

Manual

DC Probe URV5-Z1

395.0512.02

RF Probe URV5-Z7

395.2615.02/.03

10-V Insertion Unit URV5-Z2

395.1019.04/.55/.56

100-V Insertion Unit URV5-Z4

395.1619.04/.55/.56/.76

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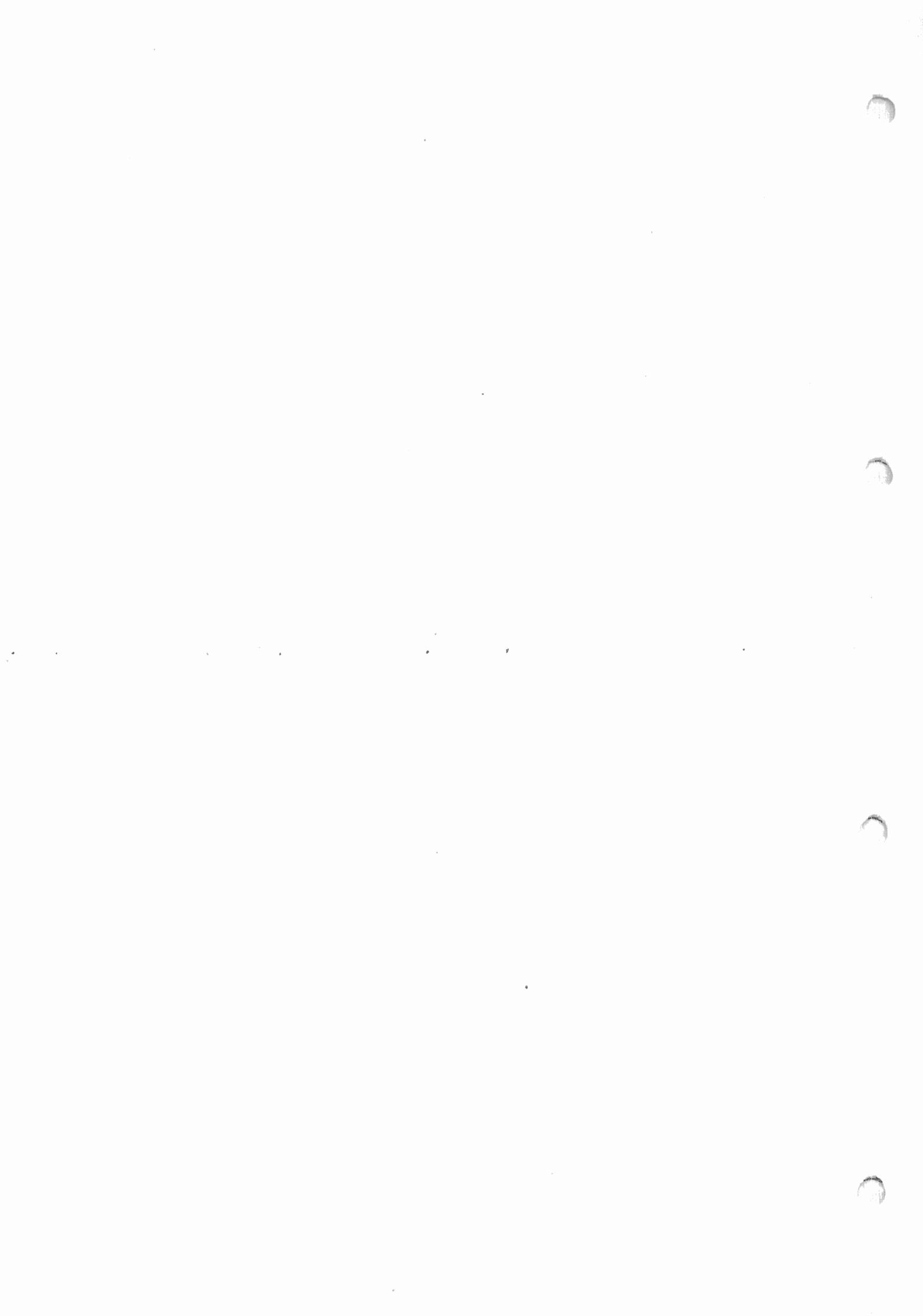


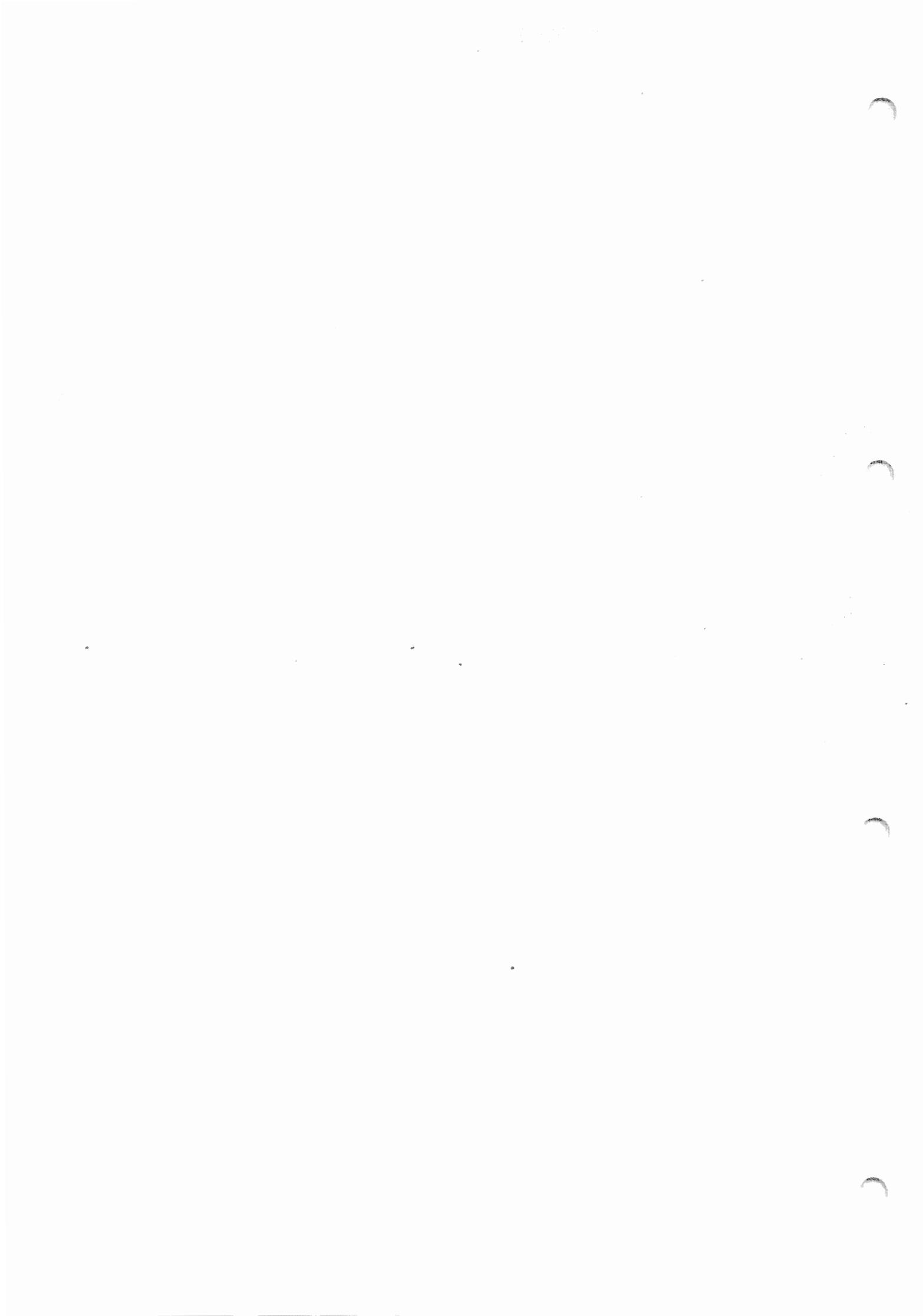
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List of mechanical parts,
Figures pertaining to list of
mechanical parts,
Parts lists,
Circuit diagrams,
Components plans in Appendix

DC Probe URV5-Z1, RF Probe URV5-Z7, 10-V Insertion Unit URV5-Z2 as well as 100-V Insertion Unit URV5-Z4 can also be used for Power Meter NRV. The respective pages of the URV5 manual, together with the NRV manual, supply the user of the NRV Power Meter with all the information required for the operating and maintenance of the URV5 measuring heads.



2.3.2

Probes

The probes are inserted into the openings 18 (A or B) together with the plug-in adapters. Correct insertion of the probes is recognized by the URV5 both in manual and in remote control mode, but it is recommended to insert the probes in manual mode only. In remote mode, with correspondingly adjusted interface (Q1 to Q3), the URV5 only sends SRQ (114) to the controller in order to avoid any interruption of the current program.

(When removing the probe in the main measurement channel: SRQ (104) and abortion of measurement).

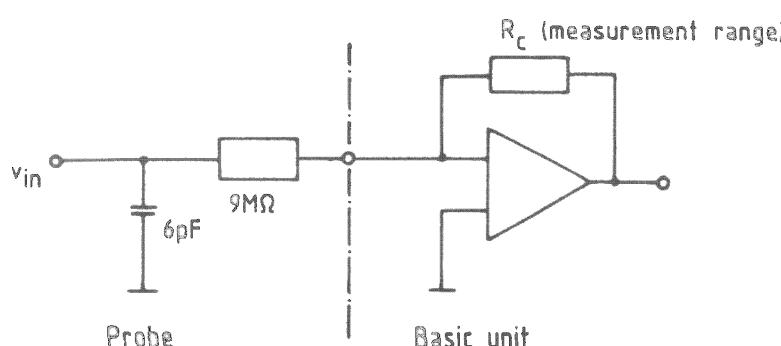
The probe data for evaluation in the instrument are read in immediately in local mode, whereas in remote mode they are read in only after the command C0 has been sent to the URV5 or after switching to local mode.

The type of probe (DC/AC probe, RF probe etc.) and further probe-specific data such as frequency response, calibration and attenuation factors (e.g. for 100-V insertion unit) are thus known to the instrument and will be considered for the operation and evaluation of the corresponding channel. After the data have been read in, the URV5 is immediately ready for measurements.

Note: For complete technical data and specifications please refer to the URV5 data sheet.

The values cited in the manual are intended as guidelines for the user and can under circumstances differ from those of the data sheet.

2.3.2.1 DC Probe



V_{in}: 0 to 400 V
R_{in}: 9 MΩ
shunted by
6pF

Fig. 2-3 Equivalent circuit diagram of DC probe

The maximum voltage for the DC probe is 400 V. Care should be taken that the probe is always referred to chassis ground, i.e. not floating. Reference potential is always the chassis ground.

An essential advantage of this DC probe is the low capacitive load (6 pF). Thus DC measurements are also possible on RF circuits.

It should be noted that the precision resistor in the probe is temperature-dependent ($9 \text{ M}\Omega$, approx. 100 ppm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$), i.e. the probe temperature (raised e.g. by holding the probe for some time) will affect the measuring accuracy and may cause a slight drift in indication.

For measuring speed see section 2.3.8.

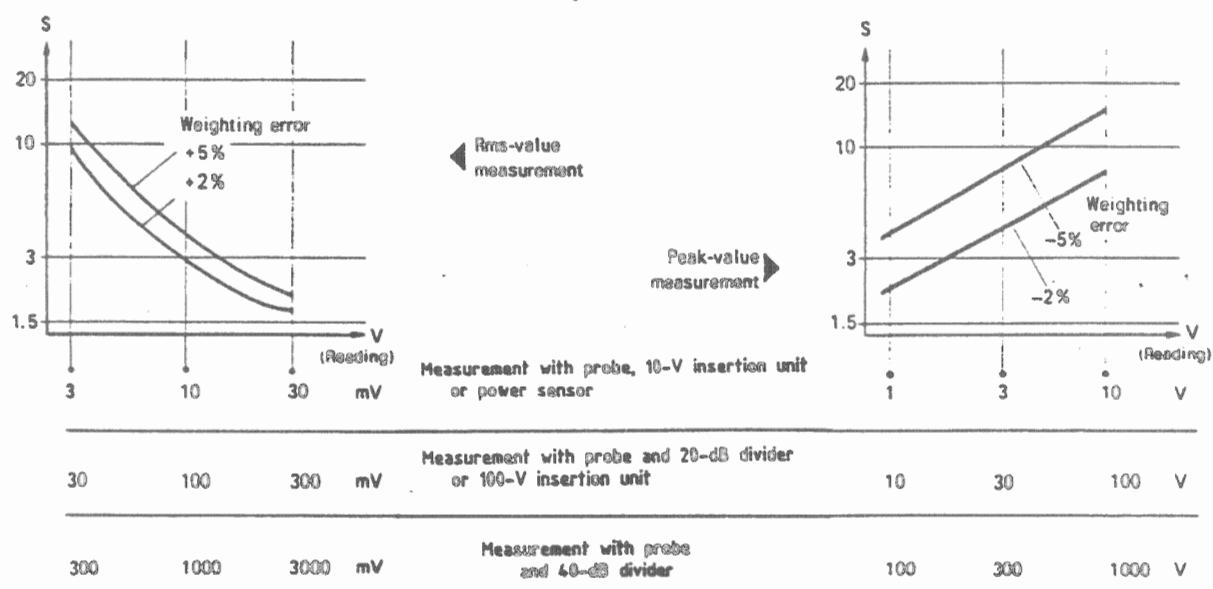
The ZERO-/PEAK and FRQ CORR keys are disabled in case of DC measurement.

2.3.2.2.1 General Remarks on RF Measurements and RF Probes

1. Waveform weighting

The URV5 reads out the rms value of sinewave voltages of any magnitude as long as they are within the measurement range of the instrument. With other waveforms, however, the weighting is dependent on the magnitude of the voltage to be measured, since a diode detector has a square-law response only at low voltages up to about 30 mV and therefore measures the true rms value only up to this value independent of the waveform of the test voltage. This range can be expanded to 3 V by means of plug-on voltage dividers, so that the true rms value of an AC voltage can be measured in the range from 200 µV to 3 V.

Maximum permissible crest factor S
for rms-value measurement (left) and peak-value measurement (right)



In the transition region between rms-value and peak-value measurement the reading is defined only for sinusoidal voltages.

Fig. 2-4 Waveform weighting and maximum crest factor for RF measurements using URV5 probes

In the transition range from rms to peak-responding measurement the measured value is only defined for sinewave voltages.

In Fig. 2-4 the maximum permissible crest factor is shown as a function of the magnitude of the test voltage at which the error of the measured rms value relative to the true rms value does not exceed 2% or 5%.

With test voltages above 1 V (above 10 V using 20-dB divider or 100-V insertion unit, above 100 V using 40-dB divider), the diode detector acts as a peak-responding rectifier. Since a full-wave rectifier is incorporated in the probes, the peak-to-peak value is measured but the value $V_{pp}/2\sqrt{2}$ is indicated. For sinewave voltages this corresponds to readout of the rms value.

Fig. 2-4 shows the maximum permissible crest factor for a weighting error of the peak-responding rectifier of -2% and -5% as a function of the magnitude of the test voltage.

For peak-responding measurement see also section 2.3.6:
PEAK (PEP) Measurement.

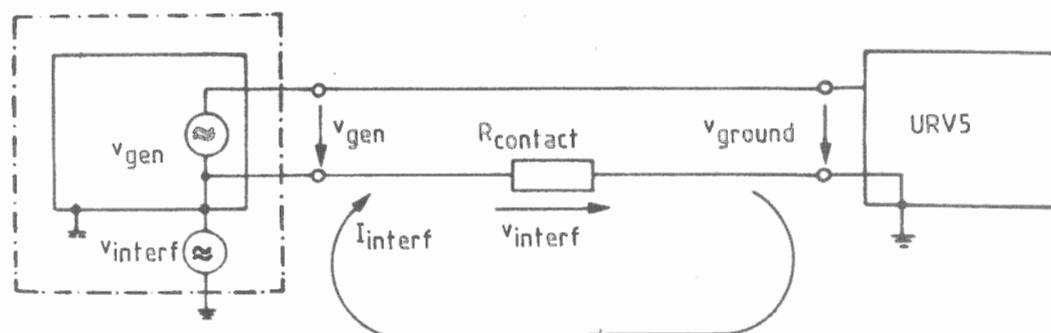
2. The lower cutoff frequency (3 dB) of the RF probes is temperature-dependent, the value specified for the individual probes being valid in the temperature range +18°C to +28°C. In addition, it can be assumed that as a rule of thumb this cut-off frequency is doubled for every 10 K temperature rise and halved for every 10 K temperature drop.
3. After large changes of the level, the URV5 exhibits a slight delay caused by residual charge effects. This longer settling time must also be taken into account.
4. All probes of the URV5 are referred to safety ground.

5. Measurements at low voltages (see also section 3: Maintenance)

- a) The URV5 features broadband RF measurements. If low voltages are to be measured, care must therefore be taken of (RF) interfering signals as may for instance occur with microprocessor-controlled AC calibrators or AF generators. The useful signal may partly be superimposed by a noise spectrum (a few MHz) from the microprocessor clock, which does not cause any interference in the AF range (+ 200 kHz), but invalidates the result of the broadband measurement with the URV5.

Therefore it must be ensured that there is no such interference or that it is considered in the evaluation of the measurement result.

- b) In the case of measurements on signal sources that are not referred to safety ground, interfering voltages may be caused by ground equalizing currents, which are added to the test voltage and thus also enter into the test result. This is particularly the case with poor plug-in and screw connections in the test line (Fig. 2-5).



$$V_{interf} = R_{contact} \cdot I_{interf}$$

$$V_{ground} = V_{gen} + V_{interf}$$

Fig. 2-5 Interfering voltages caused by ground equalizing currents

2.3.2.2.2 RF Probe

In the frequency range up to about 200 MHz, the probe enables direct measurement on the circuit; care should be taken that the ground connection to the probe is short (e.g. ground sleeve with solder strip). The screw-on ground cable can only be used for measurements up to about 50 MHz, since due to the cable length the measuring error may unduly increase at higher frequencies.

The voltage measurement range with probe is 200 μ V to 10 V. The maximum permissible AC voltage at the probe is $V_{rms} = 15$ V; any higher voltage will cause damage to the rectifier diodes. The voltage measurement range of the probe can be extended to 100 V or 1000 V by using the 20-dB or 40-dB divider recommended as an extra.

In measurements with probe and 40-dB divider, the maximum measurable voltage of $V_{rms} = 1000$ V must not be applied at frequencies above 100 MHz, since the divider would be damaged due to the dielectric loss of the divider capacitance. Between 100 MHz and 500 MHz the permissible voltage drops inversely with frequency from 1050 V to 210 V.

With the aid of the BNC adapter the probe may also be used for measurements on coaxial systems (frequency range 20 kHz to 500 MHz). Using the matching sleeve supplied with the equipment, the probe can also be inserted into the adapter with plugged-on divider.

When using the 40-dB divider (frequency range 1 to 500 MHz), the maximum measurable voltage is only limited by the permissible voltage ($V_p = 500$ V) and the power-handling capacity of the BNC connector cable. Table 2-1 shows the power-handling capacity of BNC cables and the voltages calculated from it as a function of frequency.

Table 2-1

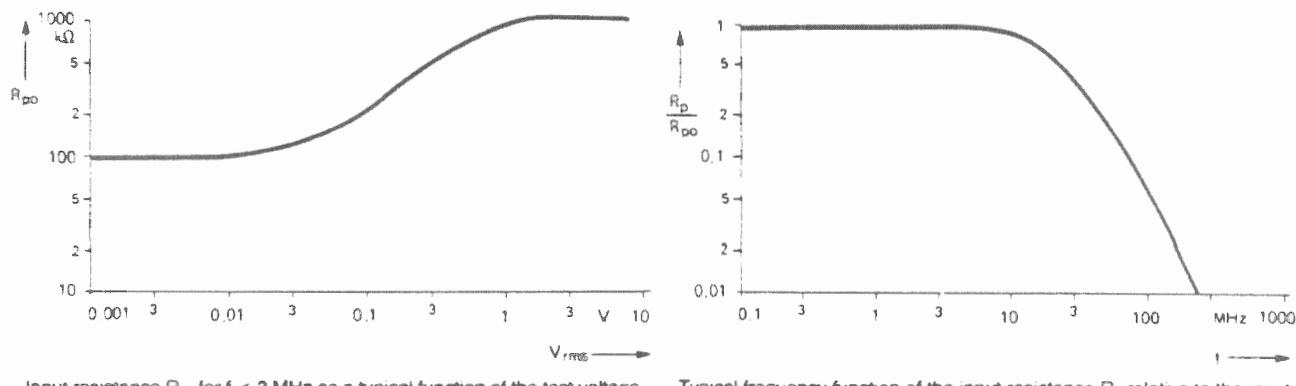
| f/MHz | 1 | 10 | 100 | 200 | 500 |
|---------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| P _{max} /W | 1300 | 410 | 130 | 82 | 42 |
| V _{rms} /V | 225 | 143 | 81 | 64 | 45 |

For high-accuracy measurements on coaxial systems low-reflection insertion units are provided.

When using the 20/40-dB dividers, the division factor can be entered into the URV5 (ATT/dB) and upon switching on the ATT CORR function the readout is correctly referred to the input voltage (see section 2.3.5.3).

Up to frequencies of about 20 MHz the input impedance of the probe is equivalent to a capacitance of 2.5 pF shunted by an ohmic resistance whose value at room temperature is between 100 kΩ and 1 MΩ depending on the test voltage (guaranteed value up to 10 MHz > 80 kΩ at room temperature). At higher frequencies, the resistive component of the input impedance decreases as the square of the frequency due to the losses of the input capacity (Fig. 2-6).

Through the 20-dB divider the input capacitance is reduced to 1 pF, through the 40-dB divider to 0.5 pF. In the frequency range up to 20 MHz the resistive component of the input impedance is increased to a few MΩ through the 20-dB divider and to above 10 MΩ through the 40-dB divider. At higher frequencies the resistive component also decreases as the square of the frequency.



Input resistance R_{p0} for $f < 3$ MHz as a typical function of the test voltage (sinewave). Typical frequency function of the input resistance R_p relative to the input resistance R_{p0} at low frequencies.

Fig. 2-6 Input impedance of RF probe

Table 2-2 Overview of characteristic data of RF probe as well as of available dividers and adapters

| | RF-probe | with 20-dB divider | with 40-dB divider | BNC adapter | 50- Ω adapter | 75- Ω adapter |
|---|---------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Frequency range | 20 kHz to 1 GHz | 1 MHz to 500 MHz | 0,5 MHz to 500 MHz (100 MHz) | 20 kHz to 500 MHz | 20 kHz to 1 GHz | 20 kHz to 500 MHz |
| Voltage range | 200 μ V to 10 V | 2 mV to 100 V | 20 mV to 210 V (1000 V) | 200 μ V to 10 V | 200 μ V to 10 V | 200 μ V to 10 V |
| Input impedance C _{in} shunted by R | Fig. 2-6 | 1 pF $>1 M\Omega$ | 0.5 pF $>10 M\Omega$ | | 50 Ω | 75 Ω |

For frequency response errors and reflection coefficients (50- Ω , 75- Ω adapter) please refer to the data sheet.

For measurements on 50- Ω and 75- Ω systems, the corresponding terminating adapters must be used.

The measuring accuracy can be improved in particular towards the upper frequency limit by entering the test frequency and switching on the FRQ CORR function (see section 2.3.5.4).

The frequency response correction curve of the RF probe is picked up by the 50- Ω adapter and is therefore also specified for this adapter.

When using other adapters or dividers and switching on the FRQ CORR function, this correction is only valid to a limited extent.

2.3.2.2.3 RF Insertion Units

Three insertion units with a characteristic impedance of 50Ω or 75Ω are available for the URV5. They are suitable for voltage measurements up to 10 V or 100 V. The attenuation factor of the 100-V insertion units is automatically taken into account by the URV5 and therefore need not be entered.

The low reflection coefficients of the 100-V insertion units are worth mentioning, since they render the insertion units particularly suitable for precision measurements on coaxial $50-\Omega$ and $75-\Omega$ systems.

Table 2-3 Overview of characteristic data of insertion units

| | 10-V insertion unit (50Ω) | 100-V insertion unit (50Ω) | 100-V insertion unit (75Ω) |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| Frequency range | 9 kHz to 2 GHz | 100 kHz to 2 GHz | 100 kHz to 2 GHz |
| Voltage range | 200 μ V to 10 V | 2 mV to 100 V | 2 mV to 100 V |
| Reflection coefficient r/% | up to 200 MHz 2 | up to 1 GHz 2 | up to 1 GHz 3 |

The measuring accuracy can be increased at the upper frequency limit by entering the test frequency and switching on the FRQ CORR function (see section 2.3.5.4 FRQ CORR).

