



# 50 MHz Digital Storage Oscilloscope PM3335 – PM3337



4822 872 05332 890401/1

Service Manual



#### Subject/purpose/symptom:

CLASS 4

1 - Information on how to use the PM3335/37 Service Manual for PM3331

2 - Information on RS232C + IEEE interfaces (PM8959, PM8961)

# 1. PM3331 - 40 MHz COMBISCOPE

#### GENERAL.

This information sheet deals with the differences between PM3331 and PM3335/37. The CombiScope PM3331 is derived from the model number PM3335. The bandwidth of vertical channels and triggering in PM3331 is lower than in PM3335/37. However you can use the PM3335/37 Service Manual 4822 872 05345 for repair and maintenance of PM3331. The differences are listed below.

PM3331 and PM3335/PM3337 make use of the same set of Users Manuals.

### CHARACTERISTICS.

Characteristics in chapter 2 should be changed as follows for PM3331:

- Vertical bandwidth between 20 mV ... 10 V/div is 40 MHz; the belonging rise time is 8.75 ns.

- Dynamic range and cross talk between channels are specified at 40 MHz (instead of 50 MHz).

- The trigger sensitivity of >1 div (external >150 mV) ranges up to 40 MHz.

- The trigger sensitivity of >3 div (external >500 mV) ranges up to 60 MHz.

PM3335 SERVICE MANUAL CHANGES FOR USE WITH PM3331:

- Partslist changes:

\* Page 18-7: Trimming capacitor C3005 (20 pF) has been removed from XYZ unit A2.

\* Page 18-1: The PM3331 text strip (item 6) above the CRT has ordering code 5322 466 30445.

\* Page 18-17: The Eprom D9013 on unit A9 has ordering code 5322 209 52399. The D9013 Eprom for PM3335/3337 has ordering code 5322 209 51682. Eprom D102 on hardcopy interface: 5322 209 51656 (same for PM3335/PM3337).

#### - Performance test changes:

\* Page 13-5, 13.3.4, Auto set: use a 40 MHz sine wave instead of 50 MHz.

\* Page 13-9, 13.3.9, Frequency response: increase the frequency up to 40 MHz instead of 60 MHz.

\* Page 13-10, 13.3.10, Rise time: measured value is 8.8 ns instead of 5.8 ns (1.8 div instead of 1.16 div).

Printed in The Netherlands



\* Page 13-14, 13.3.15, Cross talk: use a 40 MHz sinewave instead of 60 MHz.

\* Page 13-28, 13.3.30, Trigger sensitivity A/B: use 40 MHz instead of 50 MHz, use 60 MHz instead of 100 MHz.

\* Page 13-29, 13.3.31, Trigger sensitivity EXT: use 40 MHz instead of 50 MHz, use 60 MHz instead of 100 MHz.

- Adjusting procedure change: the C3005 adjustment step on the pages 15-8 and 15-15 can be skipped.

# 2. RS232C + IEEE INTERFACES

# INTERFACE CONFIGURATIONS

The circuit diagram (figure 1) and the p.c.b. lay-out (figure 2) are valid for the interface configuration with full featured bidirectional RS232C + IEEE interfaces. On the same p.c.b. two less extensive interface versions are possible. This is realized by leaving out components:

- a full featured bidirectional RS232C-only interface is realized by leaving out the IC's D109, D111, D112, D113, D114.
- a RS232C screen dump interface is realized by leaving out the IC's D108, D109, D111, D112, D113, D114.

The firmware for these 3 configurations is universal. The firmware is also universal for the models PM3331, PM3335, PM3337. Firmware is present in Eprom D102.

# CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The interface unit incorporates a microcomputer system, a RS232C interface, an IEEE interface and some control circuitry. The microprocessor system consists of processor D101 and belonging Eprom D102 and Random Access Memory D103. The RS232C interface consists of interface chip D107 with 3 input buffers D117 for the signals DSR (Data Set Ready), CTS (Clear To Send) and RXD (Receive Data). D117 converts the RS232C input levels of ±12 volt to TTL. There are also 3 output buffers D118 for the signals TXD (Transmit Data), DTR (Data Terminal Ready) and RTS (Request To Send). D118 converts TTL into RS232C levels.

The IEEE interface consists of interface IC D108 and the associated input/output buffers D111, D112, D113, D114. D108 is also present on the bidirectional RS232C-only interface; part of the communication protocol is realized in D108.

The crystal G101 provides timing both for the microcomputer and the RS232C chip. Communication between the oscilloscope's main microcomputer and the interface unit happens via the buffers D104 (bidirectional) and D106. Bufer D104 transfers data under influence of the control signals ENIEBULT (Enable IEEE Buffer) and OPTRD (Option Read). Buffer D106 transfers address information under control of the signals ENIEBULT and ALE---HT (Address Latch Enable). The PLS chip D116 makes the in and output signals that control the interface unit. The PLS is a combinatoric device where a certain input combination results in a factory-programmed output code. The input/output signals of this device are:

- Input signal X1/CLK is inverted to output signal UPCLK.
- Input signal BG----LT (Bus Grant) makes the bus free for the oscilloscope's main microcomputer system.
- Input signals A18, A19 (Address lines A18 and A19): these lines select via the D116 outputs the 4 devices that are present on this unit. They are: Eprom D102 (via ROMSL-LT/ROMselect), the RAM D103 (via CSIERALT/chipselect and WRIERALT/write), the RS232C device D107 (via CS232-LT/chip select and IEWR--LT/write), the IEEE device D108 (via CSIE--LT/chip select, RDIE--LT/read, WRIE--LT/write)

# PARTS LISTS

Capacitors: C101 C102 C103 C104 C106 C107 C108 C109 C111 C112 C114 C116 C118 C119 C122	4.7pF ±0.25pF 4.7pF ±0.25pF 33uF ±20% 22nF -20/+80% 22nF -20/+80% 22nF -20/+80% 15uF ±20% 15uF ±20% 15uF ±20% 1nF ±10% 1nF ±10% 330pF ±2% 330pF ±2%	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Resistors: R101 R102 R103, R106 R104, R107	100k 1% MRS25 10k array 3.16k 1% MRS25 10k 1% MRS25	4822 116 52973 5322 111 90473 4822 116 53021 4822 116 53022
Semi-Conducto V101, V102 V103, V104		4822 130 44196 4822 130 30613
Integrated Circ D101 D102 D103 D104 D106 D107 D108 D109 D111, D112 D113, D114 D116 D117 D118	uits: MC68008P8 EPROM V4.2 M62256LP-12 PC74HCT245P PC74HCT573P N68681C1N40 P8291A PC74HCT02P MC3448AP MC3448AP PLS153AN MC1489AL MC1488L	5322 209 11593 5322 209 51656 5322 209 72129 5322 209 11117 5322 209 11488 5322 209 11561 5322 209 81264 5322 209 11317 5322 209 11317 5322 209 11317 5322 209 60478 5322 209 86103 5322 209 84307
IEEE connecto X102 connecto RS232 connecto	r at rear of oscilloscope r (26p), fits into X102 r on p.c.b. tor at rear of oscilloscope tor (10p), fits into X103 r on p.c.b. ket (for D101) ket (for D102)	532221490325532226760258532226770175532226540557532229040382532226840234532226530443532225540831532225540829532226561072532224271867

(\*): this universal unit may incorporate more components than the one to be replaced.







Figure 2. Circuit diagram of interface unit (IEEE + RS232C configuration, see text).

# 50 MHz Digital Storage Oscilloscope PM3335 – PM3337

Service Manual

4822 872 05332 890401/1



WARNING: These servicing instructions are for use by qualified personnel only. To reduce the risk of electric shock do not perform any servicing other then that specified in the Operating Instructions unless you are fully qualified to do so.





- IMPORTANT: In correspondence concerning this instrument, please quote the type number and serial number as given on the type plate.
- NOTE: The design of this instrument is subject to continuous development and inprovement. Consequently, this instrument may incorporate minor changes in detail from the information contained in this manual.

© N.V. PHILIPS GLOEILAMPENFABRIEKEN-EINDHOVEN-THE NETHERLANDS-1989

# CONTENTS

# Page

1.	SAFETY INST	RUCTIONS	1-1
	1.1	Introduction	1-1
	1.2	Safety precautions	1-1
	1.3	Caution and warning statements	1-1
	1.4	Symbols	1-1
	1.5	Impaired safety-protection	1-2
	1.6	General clauses	1-2
2.	CHARACTER IS	TICS	2-1
	2.1	Display	2-3
	2.2	Vertical deflections or Y axis	2-3
	2.3	Horizontal deflection or X axis	2-5
	2.4	Triggering	2-6
	2.5	Signal acquisition	2-7
	2.6	Channels A and B	2-8
	2.7	Time base	2-9
	2.8	Trigger	2-9
	2.9	Memory	2-10
	2.10	Display	2-10
	2.11	Calculation facilities	2-10
	2.12	Auto setting	2-10
	2.13	Cursors	2-11
	2.14	Power supply	2-11
	2.15	Sundries	2-12
	2.16	Environmental characteristics	2-13
	2.17	Safety	2-15
	2.18	Optional versions	2-15

3.	INTRODUCTIÓ DESCRIPTION	N TO CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION AND BLOCK DIAGRAM	3-1
	3.1	Introduction to circuit description	3-1
	3.2	Block diagram description	
4.	ATTENUATOR	UNIT (A1)	4-1
	4.1	Vertical attenuators	4-1
	4.2	External input	4-2
5.	PRE-AMPLIFI	ER UNIT (A2)	5-1
	5.1	Vertical pre-amplifier	5-1
	5.2	TB trigger pre-amplifier	5-2
	5.3	Pre-amplifier control	5-3
6.	XYZ-AMPLIFI	ER UNIT (A3)	6-1
	6.1	Introduction	6-1
	6.2	Final vertical (Y) amplifier	6-1
	6.3	Final horizontal (X) amplifier	6-1
	6.4	Final blanking (Z) amplifier and CRT	6-2
7.	TIME-BASE U	NIT (A4)	7-1
	7.1	Trigger amplifier	7-1
	7.2	Timing circuit	7-2
	7.3	Sweep generator	7-4
	7.4	X DEFL amplifier, and display mode switch	7-6
	7.5	Z-amplifier	7-6
	7.6	Timing diagram	7-7
	7.7	Timing diagram	7-7
8.	CRT CONTROL	UNIT (A5)	8-1

۰.	POWER SUPPLY	Y UNIT (A6)	9-1
	9.1	Input circuit	9–1
	9.2	Converter circuit	9-1
	9.3	Secondary output rectifiers	9-3
	9.4	HT supply	9-3
	9.5	Calibrator	9-3
.0.	FRONT UNIT	(A7-A8)	10-1
	10.1	Key matrix and reset circuit	10-1
	10.2	Front panel controls, probe indicator, auxiliary	10-1
	10.3	LCD display circuit	10-2
.1.	DIGITAL UNI	Γ (AQ)	
.1.			
	11.1	Input amplifiers and ADC circuit	
	11.2	Acquisition memories	11-1
	11.3	Acquisition control logic	11-2
	11.4	Display logic	11-4
	11.5	DAC circuits	11-6
	11.6	Display and time base control	11-7
	11.7	CPU logic	11 <b>-</b> 8
	11.8	Signal name list	11-10
.2.	ADAPTATION	11NTT	12-1
. 2. •			
	12.1	Vertical display mode switch	12-1
	12.2	Real time mode amplifier	12-1
	12.3	Digital memory amplifier	12-2
	12.4	Signal name list	12-2

-	
~	
0	
-	

13.	PERFORMANCE	СНЕСК	13-1
	13.1	General information	13-1
	13.2	Preliminary settings	13-2
	13.3	Recommended test equipment	13-2
	13.4	Checking procedure	13-2
14.	DISMANTLING	THE INSTRUMENT	14-1
	14.1	General information	14-1
	14.2	Removing the top and bottom covers	14-1
	14.3	Access to parts for the checking and adjusting procedures	14-1
15.	ADJUSTING PH	ROCEDURE	15-1
	15.1	General information	15-1
	15.2	Recommended test and calibration equipment	15-5
	15.3	Survey of adjusting elements	15-6
	15.4	Adjusting procedure	15-11
16.	CORRECTIVE N	AINTENANCE	16-1
	16.1	Replacements	16-1
	16.2	Removing the units and mechanical parts	16-3
	16.3	Soldering techniques	16-9
	16.4	Instrument repacking	16-9
	16.5	Trouble shooting	16-10
	16.6	Special tools	16-12
	16.7	Recalibration after repair	16-13

17.	SAFETY INSP THE PRIMARY	ECTION AND TEST AFTER REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE IN	17-1
	ING PRIMARI	CIRCUII	17-1
	17.1	General directives	17-1
	17.2	Safety components	17-1
	17.3	Checking the protective earth connection	17-1
	17.4	Checking the insulation resistance	17–1
	17.5	Checking the leakage current	17-1
	17.6	Voltage test	17-2
18.	PARTS LIST		16-1
	18.1	Mechanical parts	18-1
	18.2	Cables and connectors	18-4
	18.3	Electrical parts	18-6

# 1. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

Read these pages carefully before installation and use of the instrument.

### 1.1 INTRODUCTION

The following clauses contain information, cautions and warnings which must be followed to ensure safe operation and to retain the instrument in a safe condition. Adjustment, maintenance and repair of the instrument shall be carried out only by qualified personnel.

# 1.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

For the correct and safe use of this instrument it is essential that both operating and servicing personnel follow generally-accepted safety procedures in addition to the safety precautions specified in this manual. Specific warning and caution statements, where they apply, will be found throughout the manual. Where necessary, the warning and caution statements and/or symbols are marked on the apparatus.

#### 1.3 CAUTION AND WARNING STATEMENTS

CAUTION: is used to indicate correct operating or maintentance procedures in order to prevent damage to or destruction of the equipment or other property.

WARNING: calls attention to a potential danger that requires correct procedures or pracites in order to prevent personal injury.

1.4 SYMBOLS

4	High voltage $\geq 1000$ V	(red)
$\wedge$	Live part	(black/yellow)
$\wedge$	Read the operating instructions	
	Protective earth (grounding) terminal	(black)

### 1.5 IMPAIRED SAFETY-PROTECTION

Whenever it is likely that safety-protection has been impaired, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation. The matter should then be referred to qualified technicians. Safety protection is likely to be impaired if, for example, the instrument fails to perform the intended measurements or shows visible damage.

- 1.6 GENERAL CLAUSES
- 1.6.1 WARNING: The opening of covers or removal of parts, except those to which access can be gained by hand, is likely to expose live parts and accessible terminals which can be dangerous to live.
- 1.6.2 The instrument shall be disconnected from all voltage sources before it is opened.
- 1.6.3 Bear in mind that capacitors inside the instrument can hold their charge even if the instrument has been separated from all voltage sources.
- 1.6.4 WARNING: Any interruption of the protective earth conductor inside or outside the instrument, or disconnection of the protective earth terminal, is likely to make the instrument dangerous. Intentional interruption is prohibited.
- 1.6.5 Components which are important for the safety of the instrument may only be renewed by components obtained through your local Philips organisation. (See also section 15).
- 1.6.6 After repair and maintenance in the primary circuit, safety inspection and tests, as mentioned in section 15 have to be performed.

# 2. CHARACTERISTICS

- A. Performance Characteristics
  - Properties expressed in numerical values with stated tolerance are guaranteed by PHILIPS. Specified non-tolerance numerical values indicate those that could be nominally expected from the mean of a range of identical instruments.
  - This specification is valid after the instrument has warmed up for 30 minutes (reference temperature 23°C).
  - For definitions of terms, reference is made to IEC Publication 351-1.
- B. Safety Characteristics
  - This apparatus has been designed and tested in accordance with Safety Class I requirements of IEC Publication 348, Safety requirements for Electronic Measuring Apparatus, UL 1244 and CSA 556B and has been supplied in a safe condition.
- C. Initial Characteristics

• Overall dimensions:		
- Width Including handle Excluding handle		387 mm 350 mm
<ul> <li>Length Including handle</li> <li>Excluding handle, excl. knobs</li> <li>Excluding handle, incl. knobs</li> </ul>	:	
- Height		
Including feet Excluding feet Excl. under-cabinet	:	146,5 mm 134,5 mm 132,5 mm



Figure 2.1 Dimensions of oscilloscope PM3335.

\* Mass

```
: 8,5 kg
```

- \* Operating positions:
  - a. Horizontally on bottom feet
  - b. Vertically on rear feet
  - c. On the carrying handle in two sloping positions.

### D. CONTENTS

- 2.1. Display
- 2.2. Vertical deflection or Y axis
- 2.3. Horizontal deflection or X axis
- 2.4. Triggering
- 2.5. Signal acquisition
- 2.6. Channels A and B
- 2.7. Time base
- 2.8. Trigger
- 2.9. Memory
- 2.10. Display
- 2.11. Calculation facilities
- 2.12. Auto setting
- 2.13. Cursors
- 2.14. Power supply
- 2.15. Sundries
- 2.16. Environmental characteristics
- 2.17. Safety
- 2.18. Optional versions

	CHARACTER IST ICS	SPECIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
2.1	DISPLAY		
	* CRT Type No Measuring area (h x w)	PHILIPS D 14-372 80 x 100 mm	8 x 10 div. 1 div. = 10 mm 1 subdiv. (sd) = 2 mm
	* Screen type Standard Option	GH (P 31) GM (P 7)	Standard persistence (7 ms) Long persistence (30 ms)
	* Total accelera- tion voltage	16 kV	
	* Graticule: Engravings Division lines Subdivisions Dotted lines Percentages	Internal fixed 1 cm 2 mm 1,5 and 6,5 cm from top 0% 10% 90% 100%	Horizontal as well as vertical Horizontal as well as vertical Only horizontal. Left side of screen
	* Orthogonality	$90^{\circ} + - 1^{\circ}$	Measured in zero point.
	* Illumination	Continuously variable	By means of potentiometer.
2.2	VERTICAL DEFLECTION	OR Y AXIS	
	* Auto set	Automatic setting according to input signal	
	* Deflection modes and sources	Channel A and/or B or ADDED (A+B, A_B)	Channel B can be inverted. All combinations are possible in ALTERNATE as well as in CHOP mode
	* Deflection coefficients	2 mV/divl0 V/div	In 1, 2, 5 sequence. If probe with range indicator is used, deflection coeff. is automatically calculated in display.
	* Variable gain control range	1 : >2,5	
	* Error limit	+/- 3%	Only in calibrated position.
	* Input impedance Paralleled by	1 M ohm +/-2% 20 pF +/-2pF	Measured below 1 MHz Measured below 1 MHz

# Archief RadioDatabase.nl

	CHARACTERISTICS	SPECIF ICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
$\wedge$	* Max. input voltage Max. test volta- ge (rms)	400 V (d.c. + a.c. peak) 500 V	Max. duration 60 s.
	* Bandwidth for 20 mV10 V	> 50 MHz (-3dB, amb. 1535 <sup>°</sup> C)	Input 6 div. sine-wave. Deviation max. 5MHz for ambient 0 50 <sup>0</sup> C
	* Bandwidth for 2 mV, 5 mV and 10 mV	> 35 MHz	Input 6 div. sine-wave.
	* Rise-time	7 ns or less	Calculated from 0,35/f-3 dB
	* Noise 20 mV10 V	< 0,5 sd	Measured visually. Pick up on open BNC excluded.
	* Lower - 3 dB point	< 10 Hz	In AC position, 6 div. sine- wave
	* Dynamic range @ 1 MHz @ 50 MHz	+/- 12 div. > 8 div.	Vernier in CAL position. Vernier in CAL position.
	* Position range	> +/- 8 div.	Vernier in CAL position.
	* Cross talk between channels @ 10 MHz @ 50 MHz	1 : > 100 1 : > 50	Both channels same attenuator setting. Input max. 8 div. sine-wave. 2, 5 and 10 V are excluded. 2, 5 and 10 V are excluded.
	* Common Mode Rejection Ratio @ 1 MHz	1 : > 100	Both channels same attenuator setting, vernier adjusted for best CMRR; measured with max. 8 div. (+/- 4 div.) each chan- nel.
	* Visible signal delay	> 15 ns	Max. intensity, measured from line start to trigger point.

2.3.1

CHARACTER IST ICS	SPECIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
* Base-line jump: between attenua- tor steps 20 mV10 V Additional jump between 10 mV	< 1 sd	
<> 20 mV Normal Invert	< 1,5 sd	Only channel B.
jump ADD jump	< 1 sd < 0,6 div.	When A and B are positioned in screen centre (20 mV10 V).
Variable jump	< 1 sd	Max.jump in any two positions of the VARiable control.
HORIZONTAL DEFLECTIO Time Base	ON OR X AXIS	
* Time coeff.	0,5 s50 ns	1, 2, 5 sequence (magn.off)
Error limit	+/-3 %	Measured at -4+4 div. from screen centre.
* Horizontal posi- tion range	Start of sweep and 10th div. must be shifted over screen centre	
* Variable control ratio	1 : > 2,5	
* Time Base mag- nifier	Expansion x10	Not valid in X-deflection.
Error limit	+/-4 %	Measured at +4 4 div. from screen centre. Excluding first 50 ns and last 50 ns.
* Horizontal mag- nifier balance xl0> xl	< 2,5 sd	Shift start of sweep in xl0 in mid-screen position, then switch to xl.
* Hold-Off Minimum to maxi- mum hold-off time ratio	1 : > 10	Minimum hold off time is rela- ted to time base setting.

CHARACTERISTICS SPECIFICATION ADDITIONAL INFORMATION 2.3.2 X-deflection \* Deflection coeff. Via channel A or 2 mV/div...10 V/div 1, 2, 5 sequence. B Via EXT input 100 mV/div. \* Error limit Via channel A or +/- 5% R Via EXT input +/- 5% DC .... > 2 MHz \* Bandwidth DC coupled < 3° @ 100 kHz \* Phase shift be-DC coupled tween X and Ydeflection \* Dynamic range > 24 div. DC... DC coupled 100 kHz 2.3.3 EXT input  $f_{0} < 1 MHz$  $f_{0} < 1 MHz$ \* Input impedance 1 M ohm +/- 2% Paralleled by 20 pF +/- 2 pF Max. input vol-400 V (d.c. + a.c. tage peak) 500 V Max. duration 60 s. Max. test voltage (rms) \* Lower - 3 dB < 10 Hz AC coupled point 2.4 TRIGGERING \* Trig. mode AUTO (auto free Bright line in Auto free run starts 100 ms absence of trigger (typ.) after no trig.pulse. run) signal TRIGgered Switches automatically to auto free run if one of the display channels is grounded. SINGLE In multi-channel mode (alternated) each channel is armed after reset; if sweep has already started, sweep is not finished. Not applicable in peak-to-peak coupling. \* Trigger source Line trigger source always A, B, Composite triggers on mains frequency. (A/B), EXT, Line Line trigger amplitude depends on line input voltage. Approx. 6 div. @ 220 VAC input voltage.

CHARACTER IST ICS	SPECIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
* Trigger coupling Peak-to-peak (p-p), DC, TVL, TVF		
* Level range Peak-to-peak:	Related to peak- to-peak value	p-p coupling is DC rejected.
DC internal DC EXTernal	> (+ or - 8 div.) > (+ or - 800 mV)	
TVL/TVF	Fixed level	
* Trigger slope	+/-	Slope sign in LCD. For TVL/TVF use + or - to chose positive or negative video
* Trigger sensi- vity INTERNAL 0 - 10 MHz	< 0,5 div.	Trig. coupling DC.
@ 50 MHz @ 100 MHz	< 1,0 div. < 3,0 div.	Trig. coupling DC. Trig. coupling DC.
EXTERNAL O - 10 MHz	< 50 mV	Trig. coupling DC.
	< 150 mV < 500 mV	Trig. coupling DC. Trig. coupling DC.
TVL/F INTERNAL TVL/F EXTERNAL	< 0,7 div. < 70 mV	Sync. pulse. Sync. pulse.
SIGNAL ACQUISITION		
* Sampling type @10us/div 50s/div	Real time	
* Maximum sample rate: single channel	20 Megasamples/s	Sample rate depends on time/div setting
dual channel	20 Megasamples/s	
* Vertical (volta- ge) Resolution	8 bits	(=0,4% of full range of 10 div)

CHARACTER ISTICS	SPECIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
* Horizontal (time) Resolution: in single channel acquisition: in 20us/div 50s/div 10 us/div in dual channel acquisition 10us 50s/div		<pre>1 Sample = 0,0125% of full record. 1 Sample = 0,024% of full record. 1 Sample = 0,024% of full record.</pre>
* Record length	20,4 x time/div	Display in unmagnified position.
* Acquisition time: real time lOus/div 50s/div	20,4 x time/div + 0 20ms	excluding delay time
* Sources	Channel A Channel B	Channel B can be inverted before acquisition.
* Acquisition modes	s l Channel only 2 Channels	Full memory available for l channel. Simultaneously sampled; 2 channels share memory.
CHANNELS A AND B		
<ul> <li>* Frequency response: Lower transi- tion point of BW Input coupling in DC position Input coupling in AC position Upper transi- tion point of BW: In memory on mode (Ambient: 15 35 °C)</li> </ul>	d.c. <u>&lt; 10Hz</u> <u>&gt; 10MHz(-3dB)</u>	Deviation max. 3MHz for
In memory off mode (Ambient:	_	ambient: 0 50 <sup>o</sup> C.
15 35 <sup>o</sup> C)	$\geq$ 50MHz(-3dB)	Deviation max. 5MHz for ambient: 0 50 <sup>0</sup> C.

2.8

CHARACTER IST ICS	SPECIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
* Max. base line		
instability:		
Jump (Ambient: 15 35 <sup>o</sup> C):		
when switching		Add 25% for ambient: 0 50 °C.
to memory mode:	0,3 div	50 0.
when actuating		
INVertor switch	0,3 div	
between any time	0.5.4	
/div positions Drift	0,5 div 0,1 div/h	}Measured in 20 mV/div
Temperature	o,1 010/11	<pre>}position.</pre>
coefficient	<u>+</u> 0,05 div/K	}
TIME BASE		
* Modes	Recurrent	
	Single shot Multiple shot	Up to 2 shots.
* Time		
coefficients: in recurrent	10 us/div	
in recurrence	50 s/div	
in single shot &		
multiple shot	10 us/div 50 s/div	
error limit (Am-		
bient 15 35°C)	. 1. 9/	
in real time mode	_	Add 0,5% for ambient: 0. 50°C.
up to memory	<u>+</u> 0,1%	
TRIGGER		
* Trigger delay:		Colorbable de districtore
range	-20 0 div + 0,3 div	Selectable in divisions.
accuracy	<u>+</u> 0,5 div	
* Trigger level		Indication in LCD.
view inaccuracy	< 0,5 div	

	CHARACTERISTICS	SPEC IF ICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
2.9	MEMOR Y		
	* Memory size: registers register depth: acquisition register wordlength	2 8K words 8K words 8 bits	
	* Functions	Clear Load Lock	Contents of acquisition are saved in register Memory system is locked. If lock is not active the signal is written into the acquisition memory.
2.10	DISPLAY		
	* Sources	Channel A Channel B Register A Register B	} }In any combination } }
	* Display expan- sion horizontal	0,5x, 1x, 2x, 4x, 8x, 16x and 32x.	
	* Number of dis- played samples: single trace two traces three traces four traces	4K/channel 2K/channel 1K/channel 1K/channel	
2.11	CALCULATION FACILI	TIES	
	* Functions	Ratio, Phase dV, dt, 1/dt	
2.12	AUTO SETTING		
	* Settling time	3s (typ.)	Auto set is done in analog mode.

	CHARACTER IST ICS	SPECIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
2.13	CURSORS		
	* Horizontal resolution: in single channel mode in dual channel mode	1:1000 1:1000	Over 10 div
	* Vertical resolution	1:200	8 div
	* Read out resolution	3 Digits	
	* Voltage cursors: error limit amb. 15 35 °C	<u>+</u> 3%	Referred to input at BNC, error of probes etc. excluded. Add 3% for ambient 0 40 C.
	cursor range	Full range	Cursors can not pass not each other. X-position is neglected.
	* Time cursors error limit	<u>+</u> 0,1%	
2.14	POWER SUPPLY		
$\wedge$	* Line voltage a.c. Nominal Limits of ope- ration	100240 V 90250 V	One range.
	* Line frequency Nominal Limits of ope- ration	50400 Hz 43445 Hz	
	* Safety require- ments within specification of: IEC 348 CLASS I UL 1244 VDE 0411 CSA 556 B		
	* Power consumption (a.c. source)	55W nominal	At nominal source voltage

	CHARACTERISTICS	SPEC IF ICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
2.15	SUNDRIES		
	* Z-MODulation ViH ViL	> 2,0 V < 0,8 V	TTL-compatible. Blanks display. Max. intensity Analog control between ViH and ViL is possible.
	* CAL output Output voltage Frequency The output may be short-cir- cuited to ground.	1,2 V +/- 1% 2 kHz	To calibrate drop or tilt of probes. Rectangular output pulse.
	* Data and settings retention:		When instrument is switched off or during mains faillure. The oscillooscope settings and traces are saved before in- strument goes down.
	<pre>memory back-up voltage memory back-up current drain recommended batteries:</pre>	2V 3,5V Typical 100uA LR 6 2 pcs 20K typical 3 years 0 +70°C.	<ul> <li>@25 °C.</li> <li>According to IEC285 (=Alkaline Manganese Penlight Battery)</li> <li>e.g. PHILIPS LR 6.</li> <li>Delivered with the instrument.</li> <li>After warming up period of instrument.</li> <li>@ 25°C, with recommended (fresh) batteries.</li> <li>@ -40 0 °C settings retention is uncertain. It is advised to remove batteries from instrument when it is stored during longer (24h) period below -30°C or above 60°C.</li> <li>WARNING:</li> <li>UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES</li> <li>BATTERIES SHOULD BE LEFT IN INSTRUMENT @ TEMPERATURES</li> <li>BEYOND THE RATED RANGE OF THE BATTERY SPECIFICATIONS!</li> </ul>

# CHARACTERISTICS SPECIFICATION ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

# 2.16 ENVIRONMENTAL CHARACTERISTICS

The environmental data mentioned in this manual are based on the results of the manufacturer's checking procedures. Details on these procedures and failure criteria are supplied on request by the PHILIPS/FLUKE organisation in your country, or by PHILIPS, INDUSTRIAL AND ELECTRO-ACOUSTIC SYSTEMS DIVISION, EINDHOVEN, THE NETHERLANDS.

	Meets environ- mental require- ments of: Temperature:	MIL-T-28800 C, type III, CLASS 5 Style D	Class 5, except for operating temperature: 0 40°C. Style D, except for front cover. Memory back-up batteries removed from instrument, unless batteries meet tempe- rature specifications (see also 2.15).
	operating:	0 <sup>0</sup> C	06 MTI - T-29800 C - 2087
	min. low tempe- rature	0 0	Cf. MIL-T-28800 C parr. 3.9.2.3. tested cf. par. 4.5.5.1.1.
	max. high tempe-	+50 °C	Cf. MIL-T-28800 C parr.
	rature		3.9.2.4. tested cf. par.
	non-operating		4.5.5.1.1.
	(storage):		
	min. low tempe-	-40 <sup>ο</sup> C	Cf. MIL-T-28800 C parr.
	rature		3.9.2.3. tested cf. par.
	max. high tempe-	+75 <sup>0</sup> C	4.5.5.1.1. Cf. MIL-T-28800 C parr.
	rature		3.9.2.4. tested cf. par.
			4.5.5.1.1.
*	Max. humidity		
	operating	95% RH	+1030 <sup>°</sup> C
	non-operating		
*	Max. altitude:		MIL-T-28800 C par. 3.9.3.
	have atticude.		tested, par. 4.5.5.2.
	operating	4,5 km (15000 feet)	Maximum. Operating Temperature
			derated 3 <sup>°</sup> C for each km, for each 3000 feet, above sea
			level.
	non-operating	12 km (40 000 feet)	
	(storage)		

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION SPECIF ICATION CHARACTERISTICS MIL-T-28800 C par. 3.9.4.1. \* Vibration (opetested, par. 4.5.5.3.1. rating) Freq. 5...15 Hz Sweep Time 7 min. 1,5 mm 7 m/s<sup>2</sup> (0,7 x g) Excursion (p-p) @ 15 Hz Max Acceleration Freq. 15...25 Hz 3 min. Sweep Time 1 mm Excursion (p-p)  $13 \text{ m/s}^2$  (1,3 x g) @ 25 Hz Max Acceleration Freq. 25...55 Hz Sweep Time 5 min. 0,5 mm 30 m/s<sup>2</sup> (3 x g) Excursion (p-p) @ 55 Hz Max Acceleration @ each resonance freq. (or @ Resonance Dwell 10 min. 33 Hz if no resonance was found). Excursion, 9.7.1. to 9.7.2. MIL-T-28800 C par. 3.9.5.1. \* Shock (operating) tested, par. 4.5.5.4.1. Amount of shocks 18 total 3 in each direction. each axis 6 Half sine-wave Shock Wave-form 11 ms Duration Peak Acceleration  $300 \text{ m/s}^2$  (30 x g) MIL-T-28800 C par. 3.9.5.3. \* Bench handling tested cf. par. 4.5.5.4.3. MIL-STD-810 Meets requiremethod 516, proments of ced. V MIL-T-28800 C par. 3.9.8.1 \* Salt Atmosphere tested, par. 4.5.6.2.1. MIL-STD-810 Structural parts method 509, promeet requireced. I salt soments of lution 20% \* EMI (Electronic Magnetic Interference) meets require-MIL-STD-461 CLASS B Applicable requirements of part 7 : CE03, CS01, CS02, ments of CS06, RE02, RS03 VDE 0871 and VDE 0875 Grenzwertklasse B

1	-1	5
-		~

	CHARACTERISTICS	SPECIFICATION	ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
2.17	SAFETY		
	* Meets require- ments of	IEC 348 CLASS I VDE 0411	Except for power cord, unless shipped with Universal Euro- pean power plug.
		UL 1244 CSA 556 B	Except for power cord, unless shipped with North American power plug.
2.18	OPTIONAL VERSIONS		
	* General		These options can be factory installed only.
	* Power cord		Length 2,1 m (82,7 in)
		Universal European North American United Kingdom Australian Swiss	VDE, KEMA listed (option .01) CSA, UL listed (option .03) BSI listed (option .04) SAA listed (option .08) SAV listed (option .05)
	* Cabinet	Rack mount	PM3337 PM3337/40. with IEEE+RS232- interface installed.
	* Interface	IEEE-488/IEC-625 including RS 232-C	Option 40. Dump to plotters: PM 8153/1, PM 8153/6, PM 8154, PM 8155, HP 7475A and HP 7550. Dump to printers: FX80 and HP 2225 Thinkjet.
		RS 232-C dump only	Option 50. Dump to plotters: PM 8153/1, PM8153/6, PM 8154, PM 8155, HP 7475A and HP 7550. Dump to printers: FX80 and HP 2225 Thinkjet.

# 3. INTRODUCTION TO CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION AND BLOCK DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION

- 3.1 INTRODUCTION TO CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
- 3.1.1 General

The functioning of the circuits is described per printed-circuit board (p.c.b.). For every p.c.b. (unit) a separate chapter is available containing the lay out of the p.c.b., the associated circuit diagram(s) the circuit description and a signal name list.

### 3.1.2 Explanation of signal name set-up

Signal name consists of two parts:

- a functional part of maximal 6 characters
- a realisation part of 2 characters



The realisation part is optional. If it is used then the functional parts should consist of 6 characters. If necessary dummies (minus sign) are used in the functional part, to make it 6 characters long.

The first character of the realisation part has the following meaning:

- H: active high signal
- L: active low signal
- X: irrelevant (e.g. counter outputs)

The second character of the realisation part is used to identify signal levels:



Sometimes the functional part can also be used for a serial number e.g. to indicate a buffered version of a signal.

Example: CHPT--Ø1



#### Signal name list:

The description of the digital unit A9 contains a list with the signal names used in that unit given in alphabetical order. After each name, a short signal description is given and also the signal source and the signal destination(s).

Only if the signal is generated on the unit itself, are the other units on which the signal is used (signal destination(s)) mentioned, otherwise a minus sign is filled in.

A number of power supply lines and ground lines are not mentioned on the signal name lists because they appear very often and because their function in obvious.

# 3.1.3 Location of electrical parts

The item numbers of C...., R...., V...., N...., D.... and K.... have been divided into groups which relate to the circuit and the printedcircuit board according to the following table:

Item number	Unit no.	Printed-circuit board
1000-1999	A1	Attenuator unit
2000-2999	A2	Pre-amplifier unit
3000-3999	A3	XYZ amplifier unit
40004999	A4	Time base unit
5000-5999	A5	CRT control unit
6000-6999	A6	Power-supply unit
7000-7999	A7	Front unit
8000-8999	A8	LCD unit
9000-9999	A9	Digital unit
600- 699	A16	Adaptation unit

# 3.2 BLOCK DIAGRAM DESCRIPTION (see figure 3.1 and 3.2)

# 3.2.1 Introduction

This block diagram description is based around all the important functional blocks and their interconnections. In order to assist in cross-reference with the circuit diagrams, the blocks include the item numbers of the active components they contain. Furthermore, the blocks are grouped together per printed-circuit board, or a part of it. To facilitate reference, the names of the functional blocks are given in text in CAPITALS. Signal waveforms are also indicated at block interconnections where useful. In this instrument almost all the switches (UP-DOWN controls, softkeys and potentiometer UNCAL switches) influence the oscilloscope circuits via a microprocessor (uP) system.

### 3.2.2 Attenuator unit (unit Al)

The vertical channels A and B for the signals to be displayed are identical. Each channel comprises an input SIGNAL COUPLING for AC/DC, a HIGH IMPEDANCE ATTENUATOR which gives signal attenuation of x1-x10or x100, an IMPEDANCE CONVERTER, a LOW IMPEDANCE ATTENUATOR which gives signal attenuation of x1-x2,5 or x5 and a GAIN x1-x10AMPLIFIER block, incorporated with the CONTINUOUS CIRCUIT. This block has a variable gain, influenced by the front-panel VAR control. The gain is also increased by x10 in order to obtain 2-5 and 10mV settings.

Similar to the vertical channels, the external channel attenuator also has an input SIGNAL COUPLING, HIGH IMPEDANCE ATTENUATOR and IMPEDANCE CONVERTER in line. However, the external channel has only xl attenuation and no LOW IMPEDANCE ATTENUATOR. The output of the external channel is fed to both MTB and DTB EXT PRE-AMPLIFIERS.

All blocks that are capable of working in different modes are controlled by the control A or control B signals. These signals are generated by the CH.A CONTROL or CH.B CONTROL blocks under influence of the SDA and SCL signals that come from the MICROPROCESSOR.





Figure 3.2 Block diagram, digital part

### 3.2.3 Pre-amplifier unit and adaptation unit (unit A2 and A16)

The pre-amplifier unit incorporates the signal splitters for the vertical channels A and B, the trigger level view amplifier, the trigger circuits for the time base and the chopper oscillator circuit. Next the adaptation unit is mounted as a separate p.c.b. on the pre-amplifier unit. All these functions are controlled by the control XYP and XYA signals, generated by the X-Y CONTROL blocks under influence of the SDA and SCL signals from the MICROPROCESSOR.

\* Vertical channels A and B:

Both channels are completely identical and receive their input signals from the ATTENUATOR UNIT. This signal is applied to the SIGNAL SPLITTER, which has two outputs:

- one output is applied to the SLOPE/TRIGGER SELECTION for the time base triggering.
- A second output is routed to the adaptation unit.

On the adaptation unit, vertical shift of the displayed signal is achieved by the front-panel POSITION control. Switching between the real time path and the digital storage path is obtained in the A/D SWITCH block. The digital circuit is given in figure 3.2 and described separately. Next, the output of the VERTICAL CHANNEL SWITCH is routed via the DELAY LINE DRIVER to the DELAY LINE. The TRIGGER LEVEL VIEW channel enables display of the time base trigger level and can be used to determine the trigger point of the signal.

\* Trigger circuit:

The SLOPE/TRIGGER SELECTION block receives a trigger signal from one of the vertical channels A or B, from the EXT SIGNAL SPLITTER or from the LINE TRIGGER PICK-OFF.

Inverting of the trigger signal is controlled by the CXYA signals INVAM and INVBM to obtain the slope function. Routed via the TRIGGER PRE-AMPLIFIER, block the signal is split up into different paths:

- after summation of the LEVEL signal, direct to the TRIGGER AMPLIFIER
- to the AUTO LEVEL block. This block contains the different trigger facilities and levelling of the trigger signal is influenced by the front-panel LEVEL control. The output of this path is routed again to the summation point to influence the direct trigger signal.
- to the X-DEFL AMPLIFIER for X-deflection facility. This block incorporates a phase correction circuit for the X-Y display.

