# **BM8/2** Battery MEGGER Tester







**Operating Instructions** 

#### It should be understood that any use of electricity inherently involves some degree of safety hazard.

Various safety regulations and recommendations are in existence and new ones are being formulated, in an attempt to reduce the extent of such hazard. This is achieved principally by defining, as far as possible, the levels of voltage and current above which there is significant hazard; by establishing certain principles in the design of equipment and by recommending specific visual warnings of any residual hazard, to be placed on the equipment.

We, in common with other responsible manufacturers, take all reasonable steps to ensure that our products comply with relevant approved safety standards. However, it must be emphasised that certain types of electrical testing essentially involve the use of voltages and currents above the limits defined as 'safe' values. For example, insulation testing and flash testing generally require the use of high voltages well above the safe limit and it may not always be possible to restrict the currents available from the test equipment to within the defined safe values.

It is recommended that the user of electrical equipment of any sort should always ensure that he understands, in detail, the equipment's characteristics so that he is aware of the degree of safety hazard which may be involved.

### SAFETY IN THE USE OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Whilst every effort is made by responsible manufacturers to reduce the hazards and to warn of any hazard remaining, it still rests with the user to play his part in ensuring his own safety.

The best way to achieve this is:-

- \* Understand the equipment you are proposing to use, and its ratings.
- \* Understand the application to which the equipment is to be put.
- \* Ensure that all reasonable safety procedures are followed.
- \* Take no chances, nor short cuts in safety procedures.

The equipment described in this handbook has been examined, both in design and manufacture, to ensure that safety hazards are minimised.

Any known remaining hazards are explained in the paragraph headed 'WARNING' on page 8 If for some specific application, it is found that the information provided is not adequate, then please contact the manufacturer for further details and assistance.

INDEX			
Safety in the use of Electrical Equipment	2	OPERATION	8
General Description	5	Insulation Resistance Test	8
Applications	6	Specification	9
PRELIMINARY CHECKS	7	Accessories	10
Inserting Batteries	7	Instrument Repairs and Spare Parts	11
Battery Condition	7	Components List	12
Test Leads	7	Circuit Diagram	13
			<b>,</b>
			4

### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The BM8/2 Battery Megger Tester is a battery operated multi-voltage d.c. insulation tester covering five values of insulation test voltage. The instrument is sufficiently light to enable it to be hand held, and is built into a durable plastic case.

Insulation readings are given directly in megohms, the scale plate carrying a single range calibrated 0-10 000 M $\Omega$  and infinity at 500V d.c. When measuring insulation resistance at other test voltages, the value of insulation may be obtained after applying the appropriate multiplying or dividing factor according to the voltage used.

Range selection is made by turning the centrally placed six position click-stop Range selector switch.

The switch positions and the insulation test voltages available are as follows:- 'B', 50V/DISCHARGE, 100V, 250V, 500V and 1000V d.c.

The test button in the centre of the Range selector switch energises the tester enabling the test voltage to appear at the instrument terminals.

Discharge of external circuit capacitance is obtained by releasing the Test button and turning the Range slector switch to the 50V/DISCHARGE position.

The battery condition may be checked at any time by turning the Range selector switch to 'B', pressing the test button and observing the pointer (see preliminary checks).

### APPLICATIONS

The BM8/2 Battery MEGGER tester may be used for routine insulation resistance measurements on a variety of components such as motors, generators, transformers, high voltage insulators, power cables and wiring installations.

The tester may also be employed to make measurements designed to show the gradual decline that takes place in insulation when this is attacked by corrosion, dirt, grease, moisture, etc. during the operational life of a particular installation. Such monitoring enables the Maintenance Engineer to anticipate future performance and to plan ahead.

The tester will also show the improvement in insulation within motor windings, transformer and generator windings, etc., that results from drying out procedures, where these have become necessary because of excessive humidity or because of operation in a moisture laden atmosphere.

#### **ELECTRICAL SAFETY**

The safety of electrical installations and apparatus both to the operator and to the general public depends upon the quality of the insulation in that installation. It is essential therefore, that the insulation be checked when the equipment is first installed, whilst subjected to a voltage high enough to break through any mechanical flaws arising from manufacture or installation.

