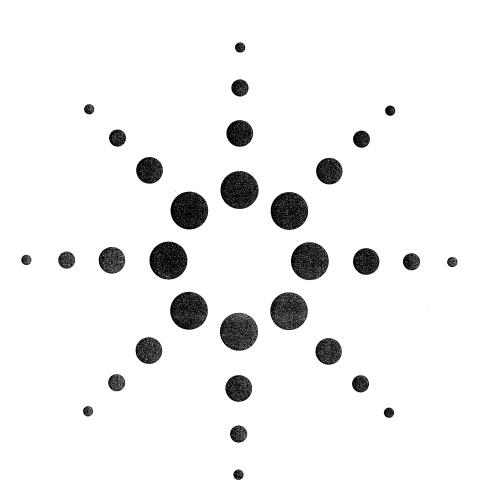
85027D
Directional Bridge
Operating and Service Manual



Notice

Hewlett-Packard to Agilent Technologies Transition

This documentation supports a product that previously shipped under the Hewlett-Packard company brand name. The brand name has now been changed to Agilent Technologies. The two products are functionally identical, only our name has changed. The document still includes references to Hewlett-Packard products, some of which have been transitioned to Agilent Technologies.



ADDENDUM MANUAL CHANGES

This addendum contains information received too late to be included in the manual shipped with your product. Use the information below to update your manual.

Manual Identification

This addendum applies to the following document:

Model Number: HP 85027D

Date Printed: February 1991

Part Number: 85027-90031

Instructions

Make the following changes to your manual.

- On page 1-3, under the test port match specification change:
 - □ 30 to 40 GHz, \geq 15.5 dB, (\leq 1.40 SWR) to read 30 to 40 GHz, \geq 13 dB (\leq 1.57 SWR)
 - \Box 40 to 50 GHz, \geq 10.5 dB (\leq 1.85 SWR) to read 40 to 50 GHz, \geq 9.5 dB (\leq 2.0 SWR) typical
- On page 4-15, under the test port match specification change:
 - \square 30 to 40 GHz, \geq 15.5 dB to read 30 to 40 GHz, \geq 13 dB

Addendum Date: January 1992



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HP 85027D DIRECTIONAL BRIDGE

SERIAL NUMBERS

This manual applies directly to HP 85027D directional bridge with the following serial number prefix:

Serial Prefix: 3100A

For additional information concerning serial numbers, refer to *Instruments Covered By Manual* in the *General Information* section of this manual.

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MANUAL PART NO. 85027-90031 Microfiche Part Number 85027-90032 Printed: FEBRUARY 1991 Edition 1



CERTIFICATION

Hewlett-Packard Company certifies that this product met its published specifications at the time of shipment from the factory. Hewlett-Packard further certifies that its calibration measurements are traceable to the United States National Bureau of Standards, to the extent allowed by the Bureau's calibration facility, and to the calibration facilities of other International Standards Organization members.

WARRANTY

This Hewlett-Packard instrument product is warranted against defects in material and workmanship for a period of one year from date of delivery. During the warranty period, Hewlett-Packard Company will, at its option, either repair or replace products which prove to be defective.

For warranty service or repair, this product must be returned to a service facility designated by HP. Buyer shall prepay shipping charges to HP and HP shall pay shipping charges to return the product to Buyer. However, Buyer shall pay all shipping charges, duties, and taxes for products returned to HP from another country.

HP warrants that its software and firmware designated by HP for use with an instrument will execute its programming instructions when properly installed on that instrument. HP does not warrant that the operation of the instrument, or software, or firmware will be uninterrupted or error free.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY

The foregoing warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from improper or inadequate maintenance by Buyer, Buyer-supplied software or interfacing, unauthorized modification or misuse, operation outside of the environmental specifications for the product, or improper site preparation or maintenance.

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ASSISTANCE

Product maintenance agreements and other customer assistance agreements are available for Hewlett-Packard products.

For any assistance, contact your nearest Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Office. Addresses are provided at the back of this manual.

BP21.1

TABLE OF CONTENTS HP 85027D Directional Bridge

| Section 1. General Information | Procedure for 0.01 to 4 GHz 4-3 |
|---|---|
| | Procedure for 4 to 40 GHz 4-4 |
| Introduction 1-1 | Procedure for 40 to 47 GHz 4-6 |
| Instruments Covered By The Manual 1-1 | Directivity Nomogram Instructions 4-7 |
| Instrument Keys/Softkeys 1-1 | Measurement Uncertainty 4-7 |
| Safety Considerations 1-2 | Test Port Match 4-10 |
| Product Description 1-2 | Equipment 4-10 |
| Specifications 1-2 | Description 4-10 |
| Items Supplied With The HP 85027D 1-2 | Procedure 4-10 |
| Equipment Required But Not Supplied 1-2 | P Dynamic Accuracy (AC and DC) 4-13 |
| Equipment Available | Equipment 4-13 |
| Recommended Test Equipment 1-3 | |
| | Procedure AC Mode 4-14 |
| | Procedure DC Mode 4-14 |
| Section 2. Installation | |
| Introduction | Section 5. Adjustments |
| | |
| Initial Inspection | introduction |
| Preparation For Use | Adjustment Procedures |
| Power Requirements 2-1 | |
| Mating Connectors 2-1 | AC Adjustment Procedure |
| Environmental Requirements 2-2 | |
| Operating Environment | Foodthrough Null Adjustment Procedure 5-3 |
| Storage and Shipment 2-2 | DC Mode RE Adjustment Check |
| Returning The Product For Service 2-2 | |
| Packaging 2-2 | Section 6. Replaceable Parts |
| | • |
| Section 3. Operation | Introduction |
| | Restored Exchange Lists 6-1 |
| Introduction 3-1 | |
| Features 3-1 | |
| Operating Instructions 3-1 | |
| Connecting the HP 85027D 3-2 | |
| Reflection Measurements 3-3 | |
| Transmission Measurements 3-3 | |
| Operator's Check 3-4 | The same of One southern 7.1 |
| Equipment 3-4 | Turnih İzabaştına Duşaşdı veş |
| Procedure 3-4 | Troubleshooting Procedures |
| | Gaining Internal Access |
| | Cable Continuity Check |
| Section 4. Performance Tests | Power Cable Replacement |
| | Microcircuit Tests |
| Introduction 4-1 | |
| Equipment Required 4-1 | A1 Bridge Microcircuit Assembly Replacement 7-4 |
| Directivity 4-2 | Power Supply Check 7-4 |
| Equipment 4-2 | Signal Path Check |
| Description 4-2 | P Clock/Control Check 7-5 |

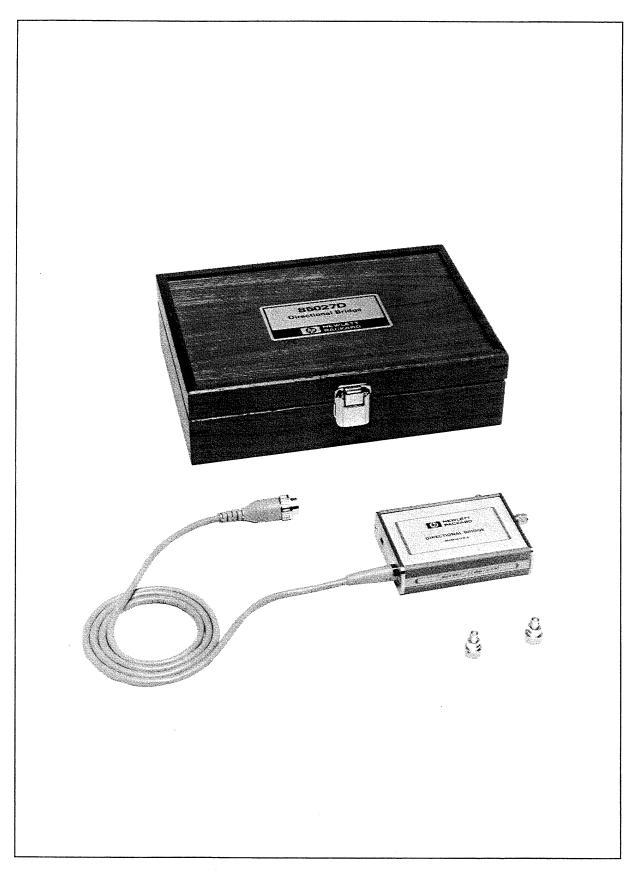


Figure 1-1. HP 85027D and Accessories

1-0

Section 1. General Information

INTRODUCTION

This manual contains the information required to install, operate, test, adjust, and service the HP 85027D directional bridge (also referred to as the "bridge"). The bridge and supplied accessories are shown in Figure 1-1.

Listed on the title page of this manual is a microfiche part number. Use this number to order microfilm transparencies of this manual. The latest manual changes supplement and relevant service notes are included in the microfilm package.

INSTRUMENTS COVERED BY THE MANUAL

A serial number label is attached to the side of the HP 85027D (see Figure 1-2). The serial number is in two parts. The first four digits followed by a letter comprise the serial number prefix; the last five digits are the suffix. The prefix is the same for all identical instruments. The prefix changes only when a change is made to the instrument. The suffix is assigned sequentially and is different for each instrument.

The content of this manual applies directly to HP 85027D directional bridges having the same serial number prefix as those listed under *Serial Numbers* on the title page of this manual.

A bridge manufactured after the printing of this manual may have a serial prefix that is not listed on the title page. An unlisted serial prefix indicates that the product may be different from those documented in this manual. A manual changes supplement will be included with the manual to document differences.

In addition to change information, the supplement may contain information that applies to all instruments, regardless of serial number. To keep this manual as current as possible, periodically request the latest manual changes supplement. The supplement for this manual is keyed to its print date and part number, which appear on the title page. Copies of the supplement are available from Hewlett-Packard.



Figure 1-2. Typical Serial Number Label

INSTRUMENT KEYS/SOFTKEYS

This manual contains step by step performance instructions for specific tests and measurements. Instrument keys are identified with **BOLD** type and softkeys are differentiated with **BOLD ITALICS**.

1-1

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

There are no hazardous voltages in this directional bridge.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The HP 85027D is a microwave directional bridge that has a frequency range of 0.01 to 50 GHz, a 2.4 mm (male) test port connector, and a 2.4 mm (female) RF input. The bridge makes modulated (AC) or unmodulated (DC) scalar reflection measurements with the HP 8757 scalar network analyzer. The HP 85027D also performs AC measurements with the HP 8756 and HP 8755 scalar network analyzers.

A single zero-biased modified barrier diode detector in the bridge performs reflection measurements by sampling the return loss of the device under test. A detector can be added for simultaneous transmission measurements. A power splitter can be used with the bridge or detector (or both) for ratio measurements. The RF input signal is typically supplied by a sweep oscillator or a synthesized sweeper.

SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1-1 lists the HP 85027D specifications. The instrument is tested to these performance standards. Table 1-2 lists supplemental (nonwarranted) characteristics. These are also identified as *typical* or *nominal*. These supplemental characteristics are not specifications but are included as additional information for the user.