The URV5 can measure the peak value of a modulated AC voltage present at the probe. The measured value is read out as an rms value.

The abbreviation PEP (= peak envelope power) is used in transmitter measurements and stands for the true power during one period of the carrier signal at the maximum momentary value of the modulation signal.

Therefore, the measured value is read out in W when this function is switched on (LED in PEAK (PEP) key lights). The impedance value entered for the respective measurement channel is used as reference impedance. It is also possible to select another display mode by means of keys 11 SEL DIM and SEL REL. The measured value is however always read out as rms value of the peak value.

The gate time effective for PEAK measurement can be adjusted with the aid of the FILTER key and via the special function 3 as described in section 2.3.8 and basically corresponds to the measurement time (see Table 2-5). The gate time is the period of observation during which the peak value is determined and is followed by an automatic restart (internal reset of the peak-responding meter). Thus the gate time must be greater than the period of the measured signal.

This function is not effective for DC measurements (DC probe) and the key is not evaluated when actuated.

Table 2-5

- setting with FILTER key (F2/F4)

| FØ | F1 | F2 | F3 | F4 | F5 | + | gate time (filter) setting |
|--------|--------|-------|--------|--------|------|---|----------------------------------|
| 0.05/s | 0.25/s | 1/s | 3.3/s | 7/s | 15/s | + | display change |
| 20 s | 4.0 s | 1 s | 200 ms | 40 ms | 10ms | + | <u>gate time</u> |
| 20 s | 4.1 s | 1.1 s | 300 ms | 140 ms | 60ms | + | measurement time |

(For dual channel operation, the indicated measurement times are twice as long.)



Generally, the following instructions and restrictions must be observed for this measurement mode:

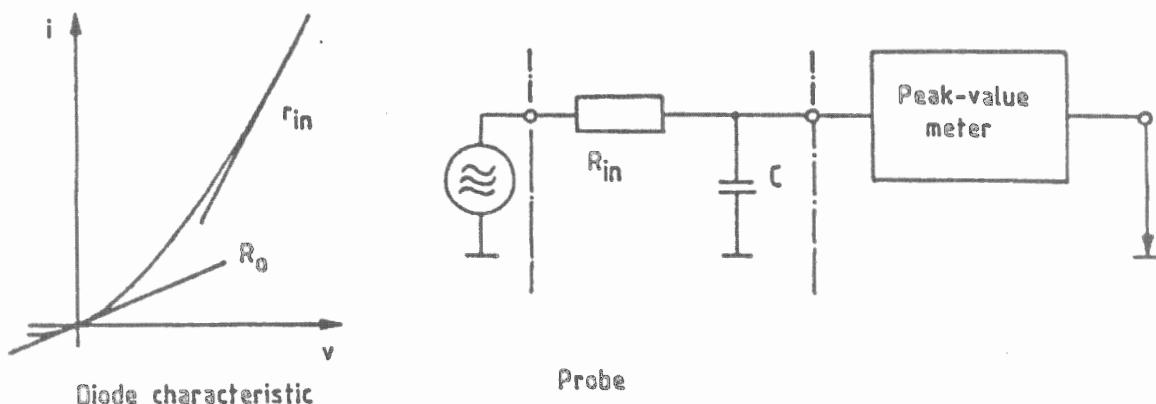


Fig. 2-7 Equivalent circuit diagram for peak-value measurement

As shown in Fig. 2-7, the internal resistance R_{in} of the measuring head diode forms in conjunction with the charging capacitor C a lowpass filter, with a level-dependent frequency response caused by R_{in} . Within the square-law range of the diode characteristic, the limit frequency (3 dB) is approx. 800 Hz for both insertion units (10 V, 100 V) and the RF probe. Since R_{in} is also temperature-dependent, this value is only valid at room temperature ($R_{in} = R_0$ (zero-point resistance) $\approx 200 \text{ k}\Omega$).

At higher levels, measurements are possible with modulation and intermodulation frequencies up to the kHz range.

Definition of PEAK (PEP) measurement with respect to general measuring head characteristics

1. Unmodulated RF voltages:

With unmodulated RF voltages there are no or only slight differences in the result from a "normal" measurement and a PEAK (PEP) measurement. Minor deviations are due to a residual ripple of the RF voltage.

Basic measuring head characteristics (see Section 2.3.2.2) are as follows:

< 30 mV (300 mV) rms-responding meas. → for non-sinewave
> 1 V (10 V) peak-responding meas. → voltages

The values given in parenthesis apply to 100-V insertion units.

2. Modulated RF voltages:

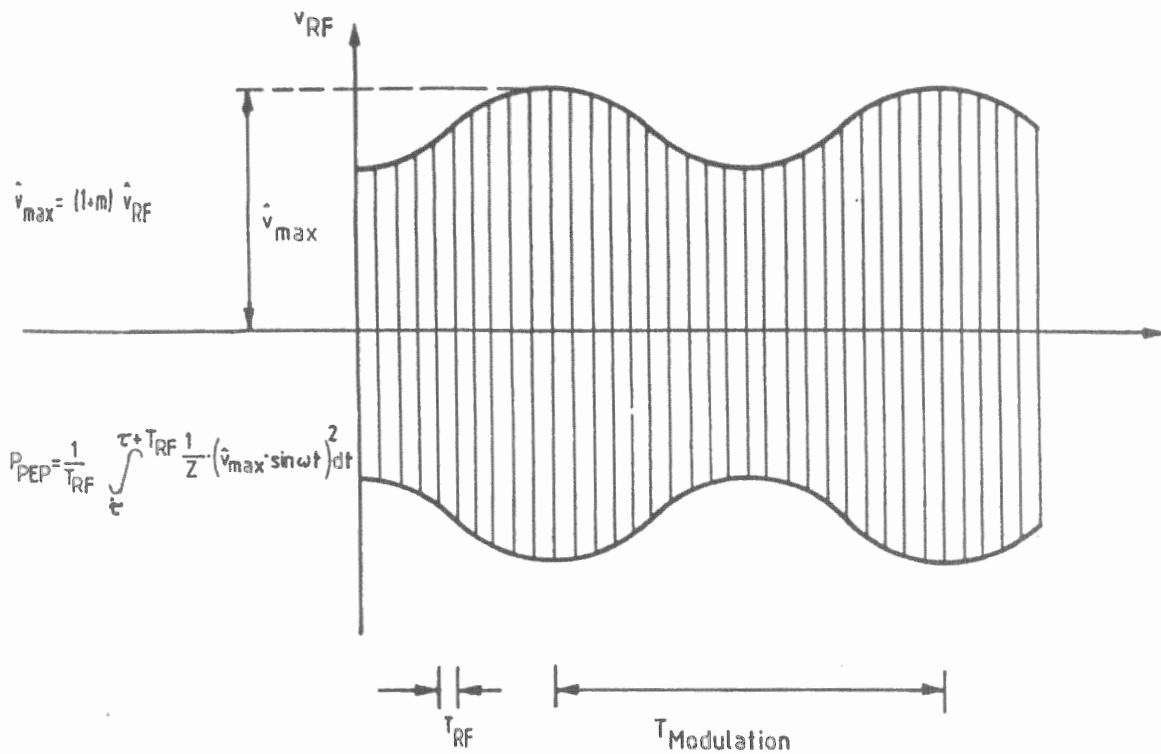


Fig. 2-8 Amplitude-modulated RF voltage

- PEAK (PEP) measurement (< 100 Hz)

The PEAK (PEP) measurement can always be carried out up to modulation frequencies of about 100 Hz without causing a significant additional error.

This holds true for any permissible input voltage.

- PEAK (PEP) measurement (> 100 Hz, < 1 V (10 V))

At higher modulation frequencies, a value is obtained which is between the true rms (peak) value and the "normal" rms (average) value depending on the modulation frequency

- Measuring head characteristic

At voltages > 1 V (10 V), the influence of the measuring head characteristic is predominant so that there is only little difference from the PEAK (PEP) measurement.

- Note for pulse modulation:

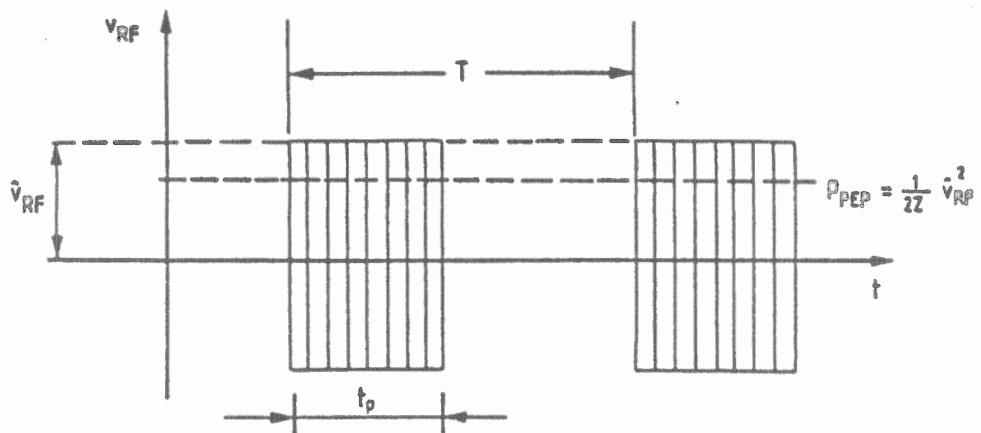


Fig. 2-9 Pulse-modulated RF voltage

The typical measuring error of pulse-modulated RF voltages at room temperature can be taken from Fig. 2-10. The curves shown apply to $t_p < T$. The error decreases as $t_p \rightarrow T$.

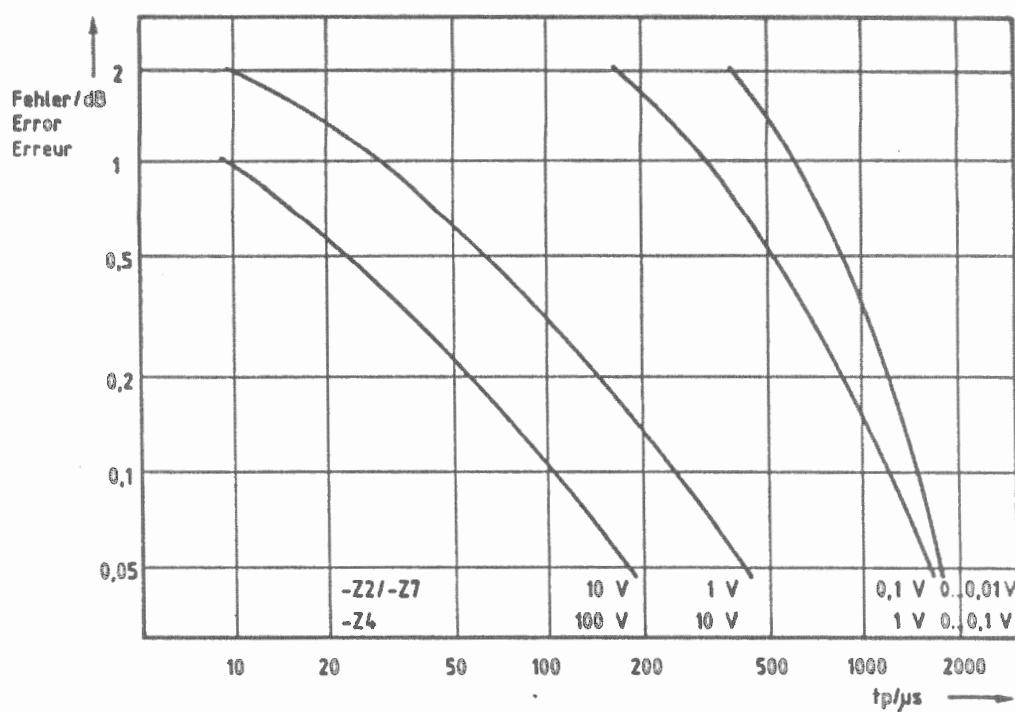


Fig. 2-10 Weighting error of PEAK(PEP) measurements for pulse-modulated RF with the use of URV5-Z2/-Z4/-Z7 as a function of the readout value.

3.2.1 Required Measuring Equipment and Accessories

| Ref. No. | Designation | Required specification | R&S Type | For use, see section |
|----------|-----------------------------|--|----------|----------------------|
| 1 | AC calibrator | 200 μ V to 10 V $\pm 0.1\%$ 200 kHz | | 3.2.2.1 |
| 2 | Sinewave/waveform generator | 1 V sinewave 10 MHz $d < 1 \%$ | | 3.2.2.2 |
| 3 | 20-dB divider for RF probe | | | 3.2.2.2 |
| 4 | BNC adapter for RF probe | | | 3.2.2.1 3.2.2.2 |
| 5 | Basic unit URV5 | | | 3.2.2.1 3.2.2.2 |

3.2.2 Checking the Rated Specifications

3.2.2.1 Checking the Linearity

In the following test the output voltage of an AC calibrator is measured at a frequency of 200 kHz with the aid of the RF probe (Fig. 3-2). Care should be taken that the interfering voltage of the AC calibrator determined by broadband measurement does not exceed 200 μ V. Otherwise a divider or lowpass filter must be provided at the output. In this connection please refer also to section 2.3.2.2.1, where measurement of low RF voltages is described in detail.

Settings on URV5: Channel A (B) URV5-27
 Readout V
 Filter F2
 Autorange on

Settings on
AC calibrator: 0.2 mV 10 Hz

With this calibrator setting, zero adjustment is triggered if the RF probe is connected. Due to the low frequency, the voltage of 0.2 mV is not considered; only the residual interfering voltage is measured and eliminated like an offset error.

After the zero adjustment the frequency is set to 200 kHz and the output voltage measured at the following values:

0.2 mV; 3 mV; 10 mV; 30 mV; 100 mV; 0.3 V; 1 V; 3 V; 10 V

The permissible tolerances are specified in the performance test report. Please carry out the measurements in the stated sequence. After measurement of high voltages the RF probe requires a certain recovery time before low levels can be measured again.

3.2.2.2 Checking the Input Capacitance

The input capacitance of the RF probe has a considerable influence on the dividing error if a 20-/40-dB divider is used. To check the input capacitance, it is recommended to check the division ratio in conjunction with a 20-dB divider. The adjustment error of the divider is so minimal that it can be neglected with respect to the error caused by the input capacitance.

The output signal of a sinewave generator is measured first without and then with 20-dB divider (Fig. 3-4). The permissible division ratio is shown in the performance test report. The output voltage of the sinewave generator is adjusted to approximately 1 V_{rms}/10 MHz. Care should be taken that the distortion does not exceed 1% since otherwise weighting errors in the same order of magnitude will have to be expected.

| | | |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------|
| Settings on URV5: | Channel A (B) | URV5-Z7 |
| | Readout | V (X/REF) |
| | Filter | F2 |
| | Autorange | on |

The measurement is first to be carried out without divider, the measured value to be stored as reference value and the readout then be switched to X/REF for the measurement with divider.

3.2.3

Performance Test Report

R&S
 RF Probe URV5-Z7
 Ident No.: 395.2615.02
 Serial No.:

Date:

Name:

| Ref. No. | Characteristic | Measured to section | Min | Actual | Max | Unit |
|----------|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| 1 | Checking the linearity | 3.2.2.1 | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| | Zero adjustment |  | ..... | ..... | ..... | ..... |
| | 0.2 mV | | 0.155 | ..... | 0.245 | mV |
| | 3 mV | | 2.962 | ..... | 3.038 | mV |
| | 10 mV | | 9.897 | ..... | 10.103 | mV |
| | 30 mV | | 29.67 | ..... | 30.33 | mV |
| | 100 mV 200 kHz | | 98.97 | ..... | 101.03 | mV |
| | 0.3 V | | 0.2967 | ..... | 0.3033 | V |
| | 1 V | | 0.9897 | ..... | 1.0103 | V |
| | 3 V | | 2.967 | ..... | 3.033 | V |
| | 10 V | | 9.897 | ..... | 10.103 | V |
| 2 | Checking the input capacitance | 3.2.2.2 | 0.0890 | ..... | 0.1110 | X/REF |

3.3.1 Required Measuring Equipment and Accessories

| Ref. No. | Designation | Required specifications | R&S Type | For use, see section |
|----------|---------------------------------|--|----------|----------------------|
| 1 | AC calibrator | 200 µV to 10 V ±0.1% 100 kHz | | 3.3.2.1 |
| 2 | Basic unit URV5 | | | 3.3.2.1 |
| 3 | Reflection coefficient test set | 100 MHz to 2 GHz Directivity >46 dB | see 3.8 | 3.3.2.2 |
| 4 | Termination 50 Ω N male | VSWR < 1.01 up to 2 GHz | | 3.3.2.2 |

3.3.2 Checking the Rated Specifications3.3.2.1 Checking the Linearity

In the following test the output voltage of an AC calibrator is measured at 100 kHz with the aid of the 10-V insertion unit (Fig. 3-2). Care should be taken that the interfering voltage of the AC calibrator determined by broadband measurement does not exceed 200 µV. Otherwise a divider or lowpass filter must be provided at the output. In this connection please refer also to section 2.3.2.2.1, where measurement of low RF voltages is described in detail.

Settings on URV5: Channel A (B) URV5-Z2
 Readout V
 Filter F2
 Autorange on

Settings on AC calibrator: 0.2 mV 10 Hz

With this calibrator setting, zero adjustment is triggered if the insertion unit is connected. Due to the low frequency, the voltage of 0.2 mV is not considered; only the residual interfering voltage is measured and eliminated like an offset error.

After the zero adjustment the frequency is set to 100 kHz and the output voltage measured at the following values:

0.2 mV; 3 mV; 10 mV; 30 mV; 100 mV; 0.3 V; 1 V; 3 V; 10 V

The permissible tolerances are specified in the performance test report. Please carry out the measurements in the stated sequence. After measurement of high voltages the insertion unit requires a certain recovery time before low levels can be measured again.

3.3.2.2 Checking the Reflection Coefficient

Linearity and reflection coefficient are characteristic data of the 10-V insertion unit. If both are within the specifications, the frequency response will also be within the specified tolerances.

For measuring the reflection coefficient any test set up to 2 GHz and a directivity of at least 46 dB will be suitable. The measurement level is uncritical, since it has only little influence on the reflection coefficient. The 10-V insertion unit to be tested is terminated at one end by 50Ω for low reflection; for the measurement result it is irrelevant whether the insertion unit is connected to the basic unit or not. Care should be taken that the reflection coefficient of the $50-\Omega$ termination does not exceed 0.5%.

The permissible reflection coefficient tolerances for the 10-V insertion unit are specified for 100 MHz to 2 GHz in the performance test report.

These tolerances do however not include the measurement error of the test set used. Please check first what reflection coefficients you can still measure with sufficient accuracy. The following example should be helpful. A test set with a directivity of 46 dB already yields an uncertainty of $\pm 0.5\%$. Together with the reflection coefficient of the termination of 0.5%, the entire test set has a measurement error of $\pm 1\%$. Therefore, only reflection coefficients $> 3\%$ can reliably be determined. Consequently, the reflection coefficient of the 10-V insertion unit can only be checked for frequencies above 500 MHz.

A test set for measuring the reflection coefficient up to 2 GHz and with a directivity of 46 dB is described in section 3.8. It contains the R&S VSWR Bridge ZRB2 and a URV5 with two RF probes.

3.3.3

Performance Test Report

R&S

10-V Insertion unit 50 Ω URV5-Z2

Ident No.: 395.1019.55

Serial No.:

Date:

Name:

| Ref. No. | Characteristic | Measured to section | Min | Actual | Max | Unit |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|--------|--------|------|
| 1 | Checking the linearity | 3.3.2.1 | | | | |
| | Zero adjustment |  | — | ..... | — |  |
| | 0.2 mV | | 0.155 | ..... | 0.245 | mV |
| | 3 mV | | 2.962 | ..... | 3.038 | mV |
| | 10 mV | | 9.897 | ..... | 10.103 | mV |
| | 30 mV | | 29.67 | ..... | 30.33 | mV |
| | 100 mV 100 kHz | | 98.97 | ..... | 101.03 | mV |
| | 0.3 V | | 0.2967 | ..... | 0.3033 | V |
| | 1 V | | 0.9897 | ..... | 1.0103 | V |
| | 3 V | | 2.967 | ..... | 3.033 | V |
| | 10 V | | 9.897 | ..... | 10.103 | V |
| 2 | Checking the reflection coefficient | 3.3.2.2 | | | | |
| | 100 MHz * |  | -- | ..... | 1 | % |
| | 200 MHz * |  | -- | ..... | 1 | % |
| | 500 MHz * |  | -- | ..... | 2 | % |
| | 1 GHz |  | -- | ..... | 7 | % |
| | 1.6 GHz |  | -- | ..... | 10 | % |
| | 2.0 GHz |  | -- | ..... | 15 | % |

* Note measurement error!

3.4.1**Required Measuring Equipment and Accessories**

| Ref. No. | Designation | Required specifications | R&S Type | For use, see section |
|-------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | AC calibrator | 2 mV to 10 V ±0.3% 1 MHz 100 V ±0.1% 200 kHz | | 3.4.2.1 |
| 2 | Basic unit URV5 | | | 3.4.2.1 |
| 3 | Reflection coefficient test set | 100 MHz to 2 GHz Directivity > 46 dB | see 3.8 | 3.4.2.2 |
| 4 | 50-Ω termination N male | VSWR < 1.01 up to 2 GHz | | 3.4.2.2 |

3.4.2 Checking the Rated Specifications

3.4.2.1 Checking the Linearity

In the following test the output voltage of an AC calibrator is measured with the aid of the 100-V insertion unit from 2 mV to 10 V at 1 MHz and with 100 V at a frequency of 200 kHz (Fig. 3-2). The relatively low frequency of 200 kHz in the last measurement causes only a slight deterioration of the measuring accuracy, since the lower cutoff frequency of all AC probes strongly decreases with increasing voltage.

Although the 100-V insertion unit is less sensitive by a factor of 10 than the RF probe and the 10-V insertion unit, care should be taken when setting up the test set that broadband interferences will not invalidate the measurement results (see section 2.3.2.2.1).

| | | |
|-------------------|---------------|---------|
| Settings on URV5: | Channel A (B) | URV5-Z4 |
| | Readout | V |
| | Filter | F2 |
| | Autorange | on |

| | | |
|-------------------------------|------|-------|
| Settings on AC calibrator: | 2 mV | 10 Hz |
|-------------------------------|------|-------|

With this calibrator setting, zero adjustment is triggered if the insertion unit is connected. Due to the low frequency the voltage of 2 mV is not considered; only the residual interfering voltage is measured and eliminated like an offset error.

After the zero adjustment the frequency is set to 1 MHz and the output voltage measured at the following values:

2 mV; 30 mV; 100 mV; 0.3 V; 1 V; 3 V; 10 V

The measurement is then carried out at 100 V and 200 kHz. The permissible tolerances are entered in the performance test report. Please carry out the measurements in the stated sequence. After measurement of high voltages the insertion unit requires a certain recovery time before low levels can be measured again.

3.4.2.2 Checking the Reflection Coefficient

Linearity and reflection coefficient are characteristic data of the 100-V insertion unit. If both are within the specifications, the frequency response will also be within the specified tolerances.

Measurement of the reflection coefficient of the 100-V insertion unit is slightly critical, since 3% is not exceeded over the entire frequency range. The measurement must therefore be carried out particularly carefully. The test set used should have a directivity of at least 46 dB. The measurement level is uncritical, since it has practically no influence on the reflection coefficient. The insertion unit to be tested is terminated at one end by 50Ω for low reflection; for the measurement result it is irrelevant whether the insertion unit is connected to the basic unit or not. Care should be taken that the reflection coefficient of the 50Ω termination does not exceed 0.5%.

The permissible reflection coefficient tolerances for the 100-V insertion unit are specified for 100 MHz to 2 GHz in the performance test report. These tolerances do however not include the measurement error of the test set used. Please check first what reflection coefficients you can still measure with sufficient accuracy. The following example should prove to be helpful. A test set with a directivity of 46 dB yields already an uncertainty of $\pm 0.5\%$. Together with the reflection coefficient of the termination of 0.5%, the entire test set has a measurement error of $\pm 1\%$. Therefore, only reflection coefficients $> 3\%$ can reliably be determined. Consequently, the reflection coefficient of the 100-V insertion unit can only be checked for frequencies above 1 GHz.