The TKIGGER AMPLIFIER feeds the trigger signal to the time-base unit. The trigger signal from the summation point is also routed via the TRIGGER LEVEL VIEW AMPLIFIER to the vertical CHANNEL SWITCH stage to display the trigger point.

### \* Chopper oscillator circuit:

A square-wave signal for chopper blanking and vertical switching is generated in the CHOP OSCILLATOR. For chopper blanking the signal is routed to the Z PRE-AMPLIFIER on the time-base unit.
## 3.2.4 Time-base unit (unit A4)

This unit incorporates the time-base (TB), the horizontal amplifier and the Z amplifier circuit. All functions are controlled by the CX1 and CX2 signals, generated by the HORIZONTAL CONTROL CIRCUIT blocks.

## \* Time-base (TB):

The trigger signal can be either routed via the FINAL TRIGGER AMPLIFIER to the TIME-BASE CONTROL CIRCUIT or first routed via the TV TRIGGER SELECTION for the TV trigger coupling. When in the AUTO mode, in the absence of trigger signals, the time base will be free running.

The CURRENT SOURCE applies the sawtooth charging current to the sweep circuit. This block generates the time base sawtooth signal, which is routed to the HORIZONTAL DISPLAY MODE SWITCH..

The HOLD OFF and the DIGITAL UNIT blocks are also under control of the TIME BASE CONTROL CIRCUIT. Hold off time is varied by the front-panel HOLD OFF control. The output of the HOLD OFF block is routed to the TIME-BASE CONTROL CIRCUIT again. The signal going to the DIGITAL UNIT triggers the digital signal acquisition.

The ALTCLN-pulse is applied to the PRE-AMPLIFIER UNIT.

3.2.5 XYZ unit (unit A3)

This unit comprises the final amplifiers for the vertical (Y) and horizontal (X) deflection and for the blanking (Z) circuit. In addition <sup>1</sup> to this, the CRT control circuits are also incorporated in the unit.

\* Final vertical amplifier:

The output signal from the pre-amplifier unit is first routed via the DELAY LINE to give sufficient delay to ensure that the steep leading edges of fast signals are displayed and then fed to the DELAY LINE COMPENSATION. This block compensates the signal fordistortion originating in the DELAY LINE before it is applied to the FINAL VERTICAL AMPLIFIER. The output of the FINAL VERTICAL AMPLIFIER feeds the vertical deflection plates of the CRT.

\* Final horizontal amplifier:

The horizontal deflection signal is routed to the FINAL HORIZONTAL AMPLIFIER, the output of which feeds the horizontal deflection plates of the CRT.

\* Blanking circuit:

The output signal from the Z PRE-AMPLIFIER of the time-base unit, that determines trace blanking or unblanking and modulation is routed to the FINAL Z-AMPLIFIER. After amplification the blanking signal is split into two paths:

- the h.f. signals are fed via a high voltage capacitor to grid Gl of the CRT.
- the l.f. signals are used to modulate the amplitude of an oscillator wave-form, which then passes via another high voltage capacitor and is demodulated in the DEMODULATOR block to retrieve the original signal.

Note that the original h.f. and l.f. signals are again recombined on the grid Gl.

#### \* CRT control circuits:

The FOCUS AMPLIFIER block is influenced by both front-panel FOCUS and INTENS controls to provide a focus that is independent of the intensity, and drives the focusing grid G3 of the CRT.

The -100 V BLACK LEVEL block provides the correct presetting of the cathode voltage.

The CRT BIAS gives a d.c. voltage to the grids G4 and G5 to provide an optional adjustment for geometry and astigmatism.

## 3.2.6 Power supply unit

The mains input voltage is filtered and then applied to the RECTIFIER block to obtain a d.c. voltage source. Another output of the LINE FILTER block is routed via the LINE TRIGGER PICK-OFF and serves as a MTB LINE trigger signal. The rectified mains source is routed to the FLYBACK CONVERTER, which generates the necessary voltages for the oscilloscope circuits. Each supply voltage is rectified in the RECTIFIERS block.

The LOW-voltage supplies are stabilized by the CONTROL circuit to the converter.

The +10 V REF supply serves as a low-voltage reference and is generated in the +10 V REFERENCE source block. This reference voltage is also fed to the different circuits on the power supply or in the oscilloscope.

The EHT CONVERTER generates the -14 kV for the post-accelerator anode of the CRT and the -2 kV for the cathode circuits.

#### \* Auxiliary circuits:

The CALIBRATION GENERATOR generates the CAL voltage, which is applied to the output socket X1. The CAL voltage has a square-wave of 1,2 V p-p level with a frequency of 2 kHz.

The ILLUMINATION CIRCUIT determines the amount of current passed to the graticule illumination lamp of the CRT, controlled by the ILLUM control on the front-panel.

The TRACE ROTATION CIRCUIT determines the strength and sense of the current passed to the trace rotation coil around the neck of the CRT. The current is influenced by the front-panel screwdriver-operated TRACE ROT control.

# 3.2.7 Digital memory and control circuits (unit A7, A8, A9 and A19)

#### Introduction.

The blockdiagram of the digital sections can roughly be split up into three main parts. These parts are: - Signal acquisition: this section captures signal samples and places

them in the acquisition memories.

- The memory and display part are used to store the signal and to display it on the CRT screen.

- The control section that is based upon a microprocessor takes care that the signal display and acquisition function correctly. Moreover it reads all the instrument's knobs and controls all analog and digital circuits. The digital parts are mainly concentrated on the large digital unit A9. A small part is present on the front unit A7 and the LCD unit A8. The softkey unit A19 is located under the CRT and only incorporates five softkeys.

#### Signal acquisition.

The channel A(B) signals that are coming from the adaptation unit A16 are applied to the INPUT AMPLIFIERS A(B). These blocks feed the analog-to-digital converters ADC CHANNEL A and ADC CHANNEL B. The digitised signals of channel A and B can be loaded into two 4K ACQUISITION MEMORY blocks. In case of dual channel mode, each channel is loaded into one 4K memory. In case of single channel operation, the full 8K memory capacity is available for one channel. The BIDIRECTIONAL BUFFER makes it possible that the ADC-output of the selected single channel can reach the input of both 4K memories.

The addresses for the two 4K ACQUISITION MEMORIES are originating from two counters. COUNTER 4K/8K is only able to count upwards and has a range of 4K or 8K addresses. The PRESETTABLE UP/DOWN COUNTER has also a range of 4K/8K. It can also count up or down and can be preset by the MICROPROCESOR via the block PRESET LATCH. Depending on the state of the MULTIPLEXER, the address of one of the two counters is addressing the 4K ACQUISITION MEMORIES. The possible modes are explained more in depth during the circuit description; also the trigger delay mode is explained then.

The acquisition of signal samples is synchronised by the DIGITAL TIME BASE circuit. This circuit is based upon a 40MHz XTAL OSCILLATOR that is followed by the DIGITAL TIME BASE. The DIGITAL TIME BASE is put in the appropriate position via the ADDRESSBUS of the MICROPROCESSOR. The output signal of the DIGITAL TIME BASE is applied to the ACQUISITION CONTROL block. Also this block is controlled by the MICROPROCESSOR and it takes care that the ADC's take signal samples at the correct moment and that these samples are placed in the appropriate part of the ACQUISITION MEMORIES. The trigger pulse that originates from the TIME BASE is also applied to the ACQUISITION CONTROL.

#### Memory section and display part.

The contents of the two 4K ACQUISITION NEMORIES can be transferred to the DISPLAY MEMORY. This happens at a particular moment after a trigger. The transfer occurs via the TRANSFER LATCH. The contents of the DISPLAY MEMORY can be copied via the COPYING LATCH into the REGISTER MEMORY. This last memory can be used to store waveforms for reference purposes.

The addressing of the DISPLAY MEMORY and the REGISTER MEMORY is done by the TRIPLE ADDRESS GENERATOR. This block is controlled by the MICRO-PROCESSOR and contains three separate address generators. They have the following purposes:

- The addressing of the display memory during the information transfer from ACQUISITION MEMORIES to the DISPLAY MEMORY.

- The addressing of the DISPLAY/REGISTER MEMORY during the transfer of information between these memory blocks.

- The addressing of the DISPLAY and REGISTER MEMORY during the display on the CRT screen of their contents. The contents of the addressed memory locations is applied to the vertical Y DAC and then to the Y OUTPUT AMPLIFIER. The address itself is applied to the horizontal X DAC and then to the X OUTPUT AMPLIFIER.

The X and Y OUTPUT AMPLIFIERS also incorporate a DOT JOIN facility. This means in the DOT JOIN mode a decrease of the speed of these amplifiers because a low pass filter is added. This has the result that the move from one dot to the next one is smoothed.

The input of the Y DAC and the X DAC are connected with two-position multiplexers. They are named MULTIPLEXER Y DAC and MULTIPLEXER X DAC. In one position of the multiplexer, the contents of the DISPLAY/REGISTER MEMORY is displayed. In the other position text and cursors are displayed: this is generated by the TEXT GENERATOR. This block is integrated in one IC. The kind of text to be generated is given by the MICROPROCESSOR. This text is stored into the TEXT RAM (Random Access Memory) that belongs to the TEXT GENERATOR.

#### Control section.

The heart of this part is formed by the MICROPROCESSOR with belonging ROM (Read Only Memory) and RAM (Random Access Memory). Via the block INPUT BUFFERS, the MICROPROCESSOR reads the softkeys under the CRT and also the UNCAL position of VARiable A, VARiable B and VARiable MTB. The MICROPROCESSOR directly reads the KEY MATRIX at the front unit A7. The RESET CIRCUIT on unit A7 initiates the MICROPROCESSOR when switching the power on.

The MICROPROCESSOR controls many circuits inside the oscilloscope. The blocks on the digital unit that are under control of the MICRO-PROCESSOR are already explained. They are all connected with the databus or parts of it. Also the LCD and the analog scope circuits are under microprocessor control. For this purpose the so-called I2C bus is used. This is a bus consisting of two signal wires: the data line SDA (Serial DAta) and the synchronisation line SCL (Serial CLock). The I2C bus lines are switched to either the LCD (as SDA-LCD and SCL-LCD) or the analog scope circuits. This selection is made via the MULTIPLEXER SCOPE CIRCUITS/LCD. The analog scope circuits incorporate many control blocks that are all connected to the SDA and SCL lines of the I2C bus. The control blocks are separately addressed via the I2C BUS DECODER. If e.g. output DLEN A (Data Latch ENable A) is active, the control block of channel A on the attenuator unit accepts the data from SDA/SCL. The result is for instance that the channel A attenuator switches to another input sensitivity. Identical to this the signals DLEN B, DLEN P and DLEN TB 1...3 activate the control blocks on respectively the channel B attenuator, the preamplifier and the time base.

# 4. ATTENUATOR UNIT (A1)

# 4.1 VERTICAL ATTENUATORS

The A and B channel attenuators are identical: therefore only channel A is described.

All relay and FET switches are controlled by the microcomputer via the 1°C bus. The IC D1001 converts this serial DATA into the parallel control signals for all relay or FET switches. A list of the control lines for all attenuator settings is given in the table below.



Figure 4.1 Table of attenuator settings

The channel A attenuator consists of in five stages:

Input coupling, where depending on the relay K1001 position, the input signal can either be d.c.-coupled (relay activated) or a.c.-coupled (relay not activated).

High impedance attenuator with three attenuator stages for the xl, xlO and xlOO attenuation. The l.f. part of each stage is split via a resistor divider and routed via NlOOl and VlO19 to the output of this stage, where it is re-connected with the h.f. part of the input signal. Potentiometers RlO36 (TRACE jump) serves as a offset compensation for NlOO1.

	RELAY	FET	TRIMMER FOR L.F. SQUARE WAVE	L.F. RESISTOR DIVIDER
x1 x10	K1004 K1003	V1011 V1006	C1033 C1029	 R1007-R1011
x100	K1002	V1003	C1023	R1019-R1004

Note that, when "0" (GND-A) is selected, the output is connected to ground via FET V1016 and all other relay- and FET switches are switched off.

The impedance converter serves as an inverting buffer circuit for the high impedance attenuator. For the l.f.-feedback the output signal of this stage is routed to the l.f. summation point N1001-2.

The low impedance attenuator reduces the gain by x1, x2.5 and x5, depending on which relay is activated.

	RELAY	RESISTOR DIVIDER
x1	K1006	
x2.5	K1007	R1053 vs R1056, R1057 and R1058
x5	K1008	R1053, R1056 and R1057 vs R1058

The continuous circuit (D1061), the differential input voltages of which are fed to pins 4 and 5. This stage comprises the following functions:

- Continuously variable control (pin 11).

- Gain x1 (pin 2 and 3) with offset adjustment R1064 and gain adjustment R1069.
- Gain x10 (pin 6 and 7) with offset adjusting R1072 and gain adjustment R1076.
- x1/x10 control (pin 10) to select the 2,5 and 10 mV/DIV settings.

The differential output current from pin 13 and pin 14 is routed via a common-base circuit V1063, V1064 and applied to the pre-amplifier unit.

#### 4.2 EXTERNAL INPUT

The external input can be subdivided into four stages:

Input coupling, basically similar to the ch.A input coupling.

High impedance attenuator for the xl attenuator only, where the 1.f. square-wave can be adjusted with trimmer Cl206. The l.f. part is routed to the summation point Nl201-2. Rl217 serves as an offset compensation for Nl201. For l.f.-feedback the output of the impedance converter is also routed to this summation point.

Note that the output of this stage is also a reconstituted version of the input signal.

Impedance converter, is basic similar to the ch.A impedance converter.

erent

The differential amplifier V1211, VERE converts the voltage from emitter-follower V1209 into the differential current signals EXT+ and EXT-. This signal is applied to the pre-amplifier unit and serves as external trigger signal or as an external deflection signal. The current for this stage is applied from current source V1213.



Figure 4.2 Attenuator unit p.c.b.



Figure 4.3 Circuit diagram of attenuator, ch.A



Figure 4.4 Circuit diagram of attenuator, ch.B



Figure 4.5 Attenuator unit p.c.b.



Figure 4.6 Circuit diagram of attenuator, EXT

Archief RadioDatabase.nl

BAMA KOPIE

### 5-1

# 5. PRE-AMPLIFIER UNIT (A2)

The pre-amplifier unit consists of:

- Vertical pre-amplifier
- Trigger pre-amplifier

- Pre-amplifier control, including CHOPPER oscillator

Next, the adaptation unit Al6 is mounted on this board. This unit is described separately in chapter 17.

All control pulses for this unit are generated by the pre-amplifier control circuit, via the  $1^{2}$ C bus (see Section 5.4).

# 5.1 VERTICAL PRE-AMPLIFIER



MAT 2815 870529

Figure 5.1 The three stages of the vertical pre-amplifier

The vertical pre-amplifier consists of three stages.

The signal splitter (Q0205) receives its input signal for channel A (B) from the attenuator unit and copies this signal into two identical differential output current signals for:

- Vertical deflection (pin 7 and 10)

- Time Base triggering (pin 5 and 12), refer to section 5.2.

The output of pin 7 and 10 is applied to the adaptation unit Al6.

Stage 2 (unit Al6), refer to the description of Al6.

Stage 3 (D2203) serves as delay line driver where the output current of both OQ0020's is converted into voltage signal applied to the delay line. The current for this stage and for the OQ0020's D601 and D602 on adaption unit A16 is supplied via R2231 and R2246. The current regulation for the common-mode circuit is achieved by transistor D2203 (12, 13, 14).

### 5.2 TB TRIGGER PRE-AMPLIFIER

Trigger possibilities are:

	Signal	Selected by:		Inverted by:		
	name	routed to	name	routed to	name	routed to
ch. A	TRAM+, TRAM-			D2302(10)	INVAM	D2302(2)
ch. B	TRBM+, TRBM-	D23O2(5,6)	BM	D23O2(11)	INVBM	D23O2(7)
EXTERNAL	EXT-, EXT+	D2303(3,4)	EXTM	D23O3(10)	INVAM	D2303(2)
line	LINE	D2303(5)	LNM	D23O3(11)	INVAM	D2 <b>303(7)</b>

D2301 serves as a signal splitter and receives its input signal from the attenuator unit. This input current signal is copied into identical differential output current signals for EXT MTB signal (pin 6 and 11)

The symmetrical output currents from D2302 (13, 14) and D2303 (13, 14) are converted into a symmetrical voltage again in the common-base circuit V2316, V2319 followed by a shunt feedback circuit V2318 and V2321. Note that the sensitivity at the collectors of V2318 and V2321 is 110 mV/DIV.

At this point the signal path is divided into:

- a trigger path, fed to both V2333 and V2334, where depending on the current to the base, levelling of the trigger signal is obtained.
  Two separate series feedback circuits take care of voltage-to-current conversion:
  - \* V2341 and V2342 for time-base triggering. The trigger output signal, TRIGM- and TRIGM+ are fed to the timebase unit A4.

\* V2347 and V2349 for trigger level view. This symmetrical output can be balanced by potentiometer R2407. The TRIGV+ and TRIGV- signals are fed to D602/3,4 on the adaptation unit Al6.

Integrated circuit D2304 serves as an auto level circuit. The following functions are possible:

a. Peak-peak

In this case the amplitude of the trigger signal applied to D2304 (3,7) is measured by peak-peak detectors on D2304 (2,4,6,8). The output current from D2304 (14,15) is dependent on the peak-peak level and is adjustable with the LEVEL control R7012, connected to D2304(1).

b. Triggering

In this case the level range is 16 div. The level is adjustable with R7012 and the current variation on D2304 (14,15) can be varied between +or-0, 6mA.

c. TV triggering

The level control is made ineffective. In TV triggering, the LEVEL must be set to a fixed value. This is done by applying a high level current to pin 1 via diode V2326. d. Auto

In auto the signal LEVEL NUL is high and via diode V2325 the output level D2304 (15) is asymmetrical with output level D2304 (14). Thus the maximum signal amplitude is 2 Vp-p.

- an external deflection path, routed via the series feedback circuit V2356 and V2357, the X DEFL+ and X DEFL- signals are fed to the time base unit A2. R2416, R2422 and C2350 gives phase correction for the X-Y display.

#### 5.3 PRE-AMPLIFIER CONTROL

The pre-amplifier control converts the data from the  $1^2$ C bus (SDA and SCL), derived from the microcomputer, into the control pulses for the pre-amplifier unit. To eliminate interference the SDA and SCL lines can be switched off via D2601.

This integrated circuit serves as a digital switch, controlled by the VERT IIC line. Logic high connects the outputs D2601(4,14,15) to the input "1" contact (switched on); logic low connects the outputs to the "2" contact (switched off) and gives SDA a logic low level and SCL a logic high level.

When D2601 is switched on, the serial data information is converted into parallel control pulses via D2602 and D2603, provided that D2602 is enabled (D2602-5 is high). The control lines are active when the level of the line is high.

Output Q12-D2602(9) serves as a power up not line for D2603: when the oscilloscope is in the power-up routine, Q12 is high and resets D2603. After the power-up routine, Q12 goes low and enables D2603.

Integrated circuit D2603 relieves the microcomputer of a number of such functions as:

- chop/alt

trigger select

- time-base select (fed to time base unit A4)

Adaptation of this I.C. to the oscilloscope version is made by the ADO and AD1 inputs D2603(15,16).

For this oscilloscope, ADO must be HIGH and AD1 must be LOW.

Timing for alternate and chopped mode is derived by the ALTCLN and CHOPCL pulses.

The chopper oscillator formed by V2611 and V2612 supplies a square wave voltage of 1,5 Vp-p with a frequency of 1 MHz.

This frequency is defined by two current loops:

- Il is determined by: V2612(c-e), C2611, R2627 and R2625. - I2 is determined by: V2611(c-e), C2611, R2628 and R2625.

The duty cycle (I1/I1+I2) is 12% approx.

The square wave on the collector of V2612 serves as a chopper clock pulse for D2603 and gives a 500 kHz display for 2 channels CHOP, 333 kHz display for 3 channels CHOP and 250 kHz for 4 channels CHOP (A-B-TRIG VIEW-ADD).

Note that D2603(8) serves as the chopper switch, which is high when the CHOP softkey is depressed.



Figure 5.2 Pre-amplifier unit p.c.b.



Figure 5.3 Circuit diagram of pre-amplifier, channel switch and delay line driver



Figure 5.4 Circuit diagram of pre-amplifier, trigger switch

5-10







MATSON BROAD

Figure 5.6 Circuit diagram of pre-amplifier, logic control

# 6. XYZ-AMPLIFIER UNIT (A3)

#### 6.1 INTRODUCTION

Unit A3 incorporates two separate pcb's which are connected via a flatcable. One pcb includes among other things the CRT socket and is connected at the rear of the CRT. The other pcb comprising the proper final X and Z amplifiers is situated above the Cathode Ray Tube (CRT). For ease of description, unit A3 is described as one unit.

The XYZ-amplifier unit consists of:

- Final vertical (Y) amplifier. - Final horizontal (X) amplifier.

- Final unblanking (Z) amplifier, incl. CRT.

#### 6.2 FINAL VERTICAL (Y) AMPLIFIER

The final Y-amplifier receives its signal from the delay line and supplies the correct vertical signal to the Y-deflection plates of the CRT. For this the signal is processed in four stages:

- V3001, V3002 is a series feedback amplifier, including a delay line compensation network and potentiometer R3007 that controls current source V3003 for correction of any unbalance in the Y-deflection plates of the CRT. These circuits are connected between the emitters of both transistors V3001 and V3002. In this stage the input voltage is converted into a current signal.
- In this stage the input voltage is converted into a current signal.
- V3004, V3006 is a shunt feedback amplifier, which gives a voltage signal to the next stage.
- V3008, V3009 is a series feedback amplifier, including a final RCcorrection network and potentiometer R3038 for gain adjustment to compensate the different CRT sensitivities. V3007 supplies a constant current of 60 mA, i.e. 30 mA for each half. Note that the output again supplies a current signal.
- V3011, V3012 is a common-base amplifier for buffering the final Yamplifier to the Y-deflection plates. The maximum amplitude on each deflection plate is: 30 mA x 655 E = 20 V approx.

# 6.3 FINAL HORIZONTAL (X) AMPLIFIER

The input current for X-deflection is obtained from the time-base unit (ref: X- and X+) and processed in three stages, with circuits in the following configurations:

- V3101, V3102 is a common-base amplifier. The current "I" on the collector of both transistors determines the voltage across R3102 and R3116. This voltage is about 1,5 V p-p and feeds the next stage.
- V3103, V3106 is a series feedback amplifier, including an RCcorrection network for optimum linearity of the trace and potentiometer R3118 for xl amplifier adjustment, mounted between the emitters of both transistors. V3104 serves as current source.

- V3112, V3114 are connected as a shunt feedback amplifier, with resistors R3126 and R3134 as the feedback resistors. The transistor source are emitter followers V3109, V3111. This circuit serves as the actual final amplifier, which converts the deflection current into the proper deflection voltage for the X-deflection plates of the CRT. Transistors V3108, V3116 supply the bias current for the circuit.

### 6.4 FINAL BLANKING (Z) AMPLIFIER AND CRT

The blanking current derived from the Z pre-amplifier of the time-base unit is routed via common base amplifier V3200 and emitter-follower V3201 to the shunt-feedback amplifier V3202. This stage is fed by current source V3203, which gives a constant current of 4 mA. The voltage on the collector of V3202 can vary between +5 V for unblanking and -35 V for fully blanking.

This Z-pulse may contain d.c., l.f. and h.f. components to be applied to grid Gl of the CRT. Since Gl is at a cathode potential of -2000 V, blocking capacitors are required between Gl and the Z-amplifier output. The h.f. component is directly routed via blocking capacitor C3211 to Gl.

However, the d.c. and l.f. components are blocked, so these components are first modulated on a 200 kHz carrier signal by V3207 and V3208 to pass blocking capacitor C3209. Then the signal is demodulated again by V3209 and V3211. Finally, the reconstituted d.c. and l.f. components are added to the h.f. component.

Transistor V3251 forms a nominal 70 V zener circuit which provides the voltage difference between the cathode and G1 of the CRT. This bias voltage ensures blanking when there is no input signal. For adaptation to each CRT, this voltage can be varied between about 40 V and 100 V by means of R3252 (BLACK LEVEL). Resistor R3254 keeps the filament at the same potential as the cathode.

Any ripple on the cathode voltage is fed-back via transistor V3213 to the input of the Final Z-amplifier and added to the blanking signal. This means that the differential voltage between Gl and the cathode of the CRT is always fixed. Because this differential voltage determines the intensity of the spot, as a result, the intensity is almost independent of the ripple.

The amplifier stage V3253, V3254 and V3256 provides amplification for the range of the FOCUS control. The range of 0...+10 V gives a final range on G3 of the CRT of -1350 V ... -1600 V.

Resistor R3257 connects the INTENS control to the focus adjustment to maintain a sharply defined trace at varying brightness.

For optimum presetting of the GEOMETRY, the voltage on G5 of the CRT is set to a fixed level of -30 V. The ASTIGMATISM can be varied by means of potentiometer R3267.



Figure 6.2 Circuit diagram of XYZ amplifiers, final X and Y amplifiers

6-6



Figure 6.3 XYZ amplifier unit p.c.b.



igure 6.4 Circuit diagram of XYZ amplifiers, Z amplifier and CRT circuit

# 7. TIME-BASE UNIT (A4)

The time-base unit consists of:

- Trigger amplifier
- Timing circuit
- Sweep generator
- X DEFL amplifier, incl. display mode switch
- Horizontal pre-amplifier
- Z amplifier

As a supplement, the timing diagram for several conditions of the time base is given in section 7.7.

All control pulses for this unit are generated by the time-base control circuit, via the I<sup>2</sup>C bus. Integrated circuits D4001 and D4002 convert this series DATA into the parallel control pulses, provided that DLEN TB1, and DLEN TB2 are HIGH.

# 7.1 TRIGGER AMPLIFIER

# \* TB triggering:

The symmetrical trigger current signals TRIGM+ and TRIGM- are derived from the pre-amplifier unit and converted into the asymmetrical trigger voltage via the summation amplifier V4004, the shunt feedback amplifier V4008 and the emitterfollower V4009. The summation amplifier adds the base signal voltage of V4004 (caused by TRIGM-) and the collector signal current of V4001 (caused by TRIGM+).

# \* TV triggering:

When the signal TVMTB goes LOW, the normal trigger path is blocked via V4022 and the trigger signal is routed via the TV trigger stage V4011...V4023. Transistor V4012 serves to clip the synchronisation pulse and LINE/FRAME selection is obtained by V4021. If the signal TVF/LINE is high, TV frames are detected by C4004 ... C4007. A low control signal serves line detection by C4007.

# 7.2 TIMING CIRCUIT (see figure 7.1)

The timing for the entire time-base circuit is obtained by D4103 together with its associated components.



Figure 7.1 D4103 configuration

D4103 has the following relevant pin connections:

Pin	Name	INPUT-OUTPUT	Description
1	S INGLE	TTL-input	Selects the single time-base mode.
2	RESET	TTL-input	Stops the sweep and starts the hold off sweep.
3	AUTO	TTL-input	Selects the AUTO trigger mode, the time base is free-running after the last trigger pulse.
4	TESTIN	TTL-input	Selects the possibility to drive several functions (TESTOUT) in combination with SINGLE and RESET.
5	TESTOUT	TTL-output	
6	X DEFL	TTL-input	Activates the Z1 and Z2 outputs.
7	Vbb	-	+1,5 V supply input.
8	AUTOT IME	input	RC-time determination (100 ms) for the AUTO trigger mode.
9	BSXMTB	TTL-out put	Discharges the TB-sweep capacitor(s).
10	SMTB	SCHMITT-input	Determines the end of the TB-sweep.
11	TMTB	SCHMITT-input	Determines the start of the TB- sweep.
12	Z1	TTL-out put	Determines the blanking of the CRT.
13	Z2	TTL-out put	Determines the blanking of the CRT.
14	GND	-	Ground.
15	Vcc	-	+5 V supply input.
16	DTB1	-	not used
17	DTB2	-	not used, connected to ground.
18	TDTB	-	not used, connected to ground.
19	BSXDTB	-	not used
20	SDTB	-	not used, connected to ground.
21	BSXHO	TTL-output	Determines the ALT clock pulse
22	SHO	SCHMITT-input	Determines the end of the Hold-off sweep.
23	DTBS	-	not used; connected to supply +5Z.
24	EOS	-	Not used; connected to supply +5Z.
25	TBSX	TTL-input	Determines the TB-unblanking (HIGH)
26	TORS	TTL-input	Determines the STARTS condition (LOW) or TRIG'D condition (HIGH) of the DTB.
27	F1	TTL-input }	Determines the time base display
28	F2	TTL-input }	mode (both LOW).

NOTE: All SCHMITT-inputs are at +2,5 V level.

#### 7.3 SWEEP GENERATOR

```
* TB sweep generator (see figure 7.2):
```



Figure 7.2 Simplified diagram of the time-base sweep generator

UL

The sawtooth charging current  $\overline{R4143}$  (and R4144) determines the sweep speed via C4113 (+C4114).

The circuit is controlled by the following address lines:

- MAO...MA2, for interconnection of D4102-3 to an input pin, thus giving six different voltage levels UL with respect to +14,6 V.
- MREED, for addition of R4144 to the sawtooth charging circuit.
- MC, for addition of C4114 to the sawtooth charging circuit and for switching over between calibration pot.meters R4107 (50ns...100us) and R4108 (200 us...0,5 s).

The voltage UL can be continuously varied by moving the VAR TB control R7009 from the CAL position. Thus a sweep variation of 1:2,5 can be obtained.

sweep speed	MA2	MA1	MAO	MREED	MC
	_				_
50 ns	1	1	1	0	0
.1 us	0	1	0	U I	0
<u>.2</u> .5	0	0	1	U	0
.5	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	1	0	0
2	1	0	0	1	0
5	1	1	1	1	0
10	0	1	0	1	0
20	0	0	1	1	0
50	0	0	0	1	0
.1 ms	0	1	1	1	0
.2	1	0	0	0	1
•5	1	1	1	0	1
1	0	1	0	0	1
2	0	0	1	0	1
2	0	0	0	0	1
10	0	1	1	0	1
20	1	0.	0	1	1
50	1	1	1	1	1
.1 s	0	1	0	1	1
•2	0	0	1	1	1
•5	0	0	0	1	1

The function table for the sweep generator is given below:

NOTE: When MREED is low, then RELAY is switched on.

The sawtooth current is fed to the buffer circuit, where the h.f. sweep components (to 2 usec) are routed via C4116 and V4118, V4119. The 1.f. sweep components (0,5 sec...2usec) is routed via N4103.

Finally the time-base sweep voltage is applied to the horizontal display mode switch.

\* Hold-off circuit:

During the time base sweep, capacitor C4304 is discharged. In the lower sweepspeeds (lower then 10us) capacitor C4302 is also discharged via V4306. After the sweep, the capacitor(s) are charged via current source V4304 until the voltage across C4304 reaches the +2,5 V level. This voltage is applied to D4103 as the SHO signal and determines if the time base can generate a new sweep.

Depending on the HOLD OFF control potentiometer R7011 adjustment, a part of the charging current leaks away via V4301 and thus continuously variation of the charging time (i.e. hold-off time) is obtained. When BSXMTB goes LOW, the time base starts to run again and at the same time C4304 (and C4302) are discharged again via V4309.

## 7.4 X DEFL AMPLIFIER AND DISPLAY MODE SWITCH

# \* X DEFL amplifier:

The circuit for converting the symmetrical X DEFL+ and X DEFL- signals into the asymmetrical voltage, applied to the display mode switch is identical to the trigger input. However, this circuit can be switchedoff by diodes V4500 and V4505, provided that the X DEFL signal is HIGH.

#### \* Horizontal display mode switch:

The three deflection signals for real time base, digital time base or X deflection are switched to the horizontal pre-amplifier via diode switches. These switches are under control of the signals X DEFL and TBS. The output of the circuit is applied to R4701 on the horizontal pre-amplifier stage. The logic table is given below:

X DEFL	TBS	Output
1	*	X DEFL signal
0	0	Digital time base
0	1	Real time base

#### 7.5 Z-AMPLIFIER

#### \* Z-switch:

The Z-switch N4601 is configured as two differential amplifiers with a common current output to R4625. The stage is supplied by a constant current source via pin 3 and pin 9. The inputs Z1 and Z2 are derived from the timer stage D4103 and determine the unblanking of the CRT. For this oscilloscope Z1 and Z2 must be HIGH for normal intensity of the time base signal.

The amplitude of the Z-current can be varied by the front-panel INTENS control R5001. The slider of this control potentiometer drives the base pin 2 and pin 10 of both current sources.

To prevent burn-in of the CRT in the lower sweep speeds 0,5 sec...50 usec, signal ZB is LOW and reduces the voltage to pin 2 and pin 10.

Signal ZA is a software-controlled pulse to blank the trace when the AMPL/DIV switch is used.

#### \* Z Pre-amplifier:

In normal condition, the full current for CRT blanking derived from N4601 is routed via R4625, V4612 and R2628 to the XYZ Amplifier A3.

However, there are two conditions for additional blanking:

- In the chopped mode of the vertical channels the display is blanked during switching over between channels. This happens by connecting the CHOPBLN pulse to V4611. When this pulse is HIGH, transistor V4611 conducts and a part of the blanking current flows via V4611 emittercollector to the +5 K (+5V supply) rail.
- if a HIGH level is applied to the external Z MOD input on the rear panel, this signal causes conducting of V4616 so that a part of the blanking current flows via V4616 emitter-collector to the +5 K rail.

### 7.6 HORIZONTAL PREAMPLIFIER

The horizontal preamplifier drives the final X-amplifier on unit A6. It is a balanced amplifier that consists of V4702 and V4712. The amplifier receives the selected X-deflection signal. This signal can be the analog time base signal, the digital time base signal or the X-deflection signal. This signal is applied to the base of V4702. The base of V4712 receives a d.c. signal that determines the horizontal shift of the display on the CRT screen. The preamplifier can work with two different amplification factors:

- If X MAGN is inactive, the signal X10---LT is high. This has the result that V4706 is on and V4708 is off at the same time. The amplification is determined by the emitter resistors R4705 and R4718.

V4707 serves as a constant current source.

- If X MAGN is active, the signal X10---LT is low. This has the result that V4706 is off and V4708 is on at the same time. The amplification is determined by the emitterresistors R4706, R4707, R4719 and R4721. This gives a 10 times gain increase compared with the other mode.

The signal that determines the horizontal shift of the signal is applied to the base of transistor V4712. This signal can be derived either from the X POS potentiometer via W4909 (during normal signal display) or via trimming potentiometer R4260 (during display of text and/or cursors). The selection is done in multiplexer D4101 under control of signal XPOSOFF-HT that is high during text display. The signal is low during display of the signal.

7.7 TIMING DIAGRAM

The following figure gives the timing diagram for D4103 for a free running time base sweep.



Figure 7.3 Free-running sweep-timing diagram



Figure 7.4 Time-base unit p.c.b.



Figure 7.5 Circuit diagram of time-base, trigger amplifier



Figure 7.6 Circuit diagram of time-base, timing circuit and control



Figure 7.7 Time-base unit p.c.b.



Figure 7.8 Circuit diagram of time-base, sweep generator and hold-off









MAT 3624


Figure 7.10 Circuit diagram of time-base, 2-amplifier

# 8. CRT CONTROL UNIT (A5)

This unit incorporates the potentiometers that control the CRT functions. These potentiometers are INTENS (R1), screwdriver operated control TRACE ROT (R2), FOCUS (R3) and ILLUM (R4). The range of these potentiometers is between 0 V and +10 V. The way these potentiometers influences the associated circuit is described together with the description of the relevant circuit part.



Figure 8.1 Circuit diagram of CRT control



Figure 8.2 CRT control unit p.c.b.

# 9. POWER SUPPLY UNIT (A6)

Basically, the power supply unit consists of:

- input circuit
- converter circuit
- secondary output rectifiers
- HT supply
- CAL oscillator
- CRT control circuit

### 9.1 INPUT CIRCUIT

The instrument may be powered from a nominal mains voltage of 90 V...264 V a.c. The mains voltage is primary protected by a fuse of 1 AT, which is located on the rear of the instrument.

After rectification by the diode bridge V6001...V6004 a d.c. voltage is applied to the converter circuit. This voltage is smoothed by capacitors C6007, C6008 and three chokes. Depending on the mains voltage, the rectified voltage is 120 V...370 V.

A fixed part of the mains voltage serves as a LINE-trigger signal. The amplitude of the LINE trigger signal is 1/22x MAINS.

NOTE: The LINE trigger signal is <u>not</u> present when a d.c. voltage serves as MAINS.

9.2 CONVERTER CIRCUIT (see figure 9.1 and figure 9.2)

The flyback converters consists of transistor V6014 and V6018 and their associated components. The converter frequency depends on the LINE IN amplitude and is for 110 Vac: 30 kHz approx. For 220 Vac: 45 kHz approx.

Transistors V6014 and T6018 conduct on the forward stroke and charge transformer T6001. The thyristor V6013 fires when the voltage on the gate reaches the firing level (0,6 V approx). Consequently, V6018 blocks - V6014 blocks, for the duration of the flyback stroke, during which the secondary windings discharge via the diode rectifiers into the smoothing capacitors. The NTC resistor R6009 provides temperature compensation for the firing point of the thyristor.

During the flyback, capacitor C6009 charges again via the path T6001-1,V6012, V6009, R6004, C6009 and T6001-2.

The voltage stabilizer with transistor V6009 gives a square-wave to the gate of transistor V6014 with a maximum amplitude of 15 V.

The dv/dt limiter with L6004, L6006, V6017 and V6019 serves to eliminate the switching spikes present on the collector of V6018 (measuring point X46).



Figure 9.1 Converter circuit



Figure 9.2 Timing diagram converter circuit

### 9.3 SECONDARY OUTPUT RECTIFIERS

The output voltages taken from the secondary windings of transformer T6001 are rectified by diodes and smoothed by capacitors in conventional circuits. A "CROWBAR" circuit with transistor V6137 and V6112 protects the +5 V supply. When the +5 V level is too high, transistor V6137 (and V6112) conduct and the power supply goes into short circuit mode.

A voltage protection circuit using V6134, V6136 and V6112 protects against overloads protection. When the power supply is overloaded, these components conduct and the power supply goes into in the shortcircuit mode.

### 9.4 HT SUPPLY



Figure 9.3 HT oscillator

The HT supply consists of an oscillator and a regulator circuit. Transformer T6201 determines the frequency (50 kHz approx.) of the oscillator. The output signal voltage on the secondary winding of T6201 is rectified by diode V6209 and smoothed by C6211. The -2,1 kV is also converted to +14,5 kV in the HT multiplier D6201 and routed via connector X6030 to the post-acceleration anode of the CkT.

To regulate this HT voltage the -2 kV is fed to the input of OP-AMP N6002.

The output level of N6002 determines the energy to T6201, and thus the amplitude of the HT-voltage.

#### 9.5 CALIBRATOR

The calibrator circuit consists of two analogue switches D6501(8-9) and D6501(11-12) controlled by the active HIGH enable inputs 6 and 12 respectively, that are connected as an 2 kHz astable oscillator. Capacitor C6502 and resistor R6504 determine the 2 kHz frequency. The oscillator outputs, applied to enable inputs 5 and 13 of the second stage are in anti-phase with each other. Depending on the level of input 5 and 13, the CAL voltage will have a 1,2 V level or a 0 V level.



Figure 9.4 Power supply unit p.c.b.



Figure 9.5 Circuit diagram of power supply

# 10. FRONT UNIT (A7-A8)

The front unit consists of: - the key-matrix and reset circuit - the front controls, probe indicator and auxiliary circuits - the LCD display

The microprocessor that reads and controls this unit is located on the digital unit A9. The interconnection between both units is made by means of a 40-pole flatcable.

### 10.1 KEY-MATRIX AND RESET CIRCUIT

The front keys are grouped in a matrix configuration consisting of 9 lines. Every key (except the AUTO SET key) is present at the crossing point of two lines. The 9 lines are named KEYO ... KEY8 and are directly read by the microprocessor D9012 on digital unit A9.

The reset circuit generates the signal RESET-HT. This signal is high during some time after switching-on of the instrument. This high level forces the microcomputer on unit A9 to initiate its main program.

### 10.2 FRONT PANEL CONTROLS, PROBE INDICATOR AND AUXILIARY CIRCUITS

The front-panel potentiometers give voltages between 0...10 V to the various circuits. To determine the UNCAL position of VAR A, VAR B or VAR MTB, the dc voltages on the slider of the potentiometer are applied to triple comparator N7001. When the voltage level of the control is lower than 0,7 V a logic high is read. The UNCAL data is read by the microprocessor via a buffer that is present on unit A9.

Integrated circuit D7004 (OQ0044) detects the kind of probe which is connected to the oscilloscope. Depending on the resistance between the probe indication input (pin 3 for channel A and pin 16 for channel B) and ground, the V/DIV reading of the LCD automatically increases according to the table below. Depending on the type of probe (e.g. 10:1, 100:1) the indication ring incorporates a different resistance value.

