Errata

This manual may contain references to HP or Hewlett-Packard. Please note that Hewlett-Packard's former test and measurement, semiconductor products and chemical analysis businesses are now part of Agilent Technologies. To reduce potential confusion, the only change to product numbers and names has been in the company name prefix: where a product number/name was HP XXXX the current name/number is now Agilent XXXX. For example, model number HP8648 is now model number Agilent 8648.

Ce manuel peut contenir des références à <<HP>> ou <<Hewlett-Packard.>> Veuillez noter que les produits de test et mesure, de semi-conducteur et d'analyse chimique qui avaient fait partie de la société Hewlett-Packard sont maintenent une partie de la société Agilent Technologies. Pour reduire la confusion potentielle, le seul changement aux noms de reference a été dans le préfixe de nom de société : là où un nom de référence était HP XXXX, le nouveau nom de référence est maintenant Agilent XXXX. Par example, le HP 8648 s'appelle maintenent Agilent 8648.

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Questo manuale potrebbe contenere riferimenti ad HP o Hewlett-Packard. Si noti che le attività precedentemente gestite da Hewlett-Packard nel campo di Test & Misura, Semiconduttori, ed Analisi Chimica sono ora diventate parte di Agilent Technologies. Al fine di ridurre il rischio di confusione, l'unica modifica effettuata sui numeri di prodotto e sui nomi ha riguardato il prefisso con il nome dell'azienda: dove precedentemente compariva "HP XXXX" compare ora "Agilent XXXX". Ad esempio: il modello HP8648 è ora indicato come Agilent 8648.

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Document Part Number 5971-2669 Printed in the UK September 2004





マニュアル・チェンジ

変更

本文中の「HP(YHP)」、または「(横河)ヒューレット・パッカード株式会社」という語句を、「Agilent」、 または「アジレント・テクノロジー株式会社」と変更してください。

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社名変更に伴うお客様の混乱を避けるため、製品番号の接頭部のみ変更しております。

(例: 旧製品名 HP 4294A は、現在 Agilent 4294A として販売いたしております。)

HP 8900D Peak Power Meter

Operating and Service Manual



HP Part No. 08900-900249 Printed in UK June 1998

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This manual applies to instruments with serial numbers prefixed 3607U and below. With the changes in the Appendix added, this manual applies to instruments with serial numbers prefixed 1314A, 1551A.

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Declaration of Conformity

Declaration of Conformity

according to ISO/IEC Guide 22 and EN45014

Manufacturer's Name: Hewlett-Packard Ltd.

Manufacturer's Address: Queensferry Microwave Division

South Queensferry West Lothian, EH30 9TG Scotland, United Kingdom

Declares that the product

Product Name: Analog Peak POwer Meter

Model Numbers: HP 8900D

Product Options: This declaration covers all options of the above products as

detailed in TCF A-5951-9852-02

Conforms with the protection requirements of European Council Directive 89/336/EEC on the approximation of the laws of the member states relating to electromagnetic compatibility.

Against EMC test specifications EN 55011:1991 (Group 1, Class A) and EN 50082-1:1992

As Detailed in: Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)

Technical Construction File (TCF) No. A-5951-9852-02

Assessed by: Dti Appointed Competent Body

EMC Test Centre,

GEC-Marconi Avionics Ltd.,

Maxwell Building,

Donibristle Industrial Park,

KY11 5LB

Scotland, United Kingdom

Technical Report Number:6893/2200/CBR, dated 23 September 1997

Supplementary Information:

The product conforms to the following safety standards:

EN 61010-1(1993) / IEC 1010-1(1990) +A1(1992)

CSA-C22.2 No. 1010.1-92

The product herewith complies with the requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC, and carries the CE-marking accordingly.

South Queensferry, Scotland

19 January 1998

RM Enn

Location

Date

R.M. Evans / Quality Manager

Europe Contact:

Your local Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office or Hewlett-Packard GmbH, Department 2Q/ Standards Europe Herrenberger Srasse 130, D7030 Boblinger (Fax: +49-7031-143143)

Statement of Compliance

Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Information

This product has been designed to meet the protection requirements of the European Communities Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) directives:

EN55011:1991 (Group 1, Class A)

EN50082-1:1992

- IEC 1000-4-2 (1995) ESD
- IEC 1000-4-3 (1995) Radiated Suseptibility
- IEC 1000-4-4 (1995) EFT

In order to preserve the EMC performance of the product, any cable which becomes worn or damaged must be replaced with the same type and specification.

Safety Information

This instrument has been designed and tested in accordance with publication EN61010-1(1993) / IEC 1010-1(1990) +A1(1992) +A2(1994) / CSA C22.2 No. 1010.1(1993) Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use, and has been supplied in a safe condition. The instruction documentation contains information and warnings which must be followed by the user to ensure safe operation and to maintain the instrument in a safe condition.

Noise Declaration

LpA<70dB

am Arbeitsplatz (operator position)

normaler Betrieb (normal position)

nach DIN 45635 pt.19 (per ISO 7779)

General Safety Information

The following general safety precautions must be observed during all phases of operation, service, and repair of this instrument. Failure to comply with these precautions or with specific warnings elsewhere in this manual violates safety standards of design, manufacture, and intended use of the instrument. Hewlett-Packard Company assumes no liability for the customer's failure to comply with these requirements.

WARNING

This is a Safety Class I instrument (provided with a protective earthing ground, incorporated in the powercord). The mains plug shall only be inserted in a socket outlet provided with a protective earth contact. Any interruption of the protective conductor inside or outside of the instrument is likely to make the instrument dangerous. Intentional interruption is prohibited.

DO NOT operate the product in an explosive atmosphere or in the presence of flammable gasses or fumes.

DO NOT use repaired fuses or short-circuited fuseholders: For continued protection against fire, replace the line fuse(s) only with fuse(s) of the same voltage and current rating and type.

DO NOT perform procedures involving cover or shield removal unless you are qualified to do so: Operating personnel must not remove equipment covers or shields. Procedures involving the removal of covers and shields are for use by service-trained personnel only.

DO NOT service or adjust alone: Under certain conditions, dangerous voltages may exist even with the equipment switched off. To avoid dangerous electrical shock, service personnel must not attempt internal service or adjustment unless another person, capable of rendering first aid and resuscitation, is present.

DO NOT operate damaged equipment: Whenever it is possible that the safety protection features built into this product have been impaired, either through physical damage, excessive moisture, or any other reason, REMOVE POWER and do not use the product until safe operation can be verified by service-trained personnel. If necessary, return the product to a Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office for service and repair to ensure the safety features are maintained.

DO NOT substitute parts or modify equipment: Because of the danger of introducing additional hazards, do not install substitute parts or perform any unauthorized modification to the product. Return the product to a Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office for service and repair to ensure the safety features are maintained.

Safety Symbols

The following symbols on the instrument and in the manual indicate precautions which must be taken to maintain safe operation of the instrument.

Safety Symbols			
\triangle	The Instruction Documentation Symbol. The product is marked with this symbol when it is necessary for the user to refer to the instructions in the supplied documentation.		
	Indicates the field wiring terminal that must be connected to earth ground before operating the equipment - protects against electrical shock in case of fault.		
rh or ⊥	Frame or chassis ground terminal - typically connects to the equipment's metal frame.		
\sim	Alternating current (AC)		
	Direct current (DC)		
₹	Indicates hazardous voltages		
WARNING	Warning denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, which if not correctly performed or adhered to could result in injury or loss of life. Do not proceed beyond a warning note until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.		
CAUTION E	Caution denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, which if not correctly performed or adhered to could result in damage to or destruction of the instrument. Do not proceed beyond a caution note until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.		
((The CE mark shows that the product complies with all relevant European Legal Directives.		
ISM 1-A	This is a symbol of an Industrial, Scientific, and Medical Group 1 Class A product.		
	The CSA mark is a registered trademark of the Canadian Standards Association, and indicates compliance to the standards layed out by them.		
	Indicates easily touched higher temperature parts.		

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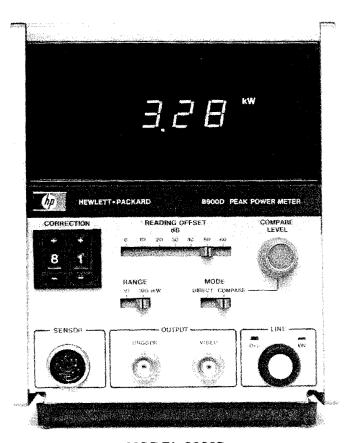
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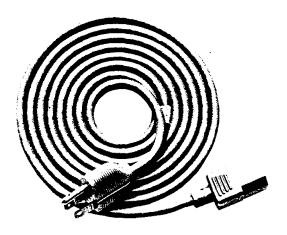
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General Information Model 8900D



MODEL 8900D



POWER CORD

Figure 1-1. 8900D Peak Power Meter

SECTION I GENERAL INFORMATION

1-1. INTRODUCTION

This manual contains operating and service information for the Hewlett-Packard Model 8900D Peak Power Meter. The Peak Power Meter is shown in Figure 1-1 with its externally supplied accessory.

This section of the manual describes the instruments documented by this manual and covers instrument description, specifications and other basic information. The other sections provide the following:

Section II-Installation

Section III-Operation

Section IV-Performance Tests

Section V-Adjustments

Section VI-Replaceable Parts

Section VII-Manual Changes

Section VIII-Service

1-2. SPECIFICATIONS

Instrument specifications are listed in Table 1-1. These specifications are the performance standards or limits against which the instrument can be tested.

1-3. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

Refer to the Safety Considerations page found at the beginning of this manual for a summary of general safety information.

Safety information for installation, operation, and servicing is found in appropriate places throughout this manual.

1-4. INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY MANUAL

This instrument has a two-part serial number. The first four digits and the letter are the serial number prefix which identifies the instrument configuration. The last five digits form the suffix that is unique to each instrument. The contents of this manual apply directly to instruments having the same serial number prefix(es) as listed under SERIAL NUMBERS on the title page.

An instrument manufactured after the printing of this manual may have a serial number prefix that is not listed on the title page. This unlisted prefix indicates that the instrument is different from those documented in this manual. The manual for this instrument is supplied with a Manual Changes supplement that contains change information that documents the differences.

Table 1-1. Specifications

Frequency range: 100 MHz to 18 GHz. Dynamic range: 20 dB (O to +20 dBm).

Range: 4 ranges of 3, 10, 30 and 100 mW full scale.

Pulse Response Direct Mode

Pulse width: 1µs to CW.

Repetition rate: 100 Hz to 100 kHz.

Compare mode

Pulse width: minimum width limited by rise time.

Repetition rate: O to 100 kHz.

Rise time: 75 ns.

Fall time: 125 ns (as measured on video output).

Environmental

Operating Temperature: $0 \text{ to } +55^{\circ}\text{C}$ Storage Temperature: $-40 \text{ to } +70^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity: Up to 95% Relative Humidity to 40°C **EMC:** Meets EN55011:1991 (Group1, Class A), and

EN50082-1:1992

Physical

Weight: 2.7 kg (6lbs) nominal.

Dimensions (height x width x depth): $165H \times 130W \times 100W$

292D (6.5 x 5.1 x 11.5 ins) nominal.

General

Supply: 100 and 120 Vac +5, -10%, 48-66 Hz and

360 - 440 Hz

220 and 240 Vac +5, -10%, 48-66 Hz **Power:** 15W, 15VA maximum. (3W typical).

Meter Accuracy ¹	cw	Pulse	Transfer Accuracy CW to Pulse ³
Direct ²	±0.2 dB	±0.35 dB	±0.2 dB
Compare	±0.2 dB	±0.25 dB	±0.1 dB

¹ Specifications only apply when used on appropriate range in combination with specifications of 8481 IA sensor.

² Does not include errors due to source harmonics.

³ Error in reading pulsed power when meter is first calibrated with a known CW level. Eliminates sensor calibration error. (Mismatch errors and oscilloscope errors are not included.)

General Information HP 89001)

Table 1-2. Supplemental Characteristics

Recorder output: 0–1 Vdc linearly proportional to the indicated power on each range. Output impedance 1 k Ω BNC connector.

Video output: provides detected input signal and reference line used in compare mode. Not linear with power. Nominal impedance 50Ω , BNC connector. Typical output voltage for 1 mW input 30 mV, dc coupled.

Scope trigger output: provides trigger signal for test oscilloscope. Typical output voltage >0.1V. Nominal impedance 50Ω , BNC connector.

1-5. DESCRIPTION

The Hewlett-Packard Model 8900D Peak Power Meter directly displays the peak power of RF pulses over a 100 MHz to 18 GHz frequency range. Measurements can be made on pulses with widths from 1 µs (100 ns in COMPARE mode) to CW, and repetition rates from 100 Hz (0 Hz in COMPARE mode) to 100 kHz. The dynamic range of the HP 8900D is 20 dB (0 to +20 dBm).

The HP 8900D has two modes of operation, DIRECT and COMPARE. In the DIRECT mode the Power Meter automatically captures and displays the peak power of the pulse. In the COMPARE mode an oscilloscope is used with the HP 8900D to measure power at any desired point on the pulse waveform.

1

1-6. ACCESSORIES SUPPLIED

The accessory supplied with the Peak Power Meter is shown in Figure 1-1. The line power cable will be supplied in one of several configurations, depending upon the country of destination for the original shipment from the factory. Refer to Power Cables in Section II of this manual.

1-7. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

To form a complete peak power measurement system, a power sensor such as the HP 84811A must be connected to the Peak Power Meter via the power sensor cable.

1.8. RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT

Table 1-3 lists the test equipment and accessories recommended to check, adjust and repair the Peak Power Meter. If substitute equipment is used it must meet the listed critical specifications.

Table 1-3. Recommended Test Equipment (1 of 2)

Instrument Type	Critical Specifications	Suggested Model	Use*
Digital Voltmeter	0.1 mV Resolution & Accuracy 10 Volt Range	HP 3455A	A
Pulse Generator	Square wave, 0.5V P-P, 1 kHz Repetition Rate Rise time 35 ns maximum	HP 8013B	A, F
Oscilloscope	100 MHz Bandwidth	HP 1740A	A, F
Power Supply	Regulation-load effect 5 mV Source effect 3 mV Range 0—1.5V minimum Periodic and Random Deviation 200 µV rms	HP 6203B	A
50Ω Potentiometer	Non-wirewound 0.25W	HP 2100-0671	A
Sweep Oscillator Mainframe	0.1—18 GHz	HP 8620C	P
RF Plug-in	0.1—18 GHz	HP 86290B/C HP 86222A	Р
Microwave Amplifier	Full band coverage to 18 GHz or Frequency of interest 200 mW output	HP 8349A	P
Dual Directional Coupler	20 dB attenuation on reflected and incident ports. 2—18 GHz frequency >26 dB directivity	HP 11692D	P
Power Meter	0.1—18 GHz, 1 mW to 100 mW	HP 436A	P
Power Sensor	0.1—18 GHz, 1 mW to 100 mW	HP 8481A	P
Coaxial Attenuator			P
Coaxial Step Attenuator	0.1-18 GHz 1 dB step, 11 dB total	HP 8494B	P
Power Splitter	Dc-18 GHz 0.5W input	HP 11667A	P
Power Sensor	0.1—18 GHz, 0.1 mW—3W 100W Peak	HP 8481H	P
Coaxial Crystal 0.1—18 GHz Detector 0.5 mV/ μ W minimum 200 mW input		HP 8470B	P

General Information Model 8900D

Table 1-3. Recommended Test Equipment (2 of 2)

Instrument Type	Critical Specifications	Suggested Model	Use*
Pulse Modulator	2—18 GHz Rise and fall time <10 ns	HP 11720A	P
System Voltmeter	0.001V resolution 1.0V full scale Settling time = $1.5 \mu s$ Delay 0.1 μs	HP 3437A	P
Type N Coaxial Short	Type N 50Ω	HP 11512A	P
Peak Power Sensor	No substitution	HP 84811A	P
Low Pass Filter	Cut-off frequency in GHz 2.8 4.4 6.8 9.5 13.0	HP 11688A HP 11689A HP 11684A HP 11685A HP 11686A	P

HP 8900D Installa

SECTION II INSTALLATION

2-1. INTRODUCTION

This section provides information about incoming inspection, selecting the input line voltage, operating environment, and information applicable to bench mounting.

2-2. INITIAL INSPECTION

Inspect the shipping container for damage. If the shipping container or cushioning material is damaged it should be kept until the contents of the shipment have been checked for completeness and the instrument has been checked mechanically and electrically. The contents of the shipment are shown in Figure 1-1 and the procedures for checking electrical performance are given in Section IV. If the contents are incomplete, if there is mechanical damage or defects, or if the instrument does not pass the electrical performance tests, notify the nearest Hewlett-Packard office. If the shipping container is damaged or the cushioning material shows signs of unusual stress, notify the carrier as well as the Hewlett-Packard office. Keep the shipping materials for the carrier's inspection.

2-3. PREPARATION FOR USE

2-4. Power Requirements



Operating Voltage Range: 100/120/220/240V

Operating Frequency Range: 48-66 and 360-440Hz at

100 and 120Vac. 48-66Hz at 220 & 240Vac

Power Dissapation: 15 VA (max)

2-5. Line Voltage and Fuse Selection

Verify that the line voltage selection card and the fuse are matched to the power source. Figure 2-1 provides instructions for line voltage selection.

CAUTION E

Before switching on this instrument, make sure that the line voltage selector PCB board is set to the voltage of the power supply and the correct fuse installed. Figure 2-1 provides instructions for line voltage selection. Ensure the power supply voltage is in the specified range.

Mains supply voltage fluctuations should not exceed +5% -10% of the nominal selected line voltage.



Appliance coupler (mains input powercord) is the power disconnect device. Do not position the instrument such that access to the coupler is impaired.

For continued protection against fire hazard, replace the line fuse only with the same type and line rating (T100mA 250V @ 100V & 120V, or T62.5mA 250V @ 220V & 240V). The use of other fuses or materials is prohibited.

If this instrument is not used as specified, the protection provided by the equipment could be impaired. This instrument must be used in a normal condition only (in which all means for protection are intact).

No operator serviceable parts inside. Refer servicing to qualified personnel. To prevent electrical shock do not remove covers.

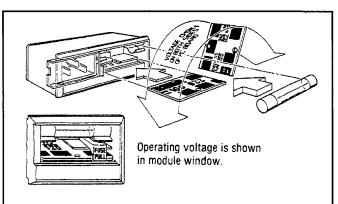


The rear panel of this instrument can become hot if operated at an ambient temperature greater than 50°C. Care should be taken to avoid contact.

2-6. Power Cables

In accordance with international safety standards, instrument is equipped with a three-wire power ca When connected to an appropriate ac power recepta this cable grounds the instrument cabinet. The type power cable shipped with each instrument depends the country of destination. Refer to Figure 2-2 or the numbers of the power cables available.

Installation HP 8900E



SELECTION OF OPERATING VOLTAGE

- Open cover door, pull the FUSE PU LL lever and rotate to left. Remove the fuse.
- Remove the Line Voltage Selection Card. Position the card so the line voltage appears at top-left corner. Push the card firmly into the slot.
- Rotate the FUSE PULL lever to its normal position. Insert a fuse of the correct value in the holder. Close the cover door.

WARNING

To avoid the possibility of hazardous electrical shock, do not operate this instrument at line voltages greater than 126.5 Vac with line frequencies greater than 66 Hz (leakage currents at these line settings may exceed 3.5 mA).

Figure 2-1. Line Voltage Selection

2-7. Interconnections

The Power Meter and a power sensor are integral parts of this measurement system. Before measurements can be performed, the Power Meter and sensor must be connected together with the power sensor cable

2-8. Mating Connectors

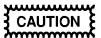
Mating connectors used with the Peak Power Mete should be one of the following:

- 1. 50 ohm type BNC male
- 2. Five pin lock-ring male

2-9. Operating Environment

This instrument is designed for Indorr use only.

The instrument may be operated at temperatures for 0°C to +55°C at altitudes up to 4600m (15,000ft). The instrument may be operated in environments up to 95% relative humidity to 40°C, but it should be protected from temperature extremes which may cause condensation.



