the peak-to-peak amplitude of a common mode difference signal. Vertical deflection factor: 1 mV/div; sweep rate, 0.5  $\mu$ s/div.

| TA | BL | E | 5-7 |  |
|----|----|---|-----|--|
|    |    |   | • • |  |

**Common Mode Rejection Checks** 

|                                     | Gene      | rator     |           |          | diffuse The   |          |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|---------------|----------|
| Generator                           | Frequency | Amplitude | VOLTS/DIV | Time/Div | Amplitude     | CMRR     |
| Туре                                | 10 MHz    | 1 V       | 2 mV      | .05 µs   | 2 div or less | 500:1    |
| 191                                 | 20 MHz    | 1 V       | 5 mV      | .05 µs   | 4 div or less | 200:1    |
| Low-Freq.<br>Sine-Wave<br>Generator | 100 kHz   | 20 V      | 1 mV      | 5 µs     | 1 div or less | 20,000:1 |



Fig. 5-16. Location of adjustments on the Input board for the Common Mode Rejection Adjustments procedure.

#### NOTE

Because the output of the Type 191 is unterminated, the output amplitude is approximately two times the amplitude indicated by the front panel controls. Check the amplitude of the signal applied to the 7A13 before each CMRR measurement.

i. ADJUST—If peak-to-peak display amplitude exceeds the amount given in the table for any frequency, offset C134 or C234 slightly by turning the slug a turn or two; then, repeat parts a through h of this step. If the minimum amplitude thus obtained is not less than the amplitude obtained before C134 or C234 were offset, turn C134 or C234 slug in the opposite direction.

j. Readjust R167 slightly for minimum amplitude. Repeat parts a through h of this step.

k. INTERACTION—The procedure and all adjustments given in step 20 may need to be readjusted several times to obtain the best compromise between the display amplitude obtained using the 1-MHz signal, and the one obtained using the 20-MHz signal. I. Disconnect the signal from the flexible T connector.

m. INTERACTION—Repeat step 17 and then step 20 as often as necessary to meet the performance requirements.

# 21. Check/Adjust Attenuator Common Mode Rejection at 100 Hz

a. Set the controls as follows:

|                            | 7A13  |
|----------------------------|-------|
| + INPUT Mode               | GND   |
| - INPUT Mode               | GND   |
| VOLTS/DIV                  | 2 V   |
| (V <sub>c</sub> ) Polarity |       |
| VOLTS Display              | 050.0 |
| BW                         | 5 MHz |

# Time Base Plug-In 5 ms

Time/Div

|                           | Type 106       |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| Repetition Rate<br>Range  | 100 Hz         |
| Multiplier                | 1              |
| Symmetry                  | Midrange       |
| Amplitude                 | CCW            |
| Hi Amplitude/Fast<br>Rise | Hi Amplitude   |
| Fast Rise controls        | Not applicable |
| Power                     | On             |

b. Apply the 100-Hz signal from the Type 106 Output connector through a 5 ns coaxial cable and a GR-to-BNC adapter to the flexible T connector attached to the 7A13.

c. Using the 7A13 POSITION control, position the trace to graticule center.

d. Simultaneously set the + INPUT Mode switch to DC and the - INPUT Mode switch to  $V_{\rm C}$ 

e. Set the Type 106 Amplitude control to position the bottom of the square waves to coincide with the graticule center. At this point in the procedure, the Type 106 generator is set for a -50 volts to 0 volt peak amplitude square-wave output signal.

#### NOTE

To check that the signal is set to the proper amplitude, press the  $V_c$  REF-IDENT button and check that the trace is positioned to graticule center. Release the Vc REF-IDENT button. Readjust, if necessary, the generator Amplitude control to position the bottom of the square waves to coincide with graticule center.

f. Set the controls as follows:

## 7A13

| - INPUT Mode | DC   |
|--------------|------|
| VOLTS/DIV    | .1 V |

#### Time Base Plug-In

v

Time/Div

2 ms

g. CHECK-For a 0.25 division (25 mV) or less display amplitude when comparing the flat top and bottom portions of the common mode difference signal. This is equivalent to a CMRR of 2,000:1 or greater. Ignore the spikes on the leading portions of the square wave.

h. ADJUST-R28B (see Fig. 5-7) for minimum square wave display amplitude when comparing the flat portions of the signal.

i. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 1 V.

j. CHECK-For 1/8 of a minor division (25 mV) or less display amplitude when comparing the flat top and bottom portions of the square wave. This is equivalent to a CMRR of 2,000:1 or greater.

## NOTE

One-eighth minor division (about 1/2 trace widt)) is difficult to measure. However, measure the amplitude as closely as possible to determine whether or not the requirement is met.

Calibration Procedure Only: If there is some doubt, slight adjustment of R5E (part k of this step) reduces the amplitude to a straight line so that the 7A13 will have a CMRR of 2,000:1 or greater.

k. ADJUST-R5E (see Fig. 5-7) for minimum square wave display amplitude when comparing the flat portions of the signal.

I. Disconnect the signal from the flexible T connector and turn off the generator.

# 22. Check/Adjust Attenuator Common Mode **Rejection at 10 kHz**

a. Set the controls as follows:

|               | 7A13  |
|---------------|-------|
| + INPUT Mode  | GND   |
| - INPUT Mode  | GND   |
| VOLTS/DIV     | 2 V   |
| VOLTS Display | 025.0 |

Time/Div

# **Time Base Plug-In** .5 ms

\_ . . .

# Low-Frequency Sine-Wave Generator

| Frequency switch | 2 kHz-20 kHz |
|------------------|--------------|
| Frequency dial   | 10           |
| Level control    | As is        |

b. Apply the 10 kHz signal from the low frequency sine-wave generator Output connector through a 42-inch 50-ohm coaxial cable to the flexible T connector attached to the 7A13.

c. Using the 7A13 POSITION control, position the trace to graticule center.

d. Simultaneously set the + INPUT Mode switch to DC and the - INPUT Mode switch to V<sub>c</sub>.

e. Set the generator Level control so that the bottom tips of the sine waves coincide with graticule center. At this point in the procedure, the generator is set for a 50volt peak-to-peak output signal.

### NOTE

To check that the signal is set to the proper amplitude, press the  $V_c$  REF-IDENT button and check that the trace is positioned to graticule center.

Release the Vc REF-IDENT button. Readjust, if necessary, the generator Level control to position the sine wave tips to coincide with graticule center. f. Set the controls as follows:

7A13

- INPUT Mode DC VOLTS/DIV .1 V

Time/Div

# Time Base Plug-In

.2 ms

g. CHECK—For 0.25 division (25 mV) or less display amplitude. This is equivalent to a CMRR of 2,000:1 or greater.

h. ADJUST---C28A (see Fig. 5-7) slightly for minimum display amplitude.

i. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 1 V.

# Performance Check/Calibration-7A13 (SN B200000-up)

j. CHECK—For 1/8 of a minor division (25 mV) or less display amplitude. This is equivalent to a CMRR of 2,000:1 or greater.

# NOTE

Measure the amplitude as closely as possible. Exclude the thickness of the trace when making the measurement. Calibration Procedure Only: If there is doubt whether or not the display amplitude meets the requirement, slight adjustment of C25A (part k of this step) causes a noticeable effect on the display and it is easy to observe when the minimum amplitude point is reached.

k. ADJUST--C25A (see Fig. 5-7) slightly for minimum display amplitude.

I. Disconnect the signal and turn off the generator. Remove the flexible T connector from the 7A13.

# TRIGGER AND SIGNAL AMPLIFIER RESPONSE CHECKS (including a trigger gain check)

| Equipment Required         | 6. Sine-Wave Generator (Med. Freq.).  |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. Indicator oscilloscope. | 7. 5 ns, 50 ohm coaxial cable. (2)    |
| 2. Time-Base unit.         | 8. 3.45 ns charge cable.              |
| 3. Plug-in extender.       | 9. 10X attenuator.                    |
| 4. Pulse Generator.        | 10. 50 ohm termination.               |
| 5. Square-Wave Generator.  | 11. Polarized Viewer or Viewing hood. |

When performing a complete procedure, change the following control settings and proceed with step 23.

7412

| 7415                 |
|----------------------|
| GND                  |
| 10 mV                |
| 0.000                |
| Pushbuttons canceled |
| FULL                 |
|                      |

#### **Time Base Plug-In**

Time/Div

.05 µs

If the remaining controls need to be checked for proper settings or if step 23 is being used as starting point for partially calibrating the 7A13, refer to the Preliminary Procedure except as follows:

#### 7A13

+ INPUT Mode DC

## 23. Check Trigger Amplifier Gain and Step Response

a. Insert the Plug-In Extender between the 7A13 and the indicator oscilloscope Left Vert plug-in connector.

b. Repeat steps 17b through 17h except that the generator should be set to obtain a 6-division peak-to-peak display amplitude.

c. Note the amplitude of the narrow pulse or check the risetime by measuring the time interval between the 10% and 90% amplitude points on the rising portion of the wide pulse waveform.

d. Partially remove the Plug-In Extender (with 7A13 attached). Interchange the signal and trigger coaxial cables on the Plug-In Extender. Fig. 5-17 shows the locations of the coaxial cables on the right side of the Plug-In Extender. The cables on the left side of the extender are in similar locations. (After interchanging the cables, the signal from pins A11 and B11 on the 7A13 Output board connector will be applied via the coaxial cables to the trigger from pins A13 and B13 on the Output board will not be applied via the coaxial cables to the signal connectors on each side of the Plug-In Extender. The trigger from pins A13 and B13 on the Output board will not be applied via the coaxial cables to the signal connectors on each side of the Plug-In Extender.)

e. Re-insert the Plug-In Extender (with 7A13 attached) into the indicator oscilloscope.



Fig. 5-17. Right side view of the Plug-In-Extender showing the location of the signal and trigger connectors with their associated coaxial cables. Left side view (not shown) is the same.
#### Performance Check/Calibration—7A13 (SN B20000-up)

f. Calibration Procedure Only: Check the trigger amplitude to signal amplitude gain matching by measuring the amplitude of the wide pulse trigger wavefrom. The amplitude of the wide pulse should be within 15% ( $\pm 0.9$ division) of the 6-division signal amplitude used as a reference in step 23c.

#### NOTE

This 15% gain matching tolerance is given as a guide to check the instrument for correct operation and is not an instrument specification. There are other ways to check trigger gain if it is desired to perform this check out of sequence using another signal source. For example, use the indicator oscilloscope 4 mV calibrator as a reference signal and perform the check after step 8.

g. Set the generator output amplitude to obtain a 6division peak-to-peak wide pulse display amplitude.

h. CHECK-System risetime using the trigger. The measurement is performed as follows: Using a wide pulse amplitude of 6 divisions as a reference, the narrow pulse amplitude should be 0.4 division (or less) lower in amplitude than the amplitude of the pulse noted in step 23c. For example, if step 23c pulse amplitude is 4.9 divisions, the trigger pulse amplitude should be 4.5 divisions or more in amplitude. The risetime of the wide pulse, measured from the 10% to the 90% points, should be about 0.1 ns slower (or less) for the trigger waveform as compared to the signal waveform. For example, if the signal waveform had a risetime of 3.5 ns, the risetime of the trigger waveform should be 3.6 ns or less.

#### NOTE

The risetime measurements are given as a guide to check the instrument for correct operation and is not an instrument specification.

i. Return the signal and trigger coaxial cables on the Plug-In Extender to their original connections.

j. Set the Type 106 controls to the settings given in step 17g and use step 17g as a guide for applying the signal to the 7A13. Leave the VOLTS/DIV switch at 10 mV.

k. Check that the display is 6 divisions peak to peak in amplitude in the 40 ns to 50 ns region when using a sweep rate of 10 ns/div.

I. Position the display 2 divisions below the top of the graticule and measure the total peak-to-peak aberration in

the form of overshoot, rounding, ringing, or tilt, expressed as a percentage of square-wave amplitude. Exclude the thickness of the trace in the measurement. Use this information as a guide to check the trigger aberrations in the procedure that follows.

m. Interchange the signal and trigger coaxial cables on the Plug-In Extender to permit viewing the trigger.

 Reset the generator to obtain a 6-division display amplitude.

o. CHECK-System aberration using the trigger. Measure the total peak-to-peak aberration in the form of overshoot, rounding, ringing, or tilt, expressed as a percentage of square-wave amplitude.

The trigger waveform should appear very similar to the signal waveform noted in step 23m. The peak-to-peak aberration should be no greater than +4%, -4%, or a total that does not exceed 6% peak-to-peak.

#### NOTE

The aberration tolerance is given as a guide to check the instrument for correct operation and is not an instrument specification.

p. Disconnect the signal and turn off the Type 106 generator.

#### 24. Check Trigger Amplifer Sine Wave Response

a. Set the controls as follows:

|           | Time Base Plug-In |
|-----------|-------------------|
| Magnifier | X1                |
| Time/Div  | 50 μs             |

b. Apply a 3-MHz sine-wave signal from the generator through a 10X attenuator and 50-ohm termination to the 7A13 + INPUT connector.

#### Performance Check/Calibration-7A13 (SN B20000-up)

c. Adjust the generator Variable (Amplitude) control to obtain a display 8 divisions in amplitude. This is the reference amplitude (see Fig. 5-18A).

d. Set the generator Frequency Range switch to 100-250.

e. Without changing the generator output amplitude, change the output frequency until the vertical deflection of the display is reduced to 5.66 divisions (see Fig. 5-18B). This is the 30% down voltage point that is equivalent to the -3 dB point.

f. CHECK-Output frequency should be 100 MHz or higher.



Fig. 5-18. CRT display obtained when checking high-frequency upper-limit sine-wave response. Sweep rate is 50 µs/div.

#### NOTE

This upper limit bandwidth check is given as a guide to check the instrument for correct operation and is not an instrument specification.

g. Disconnect the generator signal, 10X attenuator, and 50-ohm termination from the 7A13.

h. Apply a signal from the Type 191 to the 7A13 + INPUT connector through a 5 ns coaxial cable and 50ohm termination.

Time Base Plug-In

i. Set the controls as follows:

|           | 7A13  |
|-----------|-------|
| VOLTS/DIV | 10 mV |
| BW        | 5 MHz |

| Time/Div        | .5 ms       |
|-----------------|-------------|
|                 | Type 191    |
| Frequency dial  | 3.6 MHz     |
| Frequency Range | 50 kHz only |
| Amplitude       | 5           |
| Variable        | Cal         |
| Amplitude Range | 50-500 mV   |
| Power           | On          |
|                 |             |

j. Set the Type 191 Variable control to obtain a display 8 divisions peak to peak in amplitude. Use the positioning controls to position the display for best viewing.

k. Set the Type 191 Frequency Range switch to 3.6-8.

I. Slowly increase the Type 191 frequency until the display amplitude is 5.66 divisions.

m. CHECK-The setting of the Type 191 Frequency dial. The frequency should be between 4.5 MHz and 5.5 MHz.

n. Disconnect the signal from the 7A13.

o. Remove the Plug-In Extender and insert the 7A13 directly into the Left Vert plug-in compartment of the indicator oscilloscope.

p. Interchange the coaxial cables on the Plug-In Extender to return the cables to their respective connectors. The Plug-In Extender will not be needed for the remaining steps.

#### Performance Check/Calibration-7A13 (SN B20000-up)

#### 25. Check Signal Amplifier High-Frequency Sine-Wave Response

a. Set the 7A13 BW switch to FULL.

b. Set the Time-Base Plug-in controls as in step 24a.

c. Apply a 3 MHz sine-wave signal from the generator through a 10X attenuator and 50 ohm termination to the 7A13 + INPUT connector.

d. Set the generator Variable (Amplitude) control to obtain a display 8 divisions in amplitude.

e. Set the generator Frequency Range switch to 100-250.

f. Without changing the generator output amplitude, change the output frequency until the vertical deflection of the display is reduced to 5.66 divisions.

g. CHECK—Output frequency should be 100 MHz or higher.

h. Disconnect the signal and turn off the generator.

#### 26. Check Signal Amplifier 5 MHz Bandwidth Sine-Wave Response

a. Set the controls as follows:

**7A13** VOLTS/DIV 10 mV BW 5 MHz

#### **Time Base Plug-In**

Time/Div .5 ms

Type 191Frequency dial3.6 MHzFrequency Range50 kHz OnlyAmplitude5VariableCalAmplitude Range50-500 mVPowerOn

b. Apply the generator signal through a 5 ns coaxial cable and 50 ohm termination to the 7A13  $\pm$  INPUT connector.

c. Set the Type 191 Variable control to obtain a display 8 divisions peak to peak in amplitude. Use the positioning controls to position the display for best viewing.

d. Set the Type 191 Frequency Range switch to 3.6-8.

e. Slowly increase the Type 191 frequency until the amplitude of the display is 5.66 divisions peak-to-peak in amplitude.

f. CHECK—The setting of the Type 191 Frequency dial. The frequency should be between 4.5 MHz and 5.5 MHz.

g. Disconnect the signal and turn off the generator.

#### Performance Check/Calibration-7A13 (SN B200000-up)

# COMPARISON VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENTS

#### **Equipment Required**

- 1. Indicator oscilloscope.
- 2. Time-Base unit.

- 3. Precision DC Voltmeter.
- 4. DC Voltmeter (VOM).
- 5. Screwdriver.

Set the 7A13 front panel controls as follows:

0.000

+

VOLTS Display (V<sub>c</sub>) Polarity + INPUT Mode - INPUT Mode VOLTS/DIV BW COMPARISION VOLTAGE (V<sub>c</sub>), COARSE and FINE

GND GND 1 mV 5 MHz Fully CCW

Refer to Fig. 5-19 for Comparison Voltage adjustment locations.

#### 27. Check/Adjust +Vc Zero

a. Using the POSITION control, position the trace to coincide with the graticule center line.

b. Change the + INPUT switch to V<sub>c</sub>.



Fig. 5-19. Comparison Voltage adjustment locations on the Output board.

c. ADJUST—The  $+V_c$  Zero control R696, to set trace 1 division below midscreen.

#### 28. Check/Adjust -Vc Zero

a. Change the Vc Polarity switch to -.

b. ADJUST—The  $-V_c$  Zero control R720, to set trace 1 division above midscreen.

#### 29. Check/Adjust DVM Zero

a. Change the  $V_{\rm C}$  Polarity switch to + and turn the FINE COMPARISON VOLTAGE control clockwise to move trace 0.5 division above midscreen.

b. ADJUST—DVM Zero control R708 carefully so that the  $V_c$  reading alternates between 0.000 and 0.001.

#### 30. Check/Adjust +V<sub>c</sub> Cal

a. Turn the COMPARISON VOLTAGE (V<sub>c</sub>), COARSE and FINE controls clockwise for a V<sub>c</sub> reading of 9.900 volts.

b. Connect the Precision DC Voltmeter between the  $V_{\rm C}$  OUT jack and ground on the 7A13, and set the voltmeter to measure  $\pm 10$  volts.

c. ADJUST—The  $+V_c$  Cal control R686 to obtain a 9.900 reading on the Precision DC Voltmeter.

#### 31. Check/Adjust -V<sub>c</sub> Cal

a. Change the Vc Polarity switch to -.

b. ADJUST—The  $-V_c$  Cal control R727 to obtain a 9.900 reading on the Precision DC Voltmeter.

#### 32. Check +V<sub>c</sub> Linearity

@

a. Change the front panel controls as follows:

| (V <sub>c</sub> ) Polarity +     |   |
|----------------------------------|---|
| + INPUT GND                      |   |
| COMPARISON Fully CCW             |   |
| VOLTAGE,                         |   |
| COARSE and                       |   |
| FINE                             |   |
| POSITION control Trace midscreer | ı |

b. Change the + INPUT switch to V<sub>c</sub>.

c. Adjust the  $+V_c$  Zero control R696, if necessary, to position the trace one division below midscreen.

#### NOTE

While performing this step, care should be taken to rotate the FINE control slowly when the Precision DC Voltmeter is in the high sensitivity range.

d. CHECK—The  $+V_c$  linearity by rotating the COM-PARISON VOLTAGE (V<sub>c</sub>, COARSE and FINE controls to obtain a null indication at +5.000 volts on the Precision DC Voltmeter. The 7A13 V<sub>c</sub> reading should be in the range of

#### Performance Check/Calibration-7A13 (SN B200000-up)

 $\pm$ 4.997 to  $\pm$ 5.003 volts. When appropriate, increase the sensitivity of the Precision DC Voltmeter to obtain optimum readout resolution.

e. Change the (V<sub>c</sub>) Polarity switch to -, and repeat part d.

f. Disconnect and turn off the Precision DC Voltmeter.

#### 33. Check Range of Comparison Voltage Fine Control

a. Rotate the COMPARISON VOLTAGE (Vc) FINE control fully counterclockwise. Note Vc readout on 7A13 display.

b. Rotate the FINE control fully clockwise. Note the increased reading by at least 0.030, but no more than 0.040.