Pin 3 (16)	Pin 6 (17)	Pin 7 (12)	V/DIV attenuation
2k32	0	0	x10
6k98	1	0	x100
7k68	0	1	xl
10k	1	1	x1

The 4 output signals of D7004 are read by the microprocessor via buffer D7006. This buffer also reads the AUTO SET key and the signals TEST OUT (high if scope is triggered), NOPTION (low for optional trigger facilities) and REMRQN (if low the interface option tells the microprocessor that the scope must go to remote). When the enable inputs pin 1 and 19 are made low by multiplexer D7002, the inputs of the buffer D7006 are read by the microprocessor.

D7002 is the multiplexer that makes a separation between the I2C lines that drive the LCD drivers and the I2C lines for the other circuits. This is controlled by the SEL II C line. If this line is high, the SDA (Serial Data) and SCL (Serial clock) lines control the LCD drivers on LCD unit A8.

D7003 decodes the address lines A8, A9 and All into the DLEN (Data Latch Enable) signals that select one of the serial-parallel conversion circuits.

### 10.3 LCD DISPLAY CIRCUIT

The LCD is driven by three drivers D8001, D8002 and D8003 (PCF8577). The temperature dependent supply voltage VCPCF is 4 V approx. at  $25^{\circ}$ C When the temperature increases, this voltage decreases. This is achieved by NTC resistor R7036. As a result the intensity of the LCD is constant over a wide temperature range.

The single-pin built-in oscillator on pin 37 of D8001 provides the modulation frequency for the LCD segment driver outputs. Capacitor C7008 and resistor R7018 are connected to this pin to form the oscillator, with a frequency of 150 Hz approx. Pin 36 and pin 37 are used to determine the LCD driver address in the I<sup>°</sup>C bus.

The outputs pin 1...pin 32 directly drive the LCD.

Outputs BP1 and BP2 (pin 33 and pin 34) drive the COMMON pins of the LCD.



.....

Figure 10.1 Circuit diagram of front unit, key matrix and auxiliary



Figure 10.2 Front unit p.c.b.



NAT 3629

Figure 10.3 Circuit diagram of front unit, front controls and probe indication









Figure 10,5 Circuit diagram of LCD unit

# 11. DIGITAL UNIT (A9)

INPUT AMPLIFIERS AND ADC CIRCUIT

This part of the circuit comprises two identical circuits (one for channel A and one for channel B) of which the channel A circuit is explained.

Every circuit incorporates an analog input amplifier followed by an analog into digital converter (ADC). The balanced current signal from V616/V617 (V621/V622 in channel B) on the adaptation unit A16 is applied to the emitters of common base circuit V9011/V9012. The signal currents in every branch are equal (0,1 mA/div) and are in antiphase. Trimming potentiometer R9064 is used for gain adjustment. The biasing currents in both branches are equal.

With no signal, the currents through V9011, V9016 and V9012, V9013, V9014 are equal and no current is running towards the base of V9017. V9017 is a shuntfeedback amplifier that converts current into voltage signal. The voltage amplitude is determined by the resistance value of R9083; C9074 limits the bandwidth of this stage. The output voltage of V9017 is applied to pin 8 of the ADC N9001 via emitterfollower V9018. The biasing voltage at the output of the emitter follower is adjusted to +2,5V with offset adjustment R9078. The inputvoltage range of the ADC lies between +1,6 and +3,4V.

The emitter of common base transistor V9013 is always at +0,6V which is identical to the base voltage of V9017. The transistors V9014, V9016 serve as a current mirror: if due to signal the current applied to V9011 sinks with e.g.0,1 mA the current in V9012 rises with the same amount. The current mirror on its turn adds this signal current and as a result the current in R9083 increases with 0,2 mA.

The ADC has 8 bits of output information coded AQDBOO (least significant bit)... AQDBO7 (most significant bit) for channel A. For channel B the 8 bits are coded AQDB10 (least significant bit) ... AQBD17 (most significant bit). If pin22 (enable ADC) is low, the ADC can convert the analog input signal at pin 8 into digital at the moment that pin 16 (start conversion) goes from low to high level.

### 11.2 ACQUISITION MEMORIES

This diagram incorporates the 8K acquisition memory. The memory is loaded with the output information of the two ADC's. In dual channel mode the channel A ADC output (AQDBOO ... 07) is providing the information that is loaded into the 4K memory D9031, D9032. The channel B ADC information is loaded into the other 4K memory D9033, D9034. The information is loaded into the memory if pin 18 (Chip Select RAM) and pin 21 (write acquisition) are both low. The 12 bit memory address (necessary to address 4K) is AQABOO (least significant bit) ... AQAB11 (most significant bit). This address is generated by an address generator that is present on the acquisition control logic. With address line AQAB11 low the memories D9031 and D9033 are enabled. Via inverter D9023/5,6 the memories D9032 and D9034 are enabled if address line AQAB11 is high.

If only one channel is selected, the full 8K memory is available for that channel. If channel A is selected, the 4K memory D9031, D9032 is loaded and then via bidirectional buffer D9035 the 4K memory D9033, D9034. If channel B is selected, the 4K memory D9033, D9034 is loaded and then via bidirectionalbuffer D9035 the 4K memory D9031, D9032. The bidirectional buffer is controlled by or gate D9030/9,10,8. The input signals for these gates are explained on the next circuit diagram where they are generated. The output signals ENAD1-LTand ENAD2-LT are the enable signals for ADC 1 and ADC 2. The contents of the acquisition memory can be transferred to the instrument's display section via the two-position multiplexers D9036, D9037. Depending on the state of pin 1 of the multiplexers (select databus) either the information from D9031, D9032 (pin 1 low) or the information from D9033, D9034 (pin 1 high)is transferred. When reading the contents of the acquisition memories their control input pin 20 is low and pin 21 is high.

### 11.3 ACQUISITION CONTROL LOGIG

The acquisition control logic plays the central role in the signal acquisition:

it generates all the necessary control signals for the ADC's, the aquisition memories, two counters and the exchange of data from acquisition part to the display part of the instrument. The diagram comprises two counters. Counter 1 consists of the 4-bit counters D9053, D9054, D9056 and D-flipflop D9049. This counter can only count upwards and can be preset to 0000 by control signal RSCN1-LT (reset counter 1) because its data inputs are connected to UV. The clockpulse for counter 1 is CKCN1(clockpulse counter 1). Counter 2 consists of the 4-bit counters D9061, D9062, D9063 and D9064. This counter can be preset to a certain preset value by control signal LDCN2-LT (load counter 2). This 13-bit preset value comes from the outputs of the latches D9058, D9059. These latches are loaded in advance by the instrument's microprocessor via the control signals CKPR1 (clock pretrigger) and CKPR2. Moreover counter 2 can count up or down: this is controlled by the signal UPDO (up/down). The counter counts up with UPDO being low and its counts down with UPDO high. Both counters have a range of 0 ... 4K in dual channel mode: two 4K memories for respectively channel A and B are adressed in parallel. The range in single channel mode is 8K because the two 4K memories are placed behind each other so that 8K must be adressed by the counter. The two-position multiplexers D9066, D9067 and D9068 select the address for the acquisition memory: this can be either the outputs of counter 1 (SLAQAB/selectacquisition address bus = low) or the outputs of counter 2 (SLAQAB = high).

The acquisition system can take in information in two different modes that depend on the TIME/DIV setting of the instrument. The modes are D1 mode for 10us ... 1ms/div and D2 for 2ms ... 50s/div. The difference between the two modes is that in the D2 mode the waveform is built up on the CRT screen while the acquisition is busy taking-in signal samples. Working principle of D1 mode (refer to timing diagram, the signals STateO and STate1 are also given because they can serve as a reference):

ОК	8K	ок		8K
COUNTER 2:		•		
7K 8K FOR TRIGGER 7K			ок	
I: COPYING ACQ. MEMORY INTO	DISPL, MEM	ORY		
TO (STATE 0):				
STI (STATE I):				
				MAT3457

Figure 11.1 States of counter 1 and counter 2

The acquisition starts after reset of counter 1 to 0000 and after it has preset counter 2 to the so-called precharge-value. This value depends on the adjusted pretrigger value. If this value is e.g. -3div, the precharge-value is in single channel 8192 - (3 \* 400) = 6992(7K approx) because 1 div equals 400 samples then. In dual channel the value is 4096 - (3 \* 200) = 3496 because 1 div equals 200 samples then. The now following example is based upon a pretrigger value of -3div in single channel mode:

the acquisition starts with counter 1 at 0000 and counts upwards so that the digitized signal samples from the ADC are placed in successive acquisition memory locations. At the same time counter 2 counts up from the precharge value towards 8192. The system can not trigger during this period; this assures that at least 3 div of signal are stored in memory before a trigger can occur. The clockpulse frequencies for counter 1 and 2 are equal during this mode. At the moment that counter 2 has reached 8192, it is reset to the precharge value (in this example 6992) and switched to count down mode. The system now is able to get triggered and stands waiting for a trigger pulse. This trigger pulse comes as "DSO TRIG SIGNAL" from connector X411 on the time base. It is applied to X9011 and consequently to D9050/pinl3. Inbetween counter 1 goes on counting up and adressing successive acquision memory locations. Counter 2 starts to count down from 6992 ... 0000 if the trigger occurs. This goes on until the value 0000 is reached: now counter 2 and also counter lstop. This is the moment that the acquisition memory contents are copied into the display memory. How this is done will be explained on the next diagram "display logic". However bear in mind that the copying of the acquisition memory starts at the counter 1 address succeeding to the address where the acquisition stopped. The aquisition memory contents are copied into the display memory locations starting with address 0000 and onwards. The copy action stops if the display memory has received 8K signal samples. After this a new acquisition stroke starts, and so on. However after a reset command in single (multiple) shot mode, only 1 (2) acquisition stroke is performed.

#### Working principle of D2 mode:

the start of the acquisition stroke is identical to the Dl mode. The various circuits are preset by the microprocessor, counter 2 counts up the precharge value and then the system can react on a trigger. If this trigger occurs, the system proceeds in a way different from Dl mode: while counter 1 keeps on writing in signal samples in the acquisition memory, counter 2 is generating adresses that read the acquisition memory in order to copy this information into the display memory. In this mode the address multiplexer D9066, D9067, D9068 of the acquisition memory switches between counter 1 (ADC information is written in) and counter 2 (acquisition memory copied into display memory).

The remaining circuitry on this diagram is control circuitry. Among this circuitry are FPLA (field programmable logic array) D9048 and PAL (programmable array logic) D9047.

The FPLA and the PAL can both be regarded as a programmed read only memory where a certain combination of inputs results in a combination of outputs. The relation between in- and outputs is determined by the way the device has been programmed. The difference between PAL and FPLA lies in the internal programming possibilities of both devices. The FPLA D9048 produces a number of control signals: STCV is used for the ADC's, WRAQ--LT is used via multiplexer D9064 to control the acquisition memories, SLAQAB controls the write/read address multiplexer, RSCNI-LT and CKCN1 control the write counter, ENADOTLT (enable ADC output) is used for the ADC's, UPDO and CKCN2 control the read counter, OTENRALT (output enable RAM)enables the acquisition memory.

The PAL D9047 produces also a number of control signals. STO (state 0) and ST1 represent the four different modes of the acquisition system. These modes are:

- counter 2 counting up the precharge value.

- system stands waiting for a trigger.

- counting down after the trigger until the information transfer starts.

- information transfer from acquisition memory to display memory.

Other PAL output signals are: LDCN2 (load counter 2), SLDB (select databus) used on circuit diagram "acquisition memories", CKDPL (clock display latch) used for information transfer on circuit diagram "display logic" and ST3 (state3) that controls FPLA D9048. The latches D9059, D9052 generate control signals such as: the acquisition mode signals Dl and D2, the DUAL channel mode signal, TBM00/TBM01/TBM02 for digital time base control and lCHA/lCHB for single channel mode with channel A or B.

### 11.4 DISPLAY LOGIC

The heart of this diagram is formed by the 32k display memory D9039. This IC of which half the capacity is used, incorporates the 8K display memory and the 8K register memory. In single channel mode 8K is used for the trace of one channel. In dual channel mode the even addresses of 8K are used for channel A and the odd addresses for channel B. The adresses for the display memory are generated by the ASIC (application specific IC) D9072. This device incorporates 3 address counters. Every counter has 12 bits and can address 4K of memory. There are two additional static address lines that are set by the microcomputer so that 16K can be adressed as a total. The output of one counter is available at a time at the outputs DPADOO ... DPAD14. The counter to be active at the outputs is determined by the control signals SCOO, SC10 (select counters). The outputs DPAD13, DPAD14 are static bits and not dirived from the counter outputs. The function of the three counters is now explained for the various modes that are possible. The three counters are used for (1) memory addressing during signal transfer from acquisition to display section, (2) memory addressing during the display cycle, (3) horizontal deflection during the display cycle and (4) transfer from display to register memory respectively.

Information transfer from acquisition to display memory. The acquisition brings the signal samples one by one into latch D9038 via CKDPL (clock display latch). CKDPL is also applied to the control logic so that the display part knows that information is available. This information is taken from the latch by OTENDPLT (output enable display) and loaded into the D9039 memory addres determined by the 4K counter in D9072, divide-by-two stage D9073 (total address range 8K) and multiplexer D9074. The timing of this action is given in the diagram below where two transfers are given:



Figure 11.2 Timing diagram of signal transfer

If the display section has taken the signal sample it makes OTENDPLT high again. This is signalled to the acquisition control logic that makes CKDPL low again. Now a new signal sample can be transferred between the acquisition part and the display part. The two parts are independent and have their own systemclock (20 and 8MHz). The proces that is shown can be regarded as a handshake process.

#### Signal display.

The display of signal means that the contents of a certain D9039 display/register memory location is converted into vertical and horizontal deflection. The vertical deflection is initiated by 8 bits DPDB00 ... DPDB07 from a certain adressed memory location. These 8 bits are applied to the Y DAC (digital to analog converter) via the multiplexers D9043, D9044. With the multiplexers in opposite position text and cursors are displayed.

The horizontal deflection is initiated by 10 bits DPAD02 ... DPAD11 that are applied to the X DAC via multiplexers D9078, D9077, D9076. With the multiplexers in opposite position text and cursors are displayed. There are 4K signal samples for one CRT screen and only 1K (equals 10 bits) for horizontal addressing. This means that at every horizontal position 4 signal samples are displayed. Now the role of the counters in D9072 on the display cycle: one counter addresses 4K out of the 32K memory range. For this purpose 15 bits are necessary: 14 bits from the counter inside D9072 and 1 bit DPAD12 from Dflipflop D9049. The counter inside D9072 is presettable because of theinstrument's display part function. The contents of the addressed memory location is placed in latch D9041. Now the counter inside D9072 that is responsable for the X deflection is applied to the outputs. Ten bits of information DPAD02 ... DPAD11 are applied via multiplexers to the X DAC. This counter must be able to count in steps of 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32 or 64. This inconnection with the instrument's X EXPAND functions. Now the contents of latch D9041 is applied to the Y DAC while counter D9072 output determines the horizontal position of the dot on the screen via the X DAC.

Copying information from display memory into register: during this action the acquisition is stopped and there is no signal display on the instrument's screen. During this action two counters inside D9072 gettemporarely a different function. One counter addresses the display memory location from where a signal sample must be copied. This sample is temporarely stored in latch D9041. The other counter addresses the register memory locationto where the sample must copied.

Direct access of microprocessor into display/register memory: the microprocessor is able to address all memory locations directly via the latches D9069, D9071 via control signal CPUEN (CPU enable). The data from the addressed memory location is accessible via bidirectional latch D9042. This makes it possible for the microprocessor to read and to write into the memory. This is necessary if the oscilloscope is controlled via the (optional) communication interface (reading from or writing into the memory) or when the RESET key is pushed (1000 0000 is written into the memory).

#### 11.5 DAC CIRCUITS

This diagram incorporates the (vertical) Y DAC and the (horizontal) X DAC and their output amplifiers. For the Y section a 8 bits DAC is used. It has 2 outputs delivering a balanced current output signal that is applied to an amplifier stage V9107, V9108 with gain and offset adjustments. The signal current in each output branch is 0,1 mA/div and is applied to D602/pin 5 and 6 on adaptation unit Al6. The circuit with V9102 and V9106 has all transistors in conductive state in the dot join mode because signal TRAMO-HT (trace mode) is high then. The circuit switches on low pass circuits by activating the capacitors C9102 (lowpass with R9107), C9103 (low pass with R9112), C9104 (low pass with R9108) and C9106 (low pass with R9113). The low pass filters give the result that thespot on the screen between one sample and the next one moves gradually. With the low pass filters not activated, the spot moves in steps. For the X section a 10 bits DAC is used. It has two outputs delivering a balanced current output signal of which one is not used and connected to 0V. The other output is applied to V9119 that converts current into voltage. This voltage signal (range 0 ... 6V) is applied to the time base unit A4 via emitter follower V9121. Also the X deflection circuit has a smoothing circuit for the dot join mode. This circuit comprises V9122 that switches on C9111, C9112. The working principle is identical to the corresponding circuit in the Y deflection part.

### 11.6 DISPLAY AND TIME BASE CONTROL

This diagram comprises the digital time base and logic for display control.

The digital time base is driven by 40MHz X-tal oscillator G9001. The 40MHz output signal is divided by two cascaded D-flipflops D9003 so that 20 and 10MHz square waves are available. Divider D9002 divides the 40MHz signal into 4 and 8 MHz signals for the the digital time base. The signals of 20, 10, 8 and 4 MHz are used for the fastest sweep speeds. They can be selected via multiplexer D9006. This multiplexer is controlled by address lines TBM00, TBM01, TBM02 that come from latch D9052 on circuit diagram "acquisition control logic". The 20MHz signal is used for 10 and 20us/div in single channel. For 20us/div dual channel 10MHz is used. 8MHz (4MHz) is used for 50us/div in single (dual) channel mode.

The 8MHz signal is also routed to a programmable divider D9004. Output pin 10 of this device is used for sweep speeds 0,5ms ... 0,5 s/div. This output signal is applied to the input (pin 15) of a second divider that makes the sweep speeds 1 ... 50 s/div. The programmable divider is controlled by the microcomputer via the data lines ABDB00 ... ABDB07 and the address lines UPAD00, UPAD01. Other control lines from the microcomputer are UPWR (microprocessor write) and CSTB (chip select time base).

The display control logic: this part of the circuit generates the control signals for the display section.

The circuit is controlled by the microcomputer data bits ABDB00 ... ABDB06 via latch D9024. The latch is loaded with the information on the data bus via signal CKDSP-LT (clock display). Because the display system works asynchroneously from the microcomputer, the latch D9024 is followed by a second latch D9026 that is read out by the signal SCl0 that is synchroneous with the 8MHz clock of the display control logic. The control signals that are generated by the two PAL's D9027, D9028 and multiplexer D9029. A PAL is a programmable array logic of which the function is already discussed during the explanation of circuit diagram of acquisition control logic. The multiplexer D9029 is enabled indigital memory mode (MEMON-LT low). The multiplexer positions are determined by TRAMO-HT (trace mode; H if signals are displayed, L if text/cursors are displayed). D9029 makes two output signals of which ZCONTR-LT is used to determine the intensity of the spot on the screen via V4618on the time base. A low level switches the display on. This level is determined by ZCONTR (signal display) or by ZTENO(text/cursor display). This last signal comes from the text/cursor generator.

The other D9029 output signal XYDTCLLT switches the multiplexers D9043 ...D9076 that switch the Y and X defection in memory on between signal and cursor/text display. This signal is the 10MHz clock in case of text/cursor display and XYDTCL in case of signal display. The most important output signals that are generated in the display control logic are:

- CPUEN-LT: L enables the display RAM so that the microcomputer can read/write into it. - STYDT-LT, RTYDT-LT, YDTCL-HT: L gives set/reset to flipflop D9049 in display RAM section. The clock is YDTCL-HT. - SLDPRALT: L selects display RAM D9039. - CNTCL-HT: clockpulse for transfer counter D9073. - OTENDPLT: L transfers acquisition memory information from latch 9038 into display RAM D9039. - DPRAWRLT: L enables display RAM D9039 - CKCPL-HT, ENCPL-LT: clock and enable pulse for copy latch D9041 for copying from display into register memory. The most important input signals are: - TCCPCNHT: H if terminal count occurs of counter that controls transfer from acquisition to display memory. - LOCK: H if system is in locked mode. The following timing signals are used:



Figure 11.3 Timing diagram display and time base control

The supply voltage for the IC's D9014 (microprocessor RAM), D9046 (switch IC), D9039 (display memory/register) is coming from the +5V power supply via diode V9002 and V9003 if the line voltage is on. If the line voltage is off, the supply is coming from a back-up battery via diode V9001 (BAV0).

#### 11.7 CPU LOGIC

This diagram comprises two main parts: the microcomputer and the textgenerator. The microcomputer consists of the 8 bit microprocessor D9012 with a read-only memory D9013 and a random access memory D9014. The address and databits UPADB00 ... UPADB07 of the microprocessor are combined and the addressinformation is separated by the latch D9016 under control of the signal ALE (address latch enable). The read-only memory is enabled by the signal PSE(program store enable) that is generated by the microcomputer. The randomaccess memory is enabled by signal CSUPRALT (chip select microprocessor RAM) and controlled by either UPRD--LT (microprocessor read) or UPWR--LT(microprocessor write). The buffer D9018 that is enabled by signal SFTKY-LT(softkey) permits the microcomputer to read the five softkeys under the CRT and the uncal positions of the verniers of channel A, B and time base. The buffer D9017 is used as a buffer because of the maximum fan-out of the processor.

The text generator D9079 is written in by the microprocessor by the databits ABDB00 ... ABDB07 and the address bits UPAD08, UPAD09 via the commands UPWR andTXTSL-LT (text select). The text generator uses the same 10MHz clock signal as the microcomputer. Output signals of the text generator are 10 bits TXDB00 ...TXDB09 that are used for horizontal positioning of the text and 8 bits Y2 ...Y9 that are used for vertical positioning. The signal ZTEN0 determines the intensity when text is written. The text generator is functioning under control of the microprocessor in a display cycle where 9,5 ... 10 ms is reserved for writing text/cursors, then 9 ms to write signal and then text/cursors, and so on.

The remaining circuitry on this diagram consists of decoding circuitry. D9019 incorporates two demultiplexers. Depending on a two bit address, one out of the four output lines is low if the enable output is low. D9021 is a demultiplexer with 8 outputs of which one is low at a time depending on a three bit address and if two enable lines are low and one line is high. Some of the control signals that are generated in this circut are:

- CSDSP-LT (chip select display): enables the latch D9042 that gives the microcomputer direct access to the display/register memory.
- DPCNT-LT (display counter chip select): microcomputer can write data into display counter D9072.

- RSCPCNLT: reset pulse for the counter that controls the data transfer between acquisition and display memory.

- OPTWR-LT (option write):

- TXTSL-LT (text select): microcomputer can enable text generator via this line.

- CKMOR (clock mode register): clockpulse for latch D9052 that serves as mode register in acquisition control logic.

- CSTB--LT (chip select time base): chip select for time base IC D9004.

- CKPR1, CKPR2 (clock preset 1/2): clock pulse for latches that are loaded with the preset value for a 8K counter on the acquisition control logic.

- CKDSP-LT: clock pulse for latch D9024 on display mode control logic.

Archief RadioDatabase.nl

## 11-10

11.8 SIGNAL NAME LIST

Signal Name	Description	Signal Source	Signal Destination
1CHA	Single channel A	D9052	D9030, D9035
1СНВ	Single channel B	D9052	D9030
BR	Bank read	D <b>9</b> 064	D9047
CK08M	8 MHz clock	D9002	D9004, D9006 D9027, D9028
CK10M	10 MHz clock	D9003	D9006, D9012, D9029, D9079
СК20м	20MHz clock	D9003	D9003, D9006, D9047
CKCN1	Clock counter 1	D9048	D9053, D9054, D9056
CKCN2	Clock counter 2	D9048	D9061, D9062, D9063, D9064
CKCPL-HT	Clock copy latch	D9028	D9041
CKDPL	Clock display latch	D9047	D9027, D9038, D9048
CKDSP-LT	Clock display register	D9021	D9024
CKMOR	Clock mode register	D9021	D9052
CKPR1	Clock preset l	D9021	D9058
CKPR2	Clock preset 2	D <b>9</b> 021	D9059
CNTCL-HT	Count clock	D <b>9082/</b> 8	D9072,D9073
CNTCL-LT	Count clock	D9027	D9082/9
CNTOF-HT	Count overflow	D9072	D9073, D9028, D9082/5
CPUEN-HT	CPU enable	D9026	D9023, D9027, D9028, D9072, D9074
CPUEN-LT	CPU enable	D <b>902</b> 3	D9069, D9071
CSDSP-LT	Chip select display	D9022/3	D9022, D9042
CSTB-LT	Chip select time base	D <b>9021</b>	D9004
CSUPRALT	Chip select uP RAM	D9046/3	D9014, D9047

Signal Name	Description	Signal Source	Signal Destination
D1	Tb mode 20us2ms/div	D9052	D9047, D9048
D2	Tb mode 5ms50s/div	D9052	D9047, D9048
DPCNT-LT	Display counter chip select	D9019	D <b>9</b> 072
DPRAWRLT	Display RAM write	D9022/11	D <b>9039</b>
DSPEN-HT	Display enable	D9026	D9027, D9028
DSPWR-LT	Display write	D901 9	D9022/2, D9022/13
DUAL	Dual trace mode	D9052	D9030, D9047, D9048, D9051
ENAD1-LT	Enable ADC 1	<b>D903</b> 0	N9001
ENAD2-LT	Enable ADC 2	D9030	N9002
ENADOTLT	Enable ADC output	D9048	D9030/10, 2, 4
ENCPL-LT	Enable copy latch	D <b>9</b> 028	D9041
LDCN2-LT	Load counter 2	D9047	D9061, D9062, D9063, D9064
LOCKHT	Lock mode of system	D9026	D9027
MEMON-HT	Memory on	D9059	D9023/13
MEMON-LT	Memory on	D9023/12	D9029
OPTRQ-LT	Option request	D9046	D9012, X9050
OPTWR-LT	Option write	D9021	x 90 50
OTENDPLT	Output enable display	D9027	D9038, D9050
OTENRALT	Output enable RAM	D9048	D9031, D9032, D9033, D9034
PSELT	Program store enable	D9012	D9013
REGEN-HT	Register enable	D9026	D9027,D9028
RESET-HT	Reset power on	x <b>9</b> 050	D9012, D9046/8
RESET-LT	Reset power on	D9046/9	D9046/5, D9024, D9026, D9046/13, D9079,D9045
RSCN1-LT	Reset counter 1	D9048	D9049, D9053, D9054, D9056

Archief RadioDatabase.nl

Signal Name	Description	Signal Source	Signal Destination
RSCPCNLT	Reset CP counter	D9021	D9073
RTYDT-LT	Reset Y D-flipflop	D9026	D9049
SC00	Select counter	D <b>902</b> 7	D9028, D9072, D9074
SC10	Select counter	D <b>9</b> 02 <b>7</b>	D9074 D9028, D9072, D9073, D9074 D9082
SCL	Serial clock	D9012	x9050
SDA	Serial data	D <b>9012</b>	<b>X9050</b>
SFTKY-LT	Softkey select	D9019	D <b>9</b> 018
SLAQAB	Select aquisition address bus	D <b>9</b> 048	D9066, D9067, D9068
SLDB	Select databus	D <b>9</b> 04 <b>7</b>	D9036,D9037, D9048
SLDPRALT	Select display RAM	D9022/6	D9046/1
STO	State O	D <b>9</b> 04 7	D9048
STI	State 1	D9047	D9048
ST2	State 2	D9047	D9048
STCV	Start conversion	D9048	D9050, N9001 N9002
STYDT-LT	Set Y D-flipflop	D9026	D904 9
твск	Time base clock	D9006	D9048
TBM00	Time base mode 00	D9052	D9006
TBM01	Time base mode 01	D9052	D9006
TBM02	Time base mode O2	D9052	D9006
TCCN1-LT	Terminal count counter l	D9057/12	D <b>904 9</b>
TCCN2-LT	Terminal count counter 2	D9057/6	D9050
TCCPC NHT	Terminal count copy counter	D9073	D9023, D9027, D9047
TCCPCNLT	Terminal count copy counter	D9023/8	D9012
TCD1	Terminal count D-flipflop l	D9049/9	D9050,D9051
TCXD	Terminal count X data	D <b>9</b> 02 8	D <b>902</b> 7

Signal Name	Description	Signal Source	Signal Destination
TRAMO-HT	Trace mode (txt/signal)	D9059	D9029, D9043, D9044, D9076 D9077, D9078 V9101
TXTSL-LT	Text select	D9021	<b>09079</b>
UPDO	Up /down counter 2	D9048	D9061, D9062, D9063, D9064
UPRDLT	Microprocessor read	D9012	D9014, D9017, D9017, D9019, D9042, X9050
U PWRLT	Microprocessor write	D <b>9</b> 01 2	D9004, D9014, D9019, D9079, D9082
VERTIIC	Vertical IC	D9012	x <b>9</b> 050
WRAQLT	Write acquisition	D9048	V9003, D9049
WRAQ1-LT	Write acquisition l	D <b>9</b> 051	D9031, D9032
WRAQ2-LT	Write acquisition 2	D <b>9</b> 051	D9033, D9034
WRBLT	Write buffer	D9082/3	D9072
XPOSCAL	X position calibrated	D9059	X9016
XYDTCLLT	X/Y data clock	D902 9	D9043, D9044, D9076, D9077, D9078
YDTCL-HT	Y D-flipflop clock	D <b>9023/1</b> 0	D <b>9</b> 04 9
Z CNTR-LT	Z control	D <b>9</b> 02 9	V 9004
ZTENO	Z text enable	D <b>9079</b>	D9029
ABDB 00 / /07	Buffered uP data bus	D9017	D9004, D9014, D9018, D9024, D9042, D9052, D9058, D9059, D9072, D9079
AQAB00//03	Acquisition address bus	D9066	D9031, D9032 D9033, D9034
AQABO4//07	Acquisition address bus	D9067	D9031, D9032, D9033, D9034
AQAB08//10	Acquisition address bus	D <b>9</b> 068	D9031, D9032 D9033, D9034
AQAB11	Acquisition address bus	D9068	D9031, D9033 D9023/5

Signal Name	Description	Signal Source	Signal Destination
AQDB00//03	Acquisition data bus	N9001	D9031, D9032, D9035, D9036
AQDB04//07	Acquisition data bus	N9001	D9031, D9032, D9035, D9037
AQDB10//13	Acquisition data bus	N9002	D9033, D9034 D9035, D9036
AQDB14//17	Acquisition data bus	א <b>9</b> 002	D9033, D9034 D9035, D9037
AQDBAB00//03	Acquisition data bus A/B	D9036	D <b>903</b> 8
AQDBAB04//07	Acquisition data bus A/B	D9037	D9038
DPAD00,01	Display address	D9069	D9039, D9072
DPADO2,03	Display address	<b>D9069</b>	D9039, D9072 D9078
DPAD04//07	Display address	D9069	D9039, D9072 D9077
DPAD08//11	Display address	D <b>9</b> 071	D9039, D9072 D9076
DPAD12//14	Display address	D9071	D9039, D9072
DPDB00//03	Display data bus	D9038 D9042	D9039, D9041 D9043
D PDB 04 / /0 7	Display data bus	D9038 D9042	D9039, D9041 D9044
DXDB00,01	Deflection X data bus	D9078	N9004
DXDB02//05	Deflection X data bus	D <b>9</b> 077	D9004
DXDB06//09	Deflection X data bus	D9076	D9004
DYDB00//03	Deflection Y data bus	D9043	D9003
DYDB04//07	Deflection Y data bus	D9044	D9003
PRAB00//03	Pretrigger address bus	D9058	D9061
PRAB04//07	Pretrigger address bus	D9058	D <b>9</b> 062
PRAB08//11	Pretrigger address bus	D <b>9</b> 05 <b>9</b>	D9063
PRAB12	Pretrigger address bus	D9059	D9064

Signal Name	Description	Signal Source	Signal Destination
RDAB00//03	Read address bus	D9061	D <b>9</b> 066
RDAB04//07	Read address bus	D9062	D9067
RDAB08//11	Read address bus	D9063	D9068
TXDB00,01	Text X data bus	D9079	D9078
TXDB02//05	Text X data bus	D <b>907 9</b>	D9077
TXDB06//09	Text X data bus	D9079	D9076
TYDB02//05	Text Y data bus	D9079	D9043
TYDB06//09	Text Y data bus	D9079	D9044
UPAD00,01	Microprocessor address	D9016	D9004, D9013, D9014, D9069, D9072
U PA DO2	Microprocessor address	D9016	D9013, D9014, D9069
UPADO3//07	Microprocessor address	D9016	D9013, D9014, D9069
UPAD08//11	Microprocessor address	D <b>9</b> 012	D9013, D9014, D9071, D9079, X9050
UPAD12	Microprocessor address	D <b>9012</b>	D9013, D9014, D9021, D9071
UPAD13	Microprocessor address	D9012	D9013, D9021, D9071
UPADB00//07	Microproc. address/data bus	D <b>9</b> 012	D9013, D9016, D9017, X9050
WRAB00//03	Write address bus	D9053	D9066
WRAB04//07	Write address bus	D <b>905</b> 4	D <b>9067</b>
WRAB08//11	Write address bus	D9056	D9068

BAMA KOPIE

11-17



Figure 11.4 Digital unit, p.c.b. lay-out



Figure 11.5 Circuit diagram of input amplifiers and ADC circuit



Figure 11.6 Circuit diagram of aquisition memories

11-24



Figure 11.7 Circuit diagram of aquisition control logic



Figure 11.8 Circuit diagram of display logic



Figure 11.9 Circuit diagram of DAC-circuits



X-TAL OSCILLATOR

:5¥

CTRA

11-30



CK 10H

X20H\_

R9202

R9201

I<sup>ssb</sup>

I ssb

DISPLAY AND TIMEBASE CONTROL HAT 3636

Figure 11.10 Circuit diagram of display and time base control


Figure 11.11 Circuit diagram of CPU logic

## 12. ADAPTATION UNIT (A16)

### 12.1 VERTICAL DISPLAY MODE SWITCH

The adaptation unit consists of diode switches. Depending on the selection of real-time mode or digital memory mode, the current signals of channels A and B are applied via the so-called "analogue signal path" or the so-called "digital signal path". The diode switches are under control of the signals SHAR and SHARN. The selection table is as follows:

signal	real-time mode	digital memory mode
MEMON-HT	LOW	HIGH
SHAR	-12 V	+12 V
SHARN	+12 V	-12 V

### 12.2 REAL TIME MODE AMPLIFIER

Selection of the analog signals path means that the current signals of channels A and B are directly coupled to the inputs of the analogue vertical channel switch D601 via diodes V609, V611, V612 and V613. The two devices D601 and D602 are connected in parallel and have the following switch selections:

	D601 pin 10	pin ll	D602 pin 10
A	1	0	0
В	0	1	0
TRIG LEVEL VIEW	0	0	0
ADD	1	1	1

Furthermore all possible 2, 3 or 4 channel combinations are possible in alternated and chopped display (see also chapter 5).

The stage comprises the following real-time functions:

- Channel B normal/invert (HIGH is invert) on D601-11. (The balance between normal/invert can be adjusted with R2212, see chapter 5)
- Trigger view invert (HIGH is invert) on D602-2.

The output is applied to the delay line driver on unit A2.

Channel A position control is obtained via long-tailed pair amplifier V626 and V627. This circuit is sourced by current source V628 and driven by N601. The channel B position control is identical but also includes a multiplexer D603 for normal/invert function.

### 12.3 DIGITAL MEMORY AMPLIFIER

Selection of the digital signal path means that the current signals of channels A and B are coupled to the common-base amplifier V616, V617, V621 and V622. Because of the +12 V level of SHAR these transistors conduct and the currents are routed to the output. The output currents are applied to the digital unit A9.

The position controls for both channels are determined by the same circuit as for the real-time path.

Next, MEMON-HT also causes the selection of the vertical current signals -YDAC and +YDAC. These signals are now routed to the delayline driver via D602 on unit A2. Note that the DLD1 and DLD2 outputs are only interconnected on A2 (see also figure 5.1).

In digital memory mode, selection can be made for trigger level view by applying a high level to D602-10. This d.c. signal is received from the trigger level view pre-amplifier on unit A2.

Signal name	Description	Signal source	Signal destination(s)
СНА	Channel A selection	D2603	D601
CH+A	Channel +A output	V616	R702
CH-A	Channel -A output	V617	R707
CH+AI	Channel +A input	D2002	V611 - V618 - R638
CH-AI	Channel -A input	D2002	V609 - V619 - R639
CHB	Channel B selection	D2603	D601
CH+B	Channel +B output	V622	R702
СН-В	channel -B output	V621	R701
CH+AI	Channel +B input	D2102	V613 - V624 - R653
CH-AI	Channel -B input	D2102	V612 - V623 - R652
DLD1	Delay line driver ch A	D601	D2203
DLD2	Delay line driver ch B	D602	D2203
INVAM	Invert ch A	D2602	D602
INVB	Invert ch B	D2602	D601 - D603
MEMOM-HT	Memory on	D222	R601
POS A	Position ch A	R2200	R634
POS B	Position ch B	R2220	R629
+TRIG	+ Trigger	R2404	D602
-TRIG	- Trigger	R2412	D602
TRGVW	Trigger view	D2603	D602
SHAR	Store hardware	v604/v606	V614 - V615
SHARN	Store hardware not	V608	V634 - V635
+YDAC	+ Y DAC signal	v 531	R617
-YDAC	- Y DAC signal	V532	R616

#### 12.4 SIGNAL NAME LIST







Figure 12.2 Circuit diagram of adaptation unit, section 1



Figure 12.3 Circuit diagram of adaptation unit, section 2

## 13. PERFORMANCE CHECK

### 13.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

WARNING: Before switching-on, ensure that the instrument has been installed in accordance with the Installation Instructions outlined in Section 2 of the Operating Guide.

This procedure is intended to:

- Check the instruments specification.
- Be used for incoming inspection to determine the acceptability of newly purchased instruments and/or recently recalibrated instrument.
- Check the necessity of recalibration after the specified recalibration intervals.
- NOTE: The procedure does not check every facet of the instruments calibration; rather, it is concerned primarily with those parts of the instrument which are essential to measurement accuracy and correct operation. Removing the instrument's covers is not necessary to perform this procedure. All checks are made from the outside of the instrument.

If the test is started within a short period after switching-on, bear in mind that steps may be out of specification, due to insufficient warming-up time.

Warming-up time under average conditions is 30 minutes.

The performance checks are made with a stable, well-focused, lowintensity display. Unless otherwise noted, adjust the intensity and trigger-level controls as needed.

IMPORTANT NOTES

- \* At the start of every check, the controls always occupy the <u>AUTO</u> SET position, unless otherwise stated.
- \* The input voltage has to be supplied to the A-input; unless otherwise stated. Set the TIME/DIV switch to a suitable position; unless otherwise stated.
- \* Tolerances given are for the instrument under test and do not include test equipment error. Bear in mind thet the test equipment is properly terminated.
- \* In some checks channel B is mentioned between brackets () behind channel A. It is advised to perform first channel A checks. After that the checks for channel B can be done.