This instrument is designed for use in Installation Category II and Pollution Degree 2 per IEC1010 and 644 respectively

2-10. Operator Maintenance

- a. Use a soft clean damp cloth to clean the front-panel and side covers.
- b. Maintenance consists of changing the fuse (Refer to paragraph 3-14) and Line switch lamp replacement.

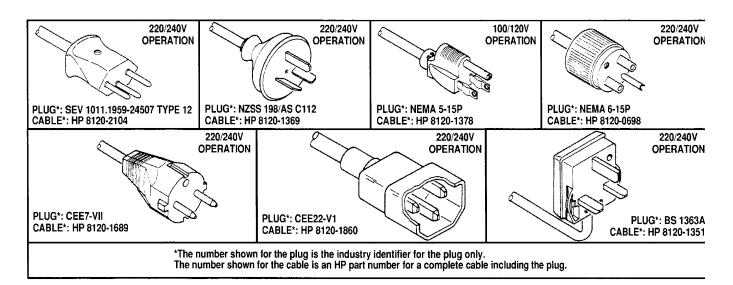


Figure 2-2. Power Cables Available

HP 8900D Installat

2-10. Bench Operation

The instrument cabinet has plastic feet and foldaway tilt stands for convenience in bench operation. The plastic feet are shaped to ensure self-aligning of the instruments when stacked. The tilt stands raise the front of the instrument for easier viewing of the control panel.

2-11. STORAGE AND SHIPMENT

2-12. Storage Environment

The instrument should be stored in a clean, dry environment. The following environmental limitations apply to both storage and shipment.

Temperature	40 to +75°C
	<95% relative humidity at 40°C
	<7600 metres (25,000 feet)

2-13. Packaging

Original Packaging. Containers and materials identical to those used in factory packaging are available through Hewlett-Packard offices. If the instrument is being returned to Hewlett-Packard for servicing, attach a blue tag (found at the back of this manual), indicating the type of service required, return address, model number, and full serial number.

Also mark the container FRAGILE to assure care handling. In any correspondence, refer to the instrum by model number and full serial number.

Other Packaging. The following general instruction should be used for re-packaging with commercial available materials:

- a. Wrap the instrument in heavy paper or plastic. (If shipping to a Hewlett-Packard office or service center, attach a blue tag indicating the type of service required, return address, model number, and full serial number.)
- b. Use a strong shipping container. A double-wall carton made of 350 pound test material is adequate.
- c. Use enough shock-absorbing material (3 to 4-inch layer) around all sides of the instrument to provide a firm cushion and prevent movement inside the container. Protect the control panel with cardboard.
- d. Seal the shipping container securely.
- e. Mark the shipping container FRAGILE to assure careful handling.

SECTION III OPERATION

3-1. INTRODUCTION

This section describes the functions of the controls and indicators of the Peak Power Meter. It describes how to set the front and rear panel controls, and covers such operator maintenance as fuses and indicator lamp replacement.

3-2. PANEL FEATURES

Front panel controls, indicators, and connectors are shown and described in Figure 3-1. Rear panel controls and connectors are shown and described in Figure 3-2.

3-3. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

Paragraph 3-17. explains how to use the Peak Power Meter.

3-4. POWER MEASUREMENT ACCURACY

A power measurement is never free from error or uncertainty. Any RF system has RF losses, mismatch losses, harmonics, mismatch uncertainty, instrumentation uncertainty and calibration uncertainty. Measurement errors as high as 50% are not only possible, they are highly likely unless the error sources are understood and, as much as possible, eliminated.

3-5. SOURCES OF ERROR AND MEASURE-MENT UNCERTAINTY

3-6. RF Losses

Some of the RF power that enters the power sensor is not dissipated in the power sensing elements. This RF loss is caused by dissipation in the center conductor of coaxial power sensors, in the dielectric of capacitors, in radiation losses and connections within the sensor diode caused by shunt conductance and junction capacitance.

3-7. Mismatch

The result of mismatched impedance between the device under test and the power sensor is that some of the power fed to the sensor is reflected before it is dissipated in the load. Mismatches affect the measurement in two ways. First, the initial reflection is simple loss and is called mismatch loss. Second, the power reflected from the sensor mismatch travels

back up the transmission line until it reaches the source. There, most of it is dissipated in the source impedance, but some of it is re-reflected by the source mismatch. The re-reflected power returns to the power sensor and adds to, or subtracts from, the incident power. For all practical purposes, the effect the re-reflected power has upon the power measurement is unpredictable. This effect is called mismatch uncertainty.

3-8. Instrumentation Uncertainty

Instrumentation uncertainty describes the ability of the metering circuits to accurately measure the dc output from the power sensor's power sensing device. In the Peak Power Meter, this error is less than ± 0.35 dB. It is important to realize, however, that a $\pm .35$ dB meter does not automatically give ± 0.35 dB overall measurement accuracy.

3-9. Specified Uncertainties

The specified uncertainties which account for part of the total power measurement uncertainty are:

a. 8900D instrumentation uncertainty

Meter Accuracy	CW	Pulse	Transfer Accuracy CW to Pulse
Direct	±0.2 dB	±0.35 dB	±0.2 dB
Compare	±0.2 dB	±0.25 dB	±0.1 dB

b. 84811A calibration uncertainty

 $(+10^{\circ} \text{ to } 40^{\circ}\text{C})$ $\pm 0.7 \text{ dB } 0.1 \text{ GHz to } 12 \text{ GHz}$ $\pm 1.0 \text{ dB } 12 \text{ GHz to } 18 \text{ GHz}$ $(0-10^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ and } 40^{\circ}-55^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ add } \pm 0.2 \text{ dB}).$

3-10. Calculating Mismatch Uncertainty

Mismatch uncertainty is the result of the source mismatch interacting with the power sensor mismatch. The magnitude of uncertainty is related to the magnitudes of the source and power sensor reflection coefficients, which can be calculated from SWR. Paragraph 3-20 shows how the calculations are made and Figure 3-3 illustrates mismatch uncertainty and total calculated uncertainty for two cases. In the first case, the power sensor's SWR is 1.5, and in the second case, the power sensor's

Calculating Mismatch Uncertainty (Cont'd)

SWR is 1.25. In both cases the source has an SWR of 2.0. The example shows the effect on power measurement accuracy a poorly matched power sensor will have as compared to one with low mismatch.

A faster, easier way to find mismatch uncertainty is to use the HP Mismatch Error (uncertainty) Limits/Reflectometer Calculator. The calculator may be obtained, on request, from your nearest Hewlett-Packard office by using HP part number 5952-0948.

The method of calculating measurement uncertainty from the uncertainty in dB is shown in Paragraph 3-21. This method would be used when the initial uncertainty calculations were made with the Mismatch Error/Reflectometer Calculator.

3-11. CORRECTIONS FOR ERROR

3-12. Correction Factor

The peak power sensor used with the Peak Power Meter has an individually calibrated correction factor table printed on its cover. To correct for sensor frequency response, simply find the power sensor's correction factor at the measurement frequency from the table that is supplied with the power sensor, and set the CORRECTION switch to this value.

3-13. Transfer Function of the Diode Current versus Input Voltage

At low levels the output current is proportional to the square of the applied voltage. At high levels the output current is directly proportional to the input voltage. Each diode varies slightly in the precise transfer function uncertainty. The Peak Power Meter's response is shaped for the average diode. The maximum error for an HP 84811A diode transfer function is ± 0.7 dB to 12 GHz; ± 1.00 dB to 18 GHz.

Transfer uncertainty can be reduced by calibrating the meter and sensor at the frequency and power of interest.

Meter and sensor are connected to an rf source of known frequency and precise power level at CW. The CORRECTION switch is then adjusted until the Peak Power Meter displays the known power level. The meter is now calibrated to measure a pulsed signal at the CW frequency and the known power level.

The transfer uncertainty from CW to pulse is <0.2 dB for the Peak Power Meter and HP 84811A peak

power sensor. The overall CW to pulse transfer uncertainty must also include the level uncertainty of the CW calibration source, the mismatch error between the sensor and CW source and the mismatch error between the sensor and pulsed rf source.

3-14. OPERATOR'S MAINTENANCE

CAUTION

Be sure to select the correct fuse rating for the selected line voltage (see LINE VOLT-AGE SELECTION in Section II and Power Line Fuse information in Table 3-1.

3-15. Power Line Fuse

The main ac line fuse is located on the rear panel next to the line power cable jack. To remove the fuse, first remove the line power cable from its jack. Slide the fuse compartment cover to the left, then pull the handle marked FUSE PULL and remove the fuse. See Table 3-1 for replacement fuse information.

Table 3-1. Power Line Fuse Information

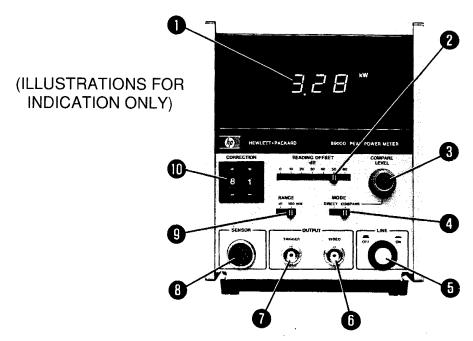
Operation	Description	HP Part Number
100-120V	T0.1A, 250V	2110-0234
200–240V	T0.062A, 250V	2110-0311

3-16. Lamp Replacement

The lamp is contained in a plastic lens which doubles for a pushbutton on the LINE switch. When the Power Meter LINE switch is ON and is being operated by the available line power, the lamp should be illuminated. If the lamp is defective, remove the lens by pulling it straight out. Order lamp (3131-0434) (CD6) and replace the old pushbutton-lamp assembly with the new one. To replace the assembly, align the pins with the notch in the receptacle and push straight in.

3-17. OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS INSTRUMENT, check that the power transformer primary is matched to the available line voltage, the correct fuse is installed and safety precautions are taken. See Power Requirement, Line Voltage Selection, Power Cables and associated warnings and cautions in Section II.



- Digital Panel Meter. Normally indicates peak rf power in mW. Power can be displayed in watts and kilowatts when the READING OFFSET is used.
- 2 READING OFFSET dB. The READING OFFSET compensates the Peak Power Meter reading for external couplers or attenuators to indicate the true power at the source. The amount of external attenuation is indicated on the slide switch.

CAUTION

The READING OFFSET does not allow the operator to read higher power levels. The maximum power level is determined by the power sensor. For additional information refer to the power sensor manual.

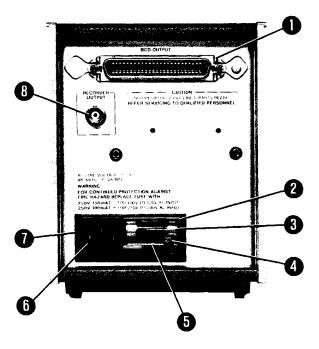
- 3 COMPARE LEVEL. When in compare mode the COM-PARE LEVEL is used to measure power at user selected points on the pulse waveform. This is accomplished by adjusting the COMPARE LEVEL which in turn moves a reference line up or down on the pulse waveform as seen on an oscilloscope.
- 4 MODE switch. Selects either DIRECT or COMPARE mode. In DIRECT mode the meter automatically displays the maximum rf power with no user adjustments and no external instruments. In COMPARE mode, the meter is disconnected from

the peak detecting circuit and instead indicates power corresponding to the position of a reference line.

- 5 LINE switch. Connects the line power to the Power Meter circuits when the LINE switch is on. The lamp contained within the LINE switch will be illuminated when the instrument is on. Both sides of the mains line goes through the switch.
- 6 VIDEO OUTPUT. Provides detected input signal and reference line used in compare mode. Not linear with power. Nominal impedance 50Ω. BNC connector. Typical output voltage for 1 mW input is 30 mV. Dc coupled.
- **TRIGGER OUTPUT.** Provides the trigger signal for the test oscilloscope. Typical output voltage >0.1V peak. Nominal impedance 50Ω . BNC connector.
- 8 SENSOR Input. Five pin lock-ring connector which serves as the input to the Power Meter from the power sensor. This connector also serves as the supply for the plus and minus five (5) volts to the sensor.
- 9 RANGE switch. Sets the range of the Power Meter to either 10 mW or 100 mW maximum range.
- of the frequency where the measurement is to be taken. The correction factor data versus frequency is found on the peak power sensor.

Figure 3-1. Front Panel Controls, Indicators and Connectors

(ILLUSTRATIONS FOR INDICATION ONLY)



BCD OUTPUT. The front panel reading is reproduced in BCD format (Binary Coded Decimal). The BCD output is useful for remote monitoring of the meter reading. The TTL level for a 1 is typically >+3.5 ±1V and a 0 is typically <+0.2 ±0.4V.

BCD Output at J5

		Bin	агу	·-
Decimal	10 ^N D	10 ^N C	10 ^N B	10 ^N A
0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1
2	0	0	1	0
3	0	0	1	1
4	0	1	0	0
5	0	1	0	1
6	0	1	1	0
7	0	1	1	1
8	1	0	0	0
9	1	0	0	1
	1	1	1	1

(Connector J5 is found on service sheet 3)

- **Window.** Safety interlock; fuse cannot be removed while power cable is connected to Power Meter.
- 3 Fuse. Refer to Table 3-1 for values.
- 4 Fuse Pull Handle. Mechanical interlock to guarantee fuse has been removed before line voltage selection card can be removed.
- 5 Line Voltage Selection Card. Matches transformer primary to available line voltage.
- 6 Receptacle. For power cable connection to available line voltage.
- Power Module Assembly.
- **B** RECORDER OUTPUT. 0—1 Vdc linearly proportional to the indicated power on each range. Output impedance 1 $k\Omega$, BNC connector.

Figure 3-2. Rear Panel Features

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS (cont'd)

WARNING

BEFORE CONNECTING LINE POWER TO THE INSTRUMENT, ensure that all devices connected to this instrument are connected to the protective (earth) ground.

BEFORE SWITCHING ON THIS IN-STRUMENT, ensure that the line power (Mains) plug is connected to a threeconductor line power outlet that has a protective (earth) ground. (Grounding one conductor of a two-conductor outlet is not sufficient.)

CAUTION

Do not twist the body of the power sensor when connecting or disconnecting it. This can cause major damage to the sensor.

3-18. Direct Mode

- 1. Connect the power sensor to the Power Meter with the power sensor cable.
- Connect the power cable to the power outlet and power module receptacles. Set the LINE switch to ON; the lamp within the switch lens should be lit.
- 3. Set the MODE switch to DIRECT.
- 4. Set the READING OFFSET to zero (0) dB or to the appropriate value to compensate for incircuit attenuation.
- 5. Set the CORRECTION switch to the value of the correction factor found on the peak power sensor for the frequency where the measurement is to be taken.

NOTE

When measuring frequencies between 100 MHz and 2 GHz, set the Correction switch to the correction factor for 2 GHz.

6. Set the RANGE switch to 100 mW.

NOTE

Set the RANGE to 10 mW when measuring 10 mW or less. A significant error will occur if the power being measured is

less than 10 mW and the RANGE is set to 100 mW.

7. Connect the power sensor to an rf source. Read the power level in mW. If external coupling or attenuation is used, set the offset to the amount of in-circuit attenuation. The Power Meter will then read the power level at the source in mW, W or kW.

CAUTION

See Operating Precautions in the power sensor Operating and Service Manual for maximum power levels which may be safely coupled to this system. Levels which exceed the limits may damage the power sensor, Power Meter, or both.

3-19. Compare Mode

- 1. Perform steps 1 and 2 as stated above under DIRECT MODE.
- 2. Set the MODE switch to COMPARE.
- 3. Set the READING OFFSET to zero (0) dB or to the appropriate value to compensate for incircuit attenuation.
- 4. Set the CORRECTION switch to the value of the correction factor found on the peak power sensor for the frequency where the measurement is to be taken.

NOTE

When measuring frequencies between 100 MHz and 2 GHz, set the Correction switch to the correction factor for 2 GHz.

5. Set the RANGE switch to 100 mW. If after a reading has been taken and the power level is less than 10 mW, change the RANGE to 10 mW to get better resolution.

NOTE

Set the RANGE to 10 mW when measuring 10 mW or less. A significant error will occur if the power being measured is less than 10 mW and the RANGE is set to 100 mW.

- 6. Connect the TRIGGER OUTPUT to the external trigger of an oscilloscope.
- 7. Connect the VIDEO OUTPUT to the vertical input of a dc coupled oscilloscope.

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Compare Mode (cont'd)

- 8. Connect the power sensor to an rf source. Read the power level in mW. If external coupling or attenuation is used, set the offset to the amount of in-circuit attenuation. The Peak Power Meter will then read the power level at the source in mW, W or kW.
- 9. Adjust the scope for a clear display of the pulse

waveform and the reference line.

10. It is now possible to measure power at any point on the pulse waveform. Adjust the COMPARE LEVEL to move the reference line, as seen on the scope, to the position on the pulse waveform that is of interest. The Power Meter will then display the power at that point.

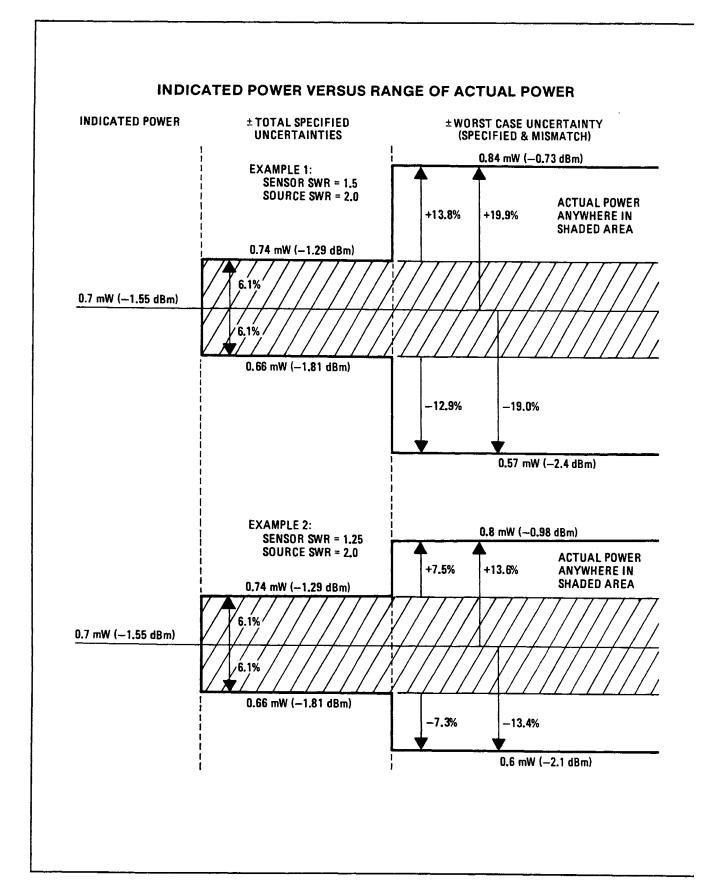


Figure 3-3. Worst Case Effects of Specified and Mismatch Uncertainties

3-20. CALCULATING MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY

1. Calculate the reflection coefficient from the given SWR.

$$\rho = \frac{\text{SWR} - 1}{\text{SWR} + 1}$$
Power Sensor #1
Power Sensor #2
Power Sensor #2
SWR = 1.5
$$\rho_1 = \frac{1.5 - 1}{1.5 + 1}$$

$$\rho_2 = \frac{1.25 - 1}{1.25 + 1}$$

$$\rho_2 = \frac{1.25 - 1}{1.25 + 1}$$

$$\rho_3 = \frac{2.0 - 1}{2.0 + 1}$$

$$\rho_4 = \frac{0.5}{2.5}$$

$$\rho_5 = \frac{1.0}{3.0}$$

$$\rho_7 = \frac{1.0}{3.0}$$

$$\rho_8 = \frac{0.25}{2.25}$$

$$\rho_8 = \frac{0.333}{3.0}$$

2. Calculate the relative power and percentage power mismatch uncertainties from the reflection coefficients. An initial reference level of 1 is assumed.