In order to avoid interruptions and breakdowns, it is also desirable that tests of insulation and of equipment condition are made from time to time after installation, to ensure that deterioration occuring from the accumulation of dirt or damp, or by the mechanical factors of wear or breakage does not render the insulation unsafe.

The BM8/2 is particularly suitable for these tests and for testing 415V 3-phase systems as well as lower voltage circuits.

#### **INSERTING BATTERIES**

Turn the instrument over and remove the battery cover on the back of the instrument by inserting a coin under the slot and levering off. Fit six batteries (HP7 or equivalent) into the spring clips ensuring that the polarity indicated is followed exactly, and that the insulator is fitted underneath the batteries. Replace the cover.

#### BATTERY CONDITION

Battery condition should always be checked before commencing any testing procedure. This will ensure that the instrument is always ready to give an accurate indication. To do this turn the Range selector to 'B' (battery) and press the Test button. The meter pointer should move to the scale mark 'B' or beyond. If the pointer does not move or rests over the black section of the scale mark, replace the batteries immediately. Never leave discharged batteries in the instrument; they may leak electrolyte and cause corrosion damage.

### **TEST LEADS**

Check that the instrument test leads have:-

- (1) No break in the insulation
- (2) No break in the conductor

The leads are tested as follows:-

- (a) Insert the leads into the tester, Ensure that the outer ends are not in contact. Set the Range selector switch to 1000V. Press the Test button. The pointer should indicate infinity. Failure to do this indicates that the leads may be faulty and should be inspected.
- (b) Connect the test leads together at their crocodile clips. Select the 50V range.
  Press the test button. The meter should read zero. Failure to do this indicates that the leads may be faulty and should be checked individually for a break.

### OPERATION

#### WARNING

The circuit under test must be isolated. Check that the circuit is 'dead' before connecting any apparatus and before making any test.

### INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST

Insert the red test lead into the red socket.

Insert the black test lead into the black socket.

- (2) Check the battery and the test leads as described.
- (3) Set the Range selector to the required test voltage.
- (4) Connect the red lead to the equipment frame or earth.
- (5) Connect black lead to the circuit under test.
- (6) Press the Test button and read the insulation resistance figure in megohms mutiplying or dividing by the appropriate range factor.

 (7) Capacitive circuits must be discharged before disconnecting the test leads. Turn the selector switch to DISCHARGE and release the Test button.
 WAIT ONE MINUTE BEFORE DISCONNECTION.

### SPECIFICATION

Insulation range test voltage d.c.	Resistance at highest scale point	Batteries	Six HP7 cells (1,5V each) or equivalents IEC R6, R6L,
50 V 100 V 250 V 500 V	1000 MΩ 2000 MΩ 5000 MΩ 10 000 MΩ	Battery Check	280, 815 Indication on dial when button is pressed with battery test position selected.
1000 V	20 000 MΩ	Battery drain	200 mA (max)
Short circuit current	0,8 mA approximately	Dimensions	153 x 59 x 95mm (6 x 25⁄ <sub>16</sub> x 3¾ in)
Range selector	Click-stop rotary switch. Positions, 'B' 50V/DISCHARGE, 100V, 250V, 500V, 1000V	Weight	0,68 kg (11b 8 oz)
Movement	Taut-band suspension Permanent magnet moving coil	2 hris	
Accuracy	±1,27mm (0,050 in) from any marked position on the s	scale	
			10
			76
			9

# ACCESSORIES

### SUPPLIED WITH INSTRUMENT

Two test leads (red and black) Two prods and shrouded crocodile clips Catalogue No. 6320-058/059

Batteries HP7 (or equivalents)

**Operating instructions** 

## AVAILABLE AT EXTRA COST

Carrying Cases Leather Catalogue No. 40090 Imitation leather Catalogue No. 40091 Companion case Catalogue No. 63355

For two instruments e.g. BM8/2 with LT3/2 Line-Earth Loop tester or Avometer Model 73. Carries all test leads. Leather covered.

