

# Volt, Phase, & Flutter Meters

type 2425

### Electronic Voltmeter

#### FEATURES:

- True RMS detector with 40 dB range and 5:1 (14 dB) crest factor capability
- Average detector with vu response
- Positive, Negative and Max. Peak detector with 50 µs rise time
- Peak Hold function
- Linear frequency response from 0,5 Hz to 0,5 MHz
- Indication of volts, dBV and dBm
- "Fast" and "Slow" meter time constants
- Sensitivities from 1 mV to 300 V FSD

- Calibrated Amplifier with line-level output
- Input for external meter time constants
- Mains or external battery operation

#### USES:

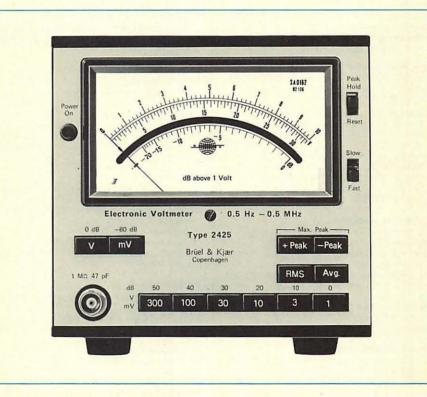
- Measurement of true RMS, -Peak, +Peak, Max. Peak and Average voltage
- Calibrated amplifier
- General purpose voltmeter
- vu measurements

The Type 2425 Electronic Voltmeter is a versatile general purpose voltmeter. It has a full-scale measurement range of 110 dB from 1 mV to 300 V full-scale, manually switched in steps of 10 dB. The linear scale (fitted as standard) can be replaced by scales calibrated for dBm and vu measurements. The voltmeter can be powered from an AC mains supply or by two batteries of 22 V to 35 V each.

The 2425's true RMS rectifier has a dynamic range of 40 dB and can handle signals with a crest factor of 5:1 (14dB). The Average detector, when used with the meter response set to "Fast", conforms to standards for vu measurements. The Peak detector has a rise-time constant of 50 µs with the "Fast" response selected (500 µs with "Slow" response) and can be switched to capture positive peak voltage, negative peak voltage or maximum voltage irrespective of polarity. A Peak Hold facility can be used to capture very short transient signals. The Peak Hold facility has a decay rate of 0,05 dB/s with the meter "Fast" response selected and 0,005 dB/s with "Slow" selected.

#### Calibrated Amplifier

The AC Output on the rear panel of the 2425 provides a line-level signal



for connection to other recording or signal processing equipment, with 1 V RMS at the output corresponding to full-scale meter deflection. The characteristics of the 2425's fixed gain amplifiers and attenuators ensure consistent phase response throughout the

range of the Voltmeter for accurate reproduction of the input signal. The 2425 has a frequency response which is linear to within ±0,5 dB from 0,5 Hz, "Slow" meter response; 20 Hz, "Fast" response, up to 0,5 MHz.

#### DC Output

A 7-pin DIN socket on the rear panel of the 2425 provides a DC output voltage which is proportional to the input signal. An output level of 1V is equivalent to full scale deflection on the meter; the output range is from +10dB to -30dB referenced to 1V. The output impedance of less than  $10\Omega$  allows the DC Output to be used

with chart recorders and other data recording equipment.

#### Meter Time Constants

The rear panel DIN socket also incorporates connections to the meter time constant circuit. By placing a resistor or capacitor between the Ext. Time Constant connector Ground, the RMS averaging time and

the Peak decay time can be modified. For every 2,5 µF of capacitance connected to the Ext. Time Constant connector, the RMS averaging time and the Peak decay time are increased by 10s. The Peak decay time can also be modified by adding a resistor to the Ext. Time Constant connector.

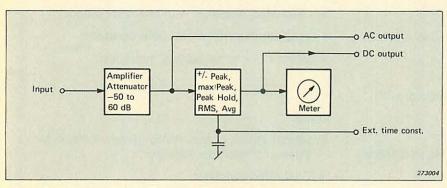


Fig. 1. Block diagram of the Type 2425 Electronic Voltmeter



Fig. 2. Rear panel of the Type 2425

### Specifications 2425

#### INPUT:

Standard BNC socket, mating plug JP 0035 Input Impedance: 1 MΩ // 47 pF

Max. Input Voltage: 250 V DC; 110 V peak in "mV" ranges, 600 V peak in "V" ranges

Amplifier/Attenuator Range: -50 dB (300 V full-scale) to +60 dB (1 mV full-scale) in steps of 10 dB

