This manual documents the Model 8021B and its assemblies at the revision levels shown in Appendix A. If your instrument contains assemblies with different revision letters, it will be necessary for you to either update or backdate this manual. Refer to the supplemental change/errata sheet for newer assemblies, or the backdating sheet in Appendix A for older assemblies.

# **8021B** Digital Multimeter

Instruction Manual

P/N 616037 July 1981 Rev. 1 5/82 ©1982, John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc., all rights reserved. Litho in U.S.A.

NOTE

## Dear Customer:

Congratulations! We at Fluke are proud to present you with the Model 8020B Multimeter. This instrument represents the very latest in integrated circuit and display technology. As a result, the end product is a rugged and reliable instrument whose performance and design exhibit the qualities of a finely engineered lab instrument.

To fully appreciate and protect your investment, we suggest you take a few moments to read the manual. As always, Fluke stands behind your 8021B with a full 2 year warranty and a worldwide service organization. If the need arises, please don't hesitate to call on us.

Thank you for your trust and confidence.

John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc.

## **Table of Contents**

SECTION	TITLE	PAGE
1	INTRODUCTION AND SPECIFICATIONS	1-1
	1-1. INTRODUCTION	1-1
-	1-3. ACCESSORIES	1-2
	1-5. SPECIFICATIONS	1-2
2.	OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS	2-1
	2-1. INTRODUCTION	2-1
	2-3. PREPARING FOR OPERATION	
	2-4. Unpacking	2-1
	2-7. Battery and/ or Fuse Installation/Replacement	2-1
	2-9. PHYSICAL FEATURES	2-2
	2-11. OPERATING NOTES	2-2
	2-13. Input Overload Protection	
	2-15. Input Connections to COMMON	2-6
	2-17. Fuse Check	
	2-19. Fuse Replacement	
	2-21. The Display	
	2-25. OPERATION	
	2-27. INITIAL CHECK-OUT PROCEDURE	
	2-29. MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES	
	2-31. AC Measurements	
	2-33. Voltage AC/DC	2-16
	2-36. Current AC/DC	2-16
	2-40. Resistance	
	2-43. Continuity	2-19
3	THEORY OF OPERATION	
	3-1. INTRODUCTION	. 3-1
	3-3. OVERALL FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION	
	3-8. BLOCK DIAGRAM ANALYSIS	
	3-9. A/D Converter	. 3-1
	3-18. Input Signal Conditioners	. 3-6
	i (continued or	1 page ii)

## TABLE OF CONTENTS, continued

SECTION		TITLE	PAGE
4	MAIN	TENANCE	4-1
	4-1.	INTRODUCTION	4-1
	4-3.	SERVICE INFORMATION	4-1
	4-7.	GENERAL INFORMATION	4-1
	4-8.	Access Information	4-1 4-5
	4-17. 4-19.	Cleaning Battery/Backup Fuse Replacement	4-5 4-5
	4-19.	PERFORMANCE TEST	4-6
	4-23.	Initial Procedure	4-6
	4-25.	Display Test	4-6
	4-27.	Resistance Test	4-6
	4-29.	Continuity Test	4-7
	4-31.	DC Voltage Test	4-7
	4-33.	AC Voltage Test	4-8
	4-35.	DC Current Test	4-9 4-9
	4-37. 4-40.	CALIBRATION TROUBLESHOOTING	4-9 4-10
5	LIST	OF REPLACEABLE PARTS	5-1
	5-1.	INTRODUCTION	5-1
	5-4.	HOW TO OBTAIN PARTS	5-1
6	OPTI	ONS AND ACCESSORIES	6-1
	6-1.	INTRODUCTION	6-1
	6-3.	DELUXE CARRYING CASE (C-90)	6-1
	6-5.	TEMPERATURE PROBES (80T-150C and 80T-150F)	6-1
	6-6.	Introduction	6-1 6-1
	6-8. 6-9.	Specifications	
	6-10.	Introduction	
	6-12.	Specifications	
	6-13.	HIGH VOLTAGE PROBE (80K-6)	
	6-14.	Introduction	6-4
	6-16.	Specifications	6-4
	6-17.	HIGH VOLTAGE PROBE (80K-40)	
	6-18.	Introduction	
	6-20.	Specifications	
	6-21.	HIGH FREQUENCY PROBE (83RF) Introduction	
	6-22. 6-24.	Specifications	
	6-24. 6-25.	HIGH FREQUENCY PROBE (85RF)	
	6-26.	Introduction	
	6-28	Specifications	
	6-29.	BATTERY ELIMINATOR (A81)	6-5
	6-31.	CURRENT SHUNT (80J-10)	

ü

(continued on page iii)

## TABLE OF CONTENTS, continued

SECTION	TITLE		
	6-32. Introduction	. 6-6	
	6-34. Specifications	. 6-6	
	6-35. AC/DC CURRENT PROBE (Y8100)	. 6-6	
	6-36. Introduction	. 6-6	
	6-38. Specifications	. 6-6	
	6-39. AC CURRENT TRANSFORMER (Y8101)	. 6-7	
	6-40 Introduction	. 6-7	
	6-42. Specifications	. 6-7	
	6-43. SAFETY DESIGNED TEST LEAD SET (Y8132)	. 6-7	
	6-45. DELUXE TEST LEAD SET (Y8134)	. 6-7	
	6-47. SLIM FLEX TEST LEAD SET (Y8140)	. 6-7	
7	SCHEMATIC DIAGRAMS	. 7-1	
Α	MANUAL CHANGE AND BACKDATING INFORMATION	. A-1	

8021B

iii/iv

## **List of Tables**

8021B

TITLE PAGE TABLE 1-1. 8021B Specifications ..... 1-2 1-2. Controls, Indicators and Connectors ..... 2-4 2-1. Model 8021B Overload Limits ..... 2-7 2-2. Voltage/Current Capability of Resistance Ranges ...... 2-21 2-3. List of Recommended Test Equipment ..... 4-2 4-1. Resistance Checks ...... 4-7 4-2. DC Voltage Checks ..... 4-8 4-3. AC Voltage Test ..... 4-9 4-4. DC Current (mA) Checks ..... 4-9 4-5. Troubleshooting Guide ..... 4-11 4-6. 8021B Final Assembly ..... 5-3 5-1. AI Main PCB Assembly ..... 5-6 5-2. A2 Annunciator PCB Assembly ..... 5-10 5-3. Federal Supply Codes for Manufacturers ..... 5-12 5-4. 6-1. A81 Model vs Input Power ..... 6-5

v/vi

.

*19* 

.

## List of Illustrations

8021B

2-1. Removing the buttery cover treatment to the second	2-3
2-2. Battery Removal 2	2-3
	2-4
2-4. DC Volts (DC V) Operation 2	2-9
2-5. AC Volts (AC V) Operation 2	2-10
2-6. Direct Current (DC mA) Operation 2	2-11
2-7. Alternating Current (AC mA) Operation 2	2-12
2-9. Resistance (Ω) Operation 2	2-14
2-10. Waveform Conversion 2	2-17
2-11. Voltage Measurement Error Calculations (Loading Error) . 2	2-18
2-12. Current Measurement Error Calculations 2	2-20
3-1. Model 8021B Simplified Block Diagram 3	3-2
3-2. Dual Slope A/D Converter 3	3-4
3-3. Input Signal Conditioners 3	3-8
4-1. Calibration Adjustment Locations 4	4-3
	44
5-1. 8021B Final Assembly	55
5-2. Al Main PCB Assembly	5-9
	5-11
6-1. Model 8021B Accessories	6-2

vii/viii

# Section 1 Introduction and Specifications

#### 1-1. INTRODUCTION

1-2. Your John Fluke Model 8021B is a pocket-size digital multimeter that is ideally suited for application in the field, lab, shop or home. Your 8021B offers all standard VOM measurement functions: AC and DC volts, Alternating and Direct Current, and Resistance. In addition, the 8021B features a continuity function, which provides an immediate audible indication when continuity is detected. Some of the features of your instrument are:

- A high contrast 3-1/2 digit liquid crystal display, that can be easily read from across the room. No more worries about bent needles, parallax, etc.
- Each range has:

Full auto-polarity operation Overrange indication Effective protection from overloads and transients

- Dual slope integration measurement technique to ensure fast, accurate, noise-free measurements.
- Long term calibration stability 2 years. Easy calibration few adjustments.
- Lightweight 369 grams (13 ounces).
- Up to 200 hours of continuous operation can be expected from a single, inexpensive, 9V, alkaline battery (transistor radio/calculator type).
- Low battery voltage automatically detected and displayed.
- Line operation is possible using a Model A81 Battery Eliminator (see Section 6, Accessories).
- Protected test leads offer less chance of measured signal exposure at the DMM input terminals than standard banana test lead tips.
- A full line of accessories that extend the range and scope of your instrument.

1-1

#### 1-3. ACCESSORIES

1-4. Table 1-1 lists the accessories available for use with the Model 8021B. Detailed information about each accessory is provided in Section 6.

#### 1-5. SPECIFICATIONS

1-6. Table 1-2 lists the 8021B specifications. These specifications assume a 2 year calibration cycle and an operating temperature of  $18^{\circ}$ C to  $28^{\circ}$ C ( $64^{\circ}$ F to  $82^{\circ}$ F) at a relative humidity of up to 90% unless otherwise noted.

#### Table 1-1. 8021B Accessories

ACCESSORY	DESCRIPTION
A81	Battery Eliminator
C-90	Vinyl Carrying Case
80T-150C	Temperature Probe °C
80T-150F	Temperature Probe °F
801-600	Current Transformer 2" jaws
80K-6	High Voltage Probe
80K-40	High Voltage Probe
80J-10	Current Shunt
83RF	High Frequency Probe
85RF	High Frequency Probe
Y8100	AC/DC Current Probe
Y8101	Current Transformer 7/16" jaws
Y8132	Safety Designed Test Lead Set
Y8134	Deluxe Test Lead Set
Y8140	Slim Flex Test Lead Set

#### Table 1-2. 8021B Specifications

The following specifications assume a 2-year calibration cycle and an operating temperature of 18°C to 28°C (64°F to 82°F) at a relative humidity up to 90%, unless otherwise noted.

#### FUNCTIONS ...... DC Volts, AC Volts, DC Current, Resistance

## DC VOLTS

RANGE	RESOLUTION	ACCURACY FOR 2 YEARS
±200 mV ±2V ±20V ±20V ±200V ±1000V	100 μV 1 mV 10 mV 100 mV 1V	$\pm$ (.25% of reading + 1 digit)

#### Table 1-2. 8021B Specifications (cont)

#### AC VOLTS

RANGE	RESOLUTION	ACCURACY 45 Hz to 450 Hz
200 mV	100 µV	
2V	1 mV	
20V	10 mV	$\pm$ (1% of reading +3 digits)
200V	0.1V	
750V	<u>1V</u>	-

Ratio (1 kΩ unbalance)	>60 dB at 50 Hz and 60 Hz.
Volt-Hz Product	10 <sup>7</sup> max (200V @ 50 kHz).
Input Impedance	10 M $\Omega$ in parallel with <100 pf.

## DC CURRENT

RANGE	RESOLUTION	ACCURACY FOR 2 YEARS	BURDEN VOLTAGE
2 mA 20 mA 200 mA 2000 mA	1 μΑ 10 μΑ 100 μΑ 1 mA	$\pm$ (1% of reading + 1 digit)	0.3V rms max

Overload Protection .......... 2A/250V fuse, in series with a 3A/600V fuse.