ITEMS SUPPLIED WITH THE HP 85027D

The following accessories and documents are supplied with the HP 85027D:

Description

Short PSC-2.4 (f)
Open PSC-2.4 (f)
Connector Care Application Note #326
Operating Note 2.4 mm ADAPTERS
and CALIBRATION ACCESSORIES

HP Model or Part Number

HP 85140B HP 85141B HP P/N 5954-1566 HP P/N 11900-90003

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

Transmission measurements require one or more HP 85025 detectors and a scalar network analyzer. Use the HP 8757 for AC and DC measurements; use the HP 8756 or HP 8755 for AC-only measurements. Ratio measurements can be made with the addition of a power splitter. The HP 11667C power splitter has a frequency range of DC to 50 GHz. Swept frequency measurements require a swept signal source. In addition, the RF source signal must be amplitude modulated by a 27.778 kHz square wave signal for AC detection measurements. The HP 8350 sweep oscillator, HP 8340, HP 8341, or HP 8360 synthesized sweepers provide square wave modulation.

^{1.} PSC-2.4 are metrology grade 2.4 mm Precision Slotless Connectors developed at Hewlett-Packard. The slotless center conductor provides higher performance and repeatibility. They are compatible with all 2.4 mm connectors.

EQUIPMENT AVAILABLE

Hewlett-Packard produces adapters from 2.4 mm to other coaxial connector types. Refer to 2.4 mm ADAPTERS and CALIBRATION ACCESSORIES (included with the HP 85027D), for a list of these products and their specifications.

RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT

Table 1-3 lists the equipment required to test the bridge. Other equipment may be substituted if it meets or exceeds the critical specifications indicated in the table. Use this list, also, as a reference for the equipment necessary to make reflection and transmission measurements.

Table 1-1. HP 85027D Specifications

| Frequency Ra | inge | 0.01 to 50 GF | iz | |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------------|---|--|
| Maximum Input Power | | +23 dBm or | ± 10 volts | |
| Directivity (+: | 25° ± 5°C) | | | |
| 0.01 to 26.5 G | · · - | ≥35 dB | | |
| 26.5 to 40 GH: | z | ≥30 dB | | |
| 40 to 50 GHz | | ≥25 dB | | |
| Test Port Mate | ch (\pm 25° \pm 5°C) | | | |
| 0.01 to 16 GH: | z | ≥21.5 dB | (≤1.18 SWR) | |
| 16 to 30 GHz | | ≥18.5 dB | (≤1.27 SWR) | |
| 30 to 40 GHz | | ≥15.5 dB | (≤1.40 SWR) | |
| | | | | |
| | uracy (+25°±5°C, | ≥10.5 dB 50 MHz, inpu | (≤1.85 SWR) typically ut power ≥0 dBm) | |
| Dynamic Accu | uracy (+25°±5°C, | | | |
| Dynamic Accu | uracy (+25°±5°C, | | | |
| 2.0 1.6 1.2 0.8 0.4 | uracy (+25°±5°C, | | | |
| 2.0 1.6 1.2 0.8 0.4 0.0 | uracy (+25°±5°C, | 50 MHz, inpu | | |
| 2.0 1.6 1.2 0.8 0.4 0.0 | uracy (+25°±5°C, | 50 MHz, inpu | ut power ≥0 dBm) | |
| 2.0 1.6 1.2 0.8 0.4 0.0 | uracy (+25°±5°C, | 50 MHz, inpu | ut power ≥0 dBm) -20 -30 -40 | |
| 2.0 1.6 1.2 0.8 0.4 0.0 | uracy (+25°±5°C, | 50 MHz, inpu | ut power ≥0 dBm) -20 -30 -40 Return Loss (dB) | |
| 2.0 1.6 1.2 0.8 0.4 0.0 | uracy (+25°±5°C, | 50 MHz, inpu | ut power ≥0 dBm) -20 -30 -40 Return Loss (dB) | |

Allowable recession of male contact pin shoulder behind the outer conductor mating plane.
 Allowable recession of the end of the female center pin behind the outer conductor mating plane.

Table 1-2. HP 85027D Supplemental Characteristics

Typical Insertion Loss At 0.01 GHz 6.5 dB At 18 GHz 8.0 dB At 26.5 GHz 10.0 dB At 50 GHz 12.0 dB Typical Minimum Input Power for a 35 dB Return Loss at 40 GHz HP 8757 0 dBm HP 8756/55 $\pm 5~\mathrm{dBm}$ **Nominal Impedance** 50 ohms **Dimensions** 26 mm high x 124 mm wide x 118 mm deep (1.0 inch x 4.9 inches x 4.6 inches) **Cable Length** 1219 mm (48 inches) Net Weight Shipping Weight 425 gm (15 oz) 1.8 kg (4 lb)

Table 1-3. Recommended Test Equipment

| Туре | Critical Specification | Suggested Model or HP Part Number (P/N) |
|--|---|---|
| Scalar Network Analyzer | HP 85027 AC/DC compatible | HP 8757 |
| Swept RF Source: Mainframe | HP 8757 compatible | HP 8350B |
| RF Plug-in | 0.01 to 40 GHz | HP 83597A |
| RF Plug-in | 40 to 50 GHz | HP 83550A |
| Millimeter-wave Source Module | 40 to 50 GHz | HP 83555A |
| Detector | 0.01 to 50 GHz | HP 85025D |
| Power Splitter | 0.01 to 50 GHz | HP 11667C |
| Power Meter | | HP 436A |
| Power Sensor | 50 MHz | HP 8481A |
| 10 dB Step Attenuator | | HP 8495A Opt. 001, Opt. 890 |
| Termination 50 Ohm PSC-2.4 | | HP 85138B |
| Termination 50 Ohm DC to 4 GHz, PSC-2.4 | Return loss ≥42 dB | HP P/N 85056-60009 |
| Sliding Mismatch 2.4 mm (f) | | HP915F |
| Airline 5 cm | | HPP/N 85057-60001 |
| Open PSC-2.4 | | HP 85141B* |
| Short PSC-2.4 | | HP 85140B* |
| Adapters | 2.4 mm (m) to 2.4 mm (m) Waveguide to 2.4 mm (m) Type-N (m) to 2.4 mm (f) Type-N (m) to 2.4 mm (m) | HP 11900A HP Q281B HP 11903D HP 11903A |

^{*}Included with the HP 85027D.

INTRODUCTION

This section explains inspection procedures, environmental requirements, and packaging requirements.

INITIAL INSPECTION

If the shipping container or cushioning material is damaged, do not discard them until the bridge has been checked mechanically and electrically.

- 1. Check the package for completeness.
- 2. Check connectors, cable, and body for mechanical damage.
- 3. Electrically test the bridge. Refer to Operation or Performance Tests in this manual.

Notify Hewlett-Packard if the shipping contents are not complete, if there is mechanical damage or defect, or if the bridge does not pass electrical tests. Notify the carrier if the shipping container is damaged or the cushioning material shows signs of stress. Keep all shipping materials for the carrier's inspection. Hewlett-Packard will arrange for repair or replacement without waiting for a claim settlement.

PREPARATION FOR USE

Power Requirements



Maximum power input to the bridge is ± 23 dBm RF power or ± 10 volts DC. Exceeding these limits will damage the bridge.

Power for the HP 85027D is supplied by the network analyzer.

Mating Connectors

The precision 2.4 mm connector is a durable microwave connector. As with any precision microwave device, take care to properly handle the connector when making connections. Visually inspect and clean the connectors before every use.

Measure the mechanical tolerances of the bridge's RF connectors prior to first use, and periodically thereafter. Detailed instructions for gaging the precision 2.4 mm connector are available in the Hewlett-Packard *Microwave Connector Care* manual, HP Part Number 08510-90064. See Table 1-1 for pin depth specifications.

To extend the life of the 2.4 mm connectors, use the precision 2.4 mm adapters referenced in *Equipment Available*.

ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

Humidity: Protect this product from temperature extremes which can cause internal condensation.

Operating Environment

Temperature:

 0° C to $+55^{\circ}$ C ($+32^{\circ}$ F to $+131^{\circ}$ F).

Altitude:

Up to 4,572 metres (15,000 feet).

Storage and Shipment

Temperature:

 -40° C to $+75^{\circ}$ C (-40° F to $+167^{\circ}$ F).

Altitude:

Up to 15,240 metres (50,000 feet).

RETURNING THE PRODUCT FOR SERVICE

If you return the instrument to Hewlett-Packard, follow the *Packaging* instructions in this manual. Complete a blue service tag (located at the end of this manual) and attach it to the bridge.

Packaging

Containers and materials identical to those used in factory packaging are available through Hewlett-Packard offices. If you choose to package the instrument with commercially available materials, follow these instructions:

- 1. Place the bridge completely inside an anti-static bag.
- 2. Use a strong shipping container. A double-wall carton made of 350-pound test material is adequate.
- 3. Use a 7 to 10 cm (3 to 4 in) layer of shock-absorbing material around all sides of the instrument to provide a firm cushion and prevent movement inside the container.
- 4. Seal the container securely.
- 5. Mark the shipping container FRAGILE.

2-2 Installation HP 85027D

INTRODUCTION

This section describes the typical operating modes of the directional bridge and provides an operator's check for verifying system function.



SUSCEPTIBLE TO DAMAGE FROM ESD.

ESD (electrostatic discharge) can damage the highly sensitive microcircuits in this device.

An electrostatic discharge as low as 100 volts can destroy your bridge.

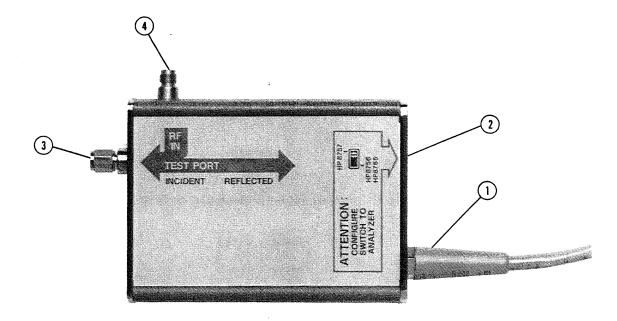
Use this device at a static-safe workstation and wear a grounding strap. NEVER touch the center contacts of the connectors or the cable contact pins.

FEATURES

Figure 3-1 describes the HP 85027D features. Description numbers match the numbers on the illustration.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The HP 85027D is designed specifically to operate with the HP 8757 scalar network analyzer. The bridge is also compatible with the HP 8756 and HP 8755 analyzers. A configuration switch is located on the bottom cover of the bridge. Set the switch to the **HP 8757** position for use with the HP 8757 analyzer. Set the switch to the **HP 8756/HP 8755** position for use with either of those analyzers. Improper configuration of this switch will result in unacceptable performance.



- 1. **Power supply cable W1**. This cable supplies DC voltages to the bridge, performs control functions, and sends reflected signal information to the analyzer.
- 2. Configuration switch S1. This switch sets the bridge for use with either the HP 8757 or the HP 8756/HP 8755.
- 3. Test port connector J2 (2.4 mm -male). Connect the DUT, calibration short or open here.
- 4. RF Input connector J1 (2.4 mm —female). Apply the RF signal here.

Figure 3-1. HP 85027D Features

CONNECTING THE HP 85027D

- Connect the power supply cable's DC connector into an analyzer input connector. (Input A is typically used for connection of the bridge for reflection measurements.) The HP 85027D connector is keyed; insert the plug with the key downward.
- 2. Secure the DC connector in the analyzer by turning the OUTER shell clockwise.
- 3. Connect the bridge RF input port to the source by turning the mating male connector OUTER nut clockwise.