### **INSTRUMENT REPAIRS AND SPARE PARTS**

The manufacturer's service and spare parts organisation for MEGGER instruments:--

#### THORN EMI Instruments Limited, Parts and Service Centre,

Archcliffe Road, Dover, Kent CT17 9EN, England. Tel: Dover (0304) 202620 Telex: 96283 Avomeg G

#### **Approved Repair Companies**

A number of independent instrument repair companies in the U.K. have been approved for repair work on most MEGGER instruments, using genuine MEGGER spare parts. Their names and addresses are listed in the Warranty Booklet, supplied with each new instrument.

#### **Overseas**

Instrument owners outside Great Britain should consult the Appointed Distributor/Agent for their country regarding spare parts and repair facilities. The Distributor/Agent will advise on the best course of action to take. Names and addresses of Overseas Distributors/Agents are given in the Warranty Booklet supplied with each new instrument.

If returning an instrument to Britain for repair, it should be sent, freight pre-paid to the Parts and Service Centre at the address shown opposite. A copy of the Invoice and of the Packing Note should be sent simultaneously by airmail to expedite clearance through the U.K. Customs.

A repair estimate showing return freight and other charges will be submitted to the sender, if required, before work on the instrument commences.

#### NEW MEGGER INSTRUMENTS ARE GUARANTEED FOR 12 MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF PURCHASE BY THE USER.

### **COMPONENTS LIST**

and the second se	and the second			مشاه الكالية التي في معرفة المربع والمراجع التركية المتنا المتناف المائية المائية المناطقة المراجع والمراجع الم	and the second design of the s
Main PCB A			RV3 RV4	4,7k $\Omega$ ± 20% ½W 500k $\Omega$ ± 20% ½W	27889-698 27889-318
R1	$510\Omega \pm 2\% \%$	26836-106	RV5	$4,7\Omega \pm 20\% \%$	27889-698
R6, R7	$12M\Omega \pm 20\% \%W$	26834-669	1100	4,700 _ 2070 7200	
R8	$560k\Omega \pm 2\%$ ½W	26835-355	Transformer PCB Assembly		
R10	$11k\Omega \pm 2\%$ ½W	26836-138	50	5100 + 204 1/M	26836-106
R11, R12	$30k\Omega \pm 2\%$ ½W	26836-148	R2	$510\Omega \pm 2\% \%W$	26836-100
R13, R15	$240 k\Omega \pm 2\% \%$	26836-170	R3, R4	$100\Omega \pm 2\% \%$	
R16, R21	$75k\Omega \pm 0.3\%$ ¼W	26835-600	R5	1kΩ ± 2% ½W	26836-113
R17	$180 k\Omega \pm 0.3\% $ 1/4W	26835-517	C1	10µF 25V electrolytic	27888-984
R18	$390k\Omega \pm 2\%$ ½W	26836-175	C2, C3	10µF 25V electrolytic	27888-984
R19	$1.5k\Omega \pm 2\%$ ½W	26836-117	C4	47nF ± 20% 250V	27889-273
R20	$12k\Omega \pm 2\%$ ½W	26836-139			20000 210
R22	$1,3M\Omega \pm 1\% \%W$	26835-630	D1	Zener diode 5,1V	28863-312
R23	$51\Omega \pm 5\% 2\%$	26835-632	D2, D3	Diode 1N4148	28433-801
R14	Select on test		VT1, VT2, VT3	Transistor 2N2905A	28862-861
C5, C6	22nF ± 20% 630V	27889-116			
C7, C8				1	
C9	10nF ± 20% 500V	27536-336		Plug in transformer	04.00.000
C10	0,1µF ± 20% 630V	27889-566		assembly	6130-889
		28863-312		+ Transformer assembly	
D4 DF D6	Zener Diode 5,1V	28862-884	т <u>и</u>	(Altenative to above)	01010 001
D5, D6 D7, D8	Diode BYX10	20002-004		+ Hex nut	21810-601
07,00				+ Fixing screw	21816-509
TH1	Thermistor VA 1055S	28863-008		+ The above 3 items required	5
		27000 222		if 6130-889 not available	00000.004
RV1	$250\Omega \pm 20\%$ ½W	27889-322	<b>1</b>	Heatsink	28862-824
RV2	250k $\Omega$ ± 20% ½W	27889-320		Transistor pad	28588-225
					4

### **CIRCUIT DIAGRAM**

