# INSTRUCTION MANUAL

Serial Number \_\_\_\_



Tektronix, Inc.

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### WARRANTY

All Tektronix instruments are warranted against defective materials and workmanship for one year. Tektronix transformers, manufactured in our own plant, are warranted for the life of the instrument.

Any questions with respect to the warranty mentioned above should be taken up with your Tektronix Field Engineer.

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A list of abbreviations and symbols used in this manual will be found immediately preceding Section 7. Change information, if any is located at the rear of the manual.

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# SECTION 1 CHARACTERISTICS

The Type 184 is a compact, precision-built instrument capable of producing accurate time markers for applications in the laboratory, production line or field. Sixteen timemarker selections and five sine-wave marker intervals provide time-marker selections from 2 nanoseconds to 5 seconds. Seven trigger pulse selections provide a triggering pulse rate from 1  $\mu$ s to 5 s.

All outputs of the Type 184 are frequency controlled by a stable 10 MHz crystal oscillator.

#### **Operating Data**

#### **Marker Output**

Provides positive time marks of 1 volt minimum amplitude (into 50  $\Omega$ ). Marker periods are established by pushbutton MARKER SELECTOR switches.

#### **Marker Periods**

#### Sinusoidal

10, 20 and 50 ns (H.F. SELECTOR must be off for 10 ns markers).

#### Periodic Pulses

.1, .5, 1, 5, 10, 50 μs

.1, .5, 1, 5, 10, 50 ms

.1, .5, 1, 5 s

#### **HF Output**

Provides 2 ns or 5 ns sine-wave markers of 0.3 V minimum amplitude (into 50  $\Omega$ ).

#### **Marker Amplifier Output**

Provides positive or negative time marks of 25 V minimum amplitude (into 1 k $\Omega$ ). Marker intervals from 1  $\mu$ s to 5 s established by the pushbutton MARKER SELECTOR switches.

#### **Trigger Output**

Provides positive triggers of  $\geq$  0.4 V into 50  $\Omega$  or  $\geq$  2.5 V into open circuit. Period established by pushbutton Trig-

ger Selector switches. Trigger periods are: 1 and 10  $\mu s;$  .1, 1 and 10 ms; .1 and 1 s.

#### **Other Characteristics**

Crystal Oscillator	Crystal contained in a temperature controlled oven at 75°C.
Frequency	10 MHz $\pm 0.001\%$ (25°C $\pm 5°$ C), 10 MHz $\pm 0.002\%$ (0°C to $+50°$ C) 5 minutes after turn-on if crystal oven is stabilized (instrument con- nected to power source for 2 hours).
Stability	$\leq$ 3 P/M <sup>1</sup> in 24 hours (25°C ±5°C) after 2 hours continuous operation and after the instrument has accumu- lated at least 72 hours of total operating time.
Power Requirements	94.5 to 137.5 VAC or 189 to 275 VAC. 50 to 400 Hz. 40 watts ap- proximate.
Warm-Up Time	Two hours warm-up time required after the instrument is connected to a power source, to allow crystal oven to stabilize. 5 minutes for rated accuracies at $25^{\circ}$ C $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C (if crystal oven is stabilized).

#### **Mechanical Specifications**

Dimensions: 9 inches wide, 6 inches high and  $14^{3}\!/_{4}$  inches long.

Front panel is anodized aluminum. Cabinet is finished in blue vinyl paint.

No special ventilation required.

#### Accessories

Information on accessories for use with this instrument is included at the rear of the mechanical parts list.

<sup>1</sup>Parts per million.

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# SECTION 2

### **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

#### General

The Type 184 may be operated in any normal environment if protected from moisture, dust or grease. It will operate with line voltages from 93.5 to 135 volts at 115 nominal, or from 187 to 270 volts at 230 nominal line volts. Selection of the two nominal voltages is made by means of the 115-230 Vac switch mounted on the rear panel of the instrument.

Time-marker intervals of  $.1 \,\mu s$  to 5 s are individually selected or stacked by depressing pushbutton selector switches. Sine-wave marker intervals of 10, 20 and 50 ns may also be selected by pushbutton selector switches.

Frequencies of 200 and 500 MHz which provide marker intervals of 5 and 2 nanoseconds, may be selected by the H.F. SELECTOR switch, and are available at a BNC OUTPUT connector mounted below the H.F. SELECTOR switch.

#### NOTE

The 10 ns (100 MHz) sine-wave marker is disabled when the 2 or 5 ns markers are in use.

The decade triggers (1  $\mu$ s to 1 s) are used to trigger external associated test equipment and may be selected by

the TRIGGER SELECTOR pushbuttons. They are available at the TRIGGER OUTPUT connector and are greater than 0.4 volts (into 50  $\Omega$ ) in amplitude.

High amplitude time markers, (>25 V into 1 k $\Omega$ ) from 1  $\mu$ s to 5 s and either plus or minus polarity, are available at the OUTPUT connector below the MARKER AMPLIFIER switch. These markers are time coincident with the corresponding MARKER OUTPUT signals.

#### Function of Controls and Connectors

MARKER<br/>SELECTORSelf-cancelling type pushbuttons select the<br/>respective individual or collective time<br/>marks and apply them to the MARKER<br/>OUTPUT connector. Markers up to two<br/>decades apart may be stacked by depres-<br/>sing the appropriate pushbuttons simul-<br/>taneously.MARKERThe selected time marks are available at

The selected time marks are available at the MARKER OUTPUT connector. The amplitude of the markers is greater than 1 volt into  $50 \Omega$ .



OUTPUT

Fig. 2-1. Type 184 front-panel controls.

#### **Operating Instructions—Type 184**

TRIGGER SELECTOR

Pushbutton selector switches similar to the MARKER SELECTOR switch select trigger pulses for external equipment. These selected trigger pulses are in time coincidence with the corresponding decade time markers. They are available at the TRIG-GER OUTPUT connector as positive-going pulses with a minimum amplitude of 0.4 volts into 50  $\Omega$ .

H.F. SELECTOR

Selects 2 ns (500 MHz) or 5 ns (200 MHz) sine-wave signal and applies either to the OUTPUT connector directly below the H.F. SELECTOR switch. Amplitude of these sine-wave time-marker intervals at the OUTPUT connector is greater than 0.3 volts into 50  $\Omega$ . When the H.F. SELECTOR switch is in either of these two positions, the 10 ns marker interval is disabled.

#### NOTE

In order to obtain a sine-wave signal from the H.F. SELECTOR

OUTPUT, a marker button must be pushed in to apply power to the unit.

POWER Power is applied when any one of the Indicator MARKER SELECTOR switches is pushed in. Power is turned off by the POWER OFF switch. A POWER indicating light will go on when power is applied.

OVEN Indicator This indicating light is across the heater windings in the crystal oven and therefore monitors the operation of the thermostat. It indicates when the heater is on. The crystal oven power is independent of the POWER OFF switch.

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#### Introduction

This section describes the Type 184 circuitry with reference to the block diagram and circuits in Section 9. The reader should follow the diagrams as their description is presented.

#### **Block Diagram**

All time-marker intervals are frequency controlled by a stable crystal-controlled oscillator. The basic frequency of 10 MHz from the oscillator is multiplied by frequency doublers and quintuplers to provide timing intervals of 2 through 5 ns. The 2 or 5 ns timing intervals are connected through the H.F. SELECTOR switch to a BNC OUTPUT connector. The 10, 20 and 50 ns intervals are connected to the MARKER SELECTOR switch and applied after selection to the MARKER OUTPUT connector.

The oscillator cathode tank circuit supplies 10 MHz to the first countdown board, which shapes the 10-MHz sine wave into .1  $\mu$ s time markers and counts down in steps of 2 or 5 to provide time markers from .1  $\mu$ s through 10 ms.

A second countdown board provides the remaining time markers from 50 ms through 5 s.

Time markers from .1 s through 5 s, selected by the MARK-ER SELECTOR switch, are applied through an emitter follower to the MARKER OUTPUT connector. These markers are also applied to a Marker Amplifier which provides (+) or (-) time-markers with an amplitude greater than 25 volts (into 1 k $\Omega$ ).

Positive trigger pulses of 1  $\mu$ s, 10  $\mu$ s, .1 ms, 1 ms, 10 ms, .1 s and 1 s may be selected by the pushbutton TRIGGER SELECTOR switch. The selected trigger pulse is fed to an emitter follower which provides positive trigger signals of 0.4 volt minimum amplitude (into 50  $\Omega$ ) at the OUTPUT connector.

#### **OSCILLATOR AND MULTIPLIERS**

#### Oscillator

The oscillator V10 is connected as a crystal-controlled grid, tuned-cathode oscillator. The plate tank is tuned to the 5th harmonic, which quintuples the oscillator frequency. Double-tuned tanks in the cathode and plate circuits decrease intermodulation distortion.

A temperature-controlled oven housing the crystal provides frequency stability. Its operation is indicated by a front-panel indicating lamp B504, connected in parallel with the heater element of the oven. Frequency of the oscillator is primarily adjusted to a standard by means of shunt capacitor C11. The slug adjustment L18 in the cathode tank will also affect the oscillator frequency slightly.

#### **Frequency Multipliers and Amplifiers**

The multipliers are essentially frequency doublers or amplifiers with the plate tank in each case tuned to the 2nd harmonic of the grid tank. Plate tanks are double tuned, provide high Q and attenuate frequencies other than the desired output. The output signal is link-coupled to match the load.

50 ns time markers are generated after doubling the 10-MHz oscillator cathode-tank frequency in the plate tank of V20.

20 ns time markers are provided from the plate tank of V30, which operates as an amplifier with both the grid and plate tanks tuned to 50 MHz.

10 ns time markers are derived through the frequencydoubling action of V40. Output from the 100 MHz plate tank is applied by means of the H.F. SELECTOR switch to either the 2 ns or 5 ns time-interval generators or to the MARKER SELECTOR switch.

A separate 200 MHz board employs four diodes, connected as a passive doubler with the tank tuned to 200 MHz. Capacitor C57 in series with the pickoff link is adjusted to match the coupling link circuit to the 50  $\Omega$  output impedance.

The 2 ns circuit quintuples the 100 MHz from the plate tank of V40. The link-coupled 100 MHz output is selected by the H.F. SELECTOR switch and applied to the grid tank of a push-pull amplifier with the plate tank tuned to 500 MHz, to provide the quintupling action. Output of the plate tank is also link-coupled and applied through the H.F. SELECTOR switch to the OUTPUT connector J70.

Butterfly capacitor C63 is adjusted to tune the grid tank to the input 100 MHz frequency and differential capacitor C64 is adjusted to balance the drive on the grids of the pushbutton multiplier.

The plates of V60 and V70 share a common center-fed high Q quarter-wave line, that is tuned by C70 to a frequency of 500 MHz. The output terminates in a high Q, 500-MHz filter (similar to a re-entry cavity) which decouples any intermodulation signals. C75 tunes the filter to the 500-MHz output frequency.

Each amplifier and multiplier output is selected by either the MARKER SELECTOR switch SW400 or the H.F. SELECTOR switch SW70. The MARKER SELECTOR switch connects the 10, 20 or 50 ns outputs to the MARKER OUTPUT connector or grounds the screen through the output coupling loop.

#### SHAPER AND COUNTDOWN CIRCUITS

Countdown and shaper circuits for the .1  $\mu s$  to 10 ms markers are on one etched-wiring board with the remaining countdown circuits and the power supply circuits on another.

The countdown circuits used for the  $5 \mu s$  to the 5 s timemarkers are monostable multivibrators with the countdown ratio determined by the multi hold-off time.

#### .1 $\mu$ s Amplifier and Shaper

An NPN driving a PNP transistor in a complimentary circuit arrangement provides high gain to shape the input

#### Circuit Description—Type 184

10 MHz sine wave. This waveform is then differentiated by the coupling networks and appears at the emitter of Q103 as a positive going .1  $\mu$ s time marker.

#### .5 $\mu$ s ( $\div$ 5) Countdown

Countdown is achieved by the bucket and ladle action of C105 and C107-C108. C105 dumps its charge each .1  $\mu$ s through Q114 into a pair of capacitors C107 and C108, until enough charge has been built up so that the 5th charge from C105 triggers the blocking oscillator Q120. This occurs each .5  $\mu$ s and provides the .5  $\mu$ s time markers.

The voltage step from the .1  $\mu$ s shaper amplifier is also applied through C105 to the emitter of Q114. The positive 1  $\mu$ s pulse turns Q114 on and dumps a charge into C107 and C108. The negative portion of the input signal reverse biases the emitter-base junction. The junction then acts in the manner of an approximate 6 V Zener diode to clamp the negative portion of the input waveform.

These input charges on the ladle capacitor C105, build a staircase ramp voltage across C107 and C108. The amplitude of the ramp is governed by the base-to-emitter bias of Q120 and the size of the bucket capacitors. At approximately 11 volts the emitter-base junction is forward biased and transistor Q120 turns on.

Feedback from transformer T115 drives the transistor to saturation and generates a sharp positive-going pulse. Diode D115 prevents negative voltage excursions at the output of the transformer. The positive output pulse from Q120 is applied through C116 to the base of emitter-follower Q123. The resultant output markers from the emitter of Q123 are delayed approximately 76 ns by delay line L123A to allow stacking with other selected time markers.

#### 1 $\mu$ s ( $\div$ 2) Countdown Circuit

Q130, T130 and associated circuitry form a single-shot blocking oscillator with an RC circuit determining the hold-off time of the oscillator. This allows every other .5  $\mu$ s time-marker input pulse to cycle the oscillator and produce the 1  $\mu$ s markers.

The first  $.5 \,\mu$ s marker pulse drives Q130 into conduction. Feedback from the transformer T130 drives the transistor to saturation. Capacitor C130 is charged to approximately 10 volts during this on time. When the transformer field collapses and drives Q130 to the off state, the decaying charge on C130 will prevent the second  $.5 \,\mu$ s time mark from triggering Q130 on. When the third input  $.5 \,\mu$ s time mark occurs, (C130 will have discharged sufficiently so that Q130 is enabled) Q130 is driven into conduction and the cycle repeats.

The negative pulse generated at the collector of Q130 for every other input pulse is amplified and inverted by Q134, then applied through emitter follower Q133, to the MARKER SELECTOR switch, through an approximate 14 ns delay line L123B. The 1  $\mu$ s markers are also applied to the TRIGGER SELECTOR switch through R136 as 1  $\mu$ s trigger signals. Multiple time-mark signals selected by the MARKER SELECTOR switch are isolated from the Trigger Pickoff and the next countdown stage by diode D137.

#### 5 $\mu$ s ( $\div$ 5) Countdown

This circuit (Q145, Q155 and associated circuitry) is a monostable multivibrator that flips with an input trigger pulse and remains in this state until the charge on the collector-to-base coupling capacitor (C143) decreases to the level that will permit the multi to return to its quiescent state. The 5th trigger then starts the cycle again.

In the quiescent state Q155 is conducting, Q145 is off. An input positive signal to the base of Q145 turns Q145 on and Q155 off. The resultant positive signal at the collector of Q155 is an approximate 12 volt square wave, with a duration determined by the time constant of C143, R145 and R146. This time constant allows the  $\div$  5 countdown from 1  $\mu$ s to 5  $\mu$ s markers. The output signal at the collector of Q155 is differentiated by C152 and R154, with the negative portion clamped to ground by diode D152. The positive portion of the differentiated signal is applied to both the emitter-follower Q153 and the next countdown circuit. Diode D152 will also protect the base emitter junction of Q153 from breakdown, due to the back voltage developed when C152 is discharged.

#### 10 $\mu$ s to 10 ms Countdown Circuits

These circuits are identical to the above  $5 \mu s$  countdown circuit with the exception of the countdown time constant that determines the holdoff time of each counter.

#### 50 ms to 5 s Countdown Circuits

These circuits are identical to the previous monostable multivibrators; however, they are mounted on the second board with the power supply circuits and high-amplitude marker amplifier. The 50 ms and .5 s countdown multivibrators contain calibration adjustments to set the holdoff time of the  $\div$  5 multivibrators.

The series matching resistors in the time-marker path to the MARKER SELECTOR switch provide current summing in the base of the emitter followers for stacking time markers at the output.

#### **Marker Amplifier**

The amplifier provides positive or negative time markers of 25 volts minimum amplitude (into 1 k $\Omega$ ).

Marker intervals from 1  $\mu$ s to 5 s selected by the pushbutton MARKER SELECTOR switch are applied through the first section of polarity switch SW450 to Q454. Q454 is biased to remove the lower portion of the positive input time-marker signal. This together with the speed-up capacitor C452 across limiting resistor R452, provides a narrow time marker at the output.

Inverter amplifier (Q464) emitter bias is such that only the narrow portion of the input pulse turns the transistor on. The positive output time marker from the inverter amplifier or, (if the switch is in the (-) position), the output signal from Q454, is applied to the base of the complimentary emitter-follower stage, Q463 and Q473.

The complimentary emitter-follower stage provides ample current for the added capacitance of most coaxial cables

attached to the output connector and preserves the rise and fall time of the time-marker pulses.

#### **Power Supply**

The power supply for the Type 184 consists of three regulated dc voltages. Circuit details for the supplies are shown on the Power Supply schematic.