3-2 Operation HP 85027D

REFLECTION MEASUREMENTS

The directional bridge performs reflection measurements in either AC or DC detection mode. The bridge is a directional device which samples the reflected signal from the device under test (DUT) and diode detects it. Figure 3-2 shows a typical measurement setup with the HP 8757.

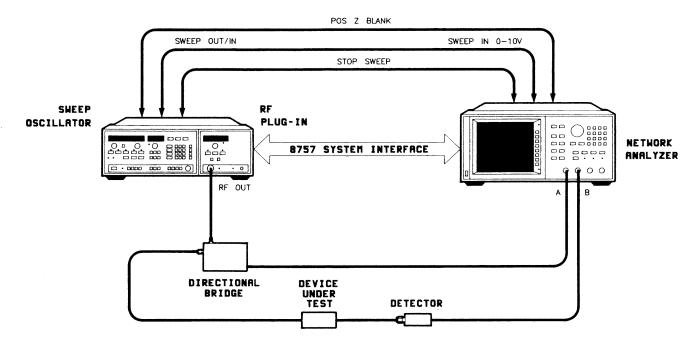


Figure 3-2. Typical Measurement Setup

RF input to the bridge is supplied by a sweep oscillator or synthesized sweeper. DC input to the bridge is supplied by the network analyzer. The DUT is measured at the bridge test port. Insert a power splitter between the source and bridge RF input for ratio measurements. A detector connected to the power splitter reference arm detects the reference signal to the network analyzer input R.

The open/short calibration is performed at the bridge test port. If an adapter is required to mate to the DUT, perform the calibration with the adapter connected to the bridge. Adapter use degrades system source match and directivity. The best accuracy is achieved when the DUT and bridge mate without the use of adapters.

TRANSMISSION MEASUREMENTS

Insertion loss or gain measurements are made with the addition of a detector at the DUT's output. The detector is typically connected to input B of the HP 8757.

*Included with the HP 85027D.

OPERATOR'S CHECK

The purpose of this procedure is to provide a quick check of the bridge's functionality. Follow this procedure to perform a return loss measurement of a 50 ohm termination. Compare the measurement results to the specifications. Specifications include the termination return loss plus the measurement uncertainty. Successfully completed, this measurement indicates that the bridge is functioning and that it's directivity is within or near specifications.

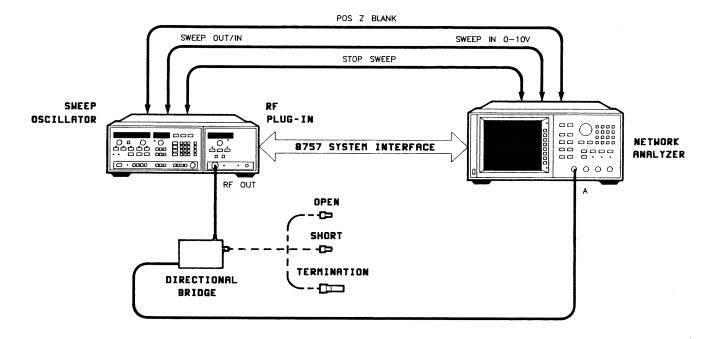


Figure 3-3. Operator's Check Setup

Equipment

| Scalar Network Analyzer | HP 8757 |
|----------------------------|------------|
| Sweep Oscillator | . HP 8350B |
| RF Plug-in | |
| Open PSC-2.4 | HP 85141B* |
| Short PSC-2.4 | HP 85140B* |
| Termination 50 Ohm PSC-2.4 | |

Note: For use with the HP 8756 or HP 8755, set the configuration switch in step 1 to **HP 8756/HP 8755**, and omit steps 6 and 7.

Procedure

- 1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 3-3 with no connection to the bridge test port. Allow 30 minutes warm-up. Set the bridge configuration switch to **HP 8757**.
- 2. On the analyzer, press [PRESET]; both the analyzer and source will reset. Press [CHAN 2 OFF].

3. Calibrate the analyzer. Press [CAL] [SHORT/OPEN]. Connect the short to the bridge test port.

Press [STORE SHORT]. Remove the short and replace it with the open.

Press [STORE OPEN]. [DISPLAY] [MEAS-MEM] to normalize the measurement. Remove the open. Connect the termination to the bridge test port.

4. On the analyzer, press [CURSOR]. Use the front panel knob to move the cursor to the worst case return loss in each of the frequency bands listed.

| FREQUENCY BAND | SPECIFICATION |
|--------------------|---------------|
| 10 MHz to 26.5 GHz | ≥26 dB |
| 26.5 GHz to 40 GHz | ≥21 dB |

- 5. Remove the termination from the bridge test port.
- 6. On the analyzer, perform a DC Zero.

NOTE: The DC mode operator's check can only be performed with the HP 8757.

Press [SYSTEM] [MODE DC] [CAL] [DC DET ZERO] [AUTOZRO] to activate DC mode and perform a DC zero.

When the zero is complete, the display will indicate: AUTO ZERO COMPLETED.

7. Continue with steps 3 through 5. The specifications are the same for both AC and DC modes.

This completes the procedure for the *Operator's Check*. Incorrect results may be caused by any portion of the system. If your measurement results are not within the specifications, proceed with these steps.

- 1. Check the measurement setup. Be sure the equipment is properly connected and the connections are clean and secure.
- 2. Verify that the equipment used is properly calibrated.
- 3. Repeat the measurement using a different HP 85138B termination. The quality of the load is essential to the accuracy of the measurement.

If the bridge still fails the operator's check, use the *Performance Tests* to further characterize the failure.

HP 85027D Operation 3-5/3-6

Section 4. Performance Tests

INTRODUCTION

The procedures in this section test the directivity, test port match, and dynamic accuracy of the HP 85027D directional bridge to the specifications in Table 1-1. A *Performance Test Record* is included at the end of this section to record results. If the results of these tests are not within specifications, refer to the *Troubleshooting* section of this manual.

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

The equipment required to test the HP 85027D is listed in Table 1-3, *Recommended Test Equipment*. Test equipment substitution is acceptable if it meets or exceeds the critical specifications given in Table 1-3.

HP 85027D Performance Tests

4-1

DIRECTIVITY

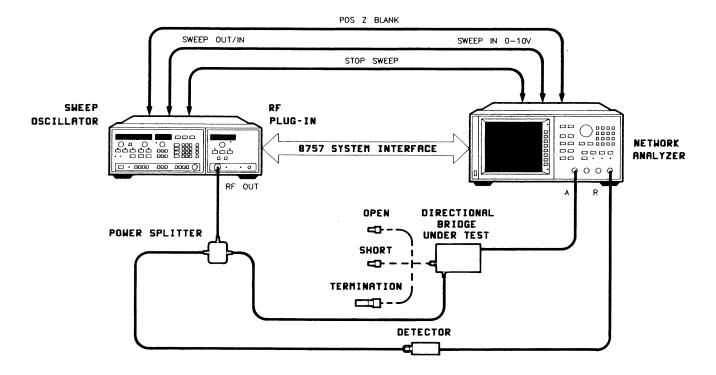


Figure 4-1. Directivity Test Setup 0.01 to 4 GHz

EQUIPMENT

| Scalar Network Analyzer HP 8757 |
|---|
| Sweep Oscillator |
| RF Plug-in HP 83597A |
| Power Splitter HP11667C |
| Detector HP 85025D |
| Open PSC-2.4 HP 85141B* |
| Short PSC-2.4 HP 85140B* |
| 50 Ohm Fixed Termination PSC-2.4 HP Part Number 85056-60009 |
| Sliding Mismatch HP 915F |
| RF plug-in HP 83550A |
| Millimeter-wave Source Module HP 83555A |
| Adapter Waveguide to 2.4 mm (m) HP Q281B |

DESCRIPTION

Bridge directivity is the residual signal present when a perfect 50 ohm load is connected to the bridge test port. Directivity is usually the major error term in low reflection measurements. The directivity of the bridge must be known in order to determine the uncertainty of any return loss measurement.

^{*}Included with the HP 85027D.

The uncertainty of the directivity measurement system must be known in order to determine the range of possible directivity values. The *Performance Test Record* includes system uncertainty values for use with the recommended test setups. The major contributors to these uncertainties are: the directivity of the load for the 0.01 to 4 GHz measurements, and the return loss of the airline portion of the sliding mismatch for the 4 to 50 GHz measurements.

To measure the low frequency directivity of the bridge, a 0 dB reference is established using a short/ open calibration. Next a fixed load is connected to the test port. The signal measured by the bridge is the directivity error plus some error from the imperfect load.

The limitation of this measurement is the load accuracy. Reflections from the load contribute to the measured directivity. It is important that the reflection coefficient of the device connected to the bridge be much smaller than the bridge directivity.

At high frequencies, a sliding mismatch is used to determine directivity. The sliding mismatch produces an error signal (approximately -20 dB) that is combined with the directivity of the bridge. This combined signal produces a ripple pattern whose peak to peak amplitude is proportional to the bridge directivity.

PROCEDURE FOR 0.01 TO 4 GHZ:

- 1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-1. Allow 30 minutes warm-up. Set the bridge configuration switch to **HP 8757**.
- 2. On the analyzer, press [PRESET] [CHAN 2 OFF] [MEAS] [A/R] to set the analyzer to display A/R in the AC detection mode.
- 3. On the source, press [POWER LEVEL] [4] [DBM] [STOP] [4] [GHZ] to set the source power level to +4 dBm and the frequency range from 0.01 to 4 GHz.
- 4. Calibrate the analyzer. Press [CAL] [SHORT/OPEN]. Connect the short to the bridge test port.

Press [STORE SHORT]. Remove the short and connect the open to the bridge test port.

Press [STORE OPEN] [DISPLAY] [MEAS-MEM] to normalize the measurement. Remove the open and connect the termination to the bridge test port.

- 5. Press [AVG] [AVG ON]. Allow the trace to settle.
 - Press [CURSOR] [MAX] to read the value of the worst case directivity. Record this value on the Performance Test Record as Dir.
- 6. Using the system uncertainty shown on the *Performance Test Record*, determine the range of possible directivity values by following the *Measurement Uncertainty* portion of the *Directivity Nomogram Instructions*.

Record these maximum and minimum values on the Performance Test Record as Dir Range.