#### 13.2 PRELIMINARY SETTINGS

- Switch-on the instrument (no input signal).
- Check if all LCD segments are on for approx. 1 sec.
- Put the instrument in DIGITAL MEMORY off mode. The LCD text DIGITAL MEMORY is not visible then. All test steps are made in this instrument mode, unless otherwise mentioned.
- At the start of every check only AUTO SET must be pressed (after the input signal is applied).
- 13.3 RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT

The test equipment that must be used for this performance check is as given in section 15.2, except :

Trimming tool kit Oscilloscope Digital multimeter

13.4 CHECKING PROCEDURE

13.4.1		POWER SUPPLY
*	SUBJECT	Line voltage input
	TEST EQUIPMENT	Variable mains transformer
	MAINS VOLTAGE	Between 100 V and 240 V ac (r.m.s.) Frequency: 50 Hz400 Hz
	SETTINGS	- Press POWER ON - Apply CAL signal to input A via a 10:1 probe - Press AUTO SET
	REQUIREMENTS	<ul> <li>Starts at any mains voltage between 100 V240 V ac (r.m.s.)</li> <li>Instrument performance does not change across indicated mains voltage range; displayed CAL signal distortion-free and with equal intensity.</li> </ul>

*	MEASURING RESULTS SUBJECT TEST EQUIPMENT	Power Consumption (ac source) Wattmeter (moving iron meter)
	MAINS VOLTAGE	Local mains voltage 110, 220 or 240 V (r.m.s.).
	SETTINGS	Press POWER ON
	REQUIREMENTS	Consumes : 55 W
	MEASURING RESULTS	••••••
13.4.2		VERTICAL DEFLECTION OR Y-AXIS
*	SUBJECT	Vertical Deflection coefficients and input coupling of Channels A and B
	TEST EQUIPMENT	Square-wave calibration generator (PG506)
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Square-wave signal 1 kHz to input A(B), amplitude 10 mVpp20 Vpp in 1-2-5 steps
	SETTINGS AND REQUIREMENTS	<ul> <li>Apply a 1 kHz square wave signal of 10 mV to input A(B)</li> <li>Set A (B) to 2 mV/div.</li> <li>Check if the amplitude of the signal is 5 div. (+or- 3%)</li> <li>Increase the input amplitude and vertical sensitivity with the following steps:</li> </ul>
	Input voltage (pp)	A (B) setting Requirements Measuring results
	10 mV	2 mV 5 div.(+or-3%)
	20 mV	5  mV 4 div.(+or-3%)
	50 mV	10 mV 5 div.(+or-3%)
	0,1 V	20 mV 5 div.(+or-3%)
	0,2 V 0,5 V	50 mV       4 div.(+or-3%)         100 mV       5 div.(+or-3%)
	0,5 V 1 V	$200 \text{ mV} \qquad 5 \text{ div.}(+\text{or}-3\%) \qquad \dots \qquad $
	2 V	500 mV 4 div.(+or-3%)
	5 V	1 V 5 div.(+or-3%)
	10 V	2 V $5 \text{ div.}(+\text{or}-3\%)$
	20 V 50 V	5 V       4 div.(+or-3%)         10 V       5 div.(+or-3%)

13-4	
------	--

*	SUBJECT	Variable gain control range (continued procedure of previous subject)
	SETTING	- Turn VAR control A(B) fully anti-clockwise
	REQUIREMENTS	- Check if displayed amplitude <2 div (1:>2,5).
	MEASURING RESULTS	•••••
*	SUBJECT	Input coupling (continued procedure of previous subject)
	SETTINGS AND REQUIREMENTS	<ul> <li>Turn VAR control A(B) fully clockwise into CAL.</li> <li>Press GND; check if input signal is interrupted.</li> <li>Press GND again and then AC/DC</li> <li>Check if in DC position the signal shifts upwards compared wth the AC position</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	•••••
*	SUBJECT	Frequency response (DIGITAL MEMORY off)
	TEST EQUIPMENT	Constant amplitude sine-wave generator (SG503)
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Constant amplitude sine-wave signal, 120 mV frequency 50 kHz50 MHz to input A (B).
	SETTINGS AND REQUIREMENTS	<ul> <li>Set A (B) to 20 mV/div.</li> <li>Apply 50 kHz sine-wave signal to A (B)</li> <li>Adjust trace height to exactly 6 div.</li> <li>Increase the frequency of the input signal up to 50 MHz.</li> <li>Check if the vertical deflection is &gt; 4,2 div. across the complete bandwidth range (&gt; 50MHz)</li> <li>Reduce the amplitude of the input signal to 12 mV and the frequency to 50 kHz.</li> <li>Set A (B) to 2 mV.</li> <li>Adjust the trace height to exactly 6 div.</li> <li>Increase the frequency up to 35 MHz.</li> <li>Check if the vertical deflection is &gt; 4,2 div. across the complete bandwidth range (&gt; 35MHz)</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
*	SUBJECT	Frequency response (DIGITAL MEMORY on)
	TEST EQUIPMENT	Constant amplitude sine-wave generator (SG503)
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Constant amplitude sine-wave signal, 120 mV frequency 50 kHz10 MHz to input A (B).
	SETTINGS AND REQUIREMENTS	<ul> <li>Set A (B) to 20 mV/div.</li> <li>Apply 50 kHz sine-wave signal to A (B)</li> <li>Press DIGITAL MEMORY in order to switch this function on: the text DIGITAL MEMORY becomes visible in the LCD</li> <li>Adjust trace height to exactly 6 div.</li> </ul>

		<ul> <li>Increase the frequency of the input signal up to 10 MHz.</li> <li>Check if the vertical deflection is ≥ 4,2 div.across the complete bandwidth range (&gt; 10MHz)</li> <li>Reduce the amplitude of the input signal to 12 mV and the frequency to 50 kHz.</li> <li>Set A (B) to 2 mV.</li> <li>Adjust the trace height to exactly 6 div.</li> <li>Increase the frequency up to 10 MHz.</li> <li>Check if the vertical deflection is ≥ 4,2 div. across the complete bandwidth range</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	•••••
*	SUBJECT	Rise-Time (DIGITAL MEMORY off mode)
	IMPORTANT	THE RISE TIME IS A CALCULATED VALUE, ACCORDING FORMULA: BANDWIDTH X RISE-TIME = 0,35
	TEST EQUIPMENT	Fast-rise square-wave generator (PG506)
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Fast-rise square-wave signal $\leq 1$ ns to input A (B) frequency: 1MHz.
	SETTINGS	<ul> <li>Set A(B) to 100 mV/div.</li> <li>Press DIGITAL MEMORY in order to switch this function off. The text DIGITAL MEMORY disappears from the LCD</li> <li>Press X MAGN</li> <li>Set TB to 5 ns/div</li> <li>Adjust the trace height exactly between the dotted lines 0% and 100% (5 div.)</li> </ul>
	REQUIREMENTS	Important: T <sub>R</sub> (measured)=
		<ul> <li>T<sub>R</sub>(input signal)<sup>2</sup> + T<sub>R</sub>(oscilloscope)<sup>2</sup></li> <li>Check the rise-time, measured between the 10% and 90% lines (4 div.);</li> <li>* measured rise-time must be: 7,1 ns or less (1,4 subdiv. or less).</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	
*	SUBJECT	Noise
	TEST EQUIPMENT	_
	INPUT VOLTAGE	-
	SETTINGS	<ul> <li>Press A/B so that channel A and B are both on</li> <li>Set channel A and B to 20 mV/div</li> <li>Press ALT/CHOP for CHOP mode</li> <li>Press AC/DC of both channels for DC input coupling</li> <li>Press GND of both channels for grounded inputs</li> </ul>
	REQUIREMENT	- Check if the amplitude of the noise on the traces is not more than 0,5 subdiv.
	MEASURING RESULTS	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

*	SUBJECT	Vertical Dynamic range
	TEST EQUI PMENT	Constant amplitude sine-wave generator
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Sine-wave signal of 1 MHz, 2,4 Vpp to input A(B)
	SETTINGS	<ul> <li>Apply sine-wave signal of 1 MHz, 2,4 Vpp to input A(B).</li> <li>Set A (B) to 100 mV/div.</li> <li>Shift with the Y POS control the sine-wave of channel A(B) vertically over the screen.</li> </ul>
	REQUIREMENT	- Check if the top and bottom of the sine-wave signal can be displayed distortion-free (24 div. trace height).
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Sine-wave signal of 50 MHz, 1,6 Vpp to input A(B)
	SETT INGS	<ul> <li>Set A (B) to 200 mV/div.</li> <li>Set the trace height to exactly 8 div.</li> <li>Increase the frequency of the input signal up to 50 MHz</li> </ul>
	REQUIREMENT	<ul> <li>Check if a sine-wave signal of 8 div. is displayed distortion-free.</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	•••••
*	SUBJECT	Position range (vertical)
	TEST EQUIPMENT	LF Sine-wave generator
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Sine-wave signal of 1 kHz, 8 V to input A(B)
	SETTINGS	<ul> <li>Adjust the channel A (B) input sensitivity to 1 V/div.</li> <li>Apply a sine-wave of 1 kHz/8 div. to the channel A (B) input.</li> <li>Adjust the channel A (B) input sensitivity to 500 mV/div.</li> <li>Rotate the channel A (B) Y POS control fully clockwise and anti-clockwise</li> </ul>
	REQUIREMENT	- Check if the top and the bottom of the signal can be positioned on the vertical centre line of the screen.
	MEASURING RESULTS	•••••
*	SUBJECT	Cross talk between channels A and B at 10 MHz
	TEST EQUIPMENT	Sine-wave calibration generator (SG503)
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Sine-wave signal 10 MHz, 4 V to input A(B)
	SETTINGS	<ul> <li>Apply sine-wave input signal to input A(B)</li> <li>Press AUTO SET</li> <li>Set channel A(B) to 0,5 V/div</li> <li>Set the generator to a trace height to 8 div.</li> <li>Press A/B (channel with input signal off).</li> </ul>
	REQUIREMENTS	<ul> <li>Check if trace height of channel without input signal B(A) is &lt; 0,08 div (1:&gt;100).</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	•••••

*	SUBJECT	Cross talk between channels A and B at 50 MHz
	TEST EQUIPMENT	HF sine-wave generator (SG503)
	INPUT VOLTAGE	50 MHz sine-wave signal, 4 V to input A(B)
	SETTINGS	- Do the same settings as indicated above
	REQUIREMENTS	<ul> <li>Check if trace height of channel without input signal B(A) is &lt;0,16 div (1:&gt;50).</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
*	SUBJECT	Common Mode Rejection Ratio
	TEST EQUIPMENT	HF constant Amplitude sine-wave generator (SG503)
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Sine wave signal 1 MHz, 4 Vpp to inputs A and B
	SETTINGS	<ul> <li>Set A and B to 500 mV/div. (8 div.)</li> <li>Set input coupling of channels A and B to DC</li> <li>Press ADD/INVERT three times (ADD and INVERT on)</li> <li>Press A/B twice so that both channels are displayed in ADD mode.</li> </ul>
	REQUIREMENT	<ul> <li>Check if the trace height of the A-B signal is</li> <li>&lt;0,08 div. Adjust the A and B VAR control(s)</li> <li>to minimise the displayed amplitude.</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	••••••
*	SUBJECT	Visual Signal Delay
	TEST EQUIPMENT	Square wave calibration generator (PG506)
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Fast-rise input signal l MHz, <u>&lt;</u> l ns, 0,5 V to input A
	SETTINGS	<ul> <li>Apply fast-rise input signal to input A</li> <li>Press AUTO SET</li> <li>Put the A(B) VAR controls in the CAL position.</li> <li>Set A to 100 mV/div.</li> <li>Set MAIN TB to 50 ns/div.</li> <li>Press X MAGN and turn X POS</li> <li>Set INTENSITY fully clock-wise and TRIG LEVEL fully anti-clockwise.</li> </ul>
	REQUIREMENT	- Check if visual signal delay is >15 ns
	MEASURING RESULTS	••••••
	SETTINGS	- Put TRIG LEVEL and X POS back in mid position
		······································

*	SUBJECT	Base line jump
	TEST EQUIPMENT	-
	INPUT VOLTAGE	-
	SETTINGS	Attenuator balance
		<ul> <li>This check must be done in the service menu OFFS-A. To enter this menu proceed as follows:</li> <li>Press RESET and keep it pressed and then press AUTO SET.</li> <li>Select OFFS-A of CRT function controls.</li> <li>Check LCD display: "3.0" flashing.</li> <li>The attenuator is now switched between the 1-2-5 positions.</li> <li>Check if the display does not jump more than 1 subdiv.</li> </ul>
		VAR balance
		<ul> <li>Press mV of channel A UP-DOWN input sensitivity control.</li> <li>Check LCD display: "3.1" flashing.</li> <li>Rotate VAR control of channel A and B</li> <li>Check if display does not jump more than 1 subdiv.</li> </ul>
		X1/X10 attenuator offset
		<ul> <li>Press mV of ch. A UP-DOWN control.</li> <li>Check LCD display: "3.2" flashing.</li> <li>Check if the display does not jump more than 1,5 subdiv.</li> </ul>
		NORMAL-INVERT jump
		<ul> <li>Press mV of ch. A UP-DOWN control four times.</li> <li>Check LCD display: "3.6" flashing.</li> <li>Check that the display does not jump more than 1 subdiv.</li> <li>Press AUTO SET two times to leave the SERVICE MENU</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

	-9
--	----

13.4.3		HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION OR X-AXIS
*	SUBJECT	OFFSET of trigger point
	TEST EQUIPMENT	-
	INPUT VOLTAGE	_
	SETTINGS AND REQUIREMENT	<ul> <li>This check must be done in the SERVICE MENU OFFS-A. To enter this menu proceed as follows:</li> <li>Press RESET and keep it pressed and then press AUTO SET.</li> <li>Select OFFS-A of CRT function controls.</li> <li>Press mV of ch. A UP-DOWN control three times.</li> <li>Check LCD display: "3.3" flashing.</li> <li>Turn Y POS of channel B and set the point in vertical centre of the screen.</li> <li>Check if the displayed point does not jump more than 1,5 subdiv horizontally</li> <li>Press mV of ch. A UP-DOWN control.</li> <li>Check LCD display: "3.4" flashing.</li> <li>Turn Y POS of A and set point in the vertical centre</li> <li>Check if the displayed point does not jump more than 1,5 subdiv. horizontally</li> <li>Press mV of ch. A UP-DOWN control.</li> <li>Check if the displayed point does not jump more than 1,5 subdiv. horizontally</li> <li>Press mV of ch. A UP-DOWN control.</li> <li>Check LCD display: "3.5" flashing.</li> <li>Turn Y POS of B and set point in vertical centre</li> <li>Check if the displayed point does not jump more than 1,5 subdiv.</li> <li>Press MUTO SET two times to leave the SERVICE</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	MENU
*	SUBJECT	X Deflection
	TEST EQUIPMENT	LF sine-wave generator
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Sine wave signal 2 kHz, 3 div. trace height to input A
	SETTINGS AND REQUIREMENTS	<ul> <li>Press AUTO SET</li> <li>Set the trace height to 3 div.</li> <li>Press X DEFL</li> <li>Check if only X DEFL is on</li> <li>Select A of trigger source</li> <li>Check if a line under an angle of 45° is displayed.</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	
ŧ.	SUBJECT	Time coefficients
	TEST EQUIPMENT	Time marker generator (TG501)
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Time marker signal 50 ns0,5 s
	SETTINGS	- Apply a time marker signal of 50 ns to input A - Press AUTO SET

\*

#### 13-10

REQUIREMENT - Check the deflection coefficients in TB X1 and TB X10 according the table below: Note: in X MAGN x10 is the requirement valid for the +4 ... -4 div from the screen centre and excluding the first and last 50 ns. Max. coeff. error Time marker ΤВ Measuring results pulse setting TB X1 TB X10 X MAGN on 50 ns 50 ns 3% 4% 0,1 us 3% 4% 0,1 us . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 0,2 us 0,2 us 3% 4% 3% 4% 0,5 us 0,5 us 3% 4% l us l us 3% 4% 2 us 2 us 5 us 3% 4% 5 us 10 us 10 us 3% 4% 20 us 20 us 3% 4% 50 us 50 us 3% 4% 4% 0,1 ms 0,1 ms 3% 0,2 ms 0,2 ms 3% 4% 0,5 ms 0,5 ms 3% 4% 3% 4% 1 ms 1 ms 2 ms 4% 2 ms 3% 5 ms 4% 5 ms 3% 10 ms 10 ms 4% 3% 20 ms 20 ms 3% 4% 50 ms 50 ms 3% 4% 0,1 s 0,1 s 3% 4% 0,2 s 0,2 s 3% 4% 0,5 s 3% 4% 0,5 s

SUBJECT Variable control ratio (VAR TB) and X MAGN balance TEST EQUI PMENT Time marker generator (TG501) INPUT VOLTAGE Time marker signal 1 us to input A SETTINGS - Set TB to 0,2 us/div; marker on first and sixth graticule line - Set the TB VAR fully anti-clockwise REQUIREMENT - Check if the VAR control range overlaps the time base steps 0,2 us to 0,5 us; first marker on first graticule line and second marker on the third graticule line or closer to the first marker (2,5:1) SETTINGS - Set the TB VAR control fully clockwise - Press X MAGN (magnifier on) - Set the top of the second marker pulse exactly in the horizontal centre of the graticule Press X MAGN (magnifier off) REQUIREMENT - Check if the top of the second marker pulse is not shifted more than 2,5 subdiv. MEASURING RESULTS 

\*

\*

*	SUBJECT	Horizontal Deflection coefficients
	TEST EQUIPMENT	Square-wave calibration generator (PG 506)
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Square-wave 500mV trace height to input A
	SETTINGS	<ul> <li>Press X DEFL</li> <li>Press A/B twice for only ch. B display</li> <li>Set A to 100 mV/div</li> <li>Select A as X DEFL source with TRIG or X SOURCE</li> </ul>
	REQUIREMENT	- Check if a horizontal line of 5 div. is displayed (+or- 0,25 div)
	INPUT VOLTAGE	- Square-wave 500 mV to input EXT
	SETTINGS AND REQIREMENTS	<ul> <li>Select EXT DC with TRIG or X SOURCE</li> <li>Press X DEFL</li> <li>Select EXT DC as TRIG X SOURCE</li> <li>Check if a horizontal line of 5 div. (+or-0,25%) is displayed.</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	
*	SUBJECT	Frequency response (horizontal)
	TEST EQUIPMENT	Constant amplitude sine-wave generator (PG506)
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Constant amplitude sine-wave signal, 30 mV, 50 kHz2 MHz to input A
	SETTINGS	<ul> <li>Apply a 50 kHz sine-wave signal to input A</li> <li>Set channel A to 5 mV/div</li> <li>Adjust the trace height to exactly 6 div.</li> <li>Press X DEFL</li> <li>Press A/B twice</li> <li>Select A as horizontal deflection source with TRIG or X SOURCE</li> <li>Adjust the input voltage for exactly 6 div. horizontal deflection</li> <li>Increase the frequency of the input signal up to 2 MHz</li> </ul>
	REQUIREMENTS	<ul> <li>Check if the trace width is &gt; 4,2 div. across the complete bandwidth range.</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	
*	SUBJECT	Maximum phase shift between horizontal and vertical deflection.
	TEST EQUI PMENT	LF sine-wave generator
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Sine wave signal, 2 kHz100 kHz, trace height 6 div to input A
	SETTINGS	<ul> <li>Press X DEFL</li> <li>Select A for horizontal deflection with TRIG or X SOURCE</li> <li>Set the trace height to exactly 6 div.</li> <li>Increase the input frequency up to 100 kHz.</li> </ul>

REQUIREMENT

- Check if the phase shift  $<3^{\circ}$  (see figure below)

. . . . . . . . . . . . .



...

MEASURING RESULTS

13.4.4		TRIGGERING
*	SUBJECT	Trigger Sources and trigger coupling
	TEST EQUIPMENT	Square-wave generator
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Square-wave signal 2 kHz, 800 mV trace height to input A
	SETTINGS AND REQUIREMENTS	<ul> <li>Set the generator to a trace height of 4 div.</li> <li>Press TRIG COUPL and select DC</li> <li>Adjust LEVEL for a triggered signal</li> <li>Check if a square wave signal is displayed of 4 div.</li> <li>Press TRIG COUPL and select p-p</li> <li>Turn LEVEL and check if the signal is triggered over the complete level range.</li> <li>Connect CAL signal to input B (e.g. via a 10:1 attenuator probe).</li> <li>Press A/B once so that Ch. A and B are both on.</li> <li>Set B to 200 mV.</li> <li>Select B as trigger source by pressing TRIG or X SOURCE twice (A is not triggered)</li> <li>Check if a square wave of 6 div. is displayed</li> <li>Increase the freq. of the square-wave signal to input A up to 20 kHz (CAL signal to B)</li> <li>Press TRIG or X SOURCE five times (A and B both selected as trigger source).</li> <li>Check if two well triggered traces are displayed.</li> <li>Remove input signals</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	
*	SUBJECT	Slope selection and Level control range.
	TEST EQUIPMENT	LF Sine-wave generator
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Sine-wave signal 2 kHz - 800 mV to input A(B)

\*

SETTINGS AND REQUIREMENTS	<ul> <li>Set A(B) to 0,1 mV/div (DC input coupling)</li> <li>Press TRIG COUPL for p-p triggering</li> <li>Turn LEVEL fully clockwise and fully anticlockwise</li> <li>Check if the signal is well triggered over the complete LEVEL range</li> <li>Set the LEVEL control in its mid-position</li> <li>Start of signal display must be in the vertical centre</li> <li>Press TRIG COUPL once for DC mode</li> <li>Press trigger slope ∫ </li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Check if the sine-wave signal is inverted and is triggered on the negative slope.</li> <li>Press SLOPE once again</li> <li>Set A(B) to 50 mV/div (16 div. trace height)</li> <li>Turn the LEVEL</li> <li>Check if the LEVEL range is &gt; +or- 8 div. and if the signal is triggered on the positive slope.</li> <li>Use the A(B) Y POS to position the signal top and bottom in the CRT viewing area.</li> <li>Set A(B) to 0,1 V/div</li> <li>Check if NOT TRIG<sup>C</sup>D is visible in the LCD, if the LEVEL control is set in its extreme positions</li> <li>Remove input signal</li> </ul>
MEASURING RESULTS	
SUBJECT	Trigger Sensitivity
TEST EQUIPMENT	Sine-wave generator (SG503)
INPUT VOLTAGE	Sine-wave signal 10 MHz - 50 MHz - 100 MHz to input A (B)
SETTINGS AND REQUIREMENTS	<ul> <li>Press AC/DC (input coupling of A(B) to DC)</li> <li>Press TB TRIG MODE for TRIG mode</li> <li>Press TRIG COUPL for DC trigger coupling</li> <li>Apply a sine-wave signal of 10 MHz approx. 250 mVpp to input A(B)</li> <li>Set A(B) to 0,2 V/div.</li> <li>Rotate TRIG LEVEL for a stable triggered display</li> <li>Decrease amplitude of input signal</li> <li>Operate TRIG LEVEL for a triggered display</li> <li>Check if the signal is well-triggered at amplitudes ≥ 0,5 div.</li> <li>Decrease the frequency of the input signal up to 50 kHz</li> <li>Check if the signal stays well triggered at amplitudes ≥ 0,5 div.</li> <li>Increase the frequency of the input signal up to 50 MHz.</li> <li>Decrease amplitude of input signal to approx 1 div.</li> <li>Turn LEVEL</li> <li>Check if the signal is well-triggered at amplitudes ≥ 1 div.</li> </ul>

13.4.5	MEASURING RESULTS	sync. amplitudes of >0,7 div.
	REQUIREMENTS	- Check for a stable triggering on TVL and TVF at
	SETTINGS	<ul> <li>Press TB TRIG mode for TRIG mode</li> <li>Press AC/DC for DC input coupling</li> <li>Apply a video signal to input A(B) with an amplitude of 0,7 div. sync. pulse amplitude</li> <li>Press TRIG COUPL for TVL and TVF</li> </ul>
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Video signal to input A (B)
	TEST EQUIPMENT	TV pattern generator with video output (PM5518)
*	SUBJECT	Trigger sensitivity TVL-TVF
	MEASURING RESULTS	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
		<ul> <li>Decrease amplitude to approx 3 div.</li> <li>Check if the signal is well-triggered at amplitudes ≥ 3 div.</li> <li>Remove input signal</li> </ul>

*	SUBJECT	Voltage cursor accuracy
	TEST EQUIPMENT	SQ. wave calibration generator PG 506
	SETTINGS	<ul> <li>Apply a sq. wave voltage of 1 Vpp to the ch. A input.</li> <li>Set A to 200 mV/div.</li> <li>Select DC input coupling for channel A(B)</li> <li>Press DIGITAL MEMORY and then LOCK</li> <li>Select CURSORS of the softkeys under the CRT</li> <li>Select via softkey MODE: V-CURS ON, T-CURS OFF and V on (RATIO off).</li> <li>Press RETURN.</li> <li>Select V-CRTL and position the REFerence cursor exactly on the bottom of the cursor.</li> <li>Position the "delta" cursor exactly on the top of the signal.</li> <li>Press LOCK again so that the text LOCK disappears from the LCD.</li> <li>Press RETURN once.</li> </ul>
	REQUIREMENT	Check for a voltage cursor read-out at the top of the screen of $1.00 \text{ V} + \text{or} - 30 \text{ mV}$ .
	MEASURING RESULTS	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
*	SUBJECT	Time cursor accuracy
	TEST EQUIPMENT	Time marker generator TG 501
	SETT INGS	<ul> <li>Apply an 1 ms time marker signal to the ch. A input.</li> <li>Set TB to 1 ms/DIV.</li> <li>Press LOCK.</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Select via softkey MODE: V-CURS OFF, T-CURS ON and T on (RATIO and PHase off).</li> <li>Press RETURN.</li> <li>Select T-CTRL and position the REFerence cursor exactly on the second time marker pulse.</li> <li>Position the "delta" cursor exactly on the 10th time marker pulse.</li> </ul>
REQUIREMENT	Check for a time cursor read-out of 8.00 ms, + or - 0,0008 ms.
MEASURING RESULTS	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
SETT INGS	- Press DIGITAL MEMORY so that this function becomes inactive.

13.4.6

### AUXILIARY INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

*	SUBJECT	Z-MOD Sensitivity
	TEST EQUIPMENT	Square-wave generator
	INPUT VOLTAGE	Square-wave signal, 1 kHz, duty cycle 50%, amplitude 02,5Vpp to input A and Z-in (rear side)
	SETTINGS AND REQUIREMENTS	<ul> <li>Set TB to 0,5 ms/div.</li> <li>Select DC for channel A input coupling</li> <li>Set the trace of channel A in mid position</li> <li>Apply square-wave signal of 2,5 Vpp, 1 kHz to input A and Z-MOD input (base line 0 V).</li> <li>Check if only the bottom half of the square wave signal is displayed (500 us blanking and 500 us unblanking)</li> <li>Decrease the amplitude of the input signal to 1 Vpp.</li> <li>Set A to 0,5 V/div.</li> <li>Check if the top half of the square-wave signal is visible with a lower intensity and will be completely unblanked at an input voltage of &lt; 0,8 V</li> </ul>
	MEASURING RESULTS	•••••
*	SUBJECT TEST EQUIPMENT	CAL Frequency and output voltage
	INPUT VOLTAGE	CAL output signal to input A (e.g. via a 10:1 attenuator probe.
	SETTINGS	<ul> <li>Press GND of channel A</li> <li>Set the trace in the centre of the screen</li> <li>Press GND of channel A</li> <li>Select DC of A input coupling</li> </ul>
	REQUIREMENTS	- Check if a positive going square wave signal is displayed of 1,2 Vpp, frequency 2 kHz and with a bottom level of 0 volt.
	MEASURING RESULTS	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

## 14. DISMANTLING THE INSTRUMENT

### 14.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

This section provides the dismantling procedures required for the removal of components during repair operations. All circuit boards removed from the instrument must be adequately protected against damage, and all normal precautions regarding the use of tools must be observed. During the dismantling a careful note must be made of all disconnected leads so that they can be reconnected to their correct terminals during assembly.

CAUTION: Damage may result if:

- The instrument is switched-on when a circuit board has been removed.
- a circuit board is removed within one minute after switching-off the instrument.

#### 14.2 REMOVING THE TOP AND BOTTOM COVERS

The instrument is protected by two covers: a top cover and a bottom cover. To remove these covers, proceed as follows:

- Slacken the rwo screws that secure both covers, located at the rear of the instrument.
- Gently push each cover backwards until it can be lifted.
- The covers can be removed by lifting them clear of the instrument.
- 14.3 ACCESS TO PARTS FOR THE CHECKING AND ADJUSTING PROCEDURES

After removing both covers (section 14.2), the digital unit and the time base unit have to be positioned vertically on the chassis. How to position these units is indicated in figure 14.1.

If necessary, the power supply unit can be lifted out of the instrument. To do so, proceed as follows:

- Push both parts at the back of the extension shaft towards each other so that the extension shaft can easily be loosened from the ON/OFF switch on the power supply unit.
- Remove the complete extension shaft.
- Push both lips that secure the power supply unit sidewards and gently lift this unit out of the instrument.
- Fix the power supply unit in the available p.c.b. guide fixing.





NOTE: For checking and adjusting the instrument it is <u>not</u> necessary to remove the bottom cover.

# 15. ADJUSTING PROCEDURE

### 15.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The following information provides the complete checking and adjusting procedure for the instrument. As various control functions are interdependent, a certain order of adjustment is necessary. The procedure is, therefore, presented in a sequence which is best suited to this order, cross-reference being made to any circuit which may affect a particular adjustment. Before any check or adjustment, the instrument must attain its normal operating temperature.

- Warming-up time under average conditions is 30 minutes.
- Where possible, instrument performance should be checked before any adjustment is made.
- All limits and tolerances given in this section are calibration guides, and should not be interpreted as instrument specifications unless they are also published in section 2.
- Tolerances given are for the instrument under test and do not include test equipment error.
- The most accurate display adjustments are made with a stable, wellfocused low intensity display.
- All controls that are mentioned without item numbers are located on the outside of the instrument.

WARNING: The opening of covers or removal of parts, except those to which access can be gained by hand, is likely to expose live parts, and also accessible terminals may be live. The instrument shall be disconnected from all voltage sources before any adjustment, replacement or maintenance and repair during which the instrument will be opened. If afterwards any adjustment, maintenance or repair of the opened instrument under voltage is inevitable, it shall be carried out only by qualified person who is aware of the hazard involved. Bear in mind that capacitors inside the instrument may still be charged even if the instrument has been separated from all voltage sources.



MAT3663 856467

Figure 15.1 Adjusting elements

## 15.2 RECOMMENDED TEST AND CALIBRATION EQUIPMENT

Type of instrument	Required specification	Example of recommended instrument
Function generator	Freq.: 1 MHz 10 MHz Sine-wave/Square-wave Ampl.020 Vpp DC offset 0+5 V Rise-time <30 ns Duty cycle 50 %	Philips PM5134
Constant amplitude sine-wave generator	Freq.: 100 kHz 50 MHz Constant ampl. of 120 mVpp and 3 Vpp	Tektronix SG 503
	For ampl. calibration: Freq.: 1 kHz Ampl.: 10 mV 50 V For rise-time measurements: Freq.: 1 MHz Ampl.: 10 mV 500 mV Rise-time:≤1 ns	Tektronix PG 506
Time-marker generator	Repetition rate: 0,5 s 0,05 Jus	Tektronix TG 501
Digital multimeter	Wide voltage, current	Philips PM2524 with AC, DC and resistance ranges. High-voltage probe. Required: 0,1% accuracy, PM9246
	The bandwidth must be the same or higher than the bandwidth of the instrument under test.	Philips PM3055
	Well-insulated output voltage 90264 Vac	Philips ord.number 2422 529 00005
Moving-iron meter		
Dummy probe 2:1	1 Megohm <u>+</u> 0,1 %//20 pF	
10:1 attenuator,	Good quality BNC types for fast rise-time square-wave and high freq. sine-wave.	
Trimming tools		Philips 800NTX (ord. kitnumber 4822 310 50015)

. 3	SURVEY OF ADJUS	TING ELEMEN	TS		
	Adjustment	Adjusting element(s)		Signal type, Generator, menu	Requirement
	POWER SUPPLY (s	ee section	15.4.2)		
	+10 V supply	R6406 X6001	power supply	digital voltm.	10 V (+,- 10 mV)
	CRT DISPLAY (se	e section l	5.4.3)		
	pre adjustment	R4616	time base	-	mid position
	black level	R3252	CRT socket	-	INTENS 10 <sup>0</sup> from c.c.w spot just invisible. line parr.
	TRACE ROTATION	front	-		graticule
	Astimatism	R3267	CRT socket	function generator l kHz/6 div. sine wave DIGITAL MEMORY on.	well defined trace + text
	DISPLAY SECTION	ADJUSTMENT	OF DIGITAL ME	MORY (see section	on 15.4.4)
	X-offset	R <b>9134</b>	dig. unit	service menu DIPLAY	correct X-pos.
	Y-offset	R9123	dig. unit	service menu DISPLAY	correct Y-pos.
	X-gain	R9053	dig. unit	service menu DISPLAY	10 div. X-defl.
	Y-gain	R9116	dig. unit	service menu DISPLAY	6 div. Y-defl.
	X-offset text	R4260	time base	service menu DISPAY	correct X-pos. of text

Adjustment	Adjusting element(s)	Unit	Signal type, Generator, menu	Requirement
GAIN, LF S.Q. W	AVE (see se	ctions 15.4.5	and 15.4.6)	
EXT input	C1206	atten. unit	. •	dots at beginning + end of line same intensity
	R3118	XYZ ampl.	calibrated sq. wave: 0,5 V/ 1 kHz	
A input	R1069	atten. unit	calibrated sq. wave: 0,1 mV/ 1 kHz	5 div. vertical at A sens. 20 mV/div.
	C1033	atten. unit		Straight pulse top at A sens. 20 mV/div.
	R3038	XYZ ampl.	calibrated sq. wave: 0,1 mV/ 1 kHz	5 div. vertical at A sens. 20 mV/div.
	R1076	atten. unit		5 div. vertical at A sens. 2 mV/div.
	C1029	atten. unit	calibrated sq. wave: 1 V/ ° 1 kHz	Straight pulse top at A sens. 0,2 V/div.
	C1023	atten. unit		Straight pulse top at A sens. 2 V/div.
B input	C1133	atten. unit	calibrated sq. wave: 0,1 V/ 1 kHz	Straight pulse top at B sens. 20 mV/div.
	R1169	atten. unit	calibrated sq. wave: 0,1 V/ 1 kHz	5 div. vertical at B sens. 20 mV/div.
	R1176	atten. unit		5 div. vertical at B sens. 2 mV/div.

Adjustment	Adjusting element(s)	Unit	Signal type, Generator, menu	Requirement
	C1129	atten. unit	calibrated sq. wave: 1 V/ 1 kHz	Straight puls top at A sens 0,2 V/div.
	C1123	atten. unit	calibrated sq. wave: 10 V/ 1 kHz	Straight pulse top at A sens 2 V/div.
<u>OFFSET</u> (see sec	tion 15.4.7	)		
1-2-5 bal. A 1-2-5 bal. B	R1036 R1136	atten. unit atten. unit	serv.menu: 3.0 serv.menu: 3.0	
VAR balance A VAR balance B	R1064 R1164	atten. unit atten. unit	serv.menu: 3.1 serv.menu: 3.1	
1-10 balance A 1-10 balance B	R1072 R1172	atten. unit atten. unit	serv.menu: 3.2 serv.menu: 3.2	
Trig.bal. A Trig.bal. B Trig.bal. EXT	R1091 R1191 R1217	atten. unit atten. unit atten. unit		VAR CAL jump
Norm.Inv. bal.	R2212	preamplifier	serv.menu: 3.6	VAR CAL jump
Final Y ampl.	R3007	XYZ-ampl.	serv.menu: 3.7	Minimise jump with LEVEL. Centre line with R3007
X-DEFLECTION AN	D TRIGGERIN	<u>G</u> (see sectio	n 15.4.8)	
-defl. offset	R2330	preamplifier		spot in horizontal mi of screen

Trigger	(R2395)	preamplifier		adjustment in
sensitivity		factory adj.		"mid" position
	R4004	time base	sine-wave 0,4V/1kHz	triggered sig- nal at + and - slope

Ad justment	Adjusting element(s)	Unit	Signal type, Generator, menu	Requirement
LEVEL preset	R2410	preamplifier		LEVEL pos. such that does not move when turning R2410
LEVEL VIEW balance	R2407	preamplifier	sine-wave to A 8 V/1 kHz	min. jump between LEVEL VIEW on/off
LEVEL VIEW sensitivity	R2410	preamplifier	sine-wave to A 8 V/1 kHz	LEVEL 3 div. up or down. Min. jump between LEVEL VIEW on/off
TIME BASE (see	section 15.	4.9)		
sweep speed:			time markers:	
l ms/div.	R4108	time base	l ms	max. accuracy between 2nd and 10th graticule line
l us/div.	R4107	time base	l us	max. accuracy between 2nd and 10th graticule line
X MAGN and O,l ms/div.	R4721	time base	0,1 us	max. accuracy between 2nd and 10th graticule line
HF SQ. WAVE (see section 15.4.10)				
			fast-rise sq. wave:	
Pulse response channel B	R3017	XYZ-ampl.	100 mV/ 1 MHz	Optimal pulse response
	R3013 C3007	XYZ-ampl.	100 mV/ 1 MHz	Optimal pulse response
	R3036 C3004	XYZ-ampl.	100 mV/ 1 MHz	Optimal pulse response
	C3016	XYZ-ampl.	100 mV/ 1 MHz	Optimal pulse response

100 mV/ 1 MHz

XYZ-ampl.

C3005

Optimal pulse response

Adjustment	Adjusting element(s)	Unit	Signal type, Generator, menu	Requirement
Pulse response channel A	C1 03 9	attenuator unit	100 mV/ 1 MHz	Make channel A equal to B
A-offset	R9078	dig. unit		minimal line jump between memory on/off
A-gain	R9064	dig. unit	calibrated sq. wave 100mV lkHz	5 div. Y-defl. via channel 20 mV/div.
B-offset	R9178	dig. unit		minimal line jump between memory on/off
B-gain	R9164	dig. unit	calibrated sq. wave 100mV lkHz	5 div. Y-defl. via channel 20 mV/div.

### 15.4 ADJUSTING PROCEDURE

The adjusting elements and measuring points are given in figure 22.1.

NOTE: Use always an insulated adjustment tool.

15.4.1 Preparation

Before starting the checking and adjusting procedure, it is necessary to be aware of the following.

- Unless otherwise indicated, the time base must be triggered on the channel that is selected for vertical display and the trigger path is P-P coupled. The time base must function in the AUTO mode and its sweep speed must be adjusted to give good display of the phenomena of interest. The INTENS and FOCUS control must be adjusted to a welldefined trace display.
- Preliminary setting of the controls: All VAR controls must be set in CAL position All POS and LEVEL controls must be set in mid-position. The HOLD OFF control must be set to MIN position.
- The adjustments are done in the memory off mode (text DIGITAL MEMORY not visible in LCD), unless it is otherwise indicated.
- It is advised to take good notice of the LCD where all currently active functions are indicated. This because of the fact that many front panel keys make sequential access possible to various modes.
- Take care to remove the input voltage after each section.
- All signal values are peak-to-peak values (pk-pk), unless otherwise indicated.

For better access to the adjusting elements on the time base unit and the power supply unit, proceed as indicated in section 14.3.

- ATTENTION: Do not readjust potentiometer R2395, situated on the Preamplifier unit. However, if this potentiometer is inadvertently turned, proceed as indicated in section 15.4.8. under "trigger sensitivity".
- 15.4.2 Power supply adjustment
  - Connect the instrument to the mains voltage and switch the oscilloscope on.
  - Connect a digital multimeter to connection point X6001 (+10V REF) on the power supply unit and the instrument's mass.
  - Adjust R6406 so that the supply voltage is exactly +10 V (tolerance: +or- 0,01 V).

15.4.3 CRT display adjustment

Black level:

- Press AUTO SET.
- Press X DEFL key.
- Set the INTENS control to 10° from its left hand stop.
- Set R4616 on the time base in its mid position.
- Adjust R3252 on the CRT socket so that the spot is just invisible.

Trace rotation:

- Press X DEFL key again for deflection via MTB.
- Adjust the front-panel TRACE ROTATION control so that the trace runs exactly in parallel with the horizontal graticule lines.

Astigmatism:

- Press RESET and keep it pressed while pressing AUTO SET: this gives access to the service menu.
- Press CRT softkey APPL.
- Press CRT softkey STANDARD SETTING: this brings the scope back to normal mode with predifined settings.
- Apply a 6 V/1 kHz sine-wave signal to input A.
- Set the INTENS control for normal brightness.
- Adjust R3267 on the CRT socket (and the FOCUS control) so that the trace is sharp and well-defined over the whole screen area.
- Press the DIGITAL MEMORY key (the instrument comes into the DIGITAL MEMORY mode) and the CURSORS softkey and check also if the text in the top and bottom of the screen is sharp and well-defined. Readjust R3267 on the CRT socket if necessary.
- 15.4.4 Display section adjustment of digital memory.
  - Press the DIGITAL MEMORY key if the text DIGITAL MEMORY is present in the LCD (this switches the DIGITAL MEMORY off).
  - Adjust control X POS so that the start of the trace begins exactly at the beginning of the graticule (in horizontal sense).
  - Press the RESET key and keep it pressed while pressing the AUTO SET key: this gives access to the service menu.
  - Press the CRT softkey DISPLAY: the test waveform that is indicated in the figure below appears on the screen.
  - Adjust the X-offset with R9134 on the digital unit so that the waveform as indicated in the figure is obtained as much as possible.
  - Adjust the Y-offset with R9123 on the digital unit so that the waveform as indicated in the figure is obtained as much as possible.
  - Adjust the X-gain to 10 div with R9053 on the digital unit.
  - Adjust the Y-gain to 6 div with R9116 on the digital unit.
  - Adjust the X-offset of the text with R4260 on the time base so that the two squares are exactly in the horizontal mid of the screen.
  - Press AUTO SET in order to leave the service menu.