A test set for measuring the reflection coefficient up to 2 GHz and with a directivity of 46 dB is described in section 3.8. It contains the R&S VSWR Bridge ZRB2 and a URV5 with two RF probes.

3.4.3

Performance Test Report

R&S
 100-V Insertion Unit 50 Ω URV5-24
 Ident No.: 395.1619.55
 Serial No.:

Date:

Name:

| Ref. No. | Characteristic | Measured to section | Min | Actual | Max | Unit |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|--------|--------|------|
| 1 | Checking the linearity | 3.4.2.1 | | | | |
| | Zero adjustment |  | — | ..... | — |  |
| | 2 mV | | 1.54 | ..... | 2.46 | mV |
| | 30 mV | | 29.47 | ..... | 30.53 | mV |
| | 100 mV | | 98.47 | ..... | 101.53 | mV |
| | 0.3 V 1 MHz | | 0.2952 | ..... | 0.3048 | V |
| | 1 V | | 0.9847 | ..... | 1.0153 | V |
| | 3 V | | 2.952 | ..... | 3.048 | V |
| | 10 V | | 9.847 | ..... | 10.153 | V |
| | 100 V 200 kHz | | 98.47 | ..... | 101.53 | V |
| 2 | Checking the reflection coefficient | 3.4.2.2 | | | | |
| | 100 MHz * |  | -- | ..... | 1 | % |
| | 200 MHz * |  | -- | ..... | 1 | % |
| | 500 MHz * |  | -- | ..... | 1 | % |
| | 1 GHz * |  | -- | ..... | 2 | % |
| | 1.6 GHz |  | -- | ..... | 3 | % |
| | 2.0 GHz |  | -- | ..... | 3 | % |

* Note measurement error!

3.5.1

Required Measuring Equipment and Accessories

| Ref. No. | Designation | Required specifications | R&S Type | For use, see section |
|-------------|---------------------------------|---|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | AC calibrator | 2 mV to 10 V $\pm 0.3\%$ 1 MHz 100 V $\pm 0.1\%$ 200 kHz | | 3.5.2.1 |
| 2 | Basic unit URV5 | | | 3.5.2.1 |
| 3 | Reflection coefficient test set | 100 MHz to 2 GHz Directivity > 46 dB | | 3.5.2.2 |
| 4 | 75-Ω termination N male | VSWR < 1.01 up to 2 GHz | | 3.5.2.2 |

3.5.2 Checking the Rated Specifications

3.5.2.1 Checking the Linearity

In the following test the output voltage of an AC calibrator is measured with the aid of the 100-V insertion unit from 2 mV to 10 V at 1 MHz and with 100 V at a frequency of 200 kHz (Fig. 3-2). The relatively low frequency of 200 kHz in the last measurement causes only a slight deterioration of the measuring accuracy, since the lower cutoff frequency of all AC probes strongly decreases with increasing voltage.

Although the 100-V insertion unit is less sensitive by a factor of 10 than the RF probe and the 10-V insertion unit, care should be taken when setting up the test set that broadband interferences will not invalidate the measurement results (see section 2.3.2.2.1).

| | | |
|-------------------|---------------|---------|
| Settings on URV5: | Channel A (B) | URV5-Z4 |
| | Readout | V |
| | Filter | F2 |
| | Autorange | on |

| | | |
|-------------------------------|------|-------|
| Settings on AC calibrator: | 2 mV | 10 Hz |
|-------------------------------|------|-------|

With this calibrator setting, zero adjustment is triggered if the insertion unit is connected. Due to the low frequency the voltage of 2 mV is not considered; only the residual interfering voltage is measured and eliminated like an offset error.

After the zero adjustment the frequency is set to 1 MHz and the output voltage measured at the following values:

2 mV; 30 mV; 100 mV; 0.3 V; 1 V; 3 V; 10 V

The measurement is then carried out at 100 V and 200 kHz. The permissible tolerances are entered in the performance test report. Please carry out the measurements in the stated sequence. After measurement of high voltages the insertion unit requires a certain recovery time before low levels can be measured again.

3.5.2.2 Checking the Reflection Coefficient

Linearity and reflection coefficient are characteristic data of the 100-V insertion unit. If both are within the specifications, the frequency response will also be within the specified tolerances.

Measurement of the reflection coefficient of the 100-V insertion unit is slightly critical, since 5% is not exceeded over the entire frequency range. The measurement must therefore be carried out particularly carefully. The test set used should have a directivity of at least 46 dB. The measurement level is uncritical, since it has practically no influence on the reflection coefficient. The insertion unit to be tested is terminated at one end by 75 Ω for low reflection; for the measurement result it is irrelevant whether the insertion unit is connected to the basic unit or not. Care should be taken that the reflection coefficient of the 75- Ω termination does not exceed 0.5%.

The permissible reflection coefficient tolerances for the 100-V insertion unit are specified for 100 MHz to 2 GHz in the performance test report. These tolerances do however not include the measurement error of the test set used. Please check first what reflection coefficients you can still measure with sufficient accuracy. The following example should prove to be helpful. A test set with a directivity of 46 dB yields already an uncertainty of $\pm 0.5\%$. Together with the reflection coefficient of the termination of 0.5%, the entire test set has a measurement error of $\pm 1\%$. Therefore, only reflection coefficients $> 3\%$ can reliably be determined. Consequently, the reflection coefficient of the 100-V insertion unit can only be checked for frequencies above 1 GHz.

R&S
 100-V Insertion Unit 75 Ω URV5-Z4
 Ident No.: 395.1619.75
 Serial No.:

Date:

Name:

| Ref. No. | Characteristic | Measured to section | Min | Actual | Max | Unit |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|--------|--------|--------|------|
| 1 | Checking the linearity | 3.5.2.1 | | | | |
| | Zero adjustment |  | — | ..... | — |  |
| | 2 mV | | 1.54 | ..... | 2.46 | mV |
| | 30 mV | | 29.47 | ..... | 30.53 | mV |
| | 100 mV | | 98.47 | ..... | 101.53 | mV |
| | 0.3 V 1 MHz | | 0.2952 | ..... | 0.3048 | V |
| | 1 V | | 0.9847 | ..... | 1.0153 | V |
| | 3 V | | 2.952 | ..... | 3.048 | V |
| | 10 V | | 9.847 | ..... | 10.153 | V |
| | 100 V 200 kHz | | 98.47 | ..... | 101.53 | V |
| 2 | Checking the reflection coefficient | 3.5.2.2 | | | | |
| | 100 MHz * |  | -- | ..... | 1.5 | % |
| | 200 MHz * |  | -- | ..... | 1.5 | % |
| | 500 MHz * |  | -- | ..... | 2 | % |
| | 1 GHz |  | -- | ..... | 3 | % |
| | 1.6 GHz |  | -- | ..... | 5 | % |
| | 2.0 GHz |  | -- | ..... | 5 | % |

* Note measurement error!

3.6.1 Required Measuring Equipment and Accessories

| Ref. No. | Designation | Required specifications | R&S Type | For use, see section |
|-------------|-----------------|----------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | DC calibrator | 1 V to 400 V $\pm 0.01\%$ | | 3.6.2.1 |
| 2 | Basic unit URV5 | | | 3.6.2.1 |

3.6.2 Checking the Rated Specifications

3.6.2.1 Checking the Measurement Accuracy

The output voltage of a DC calibrator is measured with the aid of the DC Probe URV5-Z1 (Fig. 3-1).

Settings on URV5: Channel A (B) URV5-Z1
 Readout V
 Filter F2
 Autorange on

Settings on DC calibrator: 0 V $\pm 10 \mu\text{V}$
 $\pm 1 \text{ V} / +10 \text{ V} / +100 \text{ V} / +400 \text{ V} \pm 0.01\%$

The permissible tolerances are specified in the performance test report.

R&S
 DC Probe URV5-Z1
 Ident No.: 395.0512.02
 Serial No.:

Date:

Name:

| Ref. No. | Characteristic | Measured to section | Min | Actual | Max | Unit |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|---------|--------|---------|------|
| 1 | Checking the measurement accuracy | 3.6.2.1 | | | | |
| | 0 V | | -0.0005 | ..... | +0.0005 | V |
| | + 1 V | | +0.9970 | ..... | +1.0030 | V |
| | - 1 V | | -0.9970 | ..... | -1.0030 | V |
| | + 10 V | | + 9.974 | ..... | +10.026 | V |
| | +100 V | | + 99.74 | ..... | +100.26 | V |
| | +400 V | | + 397.9 | ..... | + 402.1 | V |

Due to the narrow tolerances of the RF probes, frequency response measurements are extremely difficult and should therefore only be carried out with suitable test sets.

Similar to power meters, all RF probes are calibrated to the rms value of the voltage corresponding to the incident power:

$$V = \sqrt{Z \times P_i}$$

The power P_i can be determined with the aid of corresponding test sets. The connections of the insertion units and of the probe for these measurements are shown in Fig. 3-5.

Since - unlike microwave power meters - all RF probes measure voltages, the following should be observed:

1. The reflection coefficient of the connected terminations (probes and insertion units) causes a measurement error of the same amount due to the VSWR on the test line. A reflection coefficient of 1% for instance causes a measurement error of $\pm 1\%$.
2. The distortion of the test signal causes at higher voltages measurement errors of the same order of magnitude. This is due to the characteristic of the detector, which at high voltages provides for a peak evaluation of the input signal. Therefore, either a low-distortion generator ($d < 0.5\%$) must be used for the frequency response measurements or the measurements be carried out at low level. With an input voltage of 30 mV_{rms} (300 mV_{rms} for the 100-V insertion units) this effect can be neglected.

The URV5 and the VSWR Bridge ZRB2, Mod. 52, can be combined to form an accurate and low-priced test setup for measurement of reflection coefficients in the frequency range 10 MHz to 2 GHz (Fig. 3-6). Due to the high directivity of the VSWR bridge (> 46 dB), the measurement error for low reflection coefficients is only $\pm(0.5\% + 10\%$ of rdg). The test setup is therefore suitable for checking the reflection coefficient of URV5 probes from approximately 500 MHz and above. The output power of the sweep generator may be between 0 and +26 dBm.

In the test setup according to Fig. 3-6 the URV5 measures the ratio of reflected and incident power and reads out the result as reflection coefficient or return loss. The reflected power is determined by means of the power sensor in the main measurement channel (B in Fig. 3-6), the incident power by means of the 100-V insertion unit in the second channel. Since even with total reflection only part of the input power will be transmitted to the bridge output, the transmission loss must also be considered in the measurement. The transmission loss is 13 dB and almost independent of frequency. The transmission loss is entered as attenuation correction value +13 dB for the main measurement channel (section 2.3.5.3). In both channels the selected unit is V. In the relative readout mode X/REF the reflection coefficient is directly indicated ($1\% = 0.01$), in the Δ dB mode the return loss (in dB). It is not recommended to determine the transmission loss by means of a short circuit or open circuit, since with reflection coefficients $> 30\%$ the VSWR at the bridge input and, hence, the measurement error strongly increases.

URV5 settings tabularized:

| | Channel B | Channel A |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| Autorange | on | on |
| Unit | V | V |
| Measurement speed | F2 | F2 |
| Attenuation correction | +13 dB | ----- |
| Relative readout | Δ EXT X/REF (Δ dB) | |

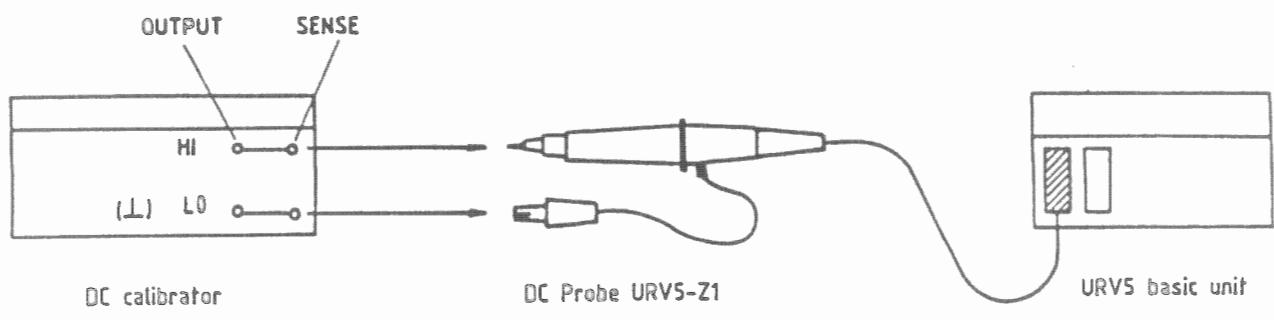


Fig. 3-1 Checking the DC measurement accuracy

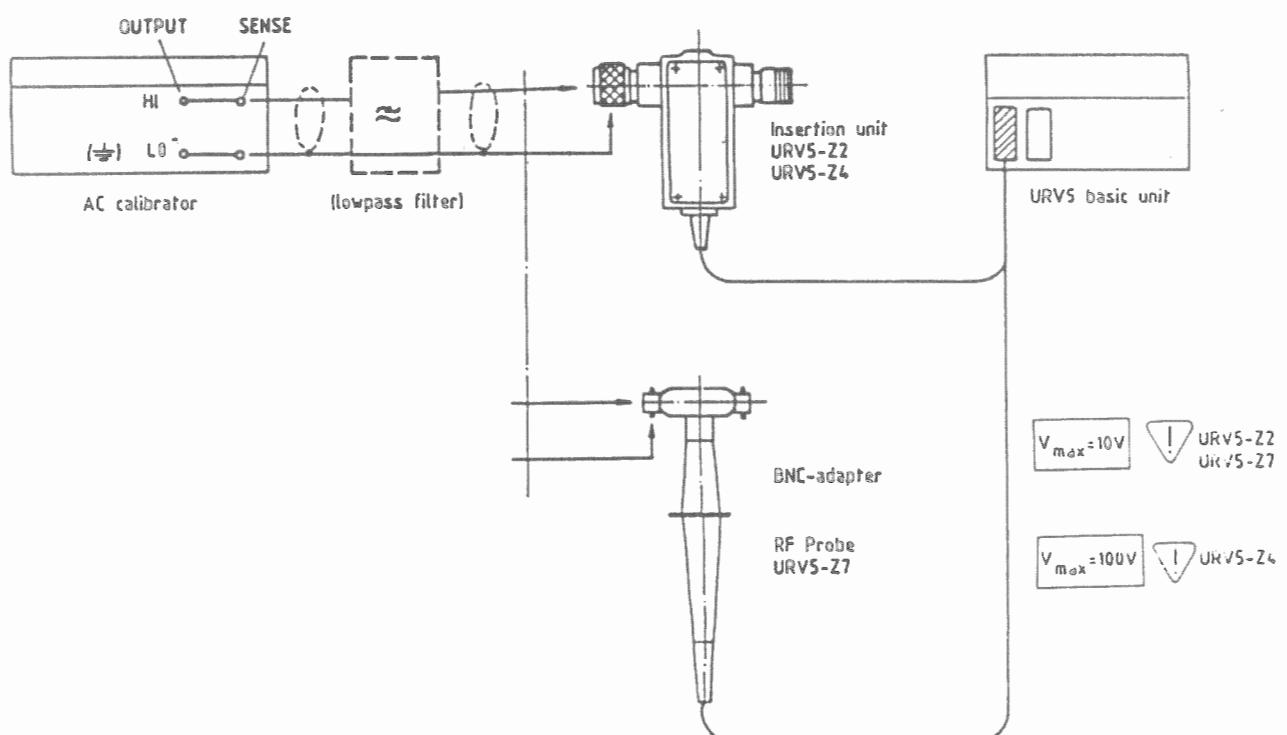


Fig. 3-2 Checking the AC measurement accuracy

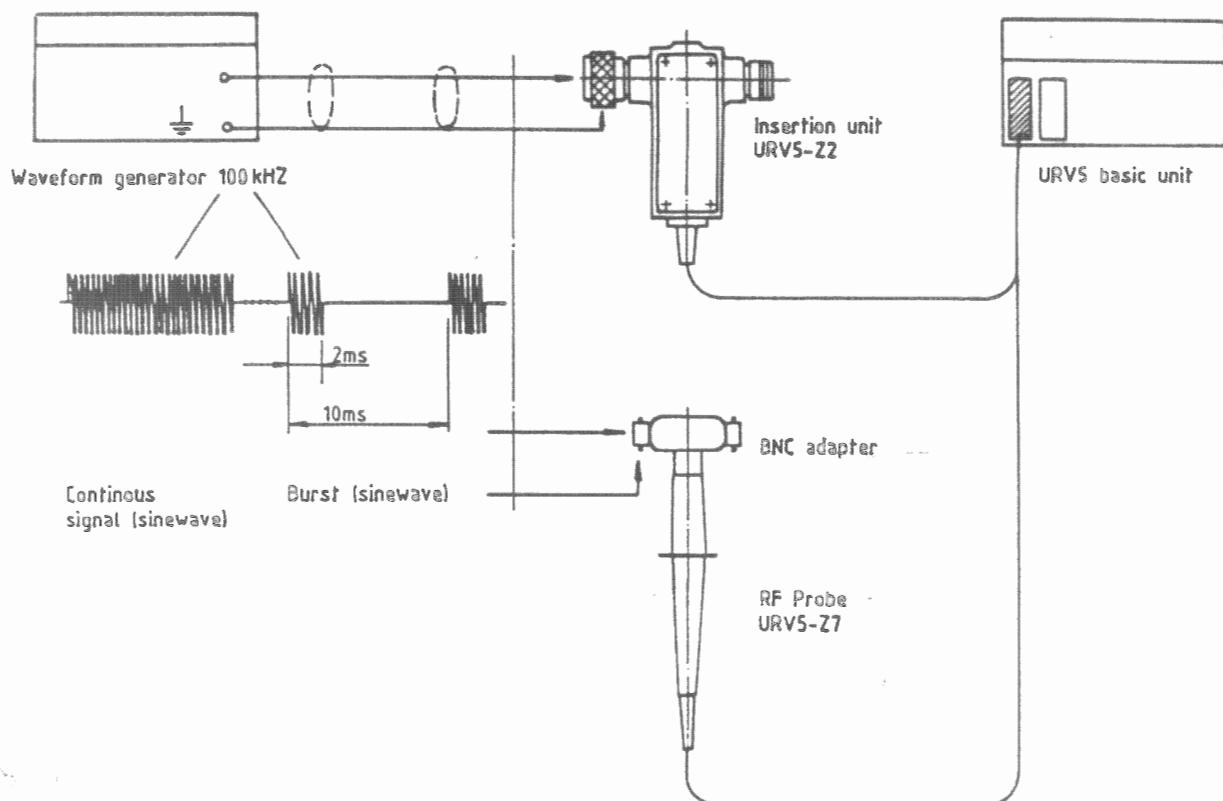


Fig. 3-3 Checking the PEAK (PEP) function

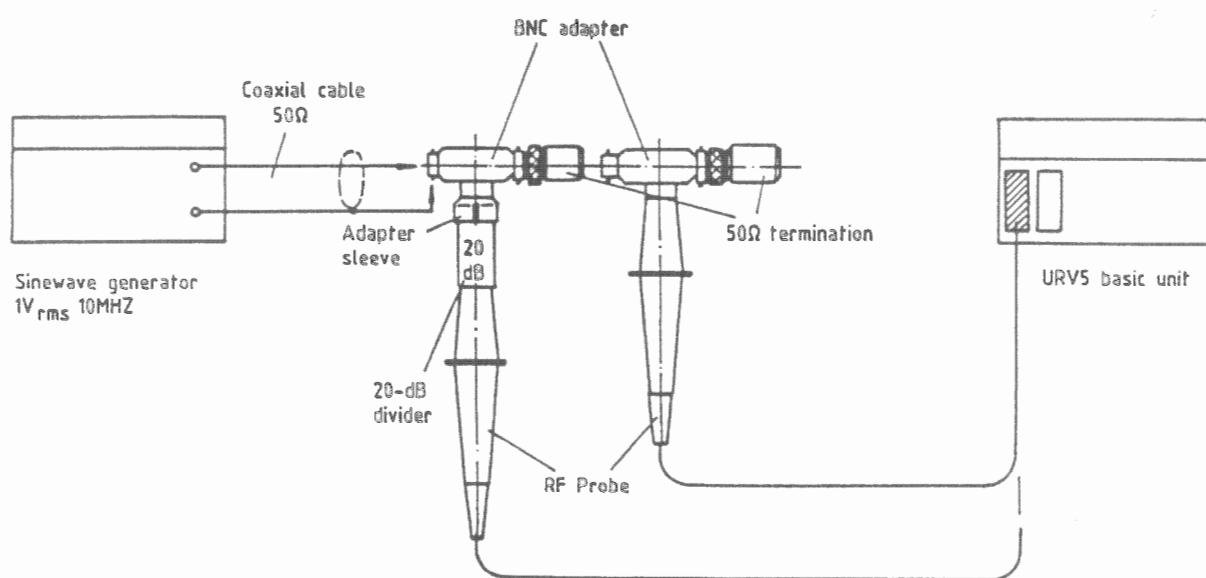


Fig. 3-4 Checking the input capacitance

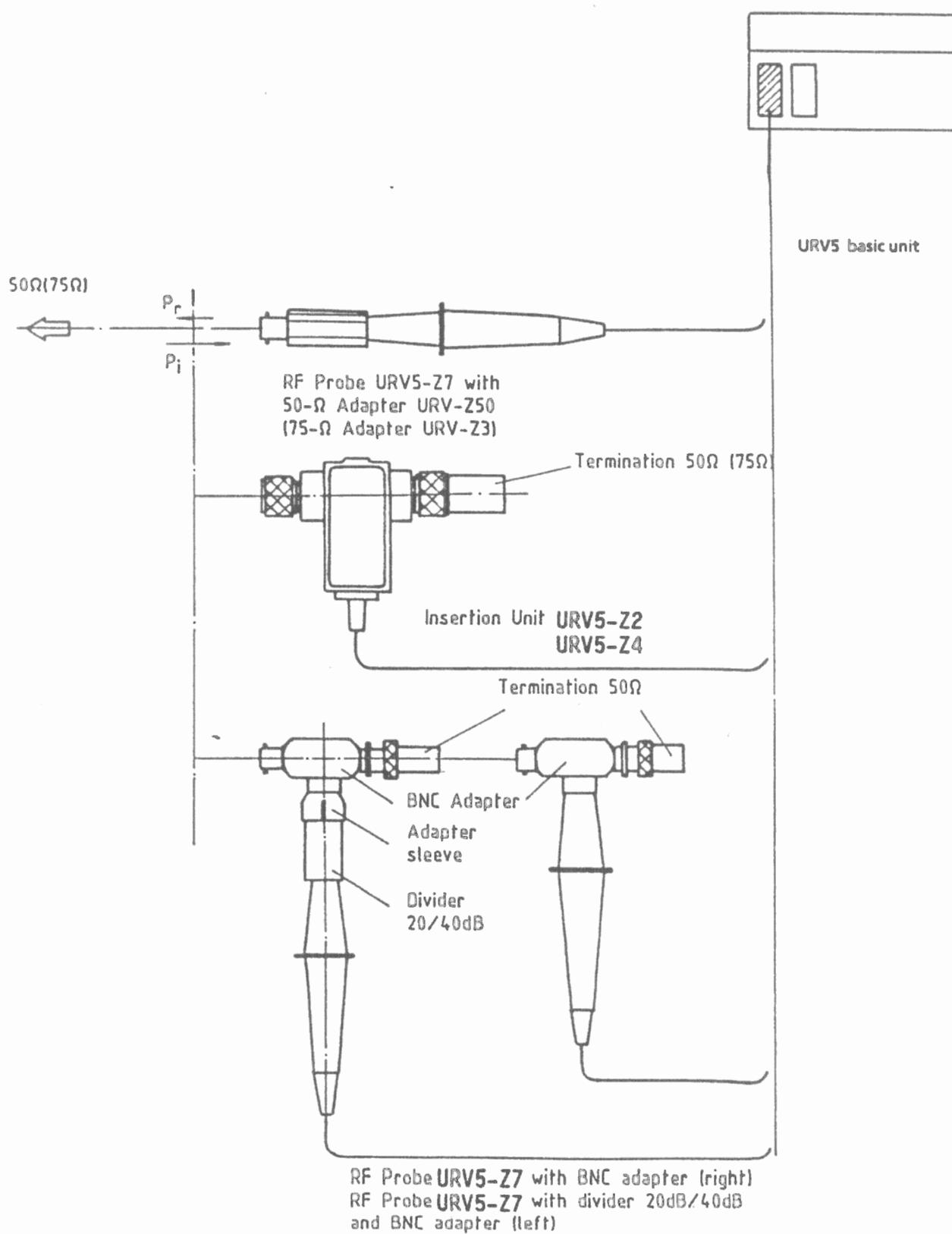


Fig. 3-5 Connection of RF probes for frequency response measurements

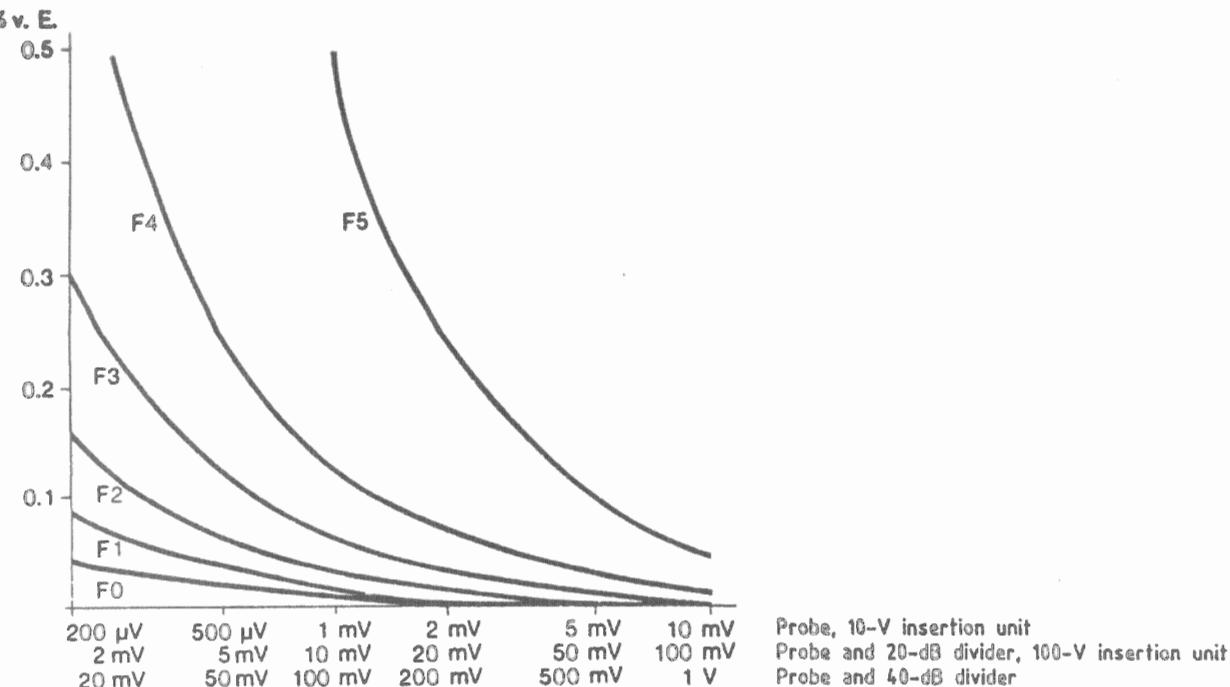


Fig. 2-11 Display noise

The display noise increases with the speed of the measurement.