#### 34. Check V<sub>C</sub> OUT Resistance

a. Set the FINE and COARSE controls to the fully counterclockwise position.

- b. Check for 2 k $\Omega$  to 5.5 k $\Omega$  at the V<sub>c</sub> OUT jack.
- c. Change the (V<sub>c</sub>) Polarity switch to -.
- d. Check for 2 k $\Omega$  to 5.5 k $\Omega$  at the V<sub>c</sub> OUT jack.

# NOISE AND OVERDRIVE RECOVERY CHECKS

| Equipment Required         | 4. 10X attenuators. (2)        |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| 1. Indicator oscilloscope. | 5. 5X attenuator.              |
| 2. Time-Base unit.         | 6. 50 ohm termination.         |
| 3. Square-Wave Generator.  | 7. 5 ns, 50 ohm coaxial cable. |
|                            |                                |

When performing a complete procedure, change the following control settings and proceed with step 32.

| 7/ | A1 | 3 |
|----|----|---|
|    |    |   |

| (V <sub>c</sub> ) Polarity     | Pushbuttons canceled |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|
| + INPUT Mode                   | DC                   |
| <ul> <li>INPUT Mode</li> </ul> | GND                  |
| BW                             | FULL                 |

#### Time Base Unit

| Triggering Mode | Auto          |
|-----------------|---------------|
| Time/Div        | 10 <i>µ</i> s |

If the remaining controls need to be checked for proper settings or if step 32 is being used as a starting point for partially calibrating the 7A13, refer to the Preliminary Procedure except as follows:

|  | 7A13 |
|--|------|
|  |      |

### VOLTS/DIV 1 mV

#### 35. Check Noise<sup>8</sup>

a. Set the Type 106 Square-Wave Generator controls as follows:

| Repetition Rate<br>Range | 1 kHz          |
|--------------------------|----------------|
| Multiplier               | 1              |
| Symmetry                 | Midrange       |
| + Transition             | Midrange       |
| Amplitude                | 5              |
| Hi Amplitude/Fast        | Fast Rise      |
| Rise                     |                |
| Hi Amplitude             | Not applicable |
| Power                    | On             |

b. Apply the 1 kHz signal from the Type 106 + Output connector through two 10X attenuators (connected in series), a 5X attenuator, a 5 ns coaxial cable, and a 50-ohm termination to the 7A13 + INPUT connector.

<sup>8</sup>Val Garuts and Charles Samuel, "Measuring Conventional Oscilloscope Noise", Tektronix, Inc., Oregon, 1969. Pages 8-11, April 1969 "Tekscope", Vol. 1, No 2. c. Set the Type 106 + Transition Amplitude control to provide two separate traces on the CRT. Set the Level/Slope control on the Time Base unit to obtain a free-running sweep. These traces are caused by the upper and lower excursions of the square waves being presented on the free running sweep.

d. Rotate the + Transition Amplitude control slowly counterclockwise to just eliminate the dark line between the two traces. Use Fig. 5-20A and B as guides.

e. Set the VOLTS/DIV switch to 10 mV.

f. Remove the two 10X attenuators so that the 5X attenuator is connected to the Type 106  $\pm$  Output connector. This increases the signal drive by 100 times, allowing more accurate measurement of displayed noise.

g. CHECK—Noise amplitude. Measure the distance between trace centers in millivolts (see Fig. 5-20C). This is the free-running square-wave amplitude. Divide the amplitude in mV by 100. The result should be 400  $\mu$ V, or less, noise tangentially measured. Division by 100 compensates for the removed attenuators.

Using Fig. 5-20C as an example, the actual squarewave amplitude is 2.3 divisions or 23 mV. 23 mV divided by 100 is 0.23 mV or 230  $\mu$ V of displayed noise. This amplitude is within the 400  $\mu$ V noise requirement.

h. Disconnect the signal from the 7A13.

#### **Control Settings**

When performing a complete procedure, change the following control settings and proceed with step 36.

|           | 7A13 |
|-----------|------|
| VOLTS/DIV | 2 V  |





 10+1
 10v3

 Maximum
 Allowable

 Anplitude
 Actual

 4 Div
 Actual

 10+1
 Actual

Fig. 5-20. Noise measurement displays. Sweep rate: 10  $\mu s/div,$  free-running.

#### Time Base Plug-In

| Level/Slope     | Negative slope region |
|-----------------|-----------------------|
| (Triggering)    |                       |
| Triggering Mode | Auto                  |
| Time/Div        | 1 ms                  |

If the remaining controls need to be checked for proper settings, refer to the Preliminary Procedure except as follows:

|              | 7A13 |
|--------------|------|
| + INPUT Mode | DC   |
| BW           | FULL |

#### 36. Check Overdrive Recovery Time

a. Connect the Overdrive Recovery test fixture output connector to the 7A13  $\pm$  INPUT connector.

b. Connect the Overdrive Recovery test fixture power cable to the indicator oscilloscope rear panel Probe Power connector.

c. Set the Overdrive Recovery test fixture Polarity switch to + and the Level control to its fully counterclockwise position.

d. Set the Type 106 controls as follows:

| Repetition Rate           | 100 Hz         |
|---------------------------|----------------|
| Range                     |                |
| Multiplier                | 5              |
| Symmetry                  | Midrange       |
| Amplitude                 | Midrange       |
| Hi Amplitude/Fast<br>Rise | Hi Amplitude   |
| Fast Rise controls        | Not applicable |

e. Apply the signal from the Type 106 high amplitude Output connector through a GR-to-BNC adapter and a 42inch 50-ohm coaxial cable to the Switch Drive connector on the Overdrive Recovery test fixture.

f. Adjust the Type 106 Symmetry, Multiplier, and (if necessary) the Amplitude controls for audible reed resonance.

#### NOTE

Do not exceed the midrange setting of the Amplitude control. Excessive amplitude will cause the reed drive coil to overheat.

g. Adjust the Overdrive Recovery test fixture Level control to obtain a 5-division display amplitude (see Fig. 5-21A).

### Performance Check/Calibration-7A13 (SN B20000-up)



(A) Reference amplitude, step 36g. Sweep rate: 1 ms/div.



(B) Bottom of display properly positioned, step 36i. Sweep rate: 1 ms/div.





(D) +INPUT +polarity overdrive recovery time waveform, step 36n. Sweep rate: 20  $\mu s/div.$ 



(E) +INPUT --polarity overdrive recovery time waveform, step 36v. Sweep rate: 0.2  $\mu s/div.$ 



(F) —INPUT —polarity overdrive recovery time waveform, step 36y. Sweep rate: 0.2  $\mu s/div.$ 

......

Fig. 5-21. Examples of waveforms obtained when checking overdrive recovery time. Vertical deflection factor for waveforms (A) and (B) is 2 V/div; remaining waveforms are 1 mV/div.

#### Performance Check/Calibration-7A13 (SN B200000-up)

h. If necessary, repeat step 36g to obtain a steady display.

i. Using the position controls, position the bottom of the display to coincide with the graticule centerline and to start at the 1-division graticule line (see Fig. 5-21B).

j. Set the Time/Div switch to .2  $\mu$ s, increase the trace intensity and use the time base Position control to reposition if necessary, the bottom front corner of the display to start at the 1-division graticule line that will be used as a time reference.

k. Set the 7A13 VOLTS/DIV switch to 1 mV. Set the Overdrive Recovery test fixture Polarity switch to '0' and use the POSITION control to position the trace to graticule center. This is the zero amplitude reference. Set the Overdrive Recovery test fixture Polarity switch to +.

I. CHECK—That the trace returns to within 2.0 divisions of graticule vertical center within a recovery time of 1  $\mu$ s (5 horizontal divisions) when measured with respect to the 1-division graticule line as shown in Fig. 5-21C.

m. Set the Time/Div switch to 20  $\mu s$  and decrease the trace intensity.

n. CHECK---That the trace returns to within 1.0 division of graticule vertical center within a recovery time of 0.1 ms. Recovery time is measured with respect to the 1-division graticule line (see Fig. 5-21D).

o. Set the controls as follows:

| 7. | <b>A</b> 1 | 13 |
|----|------------|----|
| 2  | v          |    |

VOLTS/DIV

#### Time Base Plug-In

| Level/Slope  | Positive slope region |
|--------------|-----------------------|
| (Triggering) |                       |
| Time/Div     | 1 ms                  |

#### **Overdrive Recovery Test Fixture**

Polarity

p. Check that the display is 5 divisions in amplitude. If necessary, readjust the Overdrive Recovery test fixture Level control to obtain the proper amplitude.

q. Position the top of the display to coincide with graticule center and to start at the 1-division graticule line.

r. Set the Time/Div switch to .2  $\mu$ s, increase the trace intensity and use the time base Position control to reposition, if necessary, the top front corner of display to start at the 1-division graticule line.

s. Set the 7A13 VOLTS/DIV switch to 1 mV. Set the Overdrive Recovery test fixture Polarity switch to '0' and use the POSITION control to position the trace to graticule center. Set the Overdrive test fixture Polarity switch to +.

t. CHECK—That the trace returns to within 2.0 divisions of graticule vertical center within a recovery time of 1  $\mu$ s when measured with respect to the 1-division graticule line (see Fig. 5-21E).

u. Set the Time/Div switch to 20  $\mu s$  and decrease the trace intensity.

v. CHECK—That the trace returns to within 1.0 division of graticule vertical center within a recovery time of 0.1 ms. Recovery time is measured with respect to the 1-division graticule line as described previously. The waveform will be similar to Fig. 5-21D except that it will be inverted.

w. Set the controls as follows:

|              | 7A13 |
|--------------|------|
| + INPUT Mode | GND  |
| - INPUT Mode | DC   |
| VOLTS/DIV    | 2 V  |

#### **Time Base Plug-In**

| Level/Slope<br>(Triggering) | Negative slope region |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| Time/Div                    | 1 ms                  |

x. Disconnect the Overdrive Recovery test fixture from the + INPUT connector and reconnect it to the - INPUT connector. Do not change any other connections.

y. CHECK—Using step 36g and steps 36i through 36v as a guide, check the overdrive recovery time for the – INPUT. Fig. 5-21F shows an example of a – INPUT – polarity overdrive recovery time waveform.

z. Disconnect and turn off all equipment.

This completes the Performance Check and Calibration procedure. If removed, replace the side covers on the 7A13; replace the left side and bottom covers on the indicator oscilloscope. If the 7A13 has been completely checked and adjusted to the tolerances given in this procedure, it will meet or exceed the specifications given in Section 1.

# REPLACEABLE ELECTRICAL PARTS

#### PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

### SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

| X000 | Part first | added | at th | is serial | number |
|------|------------|-------|-------|-----------|--------|
|      |            |       |       |           |        |

00X Part removed after this serial number

#### ITEM NAME

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

#### ABBREVIATIONS

| ACTR   | ACTUATOR             | PLSTC    | PLASTIC         |
|--------|----------------------|----------|-----------------|
| ASSY   | ASSEMBLY             | QTZ      | QUARTZ          |
| CAP    | CAPACITOR            | RECP     | RECEPTACLE      |
| CER    | CERAMIC              | RES      | RESISTOR        |
| СКТ    | CIRCUIT              | RF       | RADIO FREQUENCY |
| COMP   | COMPOSITION          | SEL      | SELECTED        |
| CONN   | CONNECTOR            | SEMICOND | SEMICONDUCTOR   |
| ELCTLT | ELECTROLYTIC         | SENS     | SENSITIVE       |
| ELEC   | ELECTRICAL           | VAR      | VARIABLE        |
| INCAND | INCANDESCENT         | WW       | WIREWOUND       |
| LED    | LIGHT EMITTING DIODE | XFMR     | TRANSFORMER     |
| NONWIR | NON WIREWOUND        | XTAL     | CRYSTAL         |

# CROSS INDEX-MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer                             | Address                          | City, State, Zip           |
|-----------|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 00853     | SANGAMO ELECTRIC CO., S. CAROLINA DIV.   | P O BOX 128                      | PICKENS, SC 29671          |
| 01121     | ALLEN-BRADLEY COMPANY                    | 1201 2ND STREET SOUTH            | MILWAUKEE, WI 53204        |
| 02111     | SPECTROL ELECTRONICS CORPORATION         | 17070 EAST GALE AVENUE           | CITY OF INDUSTRY, CA 91745 |
| 03508     | GENERAL ELECTRIC COMPANY, SEMI-CONDUCTOR |                                  |                            |
|           | PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT                      | ELECTRONICS PARK                 | SYRACUSE, NY 13201         |
| 04222     | AVX CERAMICS, DIVISION OF AVX CORP.      | P O BOX 867, 19TH AVE. SOUTH     | MYRTLE BEACH, SC 29577     |
| 04713     | MOTOROLA, INC., SEMICONDUCTOR PROD. DIV. | 5005 E MCDOWELL RD, PO BOX 20923 | PHOENIX, AZ 85036          |
| 07263     | FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR, A DIV. OF       |                                  |                            |
|           | FAIRCHILD CAMERA AND INSTRUMENT CORP.    | 464 ELLIS STREET                 | MOUNTAIN VIEW, CA 94042    |
| 08806     | GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., MINIATURE          |                                  | ,                          |
|           | LAMP PRODUCTS DEPARTMENT                 | NELA PARK                        | CLEVELAND, OH 44112        |
| 11237     | CTS KEENE, INC.                          | 3230 RIVERSIDE AVE.              | PASO ROBLES, CA 93446      |
| 12954     | SIEMENS CORPORATION, COMPONENTS GROUP    | 8700 E THOMAS RD, P O BOX 1390   | SCOTTSDALE, AZ 85252       |
| 24931     | SPECIALTY CONNECTOR CO., INC.            | 3560 MADISON AVE.                | INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46227     |
| 32997     | BOURNS, INC., TRIMPOT PRODUCTS DIV.      | 1200 COLUMBIA AVE.               | RIVERSIDE, CA 92507        |
| 50157     | MIDWEST COMPONENTS INC.                  | P. O. BOX 787                    |                            |
|           |                                          | 1981 PORT CITY BLVD.             | MUSKEGON, MI 49443         |
| 56289     | SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO.                     |                                  | NORTH ADAMS, MA 01247      |
| 71590     | CENTRALAB ELECTRONICS, DIV. OF           |                                  |                            |
|           | GLOBE-UNION, INC.                        | P O BOX 858                      | FORT DODGE, IA 50501       |
| 72982     | ERIE TECHNOLOGICAL PRODUCTS, INC.        | 644 W. 12TH ST.                  | ERIE, PA 16512             |
| 73138     | BECKMAN INSTRUMENTS, INC., HELIPOT DIV.  | 2500 HARBOR BLVD.                | FULLERTON, CA 92634        |
| 73899     | JFD ELECTRONICS COMPONENTS CORP.         | PINETREE ROAD                    | OXFORD, NC 27565           |
| 74276     | SIGNALITE DIV., GENERAL INSTRUMENT CORP. | 1933 HECK AVE.                   | NEPTUNE, NJ 07753          |
| 74970     | JOHNSON, E. F., CO.                      | 299 10TH AVE. S. W.              | WASECA, MN 56093           |
| 75042     | TRW ELECTRONIC COMPONENTS, IRC FIXED     |                                  |                            |
|           | RESISTORS, PHILADELPHIA DIVISION         | 401 N. BROAD ST.                 | PHILADELPHIA, PA 19108     |
| 78488     | STACKPOLE CARBON CO.                     |                                  | ST. MARYS, PA 15857        |
| 79727     | C-W INDUSTRIES                           | 550 DAVISVILLE RD.,P O BOX 96    | WARMINISTER, PA 18974      |
| 80009     | TEKTRONIX, INC.                          | P O BOX 500                      | BEAVERTON, OR 97077        |
| 80294     | BOURNS, INC., INSTRUMENT DIV.            | 6135 MAGNOLIA AVE.               | RIVERSIDE, CA 92506        |
| 81483     | INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER CORP.            | 9220 SUNSET BLVD.                | LOS ANGELES, CA 90069      |
| 90201     | MALLORY CAPACITOR CO., DIV. OF           | 3029 E. WASHINGTON STREET        |                            |
|           | P. R. MALLORY AND CO., INC.              | P. O. BOX 372                    | INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46206     |
| 91637     | DALE ELECTRONICS, INC.                   | P. O. BOX 609                    | COLUMBUS, NE 68601         |

**6-2** 

| Ckt No.     | Tektronix<br>Part No.                                           | Serial/Mod<br>Eff | el No.<br>Dscont | Name & Description                                                                   | Mfr<br>Code | Mfr Part Numbe                  |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|
|             | Ngalanan menalu kita na dana da minisi karanan sanan menan na m |                   |                  |                                                                                      |             |                                 |
| A1          | 670-1042-02                                                     |                   |                  | CKT BOARD ASSY: POLARITY                                                             | 80009       | 670-1042-02                     |
| A2          | 670-1073-02                                                     |                   |                  | CKT BOARD ASSY: BANDWIDTH                                                            | 80009       | 670-1073-02                     |
| A3          | 670-1043-02                                                     | B200000           | B209999          | CKT BOARD ASSY:ATTENUATOR                                                            | 80009       | 670-1043-02                     |
| A3          | 670-1043-03                                                     | B210000           |                  | CKT BOARD ASSY: ATTENUATOR                                                           | 80009       | 670-1043-03                     |
| A4          | 670-1044-04                                                     | B200000           | B229999          | CKT BOARD ASSY: OUTPUT                                                               | 80009       |                                 |
| A4          | 670-1044-05                                                     | B230000           | B238699          | CKT BOARD ASSY:OUTPUT                                                                | 80009       | 670-1044-05                     |
| A4          | 670-1044-06                                                     | B238700           |                  | CKT BOARD ASSY:OUTPUT                                                                | 80009       | 670-1044-06                     |
| A5          | 670-1046-02                                                     | B200000           | B209999          | CKT BOARD ASSY: INPUT                                                                | 80009       | 670-1046-02                     |
| A5          | 670-1046-03                                                     | B210000           |                  | CKT BOARD ASSY: INPUT                                                                | 80009       | 670-1046-03                     |
| C1          | 295-0116-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP SET,MATCHED:(2) 0.019UF,MATCHED 0.4%<br>(C1 AND C21 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | 80009       | 295-0116-00                     |
| C2          | 283-0000-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V                                             | 72002       | 831-516E102P                    |
| C3          | 283-0175-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:10PF, 5%, 200V                                                     |             |                                 |
| C4          | 283-0175-00                                                     |                   |                  |                                                                                      |             | 8101B210C0G0100                 |
| C5A         | 281-0064-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:1000PF,+100-0%,200V<br>CAP.,VAR,PLSTC:0.25-1.5PF,600V                |             | 8111A208Z5U010:<br>530-002      |
| UJA         | 201 0004 00                                                     |                   |                  | CAF., VAR, FLS10.0.25-1.5FF, 000V                                                    | 12902       | 530-002                         |
| С5В         | 281-0081-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP.,VAR,AIR DI:1.8-13PF,375VDC                                                      | 74970       | 189-0506-005                    |
| C5C         | 281-0627-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1PF, +/-0.25PF, 500V                                              |             | 301-000с0к0109                  |
| C5D         | 283-0159-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 18PF, 5%, 50V                                                     |             | 8111B065C0G018                  |
| C6          | 283-0156-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1000PF, +100-0%, 200V                                             |             | 8111A208Z5U010                  |
| C7          | 283-0156-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1000PF, +100-0%, 200V                                             | 72982       | 8111A208Z5U010                  |
| C8A         | 281-0064-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., VAR, PLSTC: 0.25-1.5PF, 600V                                                   |             | 530-002                         |
| С8в         | 281-0080-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP.,VAR,AIR DI:1.7-11PF,800V                                                        | 74970       | 189-5-5                         |
| C8C         | 283-0159-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:18PF, 5%, 50V                                                      |             | 8111B065C0G018                  |
| C8D         | 283-0160-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:1.5PF, 10%, 50V                                                    |             | 8101A058C0K159                  |
| C8E         | 281-0661-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.8PF,+/-0.1PF,500V                                                |             | 301-000C0K0808                  |
| C10         | 283-0156-00                                                     |                   |                  |                                                                                      |             |                                 |
| C12         | 283-0177-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1000PF, +100-0%, 200V                                             |             | 8111A208Z5U010                  |
| C12         | 283-0177-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:1UF,+80-20%,25V<br>(ADDED IF NECESSARY)                              | 12982       | 8131N039 E 105                  |
| C14         | 281-0064-00                                                     |                   |                  |                                                                                      | 72092       | 520-002                         |
|             |                                                                 |                   |                  | CAP., VAR, PLSTC: 0.25-1.5PF, 600V                                                   |             | 530-002                         |
| C15         | 283-0156-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1000PF, +100-0%, 200V                                             |             | 8111A208Z5U0102                 |
| C21         | 295-0116-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP SET, MATCHED: (2) 0.019UF, MATCHED 0.4%                                          | 80009       | 295-0116-00                     |
| C22         |                                                                 |                   |                  | (C1 AND C21 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR)                                             | 70000       | 001 E1(E100D                    |
| C22         | 283-0000-00<br>283-0175-00                                      |                   |                  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.001UF,+100-0%,500V<br>CAP.,FXD,CER DI:10PF,5%,200V                 |             | 831-516E102P<br>8101B210C0G0100 |
| C24         | 283-0156-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1000PF, +100-0%, 200V                                             | 720.92      | 8111A208Z5U0102                 |
| C25A        | 281-0064-00                                                     |                   |                  |                                                                                      |             |                                 |
| C25B        |                                                                 |                   |                  | CAP., VAR, PLSTC: 0.25-1.5PF, 600V                                                   |             | 530-002                         |
|             | 281-0081-00                                                     | <b>n</b> 200000   | <b>B</b> 200000V | CAP., VAR, AIR DI: 1.8-13PF, 375VDC                                                  |             | 189-0506-005                    |
| C25C        | 281-0661-00                                                     | B200000           | B209999X         | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.8PF, +/-0.1PF, 500V                                              | 72982       |                                 |
| C25D<br>C26 | 283-0159-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 18PF, 5%, 50V                                                     |             | 8111B065C0G0180                 |
| 020         | 283-0156-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:1000PF,+100-0%,200V                                                  | 12982       | 8111A208Z5U0102                 |
| C27         | 283-0156-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1000PF, +100-0%, 200V                                             | 72982       | 8111A208Z5U0102                 |
| C28A        | 281-0064-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP.,VAR,PLSTC:0.25-1.5PF,600V                                                       | 72982       | 530-002                         |
| C28B        | 281-0080-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., VAR, AIR DI:1.7-11PF, 800V                                                     |             | 189-5-5                         |
| C28C        | 283-0159-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 18PF, 5%, 50V                                                     | 72982       | 8111B065C0G0180                 |
| C28D        | 283-0160-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:1.5PF,10%,50V                                                        | 72982       | 8101A058C0K159E                 |
| C28E        | 281-0661-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.8PF,+/-0.1PF,500V                                                  | 72982       | 301-000C0K0808F                 |
| C30         | 283-0156-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:1000PF,+100-0%,200V                                                  |             | 8111A208Z5U0102                 |
| C31         | 283-0156-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1000PF, +100-0%, 200V                                             | 72982       | 8111A208Z5U0102                 |
| C32         | 283-0156-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1000PF, +100-0%, 200V                                             | 72982       | 8111A208Z5U0102                 |
| C33         |                                                                 |                   |                  | (ADDED IF NECESSARY)                                                                 |             |                                 |
| C34         | 281-0064-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., VAR, PLSTC: 0.25-1.5PF, 600V                                                   | 72982       | 530-002                         |
| C35         | 283-0000-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V                                             |             | 831-516E102P                    |
|             | 282 0000 00                                                     |                   |                  |                                                                                      |             |                                 |
| C36         | 283-0000-00                                                     |                   |                  | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V                                             | 72982       | 831-516E102P                    |