Figure 15.2 Display section adjustment

15.4.5 Gain and LF-sq.wave response EXT and A input

Adjustments located on attenuator unit, unless otherwise indicated.

Input EXT:

- Press RESET and keep it pressed while pressing AUTO SET: this gives access to the service menu.
- Press CRT softkey APPL.
- Press CRT softkey STANDARD SETTING: this brings the scope back to normal mode with predifined settings.
- Press X DEFL.
- Select TRIG SOURCE "EXT DC".
- EXT input signal: calibrated sq.wave 0,5 V/1 kHz.
- Adjust Cl206 for dots with equal intensity at the beginning and end of the horizontal line.
- Adjust R3118 on XYZ-amplifier for 5 div. horizontal deflection (+ or -0,1 div.).

Input A:

- Press the X DEFL key (instrument goes back to normal time base mode)
- Select TRIG SOURCE "A".
- A input signal: calibrated sq.wave 100 mV/1 kHz.
- Channel A sensitivity: 20 mV/div.
- Adjust R1069 for 5 div. vertical deflection (+ or 0,1 div.).
- Remove the input signal.

15.4.6 Gain and LF-sq.wave response channel A(B)

Adjustments are located on attenuator unit, except R3038 that is located on XYZ-amplifier.

- Do the adjustments for channel A first. Then those mentioned between brackets for channel B.
- Press RESET and keep it pressed while pressing AUTO SET: this gives access to the service menu.
- Press CRT softkey APPL.
- Press CRT softkey STANDARD SETTING: this brings the scope back to normal mode with predifined settings.
- Select TRIG SOURCE "A(B)".
- Adjust vertical gain to 5 div. (+ or 0,1 div.) and pulse top as straight as possible (max. distortion + or - 0,075 div.). Use a calibrated sq.wave signal.

Input signal	Input sensitivity	Adjusting el	lement
channel A(B)	channel A(B)	sq.wave resp.	gain
0,1 V	20 mV/div.	C1033 (C1133)	R3038 (R1169)
10 mV	2 mV/div.	-	R1076 (R1176)
1 V	0,2 V/div.	C1029 (C1129)	-
10 V	2 V/div.	C1023 (C1123)	-

15.4.7 Offset channel A(B)

- Press RESET and keep it pressed while pressing AUTO SET: this gives access to the service menu.
- Press CRT-softkey OFFS-A.
- The successive steps in the following adjustment procedure must be selected with the channel A UP-DOWN control that is normally used to select the input sensitivity of channel A.
- The adjustments are located on the attenutor unit; unless otherwise noted in last column of table.

Ad justment	Adjustment	Max	
step	point	instab.	
<ul> <li>3.0 1-2-5 balance A(B)</li> <li>3.1 VAR-balance A(B)</li> <li>3.2 x1/x10 balance A(B)</li> <li>3.3 Trig. balance A</li> <li>3.4 Trig. balance B</li> <li>3.5 Trig. balance EXT</li> <li>3.6 Norm/Inv. bal. B</li> <li>3.7 Final Y bal.</li> </ul>	R1036 (R1136) R1064 (R1164) R1072 (R1172) R1091 R1191 R1217 R2212 R3007	0,2 div. 0,3 div. 0,3 div. 0,3 div.	Turn VAR A(B) VAR A(B) in CAL on pre amplifier on XYZ-ampl. Minimise jump with TRIG LEVEL. Centre line with R3007.

- Press AUTO SET to leave the service menu.

15.4.8 X-deflection and triggering.

Adjustments on preamplifier unless otherwise noted.

- X-deflection offset:
- Press RESET and keep it pressed while pressing AUTO SET: this gives access to the service menu.
- Press CRT softkey APPL.
- Press CRT softkey STANDARD SETTING: this brings the scope back to normal mode with predifined settings.
- Operate the X POS control so that the start of the trace coincides exactly with the beginning of the graticule (in horizontal sense).
- Press the X DEFL key.
- Adjust R2330 so that the spot is exactly in the horizontal mid of the screen.

Trigger sensitivity:

Important: R2395 is a factory-adjustment and must not be turned. If it is turned by mistake, you have to proceed as follows: - Connect a digital voltmeter between the "connector side" of R4001 and R4002 on the time base unit. Refer to the p.c.b. lay-out in chapter 7 for the position of these resistors. - Adjust R2395 so that the read-out of the voltmeter is 0 volt exactly Now the adjustment of R4004: - Press the X DEFL key (instrument goes back to normal time base mode) - Put R2395 in its mid position. - Apply a sinewave of 0,4 V/1 kHz to the channel A input. - Operate the trigger slope key / repeatedly. \*\*\*\* - Adjust R4004 on the time base so that the signal is triggered in the two trigger slope positions. Level view adjustment: - Press RESET and keep it pressed while pressing AUTO SET: this gives access to the service menu. - Press CRT softkey APPL. - Press CRT softkey STANDARD SETTING: this brings the scope back to normal mode with predifined settings. - Press the GND key of channel A. - Put the channel A trace in the vertical mid of the screen with the Y POS control and keep the control in that position. - Select DC TRIGger COUPLing.

- Press the X DEFL key twice so that the LEVEL VIEW mode is activated (this is also indicated in the LCD).
- Put the TRIGger LEVEL control in such a position that the trace does not move when turning R2410 between its extreme positions. Keep the LEVEL control in this position.
- Press the X DEFL key in order to return to normal time base mode.
- Press the GND key of channel A so that this channel is not grounded anymore.
- Adjust the generator to a sinewave voltage of 8 V/1 kHz.
- Select a sweep speed of 50 ns/div for the time base: this stretches the sinewave into a line.
- Turn the INTENSity control fully clockwise to make the trace visible
- Switch the X DEFL key repeatedly between LEVEL VIEW and normal mode and adjust R2407 to minimal trace shift.
- Press the X DEFL key in order to switch the LEVEL VIEW mode on.
- Turn the TRIGger LEVEL control so that the line is 3 div above the the vertical mid of the graticule.
- Switch the X DEFL key repeatedly between LEVEL VIEW and normal mode and adjust R2410 so that the vertical shift of the trace is not more than 0,4 div.
- Press the X DEFL key in order to switch the LEVEL VIEW mode on.
- Turn the TRIGger LEVEL control so that the line is 3 div under the the vertical mid of the graticule.
- Switch the X DEFL key repeatedly between LEVEL VIEW and normal mode and readjust R2410 slightly if the vertical shift of the trace is more than 0,4 div.
- 15.4.9 Time base sweep speeds

Adjustments on time base unit.

- Press RESET and keep it pressed while pressing AUTO SET: this gives access to the service menu.
- Press CRT softkey APPL.
- Press CRT softkey STANDARD SETTING: this brings the scope back to normal mode with predifined settings.
- Channel A input signal: time marker pulse 1 ms.
- Select an input sensitivity of 0,5 V/div for channel A.
- Adjust Y POS A, TRIG LEVEL and channel A input sensitivity for a well-readable display.
- Adjust R4108 so that 2nd and 10th marker pulse coincide with the corresponding graticule lines (max. deviation 0,16 div.). Use X POS for a correct horizontal position.
- Channel A input signal: time marker pulse 1 us.
- Time base sweep speed: 1 us/div.
- Adjust R4107 so that 2nd and 10th marker pulse coincide with corresponding graticule lines. Max. deviation 0,16 div.
- Channel A input signal: time marker pulse 0,1 ms.
- Press X MAGN.
- Time base sweep speed: 0,1 ms/div.
- Adjust R4721 so that 2nd and 10th marker pulse coincide with corresponding graticule lines. Use X POS for a correct horizontal position; the control must stay approximately in its mid position. Max. deviation 0,24 div.
- Turn X POS fully clockwise and fully counter clockwise and check that the marker pulse deviation does not exceed 0,24 div.
- Remove the input signal.

15.4.10 HF sq.wave response channel B and A.

Adjustments on XYZ-amplifier.

- Press RESET and keep it pressed while pressing AUTO SET: this gives access to the service menu.
- Press CRT softkey APPL.
- Press CRT softkey STANDARD SETTING: this brings the scope back to normal mode with predifined settings.
- Apply to channel B a square wave signal of 1MHz/>900mV with a fast rise time < lns via an 10:1 attenuator and terminated into 50 ohms
- Press A/B twice so that channel B is displayed.
- Select channel B as TRIGger SOURCE.
- Select an input sensitivity of 20 mV/div for channel B.
- Select a sweep speed of 0,1 us/div for the time base.
- Center the signal with the channel B Y POS control.
- Adjust R3013/C3007, R3036/C3004, C3005, C3016 and R3017 to a rising pulse edge with maximum steepness and a pulse top that is a flat as possible. Refer to the figure below. This figure also indicates the influence of the adjustments on certain parts of the rising edge and the top of the pulse. If necessary adapt the time base sweep speed and switch the X MAGN on to obtain a better view of the phenomena of interest.
- Check that the pulse via channel B has a rise-time of  $\leq$  7 ns and that pulse abberations are < 0,2 div. peak-to-peak. Tilt must not exceed + or - 0,1 div.



860210

Figure 15.3 Square-wave response

- Press key A/B so that channel A is displayed.
- Move the generator signal from input B to input A.
- Select channel A as the TRIGger SOURCE.
- Select an input sensitivity of 20 mV/div for channel A.
- Center the signal with the channel A Y POS control.
- Make the pulse response of channel A as much as possible equal to that of channel B with C1039 on the attenuator unit.
- Check that the pulse via channel A has a rise-time of  $\leq 7$  ns and that pulse abberations are  $\leq 0,2$  div. peak-to-peak. Tilt must not exceed + or 0,1 div.
- 15.4.11 Gain and offset in digital memory mode.

All adjustments are located on the digital unit.

Channel A:

- Press RESET and keep it pressed while pressing AUTO SET: this gives access to the service menu.
- Press CRT softkey APPL.
- Press CRT softkey STANDARD SETTING: this brings the scope back to normal mode with predifined settings.
- Select an input sensitivity of 20 mV/div for channel A.
- Press the GND key of channel A.
- Position the line exactly in the vertical mid of the screen.
- Operate the DIGITAL MEMORY key repeatedly and minimise the trace shift with R 9078.
- Press the GND key of channel A so that this channel is not grounded anymore.
- Apply a calibrated square wave signal of 100 mV/1 kHz to the A channel input.
- Adjust the amplitude of the signal to 5 div with R9064.

Channel B:

- Press RESET and keep it pressed while pressing AUTO SET: this gives access to the service menu.
- Press CRT softkey APPL.
- Press CRT softkey STANDARD SETTING: this brings the scope back to normal mode with predifined settings.
- Press the A/B key twice so that channel B is displayed.
- Select an input sensitivity of 20 mV/div for channel B.
- Press the GND key of channel B.
- Position the line exactly in the vertical mid of the screen.
- Operate the DIGITAL MEMORY key repeatedly and minimise the trace shift with R 9178.
- Press the GND key of channel B so that this channel is not grounded anymore.
- Select B as trigger source.
- Apply a calibrated square wave signal of 100 mV/1 kHz to the B channel input.
- Adjust the amplitude of the signal to 5 div with R9164.

# 16. CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE

#### 16.1 REPLACEMENTS

WARNING: The EHT cable is directly connected to the CRT. When the EHT cable to the post-acceleration anode is disconnected, the cable must be discharged by shorting the terminal to the instrument's earth.

#### 16.1.1 Standard parts

Electrical and mechanical replacement parts can be obtained through your local Philips organisation or representative. However, many of the standard electronic components can be obtained from other local suppliers. Before purchasing or ordering replacement parts, check the parts list for value, tolerance, rating and description.

NOTE: Physical size and shape of a componenent may affect the instrument's performance, particularly at high frequencies. Always use direct-replacement components, unless it is known that a substitute will not degrade the instrument's performance.

#### 16.1.2 Special parts

In addition to the standard electronic components, some special components are used:

- Components, manufactured or selected by Philips to meet specific performance requirements.
- Components which are important for the safety of the instrument.
- ATTENTION: Both type of components may only be replaced by components obtained through your local Philips organisation of representative.
- 16.1.3 Transistors and Integrated Circuits
  - Return transistors and IC's to their original positions, if removed during routine maintenance.
  - Do not renew or switch semiconductor devices unnecessarily, as it may affect the calibration of the instrument.
  - Any replacement component should be of the original type or a direct replacement. Bend the leads to fit the socket or pcb-holes and cut the leads to the same length as on the component being renewed.
  - When a device has been renewed, check the operation of the part of the instrument that may be affected.
  - When re-installing power-supply transistors, use silicon grease to increase the heat-transfer capabilities.

WARNING: Handle silicon grease with care. Avoid contact with the eyes. Wash hands thoroughly after use.

#### 16.1.4 Static-sensitive components

This instrument contains electrical components that are susceptible to damage from static discharge. Servicing static-sensitive assemblies or components should be performed only at a static-free work station by qualified service personnel.

#### 16.1.5 Handling MOS devices

Though all our MOS integrated circuits incorporate protection against electrostatic discharges, they can nevertheless be damaged by accidental over-voltages. In storing and handling them, the following precautions are recommended.

- CAUTION: Testing or handling and mounting calls for special attention regarding personal safety. Personnel handling MOS devices should normally be connected to ground via a resistor.
- 16.1.5.1 Storage and transport

Store and transport the circuits in their original packing. Alternatively, use may be made of a conductive material or a special IC carrier that either short-circuits all leads or insulates them from external contact.

#### 16.1.5.2 Testing or handling

Work on a conductive surface (e.g. metal table top) when testing the circuits or transfering them from one carrier to another. Electrically connect the person doing the testing or handling to the conductive surface, for example by a metal bracelet and a conductive cord to a chain. Connect all testing and handling equipment to the same surface. Signals should not be applied to the same surface. Signals should not be applied to the device power supply is off. All unused input leads should be connected either to the supply voltage or to ground.

16.1.5.3 Mounting

Mount MOS integrated circuits on printed circuit boards after all other components have been mounted. Take care that the circuits themselves, metal parts of the board, mounting tools, and the person doing the mounting are kept at the same electrical (ground) potential. If it is impossible to ground the printed-circuit board, the person mounting the circuits should touch the board before bringing the MOS circuits into contact with it.

16.1.5.4 Soldering

Soldering iron tips, including those of low voltage irons, or soldering baths should also be kept at the same potential as the MOS circuits and the board.

#### 16.1.5.5 Static charges

Dress personnel in clothing of non-electrostatic material (no wool, silk or synthetic fibres). After the MOS circuits have been mounted, the proper handling precautions should still observed. Until the subassemblies are inserted into the complete system in which the proper voltages are supplied, the board is not more than an extension of the leads of the devices mounted on the board. To prevent static charges from being transmitted through the board wiring to the device it is recommended that conductive clips or conductive tape is put on the circuit board terminals

#### 16.1.5.6 Transient voltages

To prevent permanent damage due to transfer voltages, do not insert or remove MOS devices, or printed-circuit boards with MOS devices, from test sockets or systems with power on.

16.1.5.7 Voltage surges

Beware of voltage surges due to switching electrical equipment ON or OFF, relays and d.c. lines.

16.2 REMOVING THE UNITS AND MECHANICAL PARTS

NOTE: For installation, work in reversed sequence.

#### 16.2.1 Attenuator unit (Al)

- First put the digital unit A9 in upright position. Refer to figure 16.4 that indicates this position.
- Push gently both clamping lips that secure the metal locking plate for the attenuator unit and remove the locking plate.
- Push the attenuator unit backwards for about 1 cm.
- Remove the front unit (see section 16.2.7).
- Remove the control knobs of the CRT control unit.
- Pull gently both clamping lips that secure the front profile gently backwards and loosen the front profile.
- ATTENTION: To avoid damage, ensure that the BNCs of the attenuator unit are behind the front profile before loosening the front profile.

Now the attenuator unit can easily pulled out of the instrument after removing the connector with flat cable and the ground connector.

Dismantling the Attenuator unit:

- For access to the components of the unit, remove both upper and bottom covers.
- When removing the BNCs first unsolder the wire to the pcb and then unscrew the BNC-nut with a spanner of max. 5 mm thickness.
- 16.2.2 Pre-amplifier unit (A2) and Adaptation unit (A16)
  - First put the digital unit A9 in upright position. Refer to figure 16.4 that indicates this position.
  - Then remove the time-base unit (see section 16.2.4).
  - Unlock the two p.c.b. supports
  - The complete p.c.b. can be removed from the instrument after having removed all flat cables.

#### 16.2.3 XYZ-amplifier unit (A3)

The XYZ amplifier unit incorporates two separate p.c.b.'s connected via a flat cable. One p.c.b. includes amongst other things the CRT socket and must be loosened first. For this, the CRT socket must be carefully removed from the CRT.

Now the part situated above the CRT can be removed as follows:

- Remove all flat cables and the delay line cable plug.
- Pull all clamping lips that secure the XYZ-amplifier unit p.c.b. outwards and take out the complete unit. Refer to figure 16.1.



Figure 16.1 Clamping lips for XYZ-amplifier unit

- 16.2.4 Time-base unit (A4)
  - Put the digital unit in upright position such as indicated in figure 16.4.
  - Unlock the 3 plastic p.c.b. supports with a special tool that matches the diameter of the p.c.b. support (see section 16.6.2).
  - The complete p.c.b. can be taken out of the instrument after having removed all flat cables. The time base can also be placed upright on the chassis: this is indicated in figure 16.4.
- 16.2.5 CRT control unit (A5)
  - Remove the front unit (see section 16.2.7)
  - Loosen the front profile (see section 16.2.1)
  - Now the CRT control unit can be pulled out of the front profile after having removed the flat-cable and the CAL connector.
- 16.2.6 Power supply unit (A6)
  - WARNING: Inside the power supply pcb there are many parts that carry dangerous high voltages. Some of these voltages remain some time after disconnecting the instrument from the mains. Therefore, it is recommended to wait at least five minutes after having disconnected the instrument from the mains, before removing the p.c.b. If working on the power supply unit under live condition cannot be avoided, it must be done by a qualified technician who is aware of the dangers involved. Moreover the use of a mains separation transformer is strongly recommended.
  - Remove the extension shaft from the ON/OFF switch by pushing both ends together.
  - Push both clamping lips that secure the power supply unit.
  - Lift the power supply unit outside the instrument.
  - Place the p.c.b. in the unit slider.

- NOTES: After the mentioned actions, the power supply unit can be measured under working conditions, provided that all cables are still connected to the unit.
  - The flat cable to the CRT control unit can easily be removed now when having positioned the power supply unit like described.
- Remove the two flat cables, the power supply cable, the two- and three-pole cable connectors and the EHT-connector from the CRT.
- WARNING: The EHT cable is directly connected to the CRT. When the EHT cable to the post-acceleration anode is disconnected, the cable must be discharged by shorting the terminal to the instrument's earth.
- The power supply can now be taken out of the instrument.



Figure 16.2 Power supply unit in service position.

- 16.2.7 Front unit (A7) and LCD unit (A8)
  - Put the digital unit A9 and the time base unit A4 in their upright position such as indicated in figure 16.4.
  - Unscrew the two screws, located at the rear of the front unit.
  - Now the complete unit assembly can be slid out of the front profile of the instrument.
  - NOTE: After the above actions, the front unit can be measured under working conditions, provided that the flat cable is still connected to the unit.



Figure 16.3 Measuring the front unit working condition

For accessibility to the component side of the front unit and LCD unit, proceed as follows:

- Unplug the connector with flat cable.
- Remove all control knobs; the knobs can be easily pulled of the potentiometer spindles.
- Pull all clamping lips that secure the front unit p.c.b. gently outwards and loosen the text plate.
- NOTE: The LCD unit is connected to the front unit by means of two 3-pin connectors and can be easily pulled off. The LCD display lamp is accessible after pulling of the LCD unit.

#### 16.2.8 Digital unit A9

Measuring position and p.c.b. exchange:

- The digital unit is directly accessible after removal of the instrument's top cover: all components are accessible for measuring purposes then.
- The unit can be separated from its mounting plate after removal of the multipole and coaxial connectors and 6 mounting screws.
- The mounting plate is fixed to the right-hand side panel of the oscilloscope with 2 self-tapping screws.
- The digital unit (and its mounting plate) can be put in upright position such as indicated in figure 16.4.



Figure 16.4 Measuring digital unit A9 and time base unit A4 in upright position for measuring in working condition.

#### 16.2.9 Removing the delay-line cable

The delay-line cable is a 54 cm cable that is connected between the preamplifier unit and the XYZ amplifier unit.

To remove the delay-line cable, proceed as follows:

- For access to the delay line cable, remove the digital unit, the time base unit and the pre-amplifier/adaptation unit.
- Unlock the plastic clamps that fix the cable to the instrument's chassis and to the units.
- Remove the plug that connects the delay-line cable to the preamplifier unit.
- Unlock the plastic clamp that fixes the cable to the XYZ-amplifier unit.
- Remove the plug that connects the delay-line cable to the XYZamplifier unit.

16.2.10 Replacement of CRT

IMPORTANT: It is strongly recommended to study this chapter and the associated illustration before starting the replacement. Refer also to figure 16.5 for this.



Figure 16.5 Removing the CRT

- Remove the XYZ-amplifier unit, see section 16.2.3.
- Remove the graticule lamp holder (1).
- Remove the bezel with the screen filter.
- Remove the two plastic pcb supports (2).
- Unlock the EHT-cable. Discharge the end of the cable to earth potential in order to prevent electric shock. This earth potential can be obtained via a measuring lead connected to the metal chassis plate at the rear panel of the oscilloscope.

WARNING: Handle the CRT carefully. Rough handling or scratching can cause the CRT to implode.

- Push the two clamping lips that secure the CRT support (3) and gently lift the CRT, incl. metal shielding out of the instrument.
- NOTE: Before re-assembling a new CRT, first remove its protective cover and place the CRT front rubber around the CRT-front.

#### 16.3 SOLDERING TECHNIQUES

Working method:

- Carefully unsolder one after the other the soldering leads of the semi-conductor.
- Remove all superfluous soldering material. Use a suction iron of suction litze wire.
- Check that the leads of the replacement part are clean and pre-tinned on the soldering place.
- Locate the replacement semi-conductor exactly on its place, and solder each lead to the relevant printed conductor on the circuit board.
- NOTE: Bear in mind that the maximum permissible soldering time is 10 seconds during which the temperature of the leads must not exceed 250°C. The use of solder with a low melting point is therefore recommended. Take care not to damage the plastic encapsulation of the semi-conductor (softening point of the plastic is 150°C).
- ATTENTION: When you are soldering inside the instrument, it is essential to use a low-voltage soldering iron, the tip of which must be earthed to the mass of the oscilloscope.

Suitable soldering irons are:

- ORYX micro-miniature soldering instrument, type 6 A, voltage 6 V, in combination with PLATO pin-point tip type 0-569.
- ERSA miniature soldering iron, type minor 040 B, voltage 6 V.
- Low Voltage Mini Soldering Iron, type 800/12 W-6 V, power 12 W, voltage 6 V, order no. 4822 395 10004, in combination with 1mm pin-point tip, order no. 4822 395 10012.

Ordinary 60/40 solder with core and 35 to 40 W pencil type soldering iron can be used for the majority of the soldering. If a higher wattage-rating soldering iron is used on the etched circuit boards, excessive heat can cause the etched circuit wiring to separate from the board base material.

#### 16.4 INSTRUMENT REPACKING

If the instrument is to be shipped to a Service Centre for service or repair, attach a tag showing the full address and the name of the individual at the users firm that can be contacted. The Service Centre needs the complete instrument, its serial number and a fault description. If the original packing is not available, repack the instrument in such a way that no damage occurs during transport.

#### 16.5 TROUBLE SHOOTING

#### 16.5.1 Introduction

The following information is provided to facilitate trouble shooting. Information contained in other sections of the manual should also be used to locate the defect. An understanding of the circuit is helpful in locating troubles, particularly where integrated circuits are used. Refer to the circuit description for this information.

#### 16.5.2 Trouble-shooting techniques

If a fault appears, the following test sequence can be used to find the defective part:

- Check if the settings of the controls of the oscilloscope are correct. Consult the Operating Instructions.
- Check the equipment to which the oscilloscope is connected and the interconnection cables.
- Check if the oscilloscope is well-calibrated. If not, refer to section 15. "Checking and Adjusting".
- Visually check the part of the oscilloscope in which the fault is suspected. In this way, it is possible to find faults such as bad soldering connections, bad interconnection plugs and wires, damaged components or transistors and IC's that are not correctly plugged into their sockets.
- Location of the circuit part in which the fault is suspected: the symptom often indicates this part of the circuit. If the power supply supply is defective the symptom will appear in several circuit parts.

After having carried out the previous steps, individual components in the suspected circuit parts must be examined:

- Transistors and diodes.

Check the voltage between base and emitter (0,7 V approx. in conductive state) and the voltage between collectorand emitter (0,2 V approx. in saturation) with a voltmeter or an oscilloscope. When removed from the p.c.b. it is possible to test the transistor with an ohmmeter since the base/collector junctions can be regarded as diodes. Like a normal diode, the resistance is very high in one direction and low in the other direction. When measuring take care that the current from the ohmmeter does not damage the component under test. Replace the suspected component by a new one if you are sure that the circuit is not in such condition that the new component will be damaged.

- Integrated circuits.

In circuit, testing can be done with an oscilloscope or voltmeter. A good knowledge of the circuit part undertest is essential. Therefore, first read the circuit descriptions in sections 3...19.

- Capacitors.

Leakage can be traced with an ohmmeter adjusted to its highest resistance range. When testing take care of polarity and maximum allowed voltage. An open capacitor can be checked if the response for AC signals is observed. Also a capacitance meter can used: compare the measured value with the value and tolerance indicated in the parts list. - Resistors.

Can be checked with an ohmmeter after having unsoldered one side of the resistor from the p.c.b. Compare the measured value with the value and tolerance indicated in the parts list.

- Coils and transformers. An ohmmeter can be used for tracing an open circuit. Shorted or partially shorted windings can be found by checking the waveform responses when HF signals are passed through the circuit. Also an inductance meter can be used.
  - Data latches.

To measure on inputs and outputs of data latches a measuring oscilloscope can be triggered by the clock signal which is connected to the clock input of the data latch. This measurement can only be made in this way when there is an acceptable repetition time of the clock signal. A too low clock pulse repetition time results in a low intensity of the tace on the measuring oscilloscope screen. The outputs can easily be checked by a voltmeter or oscilloscope.

#### 16.5.3 Power-up routine

Every time the instrument is switched-on an initialisation program is executed. By simply watching the LCD after switching on, it can be determined if the microcomputer related control part of the oscilloscope is functioning correctly.

Directly after switching on, the instrument's internal serial control bus is checked and if everything is OK all segments in the LCD will light up. Passing this test means that the serial bus that controls the LCD and that puts the circuitry in the desired mode, functions correctly. This control bus is the so-called I2C bus and a general description of its configuration can be found in the explanation of the digital block diagram (where the control signals are generated) and the analog block diagram (where the control signals are setting the circuitry in the desired mode. The block diagram shows that the control signals are generated on the digital unit A9 and that the distribution occurs via the front unit A7.

After the test of the serial control bus, the RAM where the scope's settings are stored is tested. These settings are compared with a sumcheck figure. If the test is succesfully passed, the settings from before switching-on are becoming active and thus also visible in the LCD. If the sumcheck test is not passed (e.g. if the memory back-up batteries are not installed or empty), the RAM is tested byte for byte. This is done by writing and reading 10101010 and 01010101 bit patterns in every memory location. If a fault is detected, the program keeps on trying to write and read into the defective memory address. This can be measured with an oscilloscope at the RAM's chip enable input and at the read and write inputs (half the frequency).

If this test is passed the instrument starts up with default settings and the LCD is updated correspondingly.

#### 16.5.4 Trouble-shooting the power supply

To determine whether a certain fault condition is initiated by the power supply itself or by the connected oscilloscope circuits, a dummy load is listed in the table below. The table gives also an example of the resistor types that can be used to compose the dummy load. These resistors can be ordered at Concern Service.

Supply voltabe	Output current	Dummy resistance and their service ordering numbers
+ 5 V	2,4 A	2,9E-12W: 3 x 10E (4822 112 21052) and 22E (4822 11221063) in parallel.
- 6,4 V	930 mA	6,9E-6W: 8,2E (4822 112 41052) and 47E (4822 110 23072) in parallel.
+12 V	720 mA	17,2E-8,7W: 33E (4822 112 41067) and 39E (4822 112 43069) in parallel.
- 12 V	500 mA	24,7E-6W: 39E (4822 112 41069) and 68E (4822 112 41076) in parallel.
+ 17 V	340 mA	51E-6W: 1E (4822 110 23027) in serial with 2 x 100E (4822 112 41081) in parallel.
- 17 V	100 mA	171E-1,7W: 270E (4822 110 43092) and 470E (4822 110 43098) in parallel.
+ 48 V	140 mA	341E-7W: 330E (4822 112 41094) in serial with 12E (4822 110 23056) in parallel.
+48 V	40 mA	1k22-2W: 2k2 (4822 110 23116) and 2k7 (4822 110 23118) in parallel.

#### 16.6 SPECIAL TOOLS

### 16.6.1 Trimming Kit SBC 317 - 4822 310 50095

The SBC 317 Trimming Kit matches every current trimming requirement for all products. The set contains 27 items (22 different bits, plus 3 bit holders and 2 extension pieces). The insulated holders and extension pieces make it easy to reach into a chassis and make accurate adjustments, without wasting time or risking shocks. The SBC 317 Trimming Kit is packed in a flat transparent case. Several of the most commonly required bits are duplicated. In addition, a spare set of 8 bits is separately available as replacement (4822 310 50016).

#### The Trimming Kit contains the following parts:



Figure 16.6 Trimming tool kit

16.6.2 p.c.b. Snapper - 5322 535 91942

A special tool is available for removal of the p.c.b. from the p.c.b. supports. Information on how to use this tool is given in chapter 16.2. The ordering number of this tool is 5322 535 91942



MAT 2239

Figure 16.7 p.c.b. Snapper

#### 16.7 RECALIBRATION AFTER REPAIR

After any electrical component has been renewed the calibration of its associated circuit should be checked, as well as the calibration of other closely-related circuits.

Since the power supply affects all circuits, calibration of the entire instrument should be checked it work has been done in the power supply or if the transformer has been renewed.

# 17. SAFETY INSPECTION AND TEST AFTER REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE IN THE PRIMARY CIRCUIT

#### 17.1 GENERAL DIRECTIVES

- Take care that the creepage distances and clearances have not been reduced.
- Before soldering, the wires should be bent through the holes of solder tags, or wrapped around the tag in the form of an open U, or, wiring ridigity shall be maintained by cable clamps or cable lacing.
  Replace all insulating guards and -plates.

#### 17.2 SAFETY COMPONENTS

Components in the primary circuit may only be renewed by components selected by Philips, see also section 16.1.2.

#### 17.3 CHECKING THE PROTECTIVE EARTH CONNECTION

The correct connection and condition is checked by visual control and by measuring the resistance between the protective lead connection at the plug and the cabinet/frame. The resistance shall not be more than 0,1 Ohm. During measurement the mains cable should be removed from the mains. Resistance variations indicate a defect.

#### 17.4 CHECKING THE INSULATION RESISTANCE

Measure the insulation resistance at U = 500 V dc between the mains connections and the protective lead connections. For this purpose, set the mains switch to ON. The insulation resistance shall not be less than 2 Meg-ohm.

NOTE: 2 Meg-ohm is a minimum requirement at 40<sup>°</sup>C and 95% Relative Humidity. Under normal conditions the insulation resistance should be much higher (10 ... 20 Meg-ohm).

#### 17.5 CHECKING THE LEAKAGE CURRENT

The leakage current shall be measured between each pole of the mains supply in turn, and all accessible conductive parts connected together (including the measuring earth terminal). The leakage current is not excessive if the measured currents from the mentioned parts does not exceed 0,5 mA rms.

#### 17.6 VOLTAGE TEST

The instrument shall withstand, without electrical breakdown, the application of a test voltage between the supply circuit and accessible conductive parts that are likely to become energized. The test potential shall be 1500 V rms at supply-circuit frequency, applied for one second.

The test shall be conducted when the instrument is fully assembled, and with the primary switch in the ON position. During the test, both sides of the primary circuit of the instrument are connected together and to one terminal of the voltage test equipment; the other voltage test equipment terminal is connected to the accessible conductive parts.

# 18. PARTS LIST

# (subject to alteration without notice)

# 18.1 MECHANICAL PARTS (Are indicated in figure 18.1)

Item	n Qty	Ordering code	Description
1	1	5322 459 20503	Bezel
2	1	5322 414 20213	Positioning strip, plastic
3	1	5322 464 90484	Fixation strip
5	1	5322 480 30181	Contrast filter blue
6	ī	5322 455 81083	Textfilm on bezel PM3335
6	1	5322 455 81084	Textfilm on bezel PM3337
7	1	5322 268 14052	CAL socket
8	1	4822 530 70296	Clamping spring for CAL socket
9	11	5322 414 10018	Control knob with spring
10	1	5322 464 90252	Front frame
11	1	5322 455 81026	Textfilm CRT unit
12	1	5322 455 81085	Textfilm for handle PM3335
13	1	5322 498 50219	Handle assembly
15	1	5322 414 60142	Power-on knob, green-brown
20	2	5322 492 63355	Spring for handle
21	1	5322 535 80735	Extension part for power-on switch
22	1	5322 447 91499	Upper cabinet
24	2	5322 462 10265	P.c.b. support for A3
27	2	5322 462 10264	P.c.b. guiding for A6
30	1	5322 464 90486	Chassis
37	6	5322 462 30304	P.c.b. support
38	1	5322 464 90249	Bottom cabinet
39	2	5322 464 90253	Attenuator cover
40	4	5322 462 50325	Bottom foot
41	3	5322 506 21188	BNC spacer ring
42	3	5322 532 41006	BNC extension bush
43	3	5322 267 10004	BNC socket
44	1	5322 464 90254	Front unit frame
45	1	5322 455 81086	Textfilm for front unit
46	23	5322 276 11856	Softkey brown
47	1	5322 276 12332	Softkey white
48	1	5322 276 11857	Softkey green
49	5	5322 277 10878	UP-DOWN key brown
50	2	5322 492 63354	Range indication spring
51	1	5322 450 60952	LCD window
54	1	5322 256 60289	Battery back-up holder
55	1	5322 361 10326	FAN assembly
56	2	5322 401 11278	Metal fastener for A9
57	2	5322 290 40257	Flat cable clamp
58	2	5322 256 64014	Battery holder
	2	5322 255 40928	Heatsink for V3011 and V3012
	2	5322 255 40059	Spacer for heatsink V3011, V3012
	2	5322 401 10954	Delay line cable clamp



Figure 18.1 Exploded view

Mechanical parts located at rear panel

Item	Qty	Ordering code	Description
31	2	5322 462 50324	Rear foot
	1	5322 267 10004	BNC socket for Z-MOD
	2	5322 502 12003	Screws for mains input socket
	1	5322 321 21616	Line cable, European version
	1	5322 321 10446	Line cable, USA version
	1	5322 321 21617	Line cable, British version
	1	5322 321 21618	Line cable, Swiss version
	1	5322 321 21781	Line cable, Australean version
	1	5322 219 81119	Mains input socket, incl. fuse
			holder
	1	4822 25 <b>3</b> 30024	Fuse 1,6A (for mains input)

Mechanical parts located around the Cathode Ray Tube

Item	Qty	Ordering code	Description
16	1	5322 460 60404	CRT front rubber
17	1	5322 462 40957	Light conductor for CRT
18	1	5322 134 405 <b>3</b> 4	Lamp 28V-40mA
19	1	5322 131 20169	Cath. Ray Tube D14-372GH
25	1	5322 466 30163	CRT shielding
28	1	5322 466 30164	CRT manchet, rubber
29	1	5322 462 10263	CRT support, plastic

#### Printed circuit boards

Item	Unit nr.	Ordering code	Description
36	A1	5322 216 51114	Attenuator unit
35	A2	5322 216 51196	Pre-amplifier unit
26	A3	5322 216 51117	XYZ-amplifier unit
33	A4	5322 216 51239	Time-base unit
14	A5	5322 216 51118	CRT-control unit
23	A6	5322 216 51195	Power supply unit
52	Α7	5322 216 51233	Front unit
53	A8	5322 216 51207	LCD unit
32	A9	5322 216 51232	Digital unit A9
34	A1 5	5322 216 51204	Adaptation unit
4	A18	5322 216 51209	Unit with 5 pushbuttons under CRT screen

#### 18.2 CABLES AND CONNECTORS

18.2.1 Flatcables and connectors

For the flatcables used in this oscilloscope, the required version must be made by yourself with the following parts:

- Universal flatcable, 40 wires, length 60 cm 5322 323 50112

To get the required number of wires, the flat cable must be split by means of a pair of scissors or a knife. The cable must be cut to the required length.

- Flatcable connectors

The connectors can be mounted on the flatcable by means of a pair of pliers or in a bench-vice.

ATTENTION: Check the position of the flatcable in the connector before pressing the connector together.

The following connectors are available:

6 pole cable connector	X7019	5322 268 40301
10 pole cable connector	x606-x5007-x6007	5322 268 40234
20 pole cable connector	x2010-x3002-x3003	5322 268 40235
	x4002-x4010-x600 <b>9</b>	
	x7091	
26 pole cable connector	X1009-X2009	5322 267 70175
34 pole cable connector	x2001–x4001	5322 268 40236
40 pole cable connector	X9050-X7050-(X150)	5322 267 70227

The following AMP-connectors are available:

2 pole-single, without contact pins	5322 268 40232
3 pole-single, without contact pins	5322 268 40233
bus contact for AMP-cable connector, per piece:	5322 268 20152
5 pole connector for power-in:	5322 267 50452
bus contact for connector, per piece:	5322 268 24128
NOTE: The flateshies are fixed onto the p.e.h.	