#### RESISTANCE

RANGE	RESOLUTION	ACCURACY FOR 2 YEARS	SCALE	MAXIMUM TEST CURRENT
200Ω	0.1Ω	$\pm$ (0.3% of reading +3 digits)		.35 mA
2 kΩ	1Ω		>1.0V	1.1 mA
20 kΩ		$\pm$ (0.2% of reading+1 digit)	<0.25V	13 µA
200 kΩ 2000 kΩ	100Ω 1 kΩ		>0.7V <0.25V	13 μΑ 0.13 μΑ
2000 KΩ	10 kΩ	$\pm$ (2% of reading +1 digit)	<0.23V >.7V	0.13 μA 0.13 μA

## Table 1-2. 8021B Specifications (cont)

Overload Pr	otection	maximum above 300 volts).		
Open Circuit Voltage		Less than 1.5V on all ranges except 2 k $\Omega$		
Diode Test		range is less than 3.5V. 2 k $\Omega$ , 200 k $\Omega$ , and 20 M $\Omega$ ranges supply enough voltage to turn on junctions allowsing a "Diode Test". The 2 k $\Omega$ range is the preferred range and is marked with a diode symbol ( $\rightarrow$ ). 200 $\Omega$ , 20 k $\Omega$ , and 2000 k $\Omega$ ranges can make in-circuit measurements without turning on silicon junctions.		
CONTINUITY	(for Passive Circ	uit Testing)		
Ranges	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	All resistance ranges. recommeded for lowes threshold)	(2 kΩ range t resistance	
Indication				
CONTIN		. Audible tone		
OPEN C	IRCUIT	-50 us (Minimum duration o	f continuity or	
Response Time50 $\mu$ s (Minimum duration of continuity or open to toggle audible tone) on 2 k $\Omega$ range. Pulse stretcher holds tone on or off for approximately 200 ms.Overload Protection500V dc/rms ac on all ranges. (15 sec. max. above 300V.)AC CURRENT				
RANGE	RESOLUTION	ACCURACY FOR 2 YEARS	BURDEN	
HANGE	REDUCTION	45 Hz TO 450 Hz	VOLTAGE	
2 mA	1 µA	±(3% of reading +3 digits)	0.3V rms	
20 mA	10 µA		max.	
200 mA	100 µA	$\pm$ (2% of reading +3 digits)	0.01/ 177.0	
2000 mA	1 mA		0.9V rms max.	
	Overload Protection			

Official Freedoments	
ENVIRONMENTAL	
Temperature	$0^\circ C$ to $50^\circ C$ (32°F to 122°F) operating. -35°C to +60°C (-31°F to 140°F) storage.
Relative Humidity	0 to 80%, 0° C to 35° C (32-95° F) on 2000 k $\Omega$ and 20 M $\Omega$ ranges. 0 to 90%, 0° C to 35° C (32-95° F) on all other ranges. 0 to 70%, 35° C to50° C (95-122° F).

## Table 1-2. 8021B Specifications (cont)

Temperature Coefficient	<0.1 times the applicable accuracy specification per °C for 0°C to 18°C and 28°C to 50°C (32°F to 64.4°F and 82.4°F to 122°F).
GENERAL Protection Class 2 Maximum Common Mode Voltage BATTERY LIFE Alkaline Carbon Zinc BATTERY INDICATOR Display Size Weight	100 hours typical. "BT" on display illuminates when approximately 20% of battery life remains. 3½ digit LCD (2,000 count), autozero, autopolarity. L x W x H: 18.0 cm x 8.6 cm x 4.5 cm (7.1 in x 3.4 in x 1.8 in)
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# Section 2 Operating Instructions

#### 2-1. INTRODUCTION

2-2. To fully utilize the measurement capabilities of your 8021B a basic understanding of its measurement techniques and limitations is required. This section of the manual provides that information. For additional application or operation literature, write or call the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc.; telephone (206) 342-6300.

#### 2-3. PREPARING FOR OPERATION

#### 2-4. Unpacking

2-5. Your 8021B was packed and shipped in an especially designed protective container. This manual, the multimeter, one 9V battery, and two test leads (one red and one black) should be packed in the shipping container. Check your shipment thoroughly. If anything is wrong with your shipment, or if your instrument was damaged during shipping, contact the place of puchase immediately. If satisfaction is not obtained, contact the nearest John Fluke Service Center. A list of these service centers is located at the end of this of this manual.

2-6. If reshipment is necessary, please use the original shipping container. If the original container is not available, a new one can be obtained from the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. Please state the instrument model number when requesting a new shipping container.

#### 2-7. Battery and/or Fuse Installation/Replacement

2-8. Your 8021B is designed to operate on a single, inexpensive, 9V battery of the transistor radio/calculator variety (NEDA 1604). When you receive your 8021B, the battery will not be installed in the DMM. Once the battery is installed, you can expect a typical operating life of up to 200 hours with an alkaline battery or 100 hours with a carbon-zine battery. When the battery has exhausted about 80% of its useful life, the BT indicator will appear in the upper left corner of the display. Your 8021B will operate properly for at least 20 hours after BT appears. Use the following procedure to install or replace the battery or Fuse F1.

#### CAUTION

To ensure operation within the accuracy specifications, the battery should be replaced when the voltage measured at the center of the battery eliminator connector falls below -3.00 volts (with respect to the COMMON input). If the

battery voltage fails to a point where the "BT" is displayed and the digital display is inactive or no longer responds to a signal input, the battery should be replaced immediately to prevent damage to the LCD.

#### WARNING

TO AVOID ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARDS REMOVE THE INPUT SIGNAL AND TEST LEADS FROM THE INPUT TERMINALS, AND SET THE POWER SWITCH TO OFF BEFORE OPENING THE BATTERY COMPARTMENT.

1. Set the 8021B power switch to OFF.

2. Remove the test leads from external circuit connections and from the 8021B input terminals.

3. Open the battery compartment on the bottom of the 8021B using the method shown in Figure 2-1.

4. Tilt the battery out as shown in Figure 2-2.

5. If fuse F1 is to be replaced, use a pointed tool such as a probe tip or small screwdriver to pry F1 from its holder. Replace the defective fuse with fuse type AGX2. (Instruments that accommodate metric fuses use type F).

6. Disconnect the battery clip from the battery terminals.

7. Press the battery clip onto the replacement battery and return both to the battery compartment.

8. Make sure the battery leads are routed by the broad side of the battery and fully within the confines of the battery compartment before sliding the cover into place.

#### WARNING

DO NOT OPERATE THE 8021B UNTIL THE BATTERY COVER IS IN PLACE AND FULLY CLOSED.

#### 2-9. PHYSICAL FEATURES

2-10. Before using your 8021B we suggest that you take a few minutes to get acquainted with your instrument. All of the externally accessible physical features of 8021B are shown in Figure 2-3 and described in Table 2-1. Locate each feature on your 8021B as you read the description.

## 2-11. OPERATING NOTES

2-12. The following paragraphs will familiarize you with the capabilities and limitations of your Model 8021B and instruct you in routine operator maintenance.



Figure 2-1. Removing the Battery Cover



2-3

Figure 2-3. Controls, Indicators and Connectors

Table 2-1. Controls, I	ndicators, and	Connectors
------------------------	----------------	------------

ITEM NO.	NAME	FUNCTION
1	Display	A 3 1/2 digit display (1999 max) with decimal point and minus polarity indication. Used to indicate measured input values, overrange condition and low battery condition.
2	Battery Eliminator Connector	An external input power connector for use with the Model A81 Battery Eliminator accessory. (A81 is available in a variety of voltage and plug configurations. See Section 6.)
3	Battery Compartment and Cover	Cover for the 9V battery and the current-protection fuses. Refer to Figure 2-1 for battery cover removal instructions.
- 4	V/Ω Input Connector	Protected test lead connector used as the high input for all voltage, resistance, and continuity measure-

Table 2-1. Controls, Indicators and Connectors (cont)				
ITEM NO.	NAME	FUNCTION		
		ments. This connector will accept standard banana plugs.		
5	COMMON Input Connector	Protected test lead connector used as the low or common input for all measurements. This connector will accept standard banana plugs.		
6	mA input Connector	Protected test lead connector used as the high input for all current measurements. This connector will accept standard banana plugs.		
7	mA/V-Ω Switch	A push-push switch (push on - push off, do not pull to select function) which operates in conjunction with the high input connectors to select either the mA/V or $\Omega$ measurement functions. When in or depressed it selects $\Omega$ . The out position selects mA or V depending upon the location of the high input lead.		
8	Range Switches	Interlocked push-button switches for selecting ranges, i.e., pressing the desired range switch selects that range and cancels previous switch depressions. Do not pull switches to select a range.		
		Voltage: 200 mV, 2V, 20V, 200V, 1000V dc/750V ac Current: 2 mA, 20 mA, 200 mA, 2000 mA Resistance: 200Ω, 2 kΩ, 20 kΩ, 200 kΩ, 2000 kΩ, 20 MΩ		
9	Tilt Bail	A removable fold-out stand which allows the instrument to be either tilted for bench-top applications or hung from a hook in the absence of a work surface.		
10	DC/AC/1))) Switch	A push-push switch (push on - push off, do not pull to select function) used to select the ac or dc measurement function when measuring current or voltage. When in, or depressed, the ac function is selected. Out selects dc.		

#### Table 2-1. Controls, Indicators and Connectors (cont)

ITEM NO.	NAME	FUNCTION
10	(cont)	When used with the $\Omega$ function, the "in" position enables the audible continuity tone.
11	Power Switch	A slide switch used to turn the instrument off and on.

#### 2-13. Input Overload Protection

#### CAUTION

Exceeding the maximum input overload limits can damage your instrument. A transient overload protection circuit is designed into the 8021B to protect it against short duration high energy pulses. The components used limit the protection to approximately five pulses per second for 6 KV, 10 microsecond pulses, and about 0.6 watts average for lower amplitude pulses. Fast repetition rate pulses such as those from a TV set can damage the protection components; RJ1 - RJ4, R1 and R2. If any of these components require replacement, use only Fluke parts to ensure product safety. R2 is a fusible resistor. Use exact replacement to ensure safety.

2-14. Each measurement function and its associated ranges are equipped with input overload protection. The overload limits for each function and range are given in Table 2-2.

#### 2-15. Input Connections to COMMON

#### WARNING

TO AVOID ELECTRICAL SHOCK AND /OR INSTRUMENT DAMAGE DO NOT CONNECT THE COMMON INPUT TERMINAL TO ANY SOURCE OF MORE THAN 500 VOLTS DC OR RMS AC ABOVE EARTH GROUND.

2-16. The 8021B may be operated with the COMMON input terminal at a potential of up to 500V dc or 500V rms ac above earth ground. If this limit is exceeded, instrument damage may occur. This, in turn, may result in a safety hazard for the operator.

#### 2-17. Fuse Check

2-18. The current (mA) function contains two fuses. Check them as follows:

1. Complete the set up steps for the RESISTANCE ( $\Omega$ ) function and select the 2 k $\Omega$  range.

2. Touch the red test probe to the mA input jack so that the V- $\Omega$  input and mA input are connected together.

3. If the display reads approximately .100 k $\Omega$ , both fuses are good.

#### Table 2-2. Model 8021B Overload Limits

SELECTED FUNCTION	SELECTED RANGE	INPUT CONNECTIONS	MAX. INPUT OVERLOAD
Voltage	200 mV, 2V, 2V, 200V, 750V ac, 1000V ac	V/Ω and COMMON	1000V dc or peak ac on dc ranges, 1000V dc or 750V rms on ac ranges - 15 seconds max above 300V on 200 mV ac range.
Current	2 mA, 20 mA, 200 mA, 2000 mA	mA and COMMON	2A max. Fuse pro- tected in circuits with open voltage ≤600V dc/rms ac. Do not use above 600V dc or rms ac.
Resistance or Continuity	200Ω, 2 kΩ, 20 kΩ, 200 kΩ, 2000 kΩ, 20 MΩ	COMMON	500 dc or rms ac. 15 seconds maximum above 300V.
ANY	ANY	COMMON	500V dc/rms ac with respect to earth.

4. If the display reads overrange I followed by blank digits, one or both fuses need replacement. See the following paragraphs for replacement instructions.

#### 2-19. Fuse Replacement

2-20. All ac and dc current ranges are fuse protected. Two series fuses are used:

1. F1, 2A/250V, replaceable at the battery compartment (See section 2, Battery and/or Fuse Installation/Replacement.)

2. F2, 3A/600V backup fuse (See section 4, Battery/Backup Fuse Replacement.)

#### 2-21. The Display

2-22. The Front Panel Display on your 8021B is a 3-1/2 digit Liquid Crystal Display. The The 1/2 digit is the extreme left digit location. So, the displayed value can range from 000 through 1999. For convenience, in discussion, the 1999 is rounded to 2000. The decimal point position is determined by selected range and is not affected by the measurement function selected. Polarity, on the other hand is only used for the dc voltage and current measurement functions. A minus sign indicates that the input signal is negative with respect to the COMMON input terminal. Positive inputs are indicated by the absence of the minus sign.

#### NOTE

The minus sign (-) may flash momentarily as the 8021B comes out of an overrange condition. This will most likely be seen in the ohms mode as the open circuit test leads are applied to an in-range resistance value. If the minus sign remains on for in-range ohms readings, the circuit is live (a negative voltage is present at the input terminals due to charged capacitors, etc.), and incorrect resistance readings will be observed.

2-23. The Display has two abnormal status indicators, one for low battery power and one for instrument overrange. A BT is displayed when approximately 80% of the battery's life is exhausted (battery replacement is indicated). And, a "1" followed by three blanked digits is displayed (decimal point may be present) as an overrange indication. This does not necessarily mean that the instrument is being exposed to a damaging input condition. For example, when measuring resistance an open-input will cause an overrange indication.