Power for the dc regulator circuits is supplied from three full-wave bridge rectifier power supplies connected to secondary taps of a single transformer T501. These regulators will maintain a constant regulated output with ac input fluctuations of 94.5 or 137.5 or 189 to 275 volts. The primary of T501 consists of equal windings which may be connected in parallel by SW501 for 115 volt input or in series for 230 volt ac input power. A crystal oven is wired inde-pendently to the ON-OFF switch SW400 so power is applied to the heater of the 75°C oven as long as the instrument is connected to a power source. The circuit for the OVEN indicating neon is complete with the thermal switch closed. This neon is therefore an indicating device of proper operation of the crystal oven thermostat. The voltage regulators are mounted on the second countdown board with the exception of the power transistors Q527, Q547 and Q587, which are mounted on the main frame heat sink.

#### -30 Volt Supply

The -30 volts is the prime supply and the reference voltage for the other dc regulated supplies. The circuit consists of Q583 connected as an emitter follower to drive a series current regulator transistor Q587.

Error sensing is accomplished by the comparator amplifier Q566 and Q576. Reference voltage for the -30 volt supply is established by Zener diode D560 at approximately 9.1 volts at the base of transistor Q566. The bias on the other half of the comparator Q576 is obtained from a voltage divider consisting of R574, R570 and potentiometer R572 (the -30 volt Adjust control). When R572 is properly adjusted the output voltage is exactly -30 volts.

#### +12 Volt Supply

The -30 volt supply is the reference voltage for the comparator amplifier Q536 and Q546. The output of the comparator amplifier is applied to the base of emitter-follower Q543 which controls the current through the series current regulator transistor Q547.

#### +125 Volt Supply

The +125 volt regulated supply is similar to the +12 volt regulator except for the differential comparator. Voltage error signals are amplified and applied to the emitter-follower Q523 which controls the current through the series regulator transistor Q527.

#### Marker and Trigger Selection Switches

Timing frequencies and timing markers are applied through the MARKER SELECTOR switch to the MARKER OUTPUT connector. Trigger signals connect through the TRIGGER SELECTOR switch to the TRIGGER OUTPUT connector. The circuit arrangement is shown in the Marker and Trigger Selector switch schematic in the Diagrams section.

Markers from .1  $\mu$ s to 5 s, connect through the pushbutton switch to the base of emitter-follower transistor Q403. The output of this emitter follower at the MARKER OUTPUT connector J405 is greater than 1 volt into 50  $\Omega$ .

10 ns to 50 ns sine wave frequencies are connected through the MARKER SELECTOR switch, directly to the MARKER OUTPUT connector. 1  $\mu$ s to 5 s markers connect through a polarity switch to the marker amplifier, which provides a time-marker signal of either (+) or (--) polarity and greater than 25 volts in amplitude to the OUTPUT connector.

The TRIGGER SELECTOR switch (SW425) center contacts connect to the output of decade time markers from  $1 \mu s$  to 1 s. Contact is made through pushbutton contacts and applied to emitter-follower transistor Q423. The output is a minimum trigger pulse of 0.4 V into 50  $\Omega$  termination at the TRIGGER OUTPUT connector J425.

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## SECTION 4 MAINTENANCE

#### PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Preventive maintenance consists of cleaning, visual inspection, lubrication, and if needed, recalibration. Preventive maintenance is generally more economical than corrective maintenance, since preventive maintenance can usually be done during idle periods at a time convenient to the user. The preventive maintenance schedule established for the instrument should be based on the amount of use and the environment in which the instrument is used.

**Cleaning.** Clean the instrument often enough to prevent accumulation of dirt. Dirt on the components acts as a thermal insulating blanket (preventing efficient heat dissipation) and may provide electrical conducting paths.

Clean the instrument by loosening the accumulated dust with a dry, soft paint brush. Remove the loosened dust by vacuum and/or dry, low-pressure compressed air (highvelocity air can damage certain components). Hardened dirt and grease may be removed with a cotton-tipped swab or a soft cloth dampened with water and a mild detergent solution (such as Kelite or Spray White). Abrasive cleaners should not be used.

#### CAUTION

### Do not permit water to get inside controls or shaft bushings.

Lubrication. The life of potentiometers and selector switches is lengthened if these devices are kept properly lubricated. Use a cleaning type lubricant (such as Cramoline) on shaft bushings and switch contacts. Lubricate the switch detents with a heavier grease (Beacon grease No. 325 or equivalent). Do not over-lubricate. The necessary materials and instructions for proper lubrication of Tektronix instruments are contained in a component lubrication kit which may be ordered from Tektronix. Order Tektronix Part No. 003-0342-00.

**Visual inspection.** After cleaning, the instrument should be carefully inspected for such defects as poor connections, damaged parts, and improperly seated transistors. The remedy for most visible defects is obvious; however, if heat-damaged parts are discovered, determine the cause of over-heating before the damaged parts are replaced. Otherwise, the damage may be repeated.

#### **Tube and Transistor Checks**

Periodic preventive maintenance checks on the tubes and transistors used in the instrument are not recommended. The circuits within the instrument generally provide the most satisfactory means of checking tube or transistor usability. Performance of the circuits is thoroughly checked during recalibration, so substandard tubes and transistors will usually be detected at that time.

#### Recalibration

To insure accurate measurements, the instrument calibra-

tion should be checked after each 500 hours of operation, or every six months if used intermittently.

The calibration procedure can be helpful in isolating major troubles in the instrument. Moreover, minor troubles not apparent during regular operation may be revealed and corrected during calibration.

#### **CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE**

Corrective maintenance consists of component replacement and instrument repair. Special techniques or procedures required to replace components in this instrument are described here.

**Component identification.** The circuit number of each electrical part is shown on the circuit diagrams. Note that a functional group of circuits (such as the power supply) is assigned a particular series of numbers. Switch wafers are identified by counting from the first wafer behind the detent section of the switch towards the last wafer. The letters F and R indicate whether the front or rear of the wafer is used to perform the particular switching function. For example, the designation 2R printed by a switch section on a schematic identifies the switch section as being on the rear side of the second wafer when counting back from the detent section.

**Parts replacement.** Most of the electronic components in the Type 184 are standard items available locally. The remainder of the electronic components and most of the mechanical parts are manufactured or selected by Tektronix to satisfy particular requirements, or are manufactured for Tektronix to our specifications. However, all parts are obtainable through your Tektronix Field Engineer or Field Office. Before purchasing or ordering, consult the Electrical Parts List to determine the value, tolerance, and ratings required. See Parts Ordering Information and Special Notes and Symbols immediately preceding Section 7.

#### NOTE

When selecting the replacement parts, remember that the physical size and shape of a component may affect its performance in the circuit. Parts orientation and lead dress should duplicate those of the original part, since many of the components are mounted in a particular way to reduce or control stray capacitance and inductance. After repair, portions of the instrument may require recalibration.

**Replacing components on etched-wiring boards.** Use ordinary electronic grade 60/40 solder and a 35- to 40-watt pencil soldering iron with a 1/8-inch wide chisel tip. The tip of the iron should be clean and properly tinned for best heat transfer in a short time to the soldered connection. A higher wattage soldering iron, if used and applied for too long a time, ruins the bond between the etched wiring and base material by charring the glass epoxy laminate. The step-by-step technique is as follows:

1. Remove the component by cutting the leads near the body. This frees the leads for individual unsoldering.

2. Grip the lead with needle-nose pliers. Apply the tinned tip of a 40-watt pencil soldering iron to the lead between the pliers and the board; then pull gently.

3. When the solder first begins to melt, the lead will come out, leaving a clean hole. If the hole is not clean, use the soldering iron and a toothpick or a piece of enamel wire to open the terminal hole. Do not attempt to drill the solder out, since the through-hole plating might be destroyed.

4. Clean the leads on the new component and bend them to the correct shape. Carefully insert the leads into the holes from which the defective component was removed.

5. Apply the iron for a short time at each connection on the side of the board opposite the component to properly seat the component.

6. Apply the iron and a little solder to the connections to finish the solder joint.

**Ceramic terminal strips.** Solder used on the ceramic terminal strips should contain about 3% silver. Ordinary tin-lead solder can be used occasionally without damage to the ceramic terminal strips. Use a 40- to 75-watt soldering iron with  $1/_8$ -inch wide chisel-shaped tip. If ordinary solder is used repeatedly or if excessive heat is applied, the solder-to-ceramic bond may be broken.

A small roll of 3% silver solder is mounted at the back of the instrument. Silver-bearing solder can be purchased directly from Tektronix in one-pound rolls; order by Tektronix Part No. 251-0514-00.

Observe the following precautions when soldering ceramic terminal strips:

1. Use a hot iron for a short time. Apply only enough heat to make the solder flow freely.

2. Maintain a clean, properly tinned tip.

3. Avoid putting pressure on the ceramic terminal strip.

4. Do not attempt to fill the terminal-strip notch with solder; use only enough solder to cover the wires adequately.

5. Clean the flux from the terminal strip with a fluxremover solvent to maintain good environmental characteristics.

**Metal terminals.** When soldering metal terminals (e.g., interconnecting plug pins, switch terminals, potentiometers, etc.), ordinary 60/40 solder can be used. The soldering iron should have a 40- to 75-watt rating with a  $\frac{1}{8}$ -inch wide chisel-shaped tip.

Observe the following precautions when soldering metal terminals:

1. Apply only enough heat to make the solder flow freely.

2. Apply only enough solder to form a solid connection. Excess solder may impair the function of the part.

3. If a wire extends beyond the solder joint, clip the excess close to the joint.

4. Clean the flux from the solder joint with flux-remover solvent to maintain good environmental characteristics.

**Ceramic terminal strip replacement.** A complete ceramic terminal strip assembly is shown in Fig. 4-1. Replacement strips (including studs) and spacers are supplied under separate part numbers. The old spacers may be reused if they are not damaged.



Fig. 4-1. Ceramic terminal strip assembly.

To replace a ceramic terminal strip, first unsolder all connections. Then, the damaged strip can be pried or pulled loose from the chassis. If the spacers come out with the strip, remove them from the stud pins to be used for installation of the new strip.

After the damaged strip has been removed, place the undamaged spacers in the chassis holes. Then, carefully press the studs into the spacers until completely seated. If necessary, use a soft mallet to tap lightly, directly over the stud area of the strip.

#### Switch Replacement

Individual wafers normally are not replaced in switch assemblies. Replacement switches may be ordered from Tektronix either unwired or with the associated wires and components attached.

When soldering leads to a switch, do not let solder flow around and beyond the terminal rivet as this may destroy the contact spring tension.

#### **Tubes and Transistors**

Tubes and transistors should not be replaced unless actually defective. However, temporary substitution is often the fastest and best way to detect a defective tube or transistor. Before substituting a tube or transistor, it is suggested that circuit conditions be checked to be certain that a replacement tube or transistor will not be subject to damage. In some cases, these checks will also show whether or not the tube or transistor is at fault.

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When circuit conditions are known to be safe, install a tube or transistor of the same type which is known to be good and check for proper operation. If the original tube or transistor is thus proved acceptable, return it to the socket from which it came to avoid unnecessary recalibration.

#### **Troubleshooting Aids**

This manual and the instrument contain many features intended to speed and simplify maintenance. A block diagram which provides an overall picture of instrument operation is included with the diagrams in the back of this manual. The diagrams give the circuit reference number for each electrical component as well as important operating voltages, signals, and conditions for their measurement.

The instrument contains a number of stable metal-film resistors identified by their gray background color and color coding. If a resistor has three significant figures and a multiplier, it will be EIA color coded. If it has four significant figures and a multiplier, the value will be printed on the resistor. For example a 333 k $\Omega$  resistor will be color coded, but a 333.5 k $\Omega$  resistor will have its value printed on the resistor body. The color coding sequence is shown in Fig. 4-2.

Date Code					
Color	1st Sig. Fig.	2nd Sig. Fig.	3rd Sig. Fig.	Multiplier	Tolerance (±) %
Black	0	0	0	1	
Brown	1	1	1	10	1
Red	2	2	2	100	2
Orange	3	3	3	1,000	
Yellow	4	4	4	10,000	—
Green	5	5	5	100,000	0.50
Blue	6	6	6	1,000,000	0.25
Violet	7	7	7	10,000,000	0.10
Gray	8	8	8	100,000,000	0.05
White	9	9	9	1,000,000,000	—
Gold				0.1	5
Silver				0.01	—
No Color					10

Fig. 4-2. Standard EIA color code for metal-film resistors.



Fig. 4-3. Diode polarity of the glass diodes used in the Type 184.

Fig. 4-3 identifies the polarity of the glass diode types used in Tektronix instruments.

**In-circuit diode checks.** In-circuit diode checks may be performed with a voltmeter. A comparison check of the voltages on each side of the diode with the typical voltages listed on the diagram will help determine if the diode is faulty. Forward-to-back resistance ratios can be checked by referring to the schematic and pulling appropriate tubes or transistors to remove low resistance loops around the diode.

**General Troubleshooting.** If the instrument is not operating, attempt to isolate the trouble by a quick operational and visual check. Make sure that any apparent trouble is actually due to a malfunction within the Type 184, and not to improper control settings or a fault in associated equipment.

Operate the front-panel controls to see what effect, if any, they have on the trouble symptoms. The normal or abnormal operation of each particular control helps in establishing the nature of the trouble. The normal function of each control is listed in Section 2 of this manual.

If the trouble cannot be located by means of front-panel checks, remove the instrument from its case and check voltages and waveforms against those shown on the schematics, starting with the power supply connections. Once the trouble is isolated to a particular circuit, refer to the circuit description in Section 3 for an explanation of how the circuit normally operates.

#### CAUTION

Be careful when making measurements on live circuits. The small size and high density of components used in this instrument result in close spacing. An inadvertent movement of the test probes, or the use of oversized probes, may short between circuits.

#### **Troubleshooting Techniques**

This troubleshooting procedure is arranged in an order which checks the simple trouble possibilities before proceeding with extensive troubleshooting. The first few checks assure proper connection, operation and calibration. If the trouble is not located by these checks, the remaining steps aid in locating the defective component. When the defective component is located, it should be replaced following the replacement procedures given in this section.

**1. Check associated equipment.** Before proceeding with troubleshooting of the Type 184, check that the equipment used with the Type 184 is operating correctly. Check that the signal is properly connected and that the interconnecting cables or probes are not defective. Check the power source.

2. Check control settings. Incorrect control settings can indicate a trouble that does not exist. For example—The 10 ns circuit is disabled when the H.F. SELECTOR switch is not in the OFF position.

**3. Check instrument calibration.** Check the calibration of the instrument, or the affected circuit if the trouble exists in one circuit. The indicated trouble may only be a result of misadjustment and may be corrected by calibration. Complete instructions are given in the Calibration section of this manual. Individual calibration steps can be performed out of sequence. However, if the circuit affects the calibration of other circuits in the instrument, a more complete calibration will be necessary.

**4. Isolate trouble to a circuit.** The Type 184 has 15 countdown circuits for time markers and triggers. All countdown circuits are dependent on the preceding circuit to the basic ocillator frequency of 10 MHz ( $.1 \mu s$ ). There are 5 multiplier circuits. Three of these (20, 50 and 100 MHz) are direct multiples of the basic oscillator frequency. The remaining two are multiples of the 100 MHz signal.



Fig. 4-4. Nuvistor tube pin identification.

Isolate the trouble to the source. For example; failure of the  $1\mu$ s marker circuit could be caused from failure of the preceding countdown circuit, .5 and .1  $\mu$ s. Failure of the

5 ns sine-wave marker could be due to failure in the 100 MHz guintupler or basic oscillator.

The pin connections used to connect the etched-wiring boards to the instrument provide a unique method of circuit isolation. For example, a short in the power supply can be isolated to the rectifier circuit or the regulators by disconnecting pin connectors for that voltage at the board.

After the defective circuit has been located, proceed with step 5 through 8 to locate the defective component(s). If the trouble has not been isolated to a circuit using the procedure described here, check voltages and waveforms as explained in step 7 to locate the defective circuit.

5. Check etched-wiring board interconnections. After the trouble has been isolated to a particular circuit, check the pin connectors on the etched-wiring board for correct connection. (See Figs. 4-8 and 4-9). Each electrical component on the boards is identified by its circuit number. The circuit boards are also outlined on the diagrams with a blue line. These pictures used along with the diagrams will aid in locating the components mounted on the etchedwiring boards.

6. Visual check. Visually check the circuit in which the trouble is located. Many troubles can be located by visual indications such as unsoldered connections, broken wires, damaged etched-wiring boards or damaged components.

**7. Check voltages and waveforms.** Often the defective component can be located by checking for the correct voltage or waveform in the circuit. Typical voltages and waveforms are given on the schematics.

#### NOTE

Voltages and waveforms given on the diagrams are not absolute and may vary slightly between instruments. To obtain operating conditions similar to those used to make these readings, see the first schematic page.

a. Voltages: Voltage measurements should be taken with a 20,000 ohms/volt dc voltmeter. Accuracy of the voltmeter should be within 3% on all ranges. Be sure that the test prods are well insulated to prevent accidental shorting of components.

b. Waveforms: Use a test oscilloscope(s) which has the following minimum specifications:

Bandwidth: Dc to greater than 500 MHz.

Deflection factor: 0.05 volts/division minimum.

Input impedance: Approximately 10 megohms paralleled by about 10 pF when using a  $10 \times$  probe.