Relative Power Uncertainty

$$PU = [1 \pm (\rho_n \rho_s)]^2$$

$$PU_{1} = \left\{1 \pm \left[(0.2)(0.333)\right]\right\}^{2}$$

$$= \left\{1 \pm 0.067\right\}^{2}$$

$$= \left\{1.067\right\}^{2} \text{ and } \left\{0.933\right\}^{2}$$

$$= 1.138 \text{ and } 0.871$$

$$PU_{2} = \left\{1 \pm \left[(0.111)(0.333)\right]\right\}^{2}$$

$$= \left\{1 \pm 0.037\right\}^{2}$$

$$= \left\{1.037\right\}^{2} \text{ and } \left\{0.963\right\}^{2}$$

$$= 1.075 \text{ and } 0.927$$

Percentage Power Uncertainty

$$\%PU = (PU-1) 100\%$$
 $\%PU_1 = (1.138-1) 100\%$ and $(0.871-1) 100\%$
 $= (0.138) 100\%$ and $(-0.129) 100\%$
 $= 13.8\%$ and -12.9%
 $\%PU_2 = (1.075-1) 100\%$ and $(0.927-1) 100\%$
 $= (0.075) 100\%$ and $(-0.073) 100\%$
 $= 7.5\%$ and -7.3%

CALCULATING MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY (cont'd)

3. Calculate the Measurement Uncertainty in dB.

$$MU = 10 \left[\log_{10} \left(\frac{P_1}{P_0} \right) \right] dB$$

$$MU_1 = 10 \left[\log \left(\frac{1.138}{1} \right) \right]$$

and

$$10 \left[\log \left(\frac{0.871}{1} \right) \right]$$

and

$$= +0.56 \, dB$$

and

$$MU_2 = 10 \left[\log \left(\frac{1.075}{1} \right) \right]$$

and

$$10 \left[\log \left(\frac{0.927}{1} \right) \right]$$

and

$$= +0.31 dB$$

and

Operation Model 8900D

3-21. CALCULATING MEASUREMENT UNCERTAINTY WHEN UNCERTAINTY IN dB IS KNOWN

- 1. For this example the known values are: source SWR, 2.2 and power sensor SWR, 1.16. From the Mismatch Error Calculator the mismatch uncertainty is found to be +0.24, -0.25 dB.
- 2. Add the specified uncertainties from Figure 3-5, $(\pm 0.26 \text{ dB})$. Our total measurement uncertainty is ± 0.50 , ± 0.51 dB.
- 3. Calculate the relative measurement uncertainty from the following formula:

$$dB = 10 \log \left(\frac{P_1}{P_0}\right)$$

$$\frac{dB}{10} = \log\left(\frac{P_1}{P_0}\right)$$

$$\frac{P_1}{P_0} = \log^{-1} \left(\frac{dB}{10} \right)$$

MU =
$$P_1$$
 = $\log^{-1} \left(\frac{dB}{10} \right)$
= $\log^{-1} \left(\frac{0.50}{10} \right)$ = $\log^{-1} \left(\frac{-0.51}{10} \right)$
= 1.122 = 0.889

4. Calculate the percentage Measurement Uncertainty.

%MU =
$$(P_1 - P_0) 100$$

= $(1.122 - 1) 100$ = $(0.889 - 1) 100$
= $+12.2\%$ = -11.1%

SECTION IV PERFORMANCE TESTS

WARNINGS

Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnecting the protective earth terminal will cause a potential shock hazard that could result in personal injury. (Grounding one conductor of a two conductor outlet is not sufficient protection). In addition, verify that a common ground exists between the unit under test and this instrument prior to energizing either unit.

Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impared, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

If this instrument is to be energized via an auto-transformer (for voltage reduction), make sure the common terminal is connected to neutral (that is, the grounded side of the mains supply).

Servicing instructions are for use by servicetrained personnel only. To avoid dangerous electric shock, do not perform any servicing unless qualified to do so.

For continued protection against fire hazard, replace the line fuse(s) only with 250V fuse(s) of the same current rating and type (for example, normal blow, time delay, etc.). Do not use repaired fuses or short circuited fuseholders.

4-1. INTRODUCTION

The procedures in this section test the electrical performance of the Peak Power Meter using the specifications of Table 1-1 as performance standards. All tests can be performed without access to the interior of the instrument. A simpler operational test is included in Section III under Operator's Checks.

4-2. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

Equipment required for the performance tests is listed in Table 1-3, Recommended Test Equipment. Any equipment that satisfies the critical specifications given in the table may be substituted for the recommended model(s).

4-3. TEST RECORD

Results of the performance tests may be tabulated on the Test Record at the end of the test procedures. The Test Record lists all of the tested specifications and their acceptable limits. Test results recorded at incoming inspection can be used for comparison in periodic maintenance, troubleshooting and after repairs or adjustments.

4-4. PERFORMANCE TESTS

The performance tests given in this section are suitable for incoming inspection, troubleshooting or preventive maintenance. During any performance test, all shields and connecting hardware must be in place. Perform the tests in the order given and record the data on the test card and/or in the data spaces provided at the end of each procedure.

NOTE

The Peak Power Meter must have a half-hour warmup and the line voltage must be within +5%, -10% of nominal if the performance tests are to be considered valid.

Each test is arranged so that the specification is written as it appears in Table 1-1. Next, a description of the test and any special instructions or problem areas are included. Each test that requires test equipment has a setup drawing and a list of the required equipment. The initial steps of each procedure give control settings required for that particular test.

PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-5. PEAK POWER SENSOR PERFORMANCE TEST (Return Loss)

SPECIFICATION SWR: 100 MHz to 12 GHz < 1.5 12 GHz to 18 GHz < 2.0

DESCRIPTION

To verify SWR specifications a Return Loss Test is performed. The Return Loss Test may be run without the Peak Power Sensor being connected to the Peak Power Meter. A microwave source is connected by appropriate attenuation to a dual directional coupler. The Peak Power Sensor is connected to the test port of the directional coupler. The incident and reflected ports of the directional coupler are connected to power meters. From the power measurements made on the incident and reflected ports, Return Loss can be calculated.

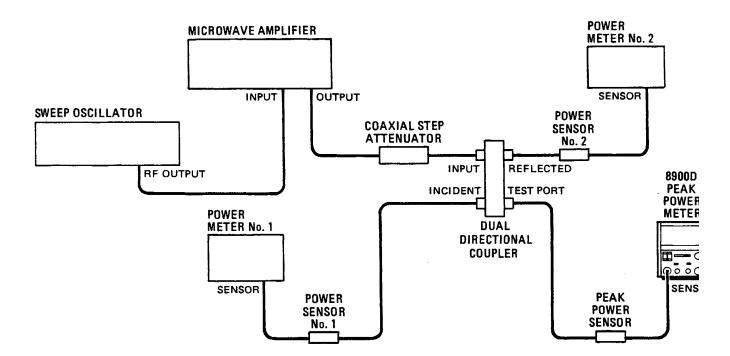


Figure 4-1. Peak Power Sensor Performance Test (Return Loss)

EQUIPMENT	Sweep Oscillator Mainframe	
	Microwave Amplifier	
	Coaxial Step Attenuator (1 dB/step)	
	Dual Directional Coupler	HP 11692D
	Power Meter (2 required)	HP 436A
	Power Sensor (2 required)	HP 8481A
	Coaxial Attenuator (10 dB)	HP 8491B Opt. 010
	Type N Coaxial Short	HP 11512A
	Type N Coaxial Open	
	(made from the following parts):	HP 1250-0196 Body,
		HP 1250-0016 Snap Ring,
		HP 1250-0198 Nut

PERFORMANCE TESTS

4.5 PEAK POWER SENSOR PERFORMANCE TEST (Return Loss) (cont'd)

NOTES

Use the appropriate microwave amplifier depending on the frequency of interest.

The type N coaxial open is required only for measurements above 10~GHz.

PROCEDURE:

- 1. Set the coaxial step attenuator to 11 dB of attenuation. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-1. Allow at least one half hour for the equipment to warm up. Then before doing the performance test, be sure the test port output of the coupler is less than 100 mW.
- 2. Set the sweep oscillator to CW, and set to the frequency of interest. Make sure that the microwave amplifier is compatible with the frequency of the sweep oscillator.

Frequency	of interest	
-----------	-------------	-------------

3. Using the 10 dB coaxial attenuator connected to the test port of the dual directional coupler, measure the power output with power meter #2. Adjust the sweep oscillator and/or the microwave amplifier for +10 dBm at the attenuator output. Read and record the power level of power meter #1. This value is the incident wave reference level. Remove the attenuator and connect power meter #2 to the reflected port of the dual directional coupler.

Power 1	Meter #	l (Incident	Wave	Reference	Level)	
---------	---------	-------------	------	-----------	--------	--

4. Terminate the test port of the dual directional coupler with a type N open constructed from the parts listed in the equipment list. It is not necessary to use this non-radiating open if operating below 10 GHz. Readjust the source so that the reading on power meter #1 is equal to the incident wave reference level measured in step #3. Measure and record the power level using power meter #2, at the reflected port.

Power	Meter	#2	(refl	ected	port)
-------	-------	----	-------	-------	------	---

5. Terminate the test port with a type N coaxial short. Readjust the source so that the reading on power meter #1 is equal to the incident wave reference level measured in step #3. Measure and record the power level at the reflected port as in the previous step.

Power Meter #2	(reflected	port)	
----------------	------------	-------	--

6. Compute the average power measured on power meter #2 in steps 4 and 5 above. This value is the return loss reference.

Return loss reference	
-----------------------	--

- 7. Connect the Peak Power Sensor and Peak Power Meter to the test port. Using power meter #1, monitor the power level at the incident port and adjust to the same level as in step 3 if necessary.
- 8. Read and record the power level indicated on power meter #2.

Power M	1eter	#2		
---------	-------	----	--	--

Error _____ d

PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-5. PEAK POWER SENSOR PERFORMANCE TEST (Return Loss) (cont'd)

(or < 1.5 SWR).

9. Determine and record the maximum error of the test system using the following data:

Test Frequency	Error
100 MHz to 8 GHz	1.5 dB
8 GHz to 12 GHz	2.1 dB
12 GHz to 18 GHz	1.4 dB

10. Compute the return loss for D.U.T. using the following formula.

(Power Meter #2 reading — step 8)
- (Return Loss Reference - step 6)
+ (Maximum Error of test system — Step 9)
Return Loss of D.U.T.

For frequencies between 100 MHz and 12 GHz return loss for D.U.T. must be > 14 d

For frequencies between 12 GHz and 18 GHz the return loss for D.U.T. must be > 9.55 d (or < 2.0 SWR).

PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-6. PEAK POWER MEASUREMENT SYSTEM PERFORMANCE TESTS

SPECIFICATIONS: Meter accuracy, CW: ±0.2 dB

Sensor accuracy: ±0.7 dB 0.1 to 12 GHz

±1.0 dB 12 GHz to 18 GHz

Rise time: 75 ns Fall time: 125 ns Pulse response

Pulse width: 1 µs to CW

Repetition rate: 100 Hz to 100 kHz

Transfer accuracy CW to Pulse: ±0.2 dB

DESCRIPTION:

The Peak Power Meter is tested for accuracy using a CW microwave signal and comparing the result against the power measured by a known calibrated power meter.

Pulsed rf accuracy is measured by monitoring the value of the detected voltage of a high duty cycle signal, and measuring the peak power. The duty cycle is then reduced to a very low value. Next, readjusting the power level to obtain the same value of detected voltage assures that the peak power level is the same as with the high duty cycle. The power level is then read on the Peak Power Meter and compared with the reading obtained on the high duty cycle pulse.

Rise and fall times of the detected pulse are checked by monitoring these parameters with an oscilloscope.

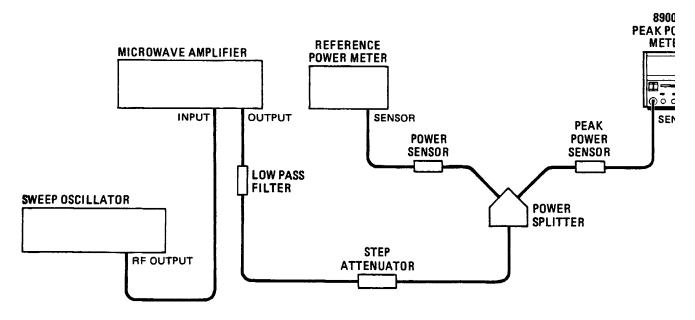


Figure 4-2. CW Power Measurement Accuracy

PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-6. PEAK POWER MEASUREMENT SYSTEM PERFORMANCE TESTS (cont'd)

EQUIPMENT:	Sweep Oscillator Mainframe	HP 8620C
	RF Plug-in	HP 86290A

Microwave Amplifier HP 86290B/C, HP 86222A

 Coaxial Step Attenuator (1 dB/step)
 HP 8349A

 Power Splitter
 HP 11667A

 Power Meter
 HP 436A

 Power Sensor
 HP 8481H

Coaxial Attenuator (10 dB) HP 8491B Opt. 010

Coaxial Crystal DetectorHP 8470BPulse GeneratorHP 8013BPulse ModulatorHP 11720AOscilloscopeHP 1740ASystem VoltmeterHP 3437APeak Power SensorHP 84811A

Low Pass Filter HP 11688A, 11689A, 11684A,

11685A, 11686A

NOTE

Use the appropriate microwave amplifier(s) depending on the frequency of interest.

PROCEDURE:

CW POWER ACCURACY, DIRECT MODE

- 1. Set up the equipment as shown in figure 4-2.
- 2. Set the CORRECTION switch on the Peak Power Meter to the value specified on the peak power sensor for the frequency of interest.
- 3. Set the Peak Power Meter to the 10 mW RANGE.
- 4. Set the attenuator to maximum attenuation (11 dB).
- 5. Turn on all equipment and allow at least one half hour warmup period.
- 6. Calibrate the reference power meter, and set it to read in dBm.
- 7. Adjust the signal source power output for a reading of 1 mW on the Peak Power Meter. Read the reference power meter. Repeat the above measurement at 5, 10, 50, and 100 mW. Adjust the RANGE of the Peak Power Meter so that the display does not overrange for each power setting. The power meter should read as follows:

The meter accuracy at CW is ± 0.2 dB.

The sensor has an accuracy of ± 0.7 dB, 0.1 to 12 GHz, and ± 1.0 dB, 12 GHz to 18 GHz. By adding the two accuracy specifications the test specification is arrived at.

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11

PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-6. PEAK POWER MEASUREMENT SYSTEM PERFORMANCE TESTS (cont'd)

Frequency	Peak Power Meter Reading	Reference Power Meter Reading	Test Specifications
0.1—12 GHz	1 mW 5 mW 10 mW 50 mW 100 mW		0 dBm ±0.9 dE 7 dBm ±0.9 dE 10 dBm ±0.9 dB 17 dBm ±0.9 dB 20 dBm ±0.9 dB
12 to 18 GHz	1 mW 5 mW 10 mW 50 mW 100 mW		0 dBm ±1.2 dB 7 dBm ±1.2 dB 10 dBm ±1.2 dB 17 dBm ±1.2 dB 20 dBm ±1.2 dB

CW POWER ACCURACY, COMPARE MODE

1. Keeping the same test setup as above, connect the VIDEO output from the Peak Power Meter to the oscilloscope's A channel. Set the oscilloscope to 10 ms/div and 0.05 volts/div. Set the signal level for a full scale reading on the Peak Power Meter of 10 mW. Set the Peak Power Meter to COMPARE mode. Adjust the COMPARE LEVEL control so the two lines shown on the oscilloscope converge to form one line. The display on the Peak Power Meter should be within +4.7% or -4.5% of the reading in DIRECT mode.

Reading Direct	Reading Compare	Specification
10 mW		+9.55 to +10.47 mW

2. Repeat the procedure using 100 mW.

Reading Direct	Reading Compare	Specification
100 mW		+95.5 to +104.7 mW

Performance Tests Model 8900D

PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-6. PEAK POWER MEASUREMENT SYSTEM PERFORMANCE TESTS (cont'd)

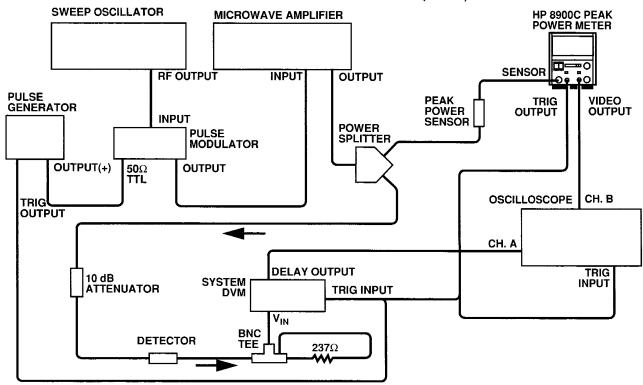


Figure 4-3. Peak Power Measurement Accuracy

VIDEO PULSE RISE/FALL TIME

- 1. Reconfigure the test setup as in Figure 4-3. Set the step attenuator to maximum attenuation. Set the pulse generator for 10 μ s pulsewidth, and 1 kHz repetition rate. Set the Peak Power Meter to DIRECT mode. Adjust the frequency slightly to obtain the sharpest looking square wave on the oscilloscope. This adjustment will compensate for mismatch and standing waves.
- 2. Measure the rise and fall times of the video output pulse between the 10 and 90% points. The rise time should be less than 75 ns, and the fall time should be less than 125 ns.

Rise _____ < 75 ns Fall _____ < 125 ns

PULSE POWER ACCURACY

1. Reconfigure the test setup as shown in Figure 4-3. Adjust the pulse generator for a +5 volt pk output, 100 Hz repetition rate and 1 μs pulse width. Adjust the sweep oscillator for 6 GHz, or the frequency of interest. Adjust the signal source for an indicated power level of 100 mW on the Peak Power Meter. Set the oscilloscope to 10 ms/div, channel A (video out) to 0.5 V/div and channel B (delay out) to 5 V/div. Set the oscilloscope's trigger to external and positive, and set the display mode to chop. The pulse modulator should be set to normal, 50Ω TTL. Set the system voltmeter to external trigger, 1 volt range and delay equal to 0.000002 seconds. Adjust the sweep oscillator frequency slightly to obtain the squarest pulse with no overshoot.

PERFORMANCE TESTS

4-6. PEAK POWER

ER MEASUF	REMENT SY	STEM PERFORM	IANCE TESTS	(cont'd)
to 95% duty	cycle (95% is	rator for approxim an approximation wer of 100 mW on	n of CW). Readju	se width. This corresponds st the signal source output Meter.
3. Vary th	e delay of the the peak neg	e pulse generator w ative value.	hile monitoring	the system voltmeter. Note
			Peak Ne	egative Value
4. Change to minimum waveform.	e the oscillose n, and set th	cope sweep speed t e pulse width to 1	o 0.5 μs/div. Rec μs wide at the 9	duce pulse generator delay 90% points on the detected
set to peak system vol	negative val meter is equa nce between t	ue. Adjust the sign al to that of step 3.	nal source output Note the reading	the system voltmeter, and t so that the reading of the g of the Peak Power Meter p 2 should be within +4.7%,
				Specification
(Step 2) - (Step 5)=	+95.5 to +104.7 mW
power split	ter and the co	el to 10 mW. Remo paxial detector. Re ations apply.	ove the 10 dB att peat steps 2 thro	enuator from between the ugh 5 using the new power
			Peak Ne	egative Value
				Specification
(Step 2) - (Step 5)=	+9.55 to +10.47 mW
				sor and the power splitter

This reduces the power to the peak power sensor to 1 mW. Repeat steps 2 through 5 using the 1 mW power level. The same specifications apply.