Fig. 2-11 shows a group of typical curves for the various RF probes and insertion units.

2.3.9 Secondary Function Level

The secondary function level of the keyboard - blue markings on the keys - is used for entering data, such as reference value for relative value indication, correction values and for calling up the special functions (key 7 SPEC), e.g. calibration or input of the IEC-bus address. Switchover between the two function levels is effected by means of key 8 SHIFT, whose LED lights when the secondary functions are activated, while the LEDs in all other keys - except for the LEDs indicating the selected channel - go out. The measured value indicated last remains in the display. During the entry the entire measurement section of the instrument operates as usual and autoranging also remains operative.

If prior to the switchover to the secondary function level a reference or correction value has been indicated, the entered unit and the value remain in the display for correction.

4.1.5 Measuring Heads

(See Fig. 4-1 and circuit diagrams 395.0512 S, 395.2680 S, 395.1019 S and 395.1619 S)

The 12-way connector of each measuring head contains a data memory, in which all characteristics and correction values required for the measurement are stored. The data are read out either when the instrument is switched on or when a probe is exchanged. For this purpose the data memory is first connected to the 5-V supply of the analog board via relay K101 and its content is then read out in serial form. The EPROM D12 is addressed via the two cascaded counters D11 and D10 by increasing the address by one after every 8 clock pulses. The parallel-serial conversion of the addressed 8-bit word is effected in the multiplexer D13 which upon each clock pulse (X10.7) addresses the next higher bit. The two counters D10/D11 are reset by logic H via X10.9 at the beginning of the read-out process. The "chip enable" for the EPROM D12 (logic L) is also effected via X10.9. The data memories are driven by the addressable latch D101 on the analog board. The clock pulses are jointly produced for both probes (D101.10), reset/chip enable separately, i.e. for channel A at terminal D101.9, for channel B at terminal D101.11. The outputs of the data memories are taken separately for the two channels to the multiplexer (26) (D508).

With the aid of the probe detector (27) it is possible to recognize whether a probe has been inserted in the basic unit or removed from it. The probe detector basically consists of an R/S flipflop for each of the channels A and B, which with non-operative channel is set by the corresponding pull-up resistor (R523, R524). With a probe inserted, the set input is kept at logic L level via the resistor R13 (data memory).

4.1.5.1 RF Probe URV5-Z7

The RF probe is made up of a full-wave rectifier which is capacitively coupled to the test input and supplies two rectified voltages of the same amount but with opposite polarity. The rectified voltages are further boosted in the basic unit by the probe amplifiers A or B. In order to compensate for the relatively strong temperature-dependence of the rectifier diodes, the temperature is measured in the vicinity of the rectifier diodes by means of the sensor V3 and is then considered in the microprocessor calculations. V3 acts like a Zener diode with temperature-dependent break-down voltage and is cyclically switched on only for a few milliseconds (N503.2) in order to minimize errors caused by selfheating.

4.1.5.1.1 20-/40-dB Dividers

The dividers that can be plugged onto the probe tip form in conjunction with the input capacitance of the probe a capacitive divider. Due to the greater base capacitance the 40-dB divider can already be used at 500 kHz, whereas the 20-dB divider can only be used at 1 MHz and above. The dividers are preferably used for measuring high voltages or for measurements with low load capacitance. The input capacitance of the probe with 40-dB divider is 0.5 pF only, with 20-dB divider it is 1 pF. (this is without BNC adapter).

4.1.5.1.2 50-/75- Ω Adapters

With the aid of the two adapters and the RF probe, low-reflection RF voltage measurements can be carried out in 50-/75- Ω systems. The adapters contain a 50-/75- Ω termination which is connected to the inner and outer conductor and to which the probe tip is connected via matching pads. The reflection coefficients specified for the adapters are only valid with the probe inserted.

4.1.5.2 10-V Insertion Unit URV5-Z2

This measuring head is of similar design as the RF probe. It mainly differs in the greater frequency range. The lower measurement limit is reduced to approx. 9 kHz by the coupling capacitance of 10 nF.

4.1.5.3 100-V Insertion Units URV5-Z4

In these measuring heads a capacitive divider designed as tubular divider is connected ahead of the rectifier. Due to the low base capacitance resulting from the circuit design, the lower frequency limit is higher than for the probe and 10-V insertion unit.

4.1.5.4 DC Probe URV5-Z1

The DC probe contains a 9-M Ω precision resistor as input resistance for the inverting amplifier (20).



ROHDE & SCHWARZ

Liste mechanischer Teile

List of mechanical parts

Bilder zur Liste mechanischer Teile

Figures pertaining to list of mechanical parts



| Lfd. Nr. | Kenn- zeichen | Stück- zahl | Benennung/Beschreibung | Sachnummer |
|-------------|------------------|----------------|---|-------------|
| No. | Unit/ Comp.No | Qty | Designation | Stock No. |
| 80 | | 1 | FR 3 pol. Transistorfassung für TO3 3-way transistor socket | FR 513.3343 |
| 81 | N1 | 1 | BO Spannungsregler +5 V LM 323 K Voltage regulator +5 V | BO 342.1672 |
| 82 | | 2 | VS Zylinderschraube 6-32 UNCX 5/8" A1 Cheese-head screw | 517.8179 |
| 83 | | 2 | 3,5 DIN 137 | VS 005.0309 |
| 84 | | 1 | VL Lötöse für M6 Soldering lug for M6 | VL 034.9930 |
| 85 | W2 | 1 | Kabel enth. in lfd. Nr. 28 Cable incl. in No. 28 | 395.0258 |
| 86 | | 1 | MP Verschlußstopfen Stopper | 336.7208 |
| 87 | | 1. | MP Verschlußstopfen Stopper | 545.3410 |
| 100 | | 1 | Kabel Cable | 395.1160 |
| 101 | | 1 | ED Datenspeicher Data memory | 395.2915.02 |
| 102 | | 1 | MZ Kontaktfeder Contact spring | 395.0658 |
| 103 | | 1 | Unterteil, metallisiert Bottom plate, metal-coated | 395.0612 |
| 104 | | 1 | Oberteil, metallisiert Top plate, metal-coated | 395.0635 |

| Lfd. Nr. | Kenn- zeichen | Stück- zahl | Benennung/Beschreibung | Sachnummer |
|-------------|------------------|----------------|--|-------------|
| No. | Unit/ Comp.No | Qty | Designation | Stock No. |
| 105 | | 1 | M 2x10 DIN 7985 A4 | VS 081.8942 |
| 106 | | 1 | M 2 DIN 934 A4 | VS 061.5225 |
| 107 | | 4 | M 2x6 DIN 7985 A4 | VS 081.8920 |
| 110 | X22 | 1 | FJ Umrüststecker Dezifix B/ Syst.-N, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/N, 50 Ω | 395.1954 |
| | | 1 | FJ Umrüststecker Dezifix B/ Syst.-N, 75 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/N, 75 Ω | 017.7655 |
| 111 | X21 | 1 | FJ Umrüstschnittstelle Dezifix B/ Syst.-N, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/N, 50 Ω | 017.5398 |
| | | 1 | FJ Umrüstschnittstelle Dezifix B/ Syst.-N, 75 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/N, 75 Ω | 017.5446 |
| 115 | | 1 | Deckel, URV5-Z2 VAR 55 Cover plate (URV5-Z2, model 55) | 395.1219 |
| | | 1 | Deckel, URV5-Z4 VAR 55 Cover plate (URV5-Z4, model 55) | 395.1719 |
| | | 1 | Deckel, URV5-Z4 VAR 75 Cover plate (URV5-Z4, model 75) | 395.1725 |
| 116 | | 4 | M 2x4 DIN 7985 A4 | VS 081.8913 |

| Lfd. Nr. No. | Kenn- zeichen Unit/ Comp.No | Stück- zahl Qty | Benennung/Beschreibung Designation | Sachnummer Stock No. |
|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------|--|-------------------------|
| 120 | | 2 | FB Umrüststecker Dezifix B, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B, 50 Ω | 018.2486 |
| | | 2 | FB Umrüststecker Dezifix B, 75 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B, 75 Ω | 018.2592 |
| 122 | | 2 | FA Umrüststecker Dezifix B/ Dezifix A, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/ Dezifix A, 50 Ω | 018.1915 |
| 124 | | 2 | FA Umrüststecker Dezifix B/ Precifix A, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/ Precifix A, 50 Ω | 018.1980 |
| 126 | | 1 | FK Umrüstbuchse Dezifix B/4,1/ 9,5, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/4.1/9.5, 50 Ω | 017.8516 |
| 127 | | 1 | FK Umrüststecker Dezifix B/ 4,1/9,5, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/4.1/9.5, 50 Ω | 017.9106 |

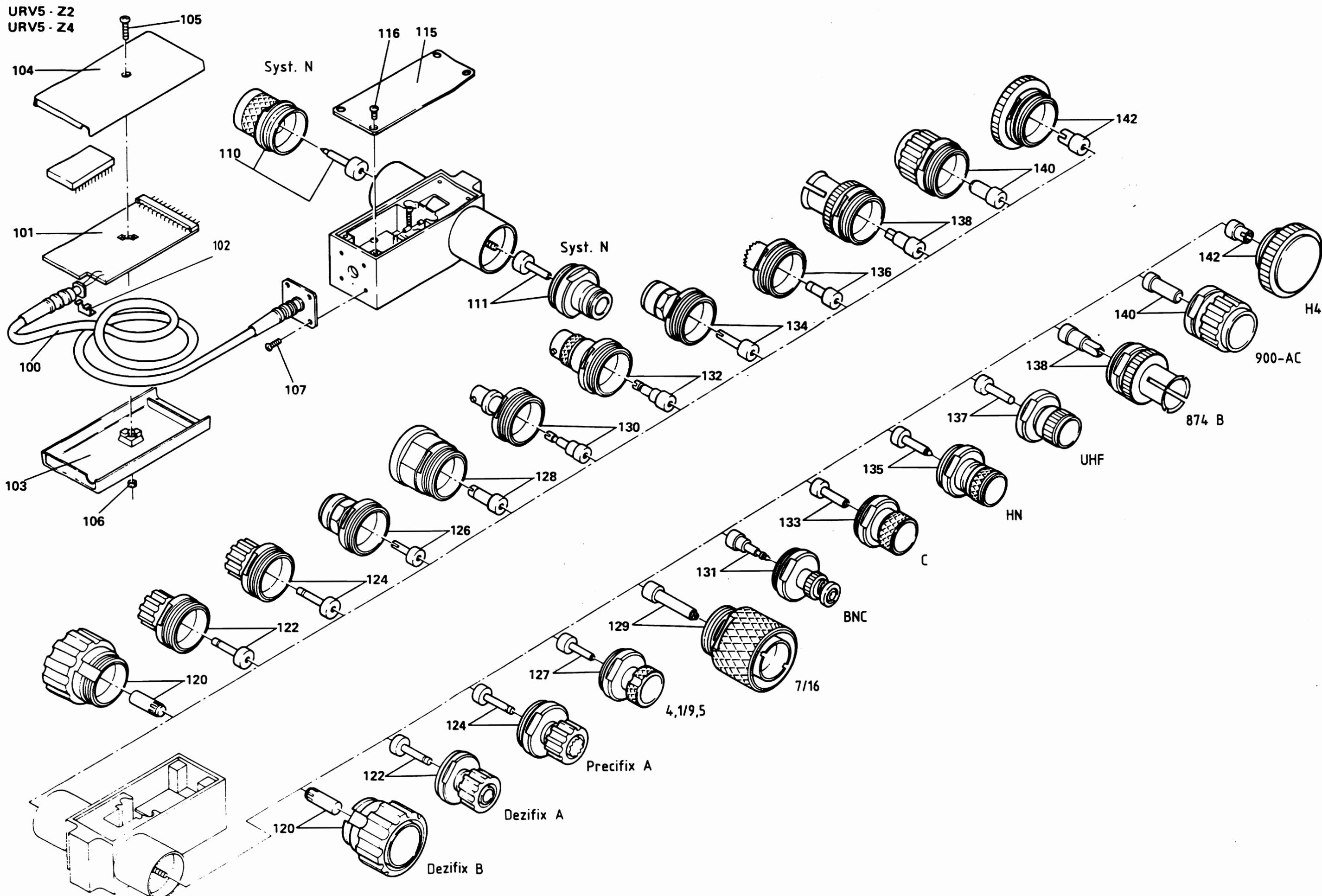
| Lfd. Nr. | Kenn- zeichen | Stück- zahl | Benennung/Beschreibung | Sachnummer |
|-------------|------------------|----------------|--|------------|
| No. | Unit/ Comp.No | Qty | Designation | Stock No. |
| 128 | | 1 | FK Umrüstbuchse Dezifix B/ Syst. 7/16, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/ conn. 7/16, 50 Ω | 017.8739 |
| 129 | | 1 | FK Umrüststecker Dezifix B/ Syst. 7/16, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/ conn. 7/16, 50 Ω | 017.9258 |
| 130 | | 1 | FJ Umrüstbuchse Dezifix B/BNC, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/BNC, 50 Ω | 017.5730 |
| | | 1 | FJ Umrüstbuchse Dezifix B/BNC, 75 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/BNC, 75 Ω | 017.5846 |
| 131 | | 1 | FJ Umrüststecker Dezifix B/BNC 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/BNC, 50 Ω | 017.7832 |
| 132 | | 1 | FJ Umrüstbuchse Dezifix B/C, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/C, 50 Ω | 017.5530 |
| | | 1 | FJ Umrüstbuchse Dezifix B/C, 75 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/C, 75 Ω | 017.5575 |

| Lfd. Nr. | Kenn- zeichen | Stück- zahl | Benennung/Beschreibung | Sachnummer |
|-------------|------------------|----------------|---|------------|
| No. | Unit/ Comp.No | Qty | Designation | Stock No. |
| 133 | | 1 | FJ Umrüststecker Dezifix B/C, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/C, 50 Ω | 017.7761 |
| 134 | | 1 | FJ Umrüstbuchse Dezifix B/HN, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/HN, 50 Ω | 017.5998 |
| 135 | | 1 | FJ Umrüststecker Dezifix B/HN, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/HN, 50 Ω | 017.7978 |
| 136 | | 1 | FJ Umrüstbuchse Dezifix B/UHF, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/UHF, 50 Ω | 017.5217 |
| | | 1 | FJ Umrüstbuchse Dezifix B/UHF, 75 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/UHF, 75 Ω | 017.5252 |
| 137 | | 1 | FJ Umrüststecker Dezifix B/UHF 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/UHF, 50 Ω | 017.7384 |
| 138 | | 2 | FJ Umrüststecker Dezifix B/ Syst. 874B, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/874B syst., 50 Ω | 017.9564 |
| 140 | | 2 | FJ Umrüststecker Dezifix B/ 900-AC, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/900-AC, 50 Ω | 017.9706 |
| 142 | | 2 | FJ Umrüststecker Dezifix B/ Syst. H4, 50 Ω-Ausführung Adapter Dezifix B/H4 syst., 50 Ω | 017.9835 |

| Lfd. Nr. | Kenn- zeichen | Stück- zahl | Benennung/Beschreibung | Sachnummer |
|-------------|------------------|----------------|---|-------------|
| No. | Unit/ Comp.No | Qty | Designation | Stock No. |
| 170 | | 1 | Zubehörsatz Set of accessories | 395.0564 |
| 171 | | 1 | ED Datenspeicher Data memory | 395.2915.03 |
| 172 | | 1 | MZ Kontaktfeder Contact spring | 395.0658 |
| 173 | | 1 | Unterteil, metallisiert Bottom plate, metal-coated | 395.0612 |
| 174 | | 1 | Oberteil, metallisiert Top plate. metal-coated | 395.0635 |
| 175 | | 1 | M 2x10 DIN 7985 A4 | VS 081.8942 |
| 176 | | 1 | M 2 DIN 934 A4 | VS 061.5225 |
| 181 | | 1 | ED Datenspeicher Data memory | 395.2915.02 |
| 182 | | 1 | MZ Kontaktfeder Contact spring | 395.0658 |
| 183 | | 1 | Unterteil, metallisiert Bottom plate, metal-coated | 395.0612 |
| 184 | | 1 | Oberteil, metallisiert Top plate, metal-coated | 395.0635 |
| 185 | | 1 | M 2x10 DIN 7985 A4 | VS 081.8942 |
| 186 | | 1 | M 2 DIN 934 A4 | VS 061.5225 |
| 190 | | 1 | Masseband Earth ribbon | 243.9053 |
| 191 | | 1 | Massekabel Earth cable | 241.0620 |

| Lfd. Nr. | Kenn- zeichen | Stück- zahl | Benennung/Beschreibung | Sachnummer |
|-------------|------------------|----------------|---|-------------|
| No. | Unit/ Comp.No | Qty | Designation | Stock No. |
| 192 | | 1 | Massehülse Earth sleeve | 241.0688 |
| 193 | | 1 | Hakenspitze Hook tip | 265.4631 |
| 194 | | 1 | Anlötspitze Solder tip | 265.4648 |
| 195 | | 1 | Zubehörkasten (ohne Zubehör) Case for accessories (without accessories) | 395.2980 |
| 196 | | 2 | Massehülse Earth sleeve | 241.1649 |
| 197 | | 1 | Vorsteckteiler 20 dB 20-dB divider | 241.1510 |
| 198 | | 1 | Vorsteckteiler 40 dB 40-dB divider | 241.1710 |
| 200 | | 1 | URV-Z3 75 Ω-Adapter 75-Ω adapter | 243.9118.70 |
| 201 | | 1 | FK Übergang Uni 9 / BNC enth. in lfd. Nr.200 Adapter Uni 9 / BNC incl. in No.200 | 243.9282. |
| 202 | | 1 | FK Übergang Uni 9 1,6/5,6 enth. in lfd. Nr.200 Adapter Uni 9 - 1.6/5.6 incl. in No.200 | |
| 203 | | 1 | FK Übergang Uni 9 2,5/6 enth. in lfd. Nr.200 Adapter Uni 9 - 2.5/6 incl. in No.200 | 243.9260 |

| Lfd. Nr. | Kenn- zeichen | Stück- zahl | Benennung/Beschreibung | Sachnummer |
|-------------|------------------|----------------|---|-------------|
| No. | Unit/ Comp.No | Qty | Designation | Stock No. |
| 204 | | 1 | URV-Z50 50 Ω-Adapter 50-Ω adapter | 394.9816.50 |
| 205 | | 1 | FJ Kupplung BNC - ST/ST enth. in lfd. Nr.204 Adapter BNC - ST/ST incl. in No.204 | FJ 018.4620 |
| 206 | | 1 | BNC-Adapter BNC adapter | 241.1110.02 |
| 207 | | 1 | Reduzierhülse enth. in lfd. Nr.206 Matching sleeve incl. in No.206 | 241.1278 |