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19-14-22-5

Replaceable Electrical Parts-7A13 (SN B200000 & up)

| | T . 1 A | Caulal/Mad | | | Mfr | | |
|--------------|----------------------------|--|----------|--|-----------|------------------|--|
| | Tektronix | Serial/Mod | | Name 0 Departmention | | Mfr Part Number | |
| Ckt No. | Part No. | Eff | Dscont | Name & Description | Code | WIT FAIL NUTIDE | |
| | | 990 Martin Constantin (1999) (1999) (1999) (1999) (1999) (1999) (1999) (1999) (1999) (1999) (1999) (1999) (199 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C38 | 283-0000-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI.0.0010F, 100 0%, 500V | | 831-516E102P | |
| C40 | 283-0000-00 | B200000 | B229999 | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | | | |
| C40 | 283-0346-00 | B230000 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.47UF, +80-20%, 100V | | 8131-M100F474Z | |
| C42 | 283-0000-00 | B200000 | B229999 | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | | 831-516E102P | |
| C42 | 283-0346-00 | B230000 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.47UF, +80-20%, 100V | 72982 | 8131-M100F474Z | |
| C44 | 283-0000-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| 0-1-1 | | | | , , | | | |
| C45 | 283-0000-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| | | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C46 | 283-0000-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1UF, +80-20%, 25V | | 8131N031Z5U0105Z | |
| C47 | 283-0059-00 | | | | | 8131N031Z5U0105Z | |
| C48 | 283-0059-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1UF, +80-20%, 25V | | 831-516E102P | |
| 249 | 283-0000-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | | | |
| C50 | 283-0032-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 470PF, 5%, 500V | 72982 | 0831085Z5E00471J | |
| | | | | | | | |
| 251 | 283-0000-00 | B200000 | B229999X | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.001UF,+100-0%,500V | | 831-516E102P | |
| 52 | 283-0032-00 | | B229999X | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 470PF, 5%, 500V | 72982 | 0831085Z5E00471J | |
| | | | E220000V | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C53 | 283-0000-00 | | D223777A | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 470PF, 5%, 500V | | 0831085Z5E00471J | |
| 254 | 283-0032-00 | | D229999X | OAR = EWD OER DIATOTE 5% 5000 | | 0831085Z5E00471J | |
| C55 | 283-0032-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 470PF, 5%, 500V | | 831-516E102P | |
| 060 | 283-0000-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 12902 | 051-51061041 | |
| | | | | | 70000 | 021-51621030 | |
| C 6 1 | 283-0000-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | | 831-516E102P | |
| 263 | 283-0000-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | | 831-516E102P | |
| 265 | 283-0000-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| | 283-0000-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C66 | | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C70 | 283-0000-00 | | | CAP., FRD, CER DI:0.0010F, 100 0%, 500V | | 831-516E102P | |
| C75 | 283-0000-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 12902 | | |
| | | | | THE OFF PE LOOPE (COPE FOOL | 72982 | 301-000U2M0101M | |
| C102 | 281-0523-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 100PF, +/-20PF, 500V | | | |
| C110 | 283-0594-00 | | | CAP., FXD, MICA D:0.001UF, 1%, 100V | | D151F102F0 | |
| C112 | 283-0594-00 | | | CAP., FXD, MICA D:0.001UF, 1%, 100V | 00853 | D151F102F0 | |
| C113 | 281-0123-00 | | | CAP., VAR, CER DI: 5-25PF, 100V | 72982 | 518-000A5-25 | |
| C117 | 281-0672-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:11.4PF, 1%, 500V | 72982 | 374017C0G01149F | |
| | | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 18PF, 10%, 200V | 72982 | 374001C0H180K | |
| C122 | 281-0650-00 | | | OHI, JIAD, OHA DIVISIT, ICA, 2000 | | | |
| | | | | CAP.,VAR,PLSTC:0.25-1.5PF,600V | 72982 | 530-002 | |
| C124 | 281-0064-00 | | | | | D155F431F0 | |
| C131 | 283-0651-00 | | | CAP., FXD, MICA D:430PF, 1%, 500V | | | |
| 2134 | 281-0064-00 | | | CAP., VAR, PLSTC: 0.25-1.5PF, 600V | | 530-002 | |
| C143 | 283-0026-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.2UF, +80-20%, 25V | | 274C3 | |
| C150 | 281-0092-00 | | | CAP., VAR, CER DI:9-35PF, 200V | 72982 | 538-011 D9-35 | |
| C163 | 281-0122-00 | | | CAP., VAR, CER DI:2.5-9PF, 100V | 72982 | 518-000A2.5-9 | |
| 6103 | 201-0122-00 | , | | one of the part of | | | |
| 01// | 000 0000 00 | | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.001UF,+100-0%,500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C166 | 283-0000-00 | | | ALD END OFD DI.2 2DE 209 2000 | | 374000C0J0339F | |
| C170 | 281-0653-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 3.3PF, 30%, 200V | | 831-516E102P | |
| C172 | 283-0000-00 |) | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | | | |
| C176 | 283-0000-00 |) | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | | 831-516E102P | |
| C178 | 281-0650-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 18PF, 10%, 200V | | 374001C0H180K | |
| C180 | 281-0534-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 3.3PF, +/-0.25PF, 500V | 72982 | 301-000C0J0339C | |
| | 000 1 00 | | | | | | |
| C181 | 283-0000-00 |) | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.001UF,+100-0%,500V | 72982 | | |
| | | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 100PF, +/-20PF, 500V | 72982 | 301-000U2M0101M | |
| C183 | 281-0523-00 | | | | | DVJ-5006 | |
| C187 | 281-0158-00 | | | CAP., VAR, CER D1:7-45PF, 50V | 56289 | | |
| C190 | 283-0077-00 |) | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 330PF, 5%, 500V | | | |
| C191A | 281-0544-00 |) | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:5.6PF, 10%, 500V | 72982 | 301-000C0H0569D | |
| | | | | (C191A AND C291A SELECTED AS A PAIR) | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| C191B | 281-0544-00 |) | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:5.6PF, 10%, 500V | 72982 | 301-000C0H0569D | |
| 01310 | 201-0044-00 | | | (C191B AND C291B SELECTED AS A PAIR) | | | |
| 0107 | | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:470PF, 10%, 500V | 04222 | 7001-1374 | |
| C197 | 281-0580-00 | | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:100PF, +/-20PF, 500V | | 301-000U2M0101M | |
| | | | | LAF. FAU.UER DILIUUEF. T/ "ZUFF.JUV" | , _ , 0 2 | | |
| C202
C210 | 281-0523-00
283-0594-00 | | | CAP., FXD, MICA D:0.001UF, 1%, 100V | 00853 | D151F102F0 | |

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| Ckt No. | Tektronix
Part No. | Serial/Model No.
Eff Dscont | Name & Description | Mfr
Code | Mfr Part Number |
|--------------|---|--------------------------------|--|----------------|-------------------------------------|
| | ан алыматы самондаларынанан саната и таландаганда ана | | | | |
| C212 | 283-0594-00 | | CAP., FXD, MICA D:0.001UF, 1%, 100V | 00853 | |
| C213 | 281-0123-00 | | CAP.,VAR,CER DI:5-25PF,100V | | 518-000A5-25 |
| C217 | 281-0672-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:11.4PF,1%,500V | | 374017C0G01149F |
| C222 | 281-0650-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:18PF,10%,200V | | 374001C0H180K |
| C224 | 281-0064-00 | | CAP.,VAR,PLSTC:0.25-1.5PF,600V | | 530-002 |
| C231 | 283-0651-00 | | CAP.,FXD,MICA D:430PF,1%,500V | 00853 | D155F431F0 |
| C234 | 281-0064-00 | | CAP.,VAR,PLSTC:0.25-1.5PF,600V | 72982 | 530-002 |
| C243 | 283-0026-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.2UF, +80-20%, 25V | 56289 | 274C3 |
| C250 | 281-0092-00 | | CAP., VAR, CER DI:9-35PF, 200V | 72982 | 538-011 D9-35 |
| C272 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | | 831-516E102P |
| C278 | 281-0650-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 18PF, 10%, 200V | | 374001C0H180K |
| C280 | 281-0534-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 3.3PF, +/-0.25PF, 500V | | 301-000C0J0339C |
| C281 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C283 | 281-0523-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 100PF, +/-20PF, 500V | 72982 | |
| C290 | 283-0077-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 330PF, 5%, 500V | 56289 | 40C94A3 |
| C291A | 281-0544-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:5.6PF, 10%, 500V | 72982 | 301-000C0H0569D |
| 02918 | 201 0044-00 | | (C291A AND C191A SELECTED AS A PAIR) | 72,02 | 301 00000000000000 |
| C291B | 281-0544-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:5.6PF, 10%, 500V | 72982 | 301-000С0Н0569D |
| 02915 | 281-0344-00 | | (C291B AND C191B SELECTED AS A PAIR) | 12902 | J01 0000010J0JD |
| | | | (CZ91B AND CI91B SELECTED AS A PAIR) | | |
| C297 | 281-0580-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:470PF, 10%, 500V | | 7001-1374 |
| C300 | 281-0512-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:27PF,+/-2.7PF,500V | 72982 | |
| C301 | 281-0523-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:100PF,+/-20PF,500V | 72982 | 301-000U2M0101M |
| C304 | 283-0032-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:470PF,5%,500V | | 0831085Z5E004713 |
| C308 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.001UF,+100-0%,500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C311 | 281-0523-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 100PF, +/-20PF, 500V | 72982 | 301-000U2M0101M |
| C326 | 283-0108-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:220PF,10%,200V | 56289 | 272C13 |
| C333 | 281-0512-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:27PF, +/-2.7PF, 500V | 72982 | 308-000C0G0270K |
| C336 | 281-0638-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:240PF, 5%, 500V | 72982 | 301000Z5D241J |
| C337 | 281-0546-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 330PF, 10%, 500V | 04222 | 7001-1380 |
| C355 | 281-0623-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:650PF, 5%, 500V | 04222 | 7001-1362 |
| C364 | 283-0197-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:470PF, 5%, 100V | 72982 | 8121N075C0G0471J |
| C372 | 281-0512-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 27PF, +/-2.7PF, 500V | 72982 | 308-000C0G0270K |
| C374 | | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:150PF,+/-30PF,500V | | 7001-1381 |
| | 281-0524-00 | | | | |
| C375 | 281-0623-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:650PF, 5%, 500V | | 7001-1362 |
| C376 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | | 831-516E102P |
| C383 | 281-0512-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:27PF,+/-2.7PF,500V | 72982
72982 | 308-000C0G0270K
0831085Z5E00471J |
| C404 | 283-0032-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:470PF,5%,500V | 12982 | 0051005256004715 |
| C408 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C411 | 281-0523-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 100PF, +/-20PF, 500V | 72982 | 301-000U2M0101M |
| C426 | 283-0108-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER D1:220PF, 10%, 200V | 56289 | 272C13 |
| C432 | 281-0550-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 120PF, 10%, 500V | 04222 | 7001-1373 |
| C434 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| C437 | 281-0546-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 330PF, 10%, 500V | 04222 | 7001-1380 |
| C439 | 281-0612-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 5.6PF, +/-0.5PF, 500V | 72982 | 374-001с0н0569D |
| C455 | 281-0623-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:650PF, 5%, 500V | 04222 | 7001-1362 |
| C455 | 281-0612-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:500FF, 5%, 500V
CAP., FXD, CER DI:5.6PF, +/-0.5PF, 500V | 72982 | 374-001C0H0569D |
| | | | | 72982 | 308-000C0G0270K |
| C463 | 281-0512-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:27PF,+/-2.7PF,500V
CAP.,FXD,CER DI:100PF,+/-20PF,500V | 72982 | 301-000U2M0101M |
| C464
C475 | 281-0523-00
281-0623-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:100PF,+/-20PF,500V
CAP.,FXD,CER DI:650PF,5%,500V | 04222 | 7001-1362 |
| C/77 | | | | 70000 | 376-00100405605 |
| C477 | 281-0612-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:5.6PF, +/-0.5PF, 500V | 72982 | 374-001C0H0569D |
| C490 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.001UF,+100-0%,500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P |
| | | | | | |
| C491
C492 | 283-0000-00
281-0523-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.001UF,+100-0%,500V
CAP.,FXD,CER DI:100PF,+/-20PF,500V | 72982
72982 | 831-516E102P
301-000U2M0101M |

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Replaceable Electrical Parts-7A13 (SN B200000 & up)

| Ckt No. | Tektronix
Part No. | Serial/Model No.
Eff Dscont | Name & Description | Mfr
Code | Mfr Part Number | |
|---------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------|------------------|---------|
| C494 | 283-0032-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:470PF, 5%, 500V | 72982 | 0831085Z5E00471J | |
| C505 | 290-0340-00 | | CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: 10UF, 10%, 50V | 56289 | 109D106X9050C2 | |
| C506 | 283-0134-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.47UF,+80-20%,50V | 72982 | | |
| C507 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | | |
| C508 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | | |
| C509 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.001UF,+100-0%,500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C511 | 283-0001-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.005UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-559E502P | ~~~ |
| C512 | 283-0001-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.005UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-559E502P | |
| C514 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C515 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C517 | 283-0177-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1UF, +80-20%, 25V | 72982 | 8131N039 E 105Z | |
| C518 | 290-0721-00 | | CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: 100UF, 20%, 20V | 56289 | 196D107X0020TE3 | *64 |
| C519 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.001UF,+100-0%,500V | 72982 | | |
| C520 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C521 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | 208 |
| C522 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C527 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C528 | 283-0178-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.1UF, +80-20%, 100V | 72982 | 8131N145651 104Z | |
| C530 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C532 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C534 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C537 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C538 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C542 | 283-0177-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1UF, +80-20%, 25V | 72982 | 8131N039 E 105Z | -24 |
| C543 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.001UF,+100-0%,500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C544 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF,+100-0%,500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C545 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | · ••••• |
| C546 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C548 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C549 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C552 | 283-0134-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.47UF,+80-20%,50V | 72982 | 8131N087Z5U0474Z | |
| C553 | 290-0340-00 | | CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: 10UF, 10%, 50V | 56289 | 109D106X9050C2 | |
| C554 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C555 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C557 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | ~ |
| C565 | 290-0139-00 | | CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: 180UF, 20%, 6V | 12954 | D180C6M1 | |
| C566 | 283-0177-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:1UF,+80-20%,25V | 72982 | 8131N039 E 105Z | |
| C567 | 290-0114-00 | | CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: 47UF, 20%, 6V | 56289 | 150D476X0006B2 | |
| C568 | 283-0177-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1UF, +80-20%, 25V | 72982 | 8131NO39 E 105Z | |
| C569 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | | 831-516E102P | |
| C582 | 283-0000-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.001UF, +100-0%, 500V | 72982 | 831-516E102P | |
| C601 | 283-0198-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.22UF, 20%, 50V | 72982 | 8121N083Z5U0224M | |
| C603 | 283-0177-00 | XB220000 | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:1UF,+80-20%,25V | 72982 | 8131N039 E 105Z | ~ |
| C612 | 283-0177-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1UF, +80-20%, 25V | 72982 | 8131N039 E 105Z | |
| C615 | 290-0536-00 | | CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: 10UF, 20%, 25V | 90201 | TDC106M025FL | |
| C617 | 290-0536-00 | | CAP., FXD, ELCTLT: 10UF, 20%, 25V | 90201 | TDC106M025FL | |
| C625 | 283-0673-00 | | CAP., FXD, MICA D:455PF, 1%, 500V | 00853 | D155F4550F0 | |
| C627 | 283-0673-00 | | CAP.,FXD,MICA D:455PF,1%,500V | 00853 | D155F4550F0 | |
| C632 | 283-0204-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.01UF,20%,50V | 72982 | 8121N061Z5U0103M | |
| C668 | 283-0177-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1UF, +80-20%, 25V | 72982 | | - |
| C670 | 283-0625-00 | | CAP., FXD, MICA D: 220PF, 1%, 500V | 00853 | D105F221F0 | |
| C671 | 283-0024-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI:0.1UF, +80-20%, 30V | 72982 | | |
| C694 | 283-0177-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1UF, +80-20%, 25V | 72982 | | |
| C701 | 283-0024-00 | | CAP.,FXD,CER DI:0.1UF,+80-20%,30V | 72982 | 8121N083Z5U0104Z | А |