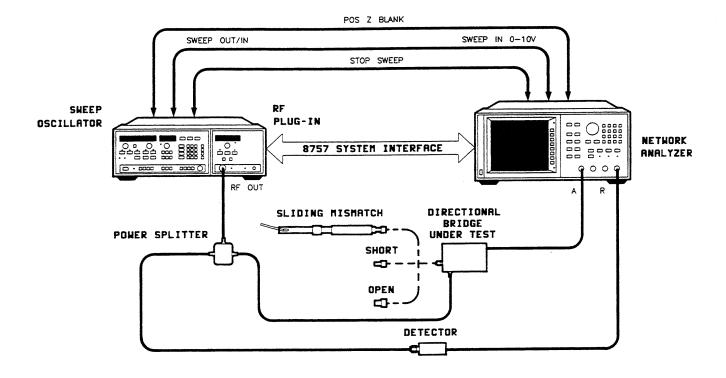


Figure 4-2. Directivity Test Setup 4 to 40 GHz

PROCEDURE FOR 4 TO 40 GHz:

- Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-2. Orient the bridge so the sliding mismatch will be vertical when connected to the bridge test port. Allow 30 minutes warm-up. Set the bridge configuration switch to HP 8757.
- 2. On the analyzer, press [PRESET] [CHAN 2 OFF] [MEAS] [A/R] to display A/R in the AC detection mode:
- 3. On the source, press [START] [4] [GHZ].
- 4. Calibrate the analyzer. Press [CAL] [SHORT/OPEN]. Connect the short to the bridge test port.
 - Press [STORE SHORT]. Remove the short and connect the open to the bridge test port.
 - Press [STORE OPEN] [DISPLAY] [MEAS-MEM] to normalize the measurement. Remove the open and connect the sliding mismatch to the bridge test port.
- 5. On the analyzer, press [SCALE] [AUTO SCALE] [CURSOR].
 - Press [AVG] [AVG FACTOR] and use the step keys to set the averaging factor to 16.
- 6. Slide the mismatch element to find the largest envelope of ripple between 4 GHz and 26.5 GHz.
- 7. Use the analyzer front panel knob to position the cursor to the peak value. Figure 4-3 shows examples of peak and trough values in an envelope. These example values will be used later in the example nomogram.

Press [AVG] [AVG ON]. Allow the trace to settle. Record the cursor value as **Peak Value** on the Performance Test Record.

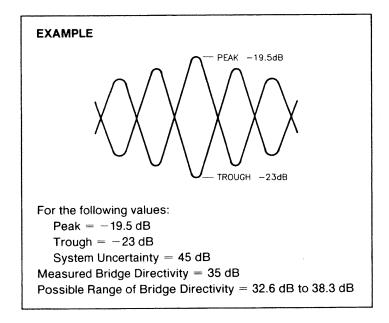


Figure 4-3. Peak and Trough of Envelope

8. Press [AVG] [AVG OFF]. Without moving the cursor, slide the mismatch element so the cursor is at the trough value.

Press [AVG] [AVG ON]. Allow the trace to settle. Record the cursor value as **Trough Value** on the Performance Test Record.

- 9. Determine the bridge directivity using one of following two methods.
 - a. Use the following equation to determine the value for directivity (**DIR** on the *Performance Test Record*). Then determine the maximum and minimum directivity values by following the *Measurement Uncertainty* portion of the *Directivity Nomogram Instructions*. Record these values as **Dir Range**.

Directivity = $-20 LOG_{10}[(10^{Peak Value/20} - 10^{Trough Value/20})/2]$

- b. Follow the *Directivity Nomogram Instructions* to use the nomogram in Figure 4-5B to determine the directivity (**DIR**) and the maximum and minimum directivity values (**Dir Range**).
- 10. Repeat steps 6 through 10 for a frequency band of 26.5 to 40 GHz.

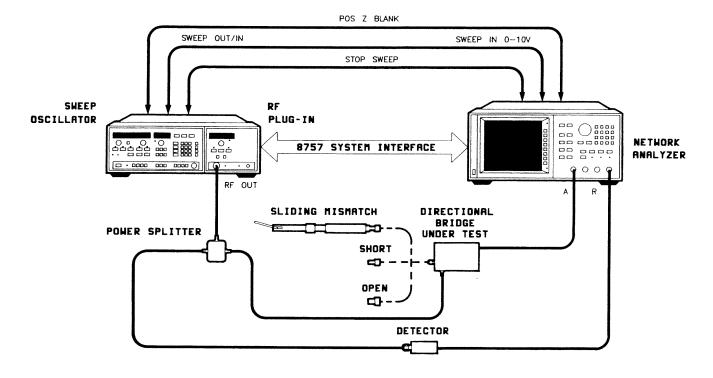


Figure 4-4. Directivity Test Setup 40 to 50 GHz

PROCEDURE 40 TO 50 GHZ:

- 1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-4. Orient the bridge so the sliding mismatch will be vertical when connected to the bridge test port. Allow 30 minutes warm-up. Set the bridge configuration switch to **HP 8757**.
- 2. On the analyzer, press [PRESET] [CHAN 2 OFF] [MEAS] [A/R] to display A/R in the AC detection mode:
- 3. On the source, press [START] [4] [0] [GHZ] [STOP] [5] [0] [GHZ].
- 4. Continue with steps 4 through 9 of the directivity procedure for 4 to 40 GHz, substituting 40 to 50 GHz as the frequency band.

DIRECTIVITY NOMOGRAM INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Determine the **Peak Value** and **Trough Value**.
- 2. Using the directivity nomogram in Figure 4-5B, align a straight edge to cross the Trough Scale at the value measured for the **Trough Value** and the Peak Scale at the value measured for the **Peak Value**.
- 3. Without moving the straight edge, read the calculated directivity as the value where the straight edge intersects the directivity scale. Figure 4-5A shows an example using the values from Figure 4-3.

Measurement Uncertainty

- 4. Using a compass, set one leg at ∞ on the directivity scale in Figure 4-5B. Set the other leg at the system uncertainty (given on the *Performance Test Record*).
- 5. Without changing the spacing of the compass, place one leg at the directivity obtained in one of the following ways:
 - a. Step 3 above.

HP 85027D

- b. The measured worst case directivity in the 0.01 to 4 GHz procedure.
- c. Calculated by the equation used in the 4 to 40 GHz and 40 to 50 GHz procedures.

Scribe a circle with the other leg. The points where the circle intersects the directivity scale are the upper and lower limits of the range of possible directivity values.

Performance Tests

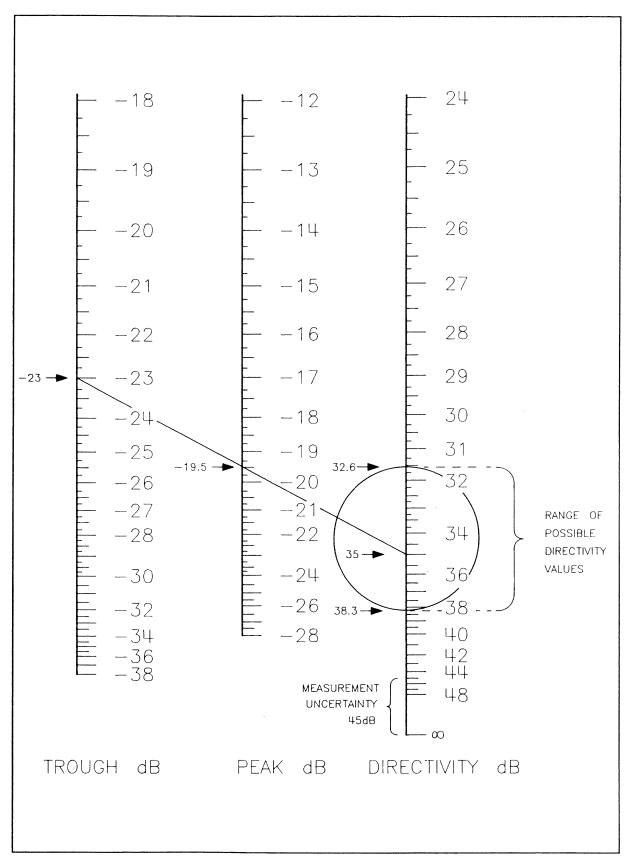


Figure 4-5A. Directivity Nomogram Example

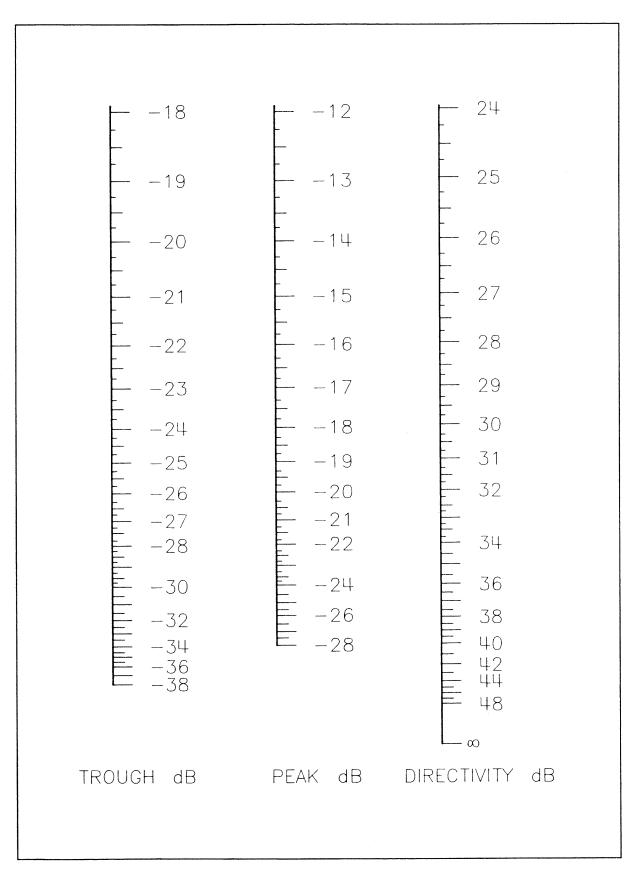


Figure 4-5B. Directivity Nomogram

7

TEST PORT MATCH

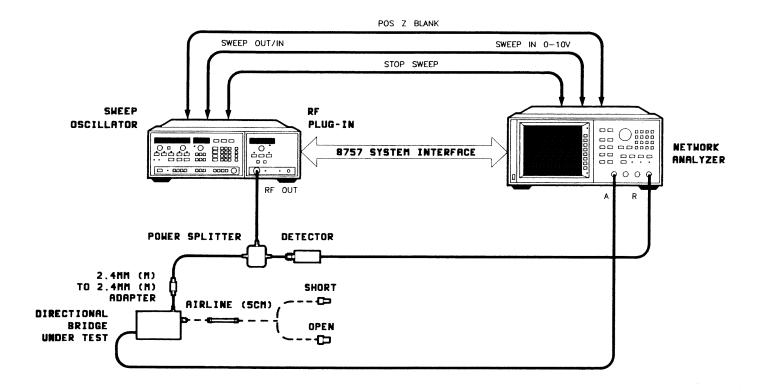


Figure 4-6. Test Port Match Test Setup

EQUIPMENT

| Scalar Network Analyzer | HP 8757 |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| Sweep Oscillator | . HP 8350B |
| RF Plug-in | HP 83597A |
| Power Splitter | HP11667C |
| Detector | HP 85025D |
| Open PSC-2.4 | HP 85141B* |
| Short PSC-2.4 | HP 85140B* |
| Adapter 2.4 mm (m) to 2.4 mm (m) | HP 11900A |
| Airline 5 cm HP P/N 8 | 5057-60001 |

DESCRIPTION

This test measures the bridge test port match. The reflections from a short and open are used to produce a ripple pattern. The absolute amplitude of this ripple pattern corresponds to the actual test port match. The short and open are placed at the end of a 5 cm airline to produce a more dense ripple pattern. If an airline is not available, this test can be performed without it, however the less compact ripple pattern is more difficult to analyze.