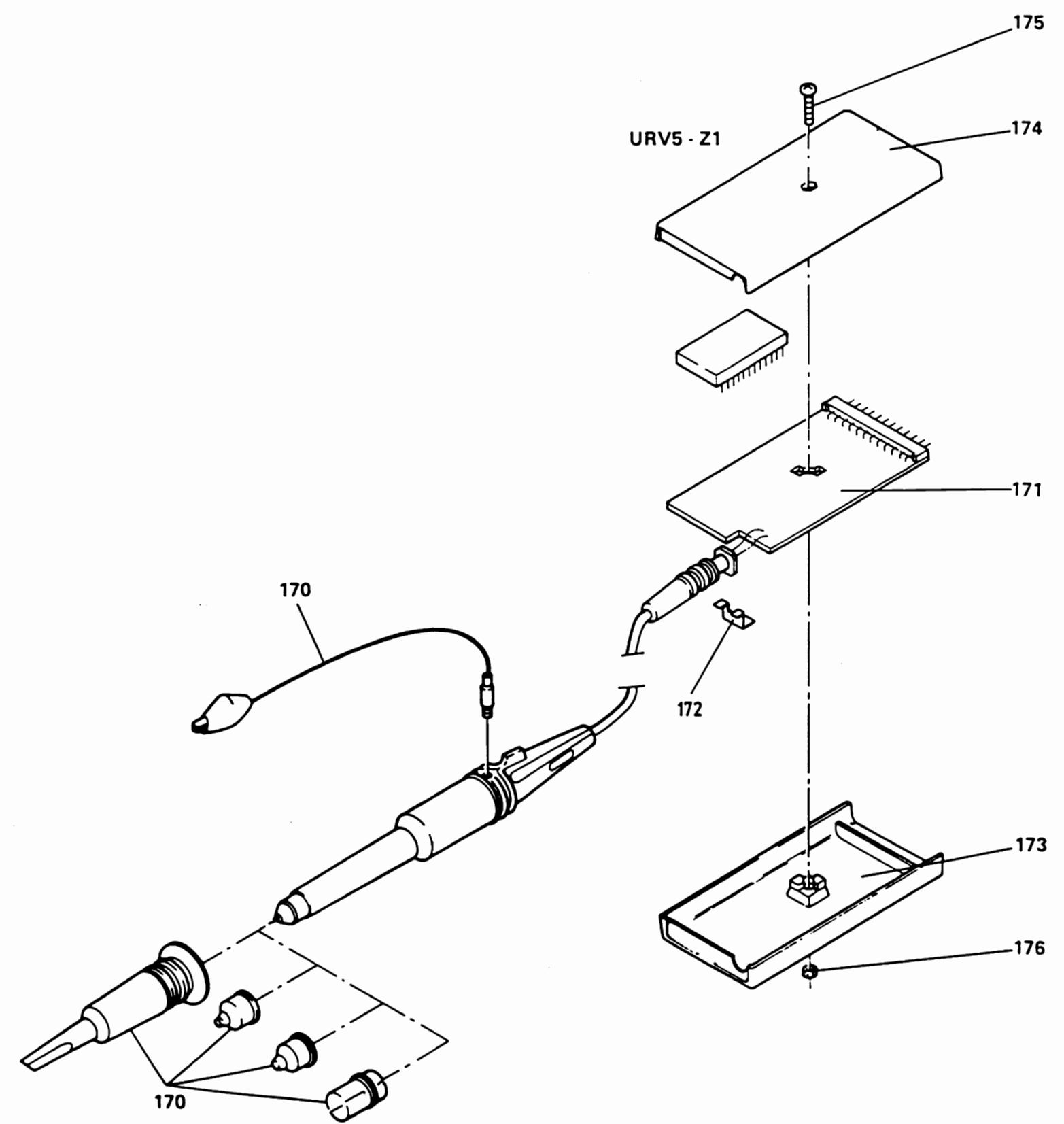
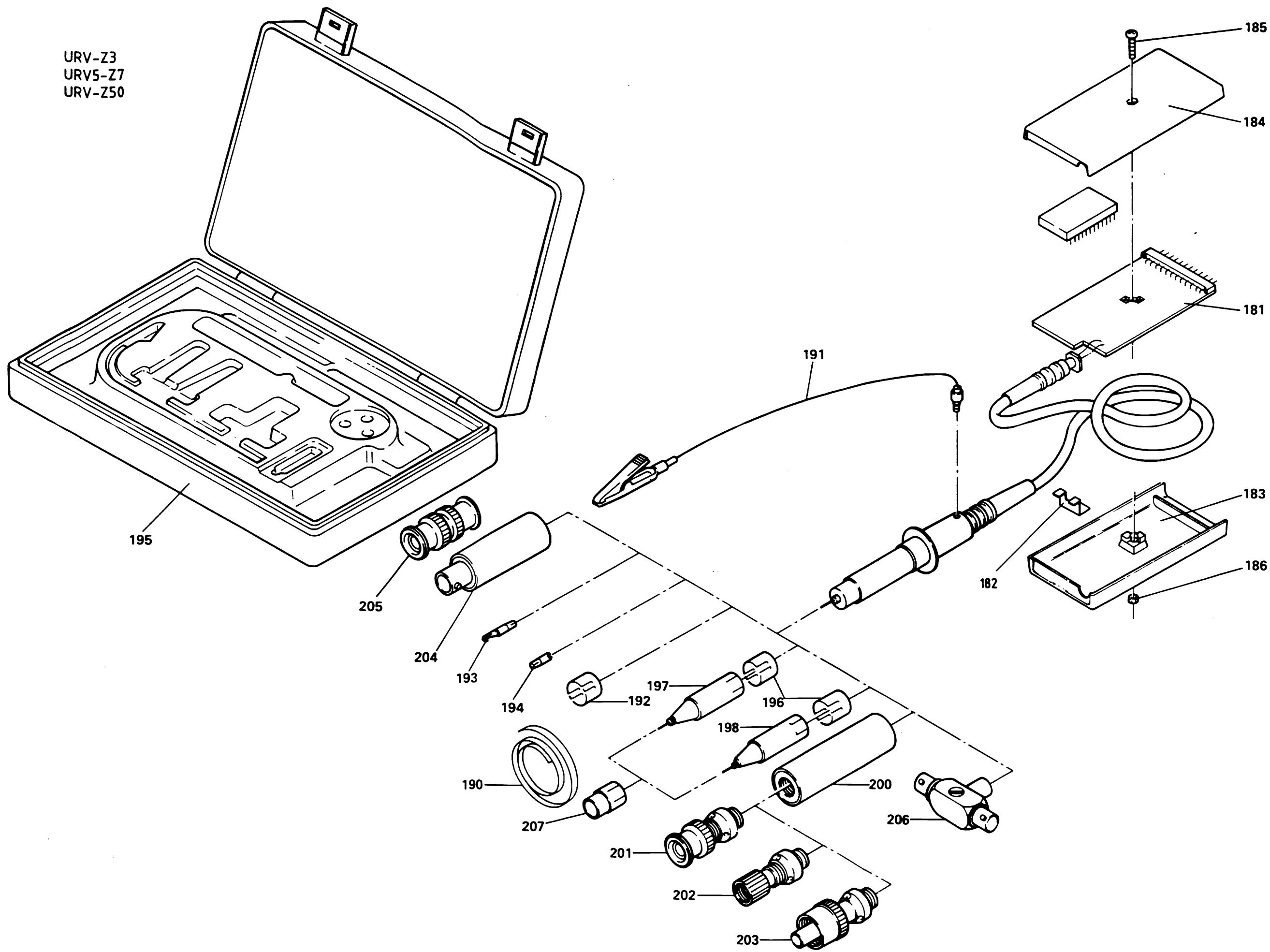
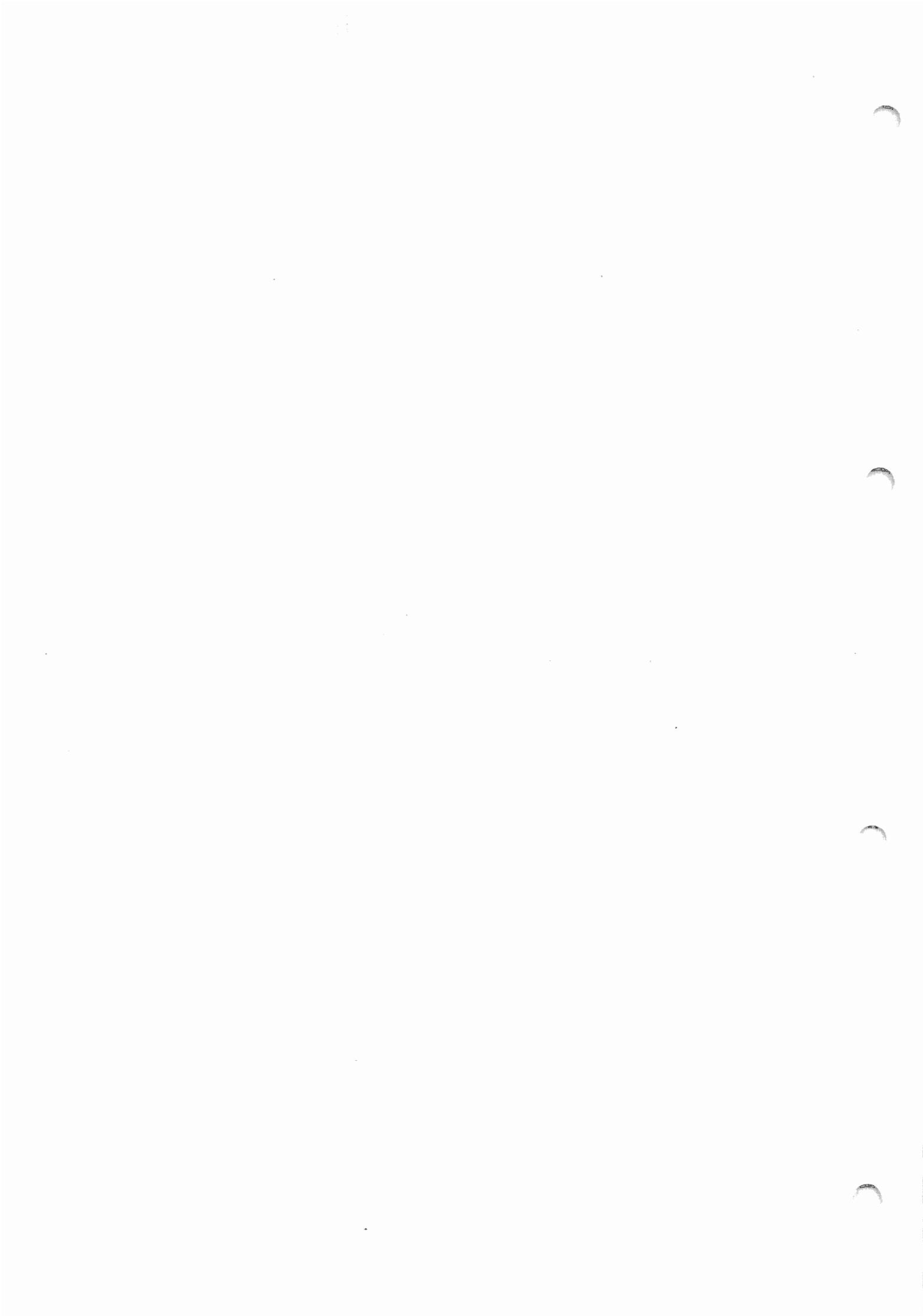


Bild 4 - 14

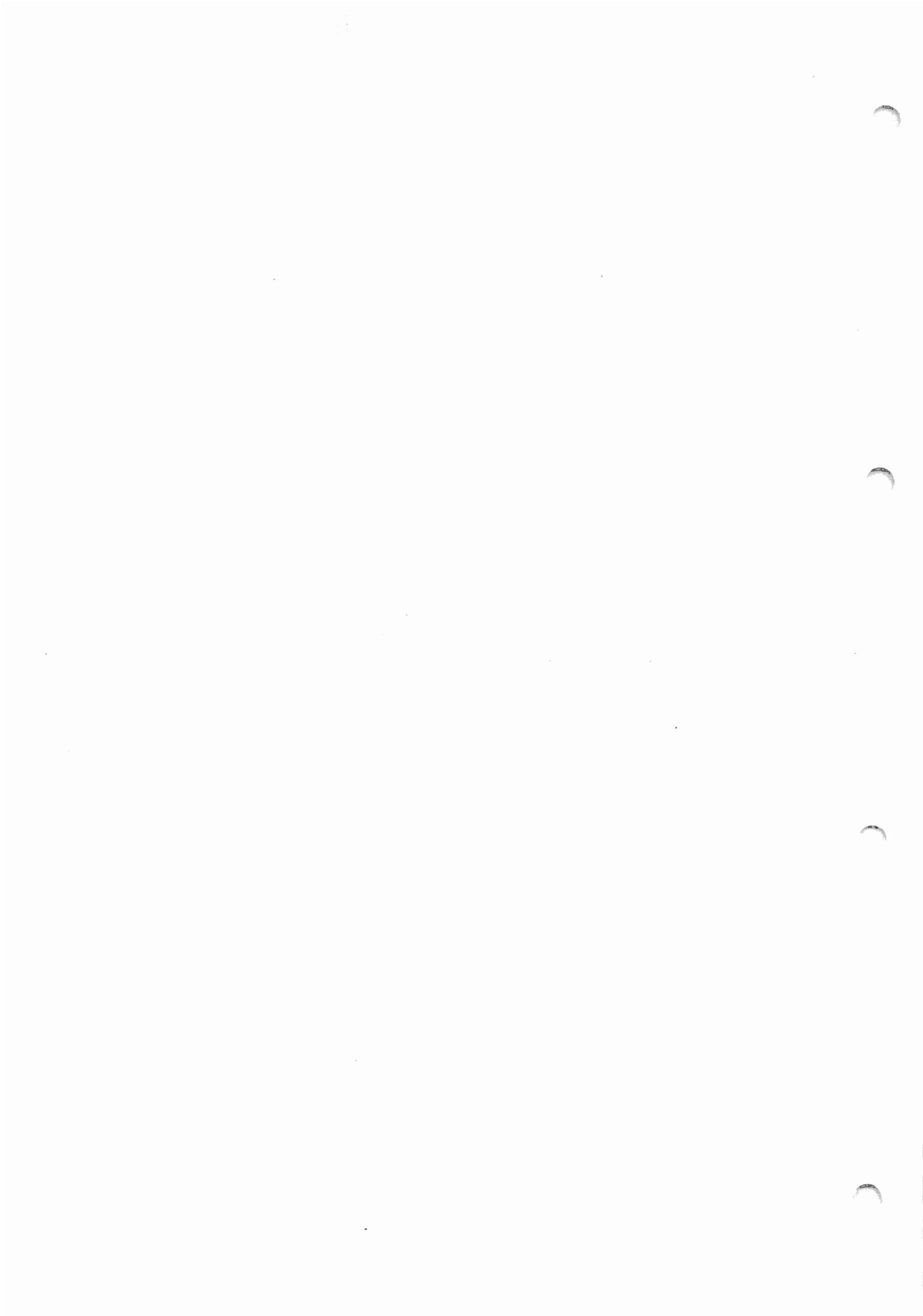
Fig 4 - 14

URV-Z3
URV5-Z7
URV-Z50





**Schaltteillisten
Stromläufe
Bestückungspläne
Part lists
Circuit diagrams
Components plans
Listes des pièces détachées
Schémas de Circuit
Plans des composants**





ROHDE & SCHWARZ

R&S-Schlüsselliste

R&S key list

Liste des symboles de référence R&S

Die R&S-Schalteillisten nennen in der Spalte "Benennung/Beschreibung" die technischen Daten der Bauelemente in Kurzform. Die Art des Bauelements (z.B. Schicht-, Draht-Widerstand usw.) beschreiben die 2 Kennbuchstaben vor der "Benennung" (evtl. auch vor der "Sachnummer"), die nachfolgend erklärt werden. In Ersatzteil-Bestellungen an R&S ist stets die Angabe der vollständigen Sachnummer erforderlich.

The R&S Parts Lists give the technical data of the components in short form in the column "Benennung/Beschreibung" (designation). The type of component (e.g. depos.-carbon resistor, wire-wound resistor etc.) is indicated by 2 identification letters before the designation, possibly also before the "Sachnummer" (order number), which are explained below. When ordering spare parts from R&S, the complete order number must always be specified.

La colonne «Désignation/description» des listes de pièces de R&S indique les caractéristiques des éléments sous forme abrégée. Le type d'élément (p. ex. résistance à couche, résistance bobinée etc. ...) est décrit par les deux lettres précédant la désignation (et éventuellement le numéro de référence), dont voici l'explication. Prière d'indiquer le numéro de référence («Sachnummer») complet dans toute commande de pièces de rechange.

| Teilefamilie | Art des Bauelementes | Parts family | Type of component | Familie | Type d'élément |
|---|---|--|-------------------|---|----------------|
| A Aktive Bauelemente, Halbleiter | | A Active components, semiconductors | | A Composants actifs, semiconducteurs | |
| AD Universaldiode, z.B. Gleichrichter, Sperrdiode | AD General-purpose diode, e.g. rectifier, high-resistance diode | AD Diode d'usage général, p.ex. redresseur, diode à haute résistance | | | |
| AE Spezialdiode, z.B. Tunnel-, Kapazitäts-, Zener-Diode | AE Diode (special), e.g. tunnel diode, varactor, Zener diode | AE Diode spéciale, p.ex. diode tunnel, varactor, diode Zener | | | |
| AF Fotohalbleiter, z.B. Foto-Diode, -Transistor, -Widerstand, Leuchtdiode | AF Photo-semiconductor, e.g. resistor, diode, transistor, LED | AF Semiconducteur photoélectrique, p.ex. diode, transistor, résistance photoél., DEL | | | |
| AG Leistungs-Gleichrichter, z.B. Thyristor, Triac, Selengleichrichter | AG Power rectifier, e.g. thyristor, triac, selenium rectifier | AG Redresseur de puissance, p.ex. thyristor, triac, redresseur, au sélénium | | | |
| AK Kleinsignal-Transistor | AK Small-signal transistor | AK Transistor faible puissance | | | |
| AL Leistungs-Transistor | AL High-power transistor | AL Transistor grande puissance | | | |
| AM Spezial-Transistor, z.B. FET, MOSFET | AM Transistor (special), e.g. FET, MOS-FET | AM Transistor spécial, p.ex. TEC, MOSTEC | | | |
| AP Peltier-, Hall-Element | AP Peltier element, Hall element | AP Element Peltier, élément Hall | | | |
| AR Röhre für Empfänger, Verstärker, Gleichrichter | AR Valve for receiver, amplifier, rectifier | AR Tube pour récepteur, amplificateur, redresseur | | | |
| AS Spezialröhre, z.B. Senderöhre, EW-Widerstand, Stabilisator | AS Valve (special), e.g. for transmitter, varactor, ballast valve | AS Tube (spécial), p.ex. pour émetteur, résistance fer-hydrogène, ballast | | | |
| AT Katodenstrahlröhre, z.B. Bildröhre, Ziffern-Anzeigeröhre | AT Cathode ray tube, e.g. picture tube, digital indicator tube | AT Tube à rayon cathodique, p.ex. tube à image, tube à affichage numérique | | | |
| AZ Zubehör für Halbleiter u. Röhren | AZ Accessories for semiconductors and valves | AZ Accessoires pour semiconducteurs et tubes | | | |
| B Bausteine | | B PC boards, chips | | B Cartes imprimées, puces | |
| BC Integr. Schaltkreis (Microcomp.) | BC Integrated circuit (interface, A/D) | BC Circuit intégré (microprocesseur) | | | |
| BD R&S-Dünnschicht- und Dickschichtschaltung | BD R&S thinfilm or thickfilm circuit | BD Circuit R&S à couche mince ou épaisse | | | |
| BG R&S-spezifische Gate-Arrays | BG R&S gate arrays | BG Circuits intégrés prédiffusés R&S | | | |
| BJ Integrierter Schaltkreis (Interface, A/D-Wandler) | BJ Integrated circuit (interface, A/D converter) | BJ Circuit intégré (interface, convertisseur A/N) | | | |
| BL Log. Schaltkreis z.B. DTL, TTL, HTL, ECL, C-MOS | BL Logic circuit, e.g. DTL, TTL, HTL, ECL, C-MOS | BL Circuit logique, p.ex. DTL, TTL, HTL, ECL, C-MOS | | | |
| BM Hybridbaustein, z.B. Mischer, Tuner, Modulator | BM Hybrid chip, e.g. mixer, tuner, modulator | BM Puce hybride, p.ex. mélangeur, tuner, modulateur | | | |
| BO Analogschaltkreis, z.B. Operationsverstärker | BO Analog circuit, e.g. operational amplifier | BO Circuit analogique, p.ex. amplificateur opérationnel | | | |
| BP Optoelektronischer Baustein, z.B. Anzeigeeinheit, Koppler | BP Optoelectronic component, e.g. display, coupler | BP Composant optoélectronique, p.ex. afficheur, coupleur | | | |
| BS Schalt- und Steuerbaustein, elektronischer Sensor | BS Switching and control modul, electronic sensor | BS Modul de commutation et de commande, sonde électronique | | | |
| BV Stromversorgung, Übersp.-Schutz | BV Power pack, protective circuit | BV Alimentation, protection surcharge | | | |
| BZ Zubehör | BZ Accessories | BZ Accessoires | | | |

| Tekst-familie | Art des Bauteilelementes | Parts family | Type of component | Familie | Type d'élément |
|---------------|---|--------------|---|----------|---|
| C | Kondensatoren | C | Capacitors | C | Condensateurs |
| CB | Bypass-, Durchf.-Kondensator | CB | Bypass capacitor, feed-through capacitor | CB | Condensateur bypass, condensateur de traversée |
| CC | Keramischer Kondensator | CC | Ceramic capacitor | CC | Condensateur céramique |
| CD | Drehkondensator | CD | Variable capacitor | CD | Condensateur variable |
| CE | Elektrolytkondensator | CE | Electrolytic capacitor | CE | Condensateur électrolytique |
| CG | Glimmerkondensator | CG | Mica capacitor | CG | Condensateur au mica |
| CH | Sperrsichtkondensator | CH | Semiconductor capacitor | CH | Condensateur semiconducteur |
| CK | Kunstfolienkondensator | CK | Synthetic-foil capacitor | CK | Condensateur à feuille synthétique |
| CL | Ker. Hochsp.-Kondensator | CL | HV capacitor (ceramic) | CL | Condensateur HT céramique, |
| CM | Metallpapier-Kondensator | CM | MP capacitor | CM | Condensateur à papier métallisé |
| CN | Kondensatornetzwerk | CN | Capacitor network | CN | Réseau capacitif |
| CP | Papierkondensator | CP | Paper capacitor | CP | Condensateur au papier |
| CS | Störschutzkondensator | CS | Interference-suppression capacitor | CS | Condensateur anti-parasite |
| CT | Trimmkondensator | CT | Trimmer capacitor | CT | Condensateur ajustable |
| CV | Vakuum-Kondensator | CV | Vacuum capacitor | CV | Condensateur à vide |
| D | Drähte, Leitungen | D | Wires, lines | D | Fils, lignes |
| DD | Schalt- und Wickeldraht | DD | Hook-up or winding wire | DD | Fil de câblage, fil de bobinage |
| DF | Flachleitung, Litze | DF | Flat multiple line, stranded wire | DF | Ligne plate, ligne torsadée |
| DG | Abgeschirmte Leitung | DG | Shielded line | DG | Ligne blindé |
| DH | Koaxialkabel | DH | Coaxial line | DH | Ligne coaxiale |
| DJ | Isolierschläuche, Schrumpfschläuche, Wellrohre, Schutzschläuche | DJ | Insulating sheaths, shrink-on sleeves, corrugated tubes, protective tubes | DJ | Gaines isolantes, gaines thermorétractables tubes ondulés, gaines protectrices |
| DL | HF-Litzen | DL | RF stranded wires | DL | Lignes torsadées RF |
| DM | Schaltlitzen (mehrdrähtige Leiter) | DM | Multi-conductor wires | DM | Lignes torsadées (multiconducteurs) |
| DN | Antenne | DN | Antenna | DN | Antenne |
| DO | Lichtleiter (optisch) | DO | Optical waveguides | DO | Guides d'onde optiques |
| DP | Leiterplatten (unbestückt) | DP | Printed circuit boards (bare) | DP | Cartes imprimées (non équipées) |
| DQ | Multilayer (unbestückt) | DQ | Multilayer boards (bare) | DQ | Cartes multicouche (non équipées) |
| DS | Anschlußkabel (mehrdräig) | DS | Connecting cable, multicore | DS | Câble de connexion (multiconducteur) |
| DU | Substratplatten für Dickschichtschaltungen | DU | Substrate boards for thickfilm circuits | DU | Cartes à substrat pour circuits à couche épaisse |
| DW | Festmantelkabel | DW | Rigid cables | DW | Câbles rigides |
| E | Elektrische Teile | E | Electric parts | E | Organes électriques |
| EB | Blei-, NC-Akku, Batterie | EB | Lead or alkaline accumulator, battery | EB | Accumulateur Pb/NC, batterie |
| ED | Gedruckte Schaltung (bestückte Leiterplatte), nicht steckbar | ED | Printed circuits (assembled), non-pluggable | ED | Circuits imprimés (équipés) non enfichables |
| EE | Gedruckte Schaltung (bestückte Leiterplatte), steckbar | EE | Printed circuits (assembled), pluggable | EE | Circuits imprimés (équipés) enfichables |
| EF | Glühlampe, Leuchte | EF | Incandescent lamp, pilot lamp | EF | Lampe à incandescence, voyant |
| EG | Glimmlampe, Entladungslampe | EG | Glow lamp, discharge lamp | EG | Lampe à luminescence lampe à décharge |
| EK | Kontakt-Streifen, -Feder | EK | Contact clip, contact spring | EK | Lampe de contact, ressort de contact |
| EL | Lautsprecher, Kopfhörer, Mikrofon | EL | Loudspeaker, headphones, microphone | EL | Haut-parleur, casque, microphone |
| EM | Motor, Hubmagnet, Drehfeldsystem | EM | Motor, lifting magnet, synchro system | EM | Moteur, électro-aimant de levage, système synchro |
| EO | Oszillator, z.B. Quarzoszillator | EO | Oscillator, e.g. crystal oscillator | EO | Oscillateur p.ex. oscillateur à quartz |
| EP | Tief-, Band-, Hochpaß, Bandsperre, Diskriminator | EP | Lowpass, bandpass, highpass filter, band-stop filter, discriminator | EP | Filtre passe-bas, passe-bande, passe-haut, suppression de bande, discriminateur |
| EQ | Schwing-, Filter-Quarz | EQ | Oscillator or filter crystal | EQ | Quartz oscillateur, quartz de filtre |
| ER | Resonator, piezoelektr./magnetostriktiv | ER | Resonator, piezoelectric/magnetostrictive | ER | Résonateur piézo-électrique/magneto-stricif |
| ES | Passive SHF-Bauteile | ES | Passive SHF-components | ES | Composant SHF passif |
| ET | Thermostat | ET | Thermostat | ET | Thermostat |
| EV | Lüfter, Gebläse | EV | Ventilator, blower | EV | Ventilateur, soufflerie |