(2)

#### Fig. 4-7. 500 MHz filter etched-wiring board.



Fig. 4-8a. Upper portion of the .1  $\mu s$  to 10 ms countdown etched-wiring board.

(2)



Fig. 4-8b. Lower portion of the .1  $\mu$ s to 10 ms coundown etched-wiring board.

۲

1

4-7



Fig. 4-9a. Lower portion of the 50 ms to 5 s countdown and power regulator etched-wiring board.

(A)



Fig. 4-9b. Upper portion of the 50 ms to 5 s countdown and power regulator etched-wiring board.

4-9

NOTES

### SECTION 5 PERFORMANCE CHECK

#### Introduction

This performance check procedure is provided to check the operation of the Type 184 without removing the cover. This procedure may be used for incoming inspection, instrument familiarization, reliability testing, calibration verification, etc.

Failure to meet the characteristics given in this procedure indicates that the instrument requires internal checks and/or adjustments. See the Calibration section.

#### **Recommended Equipment**

The following equipment is recommended for a complete performance check. Specifications given are the minimum necessary to perform this procedure. All equipment is assumed to be calibrated and operating within the orignal specifications. If equipment is substituted, it must meet or exceed the specifications of the recommended equipment.

For the most accurate and convenient performance check, special calibration fixtures are used in this procedure. These fixtures are available from Tektronix, Inc. Order by part number through your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

1. Test oscilloscope. Bandpass dc to 30 MHz; 0.05 volts/ div deflection factor. Tektronix 540-Series oscilloscope with Type L Plug-In Preamplifier recommended.

2. 1  $\times$  probe with BNC connector. Tektronix P6028 Probe recommended.

3. 10 $\times$  probe with BNC connector. Tektronix P6006 Probe recommended.

4. Test oscilloscope with sampling system. Input impedance  $50 \Omega$ , risetime, 0.4 ns maximum. Tektronix 560-Series with Types 3S76 and 3T77 or Tektronix 540-Series with Type 1S1 Plug-In Unit recommended.

5. Electronic Digital Frequency Counter. Frequency measurement dc to 20 MHz. Example: Hewlett Packard 5244L Electronic Counter or equivalent.

6. Termination (one). Impedance 50  $\Omega$ ; BNC connectors, Tektronix Part No. 011-0049-00.

7. 5× attenuator. Impedance 50  $\Omega_{\rm f}$  GR connectors. Tektronix Part No. 017-0079-00.

8. Adapters, GR to BNC, female. Tektronix Part No. 017-0063-00.

9. Adapter, clip lead to BNC. Tektronix Part No. 013-0076-00.

10. Adapter, BNC to dual binding post. Tektronix Part No. 103-0035-00.

11. Cable (two). Impedance 50  $\Omega$ ; type RG58/AU, length 42 inches, BNC connectors. Tektronix Part No. 012-0057-00.

12. Resistor. 1 k $\Omega$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}$  watt, 1% tolerance.

B

#### **General Information**

In the following procedure, test equipment connections or control settings should not be changed except when noted. If only a partial check is desired, refer to the preceding step(s) for setup information.

The following procedure uses the recommended equipment. If substitute equipment is used, the user must determine the settings or setup to meet the requirements of the check.

#### **Preliminary Procedure**

1. Check fuses for correct value. 115 volt operation: 0.6 amp, slow blow, 3AG. 230 volt operation: 0.3 amp, slow blow, 3AG. Check Line Voltage switch on the back panel for correct operating position (115 or 230 V).

2. Connect the Type 184 to a line voltage within the regulating range of the power supplies. Allow a minimum of 2 hours after the Type 184 is connected to a power source for the crystal to stabilize at  $25^{\circ}$ C  $\pm 5^{\circ}$  or room ambient temperature. Turn the Type 184 on by depressing any of the MARKER SELECTOR pushbuttons. Allow 5 minutes warm-up time, if the crystal oven has stabilized, before checking the instrument to a given accuracy.

#### PERFORMANCE CHECK

#### 1. Check Oven Light

Requirement—Oven light should cycle on and off after approximately 5 minutes warm-up time.

Check-Oven light operation.

#### 2. Check Crystal Oscillator Frequency

a. Requirement—Frequency 10 MHz  $\pm$ 100 Hz at ambient room temperature. Crystal oven stabilized. (Two hours warm-up time after power is applied before crystal oven is stabilized.)

b. Apply the .1  $\mu$ S marker from the MARKER OUTPUT connector through a 50  $\Omega$  coaxial cable and 50  $\Omega$  termination resistor to the Input connector of a digital frequency counter or equivalent frequency measuring device.

c. Check accuracy of the .1  $\mu$ S markers (10 MHz crystal oscillator frequency).

d. Remove the coaxial cable and 50  $\Omega$  termination from the frequency measuring device.

#### 3. Check .1 $\mu$ S to 5 $\mu$ S Marker Timing

a. Requirement—Marker accuracy dependent on crystal oscillator.

b. Connect the TRIGGER OUTPUT of the Type 184 through a 50  $\Omega$  coaxial cable to the external Trigger Input connector of the test oscilloscope (Type 545B).

#### Performance Check—Type 184

TABLE	5-1
-------	-----

Type 184 Test Oscilloscope Type 184 Typical				
MARKER SELECTOR	Time/Cm	TRIGGER SOURCE	Display	
.1 μS and .5 μS	.5 μSEC	1 μS		
.5 μS and 1 μS	.5 μSEC	1 μS		
1 $\mu$ S and 5 $\mu$ S	1 μSEC	10 µS		
$5\mu S$ and $10\mu S$	5 μSEC	10 µS		
10 μS and 50 μS	10 μSEC	.1 mS		
50 $\mu$ S and .1 mS	50 μSEC	.1 mS	•	
.1 mS and .5 mS	.1 mSEC	1 mS		
.5 mS and 1 mS	.5 mSEC	1 mS		
1 mS and 5 mS	1 mSEC	10 mS		
5 mS and 10 mS	5 mSEC	10 mS	•	
10 mS and 50 mS	50 mSEC	.1 S		
50 mS and .1 S	10 mSEC	1 S		
.1 S and .5 S	.1 SEC	1 S		
.5 S and 1 S	.5 SEC	1 S	•	
1S and 5S	1 SEC	1 \$		

5-2

(A]ī

Performance Check-Type 184

c. Connect the output of the MARKER OUTPUT connector on the Type 184 through a 50  $\Omega$  coaxial cable and 50  $\Omega$ termination resistor to the vertical Input connector of the vertical plug-in unit (Type L) in the test oscilloscope.

d. Set the Type 184 and test oscilloscope controls as follows:

#### **Type 184**

MARKER SELECTOR	.1 μS
TRIGGER SELECTOR	1 μS
MARKER AMPLIFIER	OFF
H.F. SELECTOR	OFF

#### Test oscilloscope

Crt controls	Adjust for well focused display of nominal brightness
Horizontal Display	Time Base A

#### **Time Base A Controls**

Time/Cm	.1 $\mu$ SEC
Variable	Calibrated
Trigger Mode	AC
Trigger Slope	+Ext
Stability	Preset
Triggering Level	Midrange

#### Vertical Plug-In Unit (Type L)

Volts/Cm	.5
Variable	Calibrated
Input Coupling	DC
Vertical Position	Centered

e. Adjust the Triggering Level control when necessary for a stable display as each step in Table 5-1 is followed.

f. Check the marker timing in accordance with Table 5-1.

#### 4. Check MARKER OUTPUT Amplitude

a. Requirement—Marker amplitude must be greater than 1 volt into 50 ohms.

b. Repeat the steps of Table 5-1, pushing only one MARK-ER SELECTOR button at a time. Check the amplitude of the time markers.

#### 5. Check Output of MARKER AMPLIFIER

a. Requirements-Positive or negative-going markers with 14 intervals of 1  $\mu$ s to 5 s in 1-5-10 sequence, 25-V minimum amplitude into  $1 k\Omega$ .

b. Connect a BNC to binding post adapter to the MARKER AMPLIFIER OUTPUT connector. Attach a  $1 k\Omega \frac{1}{2}$  watt, 1% resistor across the dual binding post adapter. Connect a clip lead to BNC adapter to the dual binding post adapter (red lead to the red binding post). Connect a 50  $\Omega$  coaxial cable between the clip lead to BNC adapter and the Input connector of the vertical plug-in unit in the test oscilloscope. (Fig. 6-13 in Calibration section.)

c. Set the vertical deflection factor (Volts/Cm switch) to 10.

d. Set the Trigger Slope switch of the test oscilloscope to +Int and the Time/Cm switch as listed in Table 5-2.

e. Switch the MARKER AMPLIFIER switch to (+) position and check the amplitude of the MARKER AMPLIFIER output signal for each setting listed in Table 5-2.

f. Change the MARKER AMPLIFIER switch to the (---) position and the test oscilloscope Trigger Slope to (-Int) position.

a. Check the amplitude of the MARKER AMPLIFIER output signal for a minimum -25 volt signal.

h. Remove the adapters and cables from the Type 184 and test oscilloscope.

TABLE 5-2

Type 184 MARKER SELECTOR	Test Oscilloscope Time/Cm
1 μS	10 µSEC
5 μS	10 µSEC
10 µS	.1 mSEC
50 μS	.1 mSEC
.1 mS	1 mSEC
.5 mS	1 mSEC
1 mS	10 mSEC
5 mS	10 mSEC
10 mS	100 mSEC
50 mS	100 mSEC
.1 \$	1 SEC
.5 \$	1 SEC
1 \$	1 SEC
5 \$	1 SEC

#### 6. Check Amplitude and Timing of the TRIGGER OUTPUT

a. Requirement-Positive-going pulses in 1-10 sequence, amplitude  $\geq 0.4 V$  into 50  $\Omega$  or  $\geq 2.5 V$  into open circuit.

b. Apply the signal from the TRIGGER OUTPUT connector through a 50  $\Omega$  coaxial cable and 50  $\Omega$  termination to the vertical Input connector of the vertical plug-in unit (Type L).

c. Set the Volts/Cm switch on the vertical unit to .2.

d. Check the trigger timing and amplitude as listed in Table 5-3.

Type 184 TRIGGER SELECTOR	Test Oscilloscope Time/Cm	Marks/Cm
1 μS	1 μSEC	1
10 μS	10 µSEC	1
.1 mS	.1 mSEC	1
1 mS	1 mSEC	1
10 mS	10 mSEC	1
.1 S	.1 SEC	1
1 S	1 SEC	1

TABLE 5-3

#### 7. Check Sine-wave Marker Timing and Amplitude

a. Requirement—10, 20 and 50 ns sine-wave marker signals at the MARKER OUTPUT connector with 1-V minimum peak-to-peak amplitude into 50  $\Omega$ .

b. Apply the signal from the Type 184 MARKER OUTPUT connector through a 50  $\Omega$  coaxial cable, a BNC-to-GR adapter and a 5×T, 50 $\Omega$ , GR attenuator, to the Input (A) connector of the vertical plug-in unit (Type 3S76) for the sampling test oscilloscope.

c. Set the test oscilloscope and plug-in units controls as follows:

Crt controls	Adjust for well focused
	display of nominal
	brightness

Time Base Plug-In Unit (Type 3T77)

Time/Div	As indicated in Table 5-5
Sweep Mode	Normal
Trigger	+Int
Horiz Mag	$\times 1$
Dots Per Div	100

Vertical	Plug-In	Unit	(Type	3S76)
Mv/D	iv			100
Input	Selector			A Only

d. Check amplitude and timing of the sine-wave markers in accordance with Table 5-4.

TAB	I F	5-4
100		J-4

Type 184 MARKER SELECTOR	Test Oscilloscope Time/Div	Cycle/Div
50 nS	50 nSEC	1
20 nS	20 nSEC	1
10 nS	10 nSEC	1

e. Remove the 50  $\Omega$  coaxial cable from the Type 184 MARKER OUTPUT connector and attach to the H.F. OUTPUT connector.

#### 8. Check Amplitude and Timing of H.F. Sinewave Markers

a. Requirement—500 MHz (2 ns) and 200 MHz (5 nS) frequencies at the OUTPUT connector with 0.3-V minimum peak-to-peak amplitude into 50  $\Omega$ .

b. Set the Type 184 H.F. SELECTOR switch to the 5 nS position.

c. Set the Mv/Div switch on the vertical plug-in unit (Type 3S76) to 50.

d. Check the amplitude and timing of the 2 and 5 nS markers in accordance with Table 5-5.

TABLE 5-5

Type 184 H.F. SELECTOR	Test Oscilloscope Time/Div	Cycle/Div
5 nS	5 nSEC	1
2 nS	2 nSEC	1

e. Remove all cables, adapters and attenuators from the Type 184 and test oscilloscope.

# SECTION 6 CALIBRATION

#### Introduction

This procedure can be used either as an operational check or to completely calibrate the instrument. The title of each numbered step begins with either "Adjust" **()** or "Check", thereby identifying the step as calibration or verification. The steps are identified in this manner so any or all groups of numbered checks can be skipped without disrupting the continuity of the procedure. All "Adjust" steps, however, must be completed in the order given, because some adjustments interact with others. Remember that proper operation is only insured when all steps in the procedure have been made as accurately as possible.

The location of test points and adjustments is shown in each step. Waveforms which are helpful in determining the correct adjustment or operation are also shown.

Where reference is made to divisions of deflection, the indication will be major divisions.

#### NOTE

The performance standards described in this section of the manual are provided strictly as guides to calibration of the Type 184 and should not be construed as advertised specifications. If the Type 184 performs within the guide tolerances given in this calibration procedure, it will meet all listed specifications in the Characteristics secton of this manual.

#### EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

The following equipment or its equivalent is required for a complete calibration of the Type 184. Specifications are the minimum necessary for accurate calibration of the instrument. All test equipment is assumed to be calibrated and operating within its specifications. If substitute equipment is used, it must meet or exceed the specifications of the equipment recommended.

Special calibration fixtures are used where necessary. These can be obtained through your local Tektronix Field Office or representative. The part number for the calibration fixture is listed with the description of the part.

1. Test oscilloscope: Bandpass dc to 30 MHz; .05 volts/div deflection factor. Tektronix 540-Series oscilloscope with Type L Plug-In Preamplifier recommended.

2.  $1\times$  probe with BNC connector; Tektronix P6028 Probe recommended.

3. 10  $\times$  probe with BNC connector: Tektronix P6006 Probe recommended.

4. Test oscilloscope with sampling system: Input impedance 50  $\Omega$ , risetime 0.4 ns maximum. Tektronix 560-series with Types 3S76 and 3T77 or Tektronix 540-Series with Type 1S1 Plug-In Unit recommended.

5. Variable autotransformer: Variable range 93.5 to 135 Vac or 187 to 270 Vac. If autotransformer does not have an ac voltmeter to monitor the output voltage, an ac voltmeter (rms) with a range of 90 to 270 volts must be used. For example: General Radio W10MT3W Metered Variac Autotransformer.

6. Frequency Standard or Digital Frequency Counter: Frequency 10 MHz, stability 0.3 ppm<sup>1</sup> for short time use, or over 24 hours. A stable communication receiver which can receive the National Bureau of Standards transmitting stations (WWV, WWVB, WWVH) may be used.

7. Dc voltmeter, with sensitivity of 20,000 ohms/volt and calibrated for an accuracy of  $\pm 1\%$  at 30 and 125 volts.

8. Termination: Impedance 50  $\Omega$ , BNC connectors. Tektronix Part No. 011-0049-00.

9. 5 $\times$  Attenuator: Impedance 50  $\Omega$ , GR connectors. Tektronix Part No. 017-0079-00.

10. Adapter: GR to BNC, female. Tektronix Part No. 017-0063-00.

11. Adapter: clip lead to BNC. Tektronix Part No. 013-0076-00.

12. Adapter: BNC to dual binding post. Tektronix Part No. 103-0035-00.

13. Cables: (2) Impedance 50  $\Omega$ , type RG58/AU, length 42 inches, BNC connectors. Tektronix Part No. 012-0057-00.

14. Resistor:  $1 k\Omega$  resistor,  $\frac{1}{2}$  watt, 1% tolerance.

#### Adjusting Tools (see Fig. 6-2)

	Description	Tektronix Part No.
a.	Insulated screwdriver, 1½-inch shaft, non-metallic	003-0000-00
b.	Screwdriver, 3-inch shaft	003-0192-00
c.	Tuning rod, 5-inch	003-0301-00

\*Parts per million.

#### Calibration—Type 184



Fig. 6-1. Equipment recommended for calibration.



Fig. 6-2. Adjusting tools.

#### CALIBRATION RECORD AND INDEX

This Abridged Calibration Procedure is provided to aid in checking the operation of the Type 184. It may be used as a calibration guide by the experienced calibrator, or as a calibration record. Since the step numbers and titles used correspond to those in the complete Calibration Procedure, the following procedure serves as an index to locate a step in the complete Calibration Procedure. Characteristics are those listed in the Characteristics section of the Instruction Manual.