		Peak Negative Value	
			Specification
(Step 2	_) - (Step 5)=	+.955 to +1.047 mW

Performance Tests Model 8900D

Table 4-1. Performance Test Record (1 of 2)

Mod	elett-Packard Company el 8900D c Power Meter	Tested By				
Seria	al Number	Date				
Para	Test Description	Results				
No.	·	Min	Actual	Max		
4-5.	PEAK POWER SENSOR PERFORMANCE TEST (Return Loss) Step 2 Frequency of interest					
	Step 3 Power Meter #1 (Incident Wave Reference Level)					
	Step 4 Power Meter #2 (Reflected port)					
	Step 5 Power Meter #2 (Reflected port)					
	Step 6 Return Loss Reference					
	Step 8 Power Meter #2					
	Step 9 ErrordB					
	Step 10 Return Loss of D.U.T.	14 dB (100 MHz to 12 GHz) 9.55 dB (12 GHz to 18 GHz)				

Table 4-1. Performance Test Record (2 of 2)

04		Table 4-1. Performance T	T	Results	
Sect. No.	l est Description		Min	Actual	Max
4-6.				Actual	Wax
	Frequency	Peak Power Meter Reading			
	0.1 to 12 GHz	1 mW	-0.9 dBm	dBm	+0.9 dB
		5 mW	+6.1 dBm	dBm	+7.9 dB
		$10~\mathrm{mW}$	+9.1 dBm	dBm	+10.9 dB
		50 mW	+16.1 dBm	dBm	+17.9 dB
		100 mW	+19.1 dBm	dBm	+20.9 dB
	12 GHz to 18 GHz	1 mW	-1.2 dBm	dBm	+1.2 dB
		5 mW	+5.8 dBm	dBm	+8.2 dB
		10 mW	+8.8 dBm	dBm	+11.2 dB
		50 mW	+15.8 dBm	dBm	+18.2 dB
		100 mW	+18.8 dBm	dBm	+21.2 dB
	CW Power Accuracy, Com	pare Mode			
	Step 1	Reading, Direct 10 mW	+9.55 mW	mW	+10.47 m
	Step 2	Reading, Direct 100 mW	+95.5 mW	mW	+104.7 m
	Video Pulse Rise/Fall Tim	8			
	Step 2	Rise time		ns	75 ns
	•	Fall time		ns	125 ns
	Pulse Power Accuracy 100 mW Step 3				
	Peak Nega	tive Value			
	Step 5				
	(Step 2) -	(Step 5) =	+95.5 mW	mW	+104.7 m
	10 mW Step 6				
	_	tive Value			
	(Step 2) -	(Step 5) =	+9.55 mW	mW	+10.47 m
	1 mW Step 7				
		tive Value	1		
ļ	(Step 2) -	(Step 5) =	+0.955 mW	mW	+1.047 mV

SECTION V ADJUSTMENTS

WARNINGS

Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnecting the protective earth terminal will cause a potential shock hazard that could result in personal injury. (Grounding one conductor of a two conductor outlet is not sufficient protection). In addition, verify that a common ground exists between the unit under test and this instrument prior to energizing either unit.

Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impared, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

If this instrument is to be energized via an auto-transformer (for voltage reduction), make sure the common terminal is connected to neutral (that is, the grounded side of the mains supply).

Servicing instructions are for use by servicetrained personnel only. To avoid dangerous electric shock, do not perform any servicing unless qualified to do so.

Adjustments described in the manual are performed with power supplied to the instrument while protective covers are removed. Energy available at many points may, if contacted, result in personal injury.

Capacitors inside the instrument may still be charged even if the instrument has been disconnected from its source of supply.

For continued protection against fire hazard, replace the line fuse(s) only with 250V fuse(s) of the same current rating and type (for example, normal blow, time delay, etc.). Do not use repaired fuses or short circuited fuseholders.

5-1. INTRODUCTION

This section describes the adjustments which will return the Peak Power Meter to peak operating condition. The adjustments are to be performed whenever performance test results are out of tolerance. This may occur over a period of time because of aging of components within the instrument or because of repair or replacement of certain components, parts or assemblies. Information is provided in this section about the equipment required to perform the tests.

An adjustment procedure includes reference to service sheets where the adjustable components are shown, a description of the test including any problem areas or special instructions, a test equipment setup diagram (if necessary), test equipment recommended for the test, and a step-by-step procedure for performing the adjustments. Removal and installation procedures are presented in Section 8. Adjustment locations are shown in photographs on Service Sheets 1, 2 and 3.

The following general information applies to all adjustments unless otherwise indicated.

- a. Half hour warm-up period is required.
- b. Prior to any adjustment, check power supply voltages as indicated on the troubleshooting block diagram.

5-2. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

The test equipment required for the adjustment procedures is listed in Table 1-3, Recommended Test Equipment. The critical specifications of substitute test instruments must meet or exceed the standards listed in the table if the performance of the Peak Power Meter is to meet the standards set forth in Table 1-1, Specifications.

ADJUSTMENTS

5-3. PEAK POWER METER ADJUSTMENTS

Reference

Service Sheets 1, 2 and 3.

Description

The power supply voltages are set first because they affect all other adjustments. The Zero Offset, 8X Offset and Video Offset adjustments are set next. These adjustments are all accomplished by monitoring the appropriate test point with a digital voltmeter and adjusting the corresponding potentiometer. The Digital Panel Meter adjustment is made by comparing the displayed Peak Power Meter reading with the value shown on the digital voltmeter. The Gain adjustment is made by supplying a known input and adjusting the 8X G potentiometer for the proper voltage.

Equipment

Digital Voltmeter	HP 3455A
Pulse Generator	HP 8013B
Oscilloscope	HP 1740A
DC Power Supply	HP 6203B
50 Ohm Variable Resistor	

Procedure

POWER SUPPLY ADJUSTMENTS

- 1. Turn all equipment on and allow at least one half hour warmup period. Remove top and side covers from the Peak Power Meter.
- 2. Connect the digital voltmeter between the GND and -5.4V testpoint on the A3 motherboard assembly. Check for a reading of -5.40 ± 0.01 Vdc. If necessary, adjust the -5.4V potentiometer on the A3 assembly to obtain this value.
- 3. Connect the digital voltmeter probe to the +5.2V testpoint on the A3 motherboard assembly. Check for a reading of $+5.20 \pm 0.01$ Vdc. If necessary, adjust the +5.2V potentiometer on the A3 assembly to obtain this value. Do not adjust either power supply if the voltage is within limits as this will affect all other adjustments.

OFFSET ADJUSTMENTS

- 1. On the Peak Power Meter, set the CORRECTION control to 50, the MODE switch to DIRECT, and the RANGE switch to 100 mW. Connect a jumper wire between the terminal with the green wire on the CORRECTION control and chassis ground.
- 2. Connect the digital voltmeter probe to PK DET, testpoint A3TP10. Adjust OFS, on the A3 assembly, for a voltmeter reading of 0.0000 ±0.0001 Vdc.
- 3. Connect the digital voltmeter probe to 8X OUT, testpoint A3TP11. Adjust 8X OFS, on the A3 assembly, for a voltmeter reading of 0.0000 ± 0.0005 Vdc.
- 4. Connect the digital voltmeter to the VIDEO OUTPUT on the front panel. Adjust V OFS, on the A3 assembly, for a voltmeter reading of 0.0000 ± 0.0005 Vdc. Disconnect the jumper wire between the CORRECTION control and chassis ground.

CORRECTION CONTROL ADJUSTMENT

1. Connect a 50 ohm potentiometer in series with the negative output of the dc power supply. Adjust the dc power supply and the variable resistor for an output of -0.5562 ± 0.0005 Vdc when applied to the terminal with the green wire on the CORRECTION control.

ADJUSTMENTS

5-3. PEAK POWER METER ADJUSTMENTS (cont'd)

2. Set the CORRECTION control to 50. Connect the digital voltmeter to PI, A3TP7. The voltmeter should read -0.4164 ± 0.0047 Vdc. Set the CORRECTION control to 0. The voltmeter should now read between -0.2747 and -0.2840 Vdc. Since the instrument is more often used with the CORRECTION set to between 20 and 80 than to zero, it is preferable to have the adjustment at 50 be closer to nominal value than at zero. Adjust COR, on the A1 assembly, with the CORRECTION control set to 50, for the optimum value of -0.4164 Vdc. Check to be sure that the limits at zero are still being met.

GAIN AND OFFSET ADJUSTMENTS

- 1. With the CORRECTION control set to 50 and -.5562 volts applied to the green wire on the CORRECTION control, connect the digital voltmeter to 8X OUT, A3TP11. Adjust 8X G, on the A3 assembly, for a voltmeter reading of 3.000 ± 0.002 Vdc.
- 2. Set the MODE switch to DIRECT, the CORRECTION control to 50, and the RANGE switch to 100 mW. Connect the digital voltmeter to the rear panel RECORDER OUTPUT. Adjust the dc power supply so that the voltmeter reads 1.000 ± 0.001 Vdc. Set the Meter Adjust potentiometer, on the M1A2 assembly, so that the Peak Power Meter display reads 100 mW.
- 3. Set the dc power supply output to -0.0357 ± 0.0002 Vdc. Set the RANGE to 10 mW. Adjust the 10 OFS, on the A2 assembly, for a display of 1.00 ± 0.01 mW on the Peak Power Meter.
- 4. Set the dc power supply output to -0.1605 ± 0.0002 Vdc. Set the Peak Power Meter to 10 mW RANGE. Adjust the 10 mW GAIN, on the A2 assembly, for a Peak Power Meter display of 10.00 ± 0.01 mW. Repeat steps 3 and 4 as these steps are interactive.
- 5. Set the RANGE switch to 100 mW. Adjust the 100 OFS, on the A2 assembly, for a reading of 10.00 ± 0.01 mW.

COMPARE MODE ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Adjust the dc power supply to give exactly 100 mW indication on the Peak Power Meter. Connect the VIDEO OUTPUT to channel A of the oscilloscope. Connect the TRIGGER OUTPUT to the external trigger of the oscilloscope. Set the oscilloscope controls to 10 ms/div, and 0.05 V/div.
- 2. Set the MODE switch to COMPARE. Adjust the COMPARE LEVEL control so the two traces as displayed on the oscilloscope converge as one. Adjust COMP, on the A3 assembly, for a reading of 100 mW on the Peak Power Meter. It may be necessary to adjust the vertical position control on the oscilloscope to keep the trace in view. Disconnect the dc power supply from the green wire on the CORRECTION switch.

VIDEO OUTPUT PULSE ADJUSTMENT

Set the pulse generator to square wave, approximately 0.5V peak to peak, and $1~\rm kHz$ repetition rate. (These pulse generator settings are approximate.) Connect the pulse generator output to the green wire terminal on the CORRECTION control. Set the oscilloscope controls to $0.2~\rm volts$ per cm and $1~\mu s$ per cm. Connect the oscilloscope channel A to the VIDEO OUTPUT. Adjust V PLS, on the A3 assembly, for the sharpest square wave as viewed on the oscilloscope. It may be necessary to adjust the oscilloscope vertical position control to keep the trace in view.

Model 8900D Replaceable Parts

SECTION VI REPLACEABLE PARTS

6-1. INTRODUCTION

This section contains information for ordering replacement parts for the Peak Power Meter. Table 6-1 lists abbreviations used in the parts list and throughout the manual. Table 6-2 lists all replaceable parts in reference designator order. Table 6-3 contains the names and addresses that correspond to the manufacturer's code numbers.

6-2. ABBREVIATIONS

Table 6-1 lists abbreviations used in the parts list, schematics, and throughout the manual. In some cases, two forms of the abbreviation are used, one all in capital letters, and one partial or no capitals. This occurs because the abbreviations in the parts list are always all capitals. However, in the schematics and other parts of the manual, other abbreviation forms are used with both lower case and upper case letters.

6-3. REPLACEABLE PARTS LIST

Table 6-2 is the list of replaceable parts and is organized as follows:

- a. Electrical assemblies and their components in alphanumeric order by reference designation.
- b. Chassis-mounted parts in alphanumeric order by reference designation.
 - c. Mechanical parts.
 - d. Illustrated parts breakdown.

The information given for each part consists of the following:

- a. The Hewlett-Packard part number.
- b. Part number check digit (CD).
- c. Total quantity (Qty) used in the instrument.
- d. Part description.
- e. Five-digit code that represents a typical manufacturer.

f. Manufacturer's part number.

NOTE

The total quantity for each part is given only once, that is, at the first occurrence of the part number in the list. The total quantities for optional assemblies are totalled by assembly and not integrated into the standard list.

6-4. ORDERING INSTRUCTION

To order a part listed in the replaceable parts table, include the Hewlett-Packard part number (with the check digit), and the quantity required. Address the order to the nearest Hewlett-Packard office. The check digit will ensure accurate and timely processing of your order.

To order a part that is not listed in the replaceable parts table, include the instrument model number, instrument serial number, description and function of the part, and the number of parts required. Address the order to the nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

NOTE

Within the USA, it is better to order directly from the HP Parts Center in Mountain View, California. Ask your nearest HP office for information and forms for the "Direct Mail Order System".

6-5. PARTS PROVISIONING

Stocking spare parts for an instrument is often done to insure quick return to service after a malfunction occurs. Hewlett-Packard has a "Spare Parts Kit" available for this purpose. The kit consists of selected replaceable assemblies and components for this instrument. The contents of the kit and the "Recommended Spares" list are based on failure reports and repair data, and parts support for one year. A complimentary "Recommended Spares" list for this instrument may be obtained on request, and the "Spare Parts Kit" may be ordered through your nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

Table 6-1. Reference Designations and Abbreviations (1 of 2)

REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS

A assembly
AT attenuator: isolator:
termination
·
B fan; motor
BT battery
C capacitor
CP coupler
CR diode; diode
thyristor; varactor
DC directional coupler
Phy 1.1
DL delay line
DS annunciator;
Annual Street Annual Co.
signaling device
4 1/1. 4
(audible or visual);
lamp; LED

E miscellaneous
electrical part
F fuse
FL filter
H hardware
HY circulator
J electrical connector
(stationary portion) jack
K relay
L coil; inductor
M meter
MP miscellaneous
mechanical part

Ρ.	electrical connector (movable portion);
Q.	plug transistor: SCR
	triode thyristor
R.	resisto:
RT	thermisto:
S.	switch
Т.	transforme
тв	terminal board
TC	thermocouple
TP	

U integrated circuit; microcircuit
V electron tube
VR voltage regulator;
breakdown diode
W cable; transmission
path; wire
X socket
Y crystal unit (piezo-
electric or quartz)
Z tuned cavity; tuned
circuit

ABBREVIATIONS

A ampere
A ampere ac alternating current
ACCESS accessory
ACCESS accessory ADJ adjustment
ADJ adjustment
A/D analog-to-digital
AF audio frequency
A/D analog-to-digital AF audio frequency AFC automatic
frequency control
AGC automatic gain
control
AL aluminum
ALC automatic level
control
A M compliands module
AM amplitude modula-
tion
AMPL amplifier
APC automatic phase
control
ASSY assembly
ASSY assembly AUX auxiliary
avg average
AWG American wire
douga
DAT halaman
gauge BAL balance BCD binary coded
BCD binary coded
decimal BD board BE CU beryllium
BD board
BECU beryllium
copper
BFO beat frequency
oscillator
BH binder head
BKDN breakdown
BP breakdown
BPF bandpass filter
BRS brass
BWO backward-wave
oscillator
CAL calibrate
ccw counter-clockwise
CER ceramic
CHAN channel
cm centimeter
CMO cabinet mount only
COAY
COAX coaxial

COEF coefficient
COM common
COMP composition
COMPL complete
COMPL complete CONN connector
CP cadmium plate
CRT cathode-ray tube
CTL complementary
transistor logic
CW continuous wave
ow commuous wave
cw clockwise cm centimeter
D/A distaltante
D/A digital-to-analog
dB decibel dBm decibel referred
dBm decibel referred
to 1 mW
dc direct current
deg degree (temperature
interval or differ-
o ence)
ence) degree (plane
C degree Celsius
(time-d-)
oF degree Fahrenheit K degree Kelvin
K degree Kelvin
DEPC deposited carbon
DET detector
DET detector diam diameter
DIA diameter (used in
parts list)
DIFF AMPL differential
amplifier
div division
DPDT double-pole,
double-throw
DD duine
DR drive
DSB double sideband
DSB double sideband DTL diode transistor
DSB double sideband DTL diode transistor logic
DSB double sideband DTL diode transistor logic DVM digital voltmeter
DSB double sideband DTL diode transistor logic DVM digital voltmeter ECL emitter coupled
DSB double sideband DTL diode transistor logic DVM digital voltmeter ECL emitter coupled logic
DSB double sideband DTL diode transistor logic DVM digital voltmeter ECL emitter coupled

EDP electronic data
processing ELECT electrolytic
ELECT electrolytic
ELECT electrolytic ENCAP encapsulated
EXT external
r
FET field-effect
transistor
F/F flin-flon
transistor F/F flip-flop FH flat head
FIL H fillister head
FM . frequency modulation
FP front panel FREQ frequency
FXD fixed
g gram GE germanium
GHz gigahertz
GL glass
GRD ground(ed)
H henry
h hour
HET heterodyne
HEX hexagonal
HD head
HDW hardware
HF high frequency
HG mercury
HIhigh
HP Hewlett-Packard
HPF high pass filter
HR hour (used in
parts list)
HV high voltage
Hz Hertz
IC integrated circuit
ID inside diameter
IF intermediate
frequency
IMPG impregnated
in inch
INCD incandescent
INCL include(s)
INP input
INS insulation

INT internal
kg kilogram
kHz kilohertz
$\begin{array}{ccc} k\Omega & & & \text{kilohm} \\ kV & & & \text{kilovolt} \\ \text{lb} & & & \text{pound} \end{array}$
kV kilovolt
lb pound
to pound
LC inductance-
capacitance
LED light-emitting diode
LF low frequency
LF low frequency
LG long LH left hand
LH left hand
LIM limit
LIN linear taner (used
Dir Micai taper (useu
in parts list)
lin linear
lin linear LK WASH lock washer
LO low; local oscillator
TOC IOW, IOCAL OSCINATOR
LOG logarithmic taper
(used in parts list)
log logrithm(ic)
log logrithm(ie) LPF low pass filter
LV low voltage
LV low voltage
m meter (distance)
mA milliampere
MAX maximum
$M\Omega$ megohm
MEG meg (10 ⁶) (used
in parts list)
MET FLM metal film
MET OX metallic oxide
MF medium frequency;
microfarad (used in
parts list)
MFR manufacturer
mg milligram
MHz megahertz
mH millihenry
mho mho
MIN minimum
min minute (time)' minute (plane
' minute (plane
angle)
angle) MINAT miniature mm millimeter
mm mimmeter

NOTE

All abbreviations in the parts list will be in upper-case.