Accuracy: better than 1%

Rectifier Dynamic Range: >40 dB Accuracy: ± 0,5 dB, +10 dB to -20 dB ± 1 dB, -20 dB to -30 dB

#### FREQUENCY RESPONSE:

"Fast": ± 0,2 dB, 20 Hz to 0,2 MHz ± 0,5 dB, 0,2 MHz to 0,5 MHz "Slow": ± 0,2 dB, 2 Hz to 0,2 MHz ± 0,5 dB, 0,5 Hz to 0,5 MHz

#### RMS MEASUREMENT:

Accuracy: ± 0,5 dB for signals with crest factor up to 5:1 (14 dB)

Averaging time: "Fast", approx. 270 ms; "Slow", approx. 3s

External capacitor time constant: 10s per 2,5 µF

#### AVERAGE MEASUREMENT:

"Fast" response for standard vu measurements, and "Slow" response

PEAK MEASUREMENT: + Peak - Peak and Max. Peak measurement selected by front-panel switches

Input time constant: "Fast", 50 µs; "Slow",

"Hold" leakage rate: "Fast", <0,05 dB/s; "Slow", <0,005 dB/s

discharge time: "Fast", 2,7s; "Slow", 30 s from full-scale deflection

"Reset" can be activated by the front-panel switch or by a remote switch via the rear panel DIN socket

#### SIGNAL-TO-NOISE RATIO:

300 kHz bandwidth 1 mV Range: >40 dB 3 mV Range: >50 dB Other Ranges: >60 dB

INHERENT NOISE: typically 31,6 µV with maximum amplification and input short-circuited

### AC OUTPUT:

Standard BNC socket on rear panel; mating plug JP 0035

Output Voltage: 1 V RMS ± 2% at full-scale deflection

Max. Output: 5,6 V peak Output Impedance: 100 Ω

Minimum Load: Resistance >10 kΩ; Capacitance <200 pF

#### DC OUTPUT:

Via 7-pin DIN socket on rear panel; mating plug JP 0703

Output Voltage: 1 V DC ± 2% at full-scale deflection

Max. Output: 5.6 V

Output Resistance: <10 Ω Minimum Load: 1kΩ

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL LIMITS:**

Temperature Range: +5°C to +40°C (41°F to 114°F)

Humidity: Up to 90% RH non-condensing at

External Magnetic Field: Up to 80 A/m at 50 Hz

#### MAINS POWER SUPPLY:

100; 115; 127; 200; 220; 240 V AC, 50-60 Hz, 9 VA

Complies with Safety Class I of IEC Publication 348

#### BATTERY POWER SUPPLY:

External battery connections to rear panel DIN socket; requires 2 batteries, 22 V to 35 V each

#### **DIMENSIONS:**

Metal cabinet, excluding connectors and feet Height: 133 mm (5,2 ins)

Width: 140 mm (5,5 ins) Depth: 200 mm (7,9 ins)

### WEIGHT:

2,1 kg (4,63 lb)

#### **ACCESSORIES INCLUDED:**

Mains Cable	AN 0010
BNC Plugs (2)	JP 0035
7-pin DIN plug	JP 0703
Fuses T100 mA (3)	VF 0026
Fuses T63 mA (2)	VF 0047
Scale Lamps (2)	VS 1273

#### **ACCESSORIES AVAILABLE:**

Meter Scale, dBm	SA 0163
Meter Scale, vu	SA 0168
BNC-BNC Cables AO 0087,	AO 0135

# Service Instructions Voltmeter/Amplifier

valid from serial no. 605 642

#### Trouble Shooting

If any faults should occur please check the instrument according to the Adjustment Procedure.

When a fault has been traced and corrected, the voltages and adjustments influenced by the correction must be rechecked. The complete instrument should then be tested to make sure that all basic functions are operative.

The tolerances given in these notes are intended for use as guide for adjustments

Before correcting any apparent deviation make sure that the measuring instrument has tolerances small enough not to affect the measurement.

#### Modifications

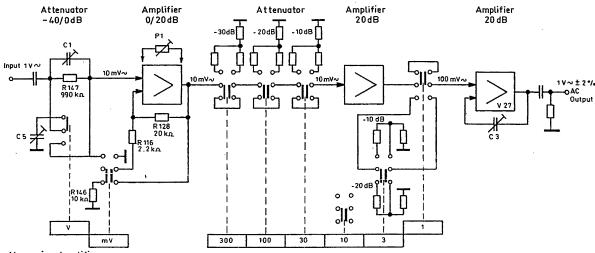
Due to the constant technical progress the instrument will be modified from time to time in order to provide continously improved performance.