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| Ckt No. | Tektronix
Part No. | Serial/Model No.
Eff Dscont | Name & Description | Mfr
Code | Mfr Part Numb |
|----------------|---|--------------------------------|--|----------------|----------------------------|
| C706 | 285-0809-00 | | CAP., FXD, PLSTC: 1UF, 10%, 50V | 56289 | LP66A1A105K |
| C743 | 283-0177-00 | | CAP., FXD, CER DI: 1UF, +80-20%, 25V | | 8131N039 = 105 |
| CR6 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR7 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR35 | 152-0061-00 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 175V, 100MA | 80009 | 152-0061-00 |
| CR36 | 152-0061-00 | | SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 175V, 100MA | 80009 | 152-0061-00 |
| CR40 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR41 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR42 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR43 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR44 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR45 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR46 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR47 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR48 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR50 | 152-0141-02 | XB230000 | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR51 | | XB230000 | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | | 152-0141-02 |
| CR53 | 152-0141-02 | XB230000 | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR54 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR66 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR67 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR77 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR101 | 152-0367-00 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 20V, 20PA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR102 | 152-0061-00 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 20V, 20VA | 80009 | 152-0061-00 |
| CR110 | 152-0061-00 | | SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 175V, 100MA | 80009 | 152-0061-00 |
| CR112 | 152-0061-00 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 175V, 100MA | 80009 | 152-0061-00 |
| CR134 | 152-0061-00 | | CENTCOND DEVICE. CTITCON 1750 100MA | 80000 | 152 00(1 00 |
| CR154 | 153-0039-01 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,175V,100MA
SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,MATCHED PAIR | 80009 | 152-0061-00 |
| GRIJU | 155-0059-01 | | (CR150 AND CR250 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | 80009 | 153-0039-01 |
| CR152 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR154 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR155 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR156 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR157 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR158 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | | 152-0141-02 |
| CR159 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | | 152-0141-02 |
| CR182 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | | 152-0141-02 |
| CR201 | 152-0367-00 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 20V, 20PA | 80009 | 152-0367-00 |
| CR202 | 152-0061-00 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 175V, 100MA | 80009 | 152-0061-00 |
| CR210 | 152-0061-00 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 175V, 100MA | | 152-0061-00 |
| CR212 | 152-0061-00 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 175V, 100MA | | 152-0061-00 |
| CR234 | 152-0061-00 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 175V, 100MA | 80009 | |
| CR250 | 153-0039-01 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 175V, 100MA
SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,MATCHED PAIR | 80009 | 152-0061-00
153-0039-01 |
| | | | (CR150 AND CR250 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | 00009 | 10009-01 |
| CR252 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR282 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, SOV, SONA | | |
| CR364 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA
SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR365 | | | | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR401 | 152-0141-02
152-0271-00 | | SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| CR641 | 152-0271-00 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,10PF
SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON,30V,50NA | 80009
80009 | 152-0271-00
152-0141-02 |
| 70645 | 152-0141 02 | | | 20000 | |
| CR645
CR649 | 152-0141-02
152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 |
| | 1 - 3 - 2 - 1 + 2 - 31 + 2 - 21 + -1 + | | SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 8000 9 | 152-0141-02 |

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| | Tektronix | Serial/Model No. | | Mfr | | |
|---------|--------------------------------------|---|---|-------|-----------------|---|
| Ckt No. | Part No. | Eff Dscont | Name & Description | Code | Mfr Part Number | Allowanter |
| CR651 | 152-0141-02 | adamente au anticipativa de la constructiva de la construcción de la construcción de la construcción a deservad | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 | |
| CR653 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 | |
| CR655 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE:SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 | |
| CR702 | 152-0246-00 | | SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 400PIV, 200MA | 80009 | 152-0246-00 | (400.00) |
| CR715 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 | |
| CR713 | 152-0141-02 | | SEMICOND DEVICE: SILICON, 30V, 50NA | 80009 | 152-0141-02 | |
| CR/10 | 152 0141 02 | | | | | |
| DS1 | 150-0048-01 | | LAMP, INCAND: 5V, 0.06A, SEL | 08806 | 683AS15 | |
| DS10 | 150-0048-01 | | LAMP, INCAND: 5V, 0.06A, SEL | 08806 | 683AS15 | Sec.49 |
| DS21 | 150-0048-01 | | LAMP, INCAND: 5V, 0.06A, SEL | 08806 | 683AS15 | |
| DS47 | 150-0084-00 | | LAMP, GLOW: NEON | 74276 | 2 A A | |
| DS570 | 150-0048-01 | | LAMP, INCAND: 5V, 0.06A, SEL | 08806 | 683AS15 | |
| 00070 | 150 0010 00 | | | | | .comes |
| J1 | 131-0679-02 | | CONNECTOR, RCPT, : BNC, MALE, 3 CONTACT | 24931 | 28JR270-1 | |
| J21 | 131-0679-02 | | CONNECTOR, RCPT, : BNC, MALE, 3 CONTACT | 24931 | 28JR270-1 | |
| | | | | | | |
| к6 | 148-0055-00 | | RELAY, ARMATURE: SPDT AND SPST, 15V DC | 80009 | 148-0055-00 | |
| К7 | 148-0054-00 | | RELAY, ARMATURE: SPDT AND SPST, 15V DC | 80009 | 148-0054-00 | . dentisine |
| К10 | 148-0050-00 | | RELAY, ARMATURE: SPST, 12V DC | 80009 | 148-0050-00 | |
| К26 | 148-0055-00 | | RELAY, ARMATURE: SPDT AND SPST, 15V DC | 80009 | 148-0055-00 | |
| K27 | 148-0054-00 | | RELAY, ARMATURE: SPDT AND SPST, 15V DC | 80009 | 148-0054-00 | |
| к30 | 148-0050-00 | | RELAY, ARMATURE: SPST, 12V DC | 80009 | 148-0050-00 | . 495 (1943). |
| | | | | | 148 0004 00 | |
| K47 | 148-0034-00 | l i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | RELAY,ARMATURE:DPDT,15VDC,600 OHM | 80009 | 148-0034-00 | |
| K48 | 148-0034-00 | l i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i | RELAY, ARMATURE: DPDT, 15VDC, 600 OHM | 80009 | 148-0034-00 | |
| K60 | 148-0035-00 | | RELAY, ARMATURE: SPDT, 15VDC, 600 OHM | 80009 | 148-0035-00 | |
| K61 | 148-0035-00 | | RELAY, ARMATURE: SPDT, 15VDC, 600 OHM | 80009 | 148-0035-00 | 101660 |
| K480 | 148-0034-00 | | RELAY, ARMATURE: DPDT, 15VDC, 600 OHM | 80009 | 148-0034-00 | |
| к490 | 148-0034-00 | | RELAY, ARMATURE: DPDT, 15VDC, 600 OHM | 80009 | 148-0034-00 | |
| | | | | | 100 0526 00 | |
| L2 | 108-0536-00 |) | COIL, RF: 165UH(BLUE) | 80009 | 108-0536-00 |
200-W. |
| L4 | 108-0535-00 |) | COIL, RF: 165UH(BROWN) | 80009 | 108-0535-00 | |
| L25 | | | (FURNISHED AS A UNIT WITH MAIN CHASSIS CABLE) | | | |
| L26 | | | (FURNISHED AS A UNIT WITH MAIN CHASSIS CABLE) | | | |
| L27 | all of an an an an | | (FURNISHED AS A UNIT WITH MAIN CHASSIS CABLE) | | | |
| L40 | | - | (FURNISHED AS A UNIT WITH MAIN CHASSIS CABLE) | | | Marcia |
| L42 | an an an air an an an an an an an an | - | (FURNISHED AS A UNIT WITH MAIN CHASSIS CABLE) | | | |
| | | | | 80009 | 108-0095-00 | |
| L364 | 108-0095-00 | | COIL, RF: 1.4UH | 80009 | 108-0095-00 | |
| L384 | 108-0095-00 | | COIL, RF: 1.4UH | 80009 | 108-0095-00 | AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF T |
| L464 | 108-0095-00 | | COIL, RF: 1.4UH | 80009 | 108-0095-00 | |
| L484 | 108-0095-00 | | COIL, RF: 1.4UH | 78488 | 57-0180-7D 500B | |
| L503 | 276-0507-00 | | SHIELDING BEAD, :0.60H | 78488 | 57-0180-7D 500B | |
| L505 | 276-0507-00 |) | SHIELDING BEAD,:0.6UH | 70400 | 57 0100 72 5002 | |
| | | | SHIELDING BEAD,:0.6UH | 78488 | 57-0180-7D 500B | |
| L515 | 276-0507-00 | | SHIELDING BEAD, :0.60H | 78488 | 57-0180-7D 500B | |
| L517 | 276-0507-00 | | COIL, RF:2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 | |
| L538 | 108-0520-00 | | SHIELDING BEAD, :0.6UH | 78488 | 57-0180-7D 500B | |
| L540 | 276-0507-00 | | SHIELDING BEAD,:0.60H | 78488 | 57-0180-7D 500B | constraints. |
| L542 | 276-0507-00 | | SHIELDING BEAD,:0.60H | 78488 | 57-0180-7D 500B | |
| l550 | 276-0507-0 | J | SHIEDING BERD, . 0+001 | | | |
| 1550 | 176 AEA7 A | 0 | SHIELDING BEAD,:0.6UH | 78488 | 57-0180-7D 500B | |
| L552 | 276-0507-0 | | SHIELDING BEAD,:0.60H | 78488 | 57-0180-7D 500B | Constant of |
| L563 | 276-0507-0 | v | SHEBBING BERGTOTON | | | |
| | | | | | | |

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| Ckt No. | Tektronix
Part No. | Serial/Model No.
Eff Dscont | Name & Description | Mfr
Code | Mfr Part Number |
|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|---------------|-----------------|
| 01410-000480-0-00040-04070-0 | anan yana ang kang kang kang kang kang kang ka | | | 80009 | 120-0382-00 |
| L564 | 120-0382-00 | | XFMR, TOROID: 14 TURNS, SINGLE | 78488 | 57-0180-7D 500B |
| L565 | 276-0507-00 | | SHIELDING BEAD, :0.6UH | | |
| L566 | 276-0507-00 | | SHIELDING BEAD,:0.6UH | 78488 | 57-0180-7D 500B |
| L567 | 120-0382-00 | | XFMR, TOROID: 14 TURNS, SINGLE | 80009 | 120-0382-00 |
| L568 | 276-0507-00 | | SHIELDING BEAD,:0.6UH | 78488 | 57-0180-7D 500B |
| L668 | 108-0440-00 | | COIL, RF: 8UH, TOROIDAL INDUCTOR | 80009 | 108-0440-00 |
| LR60 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR504 | 108-0537-00 | | COIL, RF: 200UH | 80009 | 108-0537-00 |
| LR507 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR508 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR509 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR511 | 108-0519-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH | 80009 | 108-0519-00 |
| LR512 | 108-0519-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH | 80009 | 108-0519-00 |
| | 108-0519-00 | | • | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR514 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | | |
| LR516 | 108-0537-00 | | COIL, RF: 200UH | 80009 | 108-0537-00 |
| LR520 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF:2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR527 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR530 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2 UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR537 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR541 | 108-0537-00 | | COIL, RF: 200UH | 80009 | 108-0537-00 |
| LR544 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| | | | COIL, RF: 2.20H (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR545 | 108-0520-00 | | | 80009 | |
| LR546 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | | 108-0520-00 |
| LR548 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL,RF:2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR549 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR551 | 108-0537-00 | | COIL, RF: 200UH | 8000 9 | 108-0537-00 |
| LR554 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR555 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF:2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR557 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR569 | 108-0520-00 | | COIL, RF: 2.2UH (WOUND ON A 10 OHM RES) | 80009 | 108-0520-00 |
| LR615 | 108-0114-00 | | COIL, RF:6UH | 80009 | 108-0114-00 |
| Q20 | 151-0276-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0276-00 |
| - | | R200000 R226000 | - | 80009 | 151-0254-00 |
| Q40 | 151-0254-00 | B200000 B236909 | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | | |
| Q40 | 151-0281-00 | B236910 | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 03508 | X16P4039 |
| Q60 | 151-0192-00 | | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN, SEL FROM MPS6521 | 80009 | 151-0192-00 |
| Q65 | 151-0254-00 | | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0254-00 |
| Q70 | 151-0254-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0254-00 |
| Q75 | 151-0254-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0254-00 |
| Q105 | 151-0220-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q110 | 151-0250-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0250-00 |
| Q115 | 153-0574-00 | | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 153-0574-00 |
| QIIJ | | | (Q115 AND Q215 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | | |
| Q118 | 153-0633-00 | | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN
(Q118 AND Q218 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | 80009 | 153-0633-00 |
| Q120 | 153-0559-00 | | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,FE | 80009 | 153-0559-00 |
| | | | (Q120 AND Q220 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | 00000 | 151 00(0 00 |
| Q130 | 151-0268-00 | | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN, DUAL | 80009 | 151-0268-00 |
| Q140 | 151-0220-00 | | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q145 | 153-0576-00 | | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN
(Q145 AND Q245 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | 8000 9 | 153-0576-00 |
| | | | (VIA) AND ASA LOUGIDING A UNIOND (VIK) | | |
| Q152 | 153-0575-00 | | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 153-0575-00 |
| | | | (Q152 AND Q252 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | | |
| | | | | | |

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| | Tektronix | Serial/Model No. | | Mfr | |
|--------------|--|---|--|----------------|----------------------------|
| Ckt No. | Part No. | Eff Dscont | Name & Description | Code | Mfr Part Number |
| Q160 | 151-0268-00 | nya miningka pangan pangangka kana kanang | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN, DUAL | 80009 | 151-0268-00 |
| Q165 | 151-0220-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q170 | 153-0574-00 | | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 153-0574-00 |
| · | | | (Q170 AND Q270 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | | |
| Q180 | 151-0190-01 | | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-01 |
| Q182 | 151-0221-00 | | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| | | | | 00000 | 151 0070 00 |
| Q185 | 151-0272-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0272-00 |
| Q195 | 151-0272-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0272-00
151-0220-00 |
| Q205 | 151-0220-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009
80009 | 151-0250-00 |
| Q210 | 151-0250-00 | | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN
SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 153-0574-00 |
| Q215 | 153-0574-00 | | (Q115 AND Q215 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | 00007 | 193 0971 00 |
| | | | (QII) MAD QZIS TOKAIDADD AD A MATORDD TAIA) | | |
| Q218 | 153-0633-00 | | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 153-0633-00 |
| x | AND ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY | | (Q118 AND Q218 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | | |
| Q220 | 153-0559-00 | | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON, FE | 80009 | 153-0559-00 |
| | | | (Q120 AND Q220 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | | |
| Q240 | 151-0220-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q245 | 153-0576-00 | | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 153-0576-00 |
| | and the set of the set of the set of the | | (Q145 AND Q245 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | | |
| | | | | | |
| Q252 | 153-0575-00 | | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 153-0575-00 |
| | and were that that the same same and man | | (Q152 AND Q252 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | 00000 | 151 0102 00 |
| Q255 | 151-0103-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0103-00 |
| Q258 | 151-0220-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009
80009 | 151-0220-00
153-0574-00 |
| Q270 | 153-0574-00 | | SEMICOND DVC SE:SILICON,NPN
(Q170 AND Q270 FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR) | 00009 | 193-0974 00 |
| | | | (QITO AND Q2TO FORNISHED AS A MATCHED TAIR) | | |
| Q280 | 151-0190-01 | | TRANSISTOR:SILICON,NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-01 |
| Q282 | 151-0221-00 | | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | | 151-0221-00 |
| Q300 | 151-0268-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN, DUAL | 80009 | 151-0268-00 |
| Q320 | 151-0267-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0267-00 |
| Q330 | 151-0434-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0434-00 |
| Q330 | 151-0221-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| ~ | | | | | |
| Q340 | 151-0434-00 | B200000 B238699 | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0434-00 |
| Q340 | 151-0221-00 | B238700 | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| Q350 | 151-0212-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0212-00 |
| Q360 | 151-0259-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0259-00
151-0212-00 |
| Q370 | 151-0212-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009
80009 | 151-0259-00 |
| Q380 | 151-0259-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 00009 | 151 0257 00 |
| Q430 | 151-0434-00 | B200000 B238699 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0434-00 |
| Q430
Q430 | 151-0221-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| Q440 | 151-0434-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0434-00 |
| Q440 | 151-0221-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0221-00 |
| Q450 | 151-0212-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0212-00 |
| Q460 | 151-0259-00 | 1 | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0259-00 |
| | | | | 00000 | 151 0010 00 |
| Q470 | 151-0212-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0212-00 |
| Q480 | 151-0259-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0259-00 |
| Q500 | 151-0220-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0220-00
151-0260-00 |
| Q505 | 151-0260-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009
80009 | 151-0190-01 |
| Q520 | 151-0190-01 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q530 | 151-0220-00 | , | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, PNP | 00009 | IJI 0220 00 |
| Q604 | 151-0188-00 | 1 | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0188-00 |
| Q604
Q607 | 151-0188-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0188-00 |
| Q611 | 151-0331-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0331-00 |
| Q623 | 151-0190-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-00 |
| Q629 | 151-0190-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-00 |
| Q632 | 151-0190-00 |) | TRANSISTOR:SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-00 |
| | | | BALNETSTOP, ATLEADY NO. | 00000 | 151-0254-00 |
| Q637 | 151-0254-00 | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009
80009 | 151-0254-00
151-0254-00 |
| Q6 40 | 151-0254-00 | J | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 00009 | 191 0294 00 |
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| Ckt No. | Tektronix
Part No. | Serial/Moc
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Dscont | Name & Description | Mfr
Code | Mfr Part Numbe |
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| Q644 | 151-0254-00 | | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | | And the second |
| Q648 | 151-0254-00 | | | - | 80009 | 151-0254-00 |
| Q658 | | | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0254-00 |
| • | 151-0220-00 | | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, PNP | 80009 | 151-0220-00 |
| Q676 | 151-0190-00 | | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-00 |
| Q717 | 151-0190-00 | | | TRANSISTOR: SILICON, NPN | 80009 | 151-0190-00 |
| Rl | 315-0105-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1M OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1055 |
| R2 | 307-0112-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.3 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB43G5 |
| R3 | 315-0470-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN:47 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB4705 |
| R5A | 325-0004-00 | | | RES., SET, MTCHD: 900K OHM, 0.1%, 0.25W | | SPR-426 |
| | | | | (R5A FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR WITH R25A) | 1057 | 51 K 420 |
| R5C | 317-0111-00 | B200000 | B209999 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 110 OHM, 5%, 0.125W | 01121 | BB1115 |
| R5C | 317-0201-00 | B210000 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 200 OHM, 5%, 0.125W | 01121 | BB2015 |
| R5D | 325-0020-00 | | | RES., SET, MTCHD: 110.6K OHM, 0.1%, 0.125W | | |
| 100 | | | | (R5D FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR WITH R25D) | 91637 | SPR ARO |
| R5E | 311-0635-00 | | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 1K OHM, 10%, 0.50W | 72120 | 82-32-0 |
| R6 | 322-0625-03 | | | | | |
| R7 | | | | RES., FXD, FILM: 995K OHM, 0.25%, 0.25W | | MFF1421D99502C |
| Κ / | 311-0607-00 | | | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:10K OHM,10%,0.50W | 73138 | 82P-59-4-103K |
| R8A | 325-0004-00 | | | RES., SET, MTCHD: 900K OHM, 0.1%, 0.25W | 91637 | SPR-426 |
| | | | | (R8A FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR WITH R28A) | | |
| R8D | 315-0511-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:510 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5115 |
| R8E | 317-0241-00 | B200000 | B209999 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:240 OHM,5%,0.125W | 01121 | BB2415 |
| R8E | 317-0151-00 | B210000 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 150 OHM, 5%, 0.125W | 01121 | BB1515 |
| R8F | 325-0038-00 | | | RES., SET, MTCHD: 110.8K OHM, 0.1%, 0.125W | | SPR359110.8K |
| | | | | (R8F FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR WITH R28F) | 51057 | 51 K5557110.0K |
| R8G | 311-0634-00 | | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 500 OHM, 10%, 0.50W | 73138 | 82-31-0 |
| R10 | 315-0101-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB1015 |
| R14 | 315-0751-00 | | | | | |
| | | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 750 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB7515 |
| R20 | 315-0473-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:47K OHM,5%,0.25W | | CB4735 |
| R21 | 315-0105-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1M OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1055 |
| R22 | 307-0112-00 | | , | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:4.3 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB43G5 |
| R23 | 315-0470-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:47 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | СВ4705 |
| R25A | 325-0004-00 | | | RES., SET, MTCHD: 900K OHM, 0.1%, 0.25W | 91637 | SPR-426 |
| | | | | (R25A FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR WITH R5A) | | |
| R25B | 317-0511-00 | XB210000 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:510 OHM,5%,0.125W | 01121 | BB5115 |
| R25C | 317-0201-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:200 OHM,5%,0.125W | 01121 | BB2015 |
| R25D | 325-0020-00 | | | RES.,SET,MTCHD:110.6K OHM,0.1%,0.125W | 91637 | SPR ARO |
| | NAL-SHE MAN HAR | | | (R25D FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR WITH R5D) | | |
| R26 | 322-0625-03 | | | RES.,FXD,FILM:995K OHM,0.25%,0.25W | 91637 | MFF1421D99502C |
| R27 | 311-0607-00 | | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 10K OHM, 10%, 0.50W | | 82P-59-4-103K |
| R28A | 325-0004-00 | | | RES.,SET,MTCHD:900K OHM,0.1%,0.25W | 91637 | SPR-426 |
| R28D | 315-0511-00 | | | (R28A FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR WITH R8A) | 01101 | 075115 |
| R200 | 515 0511 00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:510 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5115 |
| R28E | 317-0151-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150 OHM,5%,0.125W | 01121 | BB1515 |
| R28F | 325-0038-00 | | | RES., SET, MTCHD: 110.8K OHM, 0.1%, 0.125W | 91637 | SPR359110.8K |
| | | | | (R28F FURNISHED AS A MATCHED PAIR WITH R8F) | | |
| R28G | 311-0634-00 | | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 500 OHM, 10%, 0.50W | 73138 | 82-31-0 |
| R30 | 315-0101-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB1015 |
| R34 | 315-0162-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 1.6K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB1625 |
| R35 | 315-0153-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:15K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1535 |
| R36 | 315-0363-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 36K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | |
| | | | | | 01121 | |
| R38 | 315-0104-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB1045 |
| | 321-0223-00 | | | RES.,FXD,FILM:2.05K OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G20500F |
| R40
R41 | 315-0101-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | |

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| | Tektronix | Serial/Model No. | | Mfr | | |
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| Ckt No. | Part No. | Eff Dscont | Name & Description | Code | Mfr Part Number | |
| and an | ananana manana mana kangga tatan wasaran na manana manana manana a | | RES., FXD, FILM: 2.05K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G20500F | |
| R42
R45 | 321-0223-00
315-0123-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 12K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | | |
| R46 | 321-0299-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 12.7K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G12701F | |
| R40
R47 | 315-0151-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 150 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1515 | |
| R49 | 317-0151-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 150 OHM, 5%, 0.125W | 01121 | BB1515 | |
| 1(4) | 517 0151 00 | Ab250000 | | | | |
| R50 | 317-0151-00 | XB230000 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 150 OHM, 5%, 0.125W | 01121 | BB1515 | |
| R51A | 315-0154-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 150K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1545 | |
| R51B | 315-0753-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 75K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB7535 | |
| R52A | 321-0344-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 37.4K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G37401F | |
| R52B | 315-0154-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 150K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1545 | |
| | 519 619 6 | | | | | |
| R53 | 315-0753-00 |) | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 75K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB7535 | a |
| R54 | 315-0154-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 150K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB1545 | |
| R55 | 315-0513-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:51K OHM,5%,0.25W | | CB5135 | |
| R56 | 315-0753-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 75K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB7535 | |
| R57 | 315-0154-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:150K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1545 | |
| | | | | | | |
| R58 | 315-0753-00 |) | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 75K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB7535 | |
| R59 | 321-0344-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 37.4K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G37401F | |
| R61 | 315-0822-00 |) | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 8.2K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB8225 | |
| R63 | 321-0271-00 |) | RES., FXD, FILM: 6.49K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G64900F | - |
| R64 | 321-0352-00 |) | RES.,FXD,FILM:45.3K OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G45301F | |
| | | | | 01(27 | MERICICOLE002E | |
| R65 | 321-0404-00 |) | RES., FXD, FILM: 158K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G15802F | |
| R66 | 321-0434-00 |) | RES., FXD, FILM: 324K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G32402F
MFF1816G42201F | |
| R71 | 321-0349-00 |) | RES., FXD, FILM: 42.2K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | CB3025 | |
| R72 | 315-0302-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 3K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 91637 | | |
| R73 | 321-0281-00 |) | RES.,FXD,FILM:8.25K OHM,1%,0.125W | 91037 | MFF10106025001 | |
| | | _ | DDG DVD DILW-92 5% OUM 1% 0 1250 | 91637 | MFF1816G82501F | |
| R74 | 321-0377-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:82.5K OHM,1%,O.125W
RES.,FXD,FILM:12.1K OHM,1%,O.125W | | MFF1816G12101F | |
| R75 | 321-0297-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 5.1K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | | |
| R76 | 315-0512-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM:40.2K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G40201F | |
| R77 | 321-0347-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | | |
| R103 | 315-0104-00 | J | RED. , FKD, OHI DW. TOOK OHI 1993 ; OF DS A | | | |
| R104 | 323-0318-00 | 0 | RES.,FXD,FILM:20K OHM,1%,0.50W | 91637 | MFF1226D20001F | |
| R104 | 323-0318-00
315-0221-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 220 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 | |
| R109 | 323-0304-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 14.3K OHM, 1%, 0.50W | 75042 | CECT0-1432F | |
| R112 | 321-0276-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 7.32K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G73200F | |
| R112 | 315-0750-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 75 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB7505 | , |
| M113 | 515 0150 0 | • | | | | |
| R115 | 315-0101-00 | 0 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB1015 | |
| R117 | 315-0222-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.2K OHM,5%,0.25W | | CB2225 | |
| R119 | 315-0181-0 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:180 OHM,5%,0.25W | | CB1815 | |
| R122 | 315-0111-00 | 0 | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:110 OHM,5%,0.25W | | CB1115 | |
| R124 | 321-0212-0 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 1.58K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G15800F | |
| | | | | 01/07 | MDE1016003100E | |
| R126 | 321-0190-0 | 0 | RES., FXD, FILM: 931 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | | |
| R131 | 315-0681-0 | 0 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 680 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | | |
| R134 | 321-0195-0 | 0 | RES., FXD, FILM: 1.05K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | | |
| R140 | 321-0356-0 | 0 | RES., FXD, FILM: 49.9K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | | |
| R141 | 321-0356-0 | 0 | RES., FXD, FILM: 49.9K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G49901F | |
| | | | | 01121 | СВ1535 | , |
| R142 | 315-0153-0 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 15K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 91637 | | |
| R143 | 321-0308-0 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 15.8K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | | |
| R147 | 308-0304-0 | | RES., FXD, WW: 1.5K OHM, 1%, 3W | 91637 | | |
| R152 | 321-0314-0 | | RES., FXD, FILM:18.2K OHM, 1%, 0.125W
RES., FXD, CMPSN:4.7K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | | |
| R155 | 315-0472-0 | U | RED., FAD, UTFON: 4./ K UTF, JA, U.2. | 01121 | | |
| 0154 | 215 0102 0 | 0 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 10K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 | |
| R156 | 315-0103-0 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 10K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | | |
| R157 | 315-0472-0 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 5.6K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | | |
| R160 | 315-0562-0 | v | Motor the form on the one of the form of the form | | | |
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| Ckt No. | Tektronix
Part No. | Serial/Model No.
Eff Dscont | Name & Description | Mfr
Code | Mfr Part Numb |
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| | | | | a na paranang manganang mangan kanang mangan kang dina kang dina kang dina kang dina kang dina kang dina kang d | |
| R162 | 321-0099-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 105 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G105R0F |
| R163 | 315-0301-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 300 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB3015 |
| R164 | 315-0331-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:330 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3315 |
| R166 | 315-0163-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 16K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1635 |
| R167 | 311-0609-00 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 2K OHM, 10%, 0.50W | 73138 | 82-26-0 |
| R168 | 315-0202-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 2K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB2025 |
| | | | | | |
| R169 | 315-0200-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 20 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB2005 |
| R170 | 315-0300-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 30 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB3005 |
| R172 | 315-0203-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:20K OHM,5%,0.25W | | CB2035 |
| R173 | 311-1232-00 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 50K OHM, 20%, 0.50W | | 3386F-T04-503 |
| R174 | 315-0393-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 39K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB3935 |
| R175 | 311-0641-00 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 200K OHM, 20%, 0.50W | 01121 | W7441A |
| | | | | 01101 | СВ3045 |
| R176 | 315-0304-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 300K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | |
| R177 | 311-1094-00 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 2.5K OHM, 10%, 0.50W | 01121 | GH-7709 |
| | | | (FURNISHED AS A UNIT WITH \$35) | | |
| R178 | 321-0077-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM:61.9 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G61R90F |
| R179 | 315-0221-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 220 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 |
| | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 7.5K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB7525 |
| R180 | 315-0752-00 | | RED. JEAD, OHEOR. 1. JR OHE, JA, 0.234 | 01121 | |
| R181 | 315-0513-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 51K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB5135 |
| R182 | 315-0103-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 10K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB1035 |
| R183 | 315-0302-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 3K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | СВ3025 |
| R184 | 321-0093-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 90.9 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G90R90F |
| R185 | 321-0047-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 30.1 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G30R10F |
| R185 | 308-0526-00 | | RES., FXD, WW: 2.37K OHM, 1%, 3W | 91637 | |
| | 300 0920 00 | | | | |
| R187 | 311-0605-00 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 200 OHM, 10%, 0.50W | | 82-23-1 |
| R188 | 321-0093-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:90.9 OHM,1%,0.125W | | MFF1816G90R90F |
| R189 | 323-0193-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:1K OHM,1%,0.50W | | CECTO-1001F |
| R190 | 321-0150-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 357 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G357R0F |
| R191A | 321-0062-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 43.2 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G43R20F |
| R191B | 321-0049-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 31.6 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G31R60F |
| | | | | | |
| R191C | 321-0793-03 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:37.5 OHM,0.25%,0.125W | | MFF1816D37R500 |
| R191D | 321-0062-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:43.2 OHM,1%,0.125W | | MFF1816G43R20F |
| R191E | 325-0043-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 22.5 OHM, 0.25%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G22R50C |
| R193 | 321-0702-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 30 OHM, 0.25%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816D30R00C |
| R195 | 322-0193-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 1K OHM, 1%, 0.25W | | CEBT0-1001F |
| R195 | 311-1261-00 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 500 OHM, 10%, 0.50W | 32997 | 3329P-L58-501 |
| | | | | | |
| R197 | 315-0271-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 270 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB2715 |
| R199 | 321-0120-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:174 OHM,1%,0.125W | | MFF1816G174R0F |
| R203 | 315-0104-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | |
| R204 | 323-0318-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 20K OHM, 1%, 0.50W | 91637 | MFF1226D20001F |
| R205 | 315-0221-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 220 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 |
| R209 | 323-0304-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 14.3K OHM, 1%, 0.50W | 75042 | CECT0-1432F |
| | | | | 01/07 | MERIO1/07330001 |
| R212 | 321-0276-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 7.32K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G73200F |
| R213 | 315-0750-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:75 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB7505 |
| R215 | 315-0101-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R217 | 315-0222-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 2.2K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2225 |
| R219 | 315-0181-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 180 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1815 |
| R222 | 315-0111-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN:110 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1115 |
| | | | | 01/07 | NEE101(0150005 |
| | 321-0212-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 1.58K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G15800F |
| R224 | | | RES.,FXD,FILM:931 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G931R0F |
| R224
R226 | 321-0190-00 | | | | |
| R226 | 321-0190-00
315-0681-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 680 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB6815 |
| | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:680 OHM,5%,0.25W
RES.,FXD,FILM:1.05K OHM,1%,0.125W
RES.,FXD,FILM:49.9K OHM,1%,0.125W | 01121
91637 | CB6815
MFF1816G10500F |

AND CONTRACTOR AND CONTRACTORS

Replaceable Electrical Parts-7A13 (SN B200000 & up)

| Ckt No. | Tektronix
Part No. | Serial/Model No.
Eff Dscont | Name & Description | Mfr
Code | Mfr Part Number | ne |
|--------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| R241 | 321-0356-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:49.9K OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G49901F | |
| R242 | 315-0153-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 15K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1535 | |
| R242
R243 | 321-0308-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 15.8K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | | - |
| R245
R247 | 308-0304-00 | | RES., FXD, WW: 1.5K OHM, 1%, 3W | 91637 | RS2B-B15000F | |
| R247
R252 | 321-0314-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 18.2K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | | |
| R252
R254 | 321-0314-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 49.9K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | | |
| | | | | 01627 | MFF1816G49901F | .14 |
| R255 | 321-0356-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 49.9K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | | |
| R256 | 315-0103-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 10K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 | |
| R257 | 315-0243-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 24K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2435 | |
| R258 | 315-0153-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:15K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | | |
| R259 | 308-0496-00 | | RES., FXD, WW: 1K OHM, 1%, 2.5W | 91637 | | A.2 |
| R260 | 315-0562-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:5.6K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5625 | |
| R262 | 321-0099-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:105 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G105R0F | |
| R269 | 315-0200-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:20 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2005 | |
| R272 | 315-0203-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 20K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2035 | |
| R278 | 321-0077-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:61.9 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G61R90F | |
| R279 | 315-0221-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 220 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2215 | |
| R280 | 317-0752-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 7.5K OHM, 5%, 0.125W | 01121 | BB7525 | |
| R281 | 315-0513-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:51K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB5135 | -29 |
| | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 10K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 | |
| R282 | 315-0103-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 3K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB3025 | |
| R283 | 315-0302-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM:90.9 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G90R90F | |
| R284 | 321-0093-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 90.9 OHM, 1% , 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G30R10F | 200 |
| R285 | 321-0047-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 30.1 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | RS2B-23700F | |
| R286 | 308-0526-00 | | RES.,FXD,WW:2.37K OHM,1%,3W | 91037 | K520 25700F | |
| R287 | 311-0110-00 | 1 | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:100K OHM,20%,0.50W | 01121 | | |
| R288 | 311-1222-00 | | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:100 OHM,20%,0.50W | 32997 | | "an open of the second |
| R289 | 323-0193-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:1K OHM,1%,0.50W | 75042 | | |
| R290 | 321-0150-00 | 1 | RES.,FXD,FILM:357 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G357R0F | |
| R291A | 321-0062-00 | I | RES.,FXD,FILM:43.2 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G43R20F | |
| R291B | 321-0049-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:31.6 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G31R60F | |
| R291C | 321-0793-03 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:37.5 OHM,0.25%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816D37R50C | |
| R291D | 321-0062-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 43.2 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G43R20F | |
| R291E | 325-0043-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 22.5 OHM, 0.25%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G22R50C | |
| R295 | 322-0193-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:1K OHM,1%,0.25W | 75042 | CEBT0-1001F | -0 |
| R296 | 315-0101-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1015 | |
| R297 | 315-0271-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 270 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2715 | |
| D 200 | 321_0120_00 | 1 | RES.,FXD,FILM:174 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G174R0F | |
| R299
R200 | 321-0120-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 110 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB1115 | 40 |
| R300 | 315-0111-00 | | | | MFF1816G26R10F | |
| R301 | 321-0041-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 26.1 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G768R0F | |
| R302 | 321-0182-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:768 OHM,1%,0.125W
RES.,THERMAL:5K OHM,10% | | 1D1618 | |
| R303
R304 | 307-0124-00
315-0241-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 240 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | | |
| D205 | | | RES., FXD, FILM: 1.69K OHM, 1%, 0.25W | 75042 | CEBT0-1691F | |
| R305 | 322-0215-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 1.69K OHM, 1%, 0.25W
RES., FXD, CMPSN: 120K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | | |
| R306 | 315-0124-00 | | | | 3329P-L58-251 | |
| R307 | 311-1260-00 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 250 OHM, 10%, 0.50W | 32997 | CB6835 | - |
| R308 | 315-0683-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 68K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | | |
| R309 | 311-0350-00 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 500K OHM, 10%, 0.50W | 11237 | 82-40-0 | |
| R311 | 315-0620-00 |) | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:62 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6205 | |
| R312 | 321-0072-00 |) | RES.,FXD,FILM:54.9 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | | |
| R314 | 321-0065-00 |) | RES.,FXD,FILM:46.4 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G46R40F | |
| R315 | 321-0794-03 | 3 | RES., FXD, FILM: 67.5 OHM, 0.25%, 0.125W | 91637 | | |
| R317 | 325-0042-00 |) | RES.,FXD,FILM:15 OHM,0.25%,0.125W | 91637 | | |
| R320 | 322-0205-00 |) | RES.,FXD,FILM:1.33K OHM,1%,0.25W | 91637 | MFF1421G13300F | |
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| | Tektronix | Serial/Model No. | | Mfr | |
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| Ckt No. | Part No. | Eff Dscont | Name & Description | Code | Mfr Part Numb |
| R322 | 315-0561-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 560 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB5615 |
| R323 | 315-0332-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 3.3K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB3325 |
| R326 | 317-0471-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 470 OHM, 5%, 0.125W | 01121 | BB4715 |
| R327 | 321-0097-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 100 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G100R0F |
| R328 | 321-0120-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 174 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G174R0F |
| R329 | 311-0828-00 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 5K OHM, 10%, 0.50W | 01121 | |
| R331 | 321-0181-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 750 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G750R0F |
| R332 | 321-0055-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 36.5 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G36R50F |
| R333 | 311-0605-00 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 200 OHM, 10%, 0.50W | | 82-23-1 |
| R334 | 315-0512-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:5.1K OHM,5%,0.25W | | CB5125 |
| R335 | 311-0607-00 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 10K OHM, 10%, 0.50W | | 82P-59-4-103K |
| R336 | 311-0635-00 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 1K OHM, 10%, 0.50W | 73138 | 82-32-0 |
| R337 | 315-0391-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:390 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3915 |
| R340 | 321-0088-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM:80.6 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G80R60F |
| R344 | 315-0101-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | |
| R350 | 321-0039-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 24.9 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G24R90F |
| R351 | 321-0168-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 549 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G24R90F
MFF1816G549R0F |
| R354 | 315-0181-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 180 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1815 |
| R357 | 315-0132-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.3K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1325 |
| R360 | 311-0643-00 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 50 OHM, 10%, 0.50W | | 82-33-2 |
| R362 | 321-0147-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 332 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | |
| R368 | 315-0272-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 2.7K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | MFF1816G332R0F |
| R370 | 315-0150-00 | | | | |
| R371 | 311-0605-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:15 OHM,5%,0.25W
RES.,VAR,NONWIR:200 OHM,10%,0.50W | 01121
73138 | CB1505
82-23-1 |
| R372 | 321-0024-00 | | | 01/07 | |
| | | | RES., FXD, FILM: 17.4 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G17R40F |
| R373 | 321-0153-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:383 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G383R0F |
| R374 | 315-0301-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 300 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB3015 |
| R375 | 315-0181-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 180 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1815 |
| R376 | 315-0153-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:15K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1535 |
| R377 | 315-0132-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.3K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1325 |
| R378 | 315-0272-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.7K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2725 |
| R380 | 311-0643-00 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 50 OHM, 10%, 0.50W | 73138 | 82-33-2 |
| R382 | 321-0147-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 332 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G332R0F |
| R383 | 321-0105-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:121 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G121R0F |
| R401 | 321-0041-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:26.1 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G26R10F |
| R402 | 321-0182-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:768 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G768R0F |
| R404 | 315-0241-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:240 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 |
| R407 | 322-0212-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 1.58K OHM, 1%, 0.25W | 75042 | CEBT0-1581F |
| R408 | 315-0683-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 68K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | |
| R411 | 315-0620-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN:62 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | |
| R412 | 321-0072-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:54.9 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G54R90F |
| R414 | 321-0065-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:46.4 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G46R40F |
| R415 | 321-0794-03 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:67.5 OHM,0.25%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816D67R50C |
| R420 | 322-0205-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 1.33K OHM, 1%, 0.25W | 91637 | MFF1421G13300F |
| R426 | 315-0471-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 470 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB4715 |
| | 321-0097-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 100 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G100R0F |
| | 321-0120-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 174 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G174R0F |
| | 321-0181-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 750 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G750R0F |
| R432 | 311-0609-00 | | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:2K OHM,10%,0.50W | 73138 | 82-26-0 |
| | 315-0302-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 3K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB3025 |
| | 311-0880-01 | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 5K OHM, 20%, 0.50W | 71590 | BA202-001 |
| | | | (FURNISHED AS A UNIT WITH S40) | 11370 | |
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|---------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|-------|-----------------|---------------------|
| | Tektronix | Serial/Model No. | | | | |
| Ckt No. | Part No. | Eff Dscont | Name & Description | Code | Mfr Part Number | |
| UKLINU. | rait NU. | LII Docont | Numb a bootington | | | *** |
| R439 | 315-0121-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 120 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1215 | |
| | | | | | | |
| R440 | 321-0088-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:80.6 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G80R60F | |
| R451 | 321-0168-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 549 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G549R0F | |
| | | | KEG., FRD, FIER. 949 ORI, 18, 00129 | | | |
| R454 | 315-0181-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:180 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1815 | 1844 (-Opt |
| R456 | 315-0150-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 15 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1505 | |
| R430 | 313~0130-00 | | RES., FRD, OHFSN. IJ OHH, J%, 0.2. | 01121 | 021909 | |
| | | | | | | |
| R462 | 321-0147-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:332 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G332ROF | |
| | | | | | | |
| R463 | 321-0105-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:121 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G121ROF | |
| R470 | 315-0150-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN:15 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1505 | |
| | | | | | | |
| R472 | 315-0560-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:56 OHM,5%,0.25W | | CB5605 | |
| R473 | 321-0153-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:383 OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G383R0F | |
| 1475 | 521 0155 00 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| R475 | 315-0181-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 180 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1815 | *707104 |
| | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 4.7 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB47G5 | |
| R477 | 307-0106-00 | | | | | |
| R482 | 321-0147-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 332 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G332ROF | |
| | | | RES., FXD, FILM:24.9K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G24901F | |
| R501 | 321-0327-00 | | | | | |
| R502 | 321-0327-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:24.9K OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G24901F | |
| | | | • • | | | : 12 *35 *3% |
| | | | | 01101 | 000005 | |
| R503 | 315-0822-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:8.2K OHM,5%,0.25W | | CB8225 | |
| R505 | 303-0301-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 300 OHM, 5%, 1W | 01121 | GB3015 | |
| | | | | | MFF1816G15800F | |
| R521 | 321-0212-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:1.58K OHM,1%,0.125W | | | |
| R522 | 321-0226-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:2.21K OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G22100F | |
| | | | | | CB2415 | |
| R523 | 315-0241 - 00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:240 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | 002415 | |
| | | | | | | |
| DEDE | 215 0691 00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:680 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB6815 | |
| R525 | 315-0681-00 | | | | | |
| R528 | 321-0143-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 301 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G301R0F | |
| R531 | 321-0226-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 2.21K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G22100F | 404 Days |
| | | | | | MFF1816G15800F | |
| R532 | 321-0212-00 | | RES.,FXD,FILM:1.58K OHM,1%,0.125W | | | |
| R533 | 315-0241-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 240 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2415 | |
| K))) | JIJ 0241 00 | | aborgrab goin bar 2 to oning sugeress | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| R535 | 301-0241-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:240 OHM,5%,0.50W | 01121 | EB2415 | |
| | | | | 80009 | 308-0433-00 | . THE REAL PROOF |
| R563 | 308-0433-00 | } | RES.,FXD,WW:1 OHM,10%,0.25W | | | |
| R565 | 315-0510-00 |) | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 51 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB5105 | |
| | | | RES., FXD, FILM: 47.5 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G47R50F | |
| R602 | 321-0066-00 |) | | | | |
| R603 | 321-0193-00 |) | RES.,FXD,FILM:1K OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G10000F | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | CD 1005 | 9****** |
| R605 | 315-0122-00 |) | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.2K OHM,5%,0.25W | | CB1225 | |
| R607 | 315-0472-00 |) | RES., FXD, CMPSN:4.7K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB4725 | |
| | | | | | 308-0141-00 | |
| R609 | 308-0141-00 |) | RES.,FXD,WW:1 OHM,5%,0.5W | | | |
| R610 | 301-0120-00 | ו | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:12 OHM,5%,0.50W | 01121 | EB1205 | |
| | | | | 01121 | CB2005 | -7426-j- |
| R617 | 315-0200-00 |) | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:20 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | 002000 | |
| | | | | | | |
| D(00 | 215 0102 00 | | DEC EVD CNDCN. 194 OUM 57 0 25W | 01121 | CB1835 | |
| R620 | 315-0183-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 18K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | | |
| R621 | 315-0363-00 |) | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:36K OHM,5%,0.25W | | CB3635 | |
| R623 | 321-0230-00 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 2.43K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G24300F | |
| | | | | | CB9135 | 50-6968 |
| R624 | 315-0913-00 |) | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:91K OHM,5%,0.25W | | | |
| R626 | 315-0163-00 | 1 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 16K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1635 | |
| K020 | JIJ-010J-0(|) | MID: , I KD, OHI DN. FOR OHII, 5%; 0:25% | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| R628 | 315-0163-00 |) | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 16K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1635 | |
| | | | | 01121 | CB2235 | <000000 |
| R630 | 315-0223-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 22K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | | |
| R631 | 315-0393-00 |) | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:39K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB3935 | |
| R632 | 315-0200-00 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN:20 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB2005 | |
| | | | | | | |
| R636 | 315-0103-00 |) | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | 01101 | CB1025 | -158200, |
| R639 | 315-0103-00 |) | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | | |
| R641 | 315-0102-00 |) | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 1K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1025 | |
| | | | | | | |
| R643 | 315-0103-00 |) | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5%,0.25W | | CB1035 | |
| R645 | 315-0102-00 | ר
ר | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 1K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1025 | |
| | | | | | CB1035 | |
| R647 | 315-0103-00 | J | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | 001000 | 6013972. |
| | | | | | | |
| D6/0 | 315 0100 01 | 2 | DEC EVD CHDCN. IV OUN 5% 0 35U | 01121 | CB1025 | |
| R649 | 315-0102-00 | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,5%,0.25W | | | |
| R651 | 315-0103-00 |) | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 10K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 | |
| | | | | | | |
| R653 | 315-0103-00 | J | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:10K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 | ****** |
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Replaceable Electrical Parts-7A13 (SN B200000 & up)