Table 6-1. Reference Designations and Abbreviations (2 of 2)

MOD modulator	00	******	
MOM momentary	OD outside diameter	PWV peak working	TD time delay
MOS metal-oxide	OH oval head	voltage	TERM terminal
semiconductor	OP AMPL operational	RC resistance-	TFT thin-film transistor
ms millisecond	amplifier	capacitance	TGL toggle
MTG mounting	OPT option	RECT rectifier	THD thread
MTR meter (indicating	OSC oscillator	REF reference	THRU through
device)	OX oxide	REG regulated	TI titanium
	oz ounce	REPL replaceable	TOL tolerance
mV millivolt	Ω ohm	RF radio frequency	TRIM trimmer
mVac millivolt, ac	P peak (used in parts	RFI radio frequency	TSTR transistor
mVdc millivolt, dc	list)	interference	TTL transistor-transistor
mVpk millivolt, peak	PAM pulse-amplitude	RH round head; right	logic
mVp-p millivolt, peak-	modulation	hand	TV television
to-peak	PC printed circuit	RLC resistance-	TVI television interference
mVrms millivolt, rms	PCM pulse-code modula-	inductance-	TWT traveling wave tube
mW milliwatt	tion; pulse-count	capacitance	U micro (10 ⁻⁶) (used
MUX multiplex	modulation	RMO rack mount only	in parts list)
MY mylar	PDM pulse-duration	rms root-mean-square	UF microfarad (used in
μA microampere	modulation	RND round	parts list)
μF microfarad	pF picofarad	ROM read-only memory	UHF ultrahigh frequency
μΗ microhenry	PH BRZ phosphor bronze	R&P rack and panel	UNREG unregulated
µmho micromho	PHL Phillips	RWV reverse working	V volt
μ _s microsecond	PIN positive-intrinsic-	voltage	VA voltampere
μv microvolt	negative	S scattering parameter	Vac volts. ac
μVac microvolt, ac	PIV peak inverse	s second (time)	VAR variable
μ Vdc microvolt, dc	voltage	" . second (plane angle)	VCO voltage-controlled
μ Vpk microvolt, peak	pk peak	S-B slow-blow (fuse)	oscillator
μ Vp-p microvolt, peak-	PL phase lock	(used in parts list)	Vdc volts, dc
to-peak	PLO phase lock	SCR silicon controlled	VDCW. volts, dc, working
µVrms microvolt, rms	oscillator	rectifier; screw	(used in parts list)
μW microwatt	PM phase modulation	SE selenium	V(F) volts, filtered
nA nanoampere	PNP positive-negative-	SECT sections	VFO variable-frequency
NC no connection	positive	SEMICON semicon-	oscillator
N/C normally closed	P/O part of	ductor	VHF very-high fre-
NE neon	POLY polystyrene	SHF superhigh fre-	quency
NEG negative	PORC porcelain	quency	Vpk volts, peak
nF nanofarad	POS positive; position(s)	SI silicon	Vp-p volts, peak-to-peak
NI PL nickel plate	(used in parts list)	SIL silver	Vrms volts, rms
N/O normally open	POSN position	SL slide	VSWR voltage standing
NOM nominal	POT potentiometer	SNR signal-to-noise ratio	wave ratio
NORM normal	p-p peak-to-peak	SPDT single-pole.	VTO voltage-tuned
NPN negative-positive-	PP peak-to-peak (used	double-throw	oscillator
negative	in parts list)	SPG spring	VTVM vacuum-tube
NPO negative-positive	PPM pulse-position	SR split ring	voltmeter
zero (zero tempera-	modulation	SPST single-pole,	V(X) volts, switched
ture coefficient)	PREAMPL preamplifier	single-throw	
NRFR not recommended	PRF pulse-repetition	SSB single sideband	W watt
for field replace-	frequency	SST stainless steel	W/ with
ment	PRR pulse repetition	STL stanness steel	WIV working inverse
NSR not separately	rate		voltage
replaceable	ps picosecond	SQ square SWR standing-wave ratio	WW wirewound
ns nanosecond	PT picosecond		W/O without
nW nanowatt	PTM pulse-time	SYNC synchronize	YIG yttrium-iron-garnet
OBD order by descrip-	modulation	T timed (slow-blow fuse)	Z _o characteristic
tion	PWM pulse-width	TA tantalum	impedance
91011	modulation	TC temperature	
	modulation	compensating	

NOTE

All abbreviations in the parts list will be in upper-case.

MULTIPLIERS

Abbreviation	Prefix	Multiple
T	tera	1012
G	giga	109
M	mega	106
k	kilo	103
da	deka	10
d	deci	10-1
c	centi	10-2
m	milli	10-3
μ	micro	10-6
n	nano	10 ⁹
р	pico	10-12
f	femto	10-15
a	atto	10-18

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	CD	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A1	08900-60219	0	1	INTERCONNECT *D* BOARD ASSEMBLY	28480	08900-60219
A1J1 A1J2 A1J3 A1J4 A1J5	1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600	00000	46	CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600
A1J6 A1J7 A1J8 A1J9 A1J10	1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600	0000		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600
A1J11 A1J12	1251-0600 1251-0600	0		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480 28480	1251-0600 1251-0600
A1MP1 A1MP2 A1MP3				SWITCH GUIDE (NSR P/O A1) SWITCH GUIDE (NSR P/O A1) SWITCH GUIDE (NSR P/O A1)		
A1R1 A1R2 A1R3 A1R4	0698-3434 0698-3431 2100-2010 0757-0401	9 6 2 0	1 1 1 10	RESISTOR 34.8 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 23.7 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR-TRMR 10 20% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 100 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 03888 73138 24546	C4-1/8-T0-34R8-F PME55-1/8-T0-23R7-F 82PR10 C4-1/8-T0-101-F
A151 A152 A153	08900-60234 5020-3440 08900-60233 5020-3440 08900-60233 5020-3440	7	1 3 2	SLIDE SWITCH ASSEMBLY SPRINT-DETENT SLIDE SWITCH ASSEMBLY SPRING-DETENT SLIDE SWITCH ASSEMBLY SPRING-DETENT	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	08900-60234 5020-3440 08900-60233 5020-3440 08900-60233 5020-3440
A1XA3	1251-2035	9	1	CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS	28480	1251-2035
A2	08900-60216	7	1	SHAPING BOARD ASSEMBLY	28480	08900-60216
A2C1 A2C2 A2C3 A2C4 A2C5	0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879	77777	10	CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879
A2C6 A2C7 A2C8 A2C9 A2C10	0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879	77777		CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +-20% 100VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879 0160-3879
A2C11	0160-4387	4	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 47PF +-5% 200VDC CER 0+-30	28480	0160-4387
A2CR1 A2CR2 A2CR3 A2CR4 A2CR5	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050	3 3 3 3		DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050
A2CR6 A2CR7 A2CR8 A2CR9 A2CR10	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050	3 3 3 3		DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050
A2CR11 A2CR12 A2CR13 A2CR14 A2CR15	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050	3 3 3 3		DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050
A2CR16 A2CR17 A2CR18 A2CR19 A2CR20	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050	3 3 3		DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Table 6 2. Replaceable Falls								
Reference Designation	HP Part Number	CD	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number		
A2CR21 A2CR22 A2CR23 A2CR24 A2CR25	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050	33333		DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050		
A2CR26 A2CR27 A2CR28 A2CR29 A2CR30	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050	33333		DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050 1901-0050		
A2CR31 A2CR32	1901-0040 1901-0040	1	2	DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 30V 50MA 2NS DO-35	28480 28480	1901-0040 1901-0040		
A2K1 A2K2	0490-1013 0490-1013	6	2	RELAY-REED 1C 250MA 28VDC 5VDC-COIL 3VA RELAY-REED 1C 250MA 28VDC 5VDC-COIL 3VA	28480 28480	0490-1013 0490-1013		
A2Q1 A2Q2	1854-0810 1854-0810	2 2	2	TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=625MW FT=200MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=625MW FT=200MHZ	28480 28480	1854-0810 1854-0810		
A2R1 A2R2 A2R3 A2R4 A2R5	0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157	55555	31	RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157		
A2R6 A2R7 A2R8 A2R9 A2R10	0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0699-0272 0698-8642	55591	2 2	RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 75K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 56.2K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0699-0272 0698-8642		
A2R11 A2R12 A2R13 A2R14 A2R15	0698-3934 0698-8851 0698-7375 0698-7670 0698-8168	4 4 5 3 6	2 1 1 2	RESISTOR 42.18K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 34.7K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 28.64K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 23.69K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 20.51K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25	28480 28480 19701 19701 19701	0698-3934 0698-8851 MF4C1/8-T2-28641-B MF4C1/8-T2-23691-B MF4C1/8-T9-20511-B		
A2R16 A2R17 A2R18 A2R19 A2R20	0757-0444 0698-4157 0698-3449 0698-4157 0698-4157	1 5 6 5 5	3	RESISTOR 12.1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 28.7K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50	24546 28480 24546 28480 28480	C4-1/8-T0-1212-F 0698-4157 C4-1/8-T0-2872-F 0698-4157 0698-4157		
A2R21 A2R22 A2R23 A2R24 A2R25	0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157	55555		RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157		
A2R26 A2R27 A2R28 A2R29 A2R30	0698-4157 0698-3443 0698-7933 0699-0842 0699-0842	5 0 1 9 9	1 4 4	RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 287 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 3.83K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 6.19K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 6.19K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25	28480 24546 19701 28480 28480	0698-4157 C4-1/8-T0-287R-F MF4C1/8-T9-3831-B 0699-0842 0699-0842		
A2R31 A2R32 A2R33 A2R34 A2R35	0757-1094 0757-0420 0698-7933 0699-0843 2100-2497	9 3 1 0 9	1 1 2 1	RESISTOR 1.47K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 750 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 3.83K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 2.87K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR-TRMR 2K 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN	24546 24546 19701 28480 73138	C4-1/8-T0-1471-F C4-1/8-T0-751-F MF4C1/8-T9-3831-B 0699-0843 82PR2K		
A2R36 A2R37 A2R38 A2R39 A2R40	0699-0902 0698-7232 0757-0417 0698-3441 0699-0842	23889	1 1 2 2	RESISTOR 3.48K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 681 1% .05W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 562 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 215 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 6.19K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25	28480 24546 24546 24546 28480	0699-0902 C3-1/8-T0-681R-F C4-1/8-T0-562R-F C4-1/8-T0-215R-F 0699-0842		
A2R41 A2R42 A2R43 A2R44 A2R45	0698-7933 0698-3132 0698-3132 0698-4157 0698-4157	1 4 5 5	3	RESISTOR 3.83K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 261 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 261 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50	19701 24546 24546 28480 28480	MF4C1/8-T9-3831-B C4-1/8-T0-2610-F C4-1/8-T0-2610-F 0698-4157 0698-4157		
A2R45 A2R47 A2R48 A2R49 A2R50	0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157	55555		RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0++50 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157		

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	00	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A2R51 A2R52 A2R53 A2R54 A2R55	0699-0575 0699-0272 0698-8642 0698-3934	5 9 1 4	1	NOT ASSIGNED RESISTOR 133K .1% .1W F TC=0+-15 RESISTOR 75K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 56.2K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 42.18K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0699-0575 0699-0272 0698-8642 0698-3934
A2R56 A2R57 A2R58 A2R59 A2R60	0698-6991 0698-7670 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157	93555	1	RESISTOR 31.6K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 23.69K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50	28480 19701 28480 28480 28480	0698-6991 MF4C1/8-T2-23691-B 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157
A2R61 A2R62 A2R63 A2R64 A2R65	0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0757-0398	5 5 5 5 4	2	RESISTOR 10K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 75 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	28480 28480 28480 28480 24546	0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 0698-4157 C4-1/8-T0-75R0-F
A2R66 A2R67 A2R68 A2R69 A2R70	0698-3132 0757-0416 0698-6616 0698-3438 0757-0398	4 7 5 3 4	1 1 1	RESISTOR 261 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 511 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 750 .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 147 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 75 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 28480 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-2610-F C4-1/8-T0-511R-F 0698-6616 C4-1/8-T0-147R-F C4-1/8-T0-75R0-F
A2R71 A2R72 A2R73 A2R74 A2R75	0698-3439 0699-0843 0699-0842 0698-8061 0698-8061	40988	1	RESISTOR 178 1% .125W F TC=0+-10C RESISTOR 2.87K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 6.19K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 8.25K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 8.25K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25	24546 28480 28480 19701 19701	C4-1/8-T0-178R-F 0699-0843 0699-0842 MF4C1/8-T9-8251-B MF4C1/8-T9-8251-B
A2R76 A2R77 A2R78 A2R79 A2R80	0698-8657 0699-0533 0698-7933 0698-3445 0698-3157	8 5 1 2 3	1 1 1 5	RESISTOR 6.81K .1% .125W F TC=0+-50 RESISTOR 4.64K .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 3.83K .1% .125W F TC=0+-26 RESISTOR 348 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 19.6K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	28480 28480 19701 24546 24546	0698-8657 0699-0533 MF4C1/8-T9-3831-B C4-1/8-T0-348R-F C4-1/8-T0-1962-F
A2R81 A2R82 A2R83 A2R84 A2R85	2100-2030 0698-3157 0698-3446 0698-3157 0698-3157	63333	1	RESISTOR-TRMR 20K 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 19.6K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 383 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 19.6K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 19.6K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	73138 24546 24546 24546 24546	82PR20K C4-1/8-T0-1962-F C4-1/8-T0-383R-F C4-1/8-T0-1962-F C4-1/8-T0-1962-F
A2R86 A2R87 A2R88 A2R89	2100-1738 0698-7649 0757-0421 0698-8818	9 6 4 3	1 1 1	RESISTOR-TRMR 10K 10% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 383 .1% .125W F TC=0+-25 RESISTOR 825 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 3.16 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	73138 19701 24546 28480	82PR10K MF4C1/8-T9-383R-B C4-1/8-T0-825R-F 0698-8818
A2TP1 A2TP2 A2TP3 A2TP4 A2TP5	1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600	00000		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600
A2TP6	1251-0600	0		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480	1251-0600
A2U1 A2U2 A2U3 A2U4 A2U5	1826-0323 1826-0323 1826-0323 1826-0323 1826-0013	3 3 3 3 8	2	IC OP AMP GP QUAD 14-DIP-C PKG IC OP AMP LOW-NOISE 10-99 PKG	28480 28480 28480 28480 06665	1826-0323 1826-0323 1826-0323 1826-0323 SSS741CJ
A2VR1 A2VR2	1902-0948 1902-0948	00	2	DIODE-ZNR 3.9V 5% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=012% DIODE-ZNR 3.9V 5% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=012%	28480 28480	1902-0948 1902-0948
A3	08900-60214	5	1	MOTHERBOARD ASSEMBLY	28480	08900-60214
A3C1 A3C2 A3C3 A3C4 A3C5	0170-0040 0160-2055 0160-2055 0160-2055 0180-2102	99999	1 6 2	CAPACITOR-FXD .047UF +-10% 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 700UF+75-10% 25VDC AL	56289 28480 28480 28480 28480	292P47392 0160-2055 0160-2055 0160-2055 0180-2102
A3C6 A3C7 A3C8 A3C9 A3C10	0180-2102 0180-2619 0160-3501 0160-0127 0160-0127	9 3 2 2 2 2	3 1 8	CAPACITOR-FXD 700UF+75-10% 25VDC AL CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10% 15VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 4UF +-10% 50VDC MET-POLYC CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF +-20% 25VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF +-20% 25VDC CER	28480 25088 28480 28480 28480	0180-2102 022651815K 0160-3501 0160-0127 0160-0127

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	CD	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A3C11 A3C12 A3C13	0160-4766 0180-0229 0180-0229	3 7 7	1 3	CAPACITOR-FXD 30PF +-5% 200VDC CER 0+-30 CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10% 10VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10% 10VDC TA	28480 56289 56289	0160 - 4766 150D336X9010B2 150D336X9010B2
A3C15	0160-2055 0160-2055	9		CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER	28480 28480	0160-2055 0160-2055
A3C16 A3C17 A3C18 A3C19 A3C20	0160-0127 0160-0127 0160-0127 0160-0127 0180-0229	2 2 2 7		CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF +-20% 25VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 33UF+-10% 10VDC TA	28480 28480 28480 28480 56289	0160-0127 0160-0127 0160-0127 0160-0127 150D336X9010B2
A3C21 A3C22 A3C23 A3C24 A3C25	0160-0127 0160-0127 0160-0166 0180-2206 0160-2055	2 2 9 4 9	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF +-20% 25VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF +-20% 25VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .068UF +-10% 200VDC POLYE CAPACITOR-FXD 60UF+-10% 6VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .01UF +80-20% 100VDC CER	28480 28480 28480 56289 28480	0160-0127 0160-0127 0160-0166 150D606X9006B2 0160-2055
A3C26 A3C27 A3C28 A3C29 A3C30	0180-2619 0180-2619 0180-0374 0180-0374 0160-0576	3 3 3 3 5	2 5	CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10% 15VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 22UF+-10% 15VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 10UF+-10% 20VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER	25088 25088 56289 56289 28480	D22GS1B15K D22GS1B15K 150D106X9020B2 150D106X9020B2 0160-0576
A3C31 A3C32 A3C33	0160-4765 0160-2239 0121-0105	2 1 4	1 1 1	CAPACITOR-FXD 36PF +-5% 200VDC CER 0+-30 CAPACITOR-FXD 1.8PF +25PF 500VDC CER CAPACITOR-V TRMR-CER 9-35PF 200V PC-MTG	28480 28480 52 76 3	0160-4765 0160-2239 304324 9/35PF N650
A3CR1 A3CR2 A3CR3 A3CR4 A3CR5	1901-0179 1901-0327 1901-0327 1901-0327 1901-0327	7 7 7 7 7	6 4	DIODE-SWITCHING 1SV 50MA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-PWR RECT 200V 1A 6US DIODE-PWR RECT 200V 1A 6US DIODE-PWR RECT 200V 1A 6US DIODE-PWR RECT 200V 1A 6US	28480 03508 03508 03508 03508	1901-0179 A14B A14B A14B A14B
A3CR6 A3CR7 A3CR8 A3CR9 A3CR10	1901-0179 1902-0950 1901-0179 1901-0179 1901-0179	7 4 7 7	2	DIODE-SWITCHING 15V SOMA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-ZNR 4.7V 5% DO-35 PD=.4W IC=+.025% DIODE-SWITCHING 15V SOMA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-SWITCHING 15V SOMA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-SWITCHING 15V SOMA 750PS DO-7	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1901-0179 1902-0950 1901-0179 1901-0179 1901-0179
A3CR11 A3CR12 A3CR13	1901-0179 1902-0950 1901-0033	7 4 2	1	DIODE-SWITCHING 15V 50MA 750PS DO-7 DIODE-ZNR 4.7V 5% DO-35 PD=.4W TC=+.025% DIODE-GEN PRP 180V 200MA DO-7	28480 28480 28480	1901-0179 1902-0950 1901-0033
A3J1 A3J2 A3J3 A3J4 A3J5	1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600	00000		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600
A3J6 A3J7 A3J8	1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600	000		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480 28480 28480	1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600
A3MP1 A3MP2 A3MP3 A3MP4 A3MP5	2200-0141 2200-0141 2260-0009 2260-0009 3050-0105	88336	2 3 3	SCREW-MACH 4-40 .312-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 4-40 .312-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI NUT-HEX-W/LKWR 4-40-THD .094-IN-THK NUT-HEX-W/LKWR 4-40-THD .094-IN-THK WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 4 .125-IN-ID	28480 28480 00000 00000 28480	2200-0141 2200-0141 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 3050-0105
A3MP6	3050-0105	6		WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 4 .125-IN-ID	28480	3050-0105
A3Q1 A3Q2 A3Q3 A3Q4 A3Q5	1854-0811 1853-0281 1853-0405 1854-0477 1854-0457	3 9 7 3	1 1 1 2 2	TRANSISTOR NPN SI PD=625MW FT=100MHZ TRANSISTOR PNP 2N2907A SI TO-18 PD=400MW TRANSISTOR PNP SI PD=300MW FT=850MHZ TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW TRANSISTOR-DUAL NPN PD=400MW	28480 04713 04713 04713 28480	1854-0811 2N2907A 2N4209 2N2222A 1854-0457
A3Q6	1854-0457	3		TRANSISTOR-DUAL NPN PD=400MW	28480	1854-0457
A3R1 A3R2 A3R3 A3R4 A3R5	0757-0417 0757-0401 2100-2413 0698-8820 0757-0280	8 0 9 7 3	2 1 4	RESISTOR 562 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 100 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR-TRMR 200 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 4.64 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 30983 28480 24546	C4-1/8-T0-562R-F C4-1/8-T0-101-F ET50X201 0698-8820 C4-1/8-T0-1001-F