^{*}Included with the HP 85027D.

PROCEDURE

- 1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-6. Allow 30 minutes warm-up. Set the bridge configuration switch to **HP 8757**. Press [**PRESET**], both the analyzer and the source will reset.
- 2. Set up and calibrate channel 1 on the analyzer. Press [MEAS] [A/R] [SCALE] and set the scale factor to [1] [DB]. Set the reference to center screen, if it is not already there.

Press [CAL] [SHORT/OPEN] and connect the short to the airline.

Press [STORE SHORT] and disconnect the short. Connect the open to the airline.

Press [STORE OPEN] [DISPLAY] [MEAS-MEM].

- 3. Press [HOLD ON]. Disconnect the open.
- 4. Press [CHANNEL 2] and repeat step 2 for channel 2.
- 5. Disconnect the open, connect the short to the airline, and press [CURSOR]. The HP 8757 will display two ripple patterns offset by 180 degrees. The absolute amplitude of the peak to peak difference between these two traces corresponds to the test port match. By turning the analyzer knob, use the cursors to find the worst case test port match values (largest peak to peak difference) for each frequency range listed on the Performance Test Record. Refer to Figure 4-7 for an example of the cursors at a worst case value.

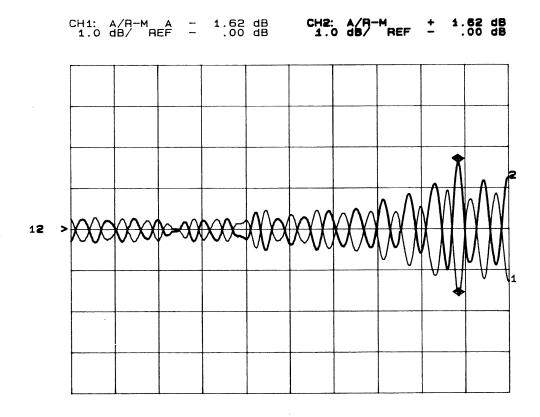
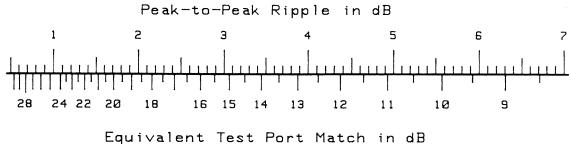


Figure 4-7. Cursors at Worst Case Test Port Match Values

- 6. For each frequency range, add the absolute values of cursor 1 and 2 power levels at the worst case point. Record these values on the *Performance Test Record* as **Peak-to-Peak Ripple**.
- 7. For each of the values recorded on the *Performance Test Record*, use the following graph to determine the actual test port match in dB. Plot the peak-to-peak ripple and read the corresponding equivalent test port match in dB. Record these values on the *Performance Test Record* and compare them to the specifications.



Equivalent Test Port Match in dB (Assumes 98% reflection)

DYNAMIC ACCURACY (AC and DC)

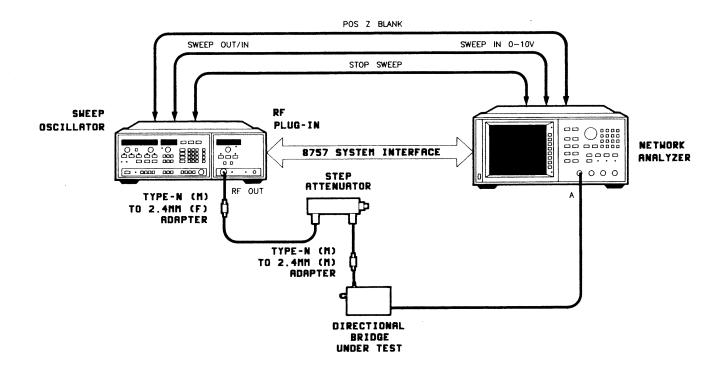


Figure 4-8. Dynamic Accuracy Test Setup

EQUIPMENT

| Scalar Network Analyzer | HP 8757 |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| Sweep Oscillator | . HP 8350B |
| RF Plug-in | HP83597A |
| 10 dB Step Attenuator HP 8495A Opt. 0 | 01 Opt. 890 |
| Adapter Type-N (m) to 2.4 mm (f) | HP 11903D |
| Adapter Type-N (m) to 2.4 mm (m) | HP11903A |

DESCRIPTION

The dynamic accuracy graph, in *Specifications*, shows the maximum error in \pm dB relative to various attenuated levels of RF input to the bridge. Dynamic accuracy is a measurement of the detector diode response to power variation. This performance test measures the maximum error in dB for both AC and DC modes. Attenuator inaccuracy contributes errors to these measurements, so a calibrated attenuator is used. Calibrated step attenuators include a calibration report at 50 MHz that lists the actual attenuation of each step, and is available as an option with the step attenuator.

HP 85027D Performance Tests

4-13

PROCEDURE AC MODE

- 1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 4-8. Allow 30 minutes for warm-up. Set the configuration switch on the bridge to **HP 8757**. Press [PRESET] on the analyzer. Both the analyzer and the source will reset.
 - For each of the attenuator settings specified, record the required calibration data of the 10 dB step attenutor as **ATTEN ERROR** on the *Performance Test Record*.
- On the RF plug-in, press [CW]; the CW lamp will light. Press [5] [0] [MHZ] [POWER LEVEL] [4] [DBM].
- 3. Set the 10 dB step attenuator to 0 dB attenuation.
- 4. On the analyzer, press [DISPLAY] [MEAS→MEM] [MEAS-MEM].
- 5. Set the 10 dB step attenuator to 10 dB.
- 6. On the analyzer measure the AC error. Press [CURSOR]. Enter the cursor value in the MEAS AC ERROR column of the *Performance Test Record*, Table 4-1.
- 7. Set the 10 dB step attenuator to each of the settings (ATTEN SETTINGS) listed on the *Performance Test Record* and record the cursor readings (MEAS AC ERROR) for each setting.
- 8. Calculate the actual AC dynamic accuracy as follows:

ACTUAL AC ACCY = MEAS AC ERROR - ATTEN ERROR

PROCEDURE DC MODE

- 9. Reset the 10 dB step attenuator to 0 dB.
- 10. On the analyzer, press [SYSTEM] [MODE DC] [CAL] [DC DET ZERO] [AUTOZRO]. When the zero is complete, the display will indicate: AUTO ZERO COMPLETED.
 - Press [DISPLAY] [MEAS-MEM] [MEAS-MEM].
- 11. Set the 10 dB step attenuator to 10 dB.
- 12. On the analyzer, measure the DC error. Press [CURSOR]. Enter the cursor value in the MEAS DC ERROR column of the *Performance Test Record*.
- 13. Set the 10 dB step attenuator to each of the settings listed on the *Performance Test Record* and record the cursor readings (**MEAS DC ERROR**) for each setting.
- 14. Calculate the actual DC dynamic accuracy as follows:

ACTUAL DC ACCY = MEAS DC ERROR - ATTEN ERROR

This completes the *Performance Tests* section. If the bridge failed one or more of these tests, proceed to the *Troubleshooting* section.

Table 4-1. Performance Test Record

| Serial Number: | | Date: | Date: | | | |
|--|---|---------------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Tested By: | | Tempera | | | | |
| DIRECTIVITY | | Peak | Turunk | | | 0 |
| Frequency Band | Specification | Peak Value | Trough Value | Dir | | System Uncertainty |
| 0.01 to 4 GHz | 35 dB | Not Used | Not Used | | dB | -42 dB |
| 4 to 20 GHz | 35 dB | dB | dE | 3 | dB | -45 dB |
| 20 to 26.5 GHz | 35 dB | dB | dE | 3 | dB | -42 dB |
| 26.5 to 40 GHz | 30 dB | dB | dE | 3 | dB | -38 dB |
| 40 to 50 GHz | 25 dB | dB | dE | 3 | dB | $-36\mathrm{dB}$ |
| 0.01 to 16 GHz | ≥ 21.5 dB | Ripple | | Jncertainty −30 dB | | |
| 16 to 30 GHz | ≥ 18.5 dB | | | $-27~\mathrm{dB}$ | | |
| | ≥ 18.5 dB ≥15.5 dB | | | −27 dB −23 dB | | |
| 30 to 40 GHz | ≥15.5 dB | | | | | |
| 30 to 40 GHz | ≥15.5 dB | Atten | | | Meas DC Error | |
| 30 to 40 GHz DYNAMIC ACCUF Atten | ≥15.5 dB RACY AC/DC | Atten | Meas AC | -23 dB | | |
| 30 to 40 GHz DYNAMIC ACCUF Atten Settings | ≥15.5 dB RACY AC/DC Specification | Atten | Meas AC | -23 dB | | |
| OYNAMIC ACCURATE Atten Settings 0 dB | ≥15.5 dB RACY AC/DC Specification Reference | Atten | Meas AC | -23 dB | | |
| Settings 0 dB 10 dB | ≥15.5 dB RACY AC/DC Specification Reference ± 0.4 dB | Atten | Meas AC | -23 dB | | Actual DC Accy |

INTRODUCTION

These adjustments match the preamplifier to the microcircuit characteristics. Perform these adjustments only if:

- 1. The internal bridge microcircuit assembly (A1) is replaced.
- 2. The preamplifier assembly (A2) is repaired or replaced.

Perform all of the adjustments in the order given.

ADJUSTMENT PROCEDURES

Figure 5-1 shows the locations of the adjustment potentiometers.

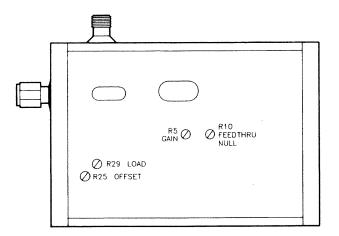


Figure 5-1. Adjustment Potentiometer Locations

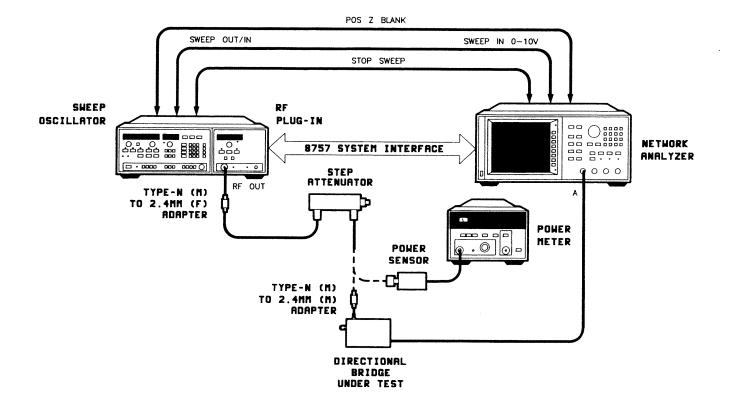


Figure 5-2. Adjustment Test Equipment Setup

Equipment

| Scalar Network Analyzer H | IP 8757 |
|---|---------|
| Sweep Oscillator HP | |
| RF Plug-in HP 8 | |
| Power Meter H | |
| Power Sensor HF | 8481A |
| 10 dB Step Attenuator HP 8495A Opt. 001 O | pt. 890 |
| Adapter Type-N (m) to 2.4 mm (m) HP | 11903A |
| Adapter Type-N (m) to 2.4 mm (f) HP | |

AC Adjustment Procedure

- 1. Connect the equipment as shown in Figure 5-2 with the power sensor connected to the attenuator. Allow 30 minutes for warm-up. Set the bridge configuration switch to **HP 8757**.
- 2. Set the attenuation to 0 dB.
- 3. On the analyzer, press [PRESET]. Both the analyzer and source will reset.
- 4. On the source, press [CW]. The CW lamp will light.