| Ckt No. | | Serial/Mod
Eff | el No.
Dscont | Name & Description | Mfr
Code | Mfr Part Numbe |
|--------------|----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|----------------|----------------|
| R655 | 315-0103-00 | ********* | ***** | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 10K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| R657 | 315-0103-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 10K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB1035 |
| R659 | 315-0182-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 1.8K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB1825 |
| R661 | 315-0161-00 | | | | | |
| | | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 160 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB1615 |
| R670 | 315-0273-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:27K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2735 |
| R67 1 | 315-0273-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:27K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2735 |
| R673 | 315-0132-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.3K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1325 |
| R674 | 315-0272-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2.7K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2725 |
| R675 | 315-0333-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 33K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB3335 |
| R678 | 321-0160-00 | | | RES., FXD, FILM: 453 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G453R0F |
| R679 | 321-0332-07 | | | RES., FXD, FILM: 28K OHM, 0.1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816C28001B |
| R681 | 321-0332-07 | | | RES., FXD, FILM: 28K OHM, 0.1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816C28001B |
| R683 | | | | | | |
| | 321-0184-00 | | | RES., FXD, FILM: 806 OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | |
| R685 | 321-0206-00 | | | RES., FXD, FILM: 1.37K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | | MFF1816G13700F |
| R686 | 311-1340-00 | | | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:1K OHM,10%,0.50W | 02111 | 43P102T621 |
| R687 | 321-0278-00 | | | RES.,FXD,FILM:7.68K OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G76800F |
| R690A | 311-1057-00 | | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 5K OHM, 3%, 0.01% | 80294 | 3540S-420-502 |
| R690B | 311-0887-00 | | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 50K OHM, 10%, 0.50W | 80009 | 311-0887-00 |
| R692 | 315-0914-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 910K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | |
| R693 | 321-0222-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 910K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | |
| R696 | 311-1272 00 | | | BEG UAD NOWLED. LOOK OTH LOW O FOU | 20007 | 2220D 150 10/ |
| | 311-1272-00 | | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 100K OHM, 10%, 0.50W | 32997 | |
| R698 | 315-0205-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2M OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | |
| R699 | 321-0644-00 | | | RES.,FXD,FILM:100K OHM,0.25%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816C10002C |
| R701 | 315-0101-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100 OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1015 |
| R703 | 321-0332-07 | | | RES.,FXD,FILM:28K OHM,0.1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816C28001B |
| R705 | 321-0331-09 | | | RES.,FXD,FILM:27.4K OHM,1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816C27401F |
| R708 | 311-1272-00 | | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 100K OHM, 10%, 0.50W | 32997 | |
| R710 | 315-0104-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | |
| R711 | | | | | | |
| R712 | 315-0131-00
315-0104-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:130 OHM,5%,0.25W
RES.,FXD,CMPSN:100K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121
01121 | |
| | | | | | | |
| R714 | 315-0152-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1.5K OHM,5%,0.25W | | CB1525 |
| R716 | 315-0202-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:2K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB2025 |
| R718 | 315-0512-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 5.1K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB5125 |
| R720 | 311-1272-00 | | | RES., VAR, NONWIR: 100K OHM, 10%, 0.50W | | 3329P-L58-104 |
| R722 | 315-0104-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 100K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB1045 |
| R723 | 315-0470-00 | | | | 01101 | CP/ 705 |
| | | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 47 OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB4705 |
| R724 | 315-0153-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 15K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | | CB1535 |
| R726 | 321-0332-07 | | | RES.,FXD,FILM:28K OHM,0.1%,0.125W | | MFF1816C28001B |
| 8727 | 311-1259-00 | | | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:100 OHM,10%,0.50W | | 3329P-L58-101 |
| R729 | 321-0332-07 | | | RES.,FXD,F1LM:28K OHM,0.1%,0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816C28001B |
| R741 | 315-0102-00 | | | RES.,FXD,CMPSN:1K OHM,5%,0.25W | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R742 | 315-0102-00 | | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 1K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1025 |
| R744 | 315-0102-00 | B200000 | B236984 | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 1K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1025 |
| 2744 | 321-0197-00 | B236985 | | RES., FXD, FILM: 1.1K OHM, 1%, 0.125W | 91637 | MFF1816G11000F |
| 2753 | 315-0103-00 | 5250707 | | RES., FXD, CMPSN: 10K OHM, 5%, 0.25W | 01121 | CB1035 |
| | 313 0103~00 | | | NES., FAD, OFFSN. IVN UHM, D%, U.20W | 01121 | CE0100 |
| 51 | 670-1043-02 | B200000 | B209999 | CKT BOARD ASSY: PUSH BUTTON, +AC-GND-DC | 80009 | 670-1043-02 |
| 51 | 670-10/3-02 | 2110000 | | (SEE MPL FOR REPLACEMENT PARTS) | 80000 | 670-1062 02 |
| | 670-1043-03 | B210000 | | CKT BOARD ASSY:PUSH BUTTON,+AC-GND-DC
(SEE MPL FOR REPLACEMENT PARTS) | 80009 | 670-1043-03 |
| 510 | 670-1043-02 | B200000 | B209999 | CKT BOARD ASSY:PLUG-IN,ATTENUATOR | 80009 | 670-1043-02 |
| - | | | | (SEE MPL FOR REPLACEMENT PARTS) | 50007 | |
| | | | | | | |
| 510 | 670-1043-03 | B210000 | | CKT BOARD ASSY:PLUG-IN,ATTENUATOR | 80009 | 670-1043-03 |

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| | Tektronix | Serial/Model No. | | | Mfr | |
|----------|-------------|------------------|---------|---|-------|-----------------|
| Ckt No. | Part No. | Eff | Dscont | Name & Description | Code | Mfr Part Number |
| S21 | 670-1043-02 | B200000 B209999 | | CKT BOARD ASSY:PUSH BUTTON,-AC-GND-DC
(SEE MPL FOR REPLACEMENT PARTS) | 80009 | 670-1043-02 |
| S21 | 670-1043-03 | B210000 | | CKT BOARD ASSY:PUSH BUTTON,-AC-GND-DC
(SEE MPL FOR REPLACEMENT PARTS) | 80009 | 670-1043-03 |
| S35 | 311-1094-00 | | | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:2.5K OHM,10%,0.50W
(FURNISHED AS A UNIT WITH R177) | 01121 | GH-7709 |
| S40 | 311-0880-01 | | | RES.,VAR,NONWIR:5K OHM,20%,0.50W
(FURNISHED AS A UNIT R435) | 71590 | BA202-001 |
| S50 | 260-1033-00 | | | SWITCH, ROTARY: | 80009 | 260-1033-00 |
| S80 | 260-0816-00 | | | SWITCH, SLIDE: DPDT, 0.5A, 125VAC | 79727 | GF-126-0012A |
| S490 | 670-1073-02 | | | CKT BOARD ASSY:PUSH BUTTON,BW
(SEE MPL FOR REPLACEMENT PARTS) | 80009 | 670-1073-02 |
| S570 | 670-1042-02 | | | CKT BOARD ASSY:PUSH BUTTON,VC POLARITY
(SEE MPL FOR REPLACEMENT PARTS) | 80009 | 670-1042-02 |
| T185 | 120-0482-00 | | | XFMR, TOROID:2 TURNS, BIFILAR | 80009 | 120-0482-00 |
| т350 | 120-0482-00 | | | XFMR, TOROID: 2 TURNS, BIFILAR | 80009 | 120-0482-00 |
| U632A,B | 156-0388-00 | | | MICROCIRCUIT, DI: DUAL D-TYPE FLIP-FLOP | 80009 | 156-0388-00 |
| U635 | 156-0306-00 | | | MICROCIRCUIT, DI:4.5 DECADE COUNTER | | A7R381R19X |
| U665 | 150-1012-01 | | B225504 | LAMP, LED: W/FRAME AND FILTER | | 150-1012-01 |
| U665 | 150-1012-03 | | | LAMP, LED, RDOUT: W/FRAME AND FILTER | | 150-1012-03 |
| U668 | 156-0493-00 | | | MICROCIRCUIT, DI: BCD TO 7 SEG DEC/DRIVER | 07263 | |
| U678A,B | 156-0495-00 | | | MICROCIRCUIT, LI: OPNL AMPL | 80009 | 156-0495-00 |
| U678C,D) | | | | | | |
| VR103 | 152-0394-00 | | | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,1W,47V,5% | 81483 | 1N3036B |
| VR155 | 152-0395-00 | | | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,4.3V,5% | | 1N749A |
| VR157 | 152-0395-00 | | | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,4.3V,5% | | 1N749A |
| VR166 | 152-0395-00 | | | SEMICOND DEVICE: ZENER, 0.4W, 4.3V, 5% | 04713 | 1N749A |
| VR203 | 152-0394-00 | | | SEMICOND DEVICE: ZENER, 1W, 47V, 5% | 81483 | |
| VR634 | 152-0278-00 | | | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.4W,3V,5% | 80009 | 152-0278-00 |
| VR683 | 152-0411-00 | | | SEMICOND DEVICE:ZENER,0.25W,9V,5% | 04713 | 1N937 |

SPECTOR 2

P. 4 . 17

-HEARING

DIAGRAMS AND CIRCUIT BOARD ILLUSTRATIONS

Symbols and Reference Designators

Electrical components shown on the diagrams are in the following units unless noted otherwise:

Values one or greater are in picofarads (pF). Capacitors = Values less than one are in microfarads (µF). Resistors = Ohms (Ω) .

Symbols used on the diagrams are based on ANSI Standard Y32.2-1970.

Logic symbology is based on ANSI Y32.14-1973 in terms of positive logic. Logic symbols depict the logic function performed and may differ from the manufacturer's data.

The following prefix letters are used as reference designators to identify components or assemblies on the diagrams.

- A Assembly, separable or repairable (circuit board, etc.) AT Attenuator, fixed or variable в Motor BT Batterv Capacitor, fixed or variable С СВ Circuit breaker Diode, signal or rectifier CR DL Delay line DS Indicating device (lamp) E Spark Gap
- F Fuse
- FL Filter

- н Heat dissipating device (heat sink, heat radiator, etc.) HR Heater HY Hybrid circuit J Connector, stationary portion к Relav Inductor, fixed or variable L LR Inductor/resistor combination M Meter Connector, movable portion Ρ Q Transistor or silicon-controlled rectifier R Resistor, fixed or variable
- RT Thermistor S Switch
- т Transformer TC
- Thermocouple
- TP Test point
- U Assembly, inseparable or non-repairable (integrated circuit, etc.)
- V Electron tube
 - Voltage regulator (zener diode, etc.)
- Crystal Z Phase shifter

VR

Y

Internal Screwdriver Adjustment The following special symbols are used on the diagrams: Test Voltage Plug to E.C. Board P15 Panel Adjustment Г 11391 BAL +12V 13 Wire Color Code RI5 50k Plug Index 1 | 2 09 -12V Modified Component-See Parts List +12V Refer to Waveform RI4 Refer to Diagram Number 100 TO DIAG Coaxial Connector SRI3 16 ٧ Panel Connector J13 ම VERT OUT TPI2 RIO £ look 10.5V Assembly Number 04 Q14 **Board Name** -12V AMPL **Etched Circuit Board Outlined** PARTIAL AL, VERTICAL BOARD in Blue +Schematic Name and Number VERTICAL AMPLIFIER GAB 673 $\langle 2 \rangle$

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7-1

DC circuit voltages were measured with a digital multimeter having an accuracy of 0.1%; input impedance is greater than 1 kM Ω on the 1.500 volt range and 10 M Ω on the higher ranges. All voltages were measured with respect to chassis ground unless noted otherwise.

Waveforms shown are actual photographs taken with a Tektronix Oscilloscope Camera System. Test oscilloscope* deflection factor and sweep rate conditions are noted on each waveform. AC coupling was used to obtain photographs of the waveform amplitudes. The test oscilloscope was externally triggered by the 4 V calibrator signal that was applied from the Indicator oscilloscope* to the 7A13 +INPUT. External triggering enables the waveform polarity to be shown with respect to the input signal.

The test oscilloscope used for obtaining the waveform photographs had the following minimum characteristics: Deflection factor, 50 mV/div to 5 V/div (with a 10X probe); AC coupled input; frequency response, 2 Hz to 10 MHz; sweep rate, 0.2 ms/div.

7A13 Control Settings

COMPARISON VOLTAGE (V_c) Polarity Pushbuttons released Selector As is FINE As is +INPUT Mode AC (for waveforms) GND (for voltages) --- INPUT Mode GND **VOLTS/DIV** 1 V VARIABLE (VOLTS/DIV) CAL (CW, in detent) PULL VAR FOR X10 V_c RANGE Pushed in VAR BAL As is BW 5 MHz POSITION For centered trace or display Rin (see Fig. 2-1, Operating Instructions) $R_{in} = 1 M\Omega$

*The test oscilloscope is used for signal tracing and obtaining waveform photographs. The indicator oscilloscope is the oscilloscope that accepts the 7A13 Plug-In Unit.



7A13



GRS BLOCK DIAGRAM SNB20000-UP



COMPONENT LOCATIONS

Fig. 7-1. Attenuator board showing component locations.

| \mathbf{D} | 1 V | | | | 200 µS | |
|--------------|------|---|---|--|--------|--|
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ATTENUATOR & SWITCHING



Fig. 7-2. Input Amplifier circuit board showing component lo

COMPONENT LOCATIONS


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| 50 mV | | 20 | 0 µS |
|--------------|------|----|------|
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| **** **** +1 |
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| | + | - | |
| 1 | 1 | | |









| 50 mV | 200 µS |
|-------|--------|
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| | |



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\$ 2.4

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Fig. 7-3. Output Amplifier circuit board componen

REV. A SEP 1976



*See Parts List for serial number ranges.

it board component locations SN B200000-up.

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| 1 | 3/ | |
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| | | |

| 50 mV | | | | 200 | DμS |
|-------|---|------|-----|-----|-----|
| | | | | | |
| | |
 | *** | 1 | 5 |
| | | | | | |
| | + | | | | |







| 200 m | V | 200 µS |
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| 1. | - | |
|----|---|--|
| 1 | 1 | |
| | | |

| 50 mV | 200 µS |
|-------|--------|
| | |
| | |
| | |

| 2 | 50mV | 200 µS |
|---|------|--------|
| 2 | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | 1 |
| | | 1 |



| 50 mV | 200 µS | |
|-------|--------|---|
| | | |
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7AI3

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OUTPUT AMPLIFIER 3 GRS

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OUTPUT AMPLIFIER







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V_c GENERATOR AND READOUT

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7A13 DIFFERENTIAL COMPARATOR (SN B200000 & up)

REPLACEABLE **MECHANICAL PARTS**

PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available. and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

Change information, if any, is located at the rear of this manual.

SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

X000 Part first added at this serial number 00X Part removed after this serial number

FIGURE AND INDEX NUMBERS

Items in this section are referenced by figure and index numbers to the illustrations.

ELEC

ELEM

FPI

EXT

FLEX

FLH

FR

FT

FXD

GSKT

HDL

HEX

HLEXT

IDENT

IMPLR

нν

IC

ID

FLTR

FIL

EQPT

INDENTATION SYSTEM

This mechanical parts list is indented to indicate item relationships. Following is an example of the indentation system used in the description column.

12345 Name & Description

Assembly and/or Component Attaching parts for Assembly and/or Component . . . * . . .

Detail Part of Assembly and/or Component Attaching parts for Detail Part

- - - * - - -

Parts of Detail Part Attaching parts for Parts of Detail Part . . . * . . .

Attaching Parts always appear in the same indentation as the item it mounts, while the detail parts are indented to the right. Indented items are part of, and included with, the next higher indentation. The separation symbol - - - * - - - indicates the end of attaching parts.

Attaching parts must be purchased separately, unless otherwise specified.

ITEM NAME

In the Parts List, an Item Name is separated from the description by a colon (:). Because of space limitations, an Item Name may sometimes appear as incomplete. For further Item Name identification, the U.S. Federal Cataloging Handbook H6-1 can be utilized where possible.