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	СД	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
A3R6 A3R7 A3R8 A3R9 A3R10	0757-0279 2100-2517 2100-2489 0757-0317 0698-3159	0 4 9 7 5	1 1 2 1 1	RESISTOR 3.16K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR-TRMR 50K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR-TRMR 5K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 1.33K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 26.1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 196 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 30983 30983 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-3161-F ET50X503 ET50X502 C4-1/8-T0-1331-F C4-1/8-T0-2612-F
A3R11 A3R12 A3R13 A3R14 A3R15	0757-0346 0757-0401 0757-0401 0757-0401	2 0 0 0	3	RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 100 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 100 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 100 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-196R-F C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F C4-1/8-T0-101-F C4-1/8-T0-101-F C4-1/8-T0-101-F
A3R16 A3R17 A3R18 A3R19 A3R20	0757-0428 0698-8827 0698-8814 0757-0443 0698-3442	1 4 9 0 9	1 1 1 1	RESISTOR 1.62K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1M 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.47 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 11K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 237 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 28480 28480 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-1621-F 0698-8827 0698-8814 C4-1/8-T0-1102-F C4-1/8-T0-237R-F
A3R21 A3R22 A3R23 A3R24 A3R25	2100-1985 0698-3444 2100-2060 0757-0442 0757-0438	8 1 2 9 3	1 1 1 2 6	RESISTOR-TRMR 20 20% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 316 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR-TRMR 50 20% C TOP-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 5.11K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	32997 24546 73138 24546 24546	3329H-1-200 C4-1/8-T0-316R-F 82PR50 C4-1/8-T0-1002-F C4-1/8-T0-5111-F
A3R26 A3R27 A3R28 A3R29 A3R30	2100-2633 0757-0401 0757-0442 0757-0463 0698-3449	5 0 9 4 6	1	RESISTOR-TRMR 1+ 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 100 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 82.5K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 28.7K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	30983 24546 24546 24546 24546	ET50X102 C4-1/8-T0-101-F C4-1/8-T0-1002-F C4-1/8-T0-8252-F C4-1/8-T0-2872-F
A3R31 A3R32 A3R33 A3R34 A3R35	0757-0278 0698-3432 0698-3150 0757-0461 0698-3449	9 7 6 2 6	2 1 3 1	RESISTOR 1.78K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 26.1 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 2.37K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 68.1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 28.7K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 03888 24546 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-1781-F PME55-1/8-T0-26R1-F C4-1/8-T0-2371-F C4-1/8-T0-6812-F C4-1/8-T0-2872-F
A3R36 A3R37 A3R38 A3R39 A3R40	0698-3150 0757-0424 0757-0346 0757-0346 0757-0438	6 7 2 2 3	1	RESISTOR 2.37K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 10 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 5.11K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-2371-F C4-1/8-T0-1101-F C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F C4-1/8-T0-10R0-F C4-1/8-T0-5111-F
A3R41 A3R42 A3R43 A3R44 A3R45	0757-0280 0757-0401 0757-0280 0757-0280 0757-0419	3 0 3 3 0	1	RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 100 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 681 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-1001-F C4-1/8-T0-101-F C4-1/8-T0-1001-F C4-1/8-T0-1001-F C4-1/8-T0-681R-F
A3R46 A3R47 A3R48 A3R49 A3R50	0757-0401 2100-2413 0757-0399 0698-0083 0698-0083	0 9 5 8 8	1 2	RESISTOR 100 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR-TRMR 200 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 82.5 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.96K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.96K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 30983 24546 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-101-F ET50X201 C4-1/8-T0-82R5-F C4-1/8-T0-1961-F C4-1/8-T0-1961-F
A3R51 A3R52 A3R53 A3R54 A3R55	0757-0438 0757-0438 0757-0438 2100-2489 0698-3150	3 3 9 6		RESISTOR 5.11K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 5.11K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 5.11K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR-TRMR 5K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 2.37K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 24546 30983 24546	C4-1/8-T0-5111-F C4-1/8-T0-5111-F C4-1/8-T0-5111-F ET50X502 C4-1/8-T0-2371-F
A3R56 A3R57 A3R58 A3R59 A3R60	0757-0438 0757-0422 0698-3157 0757-0278 0757-0394	3 5 3 9 0	1	RESISTOR 5.11K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 909 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 19.6K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.78K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 51.1 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 24546 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-5111-F C4-1/8-T0-909R-F C4-1/8-T0-1962-F C4-1/8-T0-1781-F C4-1/8-T0-51R1-F
A3R61 A3R62 A3R63	0757-0402 0757-0401 0757-0401	0 0		RESISTOR 110 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 100 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 100 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 24546	C4-1/8-T0-111-F C4-1/8-T0-101-F C4-1/8-T0-101-F
A3RT1 A3TP1 A3TP2 A3TP3 A3TP4	0839-0011 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600	0 0 0 0		THERMISTOR DISC 100-0HM TC=-3.8%/C-DEG CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0839-0011 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600
A3TP5	1251-0600	0		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480	1251-0600

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Potorono	Poteroneo LID Port C						
Reference Designation	HP Part Number	CD	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number	
A3TP6 A3TP7 A3TP8 A3TP9 A3TP10	1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600	0 0 0		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600 1251-0600	
A3TP12 A3TP13 A3U1	1251-0600 1251-0600	0 0		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480 28480	1251-0600 1251-0600	
A3U2 A3U3 A3U4 A3U5	1826-0026 1826-0025 1820-1971 1820-1282 1826-0180	3 2 7 3 0	1 1 1 1	IC COMPARATOR PRCN TO-99 PKG IC OP AMP LOW-DRIFT TO-99 PKG IC SWITCH ANLG QUAD 16-DIP-P PKG IC FF TTL LS J-K BAR POS-EDGE-TRIG IC TIMER TTL MONO/ASTBL	01295 27014 17856 01295 01295	LM311L LM208AH DG201CJ SN74LS109AN NE555P	
A3U6 A3U7 A3U8	1826-0217 1826-0215 1826-0122	4 2 0	1 1 1	IC OP AMP GP DUAL TO-99 PKG IC V RGLTR-FXD-NEG 5/5.4V TO-220 PKG IC 7805 V RGLTR TO-220	07933 28480 07263	RC4558T 1826-0215 7805UC	
A3XA2	1251-0472	4	1	CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 6-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS	28480	1251-0472	
A4	0960-0443	1	1	MODULE ASSEMBLY-POWER LINE (ORDER C1 WITH A4)	28480	0960-0443	
A4C1	0160-4851	7	1	CAPACITOR-FXD .022UF +-20% 250VAC(RMS)	28480	0160-4851	

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	CD	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
				CHASSIS PARTS		
F1	2110-0234	9	1	FUSE .1A 250V TD 1.25X.25 UL (FOR 200 TO 240V AC INPUT)	71400	MDL 1/10,
F1	2110-0320	4	1	FUSE .15A 250V TD 1.25X.25 UL (FOR 100 TO 120V AC INPUT)	75915	313.150
J1 J2 J3 J4 J5	1251~1864 1250~0083 1250~0083 1250~0083 1251~0087	0 1 1 7	1 3	CONNECTOR S-PIN F CIRC AUDIO CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM CONNECTOR-RF BNC FEM SGL-HOLE-FR 50-OHM CONNECTOR 50-PIN F MICRO RIBBON	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	1251-1864 1250-0083 1250-0083 1250-0083 1251-0087
MIAI	08900-60230	5	1	LED BOARD ASSEMBLY	28480	08900-60230
M1A1DS1 M1A1DS2 M1A1DS3 M1A1DS4 M1A1DS5	1990-0776	7	1	NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED LED-LIGHT BAR MODULE LUM-INT=3MCD	28480	HLMP-2600
M1A1DS6	1990-0759	6	1	LED-LIGHT BAR MODULE LUM-INT=3MCD	28480	HLMP-2620
M1A1DS7	1990-0869	9	1	DISPLAY-SOL-STA RED	28480	1990-0869
MIAIJ1	1251-0600	0		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480	1251-0600
M1A1P1 M1A1P2	1251-5769 1251-5770	2 5	1	CONNECTOR 30-PIN F POST TYPE CONNECTOR 18-PIN F POST TYPE	28480 28480	1251-5769 1251-5770
M1A1R1	0757-0395	1	1	RESISTOR 56.2 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546	C4-1/8-T0-56R2-F
M1A2	00432-60114	1	1	A/D BOARD ASSEMBLY	28480	00432-60114
M1A2C1 M1A2C2 M1A2C3 M1A2C4 M1A2C5	0140-0193 0160-0168 0160-4084 0160-4084 0160-4084	0 1 8 8 8	1 1 5	CAPACITOR-FXD 82PF +-5% 300VDC MICA CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-10% 200VDC PDLYE CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER	72136 28480 28480 28480 28480	DM15E820J0300WV1CR 0160-0168 C160-4084 0160-4084 0160-4084
M1A2C6 M1A2C7	0160-4084 0160-4084	8		CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER	28480 28480	0160-4084 0160-4084
M1A2R1 M1A2R2 M1A2R3 M1A2R4 M1A2R5	0698-7273 0698-7281 0698-7281 2100-3103 0698-3260	2 2 6 9	1 2 1 1	RESISTOR 34.8K 1% .05W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 75K 2% .05W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 75K 2% .05W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR-TRMR 10K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 17-TRN RESISTOR 464K 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546 24546 02111 28480	C3-1/8-T0-3482-F C3-1/8-T0-7502-G C3-1/8-T0-7502-G 43P103 0698-3260
M1A2R6 M1A2R7 M1A2R8 M1A2R9 M1A2R10	2100-2522 0757-0394 0698-3429 0698-3429 0698-3429	1 0 2 2 2 2	1	RESISTOR-TRMR 10K 10% C SIDE-ADJ 1-TRN RESISTOR 51.1 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 19.6 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 19.6 1% .125W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 19.6 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	30983 24546 03888 03888 03888	ET50X103 C4-1/8-T0-51R1-F PME55-1/8-T0-19R6-F PME55-1/8-T0-19R6-F PME55-1/8-T0-19R6-F
M1A2R11 M1A2R12 M1A2R13 M1A2R14 M1A2R15	0698-3429 0698-3429 0698-3429 0698-3429 0698-3429	2 2 2 2 2		RESISTOR 19.6 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	03888 03888 03888 03888 03888	PMESS-1/8-T0-19R6-F PMESS-1/8-T0-19R6-F PMESS-1/8-T0-19R6-F PMESS-1/8-T0-19R6-F PMESS-1/8-T0-19R6-F
M1A2TP1 M1A2TP2	1251-0600 1251-0600	0		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480 28480	1251-0600 1251-0600 ~~
M1 A2U1 M1 A2U2 M1 A2U3 M1 A2U4 M1 A2U5	1826-0431 1820-1413 1820-1317 1820-1964 1820-1657	4 2 5 8 6	1 1 1 1	IC CONV 24-DIP-C PKL IC DCDR CMOS BCD-TO-7-SEG 4-TO-7-LINE IC MV CMOS MONO/ASTBL IC FF CMOS J-K POS-EDGE-TRIG DUAL IC GATE CMOS HEX	04713 3L585 3L585 3L585 04713	MC14433L CD4511BE CD4047AE CD4027BE MC14572UBCP
M1 A2U6 M1 A2U7 M1 A2U8 M1 A2U9 M1 A2U10	1826-0013 1820-1747 1820-2273 1858-0069 1820-1146	8 5 4 1 8	1 1 1 4	IC OP AMP LOW-NOISE TO-99 PKG IC GATE CMOS NAND QUAD 2-INP IC DRVR TTL OCTL TRANSISTOR ARRAY 18-PIN PLSTC DIP IC BFR CMOS NON-INV HEX	06665 04713 13606 13606 3L585	SSS741CJ MC14011BCP UDN2981A ULN-2803A CD4050BE

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

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Reference Designation	HP Part Number	CD	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
M1A2U11	1826-0544	٥	1	IC V RGLTR-V-REF-FXD 2.5V 8-DIP-C PKG	28480	1826-0544
M1A3	00432-60115	2	1	BCD DMUX BOARD ASSEMBLY	28480	00432-60115
M1A3C1 M1A3C2	0180-0094	4	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 100UF+75-10% 25VDC AL	56289	30D107G025DD2
M1A3C3	0180-2154 0180-0291	3	1	CAPACITOR-FXD 1900UF+75-10% 15VDC AL CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF+-10% 35VDC TA	28480 56289	0180-2154 150D105X9035A2
M1A3C4 M1A3C5	0160-0576 0160-0576	5		CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% 50VDC CER	28480 28480	0160-0576 0160-0576
M1A3C6 M1A3C7	0160-0576 0160-0576	5 5		CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% SOVDC CER CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF +-20% SOVDC CER	28480 28480	0160-0576 0160-0576
M1A3CR1	1901-0328	8	4	DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 1A 6US	03508	A14D
M1A3CR2 M1A3CR3	1901-0328 1901-0328	8		DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 1A 6US DIODE-PWR RECT 400V 1A 6US	03508 03508	A14D A14D
M1A3CR4 M1A3CR5	1901-0328 1902-0579	8	,	DIODE-PUR RECT 400V 1A 6US DIODE-ZNR 5.1V 5% PD=1W IR=10UA	03508	A14D
M1A3J1	1251-0600	0	'		28480	1902-0579
M1A3J2 M1A3J3	1251-0600	٥		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480 28480	1251-0600 1251-0600
M1A3MP1	1251-0600	0		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480	1251-0600
M1 A3MP2	1400-0016 2200-0147	9	1	CLAMP-CABLE .75-DIA .5-WD NYL SCREW-MACH 4-40 .5-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI	28480 28480	1400-0016 2200-0147
M1 A3MP3 M1 A3MP4	2260-0009 3050-0105	9		NUT-HEX-W/LKWR 4-40-THD .094-IN-THK WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 4 .125-IN-ID	00000 28480	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 3050-0105
M1A3Q1	1854-0477	7		TRANSISTOR NPN 2N2222A SI TO-18 PD=500MW	04713	2N2222A
M1A3R1 M1A3R2	0698-3441	8		RESISTOR 215 1% .125W F TC=0+-100	24546	C4-1/8-T0-215R-F
M1A3R3	0698-7244	7	2	NOT ASSIGNED RESISTOR 2.15K 1% .05W F TC≈0+-100	24546	C3-1/8-T0-2151-F
M1A3R4 M1A3R5	0698-7244 0698-7240	7	1	RESISTOR 2.15K 1% .05W F TC=0+-100 RESISTOR 1.47K 1% .05W F TC=0+-100	24546 24546	C3-1/8-T0-2151-F C3-1/8-T0-1471-F
M1A3TP1	1251-0600	0		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT PIN 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SQ	28480	1251-0600
M1A3U1 M1A3U2	1820-1956 1820-1956	8	4	IC LCH CMOS COM CLOCK QUAD	3L585	CD40 42BE
M1A3U3 M1A3U4	1820-1956	8		IC LCH CMOS COM CLOCK QUAD	3L585 3L585	CD4042BE CD4042BE
M1 A3U5	1820-1956 1820-1146	8		IC LCH CMOS COM CLOCK QUAD IC BFR CMOS NON-INV HEX	3L585 3L585	CD40 42BE CD40 50BE
M1 A3U6	1820-1146	8		IC BFR CMOS NON-INV HEX	3L585	CD4050BE
M1A3U7 M1A3U8	1820-1146 1820-1461	8	2	IC BFR CMOS NON-INV HEX IC FF TTL D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG CLEAR	3L585 01295	CD4050BE SN74273
M1A3U9 M1A3U10	1820-1461 1820-0084	0	1	IC FF TTL D-TYPE POS-EDGE-TRIG CLEAR IC GATE TTL AND-OR-INV	01295 01295	5N74273 SN7453N
XM1A1DS1	1200-0508	0	4	SOCKET-IC 14-CONT DIP-SLDR	28480	1200-0508
XM1A1DS2 XM1A1DS3	1200-0508 1200-0508	0		SOCKET-IC 14-CONT DIP-SLDR SOCKET-IC 14-CONT DIP-SLDR	28480 28480	1200-0508 1200-0508
XM1A1DS4 XM1A1DS5	1200-0508 1200-0564	0	,]	SOCKET-IC 14-CONT DIP-SLDR SOCKET-IC 8-CONT DIP-SLDR	28480	1200-0508
XM1A1DS6	1200-0507	9	,	SOCKET-IC 16-CONT DIP-SLDR	28480 28480	1200-0564
XM1A1P1	1251-5771	6	1	CONNECTOR 30-PIN M POST TYPE	28480	1200-0507
XM1A1P2	1251 - 5772	7	1	CONNECTOR 18-PIN M POST TYPE	28480	1251-5772
XM1A2	1251-0159	4	2	CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS P/O MP154	28480	1251-0159
XM1A3	1251-0159	4		CONNECTOR-PC EDGE 15-CONT/ROW 2-ROWS P/O MP154	28480	1251-0159
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Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	CD	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
MP1 MP2 MP3 MP4 MP5	0360-0001 0360-0001 0360-0353 0360-0353	5 5 0 0 0	4	TERMINAL-SLDR LUG LK-MTG FOR-#6-SCR TERMINAL-SLDR LUG LK-MTG FOR-#6-SCR BRACKET-RTANG .406-LG X .343-LG .312-WD BRACKET-RTANG .406-LG X .343-LG .312-WD BRACKET-RTANG .406-LG X .343-LG .312-WD	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0360-0001 0360-0001 0360-0353 0360-0353 0360-0353
MP6 MP7 MP8 MP9 MP10	0360-0353 0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227	0 1 1 1 1	16	BRACKET-RTANG .406-LG X .343-LG .312-WD CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0360-0353 0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227
MP11 MP12 MP13 MP14 MP15	0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227	1 1 1 1 1		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227
MP16 MP17 MP18 MP19 MP20	0370-1091	6	1	KNOB-BASE 1/2 JGK .25-IN-ID NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED	28480	0370-1091
MP21 MP22 MP23 MP24	0590-0052 0590-0052 1490-0031 2190-0003	3 3 7 8	2 1 2	NUT-SHMET-J-TP 6-32-THD .5 WD STL NUT-SHMET-J-TP 6-32-THD .5-WD STL TILT STAND 2.236-IN-W 4.438-IN-OA-LG SST NOT ASSIGNED	28480 28480 28480 28480	0590 - 0052 0590 - 0052 1490 - 0031
MP25 MP26 MP27 MP28 MP29 MP30	2190-0003 2190-0016 2190-0016 2190-0016 2190-0016	8 3 3 3	4	WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 4 .115-IN-ID WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 4 .115-IN-ID WASHER-LK INTL T 3/8 IN .377-IN-ID WASHER-LK INTL T 3/8 IN .377-IN-ID WASHER-LK INTL T 3/8 IN .377-IN-ID WASHER-LK INTL T 3/8 IN .377-IN-ID	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	2190-0003 2190-0003 2190-0016 2190-0016 2190-0016 2190-0016
MP31 MP32 MP33 MP34 MP35	2190-0017 2190-0017 2190-0047 2190-0047	4 4 0 0	2	NOT ASSIGNED WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 8 .168-IN-ID WASHER-LK HLCL NO. 8 .168-IN-ID WASHER-LK 82 CTSK EXT T NO. 6 .142-IN-ID WASHER-LK 82 CTSK EXT T NO. 6 .142-IN-ID	28480 28480 28480 28480	2190-0017 2190-0017 2190-0047 2190-0047
MP36 MP37 MP38 MP39 MP40	2190-0047 2190-0047 2260-0002 2260-0002 2360-0116	0 0 6 6 5	2	WASHER-LK 82 CTSK EXT T NO. 6 .142-IN-ID WASHER-LK 82 CTSK EXT T NO. 6 .142-IN-ID NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 4-40-THD .062-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 4-40-THD .062-IN-THK SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 82 DEG	28480 28480 28480 28480 00000	2190-0047 2190-0047 2260-0002 2260-0002 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
MP41 MP42 MP43 MP44 MP45	2360-0116 2360-0116 2360-0116 2360-0116 2360-0116	5 5 5 5 5		SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 82 DEG	00000 00000 00000 00000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
MP46 MP47 MP48 MP49 MP50	2360-0116 2360-0116 2360-0116 2360-0116 2360-0116	5 5 5 5 5		SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 82 DEG	00000 00000 00000 00000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
MP51 MP52 MP53 MP54 MP55	2360-0116 2360-0117 2360-0117 2360-0117	5 6 6		SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 82 DEG NOT ASSIGNED SCREW-MACH 6-32 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 6-32 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 6-32 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI	00000 00000 00000 00000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
MP56 MP57 MP58 MP59 MP60	2360-0117 2360-0120 2360-0120 2360-0120 2360-0120	6 1 1 1 1	4	SCREW-MACH 6-32 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 6-32 .438-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .438-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .438-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .438-IN-LG 82 DEG	00000 00000 00000 00000 00000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
MP61 MP62 MP63 MP64 MP65	2360-0180 2360-0180 2360-0180 2360-0180	3 3 3		NOT ASSIGNED SCREW-MACH 6-32 .188-IN-LG 82 DEG	00000 00000 00000 00000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
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Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	CD	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
MP66 MP67 MP68 MP69 MP70	2360-0192 2360-0192 2360-0192 2360-0192 2360-0192	7 7 7 7 7	8	SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 100 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 100 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 100 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 100 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 100 DEG	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	2360-0192 2360-0192 2360-0192 2360-0192 2360-0192
MP71 MP72 MP73 MP74 MP75	2360-0192 2360-0192 2360-0192 2360-0194 2360-0194	7 7 7 9	2	SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 100 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 100 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 100 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 100 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .312-IN-LG 100 DEG	28480 28480 28480 00000 00000	2360-0192 2360-0192 2360-0192 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
MP76 MP77 MP78 MP79 MP80	2420-0002 2420-0002 2510-0103 2510-0103 2580-0002	66994	4 2 2	NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 6-32-THD .109-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 6-32-THD .109-IN-THK SCREW-MACH 8-32 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 8-32 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 8-32-THD .085-IN-THK	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	2420-0002 2420-0002 2510-0103 2510-0103 2580-0002
MP81 MP82 MP83 MP84 MP85	2580 - 0002 2950 - 0001 2950 - 0001 2950 - 0001 2950 - 0043	4 8 8 8 8	3	NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 8-32-THD .085-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 3/8-32-THD .094-IN-THK	28480 00000 00000 00000 00000	2580-0002 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
MP86 MP87 MP88 MP89 MP90	3030-0139 3030-0139 3050-0227 7120-1254 7120-4163	4 3 1 7	4 1 1	SCREW-SKT HD CAP 6-32 .375-IN-LG SST SCREW-SKT HD CAP 6-32 .375-IN-LG SST WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 6 .149-IN-ID NAMEPLATE .312-IN-WD .54-IN-LG AL ŁABEL-WARNING .5-IN-WD 1-IN-LG AL	00000 00000 28480 28480 28480	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 3050-0227 7120-1254 7120-4163
MP91 MP92 MP93 MP94 MP95	5000-8565 5000-8565 5000-8571 5020-7633	5 5 3 8	2 1 1	COVER-SIDE 6 X 11 COVER-SIDE 6 X 11 COVER-BOTTOM 5 X 11 NOT ASSIGNED METER TRIM-3RD MODULE	28480 28480 28480 28480	5000-8565 5000-8565 5000-8571 5020-7633
MP96 MP97 MP98 MP99 MP100	5040-0700 5040-0700 5060-0703 5060-0703	8 8 3 3	2	HINGE HINGE NOT ASSIGNED FRAME ASSY- 6 X 11 SM FRAME ASSY- 6 X 11 SM	28480 28480 28480 28480	5040-0700 5040-0700 5060-0703 5060-0703
MP101 MP102 MP103 MP104 MP105	5060-0727 5060-0727 5060-8555	1 9	1	FOOT ASSEMBLY-3RD MODULE FOOT ASSEMBLY-3RD MODULE COVER ASSEMBLY- (TOP) 5 X 11 NOT ASSIGNED NOT ASSIGNED	28480 28480 28480	5060-0727 5060-0727 5060-8555
MP106 MP107 MP108 MP109 MP110	1400-0017 1400-0249 0360-0042 0360-0268	0 4 6	3 5 1	NOT ASSIGNED CLAMP-CABLE .312-DIA .375-WD NYL CABLE TIE .062625-DIA .091-WD NYL TERMINAL-SLOR LUG PL-MTG FOR-#6-SCR TERMINAL-SLOR LUG LK-MTG FOR-#6-SCR	28480 06383 28480 28480	1400-0017 PLT1M-8 0360-0042 0360-0268
MP111 MP112 MP113 MP114 MP115	0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227	1 1 1		CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0227
MP116 MP117 MP118 MP119 MP120	0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0265 0362-0265 0362-0265	1 7 7 7	5	CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	0362-0227 0362-0227 0362-0265 0362-0265 0362-0265
MP121 MP122 MP123 MP124 MP125	0362-0265 0362-0265 0520-0133 0520-0174	7 7 4 4 3	2 2	CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ CONNECTOR-SGL CONT SKT 1.14-MM-BSC-SZ SCREW-MACH 2-56 .5-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 2-56 .5-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 2-56 .25-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI	28480 28480 00000 00000 00000	0362-0265 0362-0265 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
MP126 MP127 MP128 MP129 MP130	0520-0174 1400-0017 1400-0017 1400-0082 1400-0249	30000	1	SCREW-MACH 2-56 .25-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI CLAMP-CABLE .312-DIA .375-WD NYL CLAMP-CABLE .312-DIA .375-WD NYL CLAMP-CABLE .125-DIA .375-WD NYL CABLE TIE .062625-DIA .091-WD NYL	00000 28480 28480 28480 06383	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 1400-0017 1400-0017 1400-0082 PLT1M-8