| Teile-familie | Art des Bauelementes | Parts family | Type of component | Familie | Type d'élément |
|---------------|---|--------------|---|----------|---|
| F | Fassungen, Steckverbindungen | F | Sockets, connectors | F | Douilles, connecteurs |
| FG | Koax-Umrüstsatz | FG | Coaxial screw-in assembly | FG | Ensemble vissable coaxial |
| FH | Koax-Übergang auf Fremdsystem | FH | Coaxial adapter | FH | Adaptateur coaxial |
| FJ | BNC-Systemteil | FJ | BNC screw-in assembly | FJ | Ensemble vissable BNC |
| FK | Koaxial-UHF-Systemteil | FK | Coaxial UHF screw-in assembly | FK | Ensemble vissable coaxial UHF |
| FM | Mehrachstecker, Buchsenleiste | FM | Multipoint connector | FM | Connecteur multiple |
| FN | Netz-Steckverbindung | FN | AC-supply connector | FN | Connecteur secteur |
| FO | Runde Mehrfach-Steckverbindung | FO | Round multipoint connector | FO | Connecteur multipoles rond |
| FP | Druckschalt-Steckverbindung | FP | Multipoint connector for PC boards | FP | Connecteur multipoles pour cartes imprimées |
| FR | Fassung für Lampe, Sicherung, usw. | FR | Socket for lamp, fuse, etc. | FR | Douille pour lampe, fusible etc. . . . |
| FT | Schwachstrom-Steckverbindung | FT | LV plug and socket | FT | Connecteur pour faible courant |
| FU | Hochspannungs-Steckverbindung | FU | HV plug and socket | FU | Connecteur pour haute tension |
| FV | Verbinde (z.B. AMP) | FV | Push-on connector | FV | Connecteur à enfichage |
| FZ | Zubehör für koax. Bauelemente | FZ | Accessories for coax. components | FZ | Accessoires pour composants coax. |
| H | Software | H | Software | H | Logiciel |
| HP | Software-Komponenten und Software-Module | HP | Rights to software components and software modules | HP | Droits d'utilisation de composants et modules logiciel |
| HS | Auf Informationsträger geladene Software | HS | Software data media | HS | Logiciel sur support d'information |
| J | Meßinstrumente | J | Indicators | J | Indicateurs |
| JD | Drehspul-Anzeigegerät | JD | Moving-coil meter | JD | Galvanomètre à cadre mobile |
| JE | Dreheisen-Anzeigegerät | JE | Moving-iron meter | JE | Galvanomètre à fer mobile |
| JF | Frequenzmesser | JF | Frequency meter | JF | Fréquencemètre |
| JG | Drehspulinstrument mit Gleichrichter | JG | Moving-coil meter with rectifier | JG | Galvanomètre à cadre mobile avec redresseur |
| JH | Betriebsstundenzähler | JH | Operating-hours counter | JH | Compteur d'heures de fonctionnement |
| JJ | Impulszähler | JJ | Pulse counter | JJ | Compteur d'impulsions |
| JK | Kleininst.-Instrument, z.B. Abstimmanzeiger | JK | Mini-instrument, e.g. tuning indicator | JK | Petit indicateur, p.ex. indicateur d'accord |
| JM | Mechanisches Zählwerk | JM | Mechanical counter | JM | Compteur mécanique |
| JP | Projektions-Instrument (Leuchtziffer) | JP | Digital display | JP | Afficheur numérique |
| JQ | Quotientenmesser (Kreuzspulinstrum.) | JQ | Ratiometer (cross coul) | JQ | Quotientmètre (à cadres croises) |
| JU | Uhrwerk | JU | Clockwork | JU | Mouvement d'horlogerie |
| JW | Elektrodyn. Anzeigegerät | JW | Electrodynamic meter | JW | Instrument électrodynamique |
| L | Induktivitäten, Magnetik | L | Inductors, magnetic components | L | Composants inductifs et magnétiques |
| LB | Blech- und Schnittbandkern mit Zubehör | LB | Laminated and C-cores with accessories | LB | Noyaux feuilletés et noyaux de type C, avec accessoires |
| LC | Keramische Spule | LC | Ceramic coil | LC | Bobine céramique |
| LD | Netz-, HF-Drossel, Df-Filter | LD | Choke, lead-through filter | LD | Self de choc, filtre dé traversée |
| LE | Einzelkreis, Bandfilter | LE | Single tuned circuit, bandpass filter | LE | Circuit accordé, filtre passe-bande |
| LF | Ferritkern mit Zubehör | LF | Ferrite cores with accessories | LF | Noyaux en ferrite avec accessoires |
| LK | Karbonyleisenkern und elektrischer Kupferkern mit Zubehör | LK | Iron carbonyl slugs and copper slugs with accessories | LK | Noyaux en fer carbonyle et en cuivre, avec accessoires |
| LL | Luftspule | LL | Air-core coils | LL | Bobines à air |
| LM | Magnetband und -platte | LM | Magnetic tapes and disks | LM | Bandes et disques magnétiques |
| LS | Schirmbecher | LS | Screening cans | LS | Boîtiers de blindage |
| LT | Netztransformator | LT | Power transformer | LT | Transformateur secteur |
| LU | NF-Übertrager | LU | AF transformer | LU | Transformateur BF |
| LV | Variometer | LV | Variometer | LV | Variomètre |
| LW | Wickelkörper, allgemein | LW | Coil formers, general | LW | Carcasses de bobine, en general |

| Tabelle | Art des Bauelementes | Part family | Type of component | Familie | Type d'élément |
|----------|--------------------------------------|-------------|--|----------|---|
| R | Widerstände | R | Resistors | R | Résistances |
| RD | Drahtwiderstand | RD | Wire-wound resistor | RD | Résistance bobinée |
| RF | Kohleschicht-Widerstand | RF | Carbon-film resistor | RF | Résistance à couche de carbone |
| RG | Metallglasur-Widerstand | RG | Metal-coated resistor | RG | Résistance à couche métallique |
| RJ | Metalloxid-Widerstand | RJ | Metal-oxide resistor | RJ | Résistance à oxyde métallique |
| RK | Kalteiter, Heißleiter, Varistor | RK | PTC, NTC resistors, varistors | RK | Résistances CPT, CNT, varistors |
| RL | Metallfilm-Widerstand | RL | Metal-film resistor | RL | Résistance à film métallique |
| RN | Widerstandsnetzwerk | RN | Resistor network | RN | Réseau de résistance |
| RR | Draht-Potentiometer | RR | Wire-wound potentiometer | RR | Potentiomètre bobiné |
| RS | Schicht-Potentiometer | RS | Carbon-film potentiometer | RS | Potentiomètre à couche |
| RT | Dämpfungsglied, Abschlußwiderstand | RT | Attenuator, termination | RT | Atténuateur, charge |
| RV | Drahtwiderstand mit Abgriff | RV | Wire-wound resistor, tapped | RV | Résistance bobinée à prise |
| RW | Wendelpotentiometer | RW | Helical potentiometer | RW | Potentiomètre hélicoïdal |
| S | Schalter, Relais, Sicherungen | S | Switches, relays, fuses | S | Commutateurs, relais, fusibles |
| SB | Drucktastenschalter | SB | Pushbutton switch | SB | Commutateur à touche |
| SD | Drehschalter | SD | Rotary switch | SD | Commutateur rotatif |
| SF | Kontaktfedersatz | SF | Spring contact assembly | SF | Jeu de ressorts de contact |
| SH | HF-Koaxialschalter, -Relais, -Teiler | SH | Coaxial RF switch, RF relay, RF attenuator | SH | Commutateur RF coaxial, relais RF, atténuateur RF |
| SK | Kipp-, Wipp- und Schiebeschalter | SK | Toggle switch, slide switch | SK | Commutateur à bascule, à glissière |
| SL | Leistungsschalter Netz/HF | SL | AC supply switch, high-power RF switch | SL | Commutateur secteur, de puissance RF |
| SM | Mikroschalter | SM | Microswitch | SM | Microrupteur |
| SN | Elektromagnet, Relais | SN | Electromagnetic relay | SN | Relais électromagnétique |
| SP | Leistungsrelais, Luftschütz | SP | Power relay, air-type contactor | SP | Relais de puissance, contacteur à air |
| SR | Reedrelais | SR | Reed relay | SR | Relais reed |
| SS | Sicherung, Schutzschalter | SS | Fuse, automatic cut-out | SS | Fusible, coupe-circuit automatique |
| ST | Thermoschalter | ST | Thermal circuit breaker | ST | Disjoncteur thermique |
| SU | Überspannungs-Ableiter | SU | Arrester | SU | Eclateur |
| SW | Wechselrichter, Näherungsschalter | SW | Inverter (DC-AC), proximity switch | SW | Inverseur (DC-AC), commutateur de proximité |
| SZ | Zeitschalter | SZ | Time switch | SZ | Interrupteur horaire |
| V | Verbindungselemente | V | Connecting elements | V | Éléments de raccordement |
| VK | Klemme, Klemmleiste | VK | Clamp, terminal strip | VK | Pince, réglette à bornes |
| VL | Lötose, Stützpunkt | VL | Soldering lug | VL | Cosse à souder |
| VS | Schraube, Mutter, Scheibe | VS | Screw, nut, washer | VS | Vis, écrou, disque |

Farbcodierung für Widerstände und Kondensatoren

Anmerkung:

Die Wertangabe der weitgehend miniaturisierten Baulemente erfolgt überwiegend durch Farbkennzeichnungen, deren Bedeutung der nachfolgenden Tabelle entnommen werden kann.

Hinweis:

Im Zuge des technischen Fortschrittes setzt R&S zunehmend Metallschichtwiderstände mit 1% Toleranz anstelle von Kohleschichtwiderständen mit 5% Toleranz ein. Metallschichtwiderstände können sich dabei an Stellen befinden, an denen gemäß Schalteiliste Kohleschichtwiderstände vorgesehen sind. Etwaige geringfügige Differenzen der Nennwerte zwischen Stromlaufplan, Schalteiliste und Gerät liegen im zulässigen Toleranzbereich.

Colour code for resistors and capacitors

Note:

The electrical values of the largely miniaturized components are mainly identified by a colour code, the meaning of which can be taken from the table below.

N.B.:

Following the state of the art R&S makes increasing use of metal-film resistors (1% tolerance) instead of carbon-film resistors (5% tolerance). Metal-film resistors may have been employed where carbon-film resistors are specified in the parts list. Any slight differences of nominal values between circuit diagram, parts list and equipment are within tolerance.

Code couleur pour résistances et condensateurs

Remarque:

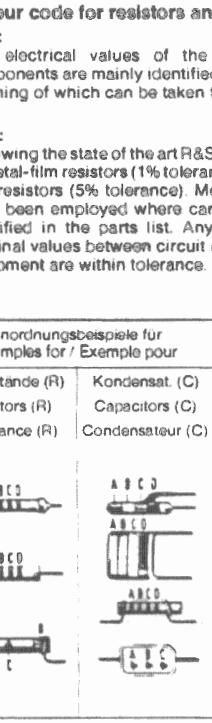
Les valeurs électriques des composants fort miniaturisés sont indiquées dans la plupart des cas par un code couleur dont voici l'explication.

N. B.:

Suivant le progrès technique R&S utilise de plus en plus des résistances à film métallique (tolérance 1%) au lieu des résistances à couche de carbone (tolérance 5%). Des résistances à film métallique peuvent se trouver en des points où des types à couche de carbone figurent dans la liste des composants. Les différences minimales des valeurs nominales existant éventuellement entre le schéma de circuit, la liste des composants et l'appareil sont dans la marge de tolérance.

| Farbe/Couleur/Couleur | A | B | C | D | Anordnungsbeispiele für Examples for / Exemple pour |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|--------|--------|---|
| Schwarz/Black/Noir | — | 0 | | | |
| Braun/Brown/Marron | 1 | 1 | 0 | ± 1% | |
| Rot/Red/Rouge | 2 | 2 | 00 | ± 2% | |
| Orange/Orange | 3 | 3 | 000 | | |
| Geiß/Yellow/Jaune | 4 | 4 | 0000 | | |
| Grün/Green/Vert | 5 | 5 | 00000 | ± 0,5% | |
| Blau/Blue/Bleu | 6 | 6 | 000000 | | |
| Violett/Violet/Violet | 7 | 7 | — | ± 0,1% | |
| Grau/Gray/Gris | 8 | 8 | — | | |
| Weiß/White/Blanc | 9 | 9 | — | | |
| Gold/Dore | — | — | — | ± 5% | |
| Silber/Silver/Argente | — | — | — | ± 10% | |
| Ohne Farbe/No colour/Pas de couleur | — | — | — | ± 20% | |

1) Toleranzring, hier nicht spezifiziert
1) Tolerance ring, here not specified.
1) Anneau de tolérance, ne pas spécifié ici.



Definition* / Définition *

Kennzeichen A (Bauteilfarbe/1. Farbring) = 1. Zahl
Kennzeichen B (Bautellende/2. Farbring) = 2. Zahl
Kennzeichen C (Punkt/3. Farbring) = 3. Zahl = Zahl der Nullen
Kennzeichen D (Punkt/4. Farbring) = Toleranz des Nennwerts in %
(Fehlendes Kennzeichen für D bedeutet ±20%)

Das Fehlen eines Kennzeichens bedeutet, daß die Farbe des Bauteilkörpers die Wertangabe darstellt.

Marking A (body colour or first coloured ring) = 1st digit
Marking B (body end or second coloured ring) = 2nd digit
Marking C (dot or third coloured ring) = number of zeroes
Marking D (dot or fourth coloured ring) = tolerance on nominal value in %
(with no D marking tolerance = 20%)

The absence of a marking signifies that the body colour gives the corresponding information.

Reparage A (couleur du corps ou 1er anneau) = 1er chiffre
Reparage B (bout du corps ou 2e anneau) = 2e chiffre
Reparage C (point ou 3e anneau) = nombre de zeros.
Reparage D (point ou 4e anneau) = tolérance en % de la valeur nominale
(L absence du repérage D signifie ± 20%)

L absence de tout repérage signifie que la couleur du corps du composant représente la valeur correspondante.

* Siehe auch DIN 41429 und DIN 40825 * see also IEC publication 62-1952 and 62-1968
* Voir aussi DIN 41429 et DIN 40825



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| Kennzeichen Component No. | Benennung/Beschreibung Designation | Sachnummer Stock No. | enthalten in contained in |
|------------------------------|--|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| - | ZUGEH. STROML./CIRC.DIAGR. 395.0512 S | | |
| C10 | CC 100NF+-10% 50V5K1200 C CAPACITOR VITRAMON VJ1812Y104KFA | CC 082.3473 | 395.2915.01 |
| D10 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR NUR VAR : 02 03 DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER NSC MM74HC393N | BL 395.2950 | 395.2915.01 |
| D10 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR NUR VAR : 04 DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER NSC MM74HC393N | BL 395.2950 | 395.2915.01 |
| D11 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR NUR VAR : 02 03 DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER NSC MM74HC393N | BL 395.2950 | 395.2915.01 |
| D11 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR NUR VAR : 04 DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER NSC MM74HC393N | BL 395.2950 | 395.2915.01 |
| D12 | BC D2732A-25 PROGR.1 | 395.0812 | |
| D13 | BL MM74HC151N 8CH.DIGMUX NUR VAR : 02 03 8CHANNEL DIGITAL MUX NSC MM74HC151N | BL 395.2967 | 395.2915.01 |
| D13 | BL SN74LS151N MULTIPLEXER NUR VAR : 04 IC MULTIPLEXER SN74LS151N TEXAS SN74LS151N | 266.7963 | 395.2915.01 |
| R10 | RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR : 02 03 RESISTOR RESISTA MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | RL 092.1444 | 395.2915.01 |
| R10 | RL 0-WIDERSTAND DIN 0204 NUR VAR : 04 0-OHM RESISTOR DRALORIC OMA 0204 | RL 069.0000 | 395.2915.01 |
| R11 | RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR : 02 03 RESISTOR RESISTA MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | RL 092.1444 | 395.2915.01 |
| R11 | RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR : 04 RESISTOR RESISTA MK1 10K0 1% TK50 | RL 092.1567 | 395.2915.01 |
| R12 | RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR : 02 03 RESISTOR RESISTA MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | RL 092.1444 | 395.2915.01 |
| R12 | RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR : 04 RESISTOR RESISTA MK1 10K0 1% TK50 | RL 092.1567 | 395.2915.01 |
| | | | 395.0512.01 SA BL 1+ |



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| Kennzeichen Component No. | Benennung/Beschreibung Designation | Sachnummer Stock No. | enthalten in contained in |
|------------------------------|---|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| R13 | RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR : 02 03 RESISTOR RESISTA MK1 1K00 1% TK50 RL 0-WIDERSTAND DIN 0204 0-OHM RESISTOR DRALORIC OMA 0204 | RL 092.1444 | 395.2915.01 |
| R14 | | RL 069.0000 | 395.2915.01 |
| V10 | AE BZX79/B5V6 0,5W Z-DI NUR VAR : 02 03 ZENER DIODE VALVO BZX79/B5V6 | AE 012.5254 | 395.2915.01 |
| X10 | FP WINK. STECKERLEISTE 12P NUR VAR : 02 03 04 | 516.0200 | 395.2915.01 |
| X11 | BINDER R&S.ZCHNG.516.0200 VL LOETOENE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR : 02 03 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X12 | DYTRONA ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 VL LOETOENE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR : 02 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X13 | DYTRONA ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 VL LOETOENE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR : 02 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X14 | DYTRONA ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 VL LOETOENE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR : 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X15 | DYTRONA ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 VL LOETOENE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR : 02 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X16 | DYTRONA ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 VL LOETOENE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR : 02 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X17 | DYTRONA ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 VL LOETOENE 6,9 X 0,9 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X18 | DYTRONA ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 VL LOETOENE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR : 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X19 | DYTRONA ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 FP WINKELSTECKERLEIST.36P NUR VAR : 03 ANGLE PIN CONNECTOR BERG 75168-113-36 1-POLIG/1 PIN | FP 243.3578 | 395.2915.01 |
| X20 | VL LOETOENE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR : 04 SOLDERING PIN DYTRONA ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | VL 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| | | | - ENDE - |
| | | 395.0512.01 SA BL 2- | |

| Kennz. Comp.No. | Benennung Designation | Sachnummer Stock No. | Hersteller Manufacturer | Bezeichnung Designation | enthalten in contained in |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------|---|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | VARIANTENERKL. / VERSIONS VAR 55 = 50 OHM AUSF. M. N-STECKER UND N-BUCHSE MOD 55 = 50 OHM-MODEL WITH N-PLUG+ N-SOCKET VAR 04 = EMBARGO-AUSFH.RG. MOD 04 = EMBARGO MODEL VAR 56 = 50 OHM AUSF. M.N-ST+N-BU.M. ANSCHL.KABEL 5M LG. MOD 56 = 50 OHM MODEL WITH N-PLUG+ N-SOCKET CONNECTING CABLE, 5M LENGTH ZUGEH. STROML./CIRC.DIAGR. 395.1019 S | | | | |
| C1 | CC 10NF+-10% 50V W5R CHIP CAPACITOR | CC 093.2115 | VITRAMON | VJ0805Y103KFA | 395.1419.01 |
| C3 | CC 100NF+-10%50V X7R 1206 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 23 CERAMIC CHIP CAPACITOR | CC 007.5237 | VITRAMON | VJ1206Y104KFA | 395.1319.01 |
| C3 | CC 2X1NF+-20%50V W5R8X4X2 KOAXIAL CAPACITOR | 395.1402 | ERIE | D03-201-050-2X1NF20% | 395.1148.01 |
| C4 | CC 1NF+-1% 50V NPO 1206 CERAMIC CHIP CAPACITOR | CC 007.7398 | VITRAMON | VJ1206A102JFAT | 395.1319.01 |
| C10 | CC 100NF+-10% 50V5K1200 C CAPACITOR | 082.3473 | VITRAMON | VJ1812Y104KFA | 395.2915.01 |
| D10 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER | BL 395.2950 | NSC | MM74HC393N | 395.2915.01 |
| D10 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER | BL 395.2950 | NSC | MM74HC393N | 395.2915.01 |
| D11 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER | BL 395.2950 | NSC | MM74HC393N | 395.2915.01 |
| D11 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER | BL 395.2950 | NSC | MM74HC393N | 395.2915.01 |
| D12 | HS D 2732A - 25 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 55 56 | 395.1490 | | | |
| D12 | D2732A-25 (EMBARGO) NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 | 395.1502 | | | |
| D13 | BL MM74HC151N 8CH.DIGMUX NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 8CHANNEL DIGITAL MUX | BL 395.2967 | NSC | MM74HC151N | 395.2915.01 |
| D13 | BL SN74LS151N MULTIPLEXER NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 IC MULTIPLEXER SN74LS151N | 266.7963 | TEXAS | SN74LS151N | 395.2915.01 |
| R1 | RL 0,5W47 OHM1% TK50 0204 METAL FILM RESISTOR | 394.9845 | DRALORIC | SMA0204HF 470HM 1% | 395.1419.01 |
| R1 | RG 0-OHM WIDERSTAND-CHIP RESISTOR CHIP 0-OHM | RG 007.5108 | DALE | CRCW1206 00HM F T | 395.1319.01 |
| R2 | RG 0-OHM WIDERSTAND-CHIP RESISTOR CHIP 0-OHM | RG 007.5108 | DALE | CRCW1206 00HM F T | 395.1319.01 |
| R3 | RG 0-OHM WIDERSTAND-CHIP NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 22 RESISTOR CHIP 0-OHM | RG 007.5108 | DALE | CRCW1206 00HM F T | 395.1319.01 |
| R3 | RG 1,82KOHM+0%TK100 1206 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 23 RESISTOR CHIP | RG 007.5720 | DALE | CRCW1206 1,82KOHM FT | 395.1319.01 |
| R3 | RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1567 | RESISTA | MK1 10K0 1% TK50 | 395.1148.01 |
| R4 | RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1567 | RESISTA | MK1 10K0 1% TK50 | 395.1148.01 |
| R10 | RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 RESISTOR | RL 092.1444 | RESISTA | MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R10 | RL 0-OHM-WIDERST. 0204 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 0-OHM RESISTOR | RL 069.0000 | DRALORIC | OMA 0204 | 395.2915.01 |
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| | | 23 0788 | URV5-Z2 10V-DURCHG.-KOPF URV5-Z2 10V-INSERT.UNIT | | 395.1019.01 SA |
| | | | | | 1+ |

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| R11 | RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 RESISTOR | RL 092.1444 | RESISTA | MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R11 | RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 RESISTOR | RL 092.1567 | RESISTA | MK1 10K0 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R12 | RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 RESISTOR | RL 092.1444 | RESISTA | MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R12 | RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 RESISTOR | RL 092.1567 | RESISTA | MK1 10K0 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R13 | RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 RESISTOR | RL 092.1444 | RESISTA | MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R14 | RL 0-OHM-WIDERST. 0204 0-OHM RESISTOR | RL 069.0000 | DRALORIC | OMA 0204 | 395.2915.01 |
| V1 | ZE DIODENPAAR2X BAT16-046 V2 ENTH. IN V1 V2 INCL. IN V1 PAIR OF DIODES | 395.2873 | | | |
| V3 | BJ LM335H TEMP.SENSOR PRECION TEMP.SENSOR | 395.2867 | NSC | LM335H | 395.1319.01 |
| V10 | AE BZX79/B5V6 0,5W ZDI NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 ZENER DIODE | AE 012.5254 | VALVO | BZX79/B5V6 | 395.2915.01 |
| X1 ..8 | VL STECKLOETOSE 7,5X1,1 PLUG-IN SOLDERING LUG | VL 078.2747 | - | R&S-ZCHNG.078.2747 | 395.1319.01 |
| X9 | VL STECKLOETOSE 7,5X1,1 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 22 23 PLUG-IN SOLDERING LUG | VL 078.2747 | - | R&S-ZCHNG.078.2747 | 395.1319.01 |
| X10 | VL STECKLOETOSE 7,5X1,1 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 22 23 PLUG-IN SOLDERING LUG | VL 078.2747 | - | R&S-ZCHNG.078.2747 | 395.1319.01 |
| X10 | FP WINK. STECKERLEISTE 12P NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 04 CONNECTOR | 516.0200 | BINDER | R&S.ZCHNG.516.0200 | 395.2915.01 |
| X11 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X12 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X13 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X14 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X15 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X16 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X17 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X18 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X19 | FP WINDELSTECKERLEIST.36P NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 03 1-POLIG/1 PIN ANGLE PIN CONNECTOR | FP 243.3578 | BINDER | 742-5-11-0187-00-36 | 395.2915.01 |
| X20 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X21 | FJ UMR.BUCHSE DEZ.B/N SCREW-IN ASSEMBLY 50 | 017.5398 | | | |
| X22 | FJ PRAEZ.N-ST, UMR.EBENE | 395.1954 | | | - ENDE - |