#### Type 184

#### Instrument Serial No.

1.	Voltage on -30 volt terminal (pin C)	
2.	Voltage on +12 volt terminal (pin A)	
3.	Voltage on +125 volt terminal (pin H)	
4.	Regulation of -30 volt supply	_%
5.	Marker accuracy and amplitude (1 volt minimum)	
	Crystal oscillator frequency deviation	Hz
	.1µS	
	.5 μS	
	1 μS	
	5 μS	
	10 µS	
	50 µS	
	100 µS	

.5 mS	in the second		-		
1 mS			_	_	
5 mS			_	_	
10 mS	_		-	_	_
100 mS		_	_		
.5 S	-	_		_	
1 S	_		-	-	
5 S	_	_			

6. Marker Amplifier amplitude (greater than  $\pm 25 \, \text{V}$  into 1 kΩ at 1 μS)

7. Trigger timing accuracy and amplitude (greater than .4 V)

1 µS			-		
10 µS					
.1 mS				_	_
1 mS				_	
10 mS	-				
.1 S					
1 S					
Sine-wave	marker a	curacy	and am	olitude	areate

er than 8. 1 V)

50 nS	 
20 nS	 
10 nS	 

#### Calibration-Type 184

 H.F. sine-wave marker accuracy and amplitude (greater than 0.3 V)

	5 nS				 
	2 nS				 
10.	Crystal	oven	thermostat	cycles	 
			Sign	ature	 

#### Date

#### CALIBRATION PROCEDURE

In the following procedure, a test equipment setup is shown for each major step. Control settings are listed beneath the setup picture. If only a partial calibration is performed, start with the nearest setup preceding the desired portion.

The following procedure uses the equipment listed under "Equipment Required". If substitute equipment is used, the user must determine that the substitute equipment is equivalent and must determine proper control settings, etc. It is assumed that all equipment listed is within its manufacturer's specifications. If there is any doubt, the test equipment should be calibrated before it is used.

#### **Preliminary Procedure**

1. Remove the Type 184 from its cabinet.

2. Connect the autotransformer to a suitable power source.

3. Preliminary inspection: Check fuses for correct value. 115 volt operation: 0.6 amp, slow blow, 3 AG; 230 volt operation: 0.3 amp, slow blow, 3 AG. Check Line Switch on the back panel for correct operating position (115 V or 230 V).

4. Connect the Type 184 power cord to the autotransformer output and set the output of the autotransformer to 115 (or 230) volts.

5. Allow 2 hours warm-up time with a room ambient temperature of  $25^{\circ}C \pm 5^{\circ}$  after the Type 184 is connected to a power source. This is necessary for the crystal oven, and hence the oscillator frequency, to stabilize. Turn the Type 184 power on, by depressing any of the MARKER SELECTOR pushbuttons. Allow 5 minutes warm-up time if the crystal oven has stabilized, before checking the instrument to a given accuracy.



Fig. 6-3. Initial test equipment set-up to check and adjust voltages.

Set controls as follows:

#### Type 184

MARKER SELECTOR TRIGGER SELECTOR MARKER AMPLIFIER H.F. SELECTOR 1 mS

None

OFF

OFF

Autotransformer Line Voltage

Test Oscilloscope Crt controls 115 (230) volts

Adjust for well focused display of nominal brightness

Calibration—Type 184

Horizontal Display	Time Base A
Sweep Controls	
A Time/Cm	5 mSEC
Variable	Calibrated
A Triggering Mode	AC
A Trigger Slope	+Line
A Stability	Preset
A Triggering Level	Midrange
Vertical Plug-In Unit	
Volts/Div	.05
Variable	Calibrated
Input Coupling	AC
Vertical Position	Midrange

#### TABLE 6-1

Supply	Typical Regulation Value	Typical maximum Frequency Ripple
-30 V	±3%	15 mV p-p
+12 V	±3%	30 mV p-p
+125 V	土3%	60 mV p-p



Fig. 6-4. Voltage test points and adjustments.

(B)

#### 1. Check Oven Light

a. Check oven light operation.

b. After 5 minute warm-up time, oven should cycle on and off at approximately 1-2 minute intervals.

c. Interaction - None.



Fig. 6-5. Typical test oscilloscope display of power supply ripple (60-cycle line) vertical deflection, 0.5 volts/div, sweep rate 5 msec/div.

#### 2. Adjust - 30 Volt Power Supply 0

a. Test equipment setup is shown in Fig. 6-3.

b. Connect the dc voltmeter from the —30 volt supply, pin C on the power board to chassis ground. See Fig. 6-4.

c. Adjust R572, the -30 volt adjustment (Fig. 6-4), for -30 volts.

 Interaction — May affect the operation of all circuits within the Time-Mark Generator.

#### 3. Check Power Supply Voltages and Ripple

a. Test equipment setup is shown in Fig. 6-3.

b. Connect the 1× probe to the test oscilloscope input.

c. Check—regulation and ripple of the power supplies while changing the input supply voltage between 94.5 to 137.5 VAC (or 189 to 275 VAC). Power supply test points are shown in Fig. 6-4. Power supply specifications are shown in Table 6-1 and a typical test oscilloscope display of the ripple is shown in Fig. 6-5. Disregard high frequency hash, spikes, transients, etc.

d. Return autotransformer output to 115 (230) volts. If the line voltage is approximately 115 (230) volts, the Type 184 may be connected directly to the line for the remainder of the calibration procedure.

e. Remove 1× probe.



Fig. 6-6. Checking and adjusting .1  $\mu$ S and .5  $\mu$ S time-markers. Step 4.

#### Control Settings:

#### Type 184

MARKER SELECTOR TRIGGER SELECTOR MARKER AMPLIFIER H.F. SELECTOR

#### Test Oscilloscope

Crt controls

Horizontal Display Sweep Controls A Time/Cm Variable A Triggering Mode Trigger Slope A Stability A Triggering Level

#### Vertical Plug-In Unit

Volts/Div Variable Input Coupling Vertical Position .1 μS 1 μS OFF OFF

Adjust for well focused display of nominal brightness Time Base A

.5 μSEC Calibrated AC +Int Preset Midrange

.5

Calibrated DC Midrange



Fig. 6-7. 10 MHz (.1  $\mu s$ ) 50 MHz (20 ns) and 100 MHz (10 ns) oscillator and multiplier adjustments. Step 4, 10.

Calibration-Type 184



Fig. 6-8a. Typical display of .1 µS markers.

#### 4. Adjust .1 µS and .5 µS Time-Markers

a. Test equipment setup is shown in Fig. 6-6.

b. Adjust the A Triggering Level control on the test oscilloscope for a stable display, then center the display on the graticule area with the vertical and horizontal position controls. See Fig. 6-8.

c. Adjust L18 (Fig. 6-7) midway between the two signal maximum amplitude points.

d. Change the A Time/Cm switch to .5 μSEC position and adjust L19 (Fig. 6-7) for marker amplitude and uniformity.

e. Push the Type 184 .1  $\mu S$  and .5  $\mu S$  MARKER SELECTOR buttons simultaneously. Set the vertical plug-in unit Volts/ Cm switch to 1.

f. Adjust C108 (Fig. 6-9) for one .5  $\mu \rm S$  time marker per division.

g. Adjust L19 and C108 simultaneously for proper count of the .5  $\mu S$  markers and uniformity of the .1  $\mu S$  markers. See Fig. 6-8b.

h. Interaction — Will affect all countdown and multiplier circuits.



Fig. 6-8b. Typical display of .1 and .5  $\mu$ S markers. C108 adjusted for accuracy of .5  $\mu$ s markers. T-18 adjusted for uniformity of the .1  $\mu$ s markers.



Fig. 6-9. .5  $\mu s$  marker adjustment C108 and 50 MHz (20 ns) adjustment L16, L15.

NOTES



Fig. 6-10a. Suggested setup for adjusting crystal oscillator to laboratory standard. Step 5.



Fig. 6-10b. Suggested setup for adjusting crystal oscillator frequency to National Bureau of Standards. Step 5.

6-8

Control settings:

#### Туре 184

MARKER SELECTOR	.1 μS
TRIGGER SELECTOR	1 μS
MARKER AMPLIFIER	OFF
H.F. SELECTOR	OFF

#### Test Oscilloscope

Crt controls	Adjust for well focused display of nominal brightness
Horizontal Display	Time Base A
Sweep Controls	
A Time/Cm	.1 μSEC
Variable	Calibrated
A Triggering Mode	AC
Trigger Slope	+Int
A Stability	Preset
A Triggering Level	Midrange

#### Vertical Plug-In Unit

Volts/Div	As required
Variable	Calibrated
Input Coupling	DC
Vertical Position	Midrange

#### 5. Check or Adjust Crystal Oscillator

Adjusting the crystal oscillator frequency requires an accurate 10 MHz frequency standard or frequency measuring device. The National Bureau of Standards through transmitting stations at Boulder, Colorado (WWVB), Washington, D.C. (WWV) or Hawaii (WWVH) provide one menas of checking the oscillator. Another method could be direct frequency measurement with an Electronic Digital Frequency Counter. The two methods are described as follows.

#### NOTE

Allow a minimum warm-up time of 2 hours for the crystal oven to stabilize, before attempting to measure or adjust the oscillator frequency.

#### Method 1

a. Test equipment setup is shown in Fig. 6-10a.

b. Apply the Type 184 .1  $\mu$ S markers from the MARKER OUTPUT connector through a 50  $\Omega$  coaxial cable and 50  $\Omega$ termination to the Input connector of the Frequency Counter.

c. Adjust C11 on the Type 184 for equal drift in both directions of the frequency as the crystal oven cycles.

d. Remove the cable and termination from the Frequency Counter.

#### Method 2

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a. Test equipment setup is shown in Fig. 6-10b. There is no direct connection between the Type 184 and either the receiver or the test oscilloscope.

b. Trigger the test oscilloscope internally from the signal input to the vertical plug-in unit.

c. The oscillator may be calibrated by beating the frequency of the crystal oscillator against the frequency from National Bureau of Standards broadcasting stations. Tune the receiver to 10 or 20 MHz, whichever is stronger. The signal of the National Bureau of Standards can be recognized by the clicks which occur once each second. During a portion of each minute a 440- or 1000-cycle tone is heard. Adjust the test oscilloscope vertical sensitivity (Volts/ Cm switch) during this tone time, for a signal amplitude of approximately 4 cm. Tune the CW or Beat Note Oscillator in the communications receiver. Tune the receiver carefully until only the 440- or 1000-cycle tone can be heard, then turn off the CW or Beat Note Oscillator.

Install a 50- $\Omega$  terminating resistor on the MARKER OUT-PUT connector of the Type 184 and insert a short (12- to 15inch) piece of wire in the center conductor of the terminator.

d. Push the .1  $\mu$ S MARKER SELECTOR switch on the Type 184. The short wire will act as a radiator for the .1  $\mu$ S signal and will be received by the communications receiver. If the signal is too strong from the Type 184, it may block out the signal for the National Bureau of Standards, so if this occurs shorten the radiating wire from the Type 184 until both signals can be heard.

e. During the time the 440- or 1000-cycle tone is not being transmitted from the National Bureau of Standards, adjust C11 in the Type 184 for minimum beat note, or for minimum deflection of the signal on the test oscilloscope.

After the crystal oscillator frequency has been adjusted, do not disturb any of the components in the oscillator circuit. This adjustment of C11 will not affect the adjustment of the other markers since they are timed by this basic frequency and will follow small changes of the oscillator.

f. Disconnect the test equipment setup from the Type 184.

g. Interaction — Will affect accuracy of all marker and trigger signals.

#### Calibration—Type 184



Fig. 6-11. Test equipment setup for checking time-marker accuracy and amplitude. Step 6 and step 7.

#### Control settings:

#### Type 184

.)	
MARKER SELECTOR	As shown in Table 6-2
TRIGGER SELECTOR	As shown in Table 6-2
MARKER AMPLIFIER	OFF
H.F. SELECTOR	OFF
Test Oscilloscope	
Crt controls	Adjust for well focused display of nominal brightness
Horizontal Display	Time Base A
Sweep Controls	
A Time/Cm	In accordance with Table 6-2
Variable	Calibrated
A Triggering Mode	AC
Trigger Slope	+Ext

Preset

Midrange

#### Vertical Plug-In Unit

1	
Calibrated	
DC	
Midrange	

#### 6. Adjust Marker Timing

a. Test equipment setup is shown in Fig. 6-11.

b. Adjust the Triggering Level control when required, for a stable display as each step in Table 6-2 is followed.

c. Check and adjust the marker timing according to Table 6-2.

#### 7. Check Marker Amplitude - 1 volt minimum

a. Test equipment setup is shown in Fig. 6-11.

 Repeat the steps of Table 6-2 pushing only one MARK-ER SELECTOR button at a time, measuring the marker amplitude.

c. Interaction—Because the markers are derived from a previous countdown circuit, there is definite interaction to the successive counters.

A Stability

A Triggering Level
TABLE 6-2

TABLE 6-2				
Type 184 MARKER SELECTOR	Test Oscilloscope Time/Cm	Type 184 TRIGGER SELECTOR	Adjust	Typical Display
.1 µS and .5 µS	.5 μSEC	1 μS	C108 (Fig. 6-12a)	
.5 μS and 1 μS	.5 μSEC	1 μS		
$1 \mu\text{S}$ and $5 \mu\text{S}$	1 μSEC	10 μS	R146 (Fig. 6-12a)	
5 µS and 10 µS	5 μSEC	10 µS		
10 µS and 50 µS	10 µSEC	.1 mS		
50 $\mu$ S and .1 mS	50 μSEC	.1 mS		
.1 mS and .5 mS	.1 mSEC	1 mS		
.5 mS and 1 mS	.5 mSEC	1 mS		
1 mS and 5 mS	1 mSEC	10 mS		
5 mS and 10 mS	5 mSEC	.1 S		
10 mS and 50 mS	10 mSEC	.1 S	R306 (Fig. 6-12b)	
50 mS and .1 S	50 mSEC	1 S		
.1 S and .5 S	.1 SEC	1 S	R346 (Fig. 6-12b)	
.55 and 15	.5 SEC	1 S		
1S and 5S	1 SEC	1 S	R386 (Fig. 6-12b)	

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 $(\underline{A})$ 

Calibration - Type 184



Fig. 6-12. Time Marker timing adjustments. a. Countdown board .1 µS-10 ms. Step 6. b. Location of R306, R346, R386. Step 6.



Fig. 6-13. Test equipment setup to measure Marker Amplifier signal amplitude. Step 8.

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Control	setti	ings:
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#### Type 184

MARKER SELECTORAs directed in Table 6-3TRIGGER SELECTORAs directed in Table 6-3MARKER AMPLIFIEROFFH.F. SELECTOROFF

Adjust for well focused display of nominal

#### Test Oscilloscope

Crt controls

brightness Horizontal Display Time Base A Sweep Controls A Time/Cm As shown in Table 6-3 Variable Calibrated A Triggering Mode AC Trigger Slope +Int

A Stability	Preset
A Triggering Level	Midrange
ertical Plug-In Unit	
Volts/Div	10
Variable	Calibrated
Input Coupling	DC
Vertical Position	Midrange

#### 8. Check Output of MARKER AMPLIFIER

a. Requirements—Positive or negative-going markers with 14 intervals of 1  $\mu s$  to 5 s in 1-5-10 sequence, 25 V minimum amplitude into 1 k $\Omega.$ 

b. The Marker Amplifier must be terminated into a resistance of 1 kΩ. Test equipment setup is shown in Fig. 6-13.

c. Switch the MARKER AMPLIFIER switch to (+) position. Check the amplitude of the Marker Amplifier output signal for each setting listed in Table 6-3. See Fig. 6-14a.



Fig. 6-14. Marker Amplifier Otuput Signals into 1  $k\Omega.$  Volts/cm 10, Time/cm (Table 5-3).

d. Change the MARKER AMPLIFIER switch to the (-) position and the test oscilloscope Trigger Slope switch to (-) Int) position.

e. Check the amplitude of the Marker Amplifier output signal for a minimum —25 volt signal. See Fig. 6-14b.

f. Remove the adapters and cables from the Type 184 and test oscilloscope.

TABLE 6-3

Type 184 MARKER SELECTOR	Test Oscilloscope Time/Cm
1 μS	10 μSEC
5 μS	10 μSEC
10 µS	.1 mSEC
50 μS	.1 mSEC
.1 mS	1 mSEC
.5 mS	1 mSEC
1 mS	10 mSEC
5 mS	10 mSEC
10 mS	100 mSEC
50 mS	100 mSEC
.1 S	1 SEC
.5 S	1 SEC
1 S	1 SEC
5 S	1 SEC

NOTES



Fig. 6-15. Test equipment setup for checking trigger output amplitude and timing interval. Step 9.

on	trol	Sett	ings:
	11.001	2011	un Star

# Type 184 None MARKER SELECTOR None TRIGGER SELECTOR As shown in Table 6-4 MARKER AMPLIFIER OFF H.F. SELECTOR OFF

# Test Oscilloscope

Adjust for well focused display of nominal brightness
Time Base A
As shown in Table 6-4
Calibrated
AC
Int

A Stability	Preset
A Triggering Level	Midrange
/ertical Plug-In Unit	
Volts/Div	.2
Variable	Calibrated
Input Coupling	DC
Vertical Position	Midrange

#### 9. Check Amplitude and Timing of the TRIG-GER OUTPUT

a. Requirement—Positive-going pulses with 7 intervals in 1-10 sequence, from 1  $\mu s$  to 1 s, and an amplitude  $\geq 0.4$  V into 50  $\Omega$  or  $\geq 2.5$  V into an open circuit.

- b. Test equipment setup is shown in Fig. 6-15.
- c. Check the trigger timing as listed in Table 6-4.
- d. Check the amplitude of trigger signals. Fig. 6-16.