SL

INCH NUMBER SIZE ACTR ACTUATOR ADPTR ADAPTER ALIGN ALIGNMENT ALUMINUM ASSEM ASSEMBLED ASSY ASSEMBLY ATTEN ATTENUATOR AMERICAN WIRE GAGE AWG BOARD BRKT BRACKET BRS BRASS BBZ BRONZE BSHG BUSHING CAB CABINET CAP CAPACITOR CER CERAMIC CHAS CHASSIS CKT CIRCUIT COMP COMPOSITION CONN CONNECTOR cov COVER COUPLING CPLG CRT CATHODE RAY TUBE DEG DEGREE DWR DRAWER

ELECTRON ELCTRN ELECTRICAL ELCTLT ELECTROLYTIC FLEMENT ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST EQUIPMENT EXTERNAL FILLISTER HEAD FLEXIBLE FLAT HEAD FILTER FRAME or FRONT FSTNR FASTENER FOOT FIXED GASKET HANDLE HEXAGON HEX HD HEXAGONAL HEAD HEX SOC HEXAGONAL SOCKET HELICAL COMPRESSION HLCPS HELICAL EXTENSION HIGH VOLTAGE INTEGRATED CIRCUIT INSIDE DIAMETER IDENTIFICATION

IMPELLER

ABBREVIATIONS

INTL

NIP

OBD

оvн

ΡL

PN

PNH

PWR

RES

RLF

SCR

0D

INCH INCAND INCANDESCENT INSUL INSULATOR INTERNAL LAMPHOLDER LPHLDR MACHINE масн MECH MECHANICAL MTG MOUNTING NIPPLE NOT WIRE WOUND NON WIRE ORDER BY DESCRIPTION OUTSIDE DIAMETER OVAL HEAD PHOSPHOR BRONZE PH BRZ PLAIN or PLATE PLSTC PLASTIC PART NUMBER PAN HEAD POWER RECEPTACLE RCPT RESISTOR RGD RIGID **BELIEE** RTNR RETAINER SOCKET HEAD SCH SCOPE OSCILLOSCOPE SCREW

SINGLE END SE SECT SECTION SEMICOND SEMICONDUCTOR SHLD SHIELD SHLDR SHOULDERED SOCKET SKT SLIDE SLFLKG SELF-LOCKING SLEEVING SLVG SPR SPRING SQUARE so SST STAINLESS STEEL STL STEEL SWITCH SW TUBE TERMINAL TERM THREAD THD тніск тнк TNSN TENSION TAPPING TPG TRUSS HEAD TRH VOLTAGE VAR VARIABLE W/ WITH WASHER WSHR TRANSFORMER XEMB XSTR TRANSISTOR

(a)

AL

ВD

CROSS INDEX-MFR. CODE NUMBER TO MANUFACTURER

| Mfr. Code | Manufacturer | Address | City, State, Zip |
|-----------|--|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 000BK | STAUFFER SUPPLY | 105 SE TAYLOR | PORTLAND, OR 97214 |
| 000CY | NORTHWEST FASTENER SALES, INC. | 7923 SW CIRRUS DRIVE | BEAVERTON, OREGON 97005 |
| 00779 | AMP, INC. | P O BOX 3608 | HARRISBURG, PA 17105 |
| 01295 | TEXAS INSTRUMENTS, INC., SEMICONDUCTOR | P O BOX 5012, 13500 N CENTRAL | |
| | GROUP | EXPRESSWAY | DALLAS, TX 75222 |
| 13257 | AMERACE, LTD. | 10 ESNA PARK DRIVE | MARKHAM, ONTARIO, CANADA |
| 17117 | ELECTRONIC MOLDING CORP. | 96 MILL ST. | WOONSOCKET, RI 02895 |
| 22526 | BERG ELECTRONICS, INC. | YOUK EXPRESSWAY | NEW CUMBERLAND, PA 17070 |
| 24931 | SPECIALTY CONNECTOR CO., INC. | 3560 MADISON AVE. | INDIANAPOLIS, IN 46227 |
| 28520 | HEYMAN MFG. CO. | 147 N. MICHIGAN AVE. | KENILWORTH, NJ 07033 |
| 70276 | ALLEN MFG. CO. | P. O. DRAWER 570 | HARTFORD, CT 06101 |
| 71785 | TRW, CINCH CONNECTORS | 1501 MORSE AVENUE | ELK GROVE VILLAGE, IL 60007 |
| 73743 | FISCHER SPECIAL MFG. CO. | 446 MORGAN ST. | CINCINNATI, OH 45206 |
| 73803 | TEXAS INSTRUMENTS, INC., METALLURGICAL | | |
| | MATERIALS DIV. | 34 FOREST STREET | ATTLEBORO, MA 02703 |
| 74445 | HOLO-KROME CO. | 31 BROOK ST. WEST | HARTFORD, CT 06110 |
| 76854 | OAK INDUSTRIES, INC., SWITCH DIV. | S. MAIN ST. | CRYSTAL LAKE, IL 60014 |
| 78189 | ILLINOIS TOOL WORKS, INC. | | |
| | SHAKEPROOF DIVISION | ST. CHARLES ROAD | ELGIN, IL 60120 |
| 79807 | WROUGHT WASHER MFG. CO. | 2100 S. O BAY ST. | MILWAUKEE, WI 53207 |
| 80009 | TEKTRONIX, INC. | P O BOX 500 | BEAVERTON, OR 97077 |
| 82647 | TEXAS INSTRUMENTS, INC., | | |
| | CONTROL PRODUCTS DIV. | 34 FOREST ST. | ATTLEBORO, MA 02703 |
| 83385 | CENTRAL SCREW CO. | 2530 CRESCENT DR. | BROADVIEW, IL 60153 |
| 86044 | CALIFORNIA GASKET COMPANY | 1601 W. 134 STREET | GARDENA, CA 90249 |
| 86445 | PENN FIBRE AND SPECIALTY CO., INC. | 2032 E. WESTMORELAND ST. | PHILADELPHIA, PA 19134 |
| 86928 | SEASTROM MFG. COMPANY, INC. | 701 SONORA AVENUE | GLENDALE, CA 91201 |
| 87308 | N. L. INDUSTRIES, INC., SOUTHERN SCREW | | |
| | DIV. | P. O. BOX 1360 | STATESVILLE, NC 28677 |
| 88245 | LITTON SYSTEMS, INC., USECO DIV. | 13536 SATICOY ST. | VAN NUYS, CA 91409 |
| 93907 | CAMCAR SCREW AND MFG. CO. | 600 18TH AVE. | ROCKFORD, IL 61101 |
| 98291 | SEALECTRO CORP. | 225 HOYT | MAMARONECK, NY 10544 |

| Index
No. | Tektronix
Part No. | Serial/Mc
Eff | del No.
Dscont | Qtv | 12345 | Name & Description | Mfr
Code | Mfr Part Num |
|--------------|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|-----|---------------------|--|----------------|----------------------|
| | | | | | | | 0000 | |
| 1-1 | 337-1160-0 | 1 | | 1 | CUTEID ELEC.CT | DE | | |
| -2 | 337-1163-0 | | | - | SHIELD, ELEC: SI | | 80009 | 337-1160-01 |
| -3 | 337-1167-0 | | | 1 | SHLD, ELECTRICA | AL:RIGHT SIDE | 80009 | 337-1163-01 |
| -4 | 366-1189-0 | | | 1 | | ASTIC SHEET,2.75 X 4.25" | 80009 | 337-1167-00 |
| -4 | 213-0153-0 | | | 1 | KNOB: GRAY | 0 10 105 575 555 555 555 | 80009 | 366-1189-00 |
| -5 | | | | 1 | | O X 0.125,STL BK OXD,HEX | 000CY | OBD |
| -6 | 366-1059-0 | | | 1 | | AY | 80009 | 366-1059-00 |
| -0 | 366-1077-0 | | | 1 | | | 80009 | 366-1077-00 |
| - | 213-0020-0 | | | 1 | . SETSCREW:6-3 | 2 X 0.125 INCH, HEX.SOC STL | 70276 | OBD |
| -7 | 366-1058-0 | 2 | | 1 | KNOB:LATCH | | 80009 | 366-1058-02 |
| -8 | 214-1095-0 | D | | 1 | PIN, SPG, SPLIT: | (ATTACHING PARTS)
0.094 OD X 0.187 INCH LONG | 13257 | 52-022-094-0 |
| | | | | | | * | | |
| -9 | 105-0076-0 | | | 1 | REL BAR, LATCH: | | 80009 | 105-0076-02 |
| -10 | 214-1280-0 |) | | 1 | SPRING, HLCPS:0 | .14 OD X 1.126"L,0.16"DIA W | 80009 | 214-1280-00 |
| -11 | 136-0187-0 | | | 1 | JACK, TIP:1 CON | TACT, BLACK LITE TIGHT | 17117 | 4653-113-0 |
| -12 | 210-0940-00 |) | | 1 | WASHER, FLAT: 0. | 25 ID X 0.375 INCH OD, STL | 79807 | OBD |
| -13 | 210-0223-00 |) | | 1 | TERMINAL, LUG: 0 | .25 INCH DIA,SE | 86928 | A313-136 |
| -14 | 358-0378-00 |) B200000 | B238099 | 1 | BUSHING, SLEEVE | | 80009 | 358-0378-00 |
| | 358-0599-00 | B238100 | | 1 | | :0.125 ID X 0.234 THK, PLSTC | 28520 | B-187-125 |
| -15 | 358-0301-02 | | | 2 | BUSHING, SLEEVE | | | |
| -16 | 366-1082-00 | | | 1 | KNOB: GRAY | Sur (EASTIC | 80009 | 358-0301-02 |
| | 213-0153-00 | | | 1 | | OV O 125 CTL BY OVD HEY | 80009 | 366-1082-00 |
| -17 | 366-1123-00 | | | 1 | KNOB:GRAY | 0 X 0.125,STL BK OXD,HEX | 000CY | OBD |
| ., | 213-0153-00 | | | | | | 80009 | 366-1123-00 |
| -18 | 200-0103-00 | | | 1 | · SEISCREW:)-4 | 0 X 0.125, STL BK OXD, HEX | 000CY | OBD |
| -19 | 355-0131-00 | | | 1 | | L:0.25-28 X 0.375" OD, BRASS | 80009 | 200-0103-00 |
| | | | | 1 | STUD, BDG POST: | GROUND | 80009 | 355-0131-00 |
| -20 | 366-1084-00 | | | 1 | KNOB: GRAY | | 80009 | 366-1084-00 |
| | 213-0153-00 | | | 1 | | O X 0.125,STL BK OXD,HEX | 000CY | OBD |
| -21 | 366-1101-00 | | | 1 | KNOB:GRAY | | 80009 | 366-1101-00 |
| | 213-0153-00 | | | 1 | . SETSCREW: 5-40 | O X 0.125,STL BK OXD,HEX | 000CY | OBD |
| -22 | 333-1095-02 | - | | 1 | PANEL, FRONT: | - | 80009 | 333-1095-02 |
| -23 | 200-0935-00 |) | | 1 | BASE, LAMPHOLDEN | R:0.29 OD X 0.19 CASE | 80009 | 200-0935-00 |
| -24 | 378-0602-01 | | | 1 | LENS, LIGHT: AMB | | 80009 | 378-0602-01 |
| -25 | | | | | L.E.D., READOUT | | 00000 | 570 0002 01 |
| | 378-0815-01 | | | 1 | . FILTER.LIGHT: | RED,0.398 W X 0.868 L | 80009 | 378-0815-01 |
| -26 | | | | 1 | CKT BOARD ASSY: | (ATTACHING PARTS) | 00003 | 578-0815-01 |
| -27 | 211-0156-00 | | | 1 | | 1-72 X 0.25",82 DEG,FLH STL | 93907 | OBD |
| | | | | - | CUT BOADD ACCN | | | |
| -28 | 131-0589-00 | | | | CKT BOARD ASSY | | | |
| -29 | 337-1041-00 | | | 1 | SHIELD, ELEC: | 5 L X 0.025 SQ.PH BRZ GL | 22526
80009 | 47350
337-1041-00 |
| -30 | 213-0088-00 | | | 2 | | ATTACHING PARTS) | | |
| | | | | | | G:4-24 X 0.25 INCH,PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -31 | 131-0679-02 | | | | | :BNC,MALE, 3 CONTACT | 24931 | 28JR270-1 |
| -32 | 337-1040-02 | | | 1 | SHIELD,ELEC: | | 80009 | 337-1040-02 |
| | | | | | | ATTACHING PARTS) | | |
| -33 | 213-0055-01 | | | 4 | SCR, TPG, THD FOR | R:2-32 X 0.188 INCH, PNH, STL | 80009 | 213-0055-01 |
| -34 | 337-1042-00 | | | 1 | SHIELD, ELEC: | ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 337-1042-00 |
| -35 | 211-0008-00 | | | 2 | SCREW, MACHINE + 4 | -40 X 0.25 INCH, PNH STL | 83385 | 080 |
| -36 | 213-0055-01 | | | 4 | SCR, TPG, THD FOR | :2-32 X 0.188 INCH, PNH, STL | 80009 | OBD
213-0055-01 |
| -37 | | | | 1 | | ATTENUATOR(SEE A3 EPL)
ATTACHING PARTS) | | |
| -38 | 211-0156-00 | | | 4 | | -72 X 0.25",82 DEG,FLH STL | 93907 | OBD |
| | | | | - | . CKT BOARD ASS | | | |
| -39 | 131-0608-00 | | | | | 0.365 L X 0.25 PH, BRZ, GOLD PL | 20524 | 17257 |
| -40 | 136-0252-04 | | | | | RM:0.188 INCH LONG | 22526 | |
| -41 | | | | | RESISTOR, VAR: (S | EE R690A EPL) | 22526 | 75060-007 |
| -42 | 210-0583-00 | | | 1 | | ATTACHING PARTS) | | |
| 74 | 210-0046-00 | | | 1 | NUL, FLAIN, HEX. !! | 0.25-32 X 0.312 INCH,BRS
L,0.26 ID X 0.40" OD,STL | | 2X20224-402 |
| | | | | 1 | MAJARA, LULK ! INT | | | 1214-05-00-054 |

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ow street

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Fig. & Jodey Tektroniy Serial/Model No.

| Fig. &
Index
No. | Tektronix
Part No. | Serial/M
Eff | odel No.
Dscont | Qtv | 12345 | Name & Description | Mfr
Code | Mfr Part Number | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----|----------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--|------------|
| | | | | | | | | an a | |
| 1-43 | 210-1113-0 | | | | WASHER, FLAT: 0.281 | | 86445 | | |
| -44 | 426-0474-0 | 0 | | 1 | MOUNT, RESILIENT: S | SHAPE
TACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 426-0474-00 | |
| -45 | 211-0212-0 | 0 | | 2 | | 6 X 1.75 INCH, PNH STL | 83385 | OBD | |
| -46 | 361-0280-0 | 0 | | 4 | SPACER, SLEEVE: 0.7 | 5 INCH LONG | 76854 | 3-5152-340 | |
| -47 | 376-0039-0 | | | | | .128 AND 0.082"DIA SHAFT | 80009 | 376-0039-00 | |
| | 213-0075-0 | | | | | 0.094 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 000BK | OBD | |
| -48 | 384-1365-0 | | | | EXTENSION SHAFT:1 | | | 384-1365-00 | |
| -49 | | | | 1 | RESISTOR, VAR: (SEE | | | | |
| -50 | 210-0583-0 | 0 | | 1 | | 25-32 X 0.312 INCH, BRS | 73743 | 2X20224-402 | |
| -51 | 210-0046-0 | | | 1 | WASHER, LOCK: INTL, | 0.26 ID X 0.40" OD,STL | 78189 | 1214-05-00-0541C | |
| 52 | 210-0465-0 | | | | | 25-32 X 0.375 INCH BRS | 73743 | 3095-402 | |
| -53 | 210-0853-0 | 0 | | | WASHER, FLAT: 0.25 | | 86044 | OBD | |
| -54 | 386-1095-0 | 0 | | 1 | PLATE, CMPNT MTG: VA | AR RESISTOR, STL CD PL | 76854 | 15528-015 | |
| -55 | 200-0609-0 | | | | - | .4 OD X 0.16"L,GRAY PLSTC | 80009 | 200-0609-00 | |
| -56 | 378-0541-0 | | | | LENS, LIGHT: FROSTE | - | 80009 | 378-0541-00 | |
| -57 | 352-0084-0 | | | | HOLDER, NEON: | | 80009 | 352-0084-01 | |
| -58 | | | | | SWITCH, SLIDE: (SEE | S80 EPL)
FACHING PARTS) | | | |
| -59 | 220-0464-0 | 0 | | 2 | | -56 X 0.156 OD X 0.454 L | 80009 | 220-0464-00 | |
| -60 | 210-0053-0 | | | | WASHER, LOCK: INTL, | 0.092 ID X 0.175"OD,STL | 83385 | | |
| -61 | 384-0701-0 | 0 | | 1 | EXTENSION SHAFT: | TACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 384-0701-00 | |
| -62 | 354-0330-0 | 0 | | 2 | RING, RETAINING: | * | 80009 | 354-0330-00 | |
| -63 | 343-0178-0 | 0 | | 1 | COLLAR, SHAFT: | | 80009 | 343-0178-00 | |
| | 213-0048-0 | 0 | | 1 | . SETSCREW:4-40 X | 0.125 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD | 21.75 Care |
| -64 | 376-0058-0 | 0 | | 1 | ARM, SWITCH ACTR: | | 80009 | 376-0058-00 | |
| -65 | 376-0039-0 | 0 | | 1 | ADPT, SHAFT, CPLG:0 | .128 AND 0.082"DIA SHAFT | 80009 | 376-0039-00 | |
| | 213-0048-0 | 0 | | 2 | . SETSCREW:4-40 X | 0.125 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD | |
| -66 | | - | | 1 | | E S50 EPL)
TACHING PARTS) | | | |
| -67 | 210-0405-0 | 0 | | 4 | NUT, PLAIN, HEX.: 2- | 56 X 0.188 INCH,BRS | 73743 | 2X12157-402 | |
| -68 | 210-0001-0 | 0 | | 4 | WASHER, LOCK: INTL, | 0.092 ID X 0.18"OD,STL | 78189 | 1202-00-00-0541C | |
| -69 | 210-0590-0 | 0 | | 1 | NUT, PLAIN, HEX.: 0. | 375 X 0.438 INCH,STL | 73743 | 2X28269-402 | |
| -70 | 210-1084-0 | 0 | | 1 | | * | 80009 | 210-1084-00 | |
| -71 | 105-0078-0 | 0 | | 1 | STOP, ELEC SW: SLID | ING,ACETAL | 80009 | 105-0078-00 | |
| -72 | 105-0077-0 | | | | STOP, ELEC SW:152 | - | 80009 | 105-0077-00 | |
| | 213-0048-0 | 0 | | 1 | . SETSCREW:4-40 X | 0.125 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD | |
| -73 | 384-0487-0 | 0 | | 1 | EXTENSION SHAFT: 3 | .6 INCH LONG, EPOXY-GL | 80009 | 384-0487-00 | |
| -74 | 376-0073-0 | 0 | | 1 | CPLG HALF, SHAFT:0 | .375 INCH OD,PLSTC | 80009 | 376-0073-00 | |
| | 213-0048-0 | 0 | | 1 | . SETSCREW:4-40 X | 0.125 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD | |
| -75 | 376-0072-0 | 0 | | 1 | CPLG HALF, SHAFT:0 | .562 INCH OD,PLSTC | 80009 | 376-0072-00 | |
| | 213-0048-0 | 0 | | 1 | . SETSCREW:4-40 X | 0.125 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD | |
| -76 | 384-0488-0 | 0 | | 1 | EXTENSION SHAFT:0 | .70 INCH LONG | 80009 | 384-0488-00 | |
| -77 | 376-0029-0 | 0 | | 1 | CPLG,SHAFT,RGD:0. | 128 ID X 0.312 OD X 0.5"L | 80009 | 376-0029-00 | |
| | 213-0075-0 | 0 | | 2 | . SETSCREW:4-40 X | 0.094 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 000BK | OBD | |
| -78 | 384-0700-0 | 0 | | 1 | EXTENSION SHAFT:0 | .123 OD X 6.3 INCHES LONG | 80009 | 384-0700-00 | |
| -79 | 376-0051-0 | 0 | | 1 | CPLG, SHAFT, FLEX: F | OR 0.125 INCH DIA SHAFTS | 80009 | 376-0051-00 | |
| | 213-0048-0 | 0 | | 4 | . SETSCREW:4-40 X | 0.125 INCH, HEX SOC STL | 74445 | OBD | |
| -80 | 900 AND COLUMN AND AND AND AND AND | - | | 1 | | TACHING PARTS) | | | |
| -81 | 210-0583-0 | 0 | | 1 | | 25-32 X 0.312 INCH, BRS | 73743 | 2X20224-402 | |
| -82 | 210-0046-0 | | | 1 | WASHER,LOCK:INTL, | 0.26 ID X 0.40" OD,STL | 78189 | 1214-05-00-0541C | |
| -83 | | | | 1 | RESISTOR, VAR: (SEE | R309 EPL) | | | |
| -84 | 210-0046-0 | | | 1 | | 0.26 ID X 0.40" OD,STL | 78189 | 1214-05-00-0541C | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| Index
No. | | Serial/Model No.
Eff Dscont | Qty | 12345 | Name & Description | Mfr
Code | Mfr Part Number |
|--------------|--|--------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------|--|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1-85 | 129-0213-00 |) | 1 | POST,ELEC-MECH | H:
(ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 129-0213-00 |
| -86 | 358-0409-00 |) | 1 | BSHG, MACH. THD: | $(0.25-32 \times 0.159 \text{ ID } \times 0.24)$ | 80009 | 358-0409-00 |
| -87 | | | 1 | RESISTOR, VAR: (| | | |
| -88 | 210-0046-00 |) | | | NTL,0.26 ID X 0.40" OD,STL | 78189 | 1214-05-00-0541 |
| -89 | 210-0471-00 |) | 1 | NUT, SLEEVE: HE> | (,0.312 X 0.594 INCH LONG (ATTACHING PARTS) | | 210-0471-00 |
| -90 | 358-0409-00 | • | 1 | | $(0.25-32 \times 0.159 \text{ ID } \times 0.24)$ | 80009 | 358-0409-00 |
| -91 | | | 1 | CKT BOARD ASSY | (ATTACHING PARTS) | | |
| -92 | 211-0156-00 | | 1 | SCREW, MACHINE: | | 93907 | OBD |
| | | | - | . CKT BOARD AS | | | |
| -93 | 131-0589-00 | | 4 | | 46 L X 0.025 SQ.PH BRZ GL | 22526 | 47250 |
| ,,, | 131-0590-00 | | | | | 22526 | |
| -94 | | | 5
1 | | C:0.71 INCH LONG | 22526 | 4/351 |
| - 74 | | | 1 | RESISTOR, VAR: (| (ATTACHING PARTS) | | |
| -95 | 210-0583-00 | | 2 | NUT PLAIN HEY | :0.25-32 X 0.312 INCH, BRS | 777/7 | awaaaa / / aa |
| -96 | 210-0046-00 | | 1 | UACUED LOCK. TN | 1^{10} 0.26 TD V 0.701 OD 070 | | 2X20224-402 |
| ,0 | 210 0040 00 | | L | HADILER, LUCK: IN | NTL,0.26 ID X 0.40" OD,STL | 19189 | 1214-05-00-0541 |
| -97 | 348-0235-00 | | 1 | SHLD GSKT.ELEC | :4.734 INCH LONG | 80009 | 348-0235-00 |
| -98 | 386-1447-80 | | 1 | SUBPANEL, FRONT | | | 386-1447-80 |
| | | | | | (ATTACHING PARTS) | | |
| -99 | 213-0192-00 | | 4 | SCR, TPG, THD FO | DR:6-32 X 0.50 INCH, PNH STL | 87308 | OBD |
| -100 | 348-0171-00 | | 1 | GROMMET, PLAST1 | | 80009 | 348-0171-00 |
| -101 | Non-1995 PAR PAR COL AND AND AND AND AND | | | CKT BOARD ASSY | ':INPUT(SEE A5 EPL)
(ATTACHING PARTS) | | |
| -102 | 211-0155-00 | | 6 | | B:4-40 X 0.375 INCH,SST | 80009 | 211-0155-00 |
| | | | - | . CKT BOARD AS | | | |
| | 361-0238-00 | | 6 | . SPACER, SLEEV | E:0.25 OD X 0.34 INCH LONG | 80009 | 361-0238-00 |
| -104 | 131-0182-00 | B010100 B209999 | 2 | . TERM, FEEDTHR | U:0.538 L X 0.092 DIA,BRASS | | 421457-9 |
| | 358-0136-00 | | | . INSULATOR, BS | | | 420971 |
| | 131-0157-00 | B210000 | | | :0.25 L X 0.040D, BRS | | 013-1001-000-47 |
| -106 | 136-0323-00 | | | . SKT, PL-IN EL | | | 136-0323-00 |
| | 200-0945-00 | | | | STR:FOR DUAL TO-18 CASE | 80009 | |
| | 200-0945-01 | | | . COVER, HALF X | STR:FOR DUAL TO-18 CS,2-56 THD (ATTACHING PARTS) | | 200-0945-01 |
| -109 | 211-0062-00 | | 1 | | E:2-56 X 0.312 INCH, RDH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -110 | 214-0781-00 | | 2 | . INS,CKT BD M | | 80009 | 214-0781-00 |
| -111 | 131-0589-00 | | | | 6 L X 0.025 SQ.PH BRZ GL | 22526 | |
| | 352-0044-00 | | | . HOLDER,COIL | • | | 352-0044-00 |
| -113 | 211-0008-00 | | 2 | | E:4-40 X 0.25 INCH, PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -114 | 214-1121-00 | | 1 | . HEAT SINK, EL | | 80009 | 214-1121-00 |
| | 385-0149-00 | | | . SPACER, POST: | 0.625 L W/4-40 THD EA END,NYL
(ATTACHING PARTS) | 80009 | 385-0149-00 |
| -116 | 211-0097-00 | | 1 | | E:4-40 X 0.312 INCH, PNH STL | 83385 | OBD |
| -117 | 214-0579-00 | | 1 | . TERM, TEST PO | | 80009 | 214-0579-00 |
| | 136-0183-00 | | | . SOCKET, PLUG- | | | 136-0183-00 |
| | 136-0220-00 | | | | IN:3 PIN, SQUARE | | 133-23-11-034 |
| | 136-0252-04 | | | | ERM:0.188 INCH LONG | | 75060-007 |
| | 136-0263-03 | B010100 B143849 | | | ERM:FOR 0.025 INCH SQUARE PIN | | 86250-2 |
| | 136-0263-04 | | 27 | . SOCKET PIN TH | ERM:FOR 0.025 INCH SQUARE PIN | | 48059 |
| | | | - <i>'</i> | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | UNITEDR VIVET INCH SQUARE FLN | 22920 | 40077 |
| -122 | | | | | | 80000 | 136-0337 00 |
| | 136-0337-00
388-1195-03 | | 2 | . SOCKET, PLUG-
CKT BOARD ASSY | IN:8 PIN RELAY | | 136-0337-00
388-1195-03 |