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| | 23 | 0788 | URV5-Z2 10V-DURCHG.-KOPF URV5-Z2 10V-INSERT.UNIT | 395.1019.01 SA | 2- |

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| R1 | DT ABSCHLUSSWDST. 75 OHM TERMINATION 75 OHMS DUENNSCHICHT-SPEZ. TEIL | 094.6050 | | | 243.9153 |
| X1 | FK UEBERGANG UNI 9 2,5/6 ADAPTER | 243.9260 | WANDEL&GOL | UNI9 2.5/6 S344 0000 | 243.9218 |
| X2 | FK UEBERGANG UNI9 1,6/5,6 ADAPTER | 243.9276 | WANDEL&GOL | UNI9-1,6/5,6 S346 0 | 243.9218 |
| X3 | FK UEBERGANG UNI9/BNC ADAPTER | 243.9282 | WANDEL&GOL | S825 00002691.815 | 243.9218 |
| X4 | FK EINBAUBUCHSE UNI9 H | 243.9253 | WANDEL&GOL | 0000-1686.009/5 | |
| X5A | MB FEDERBUCHSE SOCKET | 243.9147 | | | |
| X5B | MB AUSSENLEITER | 243.9130 | | | - ENDE - |

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| | 01 | 0888 | URV-Z3 75 OHM ADAPTER | 243.9118.01 SA | 1- |



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|--------------------|--|-------------------------|---|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | VARIANTENERKL. / VERSIONS VAR 04 = EMBARGO AUSFUEHRG MOD 04 = EMBARGO-MODEL VAR 55 = 50 OHM AUSF. MIT N-STECKER UND N-BUCHSE VAR 56 = 50 OHM AUSF. MIT MOD 55 = 50 OHM MODEL WITH N-PLUG+N-SOCKET N-ST+N-BU+ ANSCHL.KABEL 5M LANG MOD 56 = 50 OHM MODEL WITH N-PLUG+N-SOCKET+ CONNECTING CABLE 5MM LENGTH VAR 75 = 75 OHM-AUSF. M.N-STECKER UND N-BUCHSE MOD 75 = 75 OHM MODEL WITH N-PLUG+N-SOCKET VAR 76 = 75 OHM-AUSF.M. N-ST.+N-BU UND ANSCHL.KABEL 5M.LANG MOD 76 = 75 OHM MODEL WITH N-PLUG+N-SOCKET+ CONNECTING,CABLE, 5M LENGTH ZUGEH.STROML./CIRC.DIAGR. 395.1619 S | | | | |
| C3 | CC 100NF+-10%50V X7R 1206 CERAMIC CHIP CAPACITOR NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 23 | CC 007.5237 | VITRAMON | VJ1206 Y 104 K FAT | 395.1319.01 |
| C3 | CC 2X1NF+-20%50V W5R8X4X2 KOAXIAL CAPACITOR | 395.1402 | ERIE | D03-201-050-2X1NF20% | 395.1783.01 |
| C4 | CC 1NF+-1% 50V NPO 1206 CERAMIC CHIP CAPACITOR | CC 007.7398 | VITRAMON | VJ1206 A 102 F FAT | 395.1319.01 |
| C10 | CC 100NF+-10% 50VSK1200 C CAPACITOR | 082.3473 | VITRAMON | VJ1812Y104KFA | 395.2915.01 |
| D10 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 | BL 395.2950 | NSC | MM74HC393N | 395.2915.01 |
| D10 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 | BL 395.2950 | NSC | MM74HC393N | 395.2915.01 |
| D11 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 | BL 395.2950 | NSC | MM74HC393N | 395.2915.01 |
| D11 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 | BL 395.2950 | NSC | MM74HC393N | 395.2915.01 |
| D12 | HS BC 2732 PROGR.1 BC 2732 PROGR.1 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 55 56 75 76 | 395.1890 | | | |
| D12 | BC 2732 PROGR.1(EMBARGO) EPROM NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 | 395.1902 | | | |
| D13 | BL MM74HC151N 8CH.DIGMUX 8CHANNEL DIGITAL MUX NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 | BL 395.2967 | NSC | MM74HC151N | 395.2915.01 |
| D13 | BL SN74LS151N MULTIPLEXER IC MULTIPLEXER SN74LS151N NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 | 266.7963 | TEXAS | SN74LS151N | 395.2915.01 |
| R1 | RL 0.5W47 OHM1% TK50 0204 METAL FILM RESISTOR | 394.9845 | DRALORIC | SMA0204HF 47OHM 1% | 395.1819.01 |
| R1 | RG 0-OHM WIDERSTAND-CHIP RESISTOR CHIP 0-OHM | RG 007.5108 | DALE | CRCW1206-10 OR F-T | 395.1319.01 |
| R2 | RG 0-OHM WIDERSTAND-CHIP RESISTOR CHIP 0-OHM | RG 007.5108 | DALE | CRCW1206-10 OR F-T | 395.1319.01 |
| R3 | RG 0-OHM WIDERSTAND-CHIP RESISTOR CHIP 0-OHM NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 22 | RG 007.5108 | DALE | CRCW1206-10 OR F-T | 395.1319.01 |
| ROHDE & SCHWARZ | | Äl Datum Date | Schaltteilliste für Parts list for | | Sachnummer Stock Nr. |
| | | 24 0289 | URV5-Z4 100V-DURCHG.-KOPF URV5-Z4 100V INSERT.UNIT | | Blatt Page 395.1619.01 SA 1+ |

| Kennz. Comp.No. | Benennung Designation | Sachnummer Stock No. | Hersteller Manufacturer | Bezeichnung Designation | enthalten in contained in |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| R3 | RG 1,82KOHM+01%TK100 1206 RESISTOR CHIP NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 23 | RG 007.5720 | DALE | CRCW1206-10 1K82 F-T | 395.1319.01 |
| R3 | RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1567 | RESISTA | MK1 10KO 1% TK50 | 395.1783.01 F |
| R3 | RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1567 | RESISTA | MK1 10KO 1% TK50 | 395.1783.01 F |
| R4 | RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1567 | RESISTA | MK1 10KO 1% TK50 | 395.1783.01 F |
| R4 | RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1567 | RESISTA | MK1 10KO 1% TK50 | 395.1783.01 F |
| R10 | RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 C3 | RL 092.1444 | RESISTA | MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R10 | RL 0-OHM-WIDERST. 0204 0-OHM RESISTOR | RL 069.0000 | DRALORIC | OMA 0204 | 395.2915.01 |
| R11 | NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1444 | RESISTA | MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R11 | NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1567 | RESISTA | MK1 10KO 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R12 | NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1444 | RESISTA | MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R12 | NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1567 | RESISTA | MK1 10KO 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R13 | NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1444 | RESISTA | MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R14 | NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 RL 0-OHM-WIDERST. 0204 0-OHM RESISTOR | RL 069.0000 | DRALORIC | OMA 0204 | 395.2915.01 |
| V1 | ZE DIODENPAAR2X BAT16-046 PAIR OF DIODES V2 ENTH. IN V1 V2 INCL. IN V1 | 395.2873 | | | |
| V3 | BJ LM335H TEMP.SENSOR PRECION TEMP.SENSOR | 395.2867 | NSC | LM335H | 395.1319.01 |
| V10 | AE BZX79/B5V6 0,5W ZDI ZENER DICDE NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 | AE 012.5254 | VALVO | BZX79/B5V6 | 395.2915.01 |
| X1 .8 | VL STECKLOETOSE 7,5X1,1 PLUG-IN SOLDERING LUG | VL 078.2747 | - | R&S-ZCHNG.078.2747 | 395.1319.01 |
| X9 | VL STECKLOETOSE 7,5X1,1 PLUG-IN SOLDERING LUG NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 22 23 | VL 078.2747 | - | R&S-ZCHNG.078.2747 | 395.1319.01 |
| X10 | VL STECKLOETOSE 7,5X1,1 PLUG-IN SOLDERING LUG NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 22 23 | VL 078.2747 | - | R&S-ZCHNG.078.2747 | 395.1319.01 |
| X10 | FP WINK.STECKERLEISTE 12P CONNECTOR NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 04 | 516.0200 | BINDER | R&S.ZCHNG.516.0200 | 395.2915.01 |
| X11 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 SOLDERING PIN NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X12 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 SOLDERING PIN NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X13 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 SOLDERING PIN NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 04 | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X14 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 SOLDERING PIN NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 04 | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X15 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 SOLDERING PIN NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X16 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 SOLDERING PIN NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 04 | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X17 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 SOLDERING PIN NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 04 | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X18 | VL LOETOSE 6,9 X 0,9 SOLDERING PIN NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |

| ROHDE & SCHWARZ | | AI | Datum Date | Schaltteilliste für Parts list for | Sachnummer Stock Nr. | Blatt Page |
|-----------------|--|---|---------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| 24 0289 | | URV5-Z4 100V-DURCHG.-KOPF URV5-Z4 100V INSERT.UNIT | | 395.1619.01 SA | | 2+ |

| Kennz. Comp.No. | Benennung Designation | Sachnummer Stock No. | Hersteller Manufacturer | Bezeichnung Designation | enthalten in contained in |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| X19 | FP WINKELSTECKERLEIST.36P ANGLE PIN CONNECTOR NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 03 1-POLIG/1 PIN | FP 243.3578 | BINDER | 742-5-11-0187-00-36 | 395.2915.01 |
| X20 | VL LOETOESE 6,9 X 0,9 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X21 | FJ UMR.BUCHSE DEZ.B/N SCREW-IN ASSEMBLY 50 | 017.5398 | | | |
| X21 | FJ UMR.BUCHSE DEZ. B/N SCREW-IN ASSEMBLY 75 OHMS | 017.5446 | | | |
| X22 | NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 55 56 | 395.1954 | | | |
| X22 | FJ PRAEZ.N-ST.UMR.EBENE NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 55 56 | 017.7655 | | | |
| | FJ UMRUESTST.DEZ.B/SYST.N SCREW-IN ASSEMBLY | | | | |
| | NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 75 76 | | | | |
| | | | | | - ENDE - |

| | | | | | |
|-----------------|----|---------------|---|-------------------------|---------------|
| ROHDE & SCHWARZ | Äl | Datum Date | Schaltteilliste für Parts list for | Sachnummer Stock Nr. | Blatt Page |
| | 24 | 0289 | URV5-24 100V-DURCHG.-KOPF URV5-24 100V INSERT.UNIT | 395.1619.01 SA | 3- |

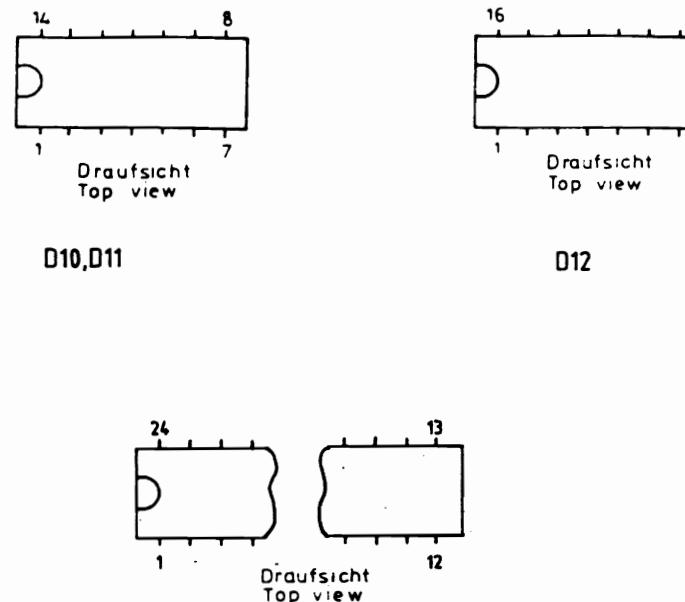


| Kennz. Comp.No. | Benennung Designation | Sachnummer Stock No. | Hersteller Manufacturer | Bezeichnung Designation | enthalten in contained in |
|--------------------|--|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| | VARIANTENERKL. / VERSIONS VAR 02 = GRUNDAUSFUEHRUNG MOD 02 = BASIC MODEL VAR 03 = M.ANSCHL.KABEL 5M LANG MOD 03 = WITH CONNECTING CABLE, 5MLENGT ZUGEH. STROML./CIRC.DIAGR. 395.2680 S | | | | |
| C1 | CC 680PF+50-20%5R4000 CERAMIC CAPACITOR | 022.4850 | DRALORIC | SEFK5/680/2050R4000 | 395.2880 |
| C2 | CC 1NF+-10%100V3K1200CHIP CAPACITOR | 082.3221 | VITRAMON | VJ1005Y102KFB | 395.2815.01 |
| C3 | CC 1NF+-10%100V3K1200CHIP CAPACITOR | 082.3221 | VITRAMON | VJ1005Y102KFB | 395.2815.01 |
| C4 | CC 100PF+-5%100V3NPO CHIP CERAMIC CAPACITOR | 022.4409 | VITRAMON | VJ1005A101JFB | 395.2815.01 |
| C5 | CC 100PF+-5%100V3NPO CHIP CERAMIC CAPACITOR | 022.4409 | VITRAMON | VJ1005A101JFB | 395.2815.01 |
| C6 | CC 1NF+-10%100V2K1200CHIP CAPACITOR | CC 082.7385 | VITRAMON | VJ0805Y102KFA | 395.2815.01 |
| C10 | CC 100NF+-10% 50V5K1200 C CAPACITOR | 082.3473 | VITRAMON | VJ1812Y104KFA | 395.2915.01 |
| D10 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER | BL 395.2950 | NSC | MM74HC393N | 395.2915.01 |
| D10 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER | BL 395.2950 | NSC | MM74HC393N | 395.2915.01 |
| D11 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER | BL 395.2950 | NSC | MM74HC393N | 395.2915.01 |
| D11 | BL MM74HC393N 2X4B.B.CTR NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 DUAL 4-BIT BINARY COUNTER | BL 395.2950 | NSC | MM74HC393N | 395.2915.01 |
| D12 | HS BC D2732A-25 PROGR.1 | 395.2944 | | | |
| D13 | BL MM74HC151N 8CH.DIGMUX NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 8CHANNEL DIGITAL MUX | BL 395.2967 | NSC | MM74HC151N | 395.2915.01 |
| D13 | BL SN74LS151N MULTIPLEXER NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 IC MULTIPLEXER SN74LS151N | 266.7963 | TEXAS | SN74LS151N | 395.2915.01 |
| R1 | RL 0,21W 182 OHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1350 | RESISTA | MK1 1820HM 1% TK50 | 395.2815.01 |
| R2 | RL 0,21W 182 OHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1350 | RESISTA | MK1 1820HM 1% TK50 | 395.2815.01 |
| R3 | RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1567 | RESISTA | MK1 10KO 1% TK50 | 395.2815.01 |
| R4 | RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 RESISTOR | RL 092.1567 | RESISTA | MK1 10KO 1% TK50 | 395.2815.01 |
| R10 | RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 RESISTOR | RL 092.1444 | RESISTA | MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R10 | RL 0-OHM-WIDERST. 0204 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 O-OHM RESISTOR | RL 069.0000 | DRALORIC | OMA 0204 | 395.2915.01 |
| R11 | RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 RESISTOR | RL 092.1444 | RESISTA | MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R11 | RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 RESISTOR | RL 092.1567 | RESISTA | MK1 10KO 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R12 | RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 RESISTOR | RL 092.1444 | RESISTA | MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R12 | RL 0,21W 10,0KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 RESISTOR | RL 092.1567 | RESISTA | MK1 10KO 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R13 | RL 0,21W 1,00KOHM+-1%TK50 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 RESISTOR | RL 092.1444 | RESISTA | MK1 1K00 1% TK50 | 395.2915.01 |
| R14 | RL 0-OHM-WIDERST. 0204 O-OHM RESISTOR | RL 069.0000 | DRALORIC | OMA 0204 | 395.2915.01 |

| | | Äl | Datum Date | Schaltteileliste für Parts list for | Sachnummer Stock Nr. | Blatt Page |
|----------------------------|--|----|---------------|--|-------------------------|---------------|
| ROHDE & SCHWARZ | | 27 | 0688 | ZM HF-TASTKOPF RF-PROBE | 395.2680.01 SA | 1+ |

| Kennz. Comp.No. | Benennung Designation | Sachnummer Stock No. | Hersteller Manufacturer | Bezeichnung Designation | enthalten in contained in |
|--------------------|---|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| V1 | ZE DIODENPAAR2X BAT16-046 V2 ENTHALTEN IN V1 V2 INCLUDED IN V1 PAIR OF DIODES | 395.2873 | | | 395.2715 |
| V3 | BJ LM335H TEMP.SENSOR PRECISION TEMP.SENSOR | 395.2867 | NSC | LM335H | 395.2815.01 |
| V10 | AE BZX79/B5V6 0,5W ZDI NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 ZENER DIODE | AE 012.5254 | VALVO | BZX79/B5V6 | 395.2915.01 |
| X1 | FP EINLOETBUCHSE F.O.43 SOCKET | 395.2973 | AMP | 6-330808-5 | 395.2880 |
| X2 | FP EINLOETBUCHSE F.O.43 SOCKET | 395.2973 | AMP | 6-330808-5 | 395.2880 |
| X3 | FP EINLOETBUCHSE F.O.43 SOCKET | 395.2973 | AMP | 6-330808-5 | 395.2815.01 |
| X4 | FP EINLOETBUCHSE F.O.43 SOCKET | 395.2973 | AMP | 6-330808-5 | 395.2815.01 |
| X5 | FP EINLOETBUCHSE SOCKET | 470.6447 | BINDER | 08-0090-0036 | 395.2880 |
| X10 | FP WINKELSTECKERLEISTE 12P NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 04 CONNECTOR | 516.0200 | BINDER | R&S.ZCHNG.516.0200 | 395.2915.01 |
| X11 | VL LOETOESE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 03 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X12 | VL LOETOESE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X13 | VL LOETOESE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X14 | VL LOETOESE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X15 | VL LOETOESE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X16 | VL LOETOESE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 02 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X17 | VL LOETOESE 6,9 X 0,9 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X18 | VL LOETOESE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| X19 | FP WINKELSTECKERLEIST.36P NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 03 1-POLIG/1 PIN ANGLE PIN CONNECTOR | FP 243.3578 | BINDER | 742-5-11-0187-00-36 | 395.2915.01 |
| X20 | VL LOETOESE 6,9 X 0,9 NUR VAR/ONLY MOD: 04 SOLDERING PIN | VL 082.5253 | DYTRONA | ZEICHNUNG 082.5253 | 395.2915.01 |
| | | | | | - ENDE - |

| ROHDE & SCHWARZ | Äl | Datum | Schaltteiliste für Parts list for | Sachnummer Stock Nr. | Blatt Page |
|-----------------|----------|-------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|
| | | Date | ZM HF-TASTKOPF RF-PROBE | 395.2680.01 SA | 2- |
| | 27.06.88 | | | | |

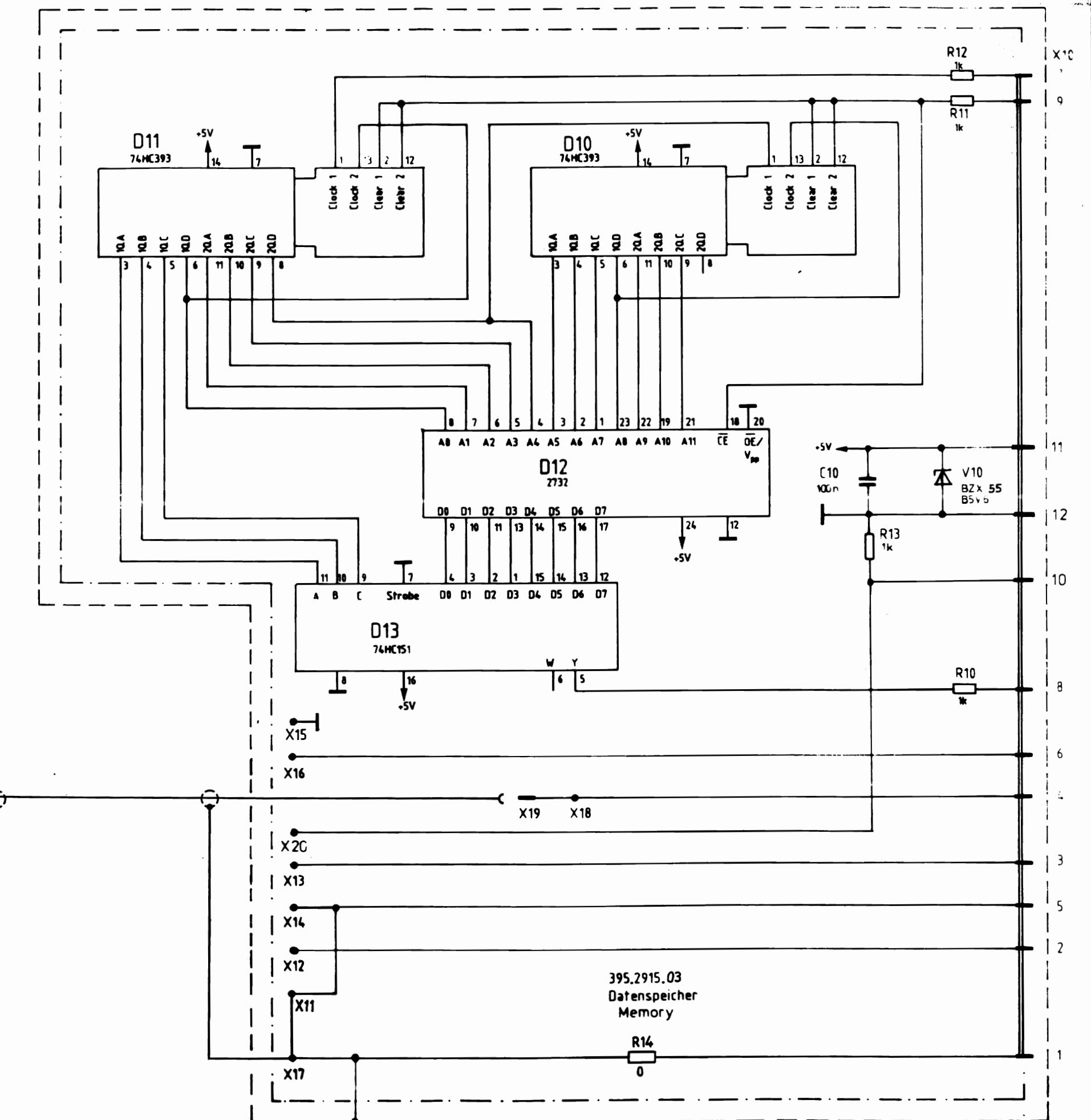


Variantenerklärung/Version zu/to 395.291

VAR 02 ohne/not incl. X18,X19,X20

VAR 03 ohne/not incl. X12,X13,X14,X15,X16,X18,X2
mit/with X11-X17 Verbindung/Connection