#### NOTE

When the 8021B is powered with the A81 battery eliminator the "BT" indicator may come on. However, instrument operation will remain normal.

2-24. The liquid crystal display used in the 8021B is a rugged and reliable unit which will give years of satisfactory service. Display life can be extended by observing the following practices:

1. Protect the display from extended exposure to bright sunlight.

2. Keep the voltmeter out of high temperature, high humidity environments, such as, the dash of a car on a hot, sunny day. Otherwise, the display may temporarily turn black. Recovery occurs at normal operating temperature.

3. Note that the display operation may be slowed in extremely low temperature environments. No damage will occur to the LCD, but response time is greatly increased. Recovery occurs at normal operating temperature.

#### 2-25. OPERATION

2-26. The six figures, 2-4 through 2-9, each illustrate one of the six measurement functions of the Model 8021B. Each figure has two parts. The top part shows your 8021B as it should look when ready to perform that type of measurement. The bottom part of the figure lists, in sequential order, the steps you should perform to make that type of measurement with your 8021B. To operate your 8021B turn to the operation figure corresponding to the measurement function desired and perform the steps listed in the figure. Operate the Model 8021B in accordance with the Input Overload Protection and the Input Connections to COMMON portions of the Operating Notes presented earlier in this section.















COMMON TERMINAL. (15 seconds maximum above 300V.)

- Connect the test leads to the circuit being measured.
- Continuity between the test leads will cause the audible tone to sound.

Figure 2-9. Continuity Operation

#### 2-27. INITIAL CHECK-OUT PROCEDURE

2-28. Now that you have installed the battery, and know where everything is, and how it works, let's make sure that the unit is working properly. We'll run through a simple checkout procedure starting with turn-on. No equipment other than test leads will be required. If a problem is encountered, please check the battery, fuse, switch settings, and test lead connections before contacting your nearest John Fluke Service Center.

#### NOTE

This procedure is intended to verify overall instrument operation, and is not meant as a substitute for the formal Performance Test given in Section 4. Limits shown exceed the specifications because the procedure uses one measurement function to check another.

1. Set the power switch to OFF and all range and function switches to the released (out) position.

2. Set the power switch to ON and observe the display. It should read 00.0  $\pm 0.1$ .

3. Connect the red test lead to the  $V/\Omega$  input terminal.

4. Touch the red probe tip to the COMMON input terminal, and sequentially depress each of the six range switches starting at the top (20 M $\Omega$ ). The display should read zero ±1 digit and the decimal point should be positioned as follows:

a. 20 M - 0.00b. 2000 k - 000c. 200 k - 00.0d. 20 k - 0.00e. 2 k - 0.00f.  $200 \Omega - 00.0$ 

5. Remove the probe from the COMMON input terminal.

6. Depress the lower function button  $(\Omega)$  and sequentially depress each of the six ranges switches. The display should read 1 as the most significant digit with no other numbers shown. This is the standard overrange indication. Notice that the decimal point changes poistion with the range switch settings just as it did in step 4 of this procedure.

7. Touch the red probe tip to the COMMON input terminal, and sequentially press each of the range buttons. The display should read zero at each range setting. Lead resistance may be sufficient to cause a one or two tenths (0.1 or  $0.2\Omega$ ) indication on the 200 $\Omega$  range.

8. Touch the red probe tip to the mA input connector and press the  $200\Omega$  switch. The display should read 99.0 to 101.0.

9. Select the 2 k $\Omega$  range. The display should read .099 to .101. Remove the probe from the mA input connector.

10. Depress both the AC/DC switch and the 750V ac range switch. Set the  $mA/V-\Omega$  switch to the voltage (out) position.

#### WARNING

#### THE LOCAL LINE VOLTAGE IS MEASURED IN THE FOLLOWING STEP. BE CAREFUL NOT TO TOUCH THE PROBE TIPS WITH YOUR FINGERS, OR TO ALLOW THE PROBE TIPS TO CONTACT EACH OTHER.

11. Measure the local ac line voltage at a convenient output receptacle. The voltage should be display with 1 volt resolution.

12. If the 8021B has responded properly to this point, it is operational and ready for use,

#### 2-29. MEASUREMENT TECHNIQUES

2-30. The concluding paragraphs of this section offer you techniques that improve the measurement accuracy of your 8021B. While these techniques are in general use throughout the electronics industry, these paragraphs offer specific information for use with your 8021B.

#### 2-31. AC Measurement

2-32. The ac ranges of the 8021B employ an average responding ac converter. This means that the unit measures the average value of the input and displays the measurement as an equivalent rms value for a sine wave. As a result, measurement errors are introduced if the input wave form is distorted (non-sinusoidal). The amount of error depends upon the amount of distortion. Figure 2-10 shows the relationship between sine, square, and triangular waveforms, and the required conversion factors. To convert the display reading for a given input waveform to a known measurement value, multiply the reading by the appropriate Display Multiplier.

#### 2-33. Voltage AC/DC

2-34. The 8021B is equipped with five ac and five dc voltage ranges; 200 mV, 2V, 20V, 200V, 750V ac/1000V dc. All ranges present an input impedance of 10 M $\Omega$ . On the ac ranges, this is shunted by less than 100 pF. When making measurements, be careful not to exceed the overload limits given earlier in Table 2-2.

2-35. Measurement errors, due to circuit loading, can result when making either ac or dc voltage measurements on circuits with high source resistance. However, in most cases the error is negligible ( $\leq 0.1\%$ ) as long as the source resistance of the measurement circuit is 10 k $\Omega$  or less. If circuit loading does present a problem, the percentage of error can be calculated using the appropriate formula in Figure 2-11.

#### 2-36. Current AC/DC

#### WARNING

INSTRUMENT DAMAGE AND OPERATOR INJURY MAY RESULT IF THE FUSE BLOWS WHILE CURRENT IS BEING MEASURED IN A CIRCUIT WHICH EXHIBITS AN OPEN CIRCUIT VOLTAGE GREATER THAN 600V. DO NOT ATTEMPT AN IN-CIRCUIT CURRENT MEASUREMENT WHERE THE POTENTIAL IS GREATER THAN 600V DC OR RMS AC.

GIVEN INPUT WAVEFORM	8021B DISPLAY MULTIPLIER FOR MEASUREMENT CONVERSION			
	РК-РК	0-PK	RMS	AVG
	2.828	1.414	1.000	0.900
RECTIFIED SINE (FULL WAVE)				
	1.414	1.414	1.000	0.900
RECTIFIED SINE (HALF WAVE)				-
	2.828	2.828	1.414	0.900
SQUARE	1.800	0.900	0.900	0.900
RECTIFIED SQUARE				
	1.800	1.800	1.272	0.900
RECTANGULAR PULSE D=X/Y	-	0.9/D	0.9/D <sup>½</sup>	0.9D
TRIANGLE SAWTOOTH	- < 3.600 -	1.800	1.038	0.900

Figure 2-10. Waveform Conversion

	Loading Error in % = 100 x Rs÷ (Rs + 10 <sup>7</sup> ) Where: Rs = Source resistance in ohms of circuit being measured.
2.	AC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS
	First, determine input impedance, as follows: * Z in = $\frac{10^7}{\sqrt{1 + (2 \pi F \cdot Rin \cdot C)^2}}$
	Where: Zin = effective input impedance Rin = $10^7$ ohms Cin = $100 \times 10^{-12}$ Farads F = frequency in Hz
	Then, determine source loading error as follows:*
	Loading Error in % = 100 x $\frac{Zs}{Zs + Zin}$
	Where: Zs = source impedance

Zin = input impedance (calculated)

\* Vector algebra required.

1. DC VOLTAGE MEASUREMENTS



2-37. Four ac and four dc current ranges are included on the 8021B: 2 mA, 20 mA, 200 mA and 2000 mA. Each range is diode protected to 2 amps and fuse protected above 2 amps. If a fuse blows, refer to fuse check and replacement information given earlier in this section.

2-38. In high electrical noise environments (near ignition switches, flourescent lights, relay switches, etc.) unstable or erroneous readings (exceeding specifications) may occur. The effect is most obvious when measuring low level current on the 2 mA range. If an erratic or erroneous reading is suspected, temporarily jumper the V/ $\Omega$  connector to the mA connector. This is recommended for the 2 mA and 20 mA ranges only.

#### CAUTION

To avoid possible instrument damage and/or erroneous measurements remove the temporary V/ $\Omega$ -to-mA jumper before attempting voltage or resistance measurements.

2-39. Full-scale burden voltage (voltage drop across the fuse and current shunt) for all ranges except 2000 mA is less than 300 mV. The 2000 mA range has a full-scale burden voltage of less than 900 mV. These voltage drops can affect the accuracy of a current measurement, if the current source is unregulated and the shunt plus fuse resistance represents a significant portion (1/1000 or more) of the source resistance. If burden voltage does present a problem, the percentage of error can be calculated using the formula in Figure 2-12. This error can be minimized by using the highest current range that gives the necessary resolution. For example, if20 mA is measured on the 2000 mA range the burden voltage is approximately 5 mV.

#### 2-40. Resistance

2-41. Six direct reading resistance scales are provided on the 8021B: 20 M $\Omega$ , 200 k $\Omega$ , 200 k $\Omega$ , 20 k $\Omega$ , 2 k $\Omega$  and 200 $\Omega$ . All scales employ a two-wire measurement technique. As a result, test lead resistance may influence measurement accuracy on the 200 $\Omega$  range. To determine the error, short the test leads together and read the lead resistance. Correct the measurement by subtracting the lead resistance from the measurement reading. The error is generally on the order of 0.2 to 0.3 ohms for a standard pair of test leads.

2-42. Three resistance ranges  $(2 \ k\Omega, 200 \ k\Omega, and 20 \ M\Omega)$  have a high enough open circuit voltage to turn on a silicon junction. These ranges can be used to check silicon diodes and transistors. The 2 k $\Omega$  range is preferred for this function and is marked with a diode symbol. On the three alternate ranges  $(200\Omega, 20 \ k\Omega, and 2000 \ k\Omega)$ , the full scale voltage is not high enough to turn a silicon junction on. Use these ranges to make in circuit resistance measurements. Maximum full scale voltage and short circuit current for each resistance range is given in Table 2-3. All values shown are referenced to the COMMON input terminal; i.e., the V/ $\Omega$  terminal is positive.

#### NOTE

Any change (greater than one or two digits) in apparent resistance when test leads are reversed may indicate either the presence of a diode junction or a voltage in the circuit.

#### CAUTION

Turn test circuit power off and discharge all capacitors before attempting incircuit resistance measurements.

#### 2-43. Continuity

2-44. Audibly confirmed continuity measurements may be made using any of the resistance or conductance ranges. The  $2 k\Omega$  range is recommended for this mode since it provides the lowest resistance threshold, approximately 110 ohms. On this range a measured resistance lower than 110 ohms initiates the audible tone. To determine the exact threshold, use a variable resistor and note the display reading at which the tone switches on and/or off.





$$\begin{split} &\mathsf{E}_{S} = \mathsf{Source voltage} \\ &\mathsf{R}_{L} = \mathsf{Load resistance} + \mathsf{Source resistance} \\ &\mathsf{I}_{M} = \mathsf{Measured current} \ (\mathsf{display reading in mA}) \\ &\mathsf{E}_{B} = \mathsf{Burden voltage} \ (\mathsf{calculated}), \ \mathsf{i.e.}, \ \mathsf{Display reading} \\ &\mathsf{expressed as a \% of full-scale} \ (100 \times \frac{\mathsf{READING}}{\mathsf{FULL-SCALE}}) \end{split}$$

times full-scale burden voltage for selected range. See Table. MAXIMUM.

RANGE	BURDEN VOLTAGE		
2 mA to 200 mA	0.3V		
2000 mA	0.9V		

current error due to Burden Voltage

$$IN \% = 100 \times \frac{E_B}{E_S - E_B}$$

$$IN mA = \frac{E_B \times I_M}{E_S - E_B}$$

Example:  $E_{\mbox{\scriptsize S}}=14V,~R_{\mbox{\scriptsize L}}=9\Omega,~I_{\mbox{\scriptsize M}}=1497~mA,$ 

$$E_B = 100 \times \frac{1497}{2000} \times 0.9$$
 (from Table) =

$$74.9\% \times 0.9 = 0.674V$$

Error in % = 100 
$$\frac{.674}{14 - .674}$$
 = 100  $\frac{.674}{13.326}$  = 5.06%

Increase displayed current by 5.06% to obtain true current.

Error in mA = 
$$\frac{.674 \times 1497}{.14 - .674} = \frac{.1009}{.13.326} = .76 \text{ mA}$$

Increase displayed current by 76 mA to obtain true current.