Press [5] [0] [MHZ] [MOD]. The modulation lamp will turn off.

Adjust the plug-in front panel knob until the power meter reads +4.5 dBm.

- 5. Remove the back label from the bridge.
- 6. Disconnect the power sensor from the attenuator and press [LIMOD]. The modulation lamp will light.
- 7. Connect the bridge input port to the attenuator, leaving the test port open. On the analyzer, press [AVG] [AVG ON] [SPEC] [SMOOTH ON] [CURSOR].
- 8. Adjust R5 (see Figure 5-1) for a cursor reading of -8 ± 0.1 dBm.

NOTE: The ± 0.1 dB margin in steps 8 through 10 is a starting point for this adjustment. The specification, verified later in the procedure, is ± 0.8 dB.

- 9. Set the attenuator to 30 dB and adjust R29 (Figure 5-1) for a cursor reading of **calibrated** -38 dBm (calibrated -30 dB -8 dB). Adjust R29 so the measured value is within ± 0.1 dBm of **calibrated** -38 dBm.
- 10. Set the attenuator to 0 dB. If the cursor does not read -8 ± 0.1 dBm, adjust R29 until this value is reached.
- 11. Repeat steps 8 through 10 until: the change in level is equal to the **calibrated** 30 dB \pm 0.1 dB and with 0 dB attenuation, the cursor indicates -8 ± 0.1 dBm.

NOTE: If it is not possible to adjust R5/R29 to obtain a 30 dB change, repeat steps 2-11, using a different power setting in step 4. Increase or decrease this power in 1 db steps with the range of \pm 1.5 dBm to \pm 7.5 dBm, then repeat this adjustment.

DC Adjustment Procedure

- 1. On the analyzer, press [SYSTEM] [MODE DC] [CAL] [DC DET ZERO] [AUTOZRO]. When the zero is complete, the display will indicate: AUTO ZERO COMPLETED.
- 2. On the analyzer, press [REF] [REF LEVEL] [-] [5] [0] [DBM] [REF POSN]. Adjust the analyzer front panel knob to set the reference at center screen, if it is not already there. Press [SCALE] [5] [dB].
- 3. Turn off the plug-in RF power. Press [RF]. The lamp will turn out.
- 4. Set the attenuator to 70 dB attenuation.
- 5. On the analyzer, press [CAL] [CONFIG SYSTEM] [MORE] [AUTOCAL].
- 6. On the bridge, use a jumper to short pad Y (where the yellow wire terminates) to ground.
- 7. Adjust R25 for a minimum reading on the analyzer (<-50 dBm).
- 8. Remove the short.
- 9. On the analyzer, press [AUTOCAL ON].

Feedthrough Null Adjustment Procedure

- 1. On the analyzer, press [CAL] [DC DET ZERO] [AUTOZERO].
- 2. Adjust R10 for as high a trace as possible. Adjust slowly. Averaging and smoothing mask adjustment effects.
- 3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 until there is no change.

HP 85027D

DC Mode RF Adjustment Check

5-4

- 1. Turn on the plug-in's RF power. Press [RF]. The lamp will light.
- 2. Set the attenuator to 0 dB. Allow the trace to settle.
- 3. On the analyzer, press [DISPLAY] [MEAS MEM] [MEAS-MEM]. The cursor will indicate 0.0 dB.
- 4. Set the attenuator to 30 dB. The cursor will measure the calibrated $-30 \, dB$ to within 0.8 dB.
- 5. If the value is not within 0.8 dB of the calibrated -30 dB, adjust R5 and R29 until the **difference** between the 0 dB and 30 dB attenuator setting is within 0.8 dB of the calibrated 30 dB. Adjust R5 when the attenuator setting is 0 dB. Adjust R29 when at 30 dB.
- 6. Repeat the AC adjustment procedure using a tolerance limit of $\pm 0.8 \, dB$ in steps 8 through 10.

Adjustments HP 85027D

INTRODUCTION

This section contains information for ordering parts. Exchange assemblies, manufacturer codes, reference designations, and abbreviations are also described.

RESTORED EXCHANGE ASSEMBLIES

The bridge microcircuit can be replaced with either a new or restored assembly. The Module Exchange Program (Figure 6-1) describes the process for exchanging a defective assembly with a restored assembly. The restored assembly is more economical than a new assembly and, as with new assemblies, a one year warranty applies through the instrument's support life. The defective assembly must be returned for credit (after you receive the replacement). For this reason, new microcircuit assemblies must be ordered for spare parts. The part numbers for both new and restored bridge microcircuits assemblies are given in Table 6-1.

REPLACEABLE PARTS LIST

Table 6-1 and 6-2 list all of the replaceable components and assemblies for the HP 85027D directional bridge. The tables provide the following information:

- Reference Designation The component or assembly is identified with this code in Figures 6-2 and 6-3 and on the schematics in this manual. The alphabetic code used in the reference designation is defined in Table 6-3.
- HP Part Number Use this number to order the replacement part from Hewlett-Packard.
- CD (Check Digit) Use this number, in addition to the HP Part Number, to order replacement parts.
 It is cross-referenced to the HP Part Number as a doublecheck of the part number accuracy.
- Qty The total quantity of the part in the instrument.
- Description Description of the replacement part. The abbreviations used in the descriptions are defined in Table 6-3.
- Mfr Code The five digit code of the primary manufacturer of the part. Refer to Table 6-3 for the list of manufacturers corresponding to the codes.
- Mfr Part Number The primary manufacturer's part number for the part.

ORDERING INFORMATION

To order a part from the replaceable parts list, indicate the Hewlett-Packard part number (with check digit to ensure efficient processing) and the quantity desired. Address the order to the nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

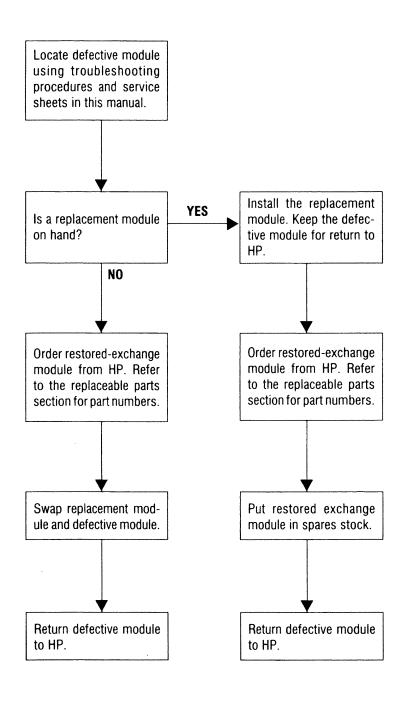
Only the parts listed are replaceable. Any attempt to perform a disassembly or repair procedure not described in the *Service* section will void the warranty.

Table 6-1. Manufacturers' Code List, Reference Designators, and Abbreviations

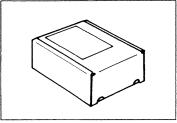
| | | MANUFACTURER | S CODE LIS | T | |
|------|-------|------------------------------|------------|------------------|-------|
| ode | Mar | nufacturer | Ado | Address | |
| 0000 | Any | satisfactory supplier | | | |
| 4379 | - | tek Inc | Pao | li PA | 19301 |
| 4713 | Moto | orola Semiconductor Products | Pho | enix AZ | 85008 |
| 6383 | Pano | duit Corp | Tinle | ey Park IL | 60477 |
| 6665 | | ision Monolithics Inc | | ta Clara CA | 95050 |
| 0430 | | 1-MIL-CO | | neda CA | 94501 |
| 4546 | | ning Glass Works (Bradford) | | dford PA | 16701 |
| 5088 | | nens Corp | | n NJ | 08830 |
| 7014 | | onal Semiconductor Corp | | ta Clara CA | 95051 |
| 8480 | | lett-Packard Co Corporate HQ | | Alto CA | 94304 |
| 2997 | | rns Inc Trimpot Prod Div | | erside CA | 92507 |
| | | | | | |
| | | REFERENCE DE | SIGNATORS | • | |
| | Α | assembly | R | resistor | |
| | AT | termination assembly | TP | test point | |
| | С | capacitor | S | switch | |
| | CR | diode | U | integrated circ | uit |
| | J | jack | VR | diode | |
| | L | inductor | W | cable | |
| | MP | miscellaneous part | | | |
| | | ABBREVIA | TIONS | | |
| | ADJ | adjustable | RMS | root-mean-squ | are |
| | ASSY | assembly | SGL | signal | |
| | BD | board | SI | silicon | |
| | CER | ceramic | SIG | signal | |
| | DBLHX | double chamfered, hex | SLDR | solder | |
| | FXD | fixed | STR | straight | |
| | G | giga (10 ⁹) | TA | tantalum | |
| | ĸ | kilo (10 ³ | THD | thread | |
| | MA | milli-amp | TML | terminal | |
| | MEG | mega (10 ⁶) | TRMR | trimmer | |
| | MFR | manufacturer | TRN | turn | |
| | MHZ | megahertz | UF | microfarad | |
| | PF | picofarad | VDC | volts, direct cu | rrant |
| | P/O | part of | W | watt | Hent |
| | PRCN | precision | ZNR | zener | |
| | FRON | higoson | 4 INT | 401101 | |

6-2 Replaceable Parts HP 85027D

The module exchange program described here is a fast, efficient, economical method of keeping your Hewlett-Packard instrument in service.



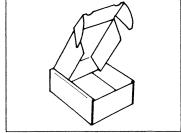
A.



Restored-exchange modules are shipped individually in boxes like this. In addition to the circuit module, the box contains:

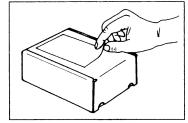
Exchange assembly failure report Return address label





Open box carefully - it will be used to return defective module to HP. Complete failure report. Place it and defective module in box. Be sure to remove enclosed return address label.





Seal box with tape. Inside U.S.A.*, stick preprinted return address label over label already on box, and return box to HP. Outside U.S.A., do not use address label; instead address box to the nearest HP office.

Figure 6-1. Module Exchange Program

^{*}HP pays postage on boxes mailed in U.S.A.