NOTE: The flatcables are fixed onto the p.c.b. connectors by means of a pair of flatcable connector clamps, per piece 5322 401 11156

	Туре	Item	Ordering number
	2 pole-single	X414-X416-X2013-X4017 X6018-X6020	5322 265 20275
	2 pole-single 90 <sup>0</sup> type	x9016-x9017-x9018	5322 265 20356
	3 pole-single	X6008-X6019	5322 265 30434
	3 pole single	X7011-X7012	5322 265 30396
	3 pole-single 90° type	X2004-X3004-X3005- X3008	5322 265 30433
	5 pole-single	X6014	5322 265 40436
	6 pole-single 90° type	X9004	5322 265 30741
	10 pole-double	X606-X5007-X6007-X9006	5322 265 40485
	10 pole-double 90° type	X606	5322 265 51188
	20 pole-double	X2010-X3002-X3003 X4002-X4010-X6003 X9003	5322 265 51129
	26 pole-double	X1009-X2009	<b>5322 265 61071</b>
	34 pole-double	x9050-7050	5322 265 61069
	34 pole-double 90° type	X7001	5322 265 61068
	40 pole-double	X98-X808	5322 265 61072
18.2.3	50 Ohm cables and connect	tors	
	bit too long.	e standerdized, so some cabl e end may have a different o aced by the original one.	
	- Cable, 30 cm long, 90 <sup>0</sup> - Cable, 45 cm long	type	5322 321 22617 5322 321 22616
	The 50 Ohm coax-connector	socket consists of two part	s, bush and pin.
	- Outer part (bush)		5322 268 24116
	- Inner part (pin)		5322 268 14141
18.2.4	Miscellaneous cables		
	<ul> <li>Delay line cable, 54 cm</li> <li>Flex jump cable, used f</li> <li>for A3 - 11 pole.</li> </ul>		5322 321 21595 5322 290 60605
18.2.5	Miscellaneous sockets and	connectors	
	CRT socket		5322 255 40502
	p.c.b. socket, 3 pole (X7	011, x7012	5322 265 30396
	p.c.b. socket, 3 pole (X8		5322 267 40667
	Socket for D9079	_,,	5322 255 40828
	Socket for D801		5322 255 40815
	p.c.b. socket, 8 pole (X6	21. X622. X623. X624)	5322 265 40483
	p.c.b. socket, 8 pole (X2		5322 267 50786
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. , ,	

# 18.2.2 P.c.b.-connectors (male headers)

#### **18.3 ELECTRICAL PARTS** POSNR DESCRIPTION ORDERING CODE 0.25PF 2.7PF 2% 33PF -20+50% 10NF 2% 22PF C 1118 C 1119 C 1121 C 1122 C 1122 C 1123 5322 122 32894 5322 122 32072 4822 122 31414 5322 122 32143 5322 125 11013 -20+50% 2% 18.3.1 CAPACITORS 7-10.0 PF -10.. -20+50% 10Nr 0.25PF 3.3PF 0.25PF 2.2PF 2% 33PF °PF MUR MUR C 1124 C 1126 C 1127 C 1128 C 1129 4822 122 31414 5322 122 32549 5322 122 32774 5322 122 32072 5322 122 32072 5322 125 11013 ORDERING CODE POSNR DESCRIPTION 2% 7-10.0 PF -20+50% -20+50% 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 C 0601 C 0602 10NF **ÎONF** 4822 122 31414 5322 122 32551 5322 125 11013 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 C 1131 C 1132 C 1133 C 1134 C 1135 -20+50x 2% 7-10.0 PF -20+50% -20+50% 4822 122 31414 4822 122 30034 4822 122 31169 4822 122 31169 4822 122 31419 C 0603 C 0604 C 0605 C 0606 C 0607 10NF 33PF Mur 10NF 10NF 470PF 1.5NF 1.5NF -20+50% 10% 10% **10NF** -20+50% 10NF C 1136 C 1137 C 1138 C 1139 C 1140 39PF 22PF 100PF 2.2PF 100PF 4822 122 31069 5322 122 32143 4822 122 31316 4822 122 31036 4822 122 31316 C 0608 C 0681 C 0682 C 0683 C 0684 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20699 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20699 4822 124 20699 4822 122 31414 2% -20+50% -10+50% -20+50% 10NF 2% 2% 0.25PF 47UF 10NF 47UF 10NF -10+50% -20+50% 2% C 1141 C 1142 C 1143 C 1144 C 1144 C 1145 63V 10% -20+50% -20+50% -20+50% -20+50% 5322 121 42492 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 100NF C 0689 C 0691 C 0692 C 0693 -20+50% -20+50% -20+50% -20+50% 10NF 10NF 10NF 10NF 10NF 10NF 10NF 10NF 10NF C 1001 -20+50% C 1146 C 1147 C 1161 C 1162 C 1163 -10+50% 0.25PF 10% 0.25PF 2% 4822 124 20689 4822 122 31822 4822 122 30034 4822 122 31821 5322 122 32072 68UF 4.7PF 470PF 3\_3PF C 1002 C 1003 C 1004 C 1006 C 1007 400V 10% -20+50% -20+50% -20+50% 0.25PF 5322 121 40308 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 5322 122 32773 22NF 10nf 10nf ÎONF 1PF 33PF C 1164 C 1166 C 1167 C 1168 C 1171 10% -20+50% 2% -20+50% -20+50% 4822 122 30114 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31413 4822 122 31413 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 C 1009 C 1011 C 1012 C 1013 C 1014 2% 33PF 63V 10% 220NF 63V 10% 220NF 63V 10% 220NF 2% 15PF 0.25PF 0.56PF 5322 122 32072 4822 121 42408 4822 121 42408 4822 121 42408 4822 122 31823 5322 122 32107 2.2NF 10NF 150PF 10NF 10NF C 1172 C 1173 C 1174 C 1176 C 1176 C 1177 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31169 4822 122 31169 -20+50% -20+50% -20+50% 10NF 10NF 10NF C 1016 C 1017 C 1018 C 1019 C 1021 5322 122 32549 4822 122 31821 5322 122 32894 5322 122 32072 4822 122 31414 0.25PF 0.25PF 0.25PF 3.3PF 3.3PF 2.7PF 33PF 10% 1.5NF 1.5NF 2% -20+50% IONF 5322 122 32143 5322 125 11013 4822 122 31414 5322 122 32549 5322 122 32774 C 1201 C 1202 C 1203 C 1204 C 1204 C 1206 C 1022 C 1023 C 1024 C 1026 C 1027 2% 7-10.0 PF -20+50% 0.25PF 0.25PF -20+50% 400V 10% 2% 0.25PF 7-10.0 PF 4822 122 31414 5322 121 40308 5322 122 32551 4822 122 31217 5322 125 11013 22PF MUR 10NF 10NF 22NF 33PF 3.9PF 3.3PF 2.2PF MUR 5322 122 32072 5322 125 11013 4822 122 31414 5322 122 32551 5322 125 11013 C 1028 C 1029 C 1031 C 1032 C 1033 C 1207 C 1208 C 1210 C 1211 C 1211 C 1212 2% -20+50% 0.25PF -20+50% 2% 22PF 10NF 5322 122 32143 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31036 4822 122 31036 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31316 33PF 2% 7-10.0 PF -20+50% MUR 10NF 33PF MUR 2.2PF 10NF 100PF 2% 7-10.0 PF C 1034 C 1035 C 1036 C 1037 C 1038 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31649 5322 122 32143 4822 122 31316 C 1213 C 1214 C 1216 C 1217 C 1217 C 1401 5322 122 32313 4822 122 31215 4822 122 31056 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 10NF 10NF 39PF 0.25PF 1.8PF 0.25PF 0.68PF 2% 12PF -20+50% -20+50% 2% 2% 2% -20+50% 22PF 10NF 100PF IONF C 1039 C 1040 C 1041 C 1042 C 1043 25-2,3 PF 2% 63V 10% -20+50% -20+50% 5322 125 11021 4822 122 31316 5322 121 42492 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 C 1402 C 1403 C 1404 C 1405 C 1405 C 1407 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20689 4822 124 20689 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 -20+50% -20+50% -10+50% -20+50% MUR 10NE 100PF 100NF 10NF 68UF 10NF 10NF 10NF -20+50% IONF -20+50% -20+50% -10+50% 0.25PF 10% C 1044 C 1045 C 1046 C 1047 C 1061 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20689 4822 124 20689 4822 122 31822 4822 122 30034 C 1408 C 1409 C 1411 C 1412 C 1413 -20+50% -10+50% -20+50% -20+50% -10+50% 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20689 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20699 10NF 10NF 10NF 68UF 10NF 10NF 47UF 68UF 4.7PF 470PF C 1062 C 1063 C 1064 C 1066 C 1067 4822 122 31821 5322 122 32072 4822 122 30114 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31413 C 1414 C 1420 C 1421 C 1422 C 1423 -20+50% -20+50% -20+50% -20+50% -20+50% 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 3.3PF 33PF 2.2NF 10NF 0.25PF 10NF 2% 10% 10NF 10NF -20+50% 2% 10NF 150PF ÎONF 4822 124 20689 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20689 4822 122 31414 C 1068 C 1071 C 1072 C 1073 C 1074 -20+50% -20+50% -20+50% -20+50% -20+50% 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 C 1424 C 1427 C 1428 C 1428 C 1429 C 1431 -10+50% -20+50% -20+50% -10+50% -20+50% 68UF 10NF 10NF 10NF 10NF 10NF 10NF 10NF 68UF 10NF C 1076 C 1077 C 1101 C 1102 C 1103 4822 122 31169 4822 122 31169 4822 122 31414 5322 121 40308 4822 122 31414 C 1432 C 1433 C 1434 C 1441 C 1442 -20+50% -10+50% -20+50% -20+50% -10+50% 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20699 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20689 1.5NF 1.5NF 10% 10NF 47UF 10NF 10NF 68UF -20+50% 10NF 400V 10% 22NF -20+50% 10NF 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 5322 122 32773 5322 122 32072 4822 121 42408 C 1104 C 1106 C 1107 C 1107 C 1109 C 1111 C 1443 C 1444 C 1446 C 1447 C 2049 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20689 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31169 10NF 10NF 1PF 33PF -20+50% -20+50% -10+50% 10NF 10NF 68UF 10NF -20+50%-20+50% -20+50% 0.25PF -20+50% 10% 2% 63V 10% 220NF 1.5NF 63V 10% 220NF 2% 15PF 0.25PF 0.56PF 0.25PF 3.3PF 0.25PF 3.3PF 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31169 4822 122 31169 4822 122 31169 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31169 C 1112 C 1113 C 1114 C 1116 C 1117 4822 121 42408 4822 122 31823 5322 122 32107 5322 122 32549 4822 122 31821 C 2050 C 2051 C 2149 C 2150 C 2151 -20+50% 10% 10% -20+50% 10NF 1.5NF 1.5NF 1.5NF 10NF

10%

1.5NF

POSNR	DESCRIPTION	ORDERING CODE	POSNR	DESCRIPTION	ORDERING CODE
C 2201 C 2203 C 2215 C 2216 C 2217	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31049 4822 122 31038 4822 122 31049	C 3021 C 3022 C 3101 C 3102 C 3103	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF 10% 1.5NF 10% 1.5NF 7-10PF	
C 2218 C 2220 C 2221 C 2222 C 2222 C 2223	0.25PF 2.7PF 0.25PF 5.6PF 10% 1.5NF 0.25PF 8.2PF 10% 1.5NF	4822 122 31038 5322 122 32163 4822 122 31169 4822 122 31169 4822 122 31169		100V 10% 47NF -20+50% 10NF 63V 10% 100NF 0.25PF 2.7PF 0.25PF 0.82PF	5322 121 42491
C 2224 C 2225 C 2226 C 2229 C 2230	10% 1.5NF 10% 470PF 10% 470PF 10% 470PF 10% 470PF 10% 470PF	4822 122 31169 4822 122 30034 4822 122 30034 4822 122 30034 4822 122 30034	C 3109 C 3110 C 3111 C 3112 C 3113	63V 10% 100NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF 0.25PF 3.9PF 0.25PF 0.82PF	5322 121 42492 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 5322 122 31414 5322 122 34107 4822 122 31214
C 2305 C 2306 C 2307 C 2317 C 2318	-20+50% 10NF 10% 1.5NF 10% 1.5NF 0.25PF 1.5PF 10% 470PF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31169 4822 122 31169 5322 122 32101 4822 122 30034	C 3114 C 3116 C 3200 C 3201 C 3202	100V 10% 47NF 63V 10% 100NF 0.25PF 0.56PF 0.25PF 0.56PF 63V 10% 100NF	5322 121 42491 5322 121 42492 5322 122 32107 5322 122 32107 5322 122 32107 5322 121 42492
C 2321 C 2326 C 2327 C 2328 C 2329	0.25PF 1.5PF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF 63V 10% 100NF 63V 10% 100NF	5322 122 32101 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 5322 121 42492 5322 121 42492	C 3203 C 3204 C 3206 C 3208 C 3208 C 3209	63V 10% 100NF -20+50% 10NF 63V 10% 100NF 10% 470PF -10+10% 2.2NF	5322 121 42492 4822 122 31414 5322 121 42492 4822 122 30034 5322 122 33851
C 2331 C 2332 C 2333 C 2335 C 2336	63V 10% 100NF 63V 10% 100NF 63V 10% 100NF 2% 12PF -20+50% 10NF	5322 121 42492 5322 121 42492 5322 121 42492 4822 122 31056 4822 122 31414	C 3211 C 3250 C 3251 C 3252 C 3253	-10+10% 2.2NF 100V 10% 10NF 63V 10% 220NF -10+10% 2.2NF -20+50% 10NF	5322 122 33851 4822 121 41857 4822 121 42408 5322 122 33851 4822 122 31414
C 2337 C 2338 C 2345 C 2346 C 2348	-20+50% 10NF 10% 470PF 0.25PF 01.8PF 10% 1.5NF 10% 1.5NF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 30034 5322 122 32313 4822 122 31169 4822 122 31169	C 3254 C 3256 C 3257 C 3258 C 3301	-20+50% 10NF 0.25PF 0.56PF -20+50% 10NF -10+10% 2.2NF -20+50% 10NF	4822 122 31414 5322 122 32107 4822 122 31414 5322 122 33851 4822 122 31414
C 2350 C 2600 C 2601 C 2602 C 2604	0.25PF 2.7PF 2% 22PF 63V 10% 100NF -20+50% 10NF 10% 1.5NF	4822 122 31038 5322 122 32143 5322 121 42492 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31169	C 3302 C 3303 C 3304 C 3306 C 3307	-20+50% 10NF -10+50% 47UF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF	4822 122 31414 4822 124 20699 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414
C 2611 C 2612 C 2613 C 2616 C 2701	10% 1NF -20+50% 10NF 10% 470PF 10% 470PF -10+50% 100UF	4822 122 30027 4822 122 31414 4822 122 30034 4822 122 30034 4822 122 30034 4822 124 20679	C 3308 C 3309 C 3311 C 3312 C 3313	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -10+50% 47UF -20+50% 10NF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20699 4822 122 31414
C 2702 C 2703 C 2704 C 2706 C 2707	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -10+50% 100UF -20+50% 10NF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20679 4822 122 31414	C 3314 C 3316 C 3317 C 3318 C 3319	-10+50% 15UF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -10+50% 15UF	4822 124 20729 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20729
C 2708 C 2709 C 2711 C 2716 C 2717	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -10+50% 68UF -20+50% 10NF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20689 4822 122 31414	C 3321 C 3322 C 3324 C 3326 C 4001	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF 2% 100PF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31316
C 2718 C 2722 C 2726 C 2727 C 2728	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -10+50% 68UF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20689 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414	C 4002 C 4003 C 4004 C 4005 C 4006	2% 100PF 100V 10% 10NF 10% 4.7NF 10% 4.7NF -20+50% 10NF	4822 122 31316 4822 121 41857 4822 122 31125 4822 122 31125 4822 122 31125 4822 122 31414
C 2741 C 2744 C 2746 C 2747 C 2747 C 2748	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -10+50% 68UF -20+50% 10NF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20689 4822 122 31414	C 4007 C 4011 C 4028 C 4029 C 4101	10% 470PF -20+50% 10NF 2% 100PF 2% 100PF -20+50% 10NF	4822 122 30034 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31316 4822 122 31316 4822 122 31316 4822 122 31414
C 2751 C 2752 C 2753 C 2754 C 2771	-10+50% 47UF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF	4822 124 20699 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414	C 4103 C 4105 C 4106 C 4107 C 4108	-20+50% 10NF 63V 10% 100NF -10+50% 150UF 63V 10% 100NF 2% 100PF	4822 122 31414 5322 121 42492 4822 124 20672 5322 121 42492 4822 122 31316
C 2772 C 2773 C 2774 C 2776 C 2777 C 2777	-10+50% 150UF -20+50% 10NF -10+50% 68UF -20+50% 10NF 63V 10% 100NF	4822 124 20672 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20689 4822 122 31414 5322 121 42492	C 4109 C 4110 C 4112 C 4113 C 4113 C 4114	-20+50% 10NF 63V 10% 470NF -20+50% 10NF 630V 1% 1NF 100V 10% 10UF	4822 122 31414 5322 121 42979 4822 122 31414 4822 121 50591 5322 121 41727
C 2781 C 3001 C 3002 C 3003 C 3004	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF 10% 1.5NF 10% 1.5NF 10% 1.5NF 7-10.0 PF MUR	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 314169 4822 122 31169 5322 125 11013	C 4116 C 4117 C 4118 C 4120 C 4122	10% 1.5NF 2% 100PF -20+50% 10NF 63V 10% 100NF 63V 10% 100NF	4822 122 31169 4822 122 31316 4822 122 31316 4822 122 31414 5322 121 42492 5322 121 42492
C 3005 C 3007 C 3008 C 3009 C 3011	2-20PF MUR 7-10.0 PF MUR 0.25PF 8.2PF 2% 12PF 2% 68PF	5322 125 50296 5322 125 11013 4822 122 31052 4822 122 31056 4822 122 31349	C 4123 C 4124 C 4126 C 4260 C 4301	-10+50% 47UF -20+50% 10NF -10+50% 47UF 63V 10% 100NF 63V 10% 100NF	4822 124 20699 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20699 5322 121 42492 5322 121 42492
C 3013 C 3014 C 3016 C 3017 C 3018	0.25PF 2.7PF 0.25PF 2.7PF 2-20PF MUR -20+50% 10NF 0.25PF 5.6PF	4822 122 31038 4822 122 31038 5322 125 50296 4822 122 31414 5322 122 32163	C 4302 C 4303 C 4304 C 4306 C 4307	-10+50% 4.7UF 100V 10% 10NF 2% 220PF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF	4822 124 20726 4822 121 41857 4822 122 30094 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414

POSNR	DESCRIPTION	ORDERING CODE	POSNR	DESCRIPTION	ORDERING CODE
C 4311	2% 100PF -20+50% 10NF				
C 4502 C 4503 C 4521	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF 0.25PF 3.9PF 63V 10% 100NF	4822 122 31316 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 5322 122 31414 5322 122 34107 5322 121 42492	C 6202 C 6203 C 6204	2% 47PF 63V 10% 220NF 63V 10% 100NF	4822 122 31072 4822 121 42408 5322 121 42492
C 4522 C 4601 C 4602 C 4603 C 4611	63V 10% 100NF 63V 10% 100NF 0.25PF 8.2PF 0.25PF 8.2PF -20+50% 10NF	5322 121 42492 5322 121 42492 4822 122 31052 4822 122 31052 4822 122 31414	C 6205 1 C 6206 C 6207 C 6208 - C 6209	100V 10% 100NF 10% 1NF 10% 4.7NF -10+50% 68UF -20+50% 2.2NF	5322 121 42578 4822 122 30027 4822 122 31125 4822 124 20734 5322 122 50093
C 4612 C 4613 C 4701 C 4702 C 4703	-20+50% 10NF 2% 10PF 10% 1NF 2% 220PF 10% 1NF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 32185 4822 122 30027 4822 122 30094 4822 122 30027	C 6210 ) C 6211 C 6212 · C 6213 C 6214	100V 10% 100NF -20+50% 10NF -10+10% 33PF 10% 4.7NF 20% 470PF	5322 121 42578 5322 122 50091 5322 122 33081 4822 122 31125 5322 122 50086
C 4704 C 4801 C 4804 C 4807 C 4808	-20+50% 10NF -20+20% 2200UF -10+50% 150UF -20+50% 10NF -10+50% 68UF	4822 122 31414 4822 124 21382 4822 124 20672 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20689	C 6215 C 6311 C 6312 C 6401 C 6402	100V 10% 100NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF 63V 10% 100NF -10+50% 68UF	5322 121 42578 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 5322 121 42492 4822 124 20689
C 4811 C 4815 C 4819 C 4820 C 4822	-20+50% lonF -20+50% lonF -20+50% lonF -20+50% lonF -20+50% lonF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414	C 6500 C 6501 C 6502 C 6503 C 6506	-10+50% 68UF -20+50% 10NF 100V 10% 10NF 2% 100PF 2% 100PF	4822 124 20689 4822 122 31414 4822 121 41857 4822 122 31316 4822 122 31316
C 4825 C 4829 C 4831 C 4832 C 4833	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -10+50% 47UF -20+50% 10NF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20699 4822 122 31414	C 7001 C 7004 C 7005 C 7006 C 7007	63V 10% 220NF -20+50% 10NF 63V 10% 100NF -20+50% 10NF 63V 10% 100NF	
C 4835 C 4836 C 4837 C 4839 C 4888	~20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -10+50% 47UF 2% 12PF -10+50% 47UF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20699 4822 122 31056 4822 122 31056	C 7008 C 7009 C 7011 C 7012 C 7013	10% 680PF 63V 10% 100NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF	4822 122 30053 5322 121 42492 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414
C 4889 C 4891 C 4893 C 4895 C 4897	-10+50% 47UF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF	4822 124 20639 4822 124 20639 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414	C 7017 C 7018 C 7019 C 7021 C 7100	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF 63V 10% 100NF -20+50% 10NF	
C 4898 C 4899 C 5001 C 5002 C 5003	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414	C 7101 C 7102 C 7103 C 7104 - C 7106 -	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF -10+50% 220UF -10+50% 220UF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20681 4822 124 20681
C 5006 C 6001 C 6002 C 6003	-20+50% 10NF -20+50% 10NF 250V 10% 220NF ME275 20% 1NF 63V 10% 100NF	4822 122 31414 4822 122 31414 5322 121 44142 5322 121 42583 5322 121 42492	C 9001 · C 9004 · C 9005 · C 9008 · C 9008 ·	-20+20% 10UF -20+20% 10UF -20+20% 10UF -20+20% 10UF -20+20% 10UF -20+20% 10UF	5322 124 21956 5322 124 21956 5322 124 21956 5322 124 21956 5322 124 21956 5322 124 21956
C 6004 C 6005 C 6006 C 6007 C 6008	63V 10% 100NF -20+50% 1.5NF ME275 20% 1NF -10+50% 68UF -10+50% 68UF	5322 121 42492 5322 122 50092 5322 121 42583 5322 124 22796 5322 124 22796	C 9010 C 9011 C 9012 C 9013 C 9014	-20+20% 10UF 2% 100PF 2% 100PF 2% 100PF 2% 100PF 2% 100PF	5322 124 21956 4822 122 31316 4822 122 31316 4822 122 31316 4822 122 31316 4822 122 31316
C 6009 C 6011 C 6012 C 6013 C 6014	100V 10% 47NF -10+50% 33UF 2% 220PF 10% 4.7NF 160V 1% 33NF	5322 121 50997		2% 47PF 2% 100PF 2% 100PF 2% 100PF 63V 10% 220NF	4822 122 31072 4822 122 31316 4822 122 31316 4822 122 31316 4822 122 31316 4822 121 42408
C 6017 C 6018 C 6031 C 6032 C 6033	2KV 5% 1.5NF 10% 4.7NF 100V 10% 10NF 63V 10% 220NF 100V 10% 10NF	5322 121 43243 4822 122 31125 4822 121 41857 4822 121 42408 4822 121 41857	C 9020 C 9021 C 9022 C 9023 C 9024	-20+20% 33UF -20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF	4822 122 30114 5322 124 21957 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103
C 6041 C 6042 C 6100 C 6101 C 6102	63V 10% 100NF 63V 10% 100NF -20+20% 6800UF -20+20% 6800UF -10+50% 6800UF	5322 121 42492 4822 124 40692 4822 124 40692	C 9025 C 9026 C 9027 C 9028 C 9029	-20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF	4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103
C 6103 C 6104 C 6106 C 6107 C 6108	-10+50% 680UF -10+50% 220UF -10+50% 470UF -10+50% 150UF -10+50% 470UF		C 9030 C 9031 C 9032 C 9033 C 9034	-20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF	4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103
C 6109 C 6111 C 6112 C 6113 C 6114	-10+50% 100UF -10+50% 100UF	4822 124 20701 4822 124 20701	C 9035 C 9036 C 9037 C 9038 C 9039	-20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF	4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103
C 6116 C 6117 C 6119 C 6120 C 6121		4822 124 20734 4822 124 20731 4822 124 20731 4822 124 20731 4822 122 31414 4822 124 20731	•	2% 47PF -20+20% 15UF -20+20% 15UF -20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF	4822 122 31072 5322 124 21958 5322 124 21958 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103
C 6122 C 6131 C 6132 C 6133 C 6134	630V 1% 680PF 63V 10% 470NF -10+50% 100UF 63V 10% 100NF 10% 1NF	5322 121 51214 5322 121 42979 4822 124 20679 5322 121 42492 4822 122 30027	C 9045 C 9046 C 9047 C 9048 C 9049	2% 10PF -20+80% 22NF -20+80% 22NF 10% 2.2NF 2% 47PF	4822 122 32185 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30103 4822 122 30114 4822 122 31072

RRRR

R

RRRRR

R 0616 R 0617 R 0618 R 0619 R 0621

RRRRR

RRRRR

R R R R R

R R R R R R R

RRRRR

MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25

MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25

MRS25

MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25

MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25

MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25

MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25

MRS25

MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25

MRS25

MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25 MRS25

1% 100K 1% 16K2 1% 2K15 1% 2K15 1% 2K15 1% 2K15

1x 10K 1x 2K15 1x 422E 1x 422E 1x 10K

1% 75E 1% 75E 1% 10K 1% 2K15 1% 51E1

1% 1K62 1% 1K62 1% 178K 1% 26K1 1% 178K

1% 1M 1% 2K15 1% 12K1 1% 12K1 1% 1M 1% 2K15

1% 51K1 1% 16K2 1% 511E 1% 511E 1% 12K1

1% 422E 1% 422E 1% 16K2 1% 5K62 1% 1K78

1% 6K81 1% 51K1 1% 16K2 1% 511E 1% 511E

4822 116 52973 5322 116 53589 5322 116 53239 5322 116 53239 5322 116 53239

4822 116 53022 5322 116 53239 5322 116 53592 5322 116 53592 5322 116 53592 4822 116 53022

5322 116 53339 5322 116 53339 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53239 5322 116 53213

5322 116 53257 5322 116 53257 5322 116 53555 5322 116 53555 5322 116 53555

4822 116 52843 5322 116 53239 4822 116 52957 4822 116 52843 5322 116 53239

4822 116 53121 5322 116 53589 5322 116 53135 5322 116 53135 4822 116 52957

5322 116 53592 5322 116 53592 5322 116 53589 5322 116 53589 5322 116 53495 5322 116 53208

5322 116 53252 4822 116 53121 5322 116 53589 5322 116 53135 5322 116 53135

POSNR	DESCRIPTIO	N	ORDERI	NG CODE
C 9051 C 9052	2% -20+80%	56PF 22NF		22 32027 22 30103
C 9053	-20+80%	22NF	4822 1	22 30103
C 9054 C 9055	-20+80%	22NF 10PF		22 30103 22 32185
C 9056				
C 9057	-20+80% 63V 10% (	22NF 580NF		22 30103 21 42498
C 9072 C 9073		L.5NF L.5NF	4822 1	22 31169 22 31169
Č 9074	0.25PF	B.2PF	4822 1	22 31194
C 9075	100V 10%	10NF	4822 1	21 41857
C 9076 C 9101	63V 10% 3 -20+80%	LOONF 22NF		21 42492 22 30103
C 9102	2%	330PF	4822 1	22 31353
C 9103	2%	220PF	4822 1	22 30094
C 9104		30PF		22 31353
C 9106 C 9107	2%	220PF 12PF	4822 1	22 30094 22 31196
C 9108 C 9111	-20+80%	22NF 330PF		22 30103 22 31353
C 9112				
C 9114	-20+80%	220PF 22NF	4822 1	22 30094 22 30103
C 9115 C 9116	-20+20%	15UF 33UF	5322 1 5322 1	24 21958 24 21957
Č 9117	-20+20%	15UF		24 21958
C 9118		OOPF	4822 1	22 31316
C 9119 C 9121		00PF	4822 1 4822 1	22 31316 22 31316
C 9122	2% 1	OOPF	4822 1	22 31316
- · - Ţ-	2% ]	OOPF	4822 1	22 31316
C 9124 C 9172	2X 1 10% 1	OOPF		22 31316 22 31169
Č 9173 C 9174	102	.5NF .5NF .2PF	4822 1	22 31169
C 9172 C 9173 C 9174 C 9175	0.25PF 8	10NF		22 31194 21 41857
C 9176	63V 10% 1	OONF		21 42492
C 9201	2%	22PF	5322 1	22 32143
C 9202	2%	22PF	5322 1	22 32143
18.3.2	RESISTOR	S		
POSNR	DESCRIPTION	ı	ORDFOT	NG CODE
		•		
R 0600 R 0601	MRS25 1% MRS25 1%	100K 10K	4822 1 4822 1	16 52973 16 53022
R 0602 R 0603	MRS25 1% MRS25 1%	5K62	5322 1	16 53495
R 0604	MRS25 1%	10K 10K		16 53022 16 53022

POSNR	DESCRIPTION	ORDERING CODE
R 0654	MRS25 1% 422E	5322 116 53592
R 0656	MRS25 1% 422E	5322 116 53592
R 0657	MRS25 1% 16K2	5322 116 53589
R 0658	MRS25 1% 51K1	4822 116 53121
R 0659	MRS25 1% 5K62	5322 116 53495
R 0661	MRS25 1% 1K78	5322 116 53208
R 0662	MRS25 1% 6K81	5322 116 53252
R 0663	MRS25 1% 51K1	4822 116 53121
R 0666	MRS25 1% 51E1	5322 116 53213
R 0669	MRS25 1% 1K62	5322 116 53257
R 0671 R 0681 R 0682 R 1001 R 1002	MRS25 1% 1K62 MRS25 1% 5E11 MRS25 1% 5E11 MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 42E2	5322 116 53257 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53515
R 1003	MRS25 1% 61E9	5322 116 53645
R 1004	1/4W .25% 10K1	5322 116 53404
R 1006	MRS25 1% 121E	4822 116 52955
R 1007	0.4W 0.25% 900K	5322 116 53414
R 1008	MRS25 1% 10K	4822 116 53022
R 1009 R 1011 R 1012 R 1013 R 1014	MRS25 1% 21K5 1/4W .25% 111K 0.4W 0.25% 750K 1/4W .25% 1M MRS25 1% 10K	5322 116 53241 5322 116 53409 5322 116 53588 5322 116 53588 5322 116 53398 4822 116 53022
R 1016	MRS25 1% 21K5	5322 116 53241
R 1017	1/4W .25% 250K	5322 116 53587
R 1018	MRS25 1% 10E	4822 116 52891
R 1019	0.4W 0.25% 990K	5322 116 53415
R 1022	MRS25 1% 56E2	5322 116 53644
R 1023	VR25 10% 22M	5322 116 51785
R 1024	MRS25 1% 10E	4822 116 52891
R 1026	MRS25 1% 61E9	5322 116 53645
R 1027	VR25 10% 22M	5322 116 51785
R 1028	MRS25 1% 10E	4822 116 52891
R 1029	1/4W .25% 1M	5322 116 53398
R 1031	VR25 10% 22M	5322 116 51785
R 1032	MRS25 1% 10E	4822 116 52891
R 1033	VR25 10% 22M	5322 116 51785
R 1034	MRS25 1% 1M	4822 116 52843
R 1035	MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 53126
R 1036	0.3W 25% 22K	5322 105 20035
R 1037	MRS25 1% 100K	4822 116 52973
R 1038	VR25 10% 22M	5322 116 51785
R 1039	MRS25 1% 1K96	5322 116 53237
R 1040 R 1041 R 1043 R 1044 R 1045	MRS25 1% 287E MRS25 1% 1K96 MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 825E MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 53221 5322 116 53237 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53541 5322 116 53126
R 1046 R 1047 R 1048 R 1049 R 1050	MRS25 1% 511E MRS25 1% 2K15 MRS25 1% 5K11 MRS25 1% 1K47 MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 53135 5322 116 53239 5322 116 53494 5322 116 53185 5322 116 53185 5322 116 53126
R 1051	MRS25 1% 681E	4822 116 53123
R 1052	MRS25 1% 1K78	5322 116 53208
R 1053	1/4W .25% 250E	5322 116 53406
R 1054	MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 53126
R 1055	MRS25 1% 1K78	5322 116 53208
R 1056 R 1057 R 1058 R 1061 R 1062	1/4W .25% 375E 1/4W .25% 150E 1/4W .25% 150E MRS25 1% 110E MRS25 1% 10E	5322 116 53407 5322 116 53399 5322 116 53399 4822 116 53399 4822 116 52906 4822 116 52891
R 1063	MRS25 1% 26K1	5322 116 53261
R 1064	0.3W 25% 10K	4822 105 10455
R 1066	MRS25 1% 16K2	5322 116 53589
R 1067	MRS25 1% 12K1	4822 116 52957
R 1068	MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 53126
R 1069	0.3W 25% 100E	5322 105 20029
R 1071	MRS25 1% 26K1	5322 116 53261
R 1072	0.3W 25% 10K	4822 105 10455
R 1073	MRS25 1% 2K61	5322 116 53327
R 1074	MRS25 1% 1K62	5322 116 53327
R 1076	0.3W 25% 100E	5322 105 20029
R 1077	MRS25 1% 10E	4822 116 52891
R 1078	MRS25 1% 12K1	4822 116 52957
R 1079	MRS25 1% 1K62	5322 116 53257
R 1081	MRS25 1% 511E	5322 116 53135
R 1082	MRS25 1% 100K	4822 116 52973
R 1083	MRS25 1% 11K	4822 116 52907
R 1084	MRS25 1% 82K5	5322 116 53581
R 1086	MRS25 1% 12K1	4822 116 52957
R 1087	MRS25 1% 1M	4822 116 52843
R 1088	MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 53126
R 1089	MRS25 1% 422E	5322 116 53592
R 1091	0.3W 25% 100E	5322 105 20029
R 1092	MRS25 1% 10E	4822 116 52891
R 1093	MRS25 1% 422E	5322 116 53592

POSNR	DESCRIPTION	ORDERING CODE	POSNR DESCRIPTION	ORDERING CODE
R 1097 R 1098 R 1099	MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 1K21 MRS25 1% 1K21	5322 116 53126 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53126 4822 116 52956 4822 116 52956	POSNR DESCRIPTION R 1204 VR25 10% 22M R 1206 MRS25 1% 1K96 R 1207 MRS25 1% 100E R 1208 MRS25 1% 825E R 1209 MRS25 1% 1M	
R 1101 R 1102 R 1103 R 1104 R 1106	MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 42E2 MRS25 1% 61E9 1/4W .25% 10K1 MRS25 1% 121E	4822 116 53108 5322 116 53515 5322 116 53645 5322 116 53404 4822 116 52955	R 1211 MRS25 1% 100E R 1213 MRS25 1% 1M R 1217 0.3W 25% 22K R 1218 MRS25 1% 100K R 1219 MRS25 1% 1K47	5322 116 53126 4822 116 52843 5322 105 20035 4822 116 52973 5322 116 53185
R 1107 R 1108 R 1109 R 1111 R 1112	0.4W 0.25% 900K MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 21K5 1/4W .25% 111K 0.4W 0.25% 750K	5322 116 53414 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53241 5322 116 53241 5322 116 53409 5322 116 53588	R 1221 MRS25 1% 681E R 1222 MRS25 1% 2K87 R 1223 MRS25 1% 1K33 R 1224 MRS25 1% 1K R 1226 MRS25 1% 5K11	4822 116 53123 5322 116 53513 5322 116 53512 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53494
R 1113 R 1114 R 1116 R 1117 R 1118	1/4W .25% 1M MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 21K5 1/4W .25% 250K MRS25 1% 10E	5322 116 53398 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53241 5322 116 53587 4822 116 52891	R 1227 MRS25 1% 1K33 R 1228 MRS25 1% 100E R 1229 MRS25 1% 750E R 1231 MRS25 1% 750E R 1232 MRS25 1% 82E5	5322 116 53512 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53265 5322 116 53265 5322 116 53265 5322 116 53538
R 1119 R 1122 R 1123 R 1124 R 1126	0.4W 0.25% 990K MRS25 1% 56E2 VR25 10% 22M MRS25 1% 10E MRS25 1% 61E9	5322 116 53415 5322 116 53644 5322 116 51785 4822 116 52891 5322 116 53645	R 1233 MRS25 1% 348E R 1234 MRS25 1% 100E R 1236 MRS25 1% 162E R 1237 MRS25 1% 2661 R 1238 MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 53591 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53523 5322 116 53523 5322 116 53327 5322 116 53126
R 1127 R 1128 R 1129 R 1131 R 1132	VR25 10% 22M MRS25 1% 10E 1/4W .25% 1M VR25 10% 22M MRS25 1% 10E	5322 116 51785 4822 116 52891 5322 116 53398 5322 116 51785 4822 116 52891	R 1239 MRS25 1% 7K5 R 1401 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 1402 MRS25 1% 31E6 R 1403 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 1404 MRS25 1% 5E11	4822 116 53028 4822 116 52999 5322 116 54964 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999
R 1133 R 1134 R 1135 R 1136 R 1137	VR25 10% 22M MRS25 1% 1M MRS25 1% 100E 0.3W 25% 22K MRS25 1% 100K	5322 116 51785 4822 116 52843 5322 116 53126 5322 105 20035 4822 116 52973	R 1421 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 1422 MRS25 1% 31E6 R 1423 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 1424 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 1441 MRS25 1% 100E	4822 116 52999 5322 116 54964 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 5322 116 53126
R 1138 R 1139 R 1140 R 1141 R 1143	VR25 10% 22M MRS25 1% 1K96 MRS25 1% 287E MRS25 1% 1K96 MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 51785 5322 116 53237 5322 116 53221 5322 116 53237 5322 116 53237 5322 116 53126	R 1442 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 1443 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 2001 MRS25 1% 10E R 2002 MRS25 1% 10E R 2003 MRS25 1% 51E1	4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52891 4822 116 52891 5322 116 53213
R 1144 R 1145 R 1146 R 1147 R 1148	MRS25 1% 825E MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 511E MRS25 1% 2K15 MRS25 1% 2K11	5322 116 53541 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53135 5322 116 53239 5322 116 53296	R 2004 MRS25 1% 51E1 R 2101 MRS25 1% 10E R 2102 MRS25 1% 10E R 2201 MRS25 1% 75K R 2202 MRS25 1% 12K1	5322 116 53213 4822 116 52891 4822 116 52891 5322 116 53266 4822 116 52957
R 1149 R 1150 R 1151 R 1152 R 1153	MRS25 1% 1K47 MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 681E MRS25 1% 1K78 1/4W .25% 250E	5322 116 53185 5322 116 53126 4822 116 53123 5322 116 53208 5322 116 53406	R 2203 MRS25 1% 215K R 2204 MRS25 1% 10K R 2205 MRS25 1% 2K15 R 2206 MRS25 1% 75K R 2206 MRS25 1% 12K1	5322 116 53425 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53239 5322 116 53266 4822 116 52957
R 1154 R 1155 R 1156 R 1157 R 1158	MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 1K78 1/44 .25% 375E 1/44 .25% 150E 1/44 .25% 150E	5322 116 53126 5322 116 53208 5322 116 53407 5322 116 53399 5322 116 53399	R 2208 MRS25 1% 215K R 2209 MRS25 1% 10K R 2210 MRS25 1% 2K15 R 2211 MRS25 1% 5K62 R 2212 0.3W 25% 10K	5322 116 53425 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53239 5322 116 53495 4822 105 10455
R 1161 R 1162 R 1163 R 1164 R 1166	MRS25 1% 110E MRS25 1% 10E MRS25 1% 26K1 0.3W 25% 10K MRS25 1% 16K2	4822 116 52906 4822 116 52891 5322 116 53261 4822 105 10455 5322 116 53589	R 2213 MRS25 1x 23K7 R 2214 MRS25 1x 10K R 2215 MRS25 1x 2K15 R 2216 MRS25 1x 5K62 R 2222 MRS25 1x 1K96	5322 116 53537 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53239 5322 116 53239 5322 116 53495 5322 116 53237
R 1167 R 1168 R 1169 R 1171 R 1172	MRS25 1% 100E 0.3W 25% 100E MRS25 1% 26K1 0.3W 25% 10K	5322 116 53126 5322 105 20029 5322 116 53261 4822 105 10455	R 2223 MRS23 14 2387 R 2230 MRS25 1% 147E R 2231 MRS25 1% 422E R 2232 MRS25 1% 383E R 2234 MRS25 1% 42E2	5322 116 53537 5322 116 53569 5322 116 53592 5322 116 53332 5322 116 53332 5322 116 53515
R 1173 R 1174 R 1176 R 1177 R 1178	MRS25 1% 2K61 MRS25 1% 1K62 0.3W 25% 100E MRS25 1% 10E MRS25 1% 12K1	5322 116 53327 5322 116 53257 5322 105 20029 4822 116 52891 4822 116 52957	R 2236 MRS25 1% 681E R 2237 MRS25 1% 383E R 2239 MRS25 1% 348E R 2241 MRS25 1% 1K R 2242 MRS25 1% 383E	4822 116 53123 5322 116 53332 5322 116 53591 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53332
R 1179 R 1181 R 1182 R 1183 R 1184	MRS25 1% 1K62 MRS25 1% 511E MRS25 1% 100K MRS25 1% 11K MRS25 1% 82K5	5322 116 53257 5322 116 53135 4822 116 52973 4822 116 52907 5322 116 53581	R 2243 MRS25 1% 681E R 2244 MRS25 1% 42E2 R 2246 MRS25 1% 42E2 R 2247 MRS25 1% 422E R 2251 MRS25 1% 75E	4822 116 53123 5322 116 53515 5322 116 53592 5322 116 53332 5322 116 53339
R 1186 R 1187 R 1188 R 1189 R 1191	MRS25 1% 12K1 MRS25 1% 1M MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 422E 0.3W 25% 100E	4822 116 52957 4822 116 52843 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53592 5322 105 20029	R 2252 MRS25 1% 750E R 2253 MRS25 1% 750E R 2254 MRS25 1% 750E R 2255 MRS25 1% 287E R 2301 MRS25 1% 19K6	5322 116 53265 5322 116 53265 5322 116 53339 5322 116 53221 5322 116 53228
R 1192 R 1193 R 1194 R 1196 R 1197	MRS25 1% 10E MRS25 1% 422E MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 100E	4822 116 52891 5322 116 53592 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53126	R 2302 MRS25 1% 19K6 R 2303 MRS25 1% 5K62 R 2304 MRS25 1% 5K62 R 2311 MRS25 1% 2K87 P 2311 MRS25 1% 2K87	5322 116 53258 5322 116 53495 5322 116 53495 5322 116 53495 5322 116 53513 5322 116 53126
R 1198 R 1199 R 1201 R 1202 R 1203	MRS25 1% 1K21 MRS25 1% 1K21 MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 68E1 0.44 0.1% 1M	4822 116 52956 4822 116 52956 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53264 5322 116 51605	R 2316 MRS25 1% 100E R 2317 MRS25 1% 1K R 2318 MRS25 1% 1K R 2319 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 2324 MRS25 1% 5K62	5322 116 53126 4822 116 53108 4822 116 53108 4822 116 53108 4822 116 52999 5322 116 53495