Figure 2-12. Current Measurement Error Calculations
## Table 2-3. Voltage/Current Capability of Resistance Ranges

RANGE	FULL-SCALE VOLTAGE (TYPICAL)	SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT (TYPICAL)
20 ΜΩ	+800 mV	+0.12 μA
2000 kΩ	+200 mV	+0.12 μA
200 kΩ	+800 mV	+12 μA
20 kΩ	+200 mV	+12 μA
2 kΩ <del>- ΣΙ</del>	+1.1V	+10 mA
200Ω	+55 mV	+0.3 mA

2-45. Intermittent open or short circuits with a duration of at least 50 us are detectable on all continuity ranges. A continuously intermittent connection is heard as a series of beeps. A series of beeps (due to environmental noise) is also encountered when a measurement is near the threshold of the selected range. The approximate thresholds for the continuity ranges are as follws:

RANGE	THRESHOLD
200 nS	900 kilohms
2 mS	110 ohms
20 M Ω	900 kilohms
2000 kΩ	900 kilohms
200 kΩ	9 kilohms
20 kΩ	9 kilohms
2 kΩ	110 ohms
200Ω	360 ohms

2-21/2-22

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# Section 3 Theory of Operation

#### 3-1. INTRODUCTION

3-2. This section of the manual contains an overall functional description followed by a block diagram analysis of the 8021B. A detailed schematic of the 8021B appears in Section 7.

# 3-3. OVERALL FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

3-4. The Model 8021B as shown in Figure 3-1, is a hand-held six function digital multimeter. It features a total of 24 measurement ranges (dc volts-five, ac volts-five, ohmssix, dc mA-four, ac mA-four), audible continuity a high contrast, easy-to-read, 3-1/2digit, liquid crystal display; long battery life (up to 200 hours); and overload protection for all ranges.

3-5. Operation centers around a custom LSI chip, U1, which contains a dual slope a/d converter and a display driver. Peripherals to U1 include range and function switches, input signal conditioners, and the display. When an input signal is applied to the 8021B, it is routed through the range switches to one of four input signal conditioners as determined by the function switch setting. Each conditioner scales and, if necessary, rectifies the input so that an acceptable dc input level (-0.2 to +0.2V dc) is presented to the a/d converter.

3-6. Timing for the overall operation of the a/d converter is derived from an external quartz crystal whose frequency is a multiple of the local line frequency. This allows the conditioned dc input data to be integrated over a single line cycle, thus optimizing both common mode and normal mode rejection.

3-7. Digitized measurement data is presented to the display as four decoded digits (seven segments) plus polarity. Decimal point position on the display is determined by the range switch settings.

#### 3-8. BLOCK DIAGRAM ANALYSIS

#### 3-9. A/D Converter

3-10. The entire analog-to-digital conversion process is accomplished by a single custom A/D Converter and Display Driver IC, U1. The IC employs the dual slope method of a/d conversion, and requires a series of external components to establish the basic timing and reference levels required for operation. These include an integrating capacitor, an autozero capacitor, and a flying capacitor (for applying a reference level of either polarity). Since the power consumed for display operation is very low, the a/d converter IC also contains the latches, decoders, and drivers required for the display.



Figure 3-1. Model 8021B Simplified Block Diagram

8021B

3-11. The digital control portion of the a/d conversion process is an internal function of U8, and is keyed to the external crystal frequency. As a result, the conversion process is continuously repeated, and the display is updated at the end of every conversion cycle.

3-12. A simplified circuit diagram of the analog portion of the a/d converter is shown in Figure 3-2. Each of the switches shown represent analog gates which are operated by the digital section of the a/d converter. Basic timing for switch operation and a complete measurement cycle are also included in the figure.

3-13. Any given measurement cycle performed by the a/d converter can be divided into three consecutive time periods, autozero (AZ), integrate (INTEG), and read. Both autozero and integrate are fixed time periods whose lengths are multiples of the clock frequency. A counter determines the length of both time periods by providing an overflow at the end of every 10,000 clock pulses. The read period is a variable time which is proportional to the unknown input voltage. The value of the voltage is determined by counting the number of clock pulses that occur during the read period.

3-14. During autozero a ground reference is applied as an input to the a/d converter. Under ideal conditions the output of the comparator would also go to zero. However, input-offset-voltage errors accumulate in the amplifier loop, and appear at the comparator output as an error voltage. This error is impressed across the AZ capacitor where it is stored for the remainder of the measurement cycle. The stored level is used to provide offset voltage correction during the integrate and read periods.

3-15. The integrate period begins at the end of the autozero period. As the period begins, the AZ switch opens and the INTEG switch closes. This applies the unknown input voltage to the input of the a/d converter. The voltage is buffered and passed on to the integrator to determine the charge rate (slope) on the INTEG capacitor. By the end of the fixed integrate period the capacitor is charged to a level proportional to the unknown input voltage. This voltage is translated to a digital indication by discharging the capacitor at a fixed rate during the read period, and counting the number of clock pulses that occur before it returns to the original autozero level.

3-16. As the read period begins, the INTEG switch opens and the readswitch closes. This applies a known reference voltage to the input of the a/d converter. The polarity of this voltage is automatically selected to be opposite that of the unknown input voltage, thus, causing the INTEG capacitor to discharge at a fixed rate (slope). When the charge is equal to the initial starting point (autozero level), the read period is ended. Since the discharge slope is fixed during the read period, the time required for discharge is proportional to the unknown input voltage.

3-17. The autozero period and, thus, a new measurement cycle begins at the end of the read period. At the same time the counter is released for operation by transferring its contents (previous measurement value) to a series of latches. This stored data is then decoded and buffered before being used for driving the liquid crystal display.



Figure 3-2. Dual Slope A/D Converter

8021B





## 3-18. Input Signal Conditioners

3-19. The a/d converter requires two externally supplied input voltages to complete a measurement cycle. One is a reference voltage and the other is an unknown dc voltage within the range of -0.2 to +0.2V dc. If the function being measured is other than a dc voltage within the  $\pm 0.2$  range, it must be scaled and/or conditioned before being presented to the a/d converter. For example, higher dc levels must be divided; ac inputs must be scaled and current inputs must be scaled and converted to dc voltage levels. The following paragraphs describe the input signal conditioners used for each of the 8021B measurement functions. The descriptions are illustrated by Figure 3-3.

# 3-20. VOLTAGE MEASUREMENT

3-21. Both the ac and dc voltage ranges use an over-voltage-protected, 10 M $\Omega$  input divider as shown in View A. Under normal conditions, assuming a dc input level on the proper range, the divider output is a -0.2 to +0.2V dc signal and is an exact (power-of-10) ratio of the input signal. If the VAC function is selected, the divider output is ac coupled to an active full-wave rectifier whose dc output is calibrated to equal the rms level of the ac input. The conditioned signal for the selected function (V ac or V dc) is then passed through a filter before being presented to the a/d converter as the unknown input.

#### 3-22. CURRENT MEASUREMENT

3-23. Current measurements are made using a fuse protected, switchable, four-terminal current shunt  $(0.1\Omega, 1\Omega, 10\Omega, \text{ or } 100\Omega)$  to perform the current-to-voltage conversion required by the a/d converter. See View B. The voltage (1 R) drop produced across the selected shunt may be either ac or dc depending upon the selected function, mA AC or mA DC. If the input current is dc and the dc function is selected, the I R drop is passed through a low-pass filter and presented as the unknown input to the a/d converter. However, if the input current is ac and the AC function is selected, the I R drop is rectified by the ac converter before going to the low-pass filter. In either event the a/d converter receives a dc inputvoltage proportional to the current passing through the selected shunt.

# 3-24. RESISTANCE MEASUREMENTS

3-25. Resistance measurements are mde using a ratio technique as shown in Figure 3-3C. When the  $\Omega$  function is selected, a simple series circuit is formed by the internal reference voltage, a reference resistor from the voltage divider (selected by range switches), and the external unknown resistor. The ratio of the two resistor valves is equal to the ratio of their respective voltage drops. Therefore, since the value of one resistor is known, the value of the second can be determined by using the voltage drop across the known resistor as a reference. This determination is made directly by the a/d converter.

3-26. Overall operation of the a/d converter during a resistance measurement is basically as described earlier in this section, with one exception. The reference voltage present during a voltage measurement is replaced by the voltage drop across the reference resistor. This allows the voltage across the unknown resistor to be read during the integrate period and compared against the reference resistor during the read period. As before, the length of the read period is a direct indication of the value of the unknown.

# 3-27. CONTINUITY MEASUREMENTS

3-28. Continuity is a measurement feature that supplements the resistance and conductance measurement functions. The feature is enabled when the V/ $\Omega$  and the

AC/DC function switches are both pressed in. When a measurement is made, continuity is indicated by an audible tone. No tone indicates an open circuit or a circuit resistance above the threshold of the range selected.

3-29. The continuity circuit consists of a comparator, a one-shot, and a tone generator. See Figure 3-3D. During a measurement, R pull-up and V source develop a voltage across the measured resistance. The comparator compares this voltage against an internal 100 mV threshold reference. If the input voltage is greater than the 100 mV threshold reference, the tone generator is not enabled, a no-continuity indication. Conversely, an indication of less than 100 mV causes the comparator to enable the tone generator which emits an audible continuity indication.

3-30. Since the values of V source and R pull-up vary with the selected range, it is convenient to think of the 100 mV threshold as a resistance threshold. The resistance threshold and the V source/ R pull-up values for each continuity range are given in the following list:

RANGE	R pull-up	V source (VOLTS)	THRESHOLD RESISTANCE
200 Ω	4 kilohms	1,2 volts	360 ohms
2 kΩ	3 kilohms	2.8 volts	110 ohms
2 mS	3 kilohms	2.8 volts	110 ohms
20 kΩ	100 kilohms	1.2 volts	9 kilohms
200 kΩ	100 kilohms	1.2 volts	9 kilohms
2000 kΩ	10 kilohms	1.2 volts	900 kilohms
20 MΩ	10 kilohms	1.2 volts	900 kilohms
200 nS	10 kilohms	1.2 volts	900 kilohms

3-31. Extremely short changes in a continuity condition (intermittent open or short circuits) are detected by the one-shot and the appropriate indication is maintained for approximately 200 ms. This pulse stretching effect ensures that a reliable audio tone is generated for continuity changes as short as 50  $\mu$ s



Figure 3-3. Input Signal Conditioners



Figure 3-3. Input Signal Conditioners (cont)



Figure 3-3. Input Signal Conditioners (cont)

8021B





3-11

8021B







damaged by electrostatic discharge during handling. This notice explains how you can minimize the chances of destroying such devices but

- Knowing that there is a problem.
  Learning the guidelines for handling them. Using the procedures, and packaging and З. bench techniques that are recommended.

The Static Sensitive (S.S.) devices are identified in the Fluke technical manual parts list with the symbol " 🛞 -

The following practices should be followed to minimize damage to S.S. devices.



2. KEEP PARTS IN ORIGINAL CONTAINERS UNTIL READY FOR USE

र्याति सम्बालियन्



3. DISCHARGE PERSONAL STATIC BEFORE HANDLING DEVICES



4. HANDLE S.S. DEVICES BY THE BODY



5. USE ANTI-STATIC CONTAINERS FOR HANDLING AND TRANSPORT



6. DO NOT SLIDE S.S. DEVICES OVER ANY SURFACE



 AVOID PLASTIC, VINYL AND STYROFOAM IN WORK AREA



8021B

8. HANDLE S.S. DEVICES ONLY AT A STATIC-FREE WORK STATION

9. ONLY ANTI-STATIC TYPE SOLDER-SUCKERS SHOULD BE USED.

10. ONLY GROUNDED TIP SOLDERING IRONS SHOULD BE USED.

Anti-static bags, for storing S.S. devices or pcbs with these devices on them, can be ordered from the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc.. See section 5 in any Fluke technical manual for ordering instructions. Use the following part numbers when ordering these special bags.

John Fluke Part No. 453522	Bag Size 6" x 8"
453530	8" x 12"
453548	16" x 24"
454025	12" x 15"

3-13/3-14

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4-1

# Section 4 Maintenance

#### WARNING

THESE SERVICING INSTRUCTIONS ARE FOR USE BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL ONLY. TO AVOID ELECTRIC SHOCK, DO NOT PERFORM ANY SERVICING OTHER THAN THAT CONTAINED IN THE OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS UNLESS YOU ARE QUALIFIED TO DO SO.