Table 6-2. Replaceable Parts

Reference Designation	HP Part Number	СБ	Qty	Description	Mfr Code	Mfr Part Number
MP131 MP132 MP133 MP134 MP135	1400-0249 1400-0249 1400-0249 2360-0114 2360-0114	0 0 3 3	7	CABLE TIE .062625-DIA .091-WD NYL CABLE TIE .062625-DIA .091-WD NYL CABLE TIE .062625-DIA .091-WD NYL SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 82 DEG	06383 06383 06383 00000 00000	PLT1M-8 PLT1M-8 PLT1M-8 ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
MP136 MP137 MP138 MP139 MP140	2360-0114 2360-0114 2360-0114 2360-0114 2360-0114	33333		SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 82 DEG SCREW-MACH 6-32 .25-IN-LG 82 DEG	00000 00000 00000 00000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
MP141 MP142 MP143 MP144 MP145	2360-0117 2360-0117 2360-0117 2420-0001 2420-0001	66655	2	SCREW-MACH 6-32 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 6-32 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI SCREW-MACH 6-32 .375-IN-LG PAN-HD-POZI NUT-HEX-W/LKWR 6-32-THD .109-IN-THK NUT-HEX-W/LKWR 6-32-THD .109-IN-THK	00000 00000 00000 00000 00000	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION
MP146 MP147 MP148 MP149 MP150	3030-0139 3030-0139 3050-0227 3050-0227 3050-0227	4 4 3 3 3		SCREW-SKT HD CAP 6-32 .375-IN-LG SST SCREW-SKT HD CAP 6-32 .375-IN-LG SST WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 6 .149-IN-ID WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 6 .149-IN-ID WASHER-FL MTLC NO. 6 .149-IN-ID	00000 00000 28480 28480 28480	ORDER BY DESCRIPTION ORDER BY DESCRIPTION 3050-0227 3050-0227 3050-0227
MP151 MP152 MP153 MP154	08900-00209 08900-00211 08900-00213 08900-00214		1 1 1	PANEL-FRONT (D) PANEL-SUB PANEL-REAR (D) BRACKET-DPM ASSY (INCL XM1A2, XM1A3, MP161-164)	28480 28480 28480 28480	08900-00209 08900-00211 08900-00213 08900-00214
MP155 MP156 MP157 MP158 MP159	08900-00215 08900-20232 08900-20233 08900-20234 00432-20102	3	1 1 1 1 2	BRACKET-READOUT WINDOW-FRONT PANEL MASK-DPM BEZEL GUIDE-EXTRUSION	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	08900-00215 08900-20232 08900-20233 08900-20234 00432-20102
MP160 MP161 MP162 MP163 MP164	00432-20102 0361-0403 0361-0403 0361-0403 0361-0403	3 3 3 3	4	GUIDE-EXTRUSION EYELET-RLD FLG (P/O MP154) EYELET-RLD FLG (P/O MP154) EYELET-RLD FLG (P/O MP154) EYELET-RLD FLG (P/O MP154)	28480 28480 28480 28480 28480	00432-20102 0361-0403 0361-0403 0361-0403 0361-0403
MP165 MP166 MP167	7120-8968 2420-0002 2420-0002	8 6 6	1	TAG-INFORMATION NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 6-32-THD .109-IN-THK NUT-HEX-DBL-CHAM 6-32-THD .109-IN-THK	28480 28480 28480	7120-8968 2420-0002 2420-0002
R1 R2 R3	2100-2746	1	1	RESISTOR-VAR PREC WW 5-TRN 200 3% (COMPARE LEVEL) NOT ASSIGNED DIGITAL DISPLAY 100 OHMS +-1%; 2W; 2	28480 28480	2100-2746 2100-3843
T1	9100-0460	9	,	(CORRECTION) TRANSFORMER-POWER 100/120/220/240V	28480	9100-0460
U1	1826-0181	1	1	IC V RGLTR TO-3	27014	LM323K
W1	8120-1378	1	1	CABLE ASSY 18AWG 3-CNDCT JGK-JKT	28480	8120-1378
⊌2 ⊌2D\$1	08900-60220 3131-0434	3	1 1	CABLE ASSEMBLY-LINE SWITCH LENS ASSY-PUSHBUTTON TRANSLUCENT WHITE	28480 28480	08900-60220 3131-0434
M3	08900-60217	8	1	CABLE ASSEMBLY-(REPLACEMENT) BCD OUTPUT (DOES NOT INCLUDE J5)	28480	08900-60217

Table 6-3. Code List of Manufacturers

Mfr Code	Manufacturer Name	Address	Zip Code
00000 01295 02111 03508 03888 04713 06383 06665 07263 07933 13606 17856 19701 24546 25088 27014 28480 3L585 30983 32997 52763 56289 71400 72136 73138 75915	ANY SATISFACTORY SUPPLIER TEXAS INSTR INC SEMICOND CHORT DIV SPECTROL ELECTRONICS CORP GE CO SEMICONDUCTOR PROD DEPT K D I PYROFILM CORP MOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS PARDUIT CORP PRECISION MONOLITHICS INC FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR DIV RAYTHEON CO SEMICONDUCTOR DIV RAYTHEON CO SEMICONDUCTOR DIV SILICONIX INC MEPCOVELECTRA CORP CORNING GLASS WORKS (BRADFORD) SIEMENS CORP MATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORP HEULETT-PACKARD CO CORPORATE HQ RCA CORP SOLID STATE DIV MEPCOVELECTRA CORP BOURNS INC TRIMPOT PROD DIV STETINER ELECTRONICS INC SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO BUSSTAN HAF GIV OF HIGRAU-EDISON CO ELECTRO MOTIVE CORP BECKMAN INSTRUMENTS INC HELIPOT DIV LITTELFUSE INC	DALLAS TX CTTY OF IND CA AUBURN NY WHIPPANY NJ PHOENTX AZ TINLEY PARK IL SANTA CLARA CA MOUNTAIN VIEW CA CONCORD NH SANTA CLARA CA MINERAL WELLS TX BRADFORD PA ISELIN NJ SANTA CLARA CA PALO ALTO CA SOMERVILLE NJ SAN DIEGO CA RIVERSIDE CA CHAITANOOGA TN NORTH ADAMS MA ST LOUIS MO FLORENCE SC FULLERTON CA DES PLAINES IL	75222 91745 13201 07981 85008 60477 95050 94042 94040 03301 95054 76067 16701 08830 95051 94304 92121 92507 13035 01247 63107 06226 92634 60016



SECTION VII MANUAL CHANGES

7-1. INTRODUCTION

This section normally contains information for adapting this manual to instruments for which the content does not apply directly. Since this manual does apply directly to instruments having serial numbers listed on the title page, no change information is given here. Refer to INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY MANUAL in Section I for additional important information about serial number coverage.

SECTION VIII SERVICE

WARNINGS

Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnecting the protective earth terminal will cause a potential shock hazard that could result in personal injury. (Grounding one conductor of a two conductor outlet is not sufficient protection). In addition, verify that a common ground exists between the unit under test and this instrument prior to energizing either unit.

Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impared, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

If this instrument is to be energized via an auto-transformer (for voltage reduction), make sure the common terminal is connected to neutral (that is, the grounded side of the mains supply).

Servicing instructions are for use by servicetrained personnel only. To avoid dangerous electric shock, do not perform any servicing unless qualified to do so.

Adjustments described in the manual are performed with power supplied to the instrument while protective covers are removed. Energy available at many points may, if contacted, result in personal injury.

Capacitors inside the instrument may still be charged even if the instrument has been disconnected from its source of supply.

For continued protection against fire hazard, replace the line fuse(s) only with 250V fuse(s) of the same current rating and type (for example, normal blow, time delay, etc.). Do not use repaired fuses or short circuited fuseholders.

8-1. INTRODUCTION

This section contains instructions for troubleshooting and repairing the Peak Power Meter. It includes principles of operation, troubleshooting information, component location photographs, schematics, an illustrated parts breakdown, instrument internal views, and disassembly procedures. The rest of the section has general service information that should help you service and repair the instrument.

8-2. PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

Principles of operation appear on the foldout pages opposite the block diagram and schematics. Figure 8-3 is a block diagram that briefly describes overall instrument operation. It is keyed, by the numbers in the lower, right-hand corners of the blocks, to the schematics on the service sheets that follow. These service sheets provide a stage-by-stage description of the circuits on the schematics. The descriptions are keyed to stage names that appear in brackets on the schematics.

NOTE

Figure 8-1 Schematic Diagram Notes, explains most symbols that appear on the schematics.

8-3. TROUBLESHOOTING

8-4. Overall Troubleshooting

The overall block diagram (Figure 8-3) has a set of test conditions to help isolate a problem to a particular service sheet. If the trouble cannot be located using the block diagram, the troubleshooting text should be used to find the problem.

8-5. Circuit-Level Troubleshooting

After a problem has been isolated to an assembly (and corresponding service sheet), the text and table on the service sheet present detailed trouble-shooting information for the circuit.

8-6. RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT

Descriptions and critical specifications for equipment are located in the table of Recommended Test Equipment in Section I. Substitute equipment can be used if it meets the minimum critical specifications. Service Model 8900D

8-7. SERVICE AIDS

8-8. Posidriv Screwdrivers.

Many screws in the instrument appear to be Phillips, but are not. To avoid damage to the screw slots, Posidriv screwdrivers should be used.

8-9. Servicing Aids on Printed Circuit Boards.

The servicing aids include test points, transistor and integrated circuit designations, adjustment callouts and assembly stock numbers.

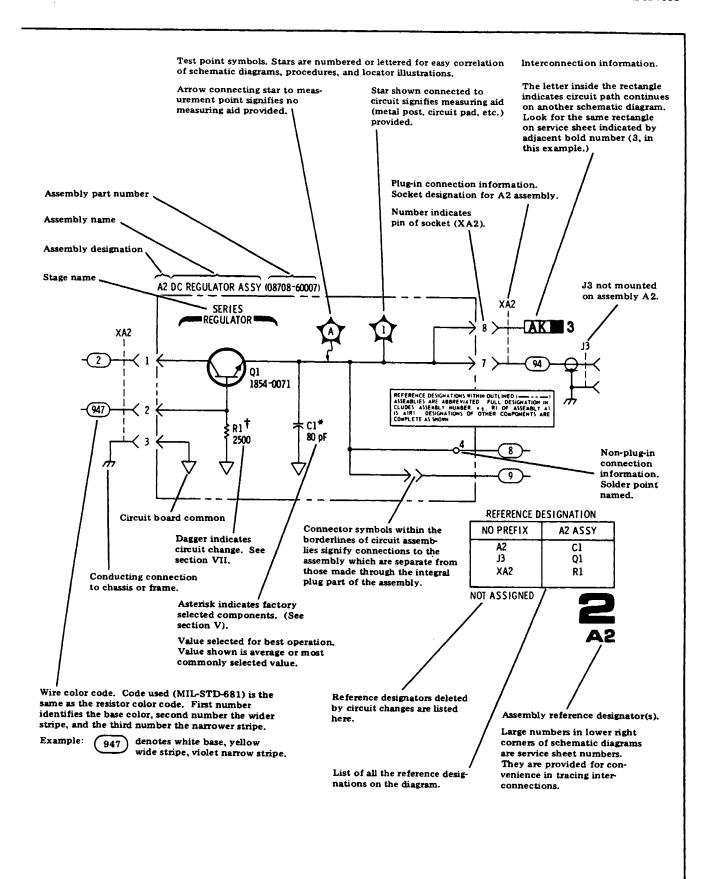


Figure 8-1. Schematic Diagram Notes (1 of 8)

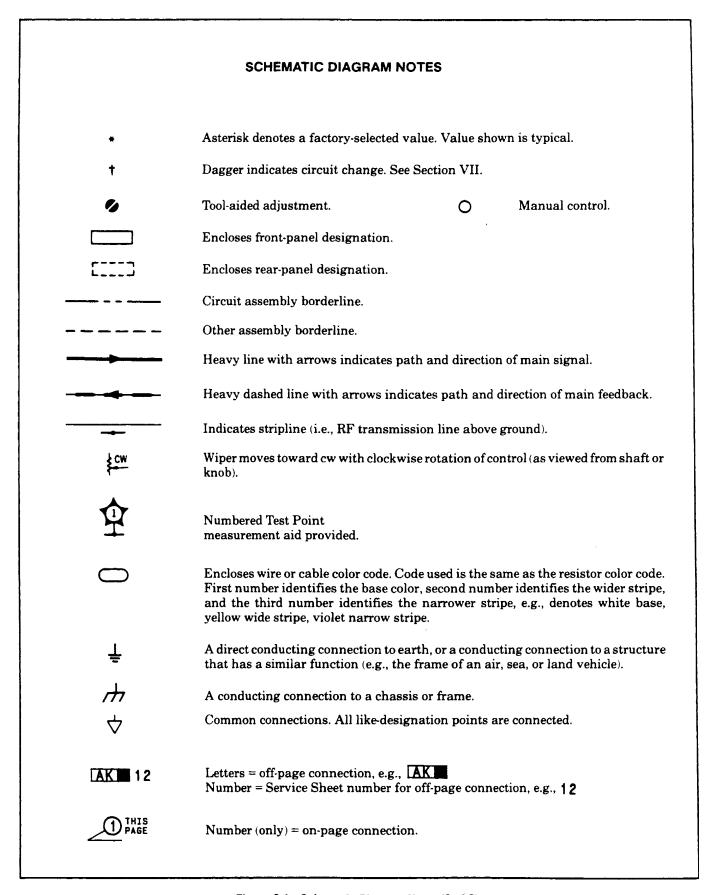
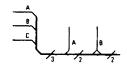


Figure 8-1. Schematic Diagram Notes (2 of 8)

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM NOTES



Indicates multiple paths represented by only one line. Letters or names identify individual paths. Numbers indicate number of paths represented by the line.



Coaxial or shielded cable.



Relay. Contact moves in direction of arrow when energized.



Indicates a pushbutton switch with a momentary (ON) position.



Indicates a PIN diode.



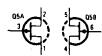
Indicates a current regulation diode.



Indicates a voltage regulation diode.



Indicates a Schottky (hot-carrier) diode.



Multiple transistors in a single package—physical location of the pins is shown in package outline on schematic.



Identification of logic families as shown (in this case, ECL).



Indicates an opto-isolator of a LED and a photoresistor packaged together. The resistance of the photoresistor is a function of the current flowing through the LED.