For this reason there may be small differencies between the instrument and the Service Instruction.

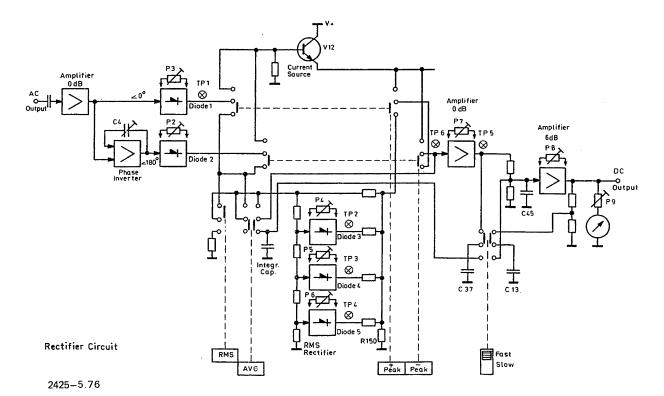
However, the local Representative Service is in possession of all information regarding the modifications that have been made.

#### Spare Parts

Please state type and serial number of the instrument when ordering spare parts.



Measuring Amplifier



#### Adjustment

### Measuring Amplifier

DC balance

RANGE: "1 mV" "RMS" "Fast"

Attenuator

RANGE to "100 mV"

Frequency Response RANGE to "100 mV"

RANGE to "1 V"

Rectifier Circuit

DC balance Range: "Avg."

Sensitivity RANGE to "100 mV" "RMS" "Fast"

Peak Adjustment RANGE to "100 mV" "+ Peak" "Fast" "Reset"

BANGE to "-Peak"

RMS Adjustment

RANGE to "300 V" "RMS" "Fast"

Linearity

RANGE to "100 mV"

Hum - Noise

RANGE: "1 mV" ''RMS' "Fast" 2425 - 5.76

Note: Before any adjustments, check the power supply: ± 18 V

Short circuit the input to ground.

Measure the DC voltage on V 27 pin 6: 0 V  $\pm$  0,5 V. If necessary adjust P 1.

Input signal: 100 mV, 1 kHz.

Change the input voltage stepwise 10 dB and check the meter deflection for all "mV" and '1 V'' ranges ± 1%.

Input signal: 1 kHz. Adjust the input voltage for a -1 dB deflection on the meter.

Check the frequency response from 0,5 Hz to 500 kHz.

Tolerance: at 0,5 Hz: ± 0,5 dB (Time constant to "Slow") 20 Hz to 200 kHz: ± 0,2 dB at 500 kHz: ± 0,5 dB. If necessary adjust C 3.

Check as above but adjust C 1 at 500 kHz if the deflection is out of tolerance

Input Impedance: Adjustment is only necessary if the instrument is used with an input probe C 5 is factory adjusted to give the same input impedance for both "mV" and "V" ranges

Short circuit C 45. Measure the DC voltage on "DC Output": 0 V  $\pm$  1 mV. If necessary adjust P 8.

Input signal: Exactly 100 mV, frequency approx. 1 kHz. Meter deflection: 1 V. If necessary adjust P 9.

Input signal: Exactly 100 mV, frequency approx. 1 kHz.

Note: Max. Distortion on the input signal: 0,1%

Check the DC voltage on "DC Output": 1414 mV ± 20 mV.

Change input signal to 10 mV and check again the voltage: 141,1 mV ± 3 mV. If necessary adjust 2. 2

Check the DC voltage on "DC Output": 141,4 mV ± 3 mV. If pecessary adjust ₱3. ○ ○

Set the signal frequency to 500 kHz and check that the meter deflection is equal at FSD for "+ Peak" and "-Peak" If necessary adjust C 4.

It should be noticed that the instrument even with out input signal will give a deflection of approx. 1,5% of FSD due to leak current in RMS diodes and linearity compensation

Disconnect the input signal.

Short circuit TP6 to ground. Measure the DC voltage on "DC Output": 0 V ± 1 mV. If necessary adjust P 7

Turn P 4 fully clockwise and P 5 and P 6 fully counterclockwise

Measure the DC voltage on "DC Output": approx. 5 mV

Turn P 4 counterclockwise until the pointer just start moving.

Adjust P 5 and P 6 as above.

Adjust the input voltage to FSD (correspond to 1000 mV on "DC Output").