POSNR	DESCRIPTION	ORDERING CODE	POSNR	DESCRIPTION	ORDERING CODE
R 2325	MRS25 1% 5K62	5322 116 53495	R 2628	MRS25 1% 2K37	5322 116 53536
R 2326	MRS25 1% 2K87	5322 116 53513	R 2629	MRS25 1% 10K	4822 116 53022
R 2327	MRS25 1% 3K83	4822 116 53079	R 2631	MRS25 1% 10K	4822 116 53022
R 2328	MRS25 1% 2K87	5322 116 53513	R 2632	MRS25 1% 383E	5322 116 53332
R 2329	MRS25 1% 825E	5322 116 53541	R 2635	MRS25 1% 10K	4822 116 53332
R 2330 R 2333 R 2334 R 2335 R 2336	0.3W 25% 10K MRS25 1% 5K62 MRS25 1% 5K62 MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 21E5	4822 105 10455 5322 116 53495 5322 116 53495 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53426	R 2701 R 2702 R 2704 R 2712 R 2713	MRS25 1% 1E MRS25 1% 26E1 MRS25 1% 5E11 MRS25 1% 5E11 MRS25 1% 5E11	4822 116 52976 5322 116 53723 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999
R 2337 R 2338 R 2339 R 2341 R 2342	MRS25 1% 162E MRS25 1% 2K61 MRS25 1% 237E MRS25 1% 21E5 MRS25 1% 162F	5322 116 53523 5322 116 53327 5322 116 53259 5322 116 53426 5322 116 53523	R 2714 R 2721 R 2722 R 2723 R 2724	MRS25 1% 5E11 MRS25 1% 5E11 MRS25 1% 1E MRS25 1% 5E11 MRS25 1% 5E11	4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52976 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999
R 2344	MRS25 1% 511E	5322 116 53135	R 2740	MRS25 1% 5E11	4822 116 52999
R 2345	MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 53126	R 2741	MRS25 1% 31E6	5322 116 54964
R 2346	MRS25 1% 681E	4822 116 53123	R 2742	MRS25 1% 5E11	4822 116 52999
R 2348	MRS25 1% 8K25	5322 116 53267	R 3001	MRS25 1% 147E	5322 116 53569
R 2350	MRS25 1% 8K22	5322 116 53266	R 3002	MRS25 1% 316E	5322 116 53514
R 2351	MRS25 1% 562E	5322 116 53214	R 3003	MRS25 1% 1K47	
R 2352	MRS25 1% 825E	5322 116 53541	R 3004	MRS25 1% 422E	
R 2357	MRS25 1% 681E	4822 116 53123	R 3006	MRS25 1% 2K37	
R 2358	MRS25 1% 511E	5322 116 53135	R 3007	0.3W 25% 2K2	
R 2360	MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 53126	R 3008	MRS25 1% 121E	
R 2365 R 2366 R 2367	MRS25 1% 4K22 MRS25 1% 23K7 MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 16K2 MRS25 1% 68K1	5322 116 53246 5322 116 53537 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53589 5322 116 53589	R 3019 R 3011 R 3012 R 3013 R 3014	MRS25 1% 3863 MRS25 1% 121E MRS25 1% 316E 0.3W 25% 10K MRS25 1% 2887	4822 116 53079 4822 116 52955 5322 116 53514 4822 105 10455 5322 116 53513
R 2371	MRS25 1% 422E	5322 116 53592	R 3015	MRS25 1% 316E	5322 116 53514
R 2372	MRS25 1% 511E	5322 116 53135	R 3016	MRS25 1% 2K37	5322 116 53536
R 2373	MRS25 1% 75K	5322 116 53266	R 3017	0.3W 25% 22K	5322 105 20035
R 2374	MRS25 1% 511E	5322 116 53135	R 3018	MRS25 1% 8K25	5322 116 53267
R 2375	MRS25 1% 23K7	5322 116 53135	R 3020	MRS25 1% 10E	4822 116 52891
R 2376 R 2377 R 2378 R 2379 R 2380	VR25 10% 22M VR25 10% 22M VR25 10% 22M VR25 10% 22M MRS25 1% 750E	5322 116 51785 5322 116 51785 5322 116 51785 5322 116 51785 5322 116 51785 5322 116 53265	R 3021 R 3022 R 3023 R 3024 R 3025	MRS25 1% 464E MRS25 1% 750E MRS25 1% 348E MRS25 1% 350E MRS25 1% 10E	5322 116 53232 5322 116 53265 5322 116 53591 5322 116 53265 4822 116 52891
R 2381	MRS25 1% 2K61	5322 116 53327	R 3026	MRS25 1% 464E	5322 116 53232
R 2382	MRS25 1% 2K61	5322 116 53327	R 3027	MRS25 1% 42E2	5322 116 53515
R 2383	MRS25 1% 1K	4822 116 53108	R 3028	MRS25 1% 42E2	5322 116 53515
R 2384	MRS25 1% 750E	5322 116 53265	R 3029	MRS25 1% 3K16	4822 116 53021
R 2386	MRS25 1% 1K	6822 116 53208	R 3031	MRS25 1% 402E	5322 116 53639
R 2387 R 2388 R 2389 R 2391 R 2393	MRS25 1% 750E MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 42E2 MRS25 1% 42E2 MRS25 1% 42E2	5322 116 53265 4822 116 53108 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53515 6822 116 53515	R 3032 R 3033 R 3034 R 3036 R 3037	MRS25 1% 31E6 MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 162E 0.3W 25% 100E MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 54964 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53523 5322 105 20029 5322 116 53126
R 2394	MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 53126	R 3038	0.3W 25% 470E	5322 105 20028
R 2395	0.3W 25% 220E	5322 105 20031	R 3039	MRS25 1% 42E2	5322 116 53515
R 2396	MRS25 1% 3K48	4822 116 53315	R 3041	MRS25 1% 316E	5322 116 53514
R 2397	MRS25 1% 42E2	5322 116 53515	R 3042	MRS25 1% 110E	4822 116 52906
R 2403	MRS25 1% 42E2	5322 116 53515	R 3043	MRS25 1% 110E	4822 116 52906
R 2404	MRS25 1% 1K33	5322 116 53512	R 3044	MRS25 1% 110E	4822 116 52906
R 2406	MRS25 1% 1K62	5322 116 53257	R 3046	MRS25 1% 110E	4822 116 52906
R 2407	0.3W 25% 220E	5322 105 20031	R 3047	MRS25 1% 42E2	5322 116 53515
R 2408	MRS25 1% 1K33	5322 116 53512	R 3048	MRS25 1% 42E2	5322 116 53515
R 2408	MRS25 1% 1K62	5322 116 53512	R 3049	MRS25 1% 51K1	4822 116 53121
R 2410 R 2411 R 2412 R 2412 R 2416 R 2418	0.3W 25% 1K MRS25 1% 42E2 MRS25 1% 1K33 MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 5K62	5322 105 20032 5322 116 53515 5322 116 53512 4822 116 53512 5322 116 53495	R 3050 R 3051 R 3052 R 3060 R 3061	MRS25 1% 42E2 MRS25 1% 51K1 MRS25 1% 42E2 MRS25 1% 110E MRS25 1% 110E	5322 116 53515 4822 116 53121 5322 116 53515 4822 116 52906 4822 116 52906
R 2419 R 2420 R 2421 R 2422 R 2430	MRS25 1% 1K1 MRS25 1% 133E MRS25 1% 5K62 MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 100K	5322 116 53473 5322 116 53424 5322 116 53495 4822 116 53108 4822 116 52973	R 3062 R 3063 R 3064 R 3066 R 3066	MRS25 1% 110E MRS25 1% 110E MRS25 1% 110E MRS25 1% 110E MRS25 1% 110E	4822 116 52906 4822 116 52906 4822 116 52906 4822 116 52906 4822 116 52906 4822 116 52906
R 2431	MRS25 1% 100K	4822 116 52973	R 3068	MRS25 1% 110E	4822 116 52906
R 2432	MRS25 1% 100K	4822 116 52973	R 3100	MRS25 1% 42E2	5322 116 53515
R 2433	MRS25 1% 100K	4822 116 52973	R 3101	MRS25 1% 5K62	5322 116 53495
R 2434	MRS25 1% 10K	4822 116 53022	R 3102	MRS25 1% 562E	5322 116 53214
R 2435	MRS25 1% 10K	4822 116 53022	R 3103	MRS25 1% 1K21	4822 116 52956
R 2601	MRS25 1% 3K48	4822 116 53315	R 3104	MRS25 1% 6K81	
R 2602	MRS25 1% 5E11	4822 116 52999	R 3106	MRS25 1% 42E2	
R 2603	MRS25 1% 5K11	5322 116 53494	R 3107	MRS25 1% 2K87	
R 2604	MRS25 1% 5K11	5322 116 53494	R 3108	MRS25 1% 825E	
R 2605	MRS25 1% 12K1	4822 116 52957	R 3109	MRS25 1% 6K19	
R 2606	MRS25 1% 1E	4822 116 52976	R 3110	MRS25 1% 42E2	5322 116 53515
R 2610	MRS25 1% 10K	4822 116 53022	R 3111	MRS25 1% 42E2	5322 116 53515
R 2611	MRS25 1% 1K	4822 116 53108	R 3112	MRS25 1% 745	4822 116 53028
R 2621	MRS25 1% 422E	5322 116 53592	R 3113	MRS25 1% 1K21	4822 116 52956
R 2622	MRS25 1% 681E	4822 116 53123	R 3114	MRS25 1% 5K62	5322 116 53495
R 2623	MRS25 1% 1K1	5322 116 53473	R 3115	MRS25 1% 42E2	5322 116 53515
R 2624	MRS25 1% 3K48	4822 116 53315	R 3116	MRS25 1% 562E	5322 116 53214
R 2625	MRS25 1% 681E	4822 116 53123	R 3117	MRS25 1% 4K64	5322 116 53212
R 2626	MRS25 1% 6K81	5322 116 53252	R 3118	0.3H 25% 1K	5322 105 20032
R 2627	MRS25 1% 287E	5322 116 53252	R 3119	MRS25 1% 4K64	5322 116 53212

PUERNE         DESCRIPTION         DESCRIPTION <thdescription< th=""> <thdescription< th=""> <thd< th=""><th>POSNR</th><th>DESCRIPTION</th><th>ORDERING CODE</th><th>POSNR DESCRIPTION</th><th>ORDERING CODE</th></thd<></thdescription<></thdescription<>	POSNR	DESCRIPTION	ORDERING CODE	POSNR DESCRIPTION	ORDERING CODE
R       11325       MS255       114       11457       MS255       114       11457         R       11315       MS255       114       11457       MS257       114       11457         R       11417       MS257       114       11457       114       11457       114       11457       114       11457       114	R 3121 R 3122	MRS25 1% 42E2 MRS25 1% 15K4 MRS25 1% 2K37 MRS25 1% 619E MRS25 1% 26E1	5322 116 53515 5322 116 53234 5322 116 53536 5322 116 53536 5322 116 53337 5322 116 53723	R 4019 MRS25 1% 51E1 R 4021 MRS25 1% 1K47 R 4022 MRS25 1% 511E R 4023 MRS25 1% 562E R 4026 MRS25 1% 909E	5322 116 53213 5322 116 53185 5322 116 53135 5322 116 53214 4822 116 53533
R 3177       MB225       11 1544       53221       16 53254       R 4066       MB225       11 1502       4222116       53221         R 3137       MB225       11 2 1555       53221       53324       R 3135       R 4066       MB225       11 1 1502       4222116       53251         R 3137       MB225       11 2 1065       5322110       53321       R 4060       MB225       11 1 1064       4222116       52071         R 3137       MB225       11 2 1065       5322110       53321       R 4165       MB225       11 4 1062       5322110<	R 3127 R 3128 R 3129	MRS25 1% 14K7 MRS25 1% 1K33 MRS25 1% 825E MRS25 1% 1K1 MRS25 1% 26E1	4822 116 53531 5322 116 53512 5322 116 53541 5322 116 53473 5322 116 53723	R 4027 MRS25 1% 5K62 R 4028 MRS25 1% 1K R 4029 MRS25 1% 2K37 R 4031 MRS25 1% 1M R 4032 MRS25 1% 5K11	5322 116 53495 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53536 4822 116 52843 5322 116 53494
R 3177       MB225       11 1544       53221       16 53254       R 4066       MB225       11 1502       4222116       53221         R 3137       MB225       11 2 1555       53221       53324       R 3135       R 4066       MB225       11 1 1502       4222116       53251         R 3137       MB225       11 2 1065       5322110       53321       R 4060       MB225       11 1 1064       4222116       52071         R 3137       MB225       11 2 1065       5322110       53321       R 4165       MB225       11 4 1062       5322110<	R 3132 R 3133 R 3134	MRS25 1% 1K33 MRS25 1% 825E MRS25 1% 6K19 MRS25 1% 14K7 MRS25 1% 1K	5322 116 53512 5322 116 53541 5322 116 53263 4822 116 53531 4822 116 53108	R 4033 MRS25 1% 2K61 R 4041 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 4042 MRS25 1% 3K16 R 4043 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 4044 MRS25 1% 681K	5322 116 53327 5322 116 53494 4822 116 53021 5322 116 53494 5322 116 53494 5322 116 53593
R 3200       MR325       11 & 6161       5322       116       <	R 3138 R 3139 R 3141	MRS25 1% 15K4 MRS25 1% 2K37 MRS25 1% 619E MRS25 1% 316E MRS25 1% 316E	5322 116 53234 5322 116 53536 5322 116 53337 5322 116 53514 5322 116 53514	R 4046 MRS25 1% 10K R 4047 MRS25 1% 12K1 R 4086 MRS25 1% 909E R 4101 MRS25 1% 100K R 4102 MRS25 1% 4K64	4822 116 53022 4822 116 52957 4822 116 53533 4822 116 52973 5322 116 53212
R 3200       MR325       11 & 6161       5322       116       <	R 3143 R 3144 R 3147 R 3148 R 3148 R 3149	MRS25 1% 10E MRS25 1% 10E 0.5W 10% 3K3 MRS25 1% 9K09 MRS25 1% 511E	4822 116 52891 4822 116 52891 5322 116 30234 5322 116 53253 5322 116 53135	R 4103 MRS25 1% 11K R 4104 MRS25 1% 46K4 R 4106 MRS25 1% 422E R 4106 0.3W 25% 10K R 4108 0.3W 25% 10K	4822 116 52907 5322 116 53314 5322 116 53592 4822 105 10455 4822 105 10455
R       3225       MS225       12 4664       5322 116 53212       R       4121       1/44       -25x       2506       5322 116 53121       R       6121       1/44       -25x       2506       5322 116 53121       R       6121       1/44       -25x       2506       5322 116 53126       R       6121       1/44       -25x       2506       5322 116 53136       R       4121       1/44       -25x       2506       5322 116 53126       R       6121       1/44       -25x       5022 116 53126       5322 116 53126       R       6121       1/44       -25x       5022 116 53126       5322 116 53126       R       6121       1/44       -25x       5022 116 53126       5322 116 53126       R       6127       R       5322 116 53126       1/45       5322 116 53126       1/45       5322 116 53257       R       6127       MR525 11x       1/46       5322 116 53257       R       6127       MR525 11x       1/46       5322 116 53126       R       1/16 53126       R       6127       MR525 11x       1/46       5322 116 53126       R       6127       MR525 11x       5106       5322 116 53126       R       613106       1/411       6128 5112       R       6126       MR525 11x       5106       5322 116 53126 </td <td>R 3202 R 3203</td> <td>MRS25 1% 6K81 MRS25 1% 1K21 MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 16K2 MRS25 1% 562E</td> <td>5322 116 53252 4822 116 52956 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53589 5322 116 53214</td> <td>R 4109 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 4111 MRS25 1% 12K1 R 4117 MRS25 1% 3K16 R 4118 1/4H .25% 50E R 4119 1/4H .25% 50E</td> <td>5322 116 53494 4822 116 52957 4822 116 53021 5322 116 53405 5322 116 53405</td>	R 3202 R 3203	MRS25 1% 6K81 MRS25 1% 1K21 MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 16K2 MRS25 1% 562E	5322 116 53252 4822 116 52956 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53589 5322 116 53214	R 4109 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 4111 MRS25 1% 12K1 R 4117 MRS25 1% 3K16 R 4118 1/4H .25% 50E R 4119 1/4H .25% 50E	5322 116 53494 4822 116 52957 4822 116 53021 5322 116 53405 5322 116 53405
R       3215       MR325       1/2       K       4622       116       53155       R       4130       MR325       1/2       K       5322       116       53155       R       4131       MR325       1/2       5122       116       53155       R       4131       MR325       1/2       1/6       5316       6422       116       53105       R       4133       MR325       1/2       1/6       53105       R       4131       MR325       1/2       1/6       53105       R       4131       MR325       1/2       1/6       53057       1/6       53057       R       4133       MR325       1/2       1/6       53057       1/2       1/6       53057       1/2       1/2       1/2       1/2	R 3206	MRS25 1% 4K64 MRS25 1% 4K64 MRS25 1% 82K5 MRS25 1% 7K5 MRS25 1% 1K	5322 116 53212 5322 116 53212 5322 116 53581 4822 116 53028 4822 116 53108	R 4120 MRS25 1% 1K R 4121 1/4W .25% 150E R 4122 1/4W .25% 250E R 4123 1/4W .25% 500E R 4124 1/4W .25% 1K5	4822 116 53108 5322 116 53399 5322 116 53406 5322 116 53408 5322 116 53401
R       3215       MR325       1/2       K       4622       116       53155       R       4130       MR325       1/2       K       5322       116       53155       R       4131       MR325       1/2       5122       116       53155       R       4131       MR325       1/2       1/6       5316       6422       116       53105       R       4133       MR325       1/2       1/6       53105       R       4131       MR325       1/2       1/6       53105       R       4131       MR325       1/2       1/6       53057       1/6       53057       R       4133       MR325       1/2       1/6       53057       1/2       1/6       53057       1/2       1/2       1/2       1/2	R 3211 R 3212 R 3213	MRS25 1% 42E2 MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 1K47 MRS25 1% 23K7 MRS25 1% 31K6	5322 116 53515 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53185 5322 116 53537 5322 116 53262	R 4125 MRS25 1% 100E R 4126 MRS25 1% 9K09 R 4127 MRS25 1% 1K62 R 4128 MRS25 1% 17K8 R 4128 MRS25 1% 17K8 R 4129 MRS25 1% 1M	5322 116 53126 5322 116 53253 5322 116 53257 5322 116 53257 5322 116 53235 4822 116 52843
R 3221       MR325       1x       100E       5322       116       53126       R 4135       MR325       1x       1K       4822       116       53126         R 3222       MR3255       1x       3883       4422       116       53256       R 4135       MR3255       1x       1K       4822       116       53526         R 3222       MR3255       1x       100K       4822       116       53126       R 4135       MR3255       1x       1K       4822       116       53526         R 3225       MR325       1x       2K37       5322       116       53166       R 4140       MR325       1x       10K       4822       116       53551         R 3251       MR325       1x       7K       5322       116       53555       R 4143       1/4H       0.1x       20E       116       53551         R 3254       MR3255       1x       17K       5322       116       53555       R 4143       1/4H       0.1x       20E       5322       116       53261         R 3255       MR325       1x       17K       5322       116       53351       R       6146       MR325       1x       10K <td< td=""><td>R 3217 R 3218 R 3219</td><td>MRS25 1% 4K64 MRS25 1% 178K MRS25 1% 511E MRS25 1% 61K9 MRS25 1% 1M</td><td>5322 116 53212 5322 116 53555 5322 116 53135 5322 116 53233 4822 116 52843</td><td>R 4130 MRS25 1% 1K R 4131 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 4132 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 4133 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 4133 MRS25 1% 3K48</td><td>4822 116 53108 5322 116 53494 5322 116 53494 4822 116 53315 4822 116 53022</td></td<>	R 3217 R 3218 R 3219	MRS25 1% 4K64 MRS25 1% 178K MRS25 1% 511E MRS25 1% 61K9 MRS25 1% 1M	5322 116 53212 5322 116 53555 5322 116 53135 5322 116 53233 4822 116 52843	R 4130 MRS25 1% 1K R 4131 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 4132 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 4133 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 4133 MRS25 1% 3K48	4822 116 53108 5322 116 53494 5322 116 53494 4822 116 53315 4822 116 53022
R 3250       MRS25       1:x       2837       5322       116       53536       R 4160       MRS25       1:x       10K       4822       116       53024         R 3251       MRS25       1:x       75K       5322       116       52864       R 4140       MRS25       1:x       16K       4822       116       53331         R 3254       MRS25       1:x       17K       4822       116       53322       116       53326         R 3254       MRS25       1:x       17K       4822       116       53355       R 4144       1/44H       0.1:x       202E       5322       116       53361         R 3254       MRS25       1:x       17K       4822       110       72201       R 4145       MR225       1:x       10       4222       116       53318         R 3257       VR25       5:x       3M3       4822       110       72201       R 4145       MR225       1:x       10K       4822       116       53023       116       53232       116       53323       116       5322       116       5322       116       5322       116       5322       116       5322       116       5322       116	R 3222 R 3223 R 3224	MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 100K MRS25 1% 38K3 MRS25 1% 2K37 MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 53126 4822 116 52973 4822 116 53526 5322 116 53536 5322 116 53126	R 4135 MRS25 1% 1K R 4136 MRS25 1% 10K R 4137 MRS25 1% 14K7 R 4138 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 4138 MRS25 1% 10K	4822 116 53108 4822 116 53022 4822 116 53531 4822 116 52999 4822 116 53022
R 3257       MRS25       1%       825K       5322 116       53341       R 4145       MRS25       1%       1K       4822 116       53108         R 3258       VR25       5%       3M3       4822 110       72201       R 4145       MRS25       1%       10K       4822 116       53022         R 3263       VR25       5%       3M3       4822 110       72201       R 4146       MRS25       1%       10K       4822 116       53022       116       5322 116 </td <td>R 3251 R 3253 R 3254</td> <td>MRS25 1% 2K37 MRS25 1% 1M MRS25 1% 75K MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 178K</td> <td>5322 116 53536 4822 116 52843 5322 116 53266 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53555</td> <td>R 4140 MRS25 1% 10K R 4141 MRS25 1% 14K7 R 4142 MRS25 1% 100E R 4143 1/4W 0.1% 20K R 4144 1/4W 0.1% 202E</td> <td>4822 116 53022 4822 116 53531 5322 116 53126 5322 116 52697 5322 116 53413</td>	R 3251 R 3253 R 3254	MRS25 1% 2K37 MRS25 1% 1M MRS25 1% 75K MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 178K	5322 116 53536 4822 116 52843 5322 116 53266 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53555	R 4140 MRS25 1% 10K R 4141 MRS25 1% 14K7 R 4142 MRS25 1% 100E R 4143 1/4W 0.1% 20K R 4144 1/4W 0.1% 202E	4822 116 53022 4822 116 53531 5322 116 53126 5322 116 52697 5322 116 53413
R       3267       25x       47K       5322       105       20037       R       4150       MRS25       1x       960       5322       116       53323       R       4150       MRS25       1x       25X       5322       116       53323       R       4151       MRS25       1x       25X       116       53323       R       4151       MRS25       1x       25X       116       53327       R       4151       MRS25       1x       2116       53327       R       4153       MRS25       1x       116       5322       116       53221       116       53327       R       4153       MRS25       1x       116       53221       116       53221       116       53221       116       53221       116       53221       116       53221       116       53221       116       53221       116       53239       R       4155       MRS25       1x       116       53239       R       3303       MRS25       1x       116       53239       R       5322       116       53239       R       5322       116       53239       R       5322       116       53239       R       5322       116       53239       R	R 3257 R 3258 R 3259 R 3261 R 3263	MRS25 1% 825K VR25 5% 3M3 VR25 5% 3M3 VR25 5% 3M3 VR25 5% 3M3	5322 116 53341 4822 110 72201 4822 110 72201 4822 110 72201 4822 110 72201	R 4145 MRS25 1% 1K R 4146 MRS25 1% 10K R 4146 MRS25 1% 511E R 4148 MRS25 1% 511E R 4148 MRS25 1% 21K5 D 4140 MRS25 1% 31E4	
R       3273       MRS25       1/2       215K       5322       116       53425       R       4155       MRS25       1/2       2116       53239         R       3300       MRS25       1/2       10       6822       116       52891       R       4156       MRS25       1/2       116       52843         R       3302       MRS25       1/2       1       6822       116       52976       R       4156       MRS25       1/2       116       52843         R       3303       MRS25       1/2       5E11       4822       116       52999       R       4158       MRS25       1/2       116       52843         R       3306       MRS25       1/2       2K87       5322       116       53999       R       4158       MRS25       1/2       2K15       5322       116       53239         R       3306       MRS25       1/2       2K87       5322       116       53299       R       4161       MRS25       1/2       10K       4822       116       5326         R       3308       MRS25       1/2       10E       4822       116       52999       R       4162	R 3267 R 3268 R 3269 R 3270	25% 47K MRS25 1% 681K MRS25 1% 15K4 MRS25 1% 23K7 MRS25 1% 14K7	5322 105 20037 5322 116 53593 5322 116 53234 5322 116 53537 4822 116 53531	R 4150 MRS25 1% 9E09 R 4151 MRS25 1% 2K61 R 4152 MRS25 1% 162E R 4153 MRS25 1% 1K1 B 4153 MRS25 1% 1K1	
R       3306       MRS25       1/x       2K87       5322       116       53513       R       4160       MRS25       1/x       100E       5322       116       53126         R       3308       MRS25       1/x       10E       4822       116       52891       R       4161       MRS25       1/x       100E       5322       116       53022         R       3309       MRS25       1/x       5E11       4822       116       52999       R       4162       MRS25       1/x       100E       5322       116       53022         R       3311       MRS25       1/x       5E11       4822       116       52999       R       4163       MRS25       1/x       5122       116       53126         R       3313       MRS25       1/x       5E11       4822       116       528919       R       4164       MRS25       1/x       100E       5322       116       53126         R       4001       MRS25       1/x       10E       4822       116       53213       R       4253       MRS25       1/x       100E       5322       116       531212         R       4002	R 3302 R 3303	MRS25 1% 215K MRS25 1% 10E MRS25 1% 1E MRS25 1% 5E11 MRS25 1% 5E11	5322 116 53425 4822 116 52891 4822 116 52976 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999	R 4155 MRS25 1% 2K15 R 4156 MRS25 1% 1M R 4157 MRS25 1% 1E R 4158 MRS25 1% 1M R 4158 MRS25 1% 1M	
R       3313       MRS25       1%       10E       4822       116       52891       R       4253       MRS25       1%       1K       4822       116       53108         R       4001       MRS25       1%       51E1       5322       116       53213       R       4258       MRS25       1%       4664       5322       116       53212         R       4002       MRS25       1%       216       53213       R       4258       MRS25       1%       4664       5322       116       53212         R       4003       MRS25       1%       216       5322       116       5322       116       5322       105       5322       105       52032       R       6260       0.3W       25%       1K       5322       105       20032         R       4004       0.3W       25%       1K       5322       105       20032       R       6261       MRS25       1%       106       53022         R       4006       MRS25       1%       10K       4822       116       53022       R       6261       MRS25       1%       10K       4822       116       53022         R<	R 3309 R 3311	MRS25 1% 2K87 MRS25 1% 100 MRS25 1% 5E11 MRS25 1% 5E11 MRS25 1% 5E11	5322 116 53513 4822 116 52891 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999	R 4160 MRS25 1% 100E R 4161 MRS25 1% 10K R 4162 MRS25 1% 100E R 4163 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 4164 MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 53126 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53126 4822 116 53126 4822 116 53126
R         4006         MRS25         1x         10K         4822         116         53022         R         4262         MRS25         1x         10K         4822         116         53022           R         4007         MRS25         1x         100E         5322         116         53126         R         4263         MRS25         1x         5322         116         53494           R         4008         MRS25         1x         100E         5322         116         53126         R         4265         MRS25         1x         100E         5322         116         53126         R         4265         MRS25         1x         100E         5322         116         53126         R         4265         MRS25         1x         100E         5322         116         53126         R         4301         MRS25         1x         100E         5322         116         53121         100E         5322         116         53121         100E         5322         116         53121         100E         5322         116         53121         116         100E         100E         110E         110E         110E         110E         110E         110E	R 4003	MRS25 1% 10E MRS25 1% 51E1 MRS25 1% 51E1 MRS25 1% 2K61 0.3W 25% 1K	4822 116 52891 5322 116 53213 5322 116 53213 5322 116 53327 5322 105 20032	R 4253 MRS25 1% 1K R 4258 MRS25 1% 4K64 R 4259 MRS25 1% 4K64 R 4260 0.3W 25% 1K R 4261 MRS25 1% 10K	4822 116 53108 5322 116 53212 5322 116 53212 5322 116 53212 5322 105 20032 4822 116 53022
R 4012       MRS25       1%       100E       5322       116       53126       R 4303       MRS25       1%       6K81       5322       116       53252         R 4013       MRS25       1%       100E       5322       116       53126       R 4303       MRS25       1%       6K81       5322       116       53252         R 4014       MRS25       1%       909E       4822       116       53533       R 4305       MRS25       1%       5K11       5322       116       53121         R 4016       MRS25       1%       909E       4822       116       53123       R 4305       MRS25       1%       51K1       4822       116       53121         R 4016       MRS25       1%       909E       4822       116       53123       R 4306       MRS25       1%       681E       4822       116       53123         R 4017       MRS25       1%       100E       5322       116       53126       R 4307       MRS25       1%       5812       116       5322       116       53494         R 4017       MRS25       1%       100E       5322       116       53126       R 4307       MRS25       1% <td>R 4007 R 4008 R 4009 R 4011</td> <td>MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 2K15</td> <td>4822 116 53022 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53126 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53239</td> <td>R 4262 MRS25 1% 10K R 4263 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 4265 MRS25 1% 100E R 4301 MRS25 1% 51K1</td> <td>4822 116 53022 5322 116 53494 5322 116 53126 4822 116 53121 4822 116 53121</td>	R 4007 R 4008 R 4009 R 4011	MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 2K15	4822 116 53022 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53126 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53239	R 4262 MRS25 1% 10K R 4263 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 4265 MRS25 1% 100E R 4301 MRS25 1% 51K1	4822 116 53022 5322 116 53494 5322 116 53126 4822 116 53121 4822 116 53121
	R 4013 R 4014 R 4016	MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 909E MRS25 1% 909E MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 53126 5322 116 53126 4822 116 53533 4822 116 53533 5322 116 53126	R 4303 MRS25 1% 6K81 R 4304 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 4305 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 4306 MRS25 1% 681E R 4307 MRS25 1% 5K11	

18-13	

POSNR	DESCRIPTION	ORDERING CODE	POSNR DESCRIPTION	ORDERING CODE
R 4308 R 4309 R 4310 R 4311 R 4312	MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 8K25 MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 9K09	4822 116 53022 5322 116 53267 5322 116 53126 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53253	R 4809 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 4819 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 4820 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 4822 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 4825 MRS25 1% 5E11	4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999
	MRS25 1% 7K5 MRS25 1% 8K25 MRS25 1% 5K11 MRS25 1% 21K5 MRS25 1% 4K22	4822 116 53028 5322 116 53267 5322 216 53494 5322 116 53241 5322 116 53241	R 4829 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 4831 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 4833 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 4835 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 4836 MRS25 1% 5E11	4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999
R 4501	MRS25 1% 2K15 MRS25 1% 2K37 MRS25 1% 2K37 MRS25 1% 13K3 MRS25 1% 4K22	5322 116 53239 5322 116 53536 5322 116 53536 5322 116 535489 5322 116 53246	R 4841 MRS25 1% 10K R 4891 MRS25 1% 5Ell R 4893 MRS25 1% 5Ell R 4894 MRS25 1% 5Ell R 4901 MRS25 1% 562E	4822 116 53022 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 5322 116 53214
R 4504 R 4505 R 4506	MRS25 1% 6K81 MRS25 1% 13K3 MRS25 1% 511E MRS25 1% 2K15 MRS25 1% 750E	5322 116 53252 5322 116 53489 5322 116 53135 5322 116 53239 5322 116 53265	R 4904 MRS25 1% 1E R 5001 PP17 20% 10K R 5002 PP17 20% 10K R 5003 PP17 20% 10K R 5004 PP17 20% 10K	4822 116 52976 5322 101 30546 5322 101 30547 5322 101 30547 5322 101 30546 5322 101 30546
R 4513 R 4521 R 4522	MRS25 1% 11K MRS25 1% 2K15 MRS25 1% 1K47 MRS25 1% 16K2 MRS25 1% 23K7	4822 116 52907 5322 116 53239 5322 116 53185 5322 116 53589 5322 116 53537		
R 4528	MRS25 1% 16K2 MRS25 1% 14K7 MRS25 1% 2K37 MRS25 1% 2K37 MRS25 1% 19K6 MRS25 1% 5K62	5322 116 53589 4822 116 53531 5322 116 53536 5322 116 53536 5322 116 53258 5322 116 53495	R 6006 MRS25 1% 10K R 6007 MRS25 1% 10K R 6008 MRS25 1% 316E R 6009 0.5W 10% 1K5 R 6010 MRS25 1% 14K7	4822 116 53022 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53514 4822 116 30248 4822 116 53531
	MRS25 1% 21K5 MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 3K48 MRS25 1% 2K37	5322 116 53241 4822 116 53022 4822 116 53022 4822 116 53315 5322 116 53536	R 6011 MRS25 1% 237E R 6012 MRS25 1% 178E R 6013 MRS25 1% 100E R 6014 MRS25 1% 3E16 R 6016 MRS25 1% 10K	5322 116 53259 5322 116 53572 5322 116 53126 4822 116 52993 4822 116 53022
R 4603 R 4604 R 4606	MRS25 1% 26K1 MRS25 1% 23K7 MRS25 1% 100K MRS25 1% 100K MRS25 1% 909E MRS25 1% 100E	5322 116 53261 5322 116 53537 4822 116 52973 4822 116 53533 5322 116 53126	R 6017 MRS25 1% 1E R 6018 MRS25 1% 1E R 6019 MRS25 1% 10K R 6020 MRS25 1% 21E5 R 6021 MRS25 1% 21E5 R 6021 MRS25 1% 10K	4822 116 52976 4822 116 52976 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53426 4822 116 53022
R 4612	MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 42E2 MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 7K5 MRS25 1% 10K	4822 116 53108 5322 116 53515 4822 116 53022 4822 116 53028 4822 116 53022	R 6022 MRS25 1% 10K R 6031 MRS25 1% 383E R 6032 1/4W .25% 5K62 R 6033 1/4W .25% 7K5 R 6034 MRS25 1% 6K19	4822 116 53022 5322 116 53332 5322 116 80473 5322 116 80474 5322 116 53263
R 4614 R 4616 R 4617 R 4618 R 4619	MRS25 1% 51K1 0.3W 25% 1K MRS25 1% 6K81 MRS25 1% 11K MRS25 1% 8K25	4822 116 53121 5322 105 20032 5322 116 53252 4822 116 53267 5322 116 53267	R 6036 MRS25 1% 7K5 R 6037 MRS25 1% 31K6 R 6038 MRS25 1% 100E R 6039 MRS25 1% 10E R 6041 MRS25 1% 3K83	4822 116 53028 5322 116 53262 5322 116 53126 4822 116 52891 4822 116 53079
R 4620 R 4621 R 4622 R 4625 R 4626	MRS25 1% 7K5 MRS25 1% 909E MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 100E	4822 116 53028 4822 116 53533 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53126	R 6042 MRS25 1% 3K83 R 6043 MRS25 1% 100K R 6044 MRS25 1% 100K R 6101 MRS25 1% 100E R 6102 MRS25 1% 100E	4822 116 53079 4822 116 52973 4822 116 52973 5322 116 52973 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53126
R 4631 R 4632	MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 8K25 MRS25 1% 8K25 MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 100E	4822 116 53022 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53267 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53126	R 6103 MR525 1% 1K R 6131 MR525 1% 10E R 6132 MR525 1% 100K R 6133 MR525 1% 100K R 6134 MR525 1% 1K	4822 116 53108 4822 116 52891 4822 116 52973 4822 116 52973 4822 116 53108
R 4633 R 4634 R 4636 R 4639 R 4701	MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 1M MRS25 1% 383E MRS25 1% 42E2	4822 116 53108 4822 116 53108 4822 116 52843 5322 116 53332 5322 116 53515	R 6136 MRS25 1% 4K64 R 6137 MRS25 1% 316E R 6138 MRS25 1% 1K R 6139 MRS25 1% 100E R 6201 1/44W 25% 16.0K	5322 116 53212 5322 116 53514 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53426
R 4703 R 4705 R 4706 R 4707 R 4708	MRS25 1% 562E MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 100E MRS25 1% 511E MRS25 1% 2K87	5322 116 53214 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53126 5322 116 53135 5322 116 53513	R 6202 VR37 1% 31M6 R 6203 MRS25 1% 100K R 6204 MRS25 1% 10K R 6205 MRS25 1% 10K R 6205 MRS25 1% 1K R 6206 MRS25 1% 16K2	5322 116 64103 4822 116 52973 4822 116 53022 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53589
R 4709 R 4711 R 4712 R 4713 R 4713 R 4714	MRS25 1% 681E MRS25 1% 6K19 MRS25 1% 511E MRS25 1% 1M MRS25 1% 1M	4822 116 53123 5322 116 53263 5322 116 53135 4822 116 52843 4822 116 52843	R 6207 MRS25 1% 51E1 R 6208 MRS25 1% 664E R 6209 MRS25 1% 4664 R 6211 MRS25 1% 4664 R 6212 MRS25 1% 4664	5322 116 53213 5322 116 53232 5322 116 53232 5322 116 53212 5322 116 53314 5322 116 53212
R 4716 R 4717 R 4718 R 4719 R 4721	MRS25 1% 6K81 MRS25 1% 8K25 MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 100E 0.3W 25% 1K	5322 116 53252 5322 116 53267 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53126 5322 105 20032	R 6213 MRS25 1% 215E R 6214 VR25 5% 10M R 6216 MRS25 1% 100E R 6217 MRS25 1% 1E R 6300 MRS25 1% 2K61	5322 116 53325 4822 110 72214 5322 116 53126 4822 116 52976 5322 116 53327
R 4722 R 4723 R 4724 R 4725 R 4726	MRS25 1% 46K4 MRS25 1% 681K MRS25 1% 42E2 MRS25 1% 4K22 MRS25 1% 100K	5322 116 53314 5322 116 53593 5322 116 53515 5322 116 53246 4822 116 52973	R 6301 MRS25 1% 664E R 6302 MRS25 1% 909E R 6303 MRS25 1% 3K83 R 6304 MRS25 1% 6K81 R 6311 MRS25 1% 750E	5322 116 53232 4822 116 53533 4822 116 53579 5322 116 53252 5322 116 53265
R 4727 R 4728 R 4801 R 4804 R 4807	MRS25 1% 6K81 MRS25 1% 562E MRS25 1% 5E11 MRS25 1% 5E11 MRS25 1% 5E11	5322 116 53252 5322 116 53214 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999 4822 116 52999	R 6312 MRS25 1% 4K22 R 6313 MRS25 1% 8Z5E R 6401 MRS25 1% 1K78 R 6402 MRS25 1% 178K R 6403 MRS25 1% 215E	5322 116 53246 5322 116 53541 5322 116 53508 5322 116 53555 5322 116 53325