# Calibration-Type 184



Fig. 6-16. Typical TRIGGER OUTPUT display. Volts/cm .2.

Type 184 TRIGGER SELECTOR	Test Oscilloscope Time/Cm	Marks/Cm
1 µS	1 µSEC	1
10 µS	10 µSEC	1
.1 mS	.1 mSEC	1
1 mS	1 mSEC	1
10 mS	10 mSEC	1
.1 S	.1 SEC	1
15	1 SEC	1



Fig. 6-17. Test equipment setup to check and adjust 10, 20 and 50 ns sine-wave markers. Step 10.

Control Settings:		Time Base Plug-In Unit	(Type 3T77)
Type 184		Time/Div	As shown in Table 6-5
MARKER SELECTOR	As shown in Table 6-5	Sweep Mode	Normal
TRIGGER SELECTOR	OFF	Trigger	+Int
MARKER AMPLIFIER	OFF	Horiz Mag	$\times 1$
H.F. SELECTOR	OFF	Dots Per Div	100
Test Oscilloscope Crt controls	Adjust for well focused	Vertcial Plug-In Unit	100
	display of nominal	Mv/Div	100
	brightness	Input Selector	A Only

Calibration—Type 184



Fig. 6-18, .5  $\mu s$  marker adjustment C108 and 50 MHz (20 ns) adjustments L16, L15. Step 10.

#### Check and Adjust Sine-wave Markers: 10, 20, 50 nS and .1 μS

a. Test equipment setup is shown in Fig. 6-17.

b. Push the 1 µS pushbutton for the TRIGGER SELECTOR.

c. Adjust the Time Base Unit, (Type 3T77) Trigger Senstitivity for a stable display.

d. Measure and adjust the sine-wave markers in accordance with Table 6-5. Minimum marker amplitude is 1 volt peak to peak.

e. Interaction—Will affect the operation of the 2 and 5 nS sine-wave markers.



Fig. 6-19. 10 MHz (.1  $\mu s)$  50 MHz (20 ns) and 100 MHz (10 ns) oscillator and multiplier adjustments. Step 4, 10.

#### TABLE 6-5

Type 184 MARKER SELECTOR	Test Oscilloscope Time/Div	Adjust for maximum signal amplitude and one marker/div
.1 μS	.1 µSEC	Check
50 ns	50 nSEC	L25, L26 (Fig. 6-17)
20 nS	20 nSEC	L15, L16, L35, L36 (Figs. 6-17 and 6-18)
10 nS	10 nSEC	L45, L46 (Fig. 6-18)

NOTES

#### Calibration-Type 184



Fig. 6-20. Test equipment setup to check and adjust 2 ns and 5 ns sine-wave markers. Step 11.

Control Settings:

#### Type 184

Abe 104	
MARKER SELECTOR	10 nS
TRIGGER SELECTOR	OFF
MARKER AMPLIFIER	OFF
H.F. SELECTOR	As shown in Table 6-6

#### Test Oscilloscope

Crt controls

Adjust for well focused display of nominal brightness

#### Time Base Plug-In Unit (Type 3T77)

Time/Div	As shown in Table 6-6
Sweep Mode	Normal

Trigger	+Int
Horiz Mag	$\times 1$
Dots Per Div	100
Vertical Plug-In Unit	
Mv/Div	50
Input Selector	A Only

# Check and Adjust H.F. Sine-wave Mark- O ers: 2 nS and 5 nS

a. Test equipment setup is shown in Fig. 6-20.

b. Check amplitude and adjust the sine-wave markers in accordance with Table 6-6. Minimum amplitude 0.3 volt peak to peak.

Calibration—Type 184



Fig. 6-21. Adjustment C55, C57, 5 nS H.F. oscillator.

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TABLE 6-6	TΑ	BI	LE	6-	6
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Type 184 H.F. SELECTOR	Test Oscilloscope Time/Div	Adjust for maximum signal amplitude and one marker/div
5 nS	5 nSEC	C55, C57 (Fig. 6-21)
2 nS	2 nSEC	C63, C64, C70 C75, (Fig. 6-22)

#### NOTE

The adjustments for any one sine-wave marker may interact with the other markers. Check and repeat if necessary.

c. Turn the H.F. SELECTOR switch to OFF and disconnect the coaxial cables and adapters from the Type 184 and test oscilloscope.



Fig. 6-22. Adjustment C63, C64, C70, C75, 2 nS H.F. oscillator. a. Top of 2 nS multiplier board. b. Bottom of 2 nS multiplier board.

# NOTES

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# ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

A or amp	amperes	1	inductance
AC or ac	alternating current	λ	lambda—wavelength
AF	audio frequency	x≫ < LF	large compared with
α	alpha—common-base current amplification factor	<	less than
AM	amplitude modulation	LF	low frequency
$\approx$	approximately equal to	lg	length or long
β	beta—common-emitter current amplification factor	LŸ	low voltage
ВНВ	binding head brass	M	mega or 10 <sup>6</sup>
BHS	binding head steel	m	milli or 10 <sup>-3</sup>
BNC	baby series ''N'' connector	M $\Omega$ or meg	megohm
×	by or times	μ	micro or 10 <sup>-6</sup>
С	carbon	mc	megacycle
С	capacitance	met.	metal
cap.	capacitor	MHz	megahertz
cer	ceramic	mm	millimeter
cm	centimeter	ms	millisecond
comp	composition	—	minus
conn	connector	mtg hdw	mounting hardware
~.	cycle	n	nano or 10 <sup>-9</sup>
c/s or cps	cycles per second	no. or #	number
CRT	cathode-ray tube	ns	nanosecond
csk	countersunk	OD	outside diameter
$\Delta \\ dB$	increment	OHB	oval head brass
dBm	decibel decibel referred to one milliwatt	OHS Ω	oval head steel omega—ohms
DC or dc	direct current	ω	omega—onms omega—angular frequency
DE OF CC			pico or 10 <sup>-12</sup>
° C	double end	p /	•
°c	degrees degrees Celsius (degrees centigrade)	%	per percent
°F	degrees Censios (degrees centigrade) degrees Fahrenheit	PHB	pan head brass
°ĸ	degrees Kelvin	ф	phi-phase angle
dia	diameter	$\frac{\omega}{\pi}$	pi—3.1416
÷	divide by	 PHS	pan head steel
div	division	+	plus
EHF	extremely high frequency	<u>+</u>	plus or minus
elect.	electrolytic	PIV	peak inverse voltage
EMC	electrolytic, metal cased	pistc	plastic
EMI	electromagnetic interference (see RFI)	PMC	paper, metal cased
EMT	electrolytic, metal tubular	poly	polystyrene
	epsilon—2.71828 or % of error	prec	precision
€ N ext	equal to or greater than	PT	paper, tubular
え	equal to or less than	PTM	paper or plastic, tubular, molded
ext	external	pwr	power
F or f	farad	Q	figure of merit
F& I	focus and intensity	RC	resistance capacitance
FHB	flat head brass	RF	radio frequency
FHS	flat head steel	RFI	radio frequency interference (see EMI)
Fil HB	fillister head brass	RHB	round head brass
Fil HS	fillister head steel	ρ	rho—resistivity
FM	frequency modulation	RHS	round head steel
ft	feet or foot	r/min or rpm	revolutions per minute
G	giga or 10 <sup>9</sup>	RMS	root mean square
g	acceleration due to gravity	s or sec.	second
Ge	germanium	SE	single end
GHz	gigohertz	Si	silicon
GMV	guaranteed minimum value	SN or S/N	serial number
GR	General Radio	≪ ⊺	small compared with
>	greater than		tera or 10 <sup>12</sup>
Horh	henry	TC TD	temperature compensated
h	height or high	THB	tunnel diode
hex.	hexagonal	нв Ө	truss head brass
HF	high frequency	thk	theta—angular phase displacement
HHB HHS	hex head brass	THS	thick truss head steel
HSB	hex head steel	tub.	tubular
HSS	hex socket brass	UHF	ultra high frequency
HV	hex socket steel	V	volt
Hz	high voltage	VAC	volts, alternating current
iD	hertz (cycles per second) inside diameter	var	vons, anemanng corrent variable
IF		VDC	volts, direct current
in.	intermediate frequency inch or inches	VHF	very high frequency
incd	inca or inches incandescent	VSWR	voltage standing wave ratio
×	infinity	W	waft
int	internal	w	wide or width
<u>í</u>	integral	w/	with
k	kilohms or kilo (10 <sup>3</sup> )	w/o	without
κΩ	kilohm	ŵw	wire-wound
kc	kilocycle	xmfr	transformer
kHz	kilohertz		

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# PARTS ORDERING INFORMATION

Replacement parts are available from or through your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative.

Changes to Tektronix instruments are sometimes made to accommodate improved components as they become available, and to give you the benefit of the latest circuit improvements developed in our engineering department. It is therefore important, when ordering parts, to include the following information in your order: Part number, instrument type or number, serial or model number, and modification number if applicable.

If a part you have ordered has been replaced with a new or improved part, your local Tektronix, Inc. Field Office or representative will contact you concerning any change in part number.

#### SPECIAL NOTES AND SYMBOLS

imes000	Part first added at this serial number
00  imes	Part removed after this serial number
*000-0000-00	Asterisk preceding Tektronix Part Number indicates manufactured by or for Tektronix, Inc., or reworked or checked components.
Use 000-0000-00	Part number indicated is direct replacement.
0	Screwdriver adjustment.
	Control, adjustment or connector.

# SECTION 7 ELECTRICAL PARTS LIST

Values are fixed unless marked Variable.

Ckt. No.	Tektronix Part No.		Descriptio	n			S/N Range
			Bulbs				
B504 B534 B534	Use 150-0056-00 150-0052-00 150-0065-00	Neon, Assembl Incandescent w Incandescent w	/translucent len	15		oven Power Power	100-2199 2200-up
			Capacito	rs			
Tolerance ±2	20% unless otherwise	indicated.					
C1 C2 C4 C5 C8	283-0078-00 283-0078-00 283-0078-00 283-0078-00 283-0078-00 283-0078-00	0.001 μF 0.001 μF 0.001 μF 0.001 μF 0.001 μF	Cer Cer Cer Cer Cer		500 V 500 V 500 V 500 V 500 V		
C11 C13 C15 C16 C17	281-0031-00 283-0078-00 283-0078-00 283-0078-00 283-0078-00 281-0558-00	3-12 pF 0.001 μF 0.001 μF 0.001 μF 18 pF	Cer Cer Cer Cer Cer	Var	500 V 500 V 500 V 500 V		
C18 C19 C23 C25 C26	281-0509-00 283-0078-00 283-0078-00 283-0078-00 283-0078-00 281-0517-00	15 pF 0.001 μF 0.001 μF 0.001 μF 39 pF	Cer Cer Cer Cer Cer		500 V 500 V 500 V 500 V 500 V	10% 10%	
C29 C33 C35 C36 C39	281-0517-00 283-0078-00 283-0078-00 281-0558-00 281-0558-00 281-0511-00	39 pF 0.001 μF 0.001 μF 18 pF 22 pF	Cer Cer Cer Cer Cer		500 V 500 V 500 V 500 V 500 V	10% 10%	
C43 C45 C46 C49 C55	283-0078-00 283-0078-00 281-0505-00 281-0505-00 281-0505-00 281-0079-00	0.001 μF 0.001 μF 12 pF 12 pF 1.5-9.1 pF	Cer Cer Cer Cer Air	Var	500 V 500 V 500 V 500 V	10% 10%	
C57 C61 C63 C64 C65	281-0081-00 283-0078-00 281-0115-00 281-0114-00 283-0078-00	1.8-13 pF 0.001 μF 1.9-8.5 pF 1.3-5.4 pF 0.001 μF	Air Cer Air Air Cer	Var Var Var	500 V 500 V		
C68 C70 C75 C78 C92	283-0078-00 281-0098-00 281-0027-00 283-0078-00 290-0187-00	0.001 μF 1.2-3.5 pF 0.7-3 pF 0.001 μF 4.7 μF	Cer Air Tub. Cer EMT	Var Var	500 V 500 V 35 V		

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# **Capacitors** (Cont'd)

Ckt. No.	Tektronix Part No.		Description				S/N Range
C93 C99 C103 C105 C105 C107	281-0511-00 281-0511-00 290-0267-00 281-0511-00 281-0617-00 281-0517-00	22 pF 22 pF 1 μF 22 pF 15 pF 39 pF	Cer Cer EMT Cer Cer Cer		500 V 500 V 35 V 500 V 200 V 500 V	10% 10% 10% 10%	100-648 649-up
C108 C111 C114 C116 C120	281-0092-00 290-0188-00 290-0267-00 283-0000-00 290-0267-00	9-35 pF 0.1 μF 1 μF 0.001 μF 1 μF	Cer EMT EMT Cer EMT	Var	35 V 35 V 500 V 35 V	10%	
C125 C130 C131 C132 C133 C140	281-0517-00 281-0580-00 281-0501-00 281-0511-00 290-0267-00 281-0511-00	39 pF 470 pF 4.7 pF 22 pF 1 μF 22 pF	Cer Cer Cer EMT Cer		500 V 500 V 500 V 500 V 35 V 500 V	10% 10% ±1 pF 10% 10%	Х <b>29</b> 3-ир
C143 C144 C146 C148 C152	283-0604-00 281-0517-00 290-0267-00 281-0511-00 281-0517-00	304 рF 39 рF 1 μF 22 pF 39 pF	Mica Cer EMT Cer Cer		300 V 500 V 35 V 500 V 500 V	2% 10% 10% 10%	
C153 C161 C163 C164 C168	290-0267-00 281-0572-00 283-0604-00 281-0517-00 281-0511-00	1μF 6.8 pF 304 pF 39 pF 22 pF	EMT Cer Mica Cer Cer		35 V 500 V 300 V 500 V 500 V	10% 2% 10% 10%	
C172 C173 C183 C188 C192	281-0524-00 290-0267-00 283-0594-00 281-0511-00 281-0605-00	150 pF 1 μF 0.001 μF 22 pF 200 pF	Cer EMT Mica Cer Cer		500 V 35 V 100 V 500 V 500 V	1% 10%	
C203 C208 C212 C223 C228	283-0104-00 281-0511-00 281-0580-00 283-0593-00 281-0511-00	2000 pF 22 pF 470 pF 0.01 μF 22 pF	Cer Cer Cer Mica Cer		500 V 500 V 500 V 100 V 500 V	5% 10% 10% 1% 10%	
C232 C233 C243 C248 C252	283-0028-00 290-0267-00 285-0683-00 281-0511-00 283-0083-00	0.0022 μF 1 μF 0.022 μF 22 pF 0.0047 μF	Cer EMT PTM Cer Cer		50 V 35 V 100 V 500 V 500 V	5% 10% 5%	
C253 C263 C268 C272 C273	290-0267-00 285-0595-00 281-0511-00 283-0027-00 290-0267-00	1 μF 0.1 μF 22 pF 0.02 μF 1 μF	EMT PTM Cer Cer EMT		35 V 100 V 500 V 30 V 35 V	1% 10%	

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Capacitors	(Cont'o	J)
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Ckt. No.	Tektronix Part No.		Description			S/N Range
C283 C288 C292 C303 C308	290-0264-00 281-0511-00 283-0010-00 290-0267-00 281-0511-00	0.22 μF 22 pF 0.05 μF 1 μF 22 pF	EMT Cer Cer EMT Cer	35 V 500 V 50 V 35 V 500 V	10% 10% 10%	
C312 C323 C323 C328 C328 C332 C343 C343	290-0264-00 290-0267-00 290-0183-00 281-0511-00 290-0244-00 290-0175-00 290-0301-00	0.22 μF 1 μF 1 μF 22 pF 0.47 μF 10 μF 10 μF	EMT EMT Cer EMT EMT Elect	35 V 35 V 20 V 500 V 35 V 35 V 20 V	10% 10% 10% 5% 10%	100-2059 2060-up 100-2059 2060-up
C348 C352 C363 C368 C372	281-0511-00 290-0136-00 290-0175-00 281-0511-00 290-0187-00	22 pF 2.2 μF 10 μF 22 pF 4.7 μF	Cer EMT EMT Cer EMT	500 V 20 V 35 V 500 V 35 V	10% 10%	
C383 C388 C392 C451 C452	290-0158-00 281-0511-00 290-0187-00 290-0188-00 281-0580-00	50 μF 22 pF 4.7 μF 0.1 μF 470 pF	EMT Cer EMT EMT Cer	25 V 500 V 35 V 35 V 500 V	+75%-1 10% 10% 10%	5%
C460 C468 C501 C504 C504	281-0603-00 290-0267-00 283-0013-00 283-0002-00 283-0004-00	39 pF 1μF 0.01 μF 0.01 μF 0.001 μF	Cer EMT Cer Cer Cer	500 V 35 V 1000 V 500 V 3000 V	5%	Х870-up 100-869 870-up
C505 C505 C507 C507 C509	283-0002-00 283-0044-00 283-0013-00 283-0044-00 283-0002-00	0.01 μF 0.001 μF 0.01 μF 0.001 μF 0.001 μF	Cer Cer Cer Cer Cer	500 V 3000 V 1000 V 3000 V 500 V		100-869 870-ир 100-869 870-ир 100-869
C509 C512 C520 C526 C530	283-0044-00 290-0012-00 283-0003-00 290-0149-00 290-0188-00	0.001 μF 2 x 40 μF 0.01 μF 5 μF 0.1 μF	Cer EMC Cer EMT EMT	3000 V 250 V 150 V 150 V 35 V	10%	870-up
C532 C540 C544 C546 C552	290-0086-00 290-0162-00 283-0026-00 290-0162-00 290-0295-00	2000 μF 22 μF 0.2 μF 22 μF 700 μF	EMC EMT Cer EMT EMC	30 V 35 V 25 V 35 V 75 V		
C560 C574 C588 C589	290-0188-00 290-0267-00 290-0162-00 290-0162-00	0.1 μF 1 μF 22 μF 22 μF	EMT EMT EMT EMT	35 V 35 V 35 V 35 V	10%	
		_	Diodes			VOEE
D13 D52 D53 D54 D55	152-0069-00 *152-0075-00 *152-0075-00 *152-0075-00 *152-0075-00	Zener Germanium Germanium Germanium	1N3041A Tek Spec Tek Spec Tek Spec Tek Spec	1 W, 75 V, 10%		Х355-ир
D99 D105 D107	*152-0185-00 *152-0185-00 * <b>152-0</b> 185-00	Silic <b>on</b> Silicon Silicon	Replaceab	le by 1N3605 le by 1N3605 le by 1N3605		Х649-ир Х649 <b>-ир</b>