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Fig. & Index Tektronix Serial/Model No.

| Fig. &
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No. | Tektronix
Part No. | Serial/Model No.
Eff Dscont | Qty | 1 2 3 4 5 Name & Description | Mfr
Code | Mfr Part Number | , - 199 Aug |
|------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--------|---|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| 1-125
-126 | 361-0307-00
220-0547-0 | | | SPACER, SLEEVE:0.125 INCH LONG
NUT, BLOCK:0.38 X 0.25 X 0.282"OA
(ATTACHING PARTS FOR EACH) | 80009
80009 | 361-0307-00
220-0547-01 | |
| -127
-128 | 211-0007-00
211-0105-00 | | | SCREW, MACHINE:4-40 X 0.188 INCH, PNH STL
SCREW, MACHINE:4-40 X 0.188"100 DEG, FLH STL | 83385
83385 | | |
| -129 | and was the rate of a data and and and | -ee- | 1 | CKT BOARD ASSY:OUTPUT(SEE A4 EPL)
(ATTACHING PARTS) | | | |
| -130 | 211-0007-0 | 0 | 1 | SCREW, MACHINE: 4-40 X 0.188 INCH, PNH STL
* | 83385 | OBD | |
| -131 | | | | . CKT BOARD ASSY INCLUDES:
. RESISTOR,VAR:(SEE R177,S35 EPL) | | | |
| -132 | 210-0583-00 | 0 | 1 | (ATTACHING PARTS)
. NUT,PLAIN,HEX.:0.25-32 X 0.312 INCH,BRS | 727/2 | 1220124-402 | |
| | 210-0046-0 | | | . WASHER, LOCK: INTL, 0.26 ID X 0.40" OD, STL | 78189 | 1214-05-00-0541C | |
| -134 | | aar | 1 | . RESISTOR, VAR: (SEE R329 EPL)
(ATTACHING PARTS) | | | |
| -134 | 210-0583-0 | 0 | 1 | . NUT, PLAIN, HEX.: 0.25-32 X 0.312 INCH, BRS | 73743 | 2X20224-402 | |
| -136 | 210-0046-0 | | | . WASHER, LOCK: INTL, 0.26 ID X 0.40" OD, STL | | 1214-05-00-0541C | |
| -137 | 407-0580-0 | 0 | 1 | . BRACKET, CKT BD: BRASS CD PL | 80009 | 407-0580-00 | |
| -138 | | | | . BRACKET, CKT BD: BRASS CD PL | 80009 | 407-0581-00 | |
| -139 | 131-0608-0 | 0 | 49 | . TERMINAL, PIN: 0.365 L X 0.25 PH, BRZ, GOLD PL | 22526 | 47357 | |
| -140 | | | | . COVER,XSTR:TEMP STAB FOR 2 TO-18 CS STYLE | 80009 | 200-1167-00 | |
| -141 | | | | . SOCKET, PLUG-IN: 3 PIN, SQUARE | | 133-23-11-034 | |
| -142 | | | | . CONTACT, ELEC: 0.71 INCH LONG | | 47351 | |
| | 136-0252-0 | | | . SOCKET, PIN TERM: 0.188 INCH LONG | | 75060-007 | |
| 145 | 136-0352-0 | | | . CONTACT, ELEC: FOR 0.02 INCH DIAMETER PIN | | 50462-7 | |
| -144 | 136-0336-0 | | | . SOCKET, PLUG-IN: 5 PIN | | 136-0336-00 | |
| | | | | . SOCKET, PLUG-IN: 8 PIN RELAY | | 136-0337-00 | |
| | 136-0337-0 | | | | | | |
| | 214-0579-0 | | | . TERM, TEST POINT: BRS CD PL | | 214-0579-00 | |
| | 136-0260-0 | | | . SOCKET, PLUG-IN: 16 CONTACT, LOW CLEARANCE | | C9316-18 | |
| | 136-0269-0 | | | . SOCKET, PLUG-IN: 14 CONTACT, LOW CLEARANCE | | C95140 | |
| | 136-0578-0 | | | . SOCKET, PLUG-IN: 24 DIP, LOW PROFILE | | CS9002-24 | |
| -150 | | | | PANEL,REAR:
(ATTACHING PARTS) | | 386-1402-00 | |
| -151 | | 0 | | SCR, TPG, THD FOR: 6-32 X 0.50 INCH, PNH STL | 87308 | OBD | |
| -152 | 361-0326-0 | 0 | 1 | SPACER, SLEEVE: 0.18 ID X 0.25 OD X 0.10"L | 80009 | 361-0326-00 | |
| -153 | 407-0493-0 | 0 | 1 | BRACKET, GUIDE: CENTER, ALUM NUM | 80009 | 407-0493-00 | |
| 154 | | 0 | 2 | (ATTACHING PARTS) | 00005 | OPD | |
| | 211-0101-0
210-0586-0 | | 3
3 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 83385
78189 | 211-041800-00 | |
| -156 | 214-1054-0 | 0 | 1 | SPRING, FLAT: 0.825 X 0.322, SST | 80009 | 214-1054-00 | |
| | 105-0075-0 | | î | BOLT, LATCH: 7A & 7B SER PL-IN | | 105-0075-00 | |
| | 214-1061-0 | | 1 | SPRING, GROUND: FLAT | 80009 | | |
| -159 | 426-0499-0 | | 1 | FR SECT, PLUG-IN: BOTTOM | 80009 | 426-0499-01 | |
| -160 | | | 1 | FR SECT, PLUG-IN: TOP | 80009 | 426-0505-01 | |
| -161 | | | 1 | WIRING HARNESS, :MAIN | 80009 | 179-1430-02 | |
| | 179-1430-0 | | | | 22526 | 47439 | |
| -162 | 131-0707-0 | | 49 | . CONNECTOR, TERM. 22-26 AWG, BRS& CU BE GOLD | | | |
| | 131-0621-0 | | 16 | . CONNECTOR, TERM: 22-26 AWG, BRS& CU BE GOLD | 22526 | 46231 | |
| -163 | 352-0161-0 | | 5 | . HLDR, TERM CONN: 3 WIRE BLACK | 80009 | 352-0161-00 | |
| -164 | 352-0162-0 | | 2 | . HLDR, TERM CONN: 4 WIRE BLACK | 80009 | 352-0162-00 | |
| -165 | 352-0163-0 | | 1 | . CONN BODY, PL, EL: 5 WIRE BLACK | 80009 | 352-0163-00 | |
| -166 | 352-0164-0 | | 6 | . CONN BODY, PL, EL:6 WIRE BLACK | 80009 | 352-0164-00 | |
| -167 | 352-0171-0 | | 9 | . HLDR, TERM CONN: 1 WIRE BLACK | 80009 | 352-0171-00 | |
| | 198-1997-0 | 0 | 1 | WIRE KIT,ELEC: | 80009 | 198-1997-00 | |
| | 131-0707-0 | 0 | 25 | . CONNECTOR, TERM.: 22-26 AWG, BRS& CU BE GOLD | 22526 | 47439 | |
| | 352-0164-0 | 4 | 1 | . CONN BODY, PL, EL: 6 WIRE YELLOW | 80009 | 352-0164-04 | |
| | 352-0164-0 | 3 | 1 | . CONN BODY, PL, EL: 6 WIRE ORANGE | 80009 | 352-0164-03 | |
| | 352-0164-0 | 6 | 1 | . CONN BODY, PL, EL: 6 WIRE BLUE | 80009 | 352-0164-06 | |
| -168 | 352-0165-0 | | 1 | | 80009 | 352-0165-05 | |

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| Fig. &
Index
No. | | Serial/Model No.
Eff. Dscont | Qty | 12345 | Name & Description | Mfr
Code | Mfr Part Number | |
|------------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|-----|------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|--|
| | 070-1948-00 |) | 1 | MANUAL, TECH: IN | ISTRUCTION | 80009 | 070-1948-00 | |

MANUAL CHANGE INFORMATION

At Tektronix, we continually strive to keep up with latest electronic developments by adding circuit and component improvements to our instruments as soon as they are developed and tested.

Sometimes, due to printing and shipping requirements, we can't get these changes immediately into printed manuals. Hence, your manual may contain new change information on following pages.

A single change may affect several sections. Since the change information sheets are carried in the manual until all changes are permanently entered, some duplication may occur. If no such change pages appear following this page, your manual is correct as printed.

SERVICE NOTE

Because of the universal parts procurement problem, some electrical parts in your instrument may be different from those described in the Replaceable Electrical Parts List. The parts used will in no way alter or compromise the performance or reliability of this instrument. They are installed when necessary to ensure prompt delivery to the customer. Order replacement parts from the Replaceable Electrical Parts List.

CALIBRATION TEST EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT

Calibration Test Equipment Chart

This chart compares TM 500 product performance to that of older Tektronix equipment. Only those characteristics where significant specification differences occur, are listed. In some cases the new instrument may not be a total functional replacement. Additional support instrumentation may be needed or a change in calibration procedure may be necessary.

Comparison of Main Characteristics

| | Comparison of Main Charact | |
|----------------------|--|---|
| DM 501 replaces 7D13 | | |
| PG 501 replaces 107 | PG 501 - Risetime less than | 107 - Risetime less than |
| | 3.5 ns into 50 Ω. | 3.0 ns into 50 Ω. |
| 108 | PG 501 - 5 V output pulse; | 108 - 10 V output pulse |
| 100 | 3.5 ns Risetime | 1 ns Risetime |
| PG 502 replaces 107 | | |
| | | 100 10 V autout |
| 108 | PG 502 - 5 V output | 108 - 10 V output |
| 111 | PG 502 - Risetime less than | 111 - Risetime 0.5 ns; 30 |
| | 1 ns; 10 ns | to 250 ns |
| | Pretrigger pulse | Pretrigger pulse |
| | delay | delay |
| PG 508 replaces 114 | | ant is the same or |
| | Performance of replacement equipm | |
| 115 | better than equipment being replace | 20. |
| 2101 | | |
| PG 506 replaces 106 | PG 506 - Positive-going | 106 - Positive and Negative- |
| | trigger output sig- | going trigger output |
| | nal at least 1 V; | signal, 50 ns and 1 V; |
| | High Amplitude out- | High Amplitude output, |
| | put, 60 V. | 100 V. |
| 067-0502-01 | PG 506 - Does not have | 0502-01 - Comparator output |
| | chopped feature. | can be alternately |
| | | chopped to a refer- |
| | | ence voltage. |
| SG 503 replaces 190, | | |
| 190A, 190B | SG 503 - Amplitude range | 190B - Amplitude range 40 mV |
| 1304, 1300 | 5 mV to 5.5 V p-p. | to 10 V p-p. |
| 101 | 5 mv to 5.5 v p-p. | |
| 191
067-0532-01 | SG 503 - Erequency range | 0532-01 - Frequency range |
| 007-0532-01 | SG 503 - Frequency range
250 kHz to 250 MHz. | 65 MHz to 500 MHz. |
| SG 504 replaces | | |
| 067-0532-01 | SG 504 - Frequency range | 0532-01 - Frequency range |
| 007-0002-01 | 245 MHz to 1050 MHz. | 65 MHz to 500 MHz. |
| 067-0650-00 | | |
| TG 501 replaces 180, | | |
| 180A | TG 501 - Trigger output- | 180A - Trigger pulses 1, 10, |
| | slaved to marker | |
| | | |
| | | 100 Hz; 1, 10, and
100 kHz Multiple |
| | output from 5 sec | 100 kHz. Multiple |
| | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One | 100 kHz. Multiple
time-marks can be |
| | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be | 100 kHz. Multiple
time-marks can be
generated simultan- |
| | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One | 100 kHz. Multiple
time-marks can be
generated simultan-
eously. |
| 181 | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time. | 100 kHz. Multiple
time-marks can be
generated simultan-
eously.
181 - Multiple time-marks |
| 181
184 | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output- | 100 kHz. Multiple
time-marks can be
generated simultan-
eously.
181 - Multiple time-marks
184 - Separate trigger |
| | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to market | 100 kHz. Multiple
time-marks can be
generated simultan-
eously.
181 - Multiple time-marks
184 - Separate trigger
pulses of 1 and 0.1 |
| | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to market
output from 5 sec | 100 kHz. Multiple
time-marks can be
generated simultan-
eously.
181 - Multiple time-marks
184 - Separate trigger
pulses of 1 and 0.1
sec; 10, 1, and 0.1 |
| | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to market | 100 kHz. Multiple
time-marks can be
generated simultan-
eously.
181 - Multiple time-marks
184 - Separate trigger
pulses of 1 and 0.1 |
| | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to market
output from 5 sec | 100 kHz. Multiple
time-marks can be
generated simultan-
eously.
181 - Multiple time-marks
184 - Separate trigger
pulses of 1 and 0.1
sec; 10, 1, and 0.1 |
| | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to market
output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One | 100 kHz. Multiple
time-marks can be
generated simultan-
eously.
181 - Multiple time-marks
184 - Separate trigger
pulses of 1 and 0.1
sec; 10, 1, and 0.1 |
| 184 | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to market
output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time. | 100 kHz. Multiple time-marks can be generated simultan- eously. 181 - Multiple time-marks 184 - Separate trigger pulses of 1 and 0.1 sec; 10, 1, and 0.1 ms; 10 and 1 μs. |
| | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to market
output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output- | 100 kHz. Multiple time-marks can be generated simultan- eously. 181 - Multiple time-marks 184 - Separate trigger pulses of 1 and 0.1 sec; 10, 1, and 0.1 ms; 10 and 1 μs. |
| 184 | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to market
output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to marker | 100 kHz. Multiple time-marks can be generated simultan- eously. 181 - Multiple time-marks 184 - Separate trigger pulses of 1 and 0.1 sec; 10, 1, and 0.1 ms; 10 and 1 μs. 2901 - Separate trigger pulses, from 5 sec |
| 184 | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to market
output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to marker
output from 5 sec | 100 kHz. Multiple
time-marks can be
generated simultan-
eously. 181 - Multiple time-marks 184 - Separate trigger
pulses of 1 and 0.1
sec; 10, 1, and 0.1
ms; 10 and 1 μs. 2901 - Separate trigger
pulses, from 5 sec
to 0.1 μs. Multiple |
| 184 | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to market
output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to marker
output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. | 100 kHz. Multiple
time-marks can be
generated simultan-
eously. 181 - Multiple time-marks 184 - Separate trigger
pulses of 1 and 0.1
sec; 10, 1, and 0.1
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pulses, from 5 sec
to 0.1 μs. Multiple
time-marks can be |
| 184 | output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to market
output from 5 sec
through 100 ns. One
time-mark can be
generated at a time.
TG 501 - Trigger output-
slaved to marker
output from 5 sec | 100 kHz. Multiple
time-marks can be
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pulses, from 5 sec
to 0.1 μs. Multiple |

NOTE: All TM 500 generator outputs are short-proof. All TM 500 plug-in instruments require TM 500-Series Power Module. REV B, JUN 1978