Table 6-2. HP 85027D Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | CD | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
|---|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|---|
| A1 (NEW) A1 (REBUILT) A2 AT1 J1 J2 | 5086-7509 5086-6509 85027-60053 P/O A1 P/O A1 | 5 2 4 | 1 1 1 1 | BRIDGE MICROCIRCUIT ASSEMBLY (NEW) BRIDGE MICROCIRCUIT ASSEMBLY (REBUILT) PREAMPLIFIER ASSEMBLY LOAD CARTRIDGE INPUT CONNECTOR TEST PORT CONNECTOR | 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 | 5086-7509 5086-6509 85027-60053 P/O A1 P/O A1 P/O A1 |
| MP1* MP2 MP3 MP4 | 85027-00001 85027-20005 85027-20051 85027-20050 | 6 2 8 7 | 1 1 1 | DRESS COVER CABLE COVER FRAME 2.4 PORT COVER | 28480 28480 28480 28480 | 85027-00001 85027-20005 85027-20051 85027-20004 |
| MP5 MP7 MP8 MP10 MP11 | 0535-0694 0360-0002 0515-1445 0515-0914 0515-0912 | 3 6 2 8 6 | 1 1 4 4 4 | NUT-HEX DBL-CHAM M8 X 1.0 4MM THK TERMINAL-SLDR LUG PL-MTG FOR-#2-SCR SCREW-THD-RLG-M3 X 0.5 8MM-LB SCREW-MACH M3 X 0.5 6MM-LB 90-DEG-FLH-HD SCREW-MACH M3 X 0.5 8MM-LG PAN-HD | 00000 00000 00000 00000 | Order by Description |
| MP12' MP13' MP15' MP16' | 85027-80046 85027-80012 5180-8446 2190-0584 85027-80023 | 7 7 1 0 | 1 1 4 1 | ID LABEL 85027D (FRONT LABEL) FOAM PAD WOOD INSTRUMENT CASE WASHER-LK HLCL 3.0 MM 3.1-MM-ID LABEL ID SERIAL NUMBER 85027D | 28480 28480 28480 00000 28480 | 85027-80046 85027-80012 5180-8446 Order by Description 85027-80023 |
| MP17* MP18 MP19 MP20 MP21 W1 | 85027-80021 85027-80004 85027-80005 85027-80048 85027-80024 85025-60003 | 8 7 8 9 1 2 | 1 1 1 1 | LABEL INFO KIT CONTENTS LABEL IN RF TEST (BACK LABEL) LABEL WARNING MAXIMUM INPUT (SIDE) LABEL ID - BOX LABEL 2.4 WARNING CABLE ASSY | 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 | 85027-80021 85027-80004 85027-80005 85027-80048 85027-80024 85025-60003 |
| 1 2 | HP 85140B HP 85141B | | | ACCESSORIES SHORT PSC-2.4 OPEN PSC-2.4 | 28480 28480 | HP 85140B HP 85141B |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Table 6-2. A2 Preamplifier Assembly Replaceable Parts

| Reference Designation | HP Part Number | CD | Qty | Description | Mfr Code | Mfr Part Number |
|---|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|---|---|--|
| A2 A2C1 A2C2 A2C3 A2C4 | 85027-60053 0160-5375 0160-5375 0160-5375 0160-5375 | 4 2 2 2 2 | 1 8 | A2 PREAMPLIFIER ASSEMBLY BOARD PREAMPLIFIER ASSEMBLY BOARD CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF ± 10% 50VDC CER | 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 | 85027-60053 0160-5375 0160-5375 0160-5375 0160-5375 |
| A2C5 A2C6 A2C7 A2C8 A2C9 | 0180-2683 0160-5375 0160-5375 0160-5375 0160-5375 | 1 2 2 2 2 | 1 | CAPACITOR-FXD 4.7UF \pm 20% 35VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD .1UF \pm 10% 50VDC CER | 28480 28480 28480 28480 28480 | 0180-2683 0160-5375 0160-5375 0160-5375 0160-5375 |
| A2C10 A2C11 A2C12 A2CR1 A2CR2 | 0180-2661 0180-2661 0160-0573 1901-0050 1901-0050 | 5 5 2 3 3 | 2 1 2 | CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF \pm 10% 50VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 1UF \pm 10% 50VDC TA CAPACITOR-FXD 4700PF \pm 20% 100VDC CER DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 DIODE-SWITCHING 80V 200MA 2NS DO-35 | 25088 25088 28480 28480 28480 | DIROGSIA50K DIROGSIA50K 0160-0573 1901-0050 1901-0050 |
| A2CR3 A2MP1 A2R1 A2R2 A2R3 | 1901-0539 85027-20001 0698-7212 0698-7279 0698-7249 | 3 8 9 8 2 | 1 1 7 1 | DIODE-SM SIG SCOTTKY BD-AD/DC BRIDGE RESISTOR 100 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR 61.9K 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR 3.48K 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 | 28480 28480 24546 24546 24546 | 1901-0539 85027-20001 C3-1/8-TO-100R-F C3-1/8-TO-6192-F C3-1/8-TO-3481-F |
| A2R4 A2R5 A2R6 A2R7 A2R8 | 0698-7284 2100-3091 0698-7212 0698-7212 0698-7212 | 5 1 9 9 | 1 2 | RESISTOR 100K 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR-TRMR 2K 10% C TOP-ADJ 17-TRN RESISTOR 100 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR 100 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR 100 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 | 24546 32997 24546 24546 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-1003-F 3292W-1-202 C3-1/8-TO-100R-F C3-1/8-TO-100R-F C3-1/8-TO-100R-F |
| A2R9 A2R10 A2R11 A2R12 A2R14 | 0698-8615 2100-3097 0698-7212 0698-7212 0698-7288 | 8 7 9 9 | 1 1 | RESISTOR 75K 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR-TRMR 100K 10% C TOP-ADJ 17-TRN RESISTOR 100 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR 100 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR 147K 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 | 28480 32997 24546 24546 24546 | 0698-8615 3292W-1-104 C3-1/8-TO-100R-F C3-1/8-TO-100R-F C3-1/8-TO-1473-F |
| A2R15 A2R16 A2R17 A2R18 A2R19 | 0698-7236 0698-7253 0698-7212 0698-7229 0698-7247 | 7 8 9 8 0 | 1 2 1 1 | RESISTOR 1K 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR 5.11K 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR 100 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR 511 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR 2.87K 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 | 24546 24546 24546 24546 24546 | C3-1/8-TO-1001-F C3-1/8-TO-5111-F C3-1/8-TO-100R-F C3-1/8-TO-511R-F C3-1/8-TO-2871-F |
| A2R21 A2R22 A2R23 A2R24 A2R25 | 0698-7261 0698-7253 0698-7251 0698-7251 2100-3091 | 8 8 6 6 | 1 2 | RESISTOR 11K 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR 5.11K 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR 4.22K 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR 4.22K 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR 4.22K 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR-TRMR 2K 10% C TOP-ADJ 17-TRN | 24546 24546 24546 24546 32997 | C3-1/8-TO-1102-F C3-1/8-TO-51111-F C3-1/8-TO-4221-F C3-1/8-TO-4221-F 3292W-1-202 |
| A2R28 A2R29 A2R30 A2RT1 A2S1 | 0698-7224 2100-3286 0698-7277 0837-0379 3101-2851 | 3 6 6 1 2 | 1 1 1 1 1 | RESISTOR 316 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 RESISTOR-TRMR 10K 10% C TOP-ADJ 17-TRN RESISTOR 51.1K 1% .05W F TC = 0 ± 100 THERMISTOR PTC BEAD RADIAL LEADS 2K SWITCH | 24546 32997 24546 04379 28480 | C3-1/8-TO-316R-F 3292W-1-103 C3-1/8-TO-5112-F DU100202J 3101-2851 |
| A2U1 A2U2 A2U3 A2U4 A2U5 | 1NB7-8045 1NB7-8039 1826-0412 1826-0772 1826-0285 | 6 8 1 6 6 | 1 1 1 1 | PREAMP HYBRID ASSEMBLY CLOCK HYBRID ASSEMBLY IC COMPARATOR PRCN DUAL 8-DIP-P PKG IC V RGL TR-ADJ-POS 1.2/32V TO-92 PKG IC V RGLTR TO-92 | 28480 28480 27014 28480 04713 | 1NB7-8045 1NB7-8039 LM393N 1826-0772 MC79L05C |
| A2U6 A2VR1 A2VR2 | 1826-0932 1902-3245 1902-3245 | 0 6 6 | 1 2 | IC OP AMP PRCN 8-DIP-C PKG DIODE-ZNR 21.5V 5% DO-35 PD = .4W DIODE-ZNR 21.5V 5% DO-35 PD = .4W | 06665 28480 28480 | OP-27FZ 1902-3245 1902-3245 |
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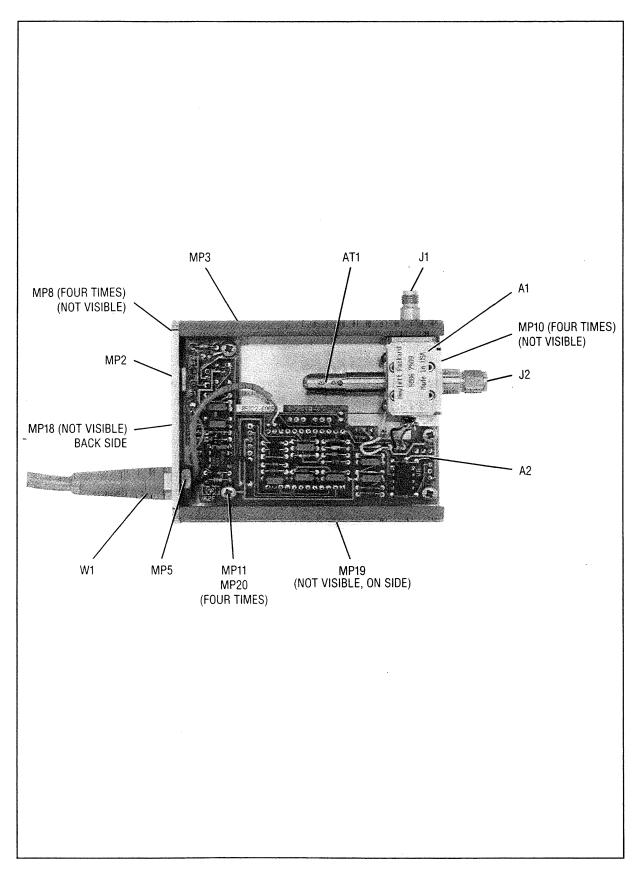


Figure 6-2. HP 85027D Replaceable Parts Identification

6-6

Replaceable Parts HP 85027D

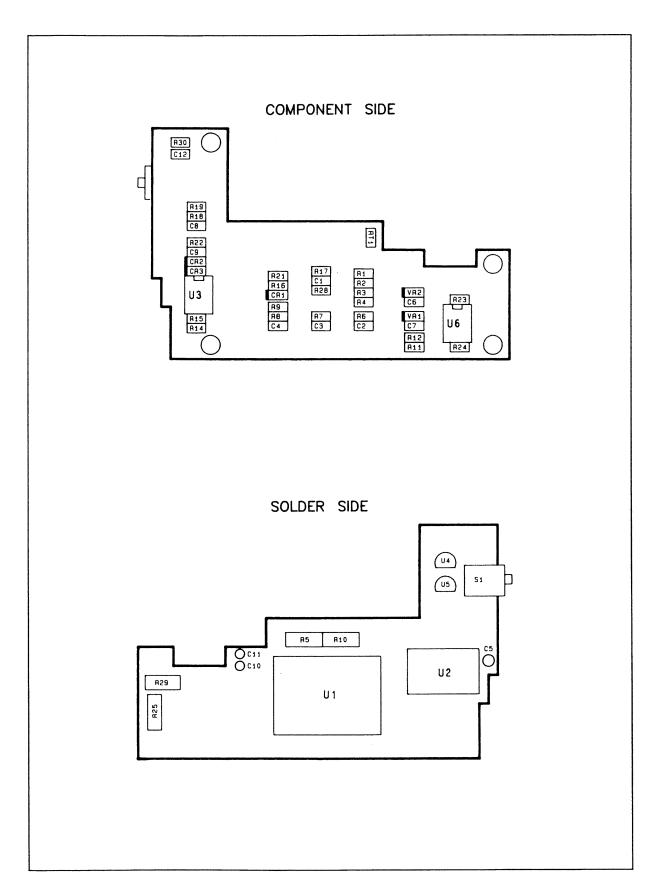


Figure 6-3. A2 Preamplifier Assembly Component Location Diagram

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7-1

INTRODUCTION

This section contains troubleshooting and repair information. After identifying failures in the performance tests, use these procedures to isolate trouble to components or assemblies.