POSNR	DESCRIPTION		POSNR DESCRIPTION	
	MRS25 1% 6K81 MRS25 1% 26K1 MRS25 1% 3K48 MTP10 20% 10K MRS25 1% 10E	5322 116 53252 5322 116 53261 4822 116 53315 5322 100 10113 4822 116 52891	R 9103 MRS25 1% 511K R 9104 MRS25 1% 511K R 9106 MRS25 1% 4K22 R 9107 MRS25 1% 1K R 9108 MRS25 1% 1K	5322 116 53334 5322 116 53334 5322 116 53334 5322 116 53246 4822 116 53108 4822 116 53108
R 6501 R 6502 R 6503 R 6504 R 6506	MRS25 1% 511E MRS25 1% 100K MRS25 1% 5K11 MRS25 1% 5K61 MRS25 1% 5K62	5322 116 53135 4822 116 52973 5322 116 53494 5322 116 53258 5322 116 53495	R 9111 MRS25 1% 750E R 9112 MRS25 1% 1K78 R 9113 MRS25 1% 1K78 R 9114 MRS25 1% 5K11 R 9116 0.3W 25% 10K	5322 116 53265 5322 116 53208 5322 116 53208 5322 116 53208 5322 116 53494 4822 105 10455
R 6507 R 6508 R 6509 R 6511 R 7005	MRS25 1% 511E 1/4W.25% 3K67 1/4W.25% 500E MRS25 1% 562E PP17 20% 10K	5322 116 53135 5322 116 53411 5322 116 53408 5322 116 53214 5322 1053214	R 9117 MRS25 1% 316K R 9118 MRS25 1% 3K83 R 9119 MRS25 1% 3K83 R 9121 MRS25 1% 10E R 9122 MRS25 1% 10K	4822 116 53058 4822 116 53079 4822 116 53079 4822 116 53079 4822 116 52891 4822 116 53022
R 7006 R 7007 R 7008 R 7009 R 7010	PP17 20% 10K PP17 20% 10K PP17 20% 10K PP17 20% 10K PP17 20% 10K	5322 101 30546 5322 101 30546 5322 101 30546 5322 101 30546 5322 101 30546	R 9123 0.3H 25% 1K R 9124 MRS25 1% 10K R 9126 MRS25 1% 31K6 R 9127 MRS25 1% 2K87 R 9128 MRS25 1% 250F	5322 105 20032 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53262 5322 116 53513 5322 116 53513
R 7011 R 7012 R 7021 R 7022 R 7023	PP17 20% 10K PP17 20% 10K MRS25 1% 11K MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 90K9	5322 101 30546 5322 101 30546 4822 116 52907 4822 116 53022 5322 116 53582	R 9129 MRS25 1% 1K R 9131 MRS25 1% 1K78 R 9132 MRS25 1% 3K16 R 9133 MRS25 1% 4K22 R 9133 MRS25 1% 4K22 R 9134 0.3W 25% 220K	4822 116 53108 5322 116 53208 4822 116 53021 5322 116 53246 5322 105 20039
R 7024	MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 51E1 MRS25 1% 4K64 MRS25 1% 3K83 MRS25 1% 3K83	4822 116 53108 5322 116 53213 5322 116 53212 4822 116 53079 4822 116 53079	R 9136 MRS25 1% 1E R 9137 MRS25 1% 1E R 9138 MRS25 1% 1E R 9141 MRS25 1% 56K2 R 9161 MRS25 1% 1K	4822 116 52976 4822 116 52976 4822 116 52976 5322 116 53222 4822 116 53108
R 7029 R 7031 R 7032 R 7033 R 7034	MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 75K MRS25 1% 5K11 MRS25 1% 162E	4822 116 53108 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53266 5322 116 535494 5322 116 53523	R 9162 MRS25 1% 51E1 R 9163 MRS25 1% 215E R 9164 0.3W 25% 2K2 R 9166 MRS25 1% 51E1 R 9166 MRS25 1% 1K	5322 116 53213 5322 116 53325 5322 105 20033 5322 116 53213 4822 116 53108
R 7036 R 7037 R 7038 R 7041 R 7042	MRS25 1% 1K1 MRS25 1% 1K1 MRS25 1% 1M MRS25 1% 3K83 MRS25 1% 3K83	4822 116 530234 4822 116 53473 4822 116 52843 4822 116 53079 4822 116 53079	R 9160 MRS25 1% 5K19 R 9169 MRS25 1% 3K48 R 9171 MRS25 1% 51E1 R 9172 MRS25 1% 51E1 R 9173 MRS25 1% 750E	5322 116 53263 4822 116 53315 5322 116 53213 5322 116 53213 5322 116 53265
R 7102 R 8001 R 9011 R 9012	MRS25 1% 1M MRS25 1% 100E MCR18 1% 10K MRS25 1% 464E MRS25 1% 10K	4822 116 52843 5322 116 53126 4822 111 90249 5322 116 53252 4822 116 53022	R 9174 MRS25 1% 750E R 9176 MRS25 1% 422E R 9177 MRS25 1% 422E R 9178 0.3W 25% 1K R 9179 MRS25 1% 5K11	5322 116 53265 5322 116 53592 5322 116 53592 5322 116 53592 5322 105 20032 5322 116 53494
R 9013 R 9018 R 9021 R 9028 R 9029	MRS25 1% 1E -105-103 10K MRS25 1% 1K1 MRS25 1% 464E MRS25 1% 5K11	4822 116 52976 5322 111 90473 5322 116 53473 5322 116 53232 5322 116 53494	R 9181 MRS25 1% 5E11 R 9182 MRS25 1% 1K R 9183 MRS25 1% 1K R 9184 MRS25 1% 51E1 R 9186 MRS25 1% 2K15	4822 116 52999 4822 116 53108 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53213 5322 116 532239
R 9033 R 9034 R 9039 R 9041 R 9042	MRS25 1% 5K11 MRS25 1% 5K11 MRS25 1% 5K11 MRS25 1% 10E MRS25 1% 2K37	5322 116 53494 5322 116 53494 5322 116 53494 5322 116 53494 4822 116 52891 5322 116 55536	R 9201 MRS25 1% 31E6 R 9202 MRS25 1% 31E6 R 9203 MRS25 1% 422E U 3262 VR25 5% 7M5	5322 116 54964 5322 116 54964 5322 116 53592 5322 116 60131
R 9043 R 9044 R 9045 R 9046 R 9047	MRS25 1% 10E MRS25 1% 1Kg4	4822 116 52891 5322 114 53237		
R 9048 R 9051 R 9052 R 9053 R 9054	MRS25 1% 10K MRS25 1% 2K61 MRS25 1% 5K11 0.3W 25% 2K2 MRS25 1% 10E	4822 116 53022 5322 116 53327 5322 116 53494 5322 105 20033 4822 116 52891	POSNR DESCRIPTION L 1001 0.220H 10% TDK	ORDERING CODE
R 9056 R 9057 R 9061 R 9062 R 9063	MRS25 1% 10E MRS25 1% 7K5 MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 51E1 MRS25 1% 215E	4822 116 52891 4822 116 53028 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53213 5322 116 53325	L 1401 1500UH TDK L 1401 1500UH TDK L 1402 1500UH TDK L 1403 1500UH TDK L 1421 1500UH TDK	5322 157 53284 4822 156 21293 4822 156 21293 4822 156 21293 4822 156 21293 4822 156 21293
R 9064 R 9066 R 9067 R 9068 R 9069	0.3W 25% 2K2 MRS25 1% 51E1 MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 6K19 MRS25 1% 3K48	5322 105 20033 5322 116 53213 4822 116 53108 5322 116 53263 4822 116 53315	L 1422 15000H TDK L 1423 15000H TDK L 3001 2.20H 10% TDK L 3002 2.20H 10% TDK L 3003 2.70H 10% TDK	4822 156 21293 4822 156 21293 5322 157 53509 5322 157 53509 5322 157 53511
R 9071 R 9072 R 9073 R 9074 R 9076	MRS25 1% 51E1 MRS25 1% 51E1 MRS25 1% 750E MRS25 1% 750E MRS25 1% 422E	5322 116 53213 5322 116 53213 5322 116 53265 5322 116 53265 5322 116 53265 5322 116 53592	L 4801 2.00H TDK L 4801 0.01H TDK L 6000 1000H TDK L 6001 1000H TDK L 6002 1000H TDK	4822 157 51757 5322 157 53019 5322 157 52363 5322 157 52363 5322 157 52363
R 9077 R 9078 R 9079 R 9081 R 9082	MRS25 1% 422E 0.3W 25% 1K MRS25 1% 5K11 MRS25 1% 5E11 MRS25 1% 1K	5322 116 53592 5322 105 20032 5322 116 53494 4822 116 52999 4822 116 53108	L 6004 2200H TDK L 6006 2200H TDK L 6101 100H TDK L 6102 820H TDK L 6102 820H	4622 157 52259 5322 157 53524 5322 157 53524 5322 157 52513 4822 158 10563
R 9083 R 9084 R 9086 R 9101 R 9102	MRS25 1% 1K MRS25 1% 51E1 MRS25 1% 2K15 MRS25 1% 4K22 MRS25 1% 511K	4822 116 53108 5322 116 53213 5322 116 53239 5322 116 53239 5322 116 53236 5322 116 53334	18.3.3 COILS         POSNR       DESCRIPTION         L       1001       0.22UH       10%       TDK         L       1101       0.22UH       10%       TDK         L       1401       1500UH       TDK         L       1401       1500UH       TDK         L       1402       1500UH       TDK         L       1402       1500UH       TDK         L       1421       1500UH       TDK         L       1422       1500UH       TDK         L       1422       1500UH       TDK         L       3002       2.2UH       10%       TDK         L       3002       2.2UH       10%       TDK         L       4001       2.0UH       TDK       TDK         L       6001       2.0UH       TDK       TDK         L       6000       100UH       TDK       TDK         L       6000       220UH       TDK       TDK         L       6006       220UH       TDK       TDK         L       6102       82UH       TDK       L         L       6107       82UH       L <td< td=""><td>5322 157 52363 5322 157 52363 4822 158 10563 4822 158 10563 4822 158 10563 4822 158 10563 5322 157 52539</td></td<>	5322 157 52363 5322 157 52363 4822 158 10563 4822 158 10563 4822 158 10563 4822 158 10563 5322 157 52539

POSNR			ORDERING CODE		OSNR	DESCRIPTION		ORDERING CODE
	82UH 82UH 15UH 2.DUH 2.DUH	T DK T DK	4822 158 10563 4822 158 10563 5322 157 52539 4822 157 51757 4822 157 51757		1119 1121 1122 1123 1124	BF199 BF199 BF324 BZX79-C5V6 BF370	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 44154 4822 130 44154 4822 130 4154 4822 130 41448 4822 130 34173 4822 130 42589
L 9003 L 9006 L 9007	2.0UH 2.0UH 2.0UH 2.0UH	TDK TDK TDK	4822 157 51757 4822 157 51757 4822 157 51757 4822 157 51757		1161 1162 1163 1164 1200	BAW62 BAW62 BF324 BF324 BZV86-C1V4	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 41448 4822 130 41448 4822 130 41448 4822 130 81423
18.3.4	SEMI-CON	DUCTORS	8	vvv	1201 1202 1203 1204	DN4401 BA483 BA483 BF199	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	5322 130 61498 4822 130 32656 4822 130 32656 4822 130 44154 4822 130 34382
POSNR V 0601 V 0602 V 0603	DESCRIPTION BC548C BC558B BZV86-C1V4	PEL PEL PEL	ORDERING CODE 4822 130 44196 4822 130 44197 4822 130 81423	***	1206 1207 1208 1209 1211	BF199 BF324 BZX79~C5V6 BF199 BF324	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 44154 4822 130 41448 4822 130 34173 4822 130 44154 4822 130 44154
V 0604 V 0606 V 0607 V 0608 V 0609	BC5588 BC548C BZX79-C6V2 BC548C BAW62	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	ORDERING CODE 4822 130 44196 4822 130 44197 4822 130 81423 4822 130 44197 4822 130 44197 4822 130 34167 4822 130 34167 4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 34196 4822 130 34196 4822 130 34196 4822 130 44196 4822 130 44196 4822 130 44196 4822 130 44196 4822 130 44196 4822 130 44196 4822 130 3613 4822 130 44196 4822 130 44196 4822 130 3613 4822 130 46196 4822 482 482 482	****	1212 1213 2001 2002 2003	BF324 BF324 BZV86-C2V0 BZV86-C2V0 BZV86-C2V0 BZX79-C3V0	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 41448 4822 130 41448 4822 130 81424 4822 130 81424 4822 130 81424 4822 130 31881
V 0611 V 0612 V 0613 V 0614 V 0615	BAW62 BAW62 BAW62 BAW62 BAW62 BAW62	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613	****	2101 2102 2103 2308 2309	BZV86-C2V0 BZV86-C2V0 BZX79-C3V0 BZX79-C5V1 BZX79-C5V1	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 81424 4822 130 81424 4822 130 31881 4822 130 34233 4822 130 34233
V 0616 V 0617 V 0618 V 0619 V 0621	BC548C BC548C BAW62 BAW62 BC548C	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 44196 4822 130 44196 4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 44196	v v v v	2310 2311 2312 2313 2314	BC558B BC558B BC558B BAH62 BAH62 BAH62	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 44197 4822 130 44197 4822 130 44197 4822 130 44197 4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613
V 0622 V 0623 V 0624 V 0626 V 0627	BC548C BAW62 BAW62 BC548C BC548C BC548C	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 44196 4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 44196 4822 130 44196	v v v v	2316 2317 2318 2319 2321	BF324 BC548C BF324 BF324 BF324 BF324	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 41448 4822 130 44196 4822 130 41448 4822 130 41448 4822 130 41448 4822 130 41448
V 0628 V 0629 V 0630 V 0631 V 0632	8C548C BC548C BC548C BC548C BC548C BC548C	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 44196 4822 130 44196 4822 130 44196 4822 130 44196 4822 130 44196	****	2325 2326 2327 2328 2329	BAW62 BAW62 BC558B BZX79-C5V1 BZX79-C9V1	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 44197 4822 130 34233 4822 130 30862
V 0633 V 0634 V 0636 V 1000 V 1001	BC548C BAW62 BAW62 BA483 BF324	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 44196 4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 32656 4822 130 41448		2331 2332 2333 2334 2341	BC558B BC558B BC558B BC558B BC558B BF199	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 44197 4822 130 44197 4822 130 44197 4822 130 44197 4822 130 44197 4822 130 44154
V 1002 V 1003 V 1004 V 1005 V 1006	BF324 ON4401 BA483 BA483 ON4401	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822         130         44196           4822         130         44196           4822         130         30613           4822         130         30613           4822         130         44196           4822         130         44196           4822         130         44196           4822         130         44196           4822         130         44196           4822         130         44196           4822         130         44196           4822         130         44196           4822         130         44196           4822         130         44196           4822         130         30613           4822         130         30613           4822         130         30613           4822         130         30613           4822         130         30613           4822         130         30613           4822         130         32656           4822         130         32656           4822         130         32656           4822         130         32656	v v v v	2342 2347 2349 2356 2357	BF199 BF199 BF199 BC548C BC548C	PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 44154 4822 130 44154 4822 130 44154
V 1007 V 1008 V 1009 V 1010 V 1011	BA483 BA483 BA483 BZX79-C10 ON4401	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         5322       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       44154         4822       130       44154         4822       130       30613         4822       130       30613         4822       130       32656         4822       130       30613         4822       130       30613         4822       130       32656         4822       130       3		2366 2367 2368 2369 2370	BAW62 BAW62 BAW62 BAW62 BC548C	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 44196
V 1012 V 1013 V 1014 V 1016 V 1017	BA483 BA483 BA483 ON4401 BA483	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 32656 4822 130 32656 4822 130 32656 5322 130 61498 4822 130 32656	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	2371 2601 2602 2611 2612	BC558B BZX79-C6V2 BC548C BF199 BF199	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 44197 4822 130 34167 4822 130 44196 4822 130 44154 4822 130 44154
V 1019 V 1021 V 1022 V 1023 V 1024	BF199 BF199 BF324 BZX79-C5V6 BF370	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 44154 4822 130 44154 4822 130 4154 4822 130 41448 4822 130 34173 4822 130 42589		2615 2616 3001 3002 3003	BC548C BZV86-C1V4 BF324 BF324 BC558B	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 44196 4822 130 81423 4822 130 41448 4822 130 41448 4822 130 41448 4822 130 44197
V 1061 V 1062 V 1063 V 1064 V 1100	BAW62 BF324 BF324 BF324 BA483	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 30613 4822 130 30613 4822 130 41448 4822 130 41448 4822 130 32656 4822 130 41448	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	3004 3006 3007 3008 3009	BF324 BF324 BC548C BF370 BF370	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 41448 4822 130 41448 4822 130 44496 4822 130 44196 4822 130 42589 4822 130 42589
V 1101 V 1102 V 1103 V 1104 V 1105	BF324 DN4401 BA483 BA483	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 41448 5322 130 61498 4822 130 32656 4822 130 32656		3011 3012 3013 3014 3016	2N3866-01 2N3866-01 BZX79-B27 BZX79-B27 BAW62	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	5322 130 41799 5322 130 41799 4822 130 34379 4822 130 34379 4822 130 34379 4822 130 30613
V 1106 V 1107 V 1108 V 1109 V 1110	BA483 BA483 BA483 BZX79-C10	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 81498 4822 130 32656 4822 130 32656 4822 130 32656 4822 130 34297	v	3102 3103 3104 3106	BF 324 BF 324 BF 324 BC 558 BF 324 BF 324	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 41448 4822 130 41448 4822 130 41448 4822 130 41448 4822 130 41448
V 1111 V 1112 V 1113 V 1114 V 1116 V 1117	BA483 BA483 BA483 DN4401 BA483	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822       130       41448         4822       130       41448         4822       130       41448         4822       130       41448         5322       130       41448         5322       130       41448         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         4822       130       32656         5322       130       61498         4822       130       32656         5322       130       61498         4822       130       32656         5322       130       61498         4822       130       32656	v v v v	3109 3111 3112 3113	BF370 BF370 BF370 2N5551 BZX79-B5V6	PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 42589 4822 130 42589 5322 130 42589 5322 130 44491 4822 130 34173

POSNR	DESCRIPTION		ORDERING		POSNR	DESCRIPTION		ORDERING	
V 3114 V 3116 V 3200 V 3201 V 3202	2N5551 BF472 BF370 BF370 2N5401	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	5322 130 5322 130 4822 130 4822 130 5322 130	44491 42535 42589 42589 42534	V 4513 V 4514 V 4516 V 4517 V 4518	BC558B BC558B BAW62 BAW62 BAW62	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	44197 44197 30613 30613 30613
V 3203 V 3204 V 3205 V 3206 V 3207	2N5551 BF423 BZX79-B5V6 BAW62 BC548C	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	5322 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	41646 34173 30613 44196	V 4519 V 4521 V 4522 V 4523 V 4523 V 4601	BAW62 BAW62 BAW62 BC548C BAW62	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	30613 30613 30613 44196 30613
V 3208 V 3209 V 3211 V 3212 V 3213	BF423 BAW62 BAW62 BZX79-B68 BC548C	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	41646 30613 30613 30864 44196	V 4602 V 4603 V 4611 V 4612 V 4613	BAW62 BAW62 BF199 BF199 BAW62	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	30613 30613 44154 44154 30613
V 3214 V 3215 V 3216 V 3217 V 3251	BAW62 BAW62 BZX79-C9V1 BAW62 BF423	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	30613 30613 30862 30613 41646	V 4614 V 4616 V 4617 V 4618 V 4702	BAW62 BC548C BAW62 BAW62 BF324	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	30613 44196 30613 30613 41468
V 3252 V 3253 V 3254 V 3256 V 3256 V 3257	BZX79-C6V2 BF423 BF423 BF423 BF423 BAV21	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	34167 41646 41646 41646 30842	V 4703 V 4704 V 4706 V 4707 V 4707 V 4708	BAW62 BAW62 BF324 BC558B BF324	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	30613 30613 41448 44197 41448
V 3301 V 4001 V 4002 V 4003 V 4004	BZX79-C6V2 BF199 BF199 BF324 BF324 BF324	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	34167 44154 44154 41448 41448	V 4709 V 4710 V 4711 V 4712 V 4713	BC558B BC548C BAW62 BF324 BAW62	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	44197 44196 30613 41448 30613
V 4005 V 4006 V 4008 V 4009 V 4011	BZX79-C6V2 BAW62 BFQ22S BC548C BC548C	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 5322 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	34167 30613 42031 44196 44196	V 6001 V 6002 V 6003 V 6004 V 6007	BYV96E BYV96E BYV96E BYV96E BAX12	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	5322 130 5322 130 5322 130 5322 130 5322 130 5322 130	34979 34979 34979 34979 34979 34605
V 4012 V 4013 V 4014 V 4016 V 4016 V 4017	BC548C BZX79-C5V1 BC548C BZX79-C3V6 BAW62	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 5322 130 4822 130 4822 130	44196 34233 44196 34834 30613	V 6008 V 6009 V 6011 V 6012 V 6013	BAX12 BC337 BAX12 BZX79-C15 BRY39	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	5322 130 4822 130 5322 130 4822 130 5322 130 5322 130	34605 40855 34605 34281 40482
V 4018 V 4021 V 4022 V 4023 V 4023 V 4101	BC548C BC548C BAH62 BC548C BC558B	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	44196 44196 30613 44196 44197	V 6014 V 6016 V 6017 V 6018	BUK456-800B BYV27-150 BYV96E BUW12A BYV46C	PEL PEL PEL	5322 130 4822 130 5322 130 5322 130 5322 130	43926 31628 34979 42114
V 4102 V 4103 V 4104 V 4104 V 4106 V 4107	BAH62 BAH62 BC548C BAH62 BC327	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	30613 30613 44196 30613 40854	V 6021 V 6031 V 6101 V 6102 V 6102 V 6103	BZX79-C3V0 BZX79-C3V6 MBR2545CT BYW95C BYV95C	PEL PEL MOT PEL PEL	4822 130 5322 130 5322 130 4822 130 4822 130	31881 34834 81179 41602 41487
V 4108 V 4109 V 4110 V 4111 V 4112	BC548C BC558B BA483 BC558B BSX20	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	44196 44197 32656 44197 41705	V 6104 V 6106 V 6107 V 6108 V 6109	BYV28-150 BYV27-150 BYV95C BYV27-150 BYV95C	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	5322 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	32043 31628 41487 31628 41487
			4822 120	6170E	V 6110 V 6113 V 6115 V 6116 V 6131	BYV95C	PEI	4822 130 4822 130	41487 31628
V 4118 V 4119 V 4120 V 4121 V 4122 V 4122	BC548C BF199 BAW62 BC548C BAW62	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	44196 44154 30613 44196 30613	V 6132 V 6133 V 6134 V 6136 V 6137	BAW62 BZX79-C6V2 BC337 BF423 BF423	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	30613 34167 40855 41646 41646
V 4123 V 4216 V 4217 V 4300 V 4301 V 4301	BAH62 BAH62 BC548C BZX79-C6V2 BC558B	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	30613 30613 44196 34167 44197	V 6138 V 6201 V 6202 V 6203 V 6204	BZX79-C5V6 BC327 BZX79-C15 BAV21 BAV21 BAV21	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	34173 40854 34281 30842 30842
V 4302 V 4304 V 4305 V 4306 V 4307	BC548C BC558B BZX79-C9V1 BAW62 BC548C	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130		V 6206 V 6207 V 6208 V 6209 V 6211	BAV21 BYV27-150 BUV26A BY509 BC337	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 5322 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	30842 31628 42722 41485 40855
V 4308 V 4309 V 4321 V 4322 V 4323	BZV86-C1V4 BC548C BAW62 BC548C BC548C BC548C	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	81423 44196 30613 44196 44196	V 6301 V 6302 V 6303 V 6304 V 6311	BC548C BC558B BC337 BC327 BC337	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	44196 44197 40855 40854 40855
V 4504	BAH62 BC548C BC548C BC548C BC548C BC548C	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	30613 44196 44196 44196 44196 44196	V 6312 V 6401 V 6402 V 6403 V 6403 V 7001	BDX78 BZV11 BAX12 BC337 BAW62	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	5322 130 5322 130 5322 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	34605 40855 30613
V 4505 V 4506 V 4510 V 4511 V 4512	BAH62 BC548C BC558B BC558B BC558B BC558B	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	30613 44196 44197 44197 44197 44197	V 7002 V 7101 V 9001 V 9002 V 9003	BC548C BAW62 BAT85 BAT85 BAT85 BAT85	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	44196 30613 31983 31983 31983 31983
	$\begin{array}{c} V \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	V 3114 2N5551 V 3200 BF370 V 3201 BF370 V 3202 2N5401 V 3202 2N5401 V 3202 2N5401 V 3203 BF423 V 3205 BZX79-B5V6 V 3206 BAH62 V 3207 BC548C V 3218 BAH62 V 3211 BAH62 V 3213 BAH62 V 3213 BAH62 V 3214 BAH62 V 3215 BAH62 V 3215 BAH62 V 3215 BAH62 V 3215 BAH62 V 3216 BZX79-C5V1 V 3217 BAH62 V 3253 BF423 V 3254 BF423 V 3256 BF423 V 3257 BAV21 V 4002 BF199 V 4002 BF199 V 4002 BF199 V 4002 BF199 V 4002 BF199 V 4002 BF324 V 4004 BF324 V 4005 BZX79-C6V2 V 4006 BAH62 V 4011 BC548C V 4012 BC548C V 4013 BZ79-C5V1 V 4014 BC548C V 4013 BZ79-C5V1 V 4016 BAH62 V 4017 BAH62 V 4018 BC548C V 4017 BAH62 V 4018 BC548C V 4019 BC558B V 4101 BC558B V 4102 BAH62 V 4104 BC548C V 4107 BAH62 V 4108 BC548C V 4101 BC558B V 4100 BAH62 V 4108 BC548C V 4109 BC558B V 4100 BAH62 V 4109 BC558B V 4100 BAH62 V 4100 BC558B V 4100 BC588 V 4100 BC588	V 3114       2N5551       PEL         V 3116       BF472       PEL         V 3200       BF370       PEL         V 3202       2N5401       PEL         V 3203       2N5551       PEL         V 3204       BF423       PEL         V 3205       BZX79-B5V6       PEL         V 3207       BC548C       PEL         V 3208       BF423       PEL         V 3211       BAM62       PEL         V 3212       BZX79-B68       PEL         V 3213       BC548C       PEL         V 3214       BAM62       PEL         V 3215       BF423       PEL         V 3216       BZX79-C5V1       PEL         V 3255       BF423       PEL         V 3256       BF423       PEL         V 3257       BAV21       PEL         V 4001       BF199       PEL         V 4002       BF199       PEL         V 4003       BF324       PEL         V 4004       BC548C       PEL         V 4012       BC548C       PEL         V 4013       BZ48C       PEL         V 4014       BC5548C       PEL </td <td>V 3114       2N5551       PEL       5322       130         V 3116       BF472       PEL       5322       130         V 3201       BF370       PEL       4822       130         V 3202       SU5551       PEL       4822       130         V 3202       SU79-55V6       PEL       4822       130         V 3204       BF423       PEL       4822       130         V 3205       SU79-55V6       PEL       4822       130         V 3205       BAK62       PEL       4822       130         V 3211       BAK62       PEL       4822       130         V 3212       SUX97-65V8       PEL       4822       130         V 3215       BAK62       PEL       4822       130         V 3216       SUX97-6CV1       PEL       4822       130         V 3215       BF423       PEL       4822       130         V 3255       BF423       PEL       4822       130         V 3256       BF423       PEL       4822       130         V 3256       BF423       PEL       4822       130         V 3257       BAV21       PEL       4822</td> <td>V 3114       2N3551       PEL       5322       133       44491         V 3200       P570       PEL       5322       135       44491         V 3201       P570       PEL       5322       135       44491         V 3202       2N5501       PEL       5322       135       44491         V 3202       2N5501       PEL       5322       135       44491         V 3202       2N5501       PEL       5322       135       44491         V 3205       BA462       PEL       4822       135       44196         V 3205       BA462       PEL       4822       130       46196         V 3213       BA462       PEL       4822       130       46196         V 3213       BA462       PEL       4822       130       46146         V 3213       BA462       PEL       4822       130       46146         V 3213       BA462       PEL       4822       130       46146         V 3215       BA462       PEL       4822       130       46146         V 3215       BA462       PEL       4822       130       46146         V 3215       BA462</td> <td>V         VIII6         ZV1551         PEL         SIZ2         SIG         Addition           V         3116         ZV1500         PF10         PFL         Addition         V         Addition           V         32001         PF370         PFL         Addition         V         Addition         V         Addition           V         32001         PF370         PFL         Addition         V</td> <td>VIIIC         PFL         SIZ2         IIIG         PFL         SIZ2         IIIIG         PFL         SIZ2         IIIIIG         PFL         SIZ2         IIIIIIG         PFL         SIZ2         IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII</td> <td>VIIIA         205531         PEL         522         150         44315         EC5381         PEL           V 3200         PESSON         PEL         4522         150         42369         V 4316         BA462         PEL           V 3200         PESSON         PEL         4522         150         42569         V 4316         BA462         PEL           V 3200         PESSON         PEL         4522         150         44641         V 4316         BA462         PEL           V 3200         BA523         PEL         4622         150         44641         V 4316         BA462         PEL           V 3200         BA523         PEL         4622         150         44644         V 4522         BA462         PEL           V 3200         BA723         PEL         4622         150         96643         V 4611         BA462         PEL           V 3211         BA462         PEL         4622         150         96643         V 4611         BA462         PEL           V 3211         BA462         PEL         4622         150         96643         V 4611         BA462         PEL           V 3211         BA462         PEL</td> <td>V         V</td>	V 3114       2N5551       PEL       5322       130         V 3116       BF472       PEL       5322       130         V 3201       BF370       PEL       4822       130         V 3202       SU5551       PEL       4822       130         V 3202       SU79-55V6       PEL       4822       130         V 3204       BF423       PEL       4822       130         V 3205       SU79-55V6       PEL       4822       130         V 3205       BAK62       PEL       4822       130         V 3211       BAK62       PEL       4822       130         V 3212       SUX97-65V8       PEL       4822       130         V 3215       BAK62       PEL       4822       130         V 3216       SUX97-6CV1       PEL       4822       130         V 3215       BF423       PEL       4822       130         V 3255       BF423       PEL       4822       130         V 3256       BF423       PEL       4822       130         V 3256       BF423       PEL       4822       130         V 3257       BAV21       PEL       4822	V 3114       2N3551       PEL       5322       133       44491         V 3200       P570       PEL       5322       135       44491         V 3201       P570       PEL       5322       135       44491         V 3202       2N5501       PEL       5322       135       44491         V 3202       2N5501       PEL       5322       135       44491         V 3202       2N5501       PEL       5322       135       44491         V 3205       BA462       PEL       4822       135       44196         V 3205       BA462       PEL       4822       130       46196         V 3213       BA462       PEL       4822       130       46196         V 3213       BA462       PEL       4822       130       46146         V 3213       BA462       PEL       4822       130       46146         V 3213       BA462       PEL       4822       130       46146         V 3215       BA462       PEL       4822       130       46146         V 3215       BA462       PEL       4822       130       46146         V 3215       BA462	V         VIII6         ZV1551         PEL         SIZ2         SIG         Addition           V         3116         ZV1500         PF10         PFL         Addition         V         Addition           V         32001         PF370         PFL         Addition         V         Addition         V         Addition           V         32001         PF370         PFL         Addition         V	VIIIC         PFL         SIZ2         IIIG         PFL         SIZ2         IIIIG         PFL         SIZ2         IIIIIG         PFL         SIZ2         IIIIIIG         PFL         SIZ2         IIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	VIIIA         205531         PEL         522         150         44315         EC5381         PEL           V 3200         PESSON         PEL         4522         150         42369         V 4316         BA462         PEL           V 3200         PESSON         PEL         4522         150         42569         V 4316         BA462         PEL           V 3200         PESSON         PEL         4522         150         44641         V 4316         BA462         PEL           V 3200         BA523         PEL         4622         150         44641         V 4316         BA462         PEL           V 3200         BA523         PEL         4622         150         44644         V 4522         BA462         PEL           V 3200         BA723         PEL         4622         150         96643         V 4611         BA462         PEL           V 3211         BA462         PEL         4622         150         96643         V 4611         BA462         PEL           V 3211         BA462         PEL         4622         150         96643         V 4611         BA462         PEL           V 3211         BA462         PEL	V         V

POSNR	DESCRIPTION		ORDERING	CODE
V 9004 V 9009 V 9011 V 9012 V 9013	BZX79-C3V9 BAT85 BC558B BC558B BC558B BC558B	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	31981 31983 44197 44197 44197
V 9014 V 9016 V 9017 V 9018 V 9018 V 9102	BC548C BC548C BC548C BC548C BC548C BC548C	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	44196 44196 44196 44196 44196
V 9106 V 9107 V 9108 V 9109 V 9109 V 9111	BC548C BC548C BC548C BAT85 BC558B	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	44196 44196 44196 31983 44197
V 9112 V 9113 V 9114 V 9116 V 9117	BC558B BC558B BC548C BC548C BC548C BC548C	PEL PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	44197 44197 44196 44196 44196
V 9118 V 9119 V 9121 V 9122	BC548C BC548C BC548C BC548C BC548C	PEL PEL PEL PEL	4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130 4822 130	44196 44196 44196 44196

# 18.3.5 INTERGRATED CIRCUITS

POSNR	DESCRIPTION	ORDERING CODE
D 0601 D 0602	PLIFIER PLIFIER	5322 209 80991 5322 209 80991
D 0603 D 1001 D 1101 D 2203 D 2302	C74HCT4053P PEL TEA1017/N9 PEL TEA1017/N9 PEL Array OQ 0127 PLIFIER	4822 209 71584 5322 209 60191 5322 209 60191 5322 209 60191 5322 209 80992 5322 209 80991
D 2303 D 2601 D 2602 D 4001 D 4002	PLIFIER HEF40538P PEL TEA1017/N9 PEL TEA1017/N9 PEL TEA1017/N9 PEL	5322 209 80991 5322 209 10576 5322 209 60191 5322 209 60191 5322 209 60191 5322 209 60191
D 4101 D 4102 D 6201 D 6501 D 7002	HEF4053BP PEL HEF4051BP PEL 86/377 HEF4066BP PEL HEF4053BP PEL	5322 209 10576 4822 209 10262 5322 321 21597 5322 209 10357 5322 209 10576
D 7002 D 7003 D 7003 D 7006 D 7006 D 7006	SN74LS38N PC74HCT259P PEL SN74LS259BN SN74LS254BN SN74LS244N MOT SN74LS244N	5322 209 85605 5322 209 11115 5322 209 86007 5322 209 86017 5322 209 86017 5322 209 86017
D 8001 D 8002 D 8003 D 9002 D 9003	PCF8577T PEL PCF8577T PEL PCF8577T PEL 74F163APC FSC 74F74PC FSC	5322 209 70024 5322 209 70024 5322 209 70024 5322 209 70024 5322 209 83343 5322 209 81474
D 9004 D 9006 D 9012 D 9013 D 9014	P8254 INT 74F251APC FSC P8032AH INT PROM M6264ALP-12 HIT	5322 209 82406 5322 209 71656 5322 209 11318 5322 209 51682 5322 209 60192
D 9016 D 9017 D 9018 D 9019 D 9021	PC74HCT573P PEL PC74HCT245P PEL PC74HCT245P PEL PC74HCT245P PEL PC74HCT138P PEL	5322 209 11488 5322 209 11117 5322 209 11117 5322 209 11117 5322 209 11112 5322 209 11111
D 9022 D 9023 D 9024 D 9026 D 9027	PC74HCT08P PEL 74F04PC FSC PC74HCT174P PEL PC74HCT174P PEL PAL	5322 209 11265 5322 209 81577 5322 209 11478 5322 209 11478 5322 209 11478 5322 209 51683
D 9028 D 9029 D 9030 D 9031 D 9032	PAL PC74HCT157P PEL 74F32PC FSC HM6716P-30 HIT HM6716P-30 HIT	5322 209 51684 5322 209 11263 4822 209 82133 5322 209 61135 5322 209 61135
D 9033 D 9034 D 9035 D 9036 D 9037	HM6716P-30 HIT HM6716P-30 HIT 74F245PC FSC PC74HCT257P PEL PC74HCT257P PEL	5322 209 61135 5322 209 61135 5322 209 82169 5322 209 11114 5322 209 11114
D 9038 D 9039 D 9041 D 9042 D 9043	PC74HCT574P PEL M62256LP-12 HIT PC74HCT574P PEL PC74HCT245P PEL N74LS298N SIG	5322 209 11489 5322 209 72129 5322 209 11489 5322 209 111489 5322 209 11117 5322 209 85937

POSNR	DESCRIPTION	I	ORDERING	CODE
D 9044 D 9046 D 9047 D 9048 D 9048 D 9049	HEF4066BP P PAL FPLA	ĒĹ	5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209	85937 10357 51685 51686 81474
D 9050 D 9051 D 9052 D 9053 D 9053 D 9054	74F253PC F PC74HCT574P P 74F191PC F	SC EL SC	5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209	83326 81771 11489 81676 81676
D 9056 D 9057 D 9058 D 9059 D 9061	74F10PC F PC74HCT574P P PC74HCT574P P	SC EL EL	5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209	81676 81681 11489 11489 81676
D 9062 D 9063 D 9064 D 9066 D 9066	74F191PC F 74F191PC F 74F257APC F	SC SC SC	5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209	81676 81676 81676 71672 71672
D 9068 D 9069 D 9071 D 9073 D 9074	PC74HCT245P P PC74HCT245P P PC74HCT161P P	EL S EL S	5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209	71672 11117 11117 11476 81771
D 9076 D 9077 D 9078 D 9081 D 9082	N74LS298N S N74LS298N S M6264ALP-12 H	IG IG IT	5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209	85937 85937 85937 60192 11473
D 9083	PC74HCT74P P	EL !	5322 209	11109
N 0601 N 1001		SC 4	4822 209 5322 130	80587 60937
N 1101 N 1201 N 1201 N 4101 N 4101 N 4101	LF356N N LF356N	sc sc	5322 130 5322 209 5322 209 5822 209 5822 209	60937 86451 86451 80587 80587
N 4102 N 4103 N 4601 N 6001 N 6002	TL080CP T CA3102E R0 LM358N N	sc a	5322 130 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5822 209 5822 209	60937 72464 72657 70672 70672
N 7001 N 9001 N 9002 N 9003 N 9004	TDA8703/C1 PI TDA8703/C1 PI DAC-08EP PI	EL S EL S MI S	5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209 5322 209	60188 61133 61133 11253 71665
18.3.6	MISCELLANI	EOUS		
E 0001 E 8001	T13/4 28V 80M 60MA MGG901		322 134 322 134	40534 40849
6 0001	B0-0-E0-60M C		JEE 134	

E 8001	60MA MGG9012	5322 134 40534
G 9001 H 6001	RQ-0-50-40M S.R CNX35 PEL	5322 242 72575 5322 130 90137
H 8002 K 1001 K 1002 K 1003 K 1004		5322 209 60193 5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125
K 1006 K 1007 K 1008 K 1101 K 1102	DRELAIS IL 12 V DRELAIS IL 12 V	5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125
K 1103 K 1104 K 1106 K 1107 K 1108	DRELAIS IL 12 V	5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125
K 1201 K 4101	DRELAIS IL 12 V DRELAIS IL 12 V	5322 280 20125 5322 280 20125
S 6001 S 7002	BR	5322 276 11859 5322 277 10878
S 7004 S 7006 S 7008 S 7010 S 7012	BR BR BR BR	5322 277 10878 5322 277 10878 5322 277 10878 5322 277 10878 5322 277 10878 5322 276 11857
S 7013 S 7014 S 7015 S 7016 S 7017		5322 276 11856 5322 276 11856 5322 276 11856 5322 276 11856 5322 276 11856 5322 276 11856

POSNR	DESCRIPTION	4	ORDERING	CODE
S 7018 S 7019 S 7020 S 7021 S 7022			5322 276 5322 276 5322 276 5322 276 5322 276 5322 276	11856 11856 11856
S 7023 S 7024 S 7025 S 7026 S 7028			5322 276 5322 276 5322 276 5322 276 5322 276 5322 276	11856 11856 11856
S 7029 S 7030 S 7031 S 7032			5322 276 5322 276 5322 276 5322 276 5322 276	11856 11856
V 0001	D14-372GH	PEL	5322 131	20169

# **Manual Supplement**

Manual Title: Ser Part Number: 482 Print Date: 15-Revision/Date: -/-

Service Manual PM3331/35/37 4822 872 05345 15-Feb-1996 -/- Supplement Issue:2Part Number:4822 872 08527Issue Date:04-May-1996Page Count1

This supplement contains information necessary to ensure the accuracy of the above Service Manual for the models PM3331, PM3335 and PM3337.

© 1996 Fluke Corporation. All rights raserved. Printed in the Netherlands



MSU205345.0-2

#### Manual Supplement

### Service Manual PM3335/37

#### Completion of parts list.

On page 18-18 should be added under 18.3.6 Miscellaneous: T6001, converter transformer, ordering code 5322 146 21524. T6201, EHT transformer, ordering code 5322 146 30592.

#### New CRT types and EHT multiplier.

The Cathode Ray Tubes (CRT's) such as used in these oscilloscopes have been changed to a new type. The difference with the previous types is another kind of EHT-connector and subsequently a new type number. In the old situation, the EHT-connection at the CRT is of the male type (it has the shape of a bulge). In the new situation, the EHT-connection at the CRT is of the female type (it has the shape of a cavity). In relation with this, also the EHT-multiplier unit D6201 with incorporated cable and rubber screening cap are adapted.

Old situation:		New situation:	
Description	Part number:	Description:	Part number:
CRT, D14-372GH/123	5322 131 20169	CRT, D14-375GH/123	5322 131 11063
EHT-multiplier, D6201	5322 321 21597	EHT-multiplier, D6201	5322 218 10633