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# Diodes (Cont'd)

Ckt. No.	Tektronix Part No.		Description
D108	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D115	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D122	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D130	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D132	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D137	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D148	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D152	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D160	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D168	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D172	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D177	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D180	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D188	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D192	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D200 D208 D212 D217 D220	*152-0185-00 *152-0185-00 *152-0185-00 *152-0185-00 *152-0185-00 *152-0185-00	Silicon Silicon Silicon Silicon Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605 Replaceable by 1N3605 Replaceable by 1N3605 Replaceable by 1N3605 Replaceable by 1N3605
D228	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D232	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D240	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D248	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D252	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D257 D260 D268 D272 D280	*152-0185-00 *152-0185-00 *152-0185-00 *152-0185-00 *152-0185-00 *152-0185-00	Silicon Silicon Silicon Silicon Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605 Replaceable by 1N3605 Replaceable by 1N3605 Replaceable by 1N3605 Replaceable by 1N3605
D288	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D292	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D297	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D300	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D308	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D312	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D320	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D328	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D332	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D337	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D340	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D348	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D352	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D360	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605
D368	*152-0185-00	Silicon	Replaceable by 1N3605

S/N Range

#### Diodes (Cont'd)

Description

#### S/N Range

100-219 220-up

Ckt. No. Part No. D372 \*152-0185-00 Silicon Replaceable by 1N3605 D377 \*152-0185-00 Silicon Replaceable by 1N3605 Replaceable by 1N3605 Replaceable by 1N3605 \*152-0185-00 Silicon D380 \*152-0185-00 Silicon D388 Silicon D392 \*152-0185-00 Replaceable by 1N3605 Replaceable by 1N3605 D412 \*152-0185-00 Silicon Replaceable by 1N3605 Replaceable by 1N647 \*152-0185-00 Silicon D472 D512A,B,C,D(4) D532A,B,C,D(4) \*152-0107-00 Silicon 1N3194 Silicon 152-0066-00 Replaceable by 1N647 1N936 9 V, 5%, TC D552A,B,C,D(4) \*152-0107-00 Silicon D560 152-0212-00 Zener

Fuse

F502 159-0043-00 0.6 A, 3AG, Slo-Blo

Tektronix

#### Connectors

J70	131-0106-00	Chassis mounted, coaxial, 1 contact, female
J <b>40</b> 5	131-0106-00	Chassis mounted, coaxial, 1 contact, female
J425	131-0106-00	Chassis mounted, coaxial, 1 contact, female
J470	131-0106-00	Chassis mounted, coaxial, 1 contact, female
J501	*131-0102-00	Chassis mounted, motor base, male
J501	*131-0430-00	Receptacle, electrical

#### Inductors

L15	*114-0172-00	0.4-0.65 μH	Var	Core 276-0511-00
L16	*114-0172-00	0.4-0.65 μH	Var	Core 276-0511-00
L18	*114-0113-00	6-10 μH	Var	Core 276-0511-00
L19	*114-0113-00	6-10 μH	Var	Core 276-0511-00
L25	*114-0171-00	1.4-2 μH	Var	Core 276-0511-00
L26	*114-0171-00	1.4-2 μH	Var	Core 276-0511-00
L35	*114-0172-00	0.4-0.65 μH	Var	Core 276-0511-00
L36	*114-0172-00	0.4-0.65 μH	Var	Core 276-0511-00
L45	*114-0173-00	0.15-0.23 μH	Var	Core 276-0511-00
L46	*114-0173-00	0.15-0.23 μH	Var	Core 276-0511-00
L55 L56 L57 L60 L61	*108-0348-00 *108-0347-00 *108-0348-00 *108-0346-00 *108-0347-00	Coil, 1 turn Coil, 4½ turns Coil, 1 turn Coil, 2½ turns Coil, 4½ turns		

L62	*108-0347-00	Coil, $4\frac{1}{2}$ turns
L65	276-0507-00	Core, ferramic suppressor
L69	*114-0197-00	Coil, 1 turn
L70	*119-0060-00	Tank, 500 MHz quintupler

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		Inductors (Cont'd)	
Ckt. No.	Tektronix Part No.	Description	S/N Range
L121	276-0507-00	Core, ferramic suppressor	
L122	276-0507-00	Core, ferramic suppressor	
L123A,B	*119-0062-00	Delay Line Assembly	
L131	276-0507-00	Core, ferramic suppressor	
L132	276-0507-00	Core, ferramic suppressor	
		Transistors	
Q94 Q103 Q104 Q114 Q120	*151-0108-00 *151-0108-00 *151-0133-00 *151-0133-00 *151-0133-00 *151-0083-00	Replaceable by 2N2501 Replaceable by 2N2501 Selected from 2N3251 Selected from 2N3251 Selected from 2N964	
Q123 Q130 Q133 Q134 Q145 Q145	*151-0159-00 *151-0108-00 *151-0159-00 *151-0133-00 *151-0159-00 *151-0108-00	Replaceable by 2N918 Replaceable by 2N2501 Replaceable by 2N918 Selected from 2N3251 Replaceable by 2N918 Replaceable by 2N2501	100-648 649-ир
Q153	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q155	*151-0127-00	Selected from 2N2369	
Q165	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q173	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q175	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q185 Q193 Q195 Q205 Q213	*151-0159-00 *151-0159-00 *151-0159-00 *151-0159-00 *151-0159-00 *151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918 Replaceable by 2N918 Replaceable by 2N918 Replaceable by 2N918 Replaceable by 2N918	
Q215	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q225	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q233	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q235	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q245	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q253	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q255	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q265	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q273	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q275	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q285	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q293	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q295	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q305	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q313	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q315	*151-0154-00	Replaceable by 2N2924	
Q325	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q333	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	
Q335	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N2924	
Q345	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918	

# Transistors (Cont'd)

Ckt. No.	Tektronix Part No.	Description
Q353 Q355 Q365 Q373 Q375	*151-0159-00 *151-0154-00 *151-0159-00 *151-0159-00 *151-0159-00 *151-0154-00	Replaceable by 2N918 Replaceable by 2N2924 Replaceable by 2N918 Replaceable by 2N918 Replaceable by 2N2924
Q385	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918
Q393	*151-0159-00	Replaceable by 2N918
Q395	*151-0154-00	Replaceable by 2N2924
Q403	*151-0103-00	Replaceable by 2N2219
Q423	*151-0103-00	Replaceable by 2N2219
Q454	151-0177-00	2N916
Q463	*151-0103-00	Replaceable by 2N2219
Q464	*151-0133-00	Selected from 2N3251
Q473	*151-0134-00	Replaceable by 2N2905
Q523	151-0150-00	2N3440
Q524	151-0093-00	2N2043
Q527	151-0149-00	2N3441
Q536	*151-0134-00	Replaceable by 2N2905
Q543	*151-0136-00	Replaceable by 2N3053
Q546	*151-0134-00	Replaceable by 2N2905
Q547	*151-0148-00	Selected (RCA 40250)
Q566	*151-0151-00	Replaceable by 2N930
Q576	*151-0151-00	Replaceable by 2N930
Q583	*151-0136-00	Replaceable by 2N3053
Q587	*151-0148-00	Selected (RCA 40250)

# Resistors

Resistors are fixed, composition,  $\pm 10\%$  unless otherwise indicated.

R11	315-0104-00	100 k	1/4 W	5%
R13	303-0273-00	27 k	1 W	5% 100-354X
R15	315-0104-00	100 k	1/4 W	5%
R19	315-0104-00	100 k	1/4 W	5%
R21	315-0270-00	27 Ω	1/4 W	5%
R23	303-0273-00	27 k	1 W	5%
R31	315-0270-00	27 Ω	1/4 W	5%
R33	303-0273-00	27 k	1 W	5%
R41	315-0270-00	27 Ω	1/4 W	5%
R43	303-0273-00	27 k	1 W	5%
R60	315-0680-00	68 Ω	1/4 W	5%
R61	315-0473-00	47 k	1/4 W	5%
R65	315-0470-00	47 Ω	1/4 W	5%
R68	315-0273-00	27 k	1/4 W	5%
R70	315-0680-00	68 Ω	1/4 W	5%

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			Resistors (Con	''d)			
Ckt. No.	Tektronix Part No.		Description				S/N Range
R78 R90 R91 R93 R95	315-0273-00 315-0470-00 315-0102-00 315-0102-00 315-0102-00	27 k 47 Ω 1 k 1 k 1 k	1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W			5% 5% 5% 5% 5%	
R97 R99 R100 R103 R103 R105	301-0272-00 315-0272-00 315-0471-00 315-0241-00 315-0201-00 315-0562-00	2.7 k 2.7 k 470 Ω 240 Ω 200 Ω 5.6 k	$\begin{array}{c} 1/_{2} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4} \\ 1/_{4$			5% 5% 5% 5% 5% 5%	100-648Х 100-648 649-up 100-648Х
R110 R111 R113 R114 R116	315-0621-00 315-0472-00 301-0471-00 303-0102-00 315-0511-00	620 Ω 4.7 k 470 Ω 1 k 510 Ω	$\frac{1}{4} \bigotimes \frac{1}{4} \bigotimes \frac{1}{4} \bigotimes \frac{1}{4} \bigotimes \frac{1}{2} \bigotimes \frac{1}{4} \bigotimes \frac{1}$			5% 5% 5% 5% 5%	
R118 R122 R123 R125 R128	315-0102-00 315-0221-00 315-0101-00 315-0102-00 315-0102-00	1 k 220 Ω 100 Ω 1 k 1 k	1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W			5% 5% 5% 5% 5%	
R130 R132 R133 R133 R134 R134	323-0308-00 315-0472-00 315-0432-00 315-0332-00 315-0472-00 315-0562-00	15.8 k 4.7 k 4.3 k 3.3 k 4.7 k 5.6 k	V/2 W V/4 W V/4 W V/4 W V/4 W V/4 W		Prec	1% 5% 5% 5% 5%	100-1499 1500-up 100-1499 1500-up
R136 R137 R138 R140 R141 R143	315-0100-00 315-0101-00 315-0221-00 315-0103-00 315-0273-00 315-0122-00	10 Ω 100 Ω 220 Ω 10 k 27 k 1.2 k	1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W			5% 5% 5% 5% 5%	
R145 R146 R150 R154 R156	315-0183-00 311-0463-00 315-0122-00 315-0912-00 315-0241-00	18 k 5 k 1.2 k 9.1 k 240 Ω	1/4 ₩ 1/4 ₩ 1/4 ₩ 1/4 ₩ 1/4 ₩	Var		5% 5% 5% 5%	
R160 R161 R163 R165 R170	315-0103-00 315-0393-00 315-0222-00 321-0338-00 315-0122-00	10 k 39 k 2.2 k 32.4 k 1.2 k	1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/8 W 1/8 W		Prec	5% 5% 1% 5%	
R174 R176 R177 R180 R181	315-0432-00 315-0511-00 315-0241-00 315-0103-00 315-0393-00	4.3 k 510 Ω 240 Ω 10 k 39 k	1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W			5% 5% 5% 5%	

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# **Resistors** (Cont'd)

Ckt. No.	Tektronix Part No.		Description			S/N Range
R183 R185 R190 R194 R196	315-0222-00 321-0364-00 315-0302-00 315-0223-00 315-0241-00	2.2 k 60.4 k 3 k 22 k 240 Ω	$\begin{array}{c} 1/_{4} \ W \\ 1/_{8} \ W \\ 1/_{4} \ W \\ 1/_{4} \ W \\ 1/_{4} \ W \\ 1/_{4} \ W \end{array}$	Prec	5% 1% 5% 5% 5%	
R200 R201 R203 R205 R210	315-0103-00 315-0393-00 315-0222-00 321-0356-00 315-0302-00	10 k 39 k 2.2 k 49.9 k 3 k	$1/_4 W$ $1/_4 W$ $1/_4 W$ $1/_8 W$ $1/_8 W$	Prec	5% 5% 5% 1% 5%	
R214 R216 R217 R217 R220 R221	315-0912-00 315-0511-00 315-0241-00 315-0181-00 315-0103-00 315-0393-00	9.1 k 510 Ω 240 Ω 180 Ω 10 k 39 k	1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W		5% 5% 5% 5% 5%	100-1499 1500-սթ
R223 R225 R230 R234 R236	315-0222-00 321-0365-00 315-0362-00 315-0912-00 315-0241-00	2.2 k 61.9 k 3.6 k 9.1 k 240 Ω	$1/_4 W$ $1/_8 W$ $1/_4 W$ $1/_4 W$ $1/_4 W$	Prec	5% 1% 5% 5% 5%	
R240 R241 R243 R245 R250	315-0103-00 315-0393-00 315-0222-00 321-0353-00 315-0302-00	10 k 39 k 2.2 k 46.4 k 3 k	$1/_4 W$ $1/_4 W$ $1/_4 W$ $1/_8 W$ $1/_4 W$	Prec	5% 5% 5% 1% 5%	
R254 R256 R257 R260 R261	315-0912-00 315-0511-00 315-0241-00 315-0103-00 315-0393-00	9.1 k 510 Ω 240 Ω 10 k 39 k	1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W		5% 5% 5% 5% 5%	
R263 R265 R270 R274 R276	315-0222-00 321-0365-00 315-0362-00 315-0912-00 315-0241-00	2.2 k 61.9 k 3.6 k 9.1 k 240 Ω	$1/_4 W$ $1/_8 W$ $1/_4 W$ $1/_4 W$ $1/_4 W$	Prec	5% 1% 5% 5% 5%	
R280 R281 R283 R285 R290	315-0103-00 315-0393-00 315-0222-00 321-0353-00 315-0302-00	10 k 39 k 2.2 k 46.4 k 3 k	$1/_4 \otimes 1/_4 \otimes 1/_4 \otimes 1/_4 \otimes 1/_4 \otimes 1/_8 \otimes 1/_4 \otimes $	Prec	5% 5% 5% 1% 5%	
R294 R296 R297 R300 R301	315-0912-00 315-0511-00 315-0241-00 315-0103-00 315-0393-00	9.1 k 510 Ω 240 Ω 10 k 39 k	$1/_4 \otimes 1/_4 \otimes $		5% 5% 5% 5%	

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# **Resistors** (Cont'd)

Ckt. No.	Tektronix Part No.		Description			S	/N Range	_
R303 R305 R306	315-0222-00 315-0513-00 311-0464-00	2.2 k 51 k 25 k	1/4 W 1/4 W	Var		5% 5%	Ĵ	
R310 R314	315-0362-00 315-0912-00	3.6 k 9.1 k	1/4 W 1/4 W	Var		5% 5%		
R316 R320 R321	315-0241-00 315-0103-00 315-0393-00	240 Ω 10 k 39 k	'/₄ W '/₄ W '/₄ W			5% 5% 5%		-
R323 R325 R325	315-0222-00 321-0391-00 321-0385-00	2.2 k 115 k 100 k	1/4 W 1/8 W 1/8 W		Prec Prec	5% 5% 1% 1%	100-2059 2060-up	
R330 R334 R336	315-0302-00 315-0912-00 315-0511-00	3 k 9.1 k 510 Ω	1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W			5% 5% 5%		
R337 R340	315-0241-00 315-0103-00	240 Ω 10 k	1/4 W 1/4 W			5% 5%		
R341 R343 R345	315-0393-00 315-0222-00 315-0513-00	39 k 2.2 k 51 k	1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W			5% 5% 5%	100-2059	
R345 R346 R350	323-0357-00 311-0464-00 315-0362-00	51.1 k 25 k 3.6 k	¹⁄₂ ₩ ¹⁄₄ W	Var	Prec	1% 5%	2060-ир	`
R354 R356	315-0912-00 315-0241-00	9.1 k 240 Ω	1/4 W 1/4 W			5% 5%		
R360 R361 R363	315-0103-00 315-0393-00 315-0222-00	10 k 39 k 2.2 k	1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W			5% 5% 5% 5%		
R365 R370 R <b>37</b> 4	321-0385-00 315-0302-00 315-0912-00	100 k 3 k 9.1 k	¹/8 W ¹/4 W ¹/4 W		Prec	1% 5% 5%		
R376 R377	315-0511-00 315-0241-00	510 Ω 240 Ω	1/4 W 1/4 W			5% 5% 5%		~~~
R380 R381 R383	315-0103-00 315-0393-00 315-0222-00	10 k 39 k 2.2 k	1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W			5% 5% 5% 5%		~
R385 R386	315-0104-00 311-0497-00	100 k 50 k	₩¥ ₩	Var		5%		_
R390 R394 R396	315-0123-00 315-0203-00 315-0241-00	12 k 20 k 240 Ω	1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W			5% 5% 5%	1 <b>00-14</b> 99	
R396 R401 R403	315-0181-00 301-0510-00 301-0560-00	180 Ω 51 Ω 56 Ω	1/4 W 1/2 W 1/2 W			5% 5% 5%	1500-ир	
R405 R408	302-0102-00 315-0181-00	1 k 180 Ω	1∕₂ W 1∕₄ W			5%		
R421 R424 R425	302-0103-00 301-0391-00 302-0102-00	10 k 390 Ω 1 k	$\begin{array}{c} 1/_2 \\ 1/_2 \\ 1/_2 \\ 1/_2 \\ 1/_2 \\ 1/_2 \end{array}$			5%		