#### 4-1. INTRODUCTION

4-2. This section of the manual contains maintenance information for the Model 8021B. This includes service information, general maintenance, performance test, calibration and troubleshooting. The performance test is recommended as an acceptance test when the unit is first received, and later as a preventive maintenance tool to verify proper instrument operation. A 2-year calibration cycle is recommended to maintain the specifications given in Section 1 of this manual. The test equipment required for both the performance test and calibration is listed in Table 4-1. If the recommended equipment is not available, instruments having equivalent specifications may be used.

#### 4-3. SERVICE INFORMATION

4-4. The 8021B is warranted for a period of 2 years upon delivery to the original purchaser. Conditions of the warranty are given at the rear of this manual.

4-5. Malfunctions that occur within the limits of the warranty will be corrected at no charge. Simply mail the instrument (postpaid) to your nearest authorized (in-warranty) Fluke Technical Service Center. A complete list of service centers are provided at the rear of this manual. Dated proof-of-purchase will be required for all in-warranty repairs.

4-6. Factory authorized service centers are also available for calibration and/or repair of instruments that are beyond their warranty period. Contact your nearest authorized Fluke Technical Service Center for a cost quotation.

# 4-7. GENERAL INFORMATION4-8. Access Information

#### NOTE

To avoid contaminating the pcb with oil from the fingers, handle it by the edges or wear gloves. If the pcb does become contaminated, refer to the cleaning procedure given later in this section.

# Table 4-1. List of Recommended Test Equipment

INSTRUMENT TYPE REQUIRED CHARACTERISTICS		RECOMMENDED MODEL				
	PREFERRED					
DMM Calibrator John Fluke 5100A family		John Fluke Models 5100A, 5101A, 5102A				
	ALTERNATE					
AC Calibrator	Voltage Range: 0 to 750V ac Frequency Range: 100 to 450 Hz: $\pm 0.25\%$ Voltage Accuracy: 100 to 450 Hz: $\pm 0.1\%$	John Fluke Models 5200A and 5215A				
DC Calibrator	Voltage Range: 0 to 1000V dc Accuracy: ±0.025%	John Fluke Model 343A				
DC Current Calibrator	Current Range: 2 mA to 2A Accuracy: ±0.2%	John Fluke Model 382A				
Decade Resistor or Individual Resistors	Resistance Values: $190\Omega$ , $1.9 k\Omega$ , $19 k\Omega$ , $190 k\Omega$ , $1.9 M\Omega$ , and $10 M\Omega$ Accuracy: $\pm 0.025\%$ Power Rating: $\geq 1/8$ watt	ESI Model DB62				

4-9. BACKUP FUSE (F2) AND CALIBRATION ACCESS

4-10. Use the following procedure to access the 8021B calibration adjustments.

1. Set the power switch to OFF.

2. Disconnect the test leads and the battery eliminator, if attached.

3. Open the battery compartment, and disconnect the battery.

4. Remove the three phillips-head screws from the bottom of the case.

5. Turn the instrument face-up, and grasp the top cover at both sides of the input connectors. Then, pull the top cover from the unit.

6. Backup Fuse (F2), and all adjustments necessary to complete the calibration procedure are now accessible (see Figure 4-1).

#### 4-11. COMPONENT/PCB ACCESS

- 4-12. Use the following procedure to remove the Main PCB Assembly from the case:
  - 1. Complete the calibration access procedure.
- 4-2

2. Remove the screw from the shield.

3. Using your index finger, lift the lower right-hand corner of the pcb. When the pcb is freed, pull it to the right until it clears the shelf under the push buttons, and then lift up.

4. To reassemble the 8021B, logically reverse this procedure.

#### NOTE

When installing the pcb, route the battery-clip wires behind the post on the left-hand side of the bottom case, and thread the battery-clip through the battery-cover opening. Also make sure that the removable plastic lip that resides beneath the range switch push buttons is properly installed in the bottom case. The green power switch cap should also be mounted on the power switch.



Figure 4-1. Calibration Adjustment Locations

4-13. DISPLAY ACCESS

4-14. Refer to Figure 4-2 and the following procedure to remove/replace the LCD

I. Remove the Main PCB Assembly using the PCB access procedure.

2. Place your thumbs on either side of the display lens and carefully push the lens

3. Turn the LCD bracket upside down and gently tap it against your palm. The

#### NOTE

When installing the LCD make certain that its flat surface is facing out and its connector pattern is on top of and makes contact with the flexible layered connector. The layered connector ends, the LCD edge connections, and the PCB edge connections must be thoroughly cleaned and free of particles to assure proper display operation.

# 4-15. LSI (U1) ACCESS

4-16. Use the following procedure to remove/replace the A/D Converter and Display



2. On the bottom of the pcb locate and remove the two Phillips screws from the display assembly.

3. Lift the display assembly from the pcb to expose U1.

#### CAUTION

U1 is a MOS device and is subject to damage by static discharge. Observe the precautions given later in this section under troubleshooting before attempting to remove or replace U1.

4. Use a screw driver or a reasonable substitute to rock (by prying up on each end of the IC) the IC out of it socket.

5. When installing UI make sure all pins are lined up in the socket, and then carefully press it into place.

#### 4-17. Cleaning

#### CAUTION

Do not use aromatic hydrocarbons or chlorinated solvents for cleaning. These solutions will react with the plastic materials used in the instrument.

#### CAUTION

# Do not allow the liquid crystal display to get wet. Remove the Display Assembly before washing the pcb and do not install it until the pcb has been fully dried.

4-18. Clean the front panel and case with a mild solution of detergent and water. Clean dust from the circuit board with low pressure (20 psi) dry air. Contaminates can be removed from the circuit board with demineralized water and a soft brush (remove the Display Assembly before washing, and avoid getting excessive amounts of water on the switches). Drywith clean, dry air at low pressure, and then bake at 50 to  $60^{\circ}$ C (124-140° F) for 24 hours.

#### 4-19. Battery/Backup Fuse Replacement

#### WARNING

BATTERY/FUSE REPLACEMENT SHOULD ONLY BE PERFORMED AFTER THE TEST LEADS HAVE BEEN REMOVED FROM THE INPUT JACKS AND THE POWER SWITCH IS SET TO OFF. THE BACKUP FUSE REPLACEMENT PROCEDURE MUST BE PERFORMED BY QUALIFIED SERVICE PERSONNEL ONLY. USE ONLY THE RECOMMENDED FUSE TYPE FOR REPLACEMENT.

4-20. Refer to Section 2 of this manual for battery and main fuse (F1) replacement procedure. Use the following procedure to replace the backup fuse (F2):

1. Complete the Backup Fuse and Calibration Access procedure located earlier in this section.

2. Using a pointed tool such as a probe tip, pry the backup fuse from its holder.

3. Replace the defective backup fuse with a 3A, 600V type BBS-3 only.

#### 4-21. PERFORMANCE TEST

4-22. The performance test is used to compare the 8021B performance with the list of specifications given in Section 1 of this manual. It is recommended for incoming inspection, periodic maintenance, and to verify specifications. If the instrument fails any part of the test, calibration and/or repair is indicated.

#### 4-23. Initial Procedure

4-24. Establish the following test conditions before continuing with the Performance Test:

- 1. Allow the unit to stabilize at an ambient temperature of  $23 \pm 5^{\circ} C (73 \pm 9^{\circ} F)$ .
- 2. Check and, if necessary, replace the fuses and battery.
- 3. Set the power switch to ON.

#### 4-25. Display Test

4-26. The following procedure is used to test the operation of all display digits and segments:

1. Select the  $\Omega$  function and the 20 k $\Omega$  range. The display should be blanked with the exception of the overrange indicator (1) in the left hand column and a decimal point in the center of the display.

2. Connect a Decade Resistor between the  $V/\Omega$  and COMMON input terminals.

3. Set the Decade Resistor to 10 k $\Omega$  and verify a display of 10.00  $\pm 3$  digits.

4. Sequentially increase the resistance in  $1.11 \, k\Omega$  steps and verify the operation of each digit and its segments.

5. Disconnect the Decade Resistor at the input terminals, and select the 2000 k $\Omega$  range. A decimal point should not be displayed.

6. Sequentially select the 200, 20 and 2 k $\Omega$  range. The decimal point should appear in the tenths, hundredths, and thousandths position, respectively.

#### 4-27. Resistance Test

4-28. The operation and accuracy of the resistance ranges are tested in the following procedure:

1. Connect the Decade Resistor between the  $V/\Omega$  and COMMON input terminals.

2. Refer to Table 4-2, and select the range and input conditions specified in step 1. Verify that the display reading is within the limits shown.

#### Table 4-2. Resistance Checks

4	RANGE	JOHN FLUKE 5100A/5101A/5102A		DECADE RESIST	
STEP	RANGE	INPUT RESISTANCE	DISPLAY READING	INPUT RESISTANCE	DISPLAY READING
1	200Ω	Short	00.0 to 00.2	Short	00.0 to 00.2
2	2 kΩ	Short	0.000 to 0.001	Short	0.000 to 0.001
3	200Ω	100Ω	99.4 to 100.6	190Ω	189.1 to 190.9
4	2 kΩ	1 kΩ	0.997 to 1.003	1.9 kΩ	1.895 to 1.905
5	20 kΩ	10 kΩ	9.97 to 10.03	19 kΩ	18.95 to 19.05
6	200 kΩ	100 kΩ	99.7 to 100.3	190 kΩ	189.5 to 190.5
7	2000 kΩ	1000 kΩ	980 to 1020	1900 kΩ	1861 to 1939
8	20 MΩ	10 MΩ	9.80 to 10.20	10 MΩ	9.80 to 10.20

3. Execute and verify steps 2 through 8 of Table 4-2, using the procedure described in step 2.

#### 4-29. Continuity Test

4-30. Use the following procedure to verify proper operation of the continuity function:

- 1. Select the  $\Omega$  function and 2 k $\Omega$  range.
- 2. Connect the test leads to the COMMON and V/ $\Omega$  terminals.
- 3. Depress the AC/DC switch to activate the audible tone.
- 4. Momentarily short the test leads together and observe that the tone sounds.

#### WARNING

#### THE LOCAL LINE VOLTAGE IS USED IN THE FOLLOWING STEP. BE CAREFUL NOT TO TOUCH THE PROBE TIPS WITH FINGERS OR ALLOW THE 120V AC RECEPTACLE TO BECOME SHORTED.

5. At a convienient 120 VAC receptacle, insert test leads as if to measure line voltage. A series of beeps at a rate of approximately 5 to 10 per second indicates proper operation of the pulse stretcher circuit.

#### 4-31. DC Voltage Test

4-32. Use the following procedure to check the accuracy and overall operation of the dc voltage ranges.

#### WARNING

CONNECT THE GROUND/COMMON/LOW SIDE OF THE VOLTAGE CALIBRATOR TO COMMON ON THE 8021B.

1. Set the DC Calibrator for a zero volt output.

2. Connect the DC Calibrator output to the  $V/\Omega$  and COMMON input terminals of the 8021B (calibrator ground/common/low to 8021B COMMON).

3. With reference to Table 4-3, select the 8021B voltage range given in step 1, and set the DC Calibrator output to the corresponding 8021B input voltage. Verify that the display reading is within the limits shown.

4. Execute and verify steps 2 through 7 of Table 4-3, using the procedure described in step 3.

STEP	VOLTAGE RANGE	INPUT VOLTAGE, DC	DISPLAY READING
1	200 mV	+190.0 mV	189.4 to 190.6
2	200 mV	-190.0 mV	-189.4 to -190.6
3	2V	0.0V	001 to .001
4	2V	+1.9V	1.894 to 1.906
5	20V	+19V	18.94 to 19.06
6	200V	+190V	189.4 to 190.6
7	1000V	+1000V	997 to 1003

#### 4-33. AC Voitage Test

4-32. The ac voltage ranges are checked for accuracy and operation using the following procedure:

#### WARNING

CONNECT THE GROUND/COMMON/LOW SIDE OF THE AC CALIBRATOR TO COMMON ON THE MODEL 8021B.

I. Set the AC Calibrator for a zero volt ac output,

2. Connect the AC Calibrator output to the  $V/\Omega$  and COMMON input terminals for the 8021B (calibrator ground/common/low to 8021B COMMON).

3. With reference to Table 4-4, select the 8021B voltage range given in step 1, and set the AC Calibrator output to the corresponding 8021B input voltage and frequency. Verify that the display reading is within the limits shown.