THEORY OF OPERATION

The HP 85027D detects RF or microwave signals which are either 27.778 kHz square wave modulated (AC mode) or unmodulated (DC mode). In both detection modes, the bridge provides a 27.778 kHz square wave signal to the analyzer for interpretation and display.

In AC mode, the signal is amplitude modulated at the RF source. The bridge demodulates (envelope detects) this signal to produce a 27.778 kHz square wave signal whose peak-to-peak voltage corresponds to the magnitude of the signal at the bridge test port. Since only the modulated signal is detected, unmodulated broadband noise and extraneous signals are excluded. Additionally, this technique provides nearly drift-free operation.

In DC mode, the RF source's signal is not modulated. Instead the bridge converts the signal into an equivalent DC voltage chopped at a 27.778 kHz rate. It amplifies the chopped signal to simulate the signal produced by AC detection and outputs this signal to the analyzer. This technique is preferable for devices such as amplifiers with ALC circuits, or filters with very narrow bandwidths.

TROUBLESHOOTING PROCEDURES

If the bridge fails any performance tests, use these procedures.



ESD (electrostatic discharge) can damage the highly sensitive microcircuits in this device.

An electrostatic discharge as low as 100 volts can destroy your bridge.

Use this device at a static-safe workstation and wear a grounding strap. NEVER touch the connector center conductors or the cable contact pins.

HP 85027D Service

Gaining Internal Access

To access the interior of the directional bridge, follow these steps:

- 1. Disconnect the bridge from the analyzer.
- 2. Remove the two screws which hold the port cover, MP4, in place.
- 3. Remove the port cover.
- Slide the dress cover, MP1, out of the bridge housing. The circuit board and the bridge assembly are now accessible.

Cable Continuity Check

- 1. Disconnect the bridge from the analyzer.
- 2. Measure the continuity of the conductors of the power cable, W1. Check from the connector pins to the wire connections inside the bridge housing. Table 7-1 lists W1 connector pins and the corresponding wires.
- 3. If there are any discontinuities, replace cable W1 by following the instructions in the *Power Cable Replacement* procedure.

Table 7-1. Conductor in Power Cable W1

| | Connector Pin | Conductor (Label) | Signal |
|---|---------------|-------------------|---------|
| $\left\langle \bigcirc | 1 | White (W) | Output |
| | 2 | Green (G) | Return |
| \ ② _ ④ / | 3 | Yellow (Y) | Control |
| (3) | 4 | Blue (B) | -12.6V |
| | 5 | Red (R) | +15V |

Power Cable Replacement

- 1. To replace the power cable, W1, open the bridge by following the instructions in *Gaining Internal Access*.
- 2. Desolder the wires connected to the power cable/preamplifier assembly.
- 3. Remove the two screws from the cable cover, MP2.
- 4. Remove the 1/2 inch hex nut, MP5, which fastens the cable to the end plate.
- 5. Replace the cable and reinstall it by reversing steps 1 through 4. Table 7-1 shows where to solder the wires.

7-2 Service HP 85027D

Microcircuit Tests

Input Port and Test Port Resistance Checks

- 1. Disconnect the bridge from the analyzer.
- 2. Measure the resistance from the center contact of input port connector, J1, to the center contact of test port connector, J2. The resistance between these points is 33 \pm 2 ohms.
- 3. Measure the resistance from the center contact of input connector, J1, to signal ground (the black/white wire connected to the microcircuit housing). The resistance between these points is 83 \pm 2 ohms.
- 4. Measure the resistance from the center contact of test port connector, J2, to signal ground. The resistance between these points is 83 \pm 2 ohms.
- 5. If the bridge fails any of these checks, the bridge microcircuit assembly, A1, is defective and must be replaced. Refer to A1 Bridge Microcircuit Assembly Replacement.

Diode Check

- 1. Connect the input port of the bridge to the RF Out port of the sweep oscillator. Do not terminate the bridge test port.
- 2. Set the RF output of the sweep oscillator to 50 MHz, CW, with the 27.778 kHz square wave modulation on.
- 3. With an RMS DMM, measure the voltage across the two output pins of the microcircuit. The bridge diode is probably good if the reading is approximately 0.07V RMS.
- 4. If the reading in step 3 is low, the microcircuit is defective and must be replaced.

A2 Preamplifier Assembly Replacement

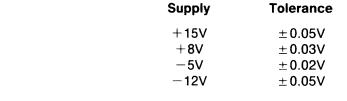
- 1. To remove the preamplifier assembly, open up the bridge and desolder the power cable wires (see *Gaining Internal Access* and *Power Cable Replacement*).
- 2. At the circuit board pads, desolder the signal, signal ground, and chassis ground wires from the microcircuit.
- 3. Remove the four screws and lock washers which fasten the circuit board to the standoffs.
- 4. Reverse the above procedure to install the repaired or replacement preamplifier assembly.
- 5. Refer to Adjustments to electrically match the A2 preamplifier assembly to the A1 bridge microcircuit.
- 6. Reassemble the remaining parts of the bridge.

A1 Bridge Microcircuit Assembly Replacement

- 1. Remove the two screws holding the port cover, MP4, and remove the port cover.
- 2. Remove the two screws holding the cable cover, MP2. This allows the cable and cable cover to move freely.
- 3. Desolder the white/black wires (signal ground and chassis ground) and the white/red wire (signal) at the microcircuit.
- 4. Remove the four screws and lock washers which fasten the A2 preamplifier assembly to the standoffs.
- 5. Remove the A2 preamplifier assembly with the cable cover and cable from the housing.
- 6. Turn the bridge over. Remove the four screws which fasten the microcircuit assembly. Take out the microcircuit assembly,
- 7. Line up the replacement bridge microcircuit assembly and reinstall the four microcircuit assembly screws.
- 8. Reverse steps 1 through 5.
- 9. Refer to Adjustments to electrically match the microcircuit to the A2 preamplifier assembly.
- 10. Attach the new label to the bridge housing.

Power Supply Check

- 1. Open the bridge by following the instructions in Gaining Internal Access.
- 2. Connect the power cord of the bridge (W1) to the analyzer and turn on the analyzer.
- 3. Refer to Figure 7-1 and check the power supply voltages of +15, -12.6, +8 and -5 volts at the four pads indicated. The power supply tolerances follow:



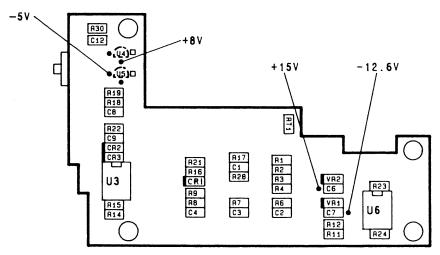


Figure 7-1. A2 Preamplifier Power Supply Check Points

Problems with the +15V or -12V supply may be due to a failure in the HP 8757 or a broken wire in the bridge power supply cable. Disconnect the bridge from the HP 8757 and measure the voltages at the analyzer connector. Table 7-1 shows the +15V and -12V output pins.

Signal Path Check

- 1. Check the output of the buffer amplifier at U6 pin 6. The voltage should be the same as that measured in step 3 of the microcircuit diode check with the same input conditions.
- 2. Check the output of U1 pin 14 with the gain potentiometer (R5) centered. The voltage should be approximately 0.44V RMS.

Clock/Control Check

- 1. With the directional bridge configuration switch set to HP 8756/HP 8755, verify that there is no square wave output at U2 pins 1, 2 and 4.
- 2. Set the directional bridge configuration switch to the **HP 8757** position.
- 3. Configure the HP 8757 for DC mode.
- 4. Verify a square wave output of 27.778 kHz exists at U1 pin 14.
- 5. If U1 pin 14 does not have a square wave output, check for a square wave of 27.778 kHz at U2 pins 1 and 2, and a square wave of 55.555 kHz at U1 pin 9, and U2 pin 4.
 - a. If these square waves are present, then U1 is probably bad.
 - b. If these square waves are not present, and U2 pin 8 is NOT low (-5V), then U2 is probably bad.

HP 85027D Service 7-5/7-6

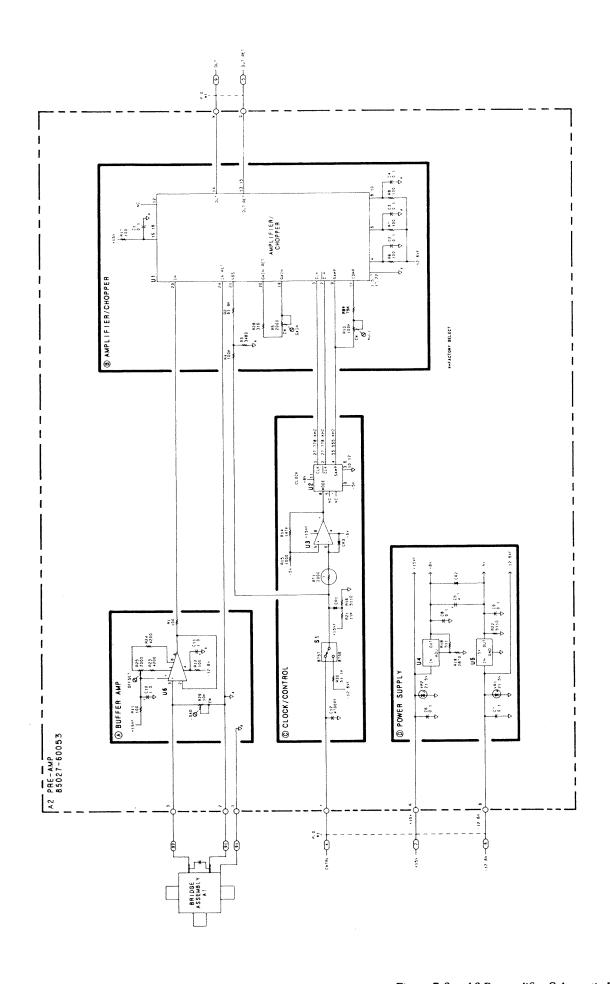


Figure 7-2. A2 Preamplifier Schematic Diagram
Service 7-7/7-8

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Table 1-1. Hewlett-Packard Sales and Service Offices

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Mountain View, CA 94041

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Hewlett-Packard Co. 2000 South Park Place Atlanta, GA 30339 (404) 955-1500

Texas

Hewlett-Packard Co. 930 E. Campbell Rd. Richardson, TX 75081

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