# **Resistors** (Cont'd)

Ckt. No.	Tektronix Part No.		Descript	on		S/N Range
R452 R454 R456 R460 R462	315-0122-00 315-0102-00 301-0272-00 315-0472-00 315-0472-00	1.2 k 1 k 2.7 k 4.7 k 4.7 k	$\frac{1}{4} \bigotimes \frac{1}{4} \bigotimes \frac{1}$		5% 5% 5% 5%	
R464 R470 R504 R511 R512	301-0272-00 315-0101-00 302-0184-00 307-0023-00 302-0124-00	2.7 k 100 Ω 180 k 4.7 Ω 120 k	$\frac{1}{2} \bigvee \\ \frac{1}{4} \bigvee \\ \frac{1}{2} \bigvee \\ \frac{1}$	Dece	5% 5%	
R520	323-0363-00	59 k	1∕₂ W	Prec	1%	
R522 R524 R527 R530 R531	323-0304-00 315-0333-00 301-0330-00 323-0248-00 308-0245-00	14.3 k 33 k 33 Ω 3.74 k 0.6 Ω	1/2 W 1/4 W 1/2 W 1/2 W 1/2 W 2 W	Prec Prec WW	1% 5% 5% 1% 5%	
R532 R534 R536 R540 R544	323-0285-00 301-0151-00 315-0103-00 315-0122-00 315-0471-00	9.09 k 150 Ω 10 k 1.2 k 470 Ω	1/2 W 1/2 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W	Prec	1% 5% 5% 5% 5%	
R547 R551 R562 R564 R566	*308-0087-00 307-0023-00 301-0272-00 301-0202-00 315-0472-00	0.5 Ω 4.7 Ω 2.7 k 2 k 4.7 k	1 W 1/2 W 1/2 W 1/2 W 1/2 W 1/4 W	ww	1 % 5% 5% 5%	
R570 R572 R574 R580 R587	315-0822-00 311-0463-00 315-0183-00 315-0471-00 301-0270-00	8.2 k 5 k 18 k 470 Ω 27 Ω	1/4 W 1/4 W 1/4 W 1/2 W	Var	5% 5% 5% 5%	
			Switch	les		
SW70 SW400 SW425 SW450 SW501	Unwired 260-0725-00 260-0727-00 260-0728-00 260-0726-00 260-0747-00	Wired		Lever, HF SELECTOR Push, MARKER SELECTOR Push, TRIGGER SELECTOR Lever, MARKER AMPLIFIER Slide, 115 V - 230 V		
			Transfor	mers		
T115 T130 T501	*120-0410-00 *120-0409-00 *120-0408-00	Toroid Toroid LV Power		15 turns, bifilar 2 windings, bifilar		

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#### **Electron Tubes**

Ckt. No.	Tektronix Part No.		Description	S/N Range
V10 V20 V30 V40 V60 V70	154-0465-00 154-0465-00 154-0465-00 154-0465-00 154-0465-00 154-0465-00	7587 7587 7587 7587 7587 7587 7587		
			Crystal	

Y11	158-0023-00	Crystal Assembly, 10 MHz	100-1509
Y11	158-00 <b>23-0</b> 1	Crystal Assembly, 10 MHz	1510-ир

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# SECTION 8

# **MECHANICAL PARTS LIST**

A list of abbreviations and special symbols in use throughout this manual will be found immediately preceding the Electrical Parts List, Section 7. Abbreviations and symbols used in this manual are based on or taken directly from IEEE Standard 260 "Standard Symbols for Units", MIL-STD-12B and other standards of the electronics industry. Parts ordering information is also located immediately preceding Section 7.

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KNOB, pushbutton, 50 µS

KNOB, pushbutton, .1 mS

KNOB, pushbutton, .5 mS

KNOB, pushbutton, 1 mS

KNOB, pushbutton, 5 mS

KNOB, pushbutton, 10 mS KNOB, pushbutton, 50 mS

KNOB, pushbutton, .1 S

KNOB, pushbutton, .5 S KNOB, pushbutton, 1 S

KNOB, pushbutton, 5 S

KNOB, pushbutton,  $1 \mu S$ 

KNOB, pushbutton,  $10 \,\mu\text{S}$ 

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366-0305-00

366-0306-00

366-0307-00

366-0308-00

366-0309-00

366-0310-00

366-0311-00

366-0312-00

366-0313-00

366-0314-00

366-0315-00

366-0316-00

366-0303-00

366-0305-00

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# FRONT (Cont'd)

NO.		SERIAL/MODEL NO.		- T	DESCRIPTION	
<b>V</b> .	PART NO.	EFF.	DISC.	Y.		
23	366-0307-00			1	KNOB, pushbutton, .1 mS	
24	366-0309-00			!	KNOB, pushbutton, 1 mS	
25	366-0311-00			11	KNOB, pushbutton, 10 mS	
26	366-0313-00			11	KNOB, pushbutton, .1 S	
27	366-0315-00			1	KNOB, pushbutton, 1 S	
28	260-0727-00			1	SWITCH, unwired, MARKER SELECTOR	
~~	200 0/ 2/ 00				mounting hardware: (not included w/switch)	
~	011 05 41 00				COEW ( 20 x 1/ inch 100° CCK FHC abilities	
29	211-0541-00			6	SCREW, $6-32 \times \frac{1}{4}$ inch, 100° CSK, FHS, phillips	
	210-0802-00			6	WASHER, $6S \times \frac{5}{16}$ inch	
30	260-0728-00			1	SWITCH, unwired, TRIGGER SELECTOR	
					mounting hardware: (not included w/switch)	
31	211-0541-00			2	SCREW, 6-32 x 1/4 inch, 100° CSK, FHS, phillips	
51				2	WASHER, $6S \ge \frac{5}{16}$ inch	
	210-0802-00					
32	407-0136-00			1	BRACKET, switch	
-					mounting hardware: (not included w/bracket)	
33	361-0104-00			4	SPACER, sleeve	
აა				4		
	210-0457- <b>00</b>			4	NUT, keps, 6-32 x <sup>5</sup> /16 inch	
34	36 <b>6-0</b> 215-01			1	KNOB, lever, MARKER AMPLIFIER	
35	260-0726-00			11	SWITCH, lever, MARKER AMPLIFIER	
					mounting hardware: (not included w/switch)	
	210-0586-00			2	NUT, keps, 4-40 x ¼ inch	
36	366-0215-01			1	KNOB, lever, H.F. SELECTOR	
37	260-0725-00			1	SWITCH, lever, H.F. SELECTOR	
				-	mounting hardware: (not included w/switch)	
	<b>210-0586-00</b>			2	NUT, keps, 4-40 x ¼ inch	
38	214-0553-00			1	SCREW, latch	
39	358-0255-00			1	BUSHING, latch	
40	131-0106-00			4	CONNECTOR, coaxial, 1-contact female (w/hardware)	
41	210-0255-00			3	LUG, solder, pot	
42	129-0103-00			1	ASSEMBLY, binding post	
					assembly includes:	
	200-0103-00			1	CAP, binding post	
					POST, binding, stud	
	129-0077-00			'	r OST, Dinung, sidu maximtina kardunara (nak indududu u u maximtin)	
					mounting hardware: (not included w/assembly)	
	210-0455-00				NUT, $\frac{1}{4}$ -28 x $\frac{3}{8}$ x $\frac{3}{32}$ inch	
	210-0046-00			1	LOCKWASHER, steel, shakeproof	
43	333-0888-00			]	PANEL, front	
44	386-0154-00			1	PLATE, sub-panel, front	

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# Mechanical Parts List—Type 184

REF.		SERIAL/MODEL NO.			FRONT (Cont'd)				
NO.	PART NO.	EFF.	DISC.	- T Y.	DESCRIPTION				
45	136-0164-00 210-0590-00 210-0978-00 210-0255-00 210-0413-00			1 1 1 1 1	SOCKET, lamp mounting hardware: (not included w/socket) NUT, hex., <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> -32 x <sup>7</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch WASHER, <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> ID x <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> inch OD LUG, solder, pot NUT, hex, <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> -32 x <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> inch				
46	210-0590-00 210-0978-00 210-0012-00 210-0413-00			-       ]	LIGHT, neon, amber mounting hardware: (not included w/light) NUT, hex., <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> -32 x <sup>7</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch WASHER, <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> ID x <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> inch OD LOCKWASHER, internal, <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> x <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> inch NUT, hex, <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> -32 x <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> inch				
47	131-0371-00			23	CONNECTOR, single contact				



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CHASSIS

PART NO	SERIAL/MODEL NO.		Q T	DESCRIPTION	
	EFF.	DISC.	Υ.		
441-0619-00 211-0504-00 211-0565-00			1 - 5 5	CHASSIS mounting hardware: (not included w/chassis) SCREW, 6-32 x 1/4 inch, PHS phillips SCREW, 6-32 x 3/8 inch, THS, phillips	
131-0142-00 136-0011-00 213-0044-00			4 1 - 2	CONNECTOR, cable end SOCKET, 8 pin mounting hardware: (not included w/socket) SCREW, thread forming, 5-32 x <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch, PHS, phillips	
136-0101-00 			4 - 2	SOCKET, nuvistor mounting hardware for each: (not included w/socket) SCREW, thread forming, 2-56 x <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch, PHS, phillips	
200-0533-00 432-0047-00 386-0252-00 211-0516-00 210-0457-00			1 1 1 2 2 2	CAPACITOR COVER, capacitor BASE, capacitor mounting PLATE, fiber mounting hardware: (not included w/plate) SCREW, 6-32 x 7/8 inch, PHS, phillips NUT, keps, 6-32 x 5/16 inch	
200-0260-00 200-0538-00 432-0044-00 432-0048-00 386-0254-00 211-0532-00 211-0516-00 210-0457-00	100 240 100 240 100 240	239 239 239	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2	CAPACITOR COVER, capacitor COVER, capacitor BASE, capacitor mounting BASE, capacitor mounting PLATE, fiber mounting hardware: (not included w/plate) SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> inch, Fil HS, phillips SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> inch, PHS NUT, keps, 6-32 x <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch	
200-0260-00 200-0538-00 386-0254-00 432-0044-00 432-0048-00 211-0532-00 211-0516-00 210-0457-00	100 240 100 240 100 240	239 239 239	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2	CAPACITOR COVER, capacitor COVER, capacitor PLATE, fiber BASE, capacitor mounting BASE, capacitor mounting mounting hardware: (not included w/plate) SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> inch, Fil HS, phillips SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>7</sup> / <sub>8</sub> inch, PHS NUT, keps, 6-32 x <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch	
211-0510-00 210-0006-00			10 - 1 1	COIL mounting hardware for each: (not included w/coil) SCREW, 6-32 x ¾ inch, PHS LOCKWASHER, internal, #6	
	211-0504-00 211-0565-00 131-0142-00 136-0011-00 	PART NO.         EFF.           441-0619-00	PART NO.         EFF.         DISC.           441-0619-00         211-0504-00         211-0504-00         211-0504-00           211-0504-00         211-0565-00         136-0011-00         213-0044-00         213-0044-00           136-0101-00         213-0055-00         200-0533-00         200-0533-00         200-0533-00           200-0533-00         432-0047-00         386-0252-00         211-0516-00         210-0457-00           200-0260-00         100         239         239         239           200-0260-00         100         239         239         211-0532-00         100         239         239           211-0532-00         100         239         240         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         239         <	PART NO.         EFF.         Disc.         Y.           441-0619-00         1         1         1           211-0504-00         211-0565-00         4         1           136-0101-00         4         1         1           213-0044-00         2         4         1           213-0044-00         2         4         1           213-0044-00         2         4         1           213-0044-00         2         1         1           210-0553-00         2         1         1           211-0516-00         2         1         1           200-0260-00         100         239         1           211-0516-00         240         239         1           200-0260-00         100         239         1           211-0516-00         240         239         1           211-0516-00         240         239         1           211-0516-00         240         239         1           211-0516-00         240         239         1           211-0516-00         240         239         1           200-0260-00         100         239         1	

CHASSIS (Cont'd)

REF.		SERIAL/MODEL NO.					
NO.	PART NO.	EFF.	DISC.	T Y.	DESCRIPTION		
15 16	348-0063-00 210-0201-00			1 9 -	GROMMET, plastic, .485 ID x ½ inch OD LUG, solder, SE #4 mounting hardware for each: (not included w/lug)		
	213-0044-00			1	SCREW, thread forming, $5-32 \times \frac{3}{16}$ inch, PHS, phillips		
17	131- <b>0</b> 35 <b>9</b> -00			1	CONNECTOR, feed through mounting hardware for each: (not included w/connector)		
	35 <b>8-0</b> 176-00			1	BUSHING, plastic		
18	131-0227-00 131-0227-00	100 110	109	1 2	CONNECTOR, stand off CONNECTOR, stand off		
	358-0176-00			- 1	mounting hardware: (not included w/connector) BUSHING, plastic		
19	214-0210-00			1	SPOOL, solder, w/solder spool includes:		
	214-0209-00			1	SPOOL, solder		
	361-0007-00			1	mounting hardware: (not included w/spool) SPACER, nylon		
20	 			1	TRANSFORMER transformer includes:		
21 22	407-0204-00 212-0517-00			1	BRACKET, transformer support SCREW, 10-32 $\times$ 1 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> inches, HHS		
	210-0812-00 220-0410-00			4	WASHER, fiber, #10 NUT, keps, 10-32 x ¾ inch		
23				- 2	mounting hardware: (not included w/transformer) SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch, PHS, phillips		
	211-0507-00 210-0457-00			2	NUT, keps, $6-32 \times \frac{5}{16}$ inch		

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BOARDS & REAR

REF. NO.	PART NO.		MODEL NO.	- Q T	DESCRIPTION
NO.		EFF.	DISC.	Y.	
1 2 3 4	386-0153-00  211-0094-00 210-0204-00			1 - 4 4 1 -	PLATE, bulkhead plate includes: CLAMP SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> inch, THS, phillips LUG, solder, DE #6 mounting hardware: (not included w/lug)
	211-0503-00			1	SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>3</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch, PHS, phillips
5	210-0202-00  211-0503-00			1 - 1	LUG, solder, SE #6 mounting hardware: (not included w/lug) SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>3</sup> /16 inch, PHS, phillips
6 7 8 9	386-0155-00 384-0615-00 212-0044-00 351-0096-00  211-0538-00			1 3 4 1 - 2	PLATE, rear ROD, spacing SCREW, 8-32 x ½ inch, RHS, phillips GUIDE, slide mounting hardware: (not included w/guide) SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>5</sup> /16 inch, FHS, phillips
10	214-0680-00 210-0457-00			1 - 1	PIN, locating mounting hardware: (not included w/pin) NUT, keps, 6-32 x <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch
11	131-0430-00 131-0430-01 386-1044-00 200-0185-00 200-0185-01 377-0041-00 377-0051-00 214-0078-00 129-0041-00 129-0041-01 211-0015-00 213-0088-00 210-0586-00 211-0132-00	100 1042 100 1042 100 1042 100 1042 100 1042 100 1042 100 X1042	1041 1041 1041 1041 1041 1041X	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1	CONNECTOR, motor base CONNECTOR, motor base connector includes: PLATE, mounting COVER, plastic. COVER, plastic INSERT, plastic INSERT, plastic PIN, connecting POST, ground POST, ground SCREW, 4-40 x 1/2 inch, RHS, phillips SCREW, thread forming, 4-40 x 1/4 inch, PHS NUT, keps, 4-40 x 1/4 inch SCREW, sems, 4-40 x 1/2 inch, PHS
12 13	352-0002-00 352-0010-00 210-0873-00 200-0582-00 260-0747-00 211-0008-00 210-0406-00			1 1 1 1 2 2	ASSEMBLY, fuse holder assembly includes: HOLDER, fuse (with nut) WASHER, rubber CAP, fuse SWITCH, slide 115 V-230 V mounting hardware: (not included w/switch) SCREW, 4-40 x 1/4 inch, PHS, phillips NUT, hex., 4-40 x 3/16 inch
14	211-0507-00 210-0006-00 210-0202-00 210-0407-00			1 - 2 1 1 2	TRANSISTOR mounting hardware: (not included w/transistor) SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch, PHS LOCKWASHER, internal #6 LUG, solder, SE #6 NUT, hex, 6-32 x <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> inch