4. Execute and verify steps 2 through 7 of Table 4-4, using the procedure described in step 3.

RANGE	VOLTAGE Short	FREQ.	READING
	Short		
000		-	00.0 to 00.2
200 mV	190 mV	100 Hz	188.4 to 191.0
200 mV	19 mV	100 Hz	18.7 to 19.3
2V	1.9V	100 Hz	1.884 to 1.910
20V	19V	100 Hz	18.84 to 19.10
200V	190V	100 Hz	188.4 to 191.
750V	750V	400 Hz	741 to 759
	2V 20V 200V 750V Ilternate test e	2V      1.9V        20V      19V        200V      190V        750V      750V        Ilternate test equipment listed in ency in step 7 should be 100 H	2V      1.9V      100 Hz        20V      19V      100 Hz        200V      190V      100 Hz        200V      750V      400 Hz        viternate test equipment listed in Table 4-1 is used on y in step 7 should be 100 Hz. All other fac

# 4-35. DC Current Test

4-36. The following procedure is used to check the operation and accuracy of the dc current ranges:

1. Set the output of the DC Current Calibrator to zero mA.

2. Connect the output of the DC Current Calibrator to the mA and COMMON input terminals on the 8021B.

3. With reference to Table 4-5, select the 8021B current range indicated in step 1, and set the DC Current Calibrator output to provide the corresponding 8021B input current. Verify that the display reading is within the limits shown.

4. Execute and verify steps 2 through 4 of Table 4-5, using the procedure described in step 3.

Table	4-5.	DC	Current	(mA	) Checks
-------	------	----	---------	-----	----------

STEP	CURRENT RANGE	INPUT CURRENT, DC	DISPLAY READING
1	2 mA	+1.9 mA	1.880 to 1.920
2	20 mA	-19 mA	-18.80 to -19.20
3	200 mA	+190 mA	188.0 to 192.0
4	2000 mA	+1900 mA	1880 to 1920

# 4-37. CALIBRATION

4-38. Under normal operating conditions, the 8021B should be calibrated once every two years to maintain the specifications given in Section 1 of this manual. If instrument repairs have been made or if the unit fails the performance test, immediate calibration is indicated. Equipment required for calibration is given in Table 4-1. If the necessary equipment is not available, your nearest authorized Fluke Technical Service Center will be happy to help. A list of these service centers, as well as shipping information, is given at the back of this manual.

4-9

8021B

4-39. Use the following procedure to calibrate the 8021B:

#### NOTE

This procedure assumes an ambient temperature of  $23 \pm 2^{\circ}C$  (70 to 77° F) and a relative humidity of less than 80%. The temperature of the unit should be allowed to stabilize for at least 30 minutes before calibration begins.

1. Remove the top cover from the 8021B using the access procedure given earlier in this section.

2. Set the 8021B power switch to ON and select the 200 mV DC range.

3. Set the output of the DC Calibrator to +190.0 mV and connect it to the 8021B input terminals; + to V/ $\Omega$ , and - to COMMON.

4. Adjust the DC CAL pot (R5), as shown in Figure 4-1, for a display of 190.0 or 190.1. (Use a plastic adjustment tool or a plastic screw driver for all adjustments.)

5. Disconnect the DC Calibrator from the 8021B input terminals.

6. Select the 200 mV AC range on the 8021B.

7. Set the output of the AC Calibrator to 190 mV at 100 Hz, and connect it to the 8021B input terminals;  $V/\Omega$  and COMMON.

8. Adjust the AC CAL pot (R9) for a display of 190.0 (an occasional flash of  $\pm 1$  digit is acceptable).

9. Execute the performance test given earlier to ensure that all fixed range resistors and other non-adjustable components are operating within their specified limits.

#### 4-40. TROUBLESHOOTING

#### CAUTION

#### Static discharge can damage MOS components contained in the 8021B.

4-41. When troubleshooting or repairing the 8021B use the precautions listed on the Static Awareness sheet to prevent damage from static discharge. Never remove, install or otherwise connect or disconnect components without first setting the 8021B power switch to OFF.

4-42. A troubleshooting guide for the 8021B is given in Table 4-6. To properly use the guide complete the performance test given earlier in this section and note any discrepancies. Then locate the heading of the procedure in question in the Test and Symptom column (Table 4-6). Under that heading isolate the symptom that approximates the observed malfunction. Possible causes are listed to the right of the selected symptom. Details necessary to isolate a particular cause can be derived from the theory of operation in Section 3 and the schematic diagram in Section 7.

# Table 4-6. Troubleshooting Guide

TEST AND SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE
INITIAL PROCEDURE BT is displayed when unit is turned on.	Low battery, Q3, U2, U1, U7, U8. (See also operating note for A81 accessory.)
Display blank.	Dead battery, power switch, VR2 shorted, U1, battery connector.
DISPLAY TEST One or more segments will not light through entire test.	Display interconnect, display, or A/D Converter U1.
Decade inoperative or one or more segments always lit.	U1.
Improper decimal point indication.	Range switches, Z6, U2, or display. (Check signals at U2 to isolate.)
Minus sign improperly displayed.	U1.
Display lit but does not respond to changes in input.	Reference VR1, crystal Y1, A/D Converter U1.
RESISTANCE TEST Displayed reading is out of tolerance on at least one but not all ranges.	Range resistor Z1.
Readings are noisy on all ranges.	Thermistor RT1, R2 open.
Readings are out of tolerance on high ohms.	RJ1, RJ2, RJ3, RJ4 damaged from severe overload.
Residual reading with test leads open	PCB is contaminated (see cleaning procedure, Section 4.)
CONTINUITY TEST Tone doesn't sound when test leads are shorted.	S1G, S8B, AR20, U20, LS1, Board interconnection, defective test lead, test lead in mA jack.
DC VOLTAGE TEST Display reading is out of tolerance on 200 mV range.	Out of calibration (DC), Vref (VR1) in error, Z2, U1, S1.

8021B

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	Table	4-6.	Troubleshooting	Guide	(cont)
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TEST AND SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSE
Readings are out of tolerance on all ranges except 200 mV.	Range resistor Z1, Z3, Z4.
Only 200 mV range works - other ranges read 000.	R2 - fusible resistor open.
AC VOLTAGE TEST Displayed reading is out of tolerance on 200 mV range.	Out of calibration (AC), AC converted defective, AR1.
Only 200 mV range works - other ranges read 000;	R2 - fusible resistor open.
Readings are out of tolerance on all ranges except 200 mV.	Z1, Z3, Z4, AR1.
DC CURRENT TEST Input does not affect display.	Fuse F1 and/or F2 open, CR1, CR2.
Displayed reading is out of tolerance on one or more ranges.	If 2000 mA and 200 mA ranges are okay, Z3 is defective. Otherwise Z4 is defective.
CALIBRATION	
DC CAL pot at limit.	VR1, Z2, or R5.
AC CAL pot at limit.	Z5, CR3, CR4, R9, AR1, dc calibration incorrect.
1 	

# Section 5 List of Replaceable Parts

#### 5-1. INTRODUCTION

5-2. This section contains an illustrated parts breakdown of the instrument. A similar parts listing for each of the options will be found in Section 6. Components are listed alphanumerically by assembly. Both electrical and mechanical components are listed by reference designation. Each listed part is shown in an accompanying illustration.

5-3. Parts lists include the following information:

1. Reference Designation.

2. Description of each part.

3. FLUKE Stock Number.

4. Federal Supply Code for Manufacturers. (See Table 5-4 for Code-to-Name list.)

5. Manufacturer's Part Number.

6. Total Quantity per assembly or component.

7. Recommended Quantity: This entry indicates the recommended number of spare parts necessary to support one to five instruments for a period of two years. This list presumes an availability of common electronic parts at the maintenance site. For maintenance for one year or more at an isolated site, it is recommended that at least one of each assembly in the instrument be stocked. In the case of optional subassemblies, plug-ins, etc., that are not always part of the instrument, or are deviations from the basic instrument model, the REC QTY column lists the recommended quantity of the item in that particular assembly.

#### 5-4. HOW TO OBTAIN PARTS

5-5. Components may be ordered directly from the manufacturer by using the manufacturer's part number, or from the John Fluke Mfg. Co., Inc. factory or authorized representative by using the FLUKE STOCK NUMBER. In the event the part you order

5-2

has been replaced by a new or improved part, the replacement will be accompanied by an explanatory note and installation instructions if necessary.

5-6. To ensure prompt and efficient handling of your order, include the following information.

1. Quantity

2. FLUKE Stock Number

3. Description

4. Reference Designation

5. Printed Circuit Board Part Number

6. Instrument Model and Serial Number

CAUTION

Indicated devices are subject to damage by static discharge.

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	•		n n				REC 0TY			
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							IT NO.			
							MFG PART NO			 
613968 604421 455881 604397 606848	606889 456491 606871 613950 542027	129882 447953 448456 616961 531657	446823 AGX-2 BBS-3			8021B	2		. •	
89536 89536 89536 89536 89536	89536 89536 89536 89536 89536 89536	89536 89536 89536 89536 89536 89536	89536 71400 71400			89536	MFG SPLY CODE			
613968 604421 455881 604397 606848	606889 456491 606871 613950 542027	129882 447953 448456 616961 531657	446823 376582 475004			8021B	FLUKE Stock No.			
109490 009400	004000 00400 00400 00400 00400 00400 00400 00400 00400 00400 00400 00400 00400 00400 00400 004000000	23 F F F F	371			803	STE N			
	S8)	x x								
	- 55	4-40 X 3/16 3/4 HI-LO, THD/FORM 3/8 HI-LO, THD/FORM MOUNTING	PRIMARY TYPE 1604, 9V T ACTING, 2A T ACTING, 3A							
			1 160			( [/B)	NOL	a particular state of a state		
	BUTTON, FUNCTION SWITCH BUTTON, POWER SWITCH BUTTON, RANGE SWITCH (S2 CASE, BOTTOM CASE, TOP	P, 4-40 X 3/ P, 3/4 HI-LO P, 3/8 HI-LO T LCD MOUNTING	TYPE G, 2A G, 3A	ASSY		ASSEMBLY (8021B-T/B)	DESCRIPTION			
ERY TOP TCH KID	CT ION ER SW HE SW	4-40 3/4 3/8 D MOU	PRIMARY T) T ACTING, T ACTING,	PCB ASSY			ā	-		
BATT BATT CASE SWI SWI ION-S	FUN FOW RAN SOTTO	PHP, PHP, PHP, 00T	, PR AST AST	ATOR	B ASSY	FINAL E 5-1				
COVER, BATTERY DECAL, CASE TOP FLANGE, SWITCH FOOT, NON-SKID LFNS, DISPLAY	TTON, TTON, SE, E	SCREW, PHP, 4- SCREW, PHP, 3/ SCREW, PHP, 3/ BAIL, FOOT BRACKET, LCD M	BATTERY, F FUSE, FAST FUSE, FAST	ANNUNCIAT	MAIN PCB	8021B, FIN FIGURE 5				
FOC FOC	BU BU CAN	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	FU FU	ANI	WA	801				
- 01 m	<b>00</b>			A	Ø		REF DES			
MP8 MP11 MP12 MP13	MP3 MP4 MP5 MP5 MP7	HE HE HE WE	BT1 F1 F2	A2 @	A1@					
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5.										

zo											 		 
REC QTY										ß			
T0T QTY	€- €-	•	CI	¥	****			*		2			
MFG PART NO.	531665 6012380	428441	458588	516666	520858	616037	010748	504324 653394		212002			
MFG SPLY CODE	89536 89536	89536	89536	89536	89536	89536	89536	89536 89536	·	75915			
FLUKE Stock NO.	531665 604380	428441	458588	516666	520858	616037	0 10 / 4 8	504324 653394		460972			
DESCRIPTION	PLATE, LCD BRACKET SHIFID	SHOCK ABSORBER	SPACER, CASE	TEST LEADS AND PROBE	CONNECTOR, ELASTOMETRIC	8021B MANUAL (NOT SHOWN)	BUZIE OPERATOR GUIDE (NOT SHOWN)	LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS KIT, 80215	1 REPLACE AT COMPONENT LEVEL ONLY	Z F1 FUSE, EUROPEAN USAGE: FUSE, 5 X 20 MM, 2A, 250V		ý	
REF DES	MP14 MP15	MP16	MP 17	MP18	MP19	TM1	ZMI	03					