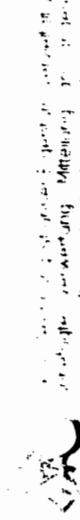
VAR 04 ohne/not incl. X11, X19,R13,V1



395.2915.03
Datenspeicher
Memory

Stromlauf zu DC-Tastkopf URV5-Z1

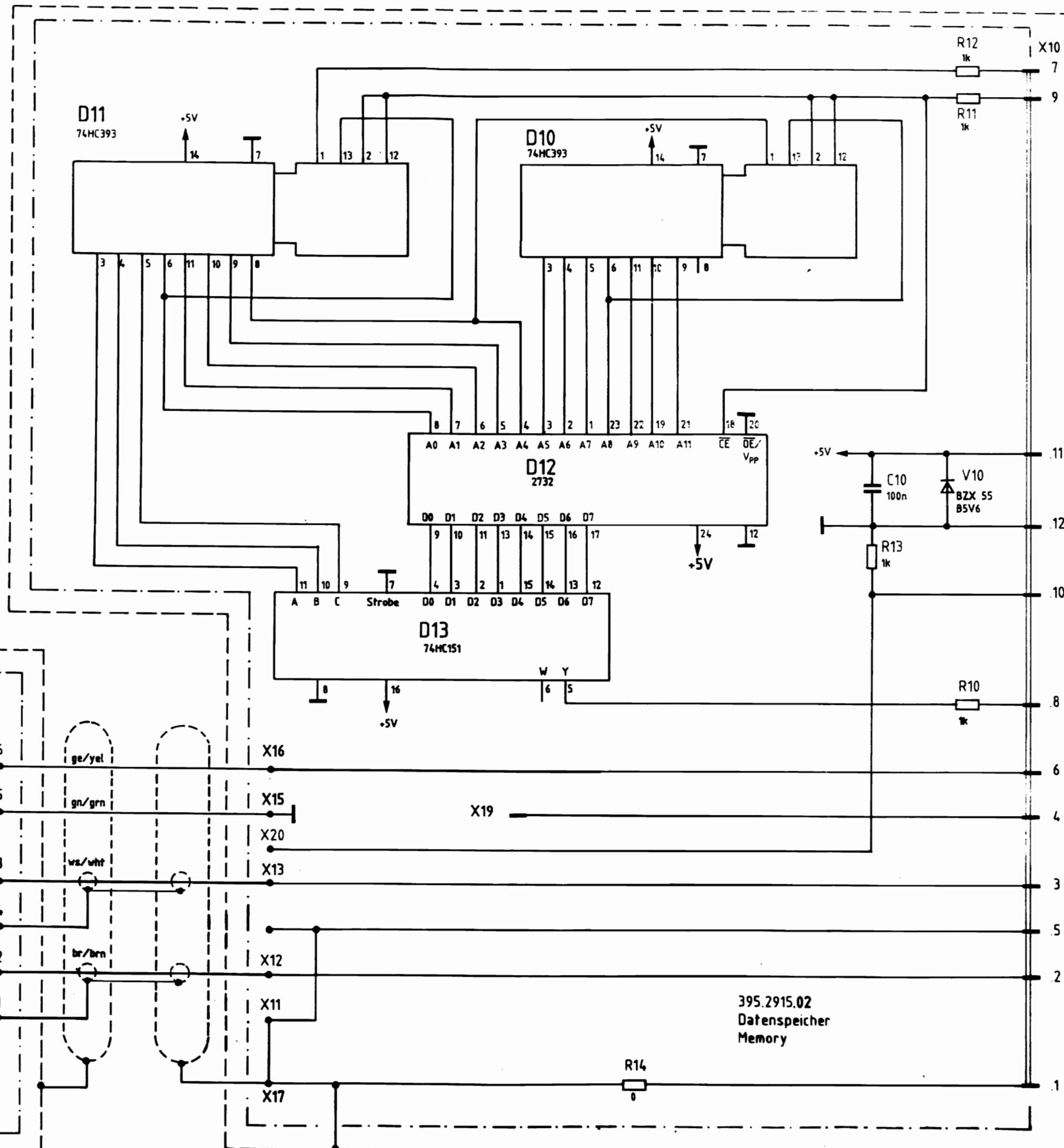
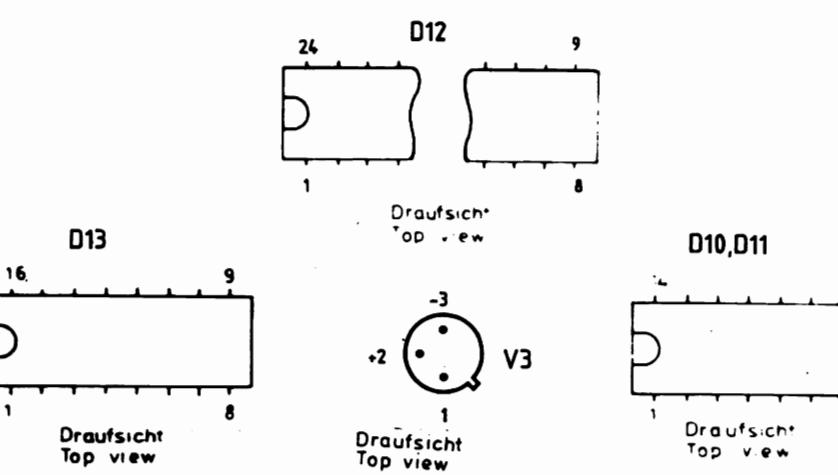
ROHDE & SCHWARZ MUNCHEN



03.84 Hg Li
03.84 A 31398 03.84 Li
03.84 B 34340 8.85 Li
03.84 C 39963 5.88 Hg

KU

395.1419.02
Anschlußplatte
Connector board

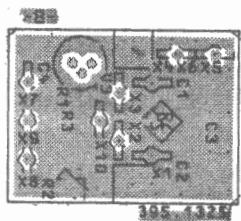


10V Durchgangskopf
10V Insertion unit

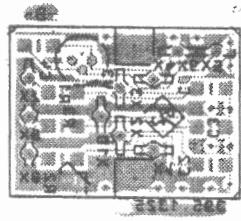
URV5-Z2

Reihe Nr. 395.1019 S
Reihe 395.1019 erste 395.1019

Ansicht und Leitungsführung Bauteilseite
View of tracks on component side



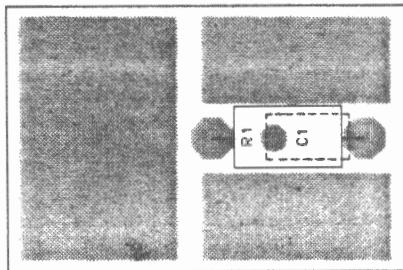
Ansicht und Leitungsführung Lötseite
View of tracks on solder side



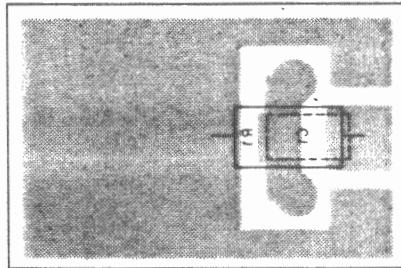
| | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------------|------|------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 39963 (2) 06.88 Li | | | Masse ohne Toleranzangabe | Maßstab 1 : 1 | |
| | | | | Halbzeug, Werkstoff | |
| 1KGU | Tag | Name | Benennung | | |
| Bearb. | 12.85 | Li | Sensorplatte Sensor board | | |
| Gepr. | | | | | |
| Norm | | | | | |
| 0 Projektion ende | | | Zeichn.-Nr. | 395.1319 | Blatt-Nr. |
| And. Zust. | Anderungs- Mitteilung | Tag | Name | | 2 |
| zu Gerät URV 5 - Z2 | | | reg. V | 395.1019 V | erste Z 395.1019 |

Für diese Unterlage behalten
wir uns alle Rechte vor

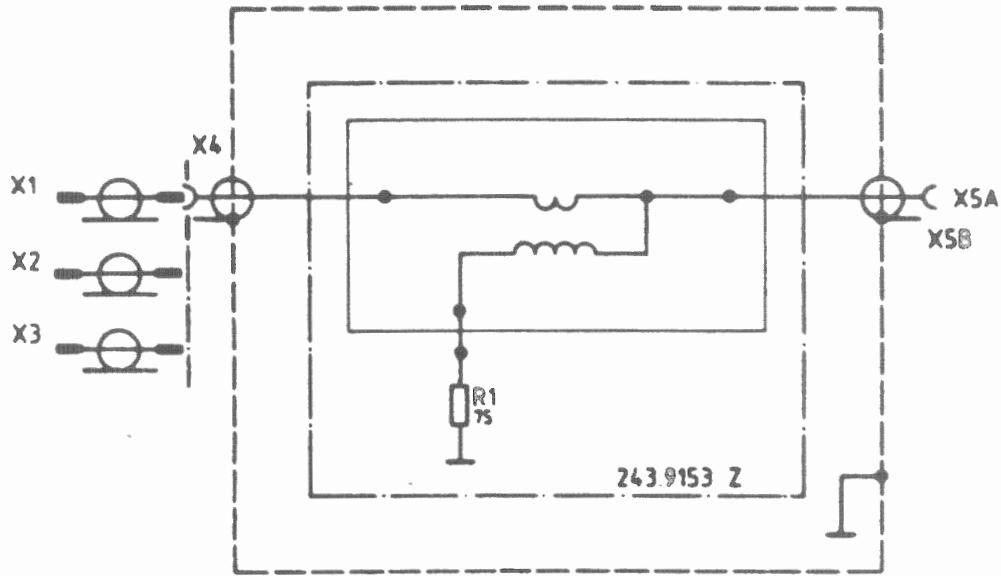
Ansicht und Leitungsführung Bauteilseite View of tracks on component side



Ansicht und Leitungsführung Lotseite View of tracks on solder side

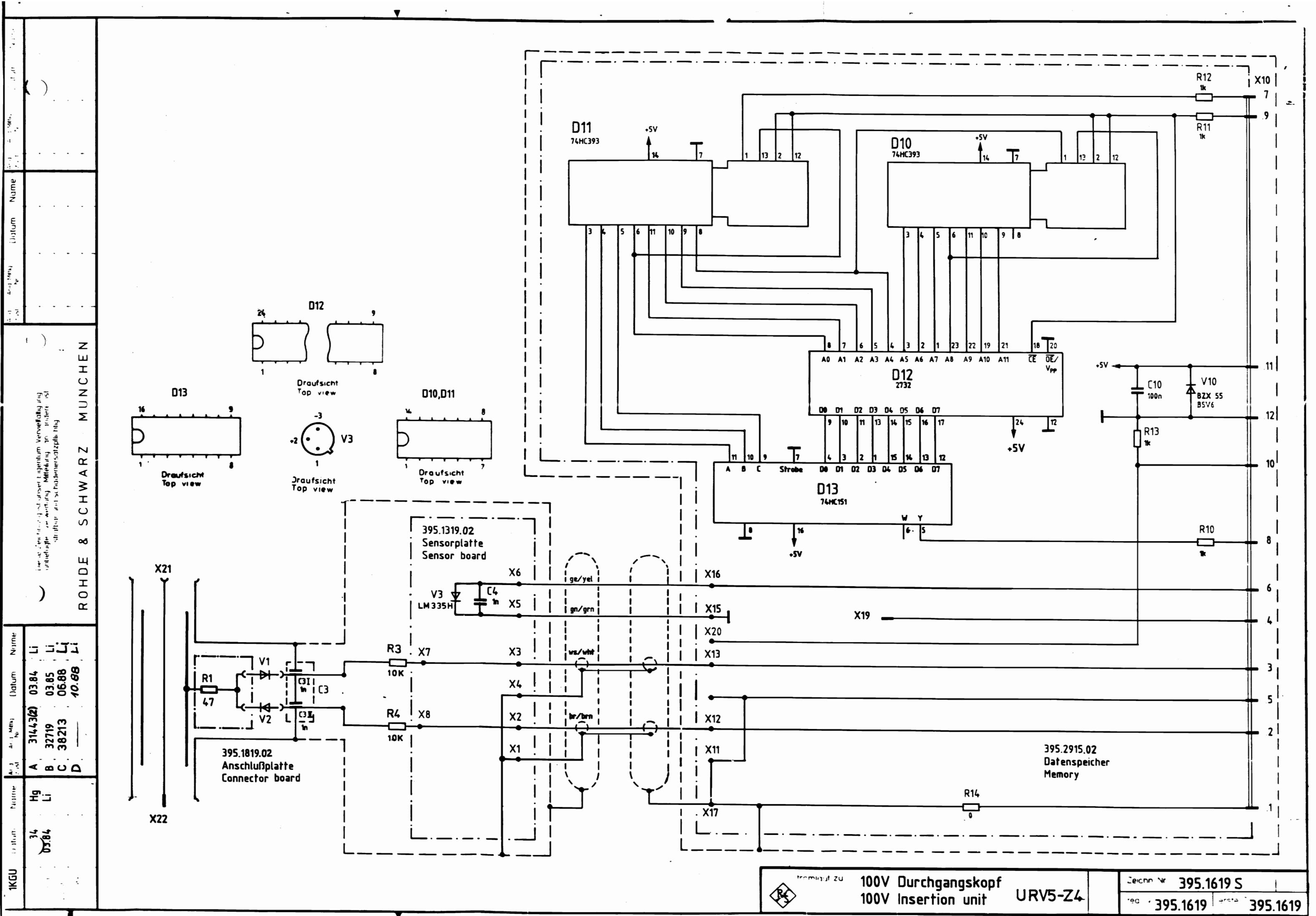


| | | | | |
|---------------|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| A | — 9.83 . KL | Maße ohne Toleranzangabe | Maßstab 4 : 1 | |
| | | | Habzeug Werkstoff | |
| | 1KGU Tag Name | | Benennung | |
| | Bearb 9.83 KL | | Anschlußplatte | Z |
| | Gepr | | Connector board | |
| | Norm | | | |
| |  ROHDE & SCHWARZ | | Zeichn.-Nr. | |
| And. Zust. | Anderungs- Mitteilung | Tag Name | 395.1419 | Blatt-Nr. |
| | | zu Seria URV5-Z2 | 395 1019 V | 2 |
| | | | 395 1019 | Bl. 1 |



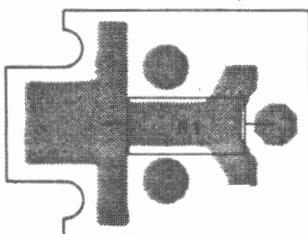
Variantenerklärung/Versions:
VAR 70 = Grundausführung/Basic model

| 1KSU | Tag | Name | Benennung 75 OHM Adapter | Z |
|----------------------------|----------------------|------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Bearb | 09.87 | WK | | |
| Gepr | | | | |
| Norm | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | Zeichn.-Nr | Blatt-Nr 1 v 1 Bl |
| ROHDE & SCHWARZ | | | 243.9118 S | |
| And Zust | Anderungs-Mitteilung | Tag | Name | |
| zu Gerät URV - Z3 | | | reg. v 243.9118 V | erste Z |

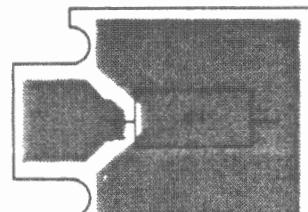


Ansicht und Leitungsführung Bauteilseite

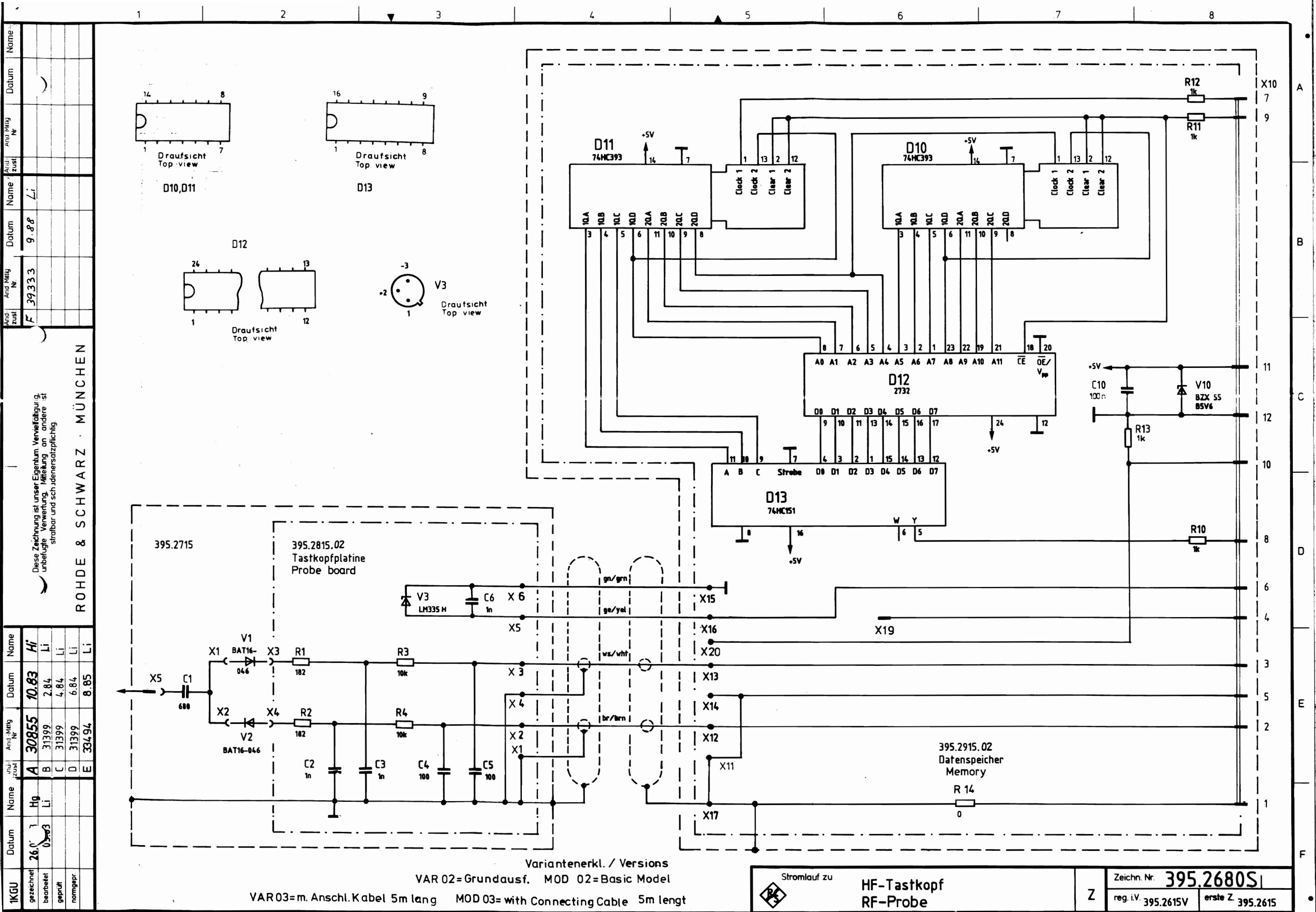
View of tracks on component side



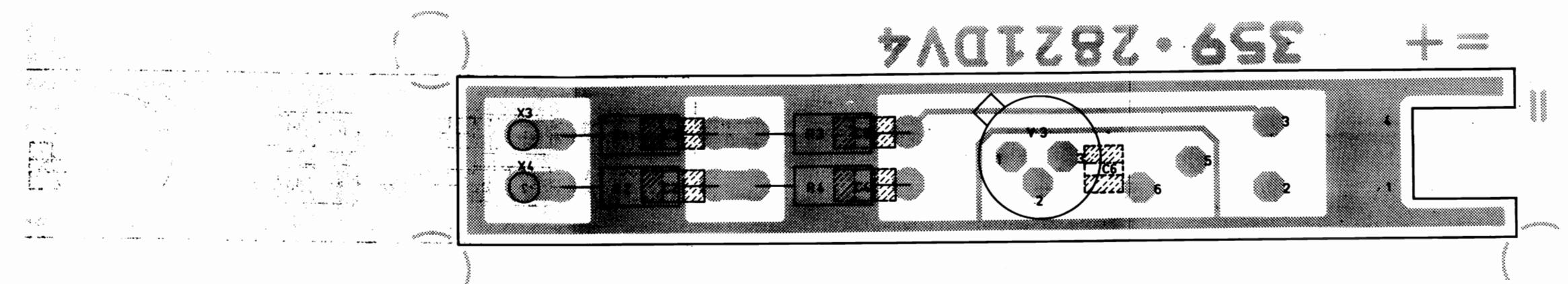
Ansicht und Leitungsführung Lotseite



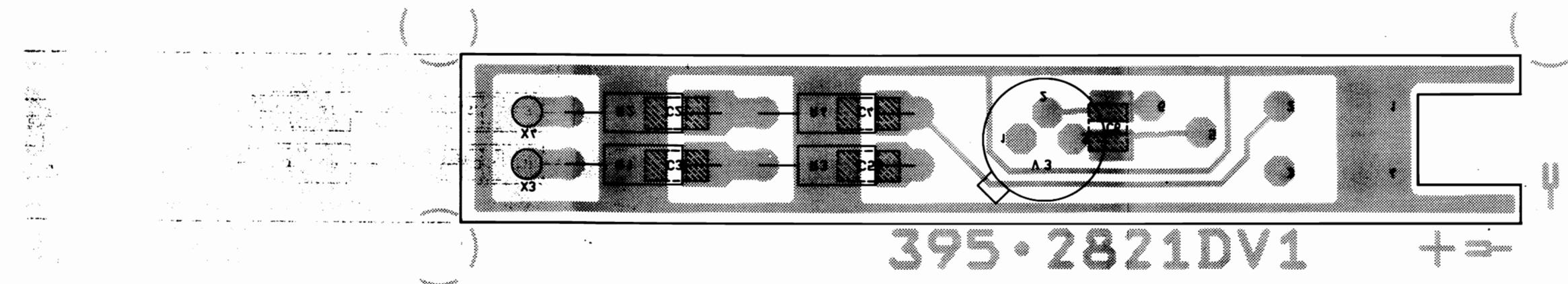
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wir uns alle Rechte vor



Ansicht und Leitungsführung Bauteilseite View of tracks on component side

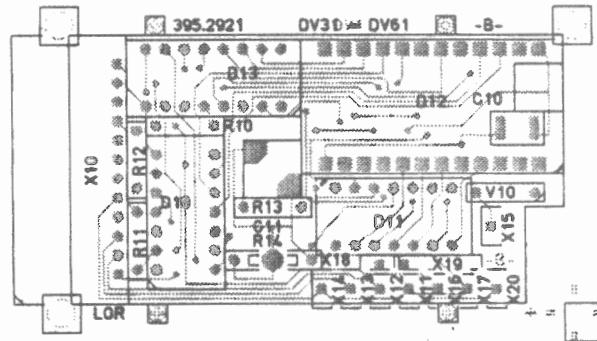
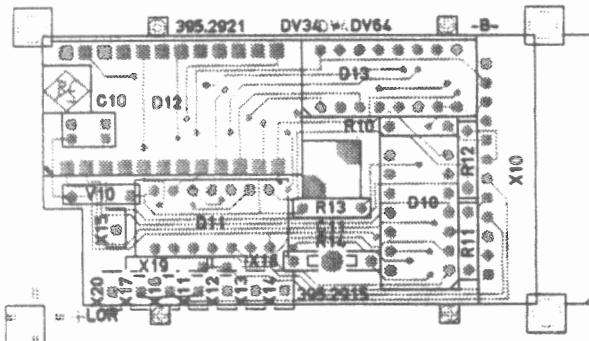


Ansicht und Leitungsführung Lötseite View of tracks on solder side



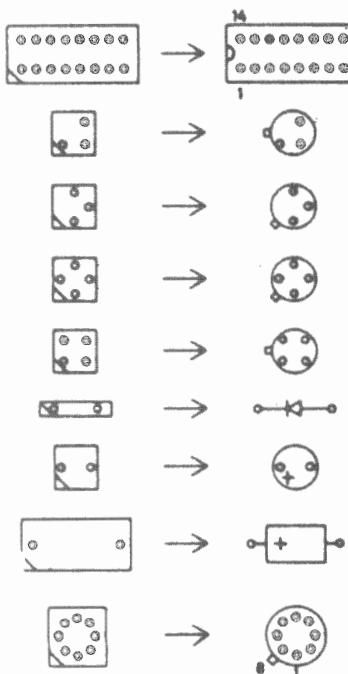
Ansicht und Leitungsführung Bauteilseite

View of tracks on component side



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wir uns alle Rechte vor

Symbolschlüssel



Ansicht und Leitungsführung Lötseite **View of tracks on solder side**

Achtung! MOS-Bauteile
Caution. MOS components

| | | | | | | |
|---------------|---|------|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------------|
| B | 9.83 | LI | Maße ohne Toleranzangabe | | Maßstab 1 : 1 | |
| | | | | | Halbzeug, Werkstoff | |
| | 1KGU | Tag | Name | Benennung | Datenspeicher Memory | Z |
| | Bearb. | 9.83 | LI | | | |
| | Gepr. | | | | | |
| | Norm | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| |  ROHDE & SCHWARZ | | | Zeichn.-Nr. | 395.2915 | Blatt-Nr. 2 |
| And. Zust. | Anderungs- Mitteilung | Tag | Name | zu Gerät | 395.2615V | v BI |
| | | | | | erste Z 395.2680 | |