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# Mechanical Parts List—Type 184

# **BOARDS & REAR** (Cont'd)

REF. NO.	PART NO.	SERIAL/A EFF.	AODEL NO. DISC.	Q T	DESCRIPTION
15 16 17	119-0062-00 211-0014-00 210-0586-00			Υ. - 1 - 2 2	SUB-PART OF TRANSFORMER (see chassis view) ASSEMBLY, DELAY LINE mounting hardware: (not included w/assembly) SCREW, 4-40 x 1/2 inch, PHS, phillips NUT, keps, 4-40 x 1/4 inch
18	385-0080-00 211-0507-00 211-0504-00 210-0006-00	100 220	219	10 - 1 1 1	ROD, hex., <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> x <sup>7</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch mounting hardware for each: (not included w/rod) SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch, PHS, phillips SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> inch, PHS, phillips LOCKWASHER, internal #6
19	670-0207-00 388-0629-00			1	ASSEMBLY, etched board, COUNTDOWN assembly includes: BOARD, etched board includes:
20 21 22	214-0506-00 136-0220-00 426-0121-00 361-0007-00			22 33 2 2 -	PIN, connector, straight SOCKET, transistor MOUNT, toroid SPACER mounting hardware: (not included)
23	211-0601-00			6	SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch, PHS, w/lockwasher
24	670-0206-00 			1  -   1	ASSEMBLY, etched-wiring board, 500 MHz FILTER board includes: BOARD, etched-wiring, unwired
25	211-0507-00 210-0006-00 210-0802-00 210-0407-00			2 2 2 2 2	mounting hardware: (not included w/board) SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch, PHS LOCKWASHER, internal #6 WASHER, 6S NUT, hex, 6-32 x ¼ inch
26 27 28	670-0208-00 136-0183-00 136-0220-00			1 - 8 19	ASSEMBLY, etched-wiring board, COUNTDOWN & POWER REGULATOR board includes: SOCKET, transistor SOCKET, transistor
29	388-0628-00			1	BOARD, etched board includes: PIN, connector
				-	mounting hardware: (not included w/board)
30 31	211-0601-00 670-0204-00			6	SCREW, assembly washer, 6-32 x .313 inch, PHB ASSEMBLY, etched-wiring board, 200 MHz
	388-0631-00			-	board includes: BOARD, etched-wiring, unwired
32	211-0116-00			2	mounting hardware: (not included w/board) SCREW, sems, 4-40 x <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch PHS phillips

BOARDS	& I	REAR	(Cont'd)
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REF. NO.	PART NO.	SERIAL/I EFF.	MODEL NO. DISC.	Q T V	DESCRIPTION
33	670-0205-00			Υ. 1 - 1	ASSEMBLY, etched board, 500 MHz MULTIPLIER assembly includes: BOARD, etched
34	388-0630-00 214-0506-00 136-0125-00			2	PIN, connector, straight SOCKET, nuvistor, with ring
35 36	344-0125-00			1 2 -	TANK, tuned, 2 ns CLIP, electrical mounting hardware for each: (not included w/cap)
37 38	211-0008-00 210-0004-00 210-0406-00			1	SCREW, 4-40 x $\frac{1}{4}$ inch, PHS LOCKWASHER, internal #4 NUT, hex., 4-40 x $\frac{3}{16}$ inch
39	131-0427-00			1	CONNECTOR mounting hardware: (not included w/board)
40	211-0601-00			4	SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>5</sup> /16 inch, PHS, w/lockwasher
41	136-0181-00 354-0234-00			2	SOCKET, transistor RING, transistor socket, mounting
42	385-0146-00 211-0507-00 211-0504-00 210-0006-00	100 220	219	6 - 1 1 1	ROD, hex., $\frac{1}{4} \times \frac{11}{16}$ inch mounting hardware for each: (not included w/rod) SCREW, 6-32 $\times \frac{5}{16}$ inch, PHS SCREW, 6-32 $\times \frac{1}{4}$ inch, PHS LOCKWASHER, internal #6
43	386-0143-00 210-0811-00 210-0802-00 210-0006-00 210-0202-00 210-0407-00 211-0510-00 211-0511-00			1 2 2 1 1 2 1 1	TRANSISTOR mounting hardware: (not included w/transistor) PLATE, mica WASHER, fiber, shouldered WASHER, 65 x <sup>5</sup> / <sub>16</sub> inch LOCKWASHER, internal #6 LUG, solder, SE #6 NUT, hex., 6-32 x <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> inch SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> inch, PHS SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub> inch, PHS
44	210-0006-00 210-0407-00 211-0507-00			1 - 2 2 2	TRANSISTOR mounting hardware: (not included w/transistor) LOCKWASHER, internal #6 NUT, hex., 6-32 x ¼ inch SCREW, 6-32 x 5⁄16 inch, PHS
45	200-0669-00	X160		1	COVER, transistor
46	214-0680-00			1	PIN, locating

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PART NO	the second se		Q	DESCRIPTION
	EFF.	DISC.	Υ.	
124-0146-00 355-0046-00			2 - 2 - 2	STRIP, ceramic, 16 notch each strip includes: STUD, plastic mounting hardware for each: (not included w/strip) SPACER, plastic
124-0119-00 355-0046-00 361-0008-00			2 - 1 - 1	STRIP, ceramic, 2 notch each strip includes: STUD, plastic mounting hardware for each: (not included w/strip) SPACER, plastic
179-1005-00 179-1003-00 179-1002-00 131-0371-00 179-1004-00 131-0371-00 124-0118-00 355-0046-00 361-0008-00	100	109X	1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	CABLE HARNESS, transformer CABLE HARNESS, power II CABLE HARNESS, power I cable harness includes: CONNECTOR, single contact CABLE HARNESS, switch cable harness includes: CONNECTOR, single contact STRIP, ceramic, 1 notch strip includes: STUD, plastic mounting hardware: (not included w/strip) SPACER, plastic
	355-0046-00 361-0008-00 124-0119-00 355-0046-00 361-0008-00 179-1005-00 179-1002-00 179-1002-00 131-0371-00 179-1004-00 131-0371-00 124-0118-00 355-0046-00	PART NO.         EFF.           124-0146-00	I24-0146-00         DISC.           355-0046-00	PART NO.         EFF.         DISC.         T           124-0146-00         2         2         2         2           355-0046-00         2         2         2         2           361-0008-00         2         2         2         2           355-0046-00         2         1         2         2           355-0046-00         1         1         1         1           361-0008-00         1         1         1         1           361-0008-00         1         1         1         1           361-0008-00         1         1         1         1           179-1005-00         1         1         1         1           179-1002-00         1         1         1         1           131-0371-00         100         109X         1         1           355-0046-00         100         109X         1         1


REF. NO.		SERIAL/MODEL NO.		Q	
	PART NO.	EFF.	DISC.	,	DESCRIPTION
-	437-0078-00			1	ASSEMBLY, cabinet
				-	assembly includes:
1	386-0141-00			2	PLATE, side
2	426-0253-00				FRAME, front left
3	377-0121-00			1	INSERT, decorative, left
4	426-0252-00			1	FRAME, front right
5	377-0120-00			1	INSERT, decorative, right
6	426-0254 <b>-0</b> 0			1	FRAME, front bottom
				-	mounting hardware: (not included w/frame)
	212-0004-00			2	SCREW, 8-32 x <sup>5</sup> /16 inch, PHS, phillips
	212-0002-00			2	SCREW, 8-32 x $\frac{1}{4}$ inch, FHS, phillips
7	426-0255-00			1	FRAME, front top
					mounting hardware: (not included w/frame)
	212-0002-00			4	SCREW, 8-32 x $\frac{1}{4}$ inch 100°, CSK, FHS, phillips
8	351-0093-00			1	GUIDE, left
				_	mounting hardware: (not included w/guide)
	212-0023-00			1	SCREW, 8-32 x $\frac{3}{8}$ inch, PHS, phillips
	210-0007-00			li	LOCKWASHER, external #8

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CABINET (Cont'd)

REF.	PART NO.	SERIAL/MODEL NO. Q					
NO.	PARI NO.	EFF.	DISC.	<b>Y</b> .	DESCRIPTION		
9	351-0092-00			1	GUIDE, right		
10	358-0293-01			1	BUSHING, plug-in securing, left mounting hardware: (not included w/bushing)		
	211-0510-00			1	SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> inch, PHS, phillips		
	210-0005-00			1	LOCKWASHER, external #6		
	210-0457-00				NUT, keps, 6-32 x <sup>5</sup> /1 <sub>6</sub> inch SCREW, 8-32 x <sup>1</sup> /4 inch, PHS, phillips		
	212-0001-00 210-0007-00			1	LOCKWASHER, external #8		
11	358-0294-01			1	BUSHING, plug-in securing, right mounting hardware: (not included w/bushing)		
	211-0510-00			1	SCREW, 6-32 x $\frac{3}{8}$ inch, PHS, phillips		
	210-0005-00			1	LOCKWASHER, external #6		
	212-0001-00				SCREW, 8-32 x <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> inch, PHS, phillips		
	210-0007-00			1	LOCKWASHER, external #8		
12 13	386-0139-00 386-0140-00			1	PLATE, rear PLATE, bottom		
14	386-0138-00			l il	PLATE, top		
15	348-0075-00			2	FOOT, rear guard		
					mounting hardware for each: (not included w/foot)		
	212-0004-00			2	SCREW, 8-32 x <sup>5</sup> /16 inch, PHS, phillips		
16	348-0074-00			2	FOOT, bail limiting, left rear-right front mounting hardware for foot, left rear: (not included w/foot)		
	211-0532-00			2	SCREW, $6-32 \times \frac{3}{4}$ inch, Fil HS, phillips		
	210-0457-00			1	NUT, keps, 6-32 x 5/16 inch		
				-	mounting hardware for foot, right front: (not included w/foot)		
	211-0532-00			2	SCREW, 6-32 x ¾ inch, Fil HS, phillips		
17	348-0073-00			2	FOOT, bail limiting, right rear-left front		
	211-0532-00			2	mounting hardware for foot, right rear: (not included w/foot) SCREW, 6-32 x <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> inch, Fil HS, phillips		
	210-0457-00			ī	NUT, keps, $6-32 \times \frac{5}{16}$ inch		
					mounting hardware for foot, left front: (not included w/foot)		
	211-0532-00			2	SCREW, $6-32 \times \frac{3}{4}$ inch, Fil HS, phillips		
18	377-0119-00			4	INSERT, foot		
19	348-0072-00			1	FOOT, flip stand bail		
20	367-0052-00				HANDLE mounting hardware: (not included w/handle)		
	212-0040-00			2	SCREW, 8-32 x <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> inch, 100°, CSK, FHS, phillips		
21	<b>367-0</b> 051-00			1	HANDLE, pivot, left		
22	- <b>377-0123-00</b>			1	INSERT, decorative, pivot, left		
23	367-0050-00			1	HANDLE, pivot, right		
24	377-0122-00			1	INSERT, decorative, pivot, right		
25	214-0554-00 214-0558-00			2 2	BOLT, hinge WASHER, thrust		
26	334-1016-00			1	TAG, identification		
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REF. NO.	PART NO.	SERIAL/MODEL NO.		<u>Q</u>	DESCRIPTION	
		EFF.	DISC.	Y.	DESCRIPTION	
1 2 3 4	161-0024-00 161-0024-01 103-0013-00 012-0057-00 012-0057-01 011-0049-00 070-0499-00	100 2000 100 824	1999 823	1 1 2 2 1 2	CORD, power CORD, power ADAPTER, 3- to 2-wire CABLE, BNC CABLE, BNC TERMINATION, 50 Ω, BNC MANUAL, instruction (not shown)	

NOTES	_
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## VOLTAGE AND WAVEFORM CONDITIONS

Voltage readings were taken with a 20,000 ohms/volt VOM. All readings in volts. Voltages are measured with respect to chassis ground unless otherwise noted.

Waveforms shown are actual photographs taken with a Tektronix Oscilloscope Camera and Projected Graticule.

Voltages and waveforms on the schematics are not absolute and may vary between instruments. Any apparent difference between voltage levels measured with the voltmeter and those shown on the waveform are due to circuit loading by the voltmeter.

Waveforms for the high frequency circuits (10 MHz to 500 MHz) were taken with a sampling type test oscilloscope. The OUTPUT was terminated into 50 ohms. Waveforms for the .1  $\mu$ s to 5 s countdown circuits were taken with a real time test oscilloscope.

To indicate true time relationship between signals, the test oscilloscope was externally triggered.

Schematic Symbols

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The following are used on the schematics:



Screwdriver adjustment

Front-panel control or connector.

Clockwise control rotation in direction of arrow.

Connection made at indicated pin on etched-wiring board.

Connection soldered to etchedwiring board.

Blue line encloses components located on etched - wiring board.



Input from, or output to indicated schematic.



TYPE 184 TIME MARK GENERATOR

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VOLTAGES obtained under conditions given on diagram (1).

MARKER & TRIGGER SELECTOR SWITCHES

SEE PARTS LIST FOR SEMICONDUCTOR TYPES

\*COLORED LEADS CONNECT THROUGH FERRITE BEAD TO GROUND

SEE PARTS LIST FOR EARLIER VALUES AND SERIAL NUMBER RANGES OF PARTS MARKED WITH BLUE OUTLINE.



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SEE PARTS LIST FOR SEMICONDUCTOR TYPES

+ TYPE 184 TIME MARK GENERATOR

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TYPE 184 TIME MARK GENERATOR

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MARKER SELECTOR	ImS engaged
TRIGGER SELECTOR	lmS engaged
MARKER AMPLIFIER SELECTOR	+
MARKER OUTPUT terminated into 1K	Ω.



## SEE PARTS LIST FOR SEMICONDUCTOR TYPES

\* SELF CANCELLING PUSH BUTTON SWITCHES

TYPE 184 TIME MARK GENERATOR +

Α,



SW400 \* MARKER SELECTOR



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POWER SUPPLY

## MANUAL CHANGE INFORMATION

At Tektronix, we continually strive to keep up with latest electronic developments by adding circuit and component improvements to our instruments as soon as they are developed and tested.

Sometimes, due to printing and shipping requirements, we can't get these changes immediately into printed manuals. Hence, your manual may contain new change information on following pages. If it does not, your manual is correct as printed. **TYPE 184** 

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TEXT CORRECTION					
SECTION 1 Page 1-1, column 2	CHARACTERISTICS				
Trigger Output Amplitude	$\geq$ 0.4 V into 50 $\Omega$ or $\geq$ 2.5 V into open circuit.				
Other Characteristics Crystal Oscillator	Crystal contained in a temperature controlled oven at 75°C.				
Frequency	10 MHz ±0.001% (25°C ±5°C), 10 MHz ±0.002% (0°C to +50°C) 5 minutes after turn-on if crystal oven is stabilized (insturment connected to power source for 2 hours).				
Stability	$\leq$ 3 P/M in 24 hours (25°C ±5°C) after 2 hours continuous operation and 72 hours intial operation.				
Power Requirements	94.5 to 137.5 VAC or 189 to 275 VAC. 50 to 400 Hz. 40 watts approximate.				
Warm-up Time	Two hours warm-up time required after the instrument is connected to a power source, to allow crystal oven to stabilize. 5 minutes for rated accuracies at 25°C ±5°C (if crystal oven is stabilized).				
SECTION 5 Page 5-1, column 2 Step 2 a Change: Requirement-Fre	PERFORMANCE CHECK equency 10 MHz ±100 Hz at ambient room temperature.				

Page 5-3, column 2
Step 6 a
Change: Requirement—Positive-going pulses in 1-10 sequence, amplitude ≥0.4 V
into 50 2 or ≥2.5 V into open circuit.

SECTION 6 CALIBRATION

Page 6-5, column 2

Step 3 c

Change: Check-regulation and ripple of the power supplies while changing the input supply voltage between 94.5 to 137.5 VAC (or 189 to 275 VAC). Power supply.....

Page 6-15, column 2

Step 9 a

Change: Requirement—Positive-going pulses with 7 intervals in 1 to 10 sequence, from 1 µs to 1 s, and an amplitude ≥0.4 V into 50 ♀ or ≥2.5 V into an open circuit. **TYPE 184** 

## TEXT CORRECTION

Section 1 Characteristics

Page 1-1 column 2

CHANGE: Other Characteristics to read:

StabilityFrequency drift ≤3 P/M in 24 hours (25°C ±5°C)after 2 hours continuous operation and 72 hoursinitial operation.

Section 5 Performance Check

Page 5-3 column 2

CHANGE: Step 6 a to read:

Requirement-- Positive-going pulses in 1-10 sequence, amplitude ≥0.4 V into 50 Ω or ≥2.5 V into open circuit.

C2/867

PARTS LIST CORRECTION

CHANGE TO:

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B534

150-0065-00 Incandescent, 10 V, 40 mA

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PARTS LIST CORRECTION

CHANGE TO:				
R325	321-0385-00	100 k	1/8 W	1%
R345	323-0357-00	51.1 k	1/2 W	1%
C323	290-0183-00	l µF	20 V	±10 %
C343	290-0301-00	10 µ <b>F</b>	20 V	±10 %

M12,220/467