Figure 5-1. 8021B Final Assembly

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REC QTY		*				
101 017	REF	4 <u>4</u>	2 - **	REF REF T	REF REF REF REF	ç t−− t t−− t.
MFG PART NO.		418566 2DDH60N501K	614016 614750 446773 446773 446781 C280MAH/A220K	446773 MKT, 1822 322/10 614024 614750 RPE11125U224M50V	35M05 115400 114448 114448 114448 114448	423897 535278 540716 540771
MFG SPLY CODE		89536 71590	89536 89536 89536 89536 89536 73445	89536 52763 89536 89536 51406	14099 05277 07910 07910 07910 07910	89536 89536 89536 89536 89536
FLUKE Stock No.		418566 105692	614016 614750 446773 446773 446773 446773 446773	446773 448183 614024 614750 519157	347559 347559 203323 203323 203323 203323 203323	423897 535278 535211 540716 535203
DESCRIPTION	<b>©</b> 8021B PCB ASSEMBLY FIGURE 5-2 (8022B-4001)	IC, LINEAR, OP AMP CAP, CER, 500 PF +/-10%, 1000V	CAP, ELECT, 22 UF +/-20%, 6.3V CAP, ELECT, 22 UF +/-20%, 16V CAP, POLYPROP, 0.047 UF +/-10%, 100V CAP, POLYPROP, 0.10 UF +/-10%, 100V CAP, MYLAR, 0.22 UF +/-10%, 100V	CAP, FOLYPROP, 0.047 UF +/-10%, 100V CAP, POLYESTER, 0.022 UF +/-10%, 1000V CAP, ELECT, 15 UF +/-20%, 35V CAP, ELECT, 22 UF +/-20%, 16V CAP, CER, 0.22 UF +/-20%, 50V	DIODE, SI, RECTIFIER DIODE, SI, RECTIFIER DIODE, SI, HL-SPEED SWITCH DIODE, SI, HL-SPEED SWITCH DIODE, SI, HL-SPEED SWITCH DIODE, SI, HL-SPEED SWITCH	CONNECTOR, DC POWER JACK, DC POWER, PC MOUNT FUSE SPRING (F2) FUSE CAP (F2) FUSE CLIP (F2)
REF DES	盘1	AR1 C1	899293	C7 C9 C9 C11	CR1 CR2 CR3 CR3 CR4 CR5 CR5	J4 J5 MP2 MP3

:0FW		. <u></u>			
0TV 0TV				<b>←</b> <sup>2</sup>	4000 4000 4000
	1 REF REF	4 4 4 4		HEF REF REF	•
MFG PART NO.	534925 60310 2N3904 2N3904 2N3904	GB1041 474080 CR251-4-5P200K CR251-4-5P200K CR251-4-5P220K RVS0707-V-100-3-501M	GB1051 CR251-4-5P10K CR251-4-5P2M2 RVS0707-V-100-3-301M CR251-4-5P1M	V#30MA7B V150LAX827 V150LAX827 V150LAX827 180Q10200	453647 G1-116-0001 G20-52 429100 CD4030AE 452771
MFG SPLY CODE	89536 89536 04713 04713 04713	01121 89536 80031 80031 80031 51406	01121 80031 80031 51406 80031	09214 09214 09214 09214 09214	89536 79727 89536 18736 89536
FLUKE Stock No.	534925 603910 218396 218396 218396 218396	109397 474080 441485 348953 603746	109793 34839 342659 614040 348987	447672 447672 447672 447672 44672	453647 453365 429100 45222
DESCRIPTION	FUSE CLIFP (F2) POST, CONNECTOR TRANSISTOR, SI, NPN TRANSISTOR, SI, NPN TRANSISTOR, SI, NPN	RES, COMP, 100K +/-10%, 1W RES, WW, 1K +/-10%, 2W RES, DEP. CAR, 200K +/-5%, 1/4W RES, DEP. CAR, 220K +/-5%, 1/4W RES, VAR, 500 +/-20%, 0.3W	RES, COMP, 1M +/-10\$, 1W RES, DEP. CAR, 10K +/-5\$, 1/4W RES, DEP. CAR, 2.2M +/-5\$, 1/4W RES, VAR, 300 +/-20\$, 0.3W RES, DEP. CAR, 1M +/-5\$, 1/4W	VARISTOR, 430V +/-10% VARISTOR, 430V +/-10% VARISTOR, 430V +/-10% VARISTOR, 430V +/-10% THERMISTOR, 430V +/-10%	SWITCH ASSEMBLY, PUSHBUTTON SWITCH, SLIDE, SPDT, 125V ØIC, C-MOS, A-D CONV ØIC, COS/MOS, QUAD EXCLUSIVE-OR GATE IC, LINEAR, LO-VOLT REF (SELECTED)
REF	MP4 P1-P5 Q2 Q3	22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22	R6 R7 R8 R9 R10	RJ1 RJ2 RJ3 RJ4 RT1	S1-S8 S9 U1 U2 VR1
<u></u>					. (

Table 5-2. A1 Main PCB Assembly (cont)

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REC QTY	- + +	- fra fra fra -				
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MFG PART NO.	1N963A 1LE40P-108 513937 424085 447680	447706 435727 447698 447714				
MFG SPLY CODE	04713 09922 89536 89536 89536					
FLUKE Stock No.	113456 429282 513937 424085 447680	447706 435727 447698 447714			-	
DESCRIPTION	DIODE, ZENER, 12V SOCKET, IC, 40-PIN CRYSTAL, 3.2 MHZ RESISTOR NETWORK RESISTOR NETWORK	RESISTOR NETWORK RESISTOR NETWORK RESISTOR NETWORK RESISTOR NETWORK	1 REPLACE AT COMPONENT LEVEL ONLY.	2 EITHER VALUE OF C3 AND C9 MAY BE INSTALLED ON THIS ASSEMBLY.		
BEF DES	VR2 XU1 X1 Z2 Z2	Z23 Z55 Z55 Z55				


XOF.					-	
REC QTY		*		·	*	
101 01Y	REF	<del>ہ</del> ے ج	t:	REF 1	<del>6</del> 00 <del>6</del> 00 600	
MFG PART NO.	613943	604363 RPE11125U224M50V	614032 75377-001 SS-109-1-04 EFB-RD24C01 CR251-4-5P-200K	CR251-4-5P18K CR251-4-5P-200K CB1045 CR251-4-5P-200K CR251-4-5P-200K CR251-4-5P-200K	CB1065 CR251-4-5P1M MM74C00N	
MFG SPLY CODE	89536	89536 51404	89536 22526 30035 51406 80031	80031 80031 01121 80031 80031	01121 80031 12040	
FLUKE Stock No.	613943	604363 519157	614032 614396 417311 602490 441485	348862 441485 348920 441485 441485	194944 348987 418509	
DESCRIPTION	@ANNUNCIATOR PCB ASSY FIGURE 5-3 (8020B-4002T)	IC, DUAL OP AMP CAP, CER, .22 UF +/-20\$, 50V	CAP, CER, 150 PF HECEPTACLE, SINGLE SOCKET, 4-PIN XDUCER, AUDIO, 12,000PF HES, DEP. CAR, 200K +/-5\$, 1/4W	RES, DEP. CAR, 18K +/5g, 1/4W RES, DEP. CAR, 200K +/5g, 1/4W RES, COMP, 100K +/-5g, 1/4W RES, DEP. CAR, 200K +/-5g, 1/4W RES, DEP. CAR, 200K +/-5g, 1/4W	RES, COMP, 10M +/-5%, 1/4W RES, DEP. CAR, 1M +/-5%, 1/4W @IC, C-MOS, QUAD 2-INPUT NAND GATE	1 REPLACE AT COMPONENT LEVEL ONLY
BES	A2	AR20 C20	C21 J20 J21 R21 R21	R22 R23 R24 R25 R25	R27 R28 U20	



# Table 5-4. Federal Supply Codes for Manufacturers

01121 Allen-Bradley Co. Milwaukee, Wisconsin

02735 Replaces 18725 RCA - Solid State Div. Somerville, New Jersey

04713 Motorola Inc. Semiconductor Group Phoenix, Arizona

05277 Westinghouse Electric Corp. Semiconductor Division Youngwood, Pennsylvania

07263 Fairchild Camera & Instrument Corp. Semiconductor Division Mountain View, California

07910 Replaced by 15818

09214 General Electric Co. Semiconductor Products Power Component Operation Auburn, New York

09922 Burndy Corp. Norwalk, Connecticut

12040 National Semiconductor Corp. Danbury, Connecticut

14099 Semtech Corp. Newbury Park, California

15818 Teledyne Semiconductors Formerly Amelco Semiconductor Mountain View, California

18736 Voltronics Corp. Hanover, New Jersey

19647 Caddock Electronics Inc. Riverside, California

5-12

22526 DuPont, El DeNemours & Co. Inc. Berg Electronics Div. New Cumberland, Pennsylvania

30035 Jol Industries Inc. Garden Grove, California

50157 Midwest Components Inc: Muskegon, Mississippi

51404 Corning Glass Works Medical & Scientific Instruments Medfield, Maryland

51406. Murata Corporation of America Marietta, Georgia

52763 Stettner-Trush Inc. Cazenovia, New York

56289 Sprague Electric Co. North Adams, Massachusetts

71400 Bussman Manufacturing Div. of McGraw-Edison Co. St. Louis, Missouri

71590 Centrelab Electronics Div. of Globe Union Inc. Milwaukee, Wisconsin

72136 Electro Motive Mfg. Co. Florence, South Carolina

72982 Erie Technical Products Inc. Erie, Pennsylvania

73445 Amperex Electronic Corp. Hicksville, New York

75915 Littlefuse Inc. Des Plaines, Illinois

# Table 5-4. Federal Supply Codes for Manufacturers (cont)

79727 C - W Industries Warminster, Pennsylvania

80031 Mepco/Electra Corp. Morristown, New Jersey 84411 TRW Electronic Components TRW Capacitors Ogallała, Nebraska

89536 John Fluke Manufacturing Co., Inc. Everett, Washington

# 5-13/5-14

5-13/5-14

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#### 6-9. CURRENT TRANSFORMER (801-600) 6-10. Introduction

6-11. The Model 801-600 extends the maximum 2A ac current measuring capability of the instrument up to a maximum of 600 amps. A clamp-on transformer designed into the probe allows measurements to be made without breaking the circuit under test. In use, the current carrying conductor being measured serves as the transformer's primary, while the 801-600 serves as the secondary. Because of a high efficiency, quadrature type of winding, wire size and location of the conductor within the transformer jaws do not affect accuracy of the current measurement.

#### 6-12. Specifications

RANGE	1 to 600A ac
ACCURACY	
FREQUENCY RESPONSE	
DIVISION RATIO	
INSULATION	5 kV
MAXIMUM CONDUCTOR SIZE	2-inch diameter

#### 6-13. HIGH VOLTAGE PROBE (80K-6)

#### 6-14. Introduction

6-15. The 80K-6 is a high voltage probe designed to extend the voltage measuring capability of an ac/dc voltmeter to 6000 volts. A 1000:1 voltage divider provides the probe with a high input impedance. The divider also provides high accuracy when used with a voltmeter having a 10 megohm input impedance. A molded plastic body houses the divider and protects the user from the voltage being measured.

#### 6-16. Specifications

VOLTAGE RANGE	0 to 6 kV, dc or peak ac
INPUT IMPEDANCE	
DIVISION RATIO	
ACCURACY	
DC to 500 Hz	土1%
500 Hz to 1 kHz	±2%
Above 1 kHz	Output reading falls. Typically, -30% at 10 kHz.

#### 6-17. HIGH VOLTAGE PROBE (80K-40)

#### 6-18. Introduction

6-19. The Model 80K-40 extends the voltage measurement capability of the instrument up to 40 kV. Internally, the probe contains a special 1000:1 resistive divider. Metal-film resistors with matched temperature coefficients comprise the divider, and provide the probe with its excellent accuracy and stability characteristics. Also, an unusually high input impedance (1000 M $\Omega$ ) minimizes circuit loading, and thereby contributes to measurement accuracy.

#### 6-20. Specifications

VOLTAGE RANGE	1 kV to 40 kV dc or peak ac, 28 kV rms ac
INPUT RESISTANCE	
DIVISION RATIO	1000-1

ACCURACY AC (OVERALL) ... ±5% at 60 Hz

ACCURACY DC (OVERALL) ... 20 kV to 30 kV  $\pm 2\%$  (calibrated at 25 kV) UPPER LIMITChanges linearly from 2% at 30 kV to 4% at 40 kVLOWER LIMITChanges linearly from 2% at 20 kV to 4% at 1 kV

# 6-21. HIGH FREQUENCY PROBE (83RF)

#### 6-22. Introduction

6-23. The 83RF Probe extends the frequency range of the DMM's voltage measurement capability to include 100 kHz to 100 MHz inputs from 0.25 to 30V rms. The probe operates in conjunction with the instrument's dc voltage ranges, and provides a dc output that is calibrated to be equivalent to the rms value of a sinewave input.