Figure 8-1. Schematic Diagram Notes (3 of 8)

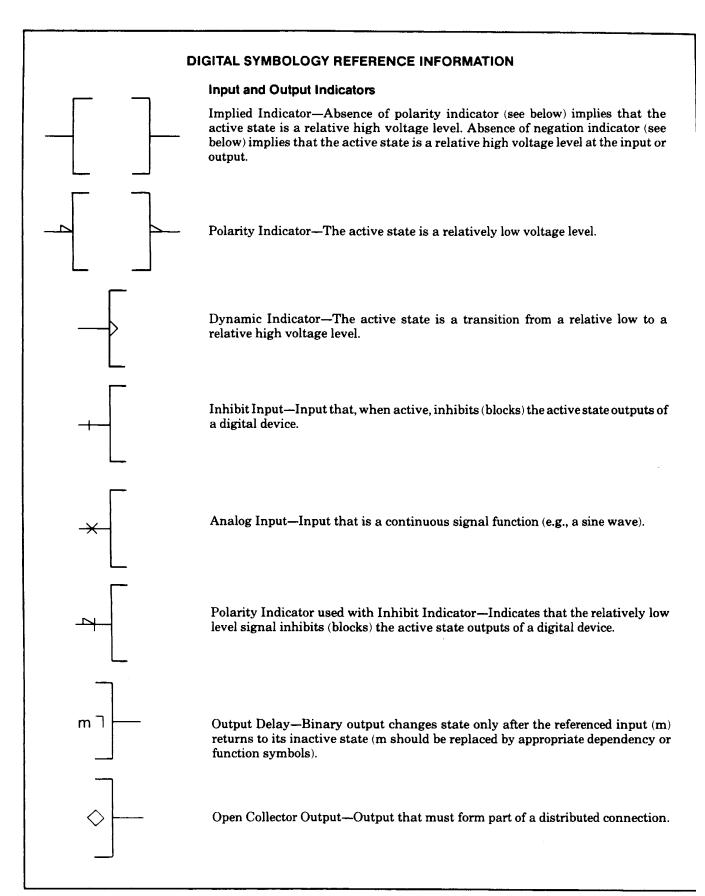


Figure 8-1. Schematic Diagram Notes (4 of 8)

	DIGITAL SYMBOLOGY REFERENCE INFORMATION
	Input and Output Indicators (Cont'd)
3-STATE	Three-state Output—Indicates outputs that can have a high impedance (disconnect) state in addition to the normal binary logic states.
	Combinational Logic Symbols and Functions
&	AND—All inputs must be active for the output to be active.
≥1	OR—One or more inputs being active will cause the output to be active.
≥m	Logic Threshold—m or more inputs being active will cause the output to be active (replace m with a number).
=1	EXCLUSIVE OR—Output will be active when one (and only one) input is active.
=m	m and only m—Output will be active when m (and only m) inputs are active (replace m with a number).
=	Logic Identity—Output will be active only when all or none of the inputs are active (i.e., when all inputs are identical, output will be active).
	Amplifier—The output will be active only when the input is active (can be used with polarity or logic indicator at input or output to signify inversion).
X/Y	Signal Level Converter—Input level(s) are different than output level(s).
	Bilateral Switch—Binary controlled switch which acts as an on/off switch to analog or binary signals flowing in both directions. Dependency notation should be used to indicate affecting/affected inputs and outputs. Note: amplifier symbol (with dependency notation) should be read to indicate unilateral switching.
X→Y	Coder—Input code (X) is converted to output code (Y) per weighted values or a table.
(Functional Labels)	The following labels are to be used as necessary to ensure rapid identification of device function.
MUX	Multiplexer—The output is dependent only on the selected input.
DEMUX	Demultiplexer—Only the selected output is a function of the input.
CPU	Central Processing Unit
PIO	Peripheral Input/Output
SMI	Static Memory Interface

Figure 8-1. Schematic Diagram Notes (5 of 8)

	DIGITAL SYMBOLOGY REFERENCE INFORMATION
	Sequential Logic Functions
	ocquerial Logic i difetions
1	Monostable—Single shot multivibrator. Output becomes active when the input becomes active. Output remains active (even if the input becomes inactive) for a period of time that is characteristic of the device and/or circuit.
TTT.	Oscillator—The output is a uniform repetitive signal which alternates between the high and low state values. If an input is shown, then the output will be active if and only if the input is in the active state.
FF	Flip-Flop—Binary element with two stable states, set and reset. When the flip-flop is set, its outputs will be in their active states. When the flip-flop is reset, its outputs will be in their inactive states.
Т	Toggle Input—When active, causes the flip-flop to change states.
S	Set Input—When active, causes the flip-flop to set.
R	Reset Input—When active, causes the flip-flop to reset.
J	J Input—Analogous to set input.
K	K Input—Analogous to reset input.
D	Data Input—Always enabled by another input (generally a C input—see Dependency Notation). When the D input is dependency-enabled, a high level at D will set the flip-flop; a low level will reset the flip-flop. Note: strictly speaking, D inputs have no active or inactive states—they are just enabled or disabled.
m	Count-Up Input—When active, increments the contents (count) of a counter by "m" counts (m is replaced with a number).
m	Count-Down Input—When active, decrements the contents (count) of a counter by "m" counts (m is replaced with a number).
→ m	Shift Right (Down) Input—When active, causes the contents of a shift register to shift to the right or down "m" places (m is replaced with a number).
← m	Shift Left (Up) Input—When active, causes the contents of a shift register to shift to the left or up "m" places (m is replaced with a number).
	NOTE

NOTE

For the four functions shown above, if m is one, it is omitted.

(Functional Labels)

The following functional labels are to be used as necessary in symbol build-ups to ensure rapid identification of device function.

Figure 8-1. Schematic Diagram Notes (6 of 8)

DIGITAL SYMBOLOGY REFERENCE INFORMATION

Sequential Logic Functions (Cont'd)

mCNTR Counter-Array of flip-flops connected to form a counter with modulus m (m is

replaced with a number that indicates the number of states: 5 CNTR, 10 CNTR,

etc.).

REG Register-Array of unconnected flip-flops that form a simple register or latch.

SREG Shift Register—Array of flip-flops that form a register with internal connections

that permit shifting the contents from flip-flop to flip-flop.

ROM Read Only Memory—Addressable memory with read-out capability only.

RAM Random Access Memory-Addressable memory with read-in and read-out

capability.

Dependency Notation

mAm Address Dependency-Binary affecting inputs of affected outputs. The m prefix is replaced with a number that differentiates between several address inputs, indicates

dependency, or indicates demultiplexing and multiplexing of address inputs and outputs. The m suffix indicates the number of cells that can be addressed.

Gm Gate (AND) Dependency-Binary affecting input with an AND relationship to

those inputs or outputs labeled with the same identifier. The m is replaced with a

number or letter (the identifier).

Cm Control Dependency—Binary affecting input used where more than a simple AND

relationship exists between the C input and the affected inputs and outputs (used

only with D-type flip-flops).

Vm OR Dependency—Binary affecting input with an OR relationship to those inputs or

outputs labeled with the same identifier. The m is replaced with a number or the

letter (the identifier).

Fm Free Dependency-Binary affecting input acting as a connect switch when active

and a disconnect when inactive. Used to control the 3-state behavior of a

3-state device.

NOTE

The identifier (m) is omitted if it is one—that is, when there is only one dependency relationship of that kind in a particular device. When this is done, the dependency indicator itself (G, C, F, or V) is used to prefix or suffix the affected (dependent) input or output.

Figure 8-1. Schematic Diagram Notes (7 of 8)

Service Model 8900D

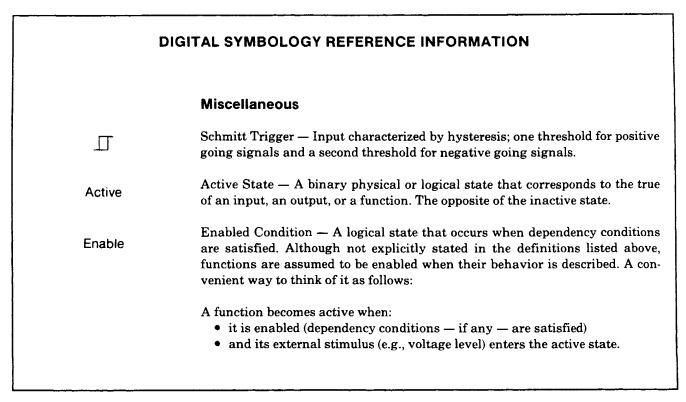


Figure 8-1. Schematic Diagram Notes (8 of 8)

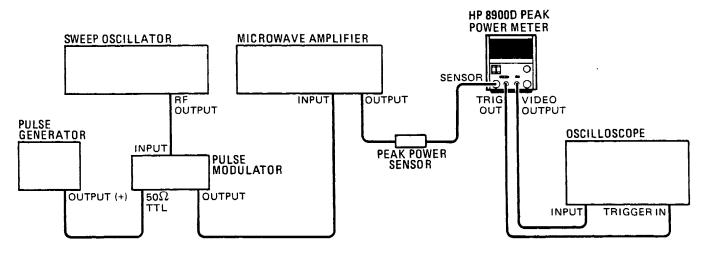


Figure 8-2. Troubleshooting Equipment Setup

Model 8900D Service

SERVICE SHEET BD1 OVERALL BLOCK DIAGRAM PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

General

The Peak Power Meter Overall Block Diagram is shown in Figure 8-3. It shows the two major assemblies as well as the major circuits on each assembly.

The Peak Power Meter has two modes of operation. These are the Direct and Compare modes. In Direct mode, the Peak Detector circuit is used. In Compare Mode, the Trigger Amp, Video Amp, and FET switching circuits are used. Both modes use the 8X Amp, Shaper circuits, Shaper Output Amp, the Digital Panel Meter and Reading Offset circuits.

The explanations that follow briefly explain the function of some of the major circuits shown on the block diagram.

Timing, Switch Driver, and FET Switch

When the mode switch is in the Compare position, the Switch driver circuitry is enabled. This will cause the FET Switch to alternately switch the Sensor Input signal and the Compare Level to the Video Amp. This switching occurs at about a 70 Hz rate as controlled by the Timing circuit.

Peak Detector

When in Direct mode, the Peak Detector circuit will output a voltage corresponding to the most negative point on the Sensor Input pulse envelope.

100 mW Shaper

The 100 mW Shaper is functional when the Range switch is in the 100 mW position. Its function is to convert the non-linear dc signal from the previous circuitry to a linear dc signal. The linear signal can then be used by the digital meter.

10 mW Shaper

The function of the 10 mW Shaper is similar to the function of the 100 mW Shaper. It is functional when the Range switch is in the 10 mW position.

Digital Panel Meter and BCD Output

The function of the Digital Panel Meter and associated circuitry (shown on Service Sheet 3) is to convert an analog signal from the Shaper Assembly into BCD (Binary Coded Decimal) format. The BCD information is used to drive the digital display and rear panel BCD output. This output can be used to drive a peripheral device or interface with a computer.

TROUBLESHOOTING

- 1. Turn the instrument on. Observe the LINE switch indicator lamp. The lamp should be on.
- 2. Remove the instrument side covers. Check the +5.200V ±0.025V and -5.400V ±0.025V power supplies for proper voltage. If the lamp is not lit and the power supplies are within the limits specified, suspect a bad lamp. If the lamp is lit but the supplies are incorrect, suspect a problem in either the rectifying or regulating circuitry. In either case, go to the schematic diagram on Service Sheet 1 to continue troubleshooting.
- 3. Set the front panel controls on the Peak Power Meter as follows:

Correction	50
Range 100 m	ıW
Mode Dire	ect

- 4. Connect a 50Ω potentiometer in series with the negative output of the dc power supply. Connect the 50Ω potentiometer to the terminal with the green wire (color coded 5) on the CORRECTION control and adjust the power supply and potentiometer for an output of -0.5610 ± 0.0005 V.
- 5. Measure the voltage at J4, the Recorder Output, with a digital voltmeter. The voltage at this point should be +1.000±.005V. If this voltage is correct, go to the schematic on Service Sheet 3 to continue troubleshooting. Otherwise, continue to the next step.
- 6. Set the MODE switch to COMPARE, and vary the COMPARE LEVEL control. The meter should change value as the COMPARE LEVEL control is varied. If the meter does not change value, go to Service Sheet 1 to continue troubleshooting.
- 7. Set the MODE switch to DIRECT. Set the RANGE switch to 10 mW. Using a dc power supply, apply -0.162 volts to the terminal with the green wire (color coded 5) on the CORRECTION control located behind the front panel. The meter should display full scale deflection. If all is correct, continue with the next step. Otherwise, go to Service Sheet 1 Troubleshooting, step 1 to continue troubleshooting.
- 8. Disconnect the dc power supply from the green wire on the CORRECTION control. Set MODE switch to COMPARE and set the Range Switch to 100 mW. Set up the equipment as shown in Figure 8-2.

SERVICE SHEET BD1 (cont'd)

9. Apply a known pulsed microwave signal of 50 mW to the peak power sensor. This signal should have a pulse rate of 1 kHz and a pulse width of 1 µs. The pulse modulated frequency can be anywhere within the range of 100 MHz to 18 GHz. The oscilloscope should show a "dual trace" consisting of the envelope of the input pulse along with a line that should move as the COMPARE LEVEL control is varied. If all is correct, continue to the next step. Otherwise, go to Service Sheet 1 Troubleshooting, step 6 to continue troubleshooting.

10. Set the MODE switch to DIRECT. Set the CORRECTION factor to whatever CORRECTION factor is listed on the peak power sensor for the pulse modulated frequency set in step 6. Check for a power level indication of 50 mW on the meter. Vary the pulse power level from 1 to 100 mW. The level shown on the meter should track the peak power level of the input signal. If an incorrect reading is observed at any power level, go to Service Sheet 2 Trouble shooting to continue troubleshooting. If no problem has revealed itself, either the instrument is working properly, the problem is intermittent or a subtle deviation from specifications not checked in this procedure.

Table 8-1. Troubleshooting Voltages

INPUT	J1 Pin 1	A3TP11	A2TP1	A2TP3
100 mW	-0.5562V	+3.00 ±.06V	+3.00 ±.06V	+1.000 ±.005V
10 mW	-0.1605V	+0.865 ±.017V	+0.865 ±.017V	+1.0000 ±.0005V

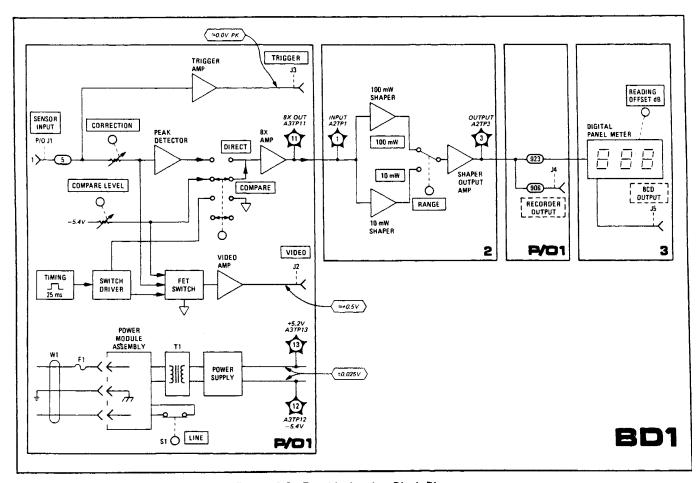


Figure 8-3. Troubleshooting Block Diagram

Model 8900D Service

SERVICE SHEET 1 MOTHERBOARD

PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

General

The schematic diagram for Service Sheet 1 shows the power supply circuitry and most of the signal path from the input to the A/D Converter. The shaper circuitry is shown on Service Sheet 2. The VIDEO and TRIGGER outputs, and related circuits, are also shown on this service sheet.

Neg Peak Detector

When in Direct Mode, this circuit is used. The signal enters U1 which is a non-inverting amplifier. Capacitor C1 allows the amplifier's gain to increase as input frequency increases. The output of this amplifier charges capacitor C8. Several cycles of the input pulse are needed to fully charge this capacitor. The capacitor is charged to a potential equal to the pulse peak value multiplied by the gain of the U1 circuit. Resistor R17 serves to discharge C8 once the input signal is removed.

Trigger Amp

The input to the TRIGGER AMPlifier is taken directly from the output of the peak power sensor. This amplifier has an inverted output with a gain of about 30. It will work with inputs of 0.1 mW or more. Typically, once the input exceeds 2 mW, the output of the amplifier will not change much.

8X Invert Amp

The input to the 8X INVERT AMP comes from the output of the NEG PEAK DETECTOR when in Direct mode or from the COMPARE LEVEL potentiometer when in Compare mode. The first stage is a non-inverting amplifier with a gain of about 7. The second stage is an inverting amplifier with a gain of about 1.1. The purpose of this amplifier is to provide enough power to drive the shaper circuit (Service Sheet 2).

Switch Driver and FET Switch

The SWITCH DRIVER is made up of U4A, U4B, U5 and associated circuitry. U5 is a timer circuit that is set to output a clock signal at a 25 ms period. This signal clocks the circuit that is made up of U4A and U4B, a frequency divide-by-4 circuit. The two outputs of the second divider drive

the FET SWITCH. The FET SWITCH will either pass the signals or break the signal path, depending on the status of the F inputs (A low on an F input will allow the signal to pass; a high will prevent the signal from passing). When the COMPARE LEVEL voltage is being passed through the switch, the collector of Q3 will short to ground, shorting the input pulse. This way, none of the input signal will be coupled onto the COMPARE LEVEL voltage when it is viewed on the oscilloscope.

TROUBLESHOOTING

 Set the front panel controls on the Peak Power Meter as follows:

Correction
Range 100 mW
Mode Direc

- 2. Connect a 50Ω potentiometer in series with the negative output of the dc power supply. Connect the 50Ω potentiometer to the terminal with the green wire (color coded 5) on the CORRECTION control and adjust the power supply and potentiometer for an output of -0.5610 ± 0.0005 V.
- 3. Measure the voltage at A3TP11. The voltage at this point should be +3.00±0.06V. If the voltage at this point is incorrect, continue to the next step. Otherwise, go to Service Sheet 2 Troubleshooting to continue troubleshooting.
- Measure the voltage at A3TP5. The voltmeter should read -0.376±0.01V. If the voltage reading is correct, troubleshoot the 8X INVERT AMP. Otherwise, continue to the next step.
- 5. Measure the voltage at A3P1 pin 4. The voltmeter should read -0.413±0.01V. If the voltage at this point is correct, troubleshoot the NEG PEAK DETECTOR. Otherwise, troubleshoot A1R3, the CORR ADJ potentiometer, and associated circuitry.
- 6. Probe the output of the TRIGGER AMP circuit with the oscilloscope. The oscilloscope should show a pulse with an amplitude >0.1V ocurring at the beginning of the sweep cycle of the oscilloscope. If no pulse is seen or if the pulse amplitude is lower than specified, troubleshoot the TRIGGER AMP. Otherwise, continue to the next step.

Service Model 8900D

SERVICE SHEET 1 (cont'd)

- Measure the voltage at A3U4 pin 11 with a dc voltmeter. The voltage should be a TTL high (that is, >+2V). If all is correct, continue to the next step. Otherwise, troubleshoot A1S2 and A3R40.
- 8. Probe pins 9 and 10 of A3U4 with the oscilloscope. The oscilloscope display should show a TTL signal with a period of approximately 25 ms on each of the pins. If these signals are correct, continue to the next step. Otherwise, troubleshoot the SWITCH DRIVER circuit.
- 9. Connect the oscilloscope to A3TP7. The signal at this point should be a negative-rectified version of the power sensor output. If the signal is correct, continue to the next step. Other-

- wise, troubleshoot the peak power sensor (see the HP 84811A Peak Power Sensor Operating and Service Manual).
- 10. Connect the dc voltmeter to A3U3 pin 11. Vary the COMPARE LEVEL control. The voltage should vary from about 0V to about -0.538V. If the voltage changes correctly, continue to the next step. Otherwise, troubleshoot potentiometer R1 and associated circuitry.
- 11. Connect the oscilloscope to A3TP6. Set the COMPARE LEVEL knob on the Peak Power Meter fully clockwise. The oscilloscope should show a dc level of -0.5V and the negative-rectified input pulse with an amplitude of -0.08V. If these voltages are correct, troubleshoot the VIDEO AMP. Otherwise, troubleshoot the FET SWITCH.

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