#### 6-24. Specifications

FREQUENCY RESPONSE	$\pm 1 \text{ dB from 100 kHz to 100 MHz (relative to ac/dc transfer ratio)}$		
AC-TO-DC TRANSFER RATIO	RMS Input	DC Output	
(23 ±5°C)	(100 kHz)	•	
	0.25 - 0.5V	0.25 - 0.5V ±1.5 dB	
	0.5 - 2.0V	0.5 - 2.0V ±0.5 dB	
	2.0 - 30V	2.0 - 30V ±1.0 dB	
EXTENDED FREQUENCY			
RESPONSE	Useful for relat	ive readings from 20 kHz to 250 -	
	MHz.		
RESPONSE		eak value of input; calibrated to lue of a sine wave.	
VOLTAGE RANGE	0.25 to 30V dc		
MAXIMUM DC INPUT	200V dc		
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT			
(0 to 18°C, 28 to 50°F)	$\pm 0.1$ of ac-to-d	lc transfer ratio specifications per	
	°C		
INPUT CAPACITANCE	<5 pF		

# 6-25. HIGH FREQUENCY PROBE (85RF)

#### 6-26. Introduction

6-27. The Model 85RF High Frequency Probe allows measurements over a frequency range of 100 kHz to 500 MHz from .25V to 30V rms. It operates in conjunction with the DMM's dc voltage ranges, and provides a dc output that is calibrated to be equivalent to the rms value of a sinewave input.

#### 6-28. Specifications

FREQUENCY RESPONSE	
100 kHz to 100 MHz	±0.5 dB
100 MHz to 200 MHz	±1.0 dB
200 MHz to 500 MHz	±3.0 dB
EXTENDED FREQUENCY	
RESPONSE	Useful for relative readings from 20 kHz to 700
	MHz.
RESPONSE	Responds to peak value of input; calibrated to
	read rms value of a sine wave.

VOLTAGE RANGE	0.25V dc to 30V rms
MAXIMUM DC INPUT	
INPUT CAPACITANCE	<5 pF
AC-TO-DC TRANSFER RATIO .	
RATIO ACCURACY	

# 6-29. BATTERY ELIMINATOR (A81)

6-30. The A81 Battery Eliminator converts the 8021B from battery to ac-line operation. It is available in a variety of line-power configurations, as shown in Table 6-1. When connected to the 8021B it effectively removes and replaces the output of the 8021B battery. The battery does not need to be removed from the circuit.

#### WARNING

DO NOT SUBSTITUTE A CALCULATOR TYPE BATTERY ELIMINATOR FOR THE A81. THESE UNITS DO NOT PROVIDE THE PROTECTION NECESSARY FOR COMMON MODE MEASUREMENTS UP TO 500V DC. ALWAYS USE THE MODEL A81 FOR AC-LINE OPERATION.

#### NOTE

The "BT" indicator may come on when using the A81. This does not affect the operation of the 8021 B.

#### 6-31. CURRENT SHUNT (80J-10) 6-32. Introduction

6-33. The Model 80J-10 Current Shunt extends the current measuring capability of the DMM to 10 amps continuous (20 amps for periods not exceeding one minute) dc to 10 kHz at an accuracy of  $\pm 0.25\%$  in excess of the voltmeter accuracy.

Table 6-1. A81 Model vs Input Power			
MODEL NO. INPUT POWER			
A81-100	100V ac ±10%, 48 to 62 Hz		
A81-115	115V ac $\pm$ 10%, 48 to 62 Hz		
A81-230-1	230V ac $\pm 10\%$ , 48 to 62 Hz $$ (U.S. type plug)		
A81-230	230V ac $\pm$ 10%, 48 to 62 Hz (European type plug)		

# 6-34. Specifications

SHUNT	10 amps at 100 mV
ACCURACY (18°C to 28°C)	
DC to 10 kHz	$\pm 0.25\%$
10 kHz-100 kHz	Rising to 1 dB at 100 kHz typical
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT	0.005%/°C
INDUCTANCE	8.3 nH in series w/0.01 $\Omega$ shunt
OVERLOAD	Up to one minute at 20A with a 1/4 duty cycle for
	recovery after currents between 10A and 20A
CONNECTS TO	3/4 inch center banana jacks
CONNECTORS	5-way binding posts (red and black)

#### 6-35. AC/DC CURRENT PROBE (Y8100) 6-36. Introduction

6-37. The Fluke Y8100 AC/DC Current Probe is a clamp-on probe that is used with a voltmeter, multimeter, or oscilloscope to read dc, ac, or composite (ac on dc) currents. The jaws on the Y8100 are designed to clamp around conductors up to 3/4 inch in diameter. The pistol shape allows safe, easy, one-hand operation when making current measurement. The Model Y8100 probe is battery powered with size AA cells. It measures current to 200A dc or ac rms using almost any voltmeter. Two ranges, 20A and 200A, produce a 2V output at full-range current.

#### 6-38. Specifications

a adi abaanaana	
RANGES	20A ac or dc
	200A ac or dc
RATED OUTPUT	2V at full range
ACCURACY	
DC to 200 Hz	$\pm 2\%$ of range
200 Hz to 1 kHz	<100A add ±3% reading
	$>100A$ add $\pm 6\%$ reading
CALIBRATION CYCLE	l year
FREQUENCY RESPONSE	de to 1.0 kHz
RECOMMENDED LOAD	≥3.0 kΩ
TEMPERATURE RANGE	+15°C to +35°C; for specified accuracy -10°C to
	+50°C; storage and operation at reduced
	accuracy.
HEATING LIMITATION	Prolonged operation above 200A ac or 1 kHz can
	cause damage to the Y8100.
WORKING VOLTAGE RATING .	Core to output; 600V dc or 480V ac maximum
	output to ground; 42V dc or 30V ac
APERTURE SIZE	3/4" (19 mm) diameter
	9" x 4-1/2" x 1-7/16" (230 mm x 115 mm x 37 mm)
WEIGHT	14 ounces (0.4 kg), with batteries
POWER	Battery, four AA cells
BATTERY LIFE	

#### 6-39. AC CURRENT TRANSFORMER (Y8101)

#### 6-40. Introduction

6-41. The Model Y8101 (Figure 6-1) is a small clamp-on current transformer designed to

extend the current measuring capability of an ac current meter up to 150 amperes. A clamp-on coil designed into the probe allows measurements to be made without breaking the circuit under test. This coil serves as the secondary of a 1:1000 transformer. The current-carrying conductor being measured serves as the primary.

#### 6-42. Specifications

o TE: Opcomoutorio	
CURRENT RANGE	2A to 150A
ACCURACY, (48 Hz TO 10 kHz) .	$\pm 2\%$ , 10A to 150A
	±8%, 2A to 10A
DIVISION RATIO	1000:1
WORKING VOLTAGE	300V ac rms maximum
INSULATION DIELECTRIC	3 kV rms
WITHSTAND VOLTAGE	7/16" (1.11 cm)
MAXIMUM CONDUCTOR SIZE	

#### 6-43. SAFETY DESIGNED TEST LEAD SET (Y8132)

6-44. This test lead set is equivalent to the set originally supplied with the 8021B multimeter. The set includes one red and one black test lead. Each probe has an anti-slip shoulder near the test tip and is connected to the multimeter via a safety-designed shrouded banana connector. This set will fit John Fluke instruments with safety-designed input jacks.

#### 6-45. DELUXE TEST LEAD SET (Y8134)

6-46. The Y8134 is a deluxe test lead set. The attachments provided allow interconnection with a wide variety of leads and electronic components. Included in the kit are:

1. Two test leads (one red and one black). The Y8134 leads have shrouded banana connectors on each end.

- 2. Two test probes
- 3. Two insulated alligator clips
- 4. Two spade lugs
- 5. One squeeze hook
- 6. One test lead pouch
- 7. One instruction sheet

#### 6-47. SLIM FLEX TEST LEAD SET (Y8140)

6-48. The Y8140 Test Lead Set (Figure 6-1) consists of one red and one black 60-inch (1.52 meter) test lead, each with a standard banana plug on one end and an extendable tip probe on the other end. The flexible metallic tip conductor may be extended up to 2-1/2 inches, and is insulated to within 1/10 of an inch of its tip. This insulation reduces the chance of creating an inadvertent short circuit while using the probes in their extended configuration. Intended primarily for measuring voltages, the Y8140 leads may also be used for measuring modest currents.

# Section 7 Schematic Diagrams

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

FIGURE	TITLE	PAGE
7-1	8021B	. 7-2
7-2	U1 and U3, A/D Converter and Display	. 7-6











Figure 7-1. 8021B (cont)



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Figure 7-1. 8021B (cont)





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Figure 7-2. U1 and U3, A/D Converter and Display

# Appendix A

# Manual Change and Backdating Information

#### INTRODUCTION

This appendix contains information necessary to backdate the manual to conform with earlier pcb configuations. To identify the configuration of the pcbs used in your instrument, refer to the revision letter (marked in ink) on the component side of each pcb assembly. Table A-1 defines the assembly revision levels documented in this manual.

#### NEWER INSTRUMENTS

As changes and improvements are made to the instrument, they are identified by incrementing the revision letter marked on the affected pcb assembly. These changes are documented on a supplemental change/errata sheet which, when applicable, is inserted at the front of the manual.

#### OLDER INSTRUMENTS

To backdate this manual to conform with an earlier assembly revision level, perform the changes indicated in Table A-1.

#### CHANGES

There are no backdating changes at this printing. All pcb assemblies are documented at their original revision level.

Ref Or Option No.	Assembly Name	Fluke Part	* To adapt manual to earlier rev configurations perform changes in desending order (by no.), ending with change under desired rev letter																			
		No.	-	A	8	c	D	E	F	G	н	J	ĸ	٤	м	N	Р		[	Τ	T	
A1	MAIN PCB ASSEMBLY	613976	•	х																		
A2	ANNUNCIATOR PCB ASSEMBLY	613943	•	x												-						1
	4	( = The PCB   * These revision * No revision	słon	lett	ers	were	ร กอง							int,	******	•******	4	4				

#### Table A-1. Manual Status and Backdating Information

# WARRANTY

Notwithstanding any provision of any agreement the following warranty is exclusive:

The JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO. INC., warrants each instrument is manufactures to be free from defects in material and workmanship under normal use and service for the period of 2 years from date of purchase. This warranty extends only to the original purchaser. This warranty shall not apply to fuses, disposable batteries (rechargable type batteries are warranted for 90 days), or any product or parts which have been subject to misuse, neglect, accident, or abnormal conditions of operations.

In the event of failure of a product covered by this warranty. John Fluke Mfg. Co. Inc., will repair and calibrate an instrument returned to an authorized Service Facility within 2 years from date of purchase; provided the warrantor's examination discloses to its satisfaction that the product was defective. The warrantor may, at its ootion, replace the product in neu of repair. With regard to any instrument returned within 2 years of the original purchase, said repairs or replacement will be made without charge. If the failure has been caused by misuse, neglect, accident, or abnormal conditions of operations, repairs will be billed at a nominal cost. In such case, an estimate will be substituted before work is started, if requested.

THE FOREGOING WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED. INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITTED TO ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS, OR ADEOUACY FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE. JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO. INC., SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, WHETHER IN CONTRACT. TORT, OR OTHERWISE.

#### If any failure occurs, the following steps should be taken:

 Notify the JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO. INC., or nearest Servicefacility, giving full details of the difficulty, and include the model number, type number, and serial number. On receipt of this information, service data, or shipping instructions will be forwarded to you.

2. On receipt of the shipping instructions, forward the instrument, transportation prepaid, Repairs will be made at the Service Facility and the instrument returned, transportation prepaid.

#### SHIPPING TO MANUFACTURER FOR REPAIR OR ADJUSTMENT

All shipments of JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO. INC., instruments should be made via United Parcel Service or "Best Way" prepaid. The instrument should be shipped in the original packing carton; or if it is not available, use any suitable container that is rigid and of adequate size, and surrounded with at least four inches of excelsior or similiar shockabsorbing material.

#### CLAIM FOR DAMAGE IN SHIPMENT TO ORIGINAL PURCHASER

The instrument should be thoroughly inspected immediately upon original delivery to purchaser. All material in the container should be checked against the enclosed packing list. The manufacturer will not be responsible for shortages against the packing sheet unless notified immediately. If the instrument is damaged in any way, a claim should be filed with the carrier immediately. (To obtain a quotation to repair shipment damage, contact the nearest Fluke Technical Center.) Final claim and negotiations with the carrier must be completed by the customer.

The JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO. INC., will be happy to answer all applications or use questions, which will enhance your use of this instrument. Please address your requests or correspondence to: JOHN FLUKE MFG. CO. INC., P.O. BOX C9090, EVERETT, WASHINGTON 98206, ATTN: Sales Dept, For European Customers; Fluke (Holland) B.V., P.O. Box 5053, 5004 EB, Tilburg, The Netherlands.

\*For European customers, Air Freight prepaid.

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Rev. 6/81

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