Decrease the input voltage 20 dB and check the meter deflection: —20 dB (correspond to 100 mV on "DC Output"). If necessary adjust P 7.

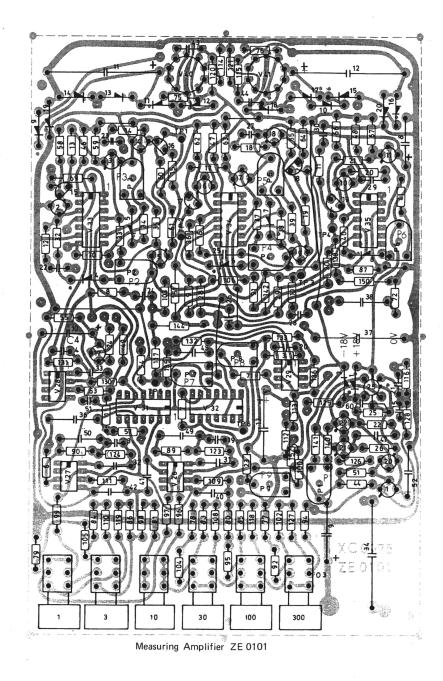
Repeat item e since P 7 have influence on FSD.

Measure the DC voltage without input signal on "DC Output": approx. 15 mV.

Note: The instrument should be mounted with side- top- and bottom plates.

Short circuit input to ground. Check the meter deflection: max. 35  $\mu V$ 

# Layout Diagram and Parts List



ZE 0101

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM REF.	COMPONENT TYPE		STOCK REF.	CIRCUIT DIAGRAM REF.	COMPONENT TYPE		STOCK REF.
C 3,4	Ceramic	3-8 pF/ 63 V	CV 0027	C 36	Polycarbonate	1 μF/100 V	CS 0384
C 8-10	Electrolytic	12.5 μF/ 25 V	CE 0416	C 37		6.8 μF/100 V	CS 0385
C 11,12	•	400 μF/ 40 V	CE 0417	C 38		0.68 μF/100 V	CS 0388
C 13	*	100 μF/ 15 V	CE 0310	C 40,41	Tantalum	6,8 μF/35 V	CF 0009
C 15	Ceramic	4.7 pF/400 V	CK 0470	C 42	Polyester	47 nF/250 V	CS 0401
C 19		3.9 pF/400 V	CK 0390	C 43,44	Ceramic	120 pF/400 V	CK 2122
C 20		27 pF/400 V	CK 1270	C 45	Polyester	100 nF/250 V	CS 0402
C 21		33 pF/400 V	CK 1330	C 47	Polystyrene	200 pF/100 V	CT 1118
C 22-30	-	120 pF/400 V	CK 2122	C 49,50		1.2 nF/ 63 V	CT 1149
C 31-33		150 pF/400 V	CK 2151	C 51	Ceramic	5.6 pF/250 V	CK 0561
C 34	Polyester	2 μF/250 V	CS 0028	C 52	Polyester	0.22 μF/250 V	CS 0405
	,	Σμ., 200 τ	00 0020	C 60	Ceramic	5.6 pF/250 V	CK 0560

# Layout Diagram and Parts List

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM REF.	COMPONEN	T TYPE			STOCK REF.	CIRCUIT DIAGRAM REF.	COMPONENT	TYPE			STOCK REF.
03	Push button	switch			OJ 0033	R 150 R 151	Carbon -	0.33 W	10%	560 kΩ 768 kΩ	
P 1	Pot.meter	Cermet		10 kΩ	PG 3109	R 152	NTC			15 kΩ	RN 0009
P 2-7		Carbon		1 kΩ	PG 2101						
P 8		-		30 k $\Omega$	PG 3301	V 1-12	Si. trans.	NPN	ı	BC 107	VB 0032
P 9		Cermet		470 Ω	PG 1504	V 15-19	•	PNP		2 N 3702	VB 0038
						V 20	-	PNP	1	BC 177	VB 0071
Q1,2	Silicon tran	s SF 115	NPN		VB 0533	V 21,22	-	NPN	-	BF 199	VB 0515
Q 4-20	-	1 N 4004	400	V/ 1 A	QV 0237	V 25		dual	:	2 N 3956	VB 1054
						V 26	Op. Amp.		3	301AN	VE 0044
R 1	Carbon	0,25 W	10%	$2.2 M\Omega$	RB 6220	V 27-29	-		;	301 AN	VE 0017
R3		-	•	$10M\Omega$	RB 7100	V 31,32	-		:	310 D	VE 0023
R 6,7	•	-	5%	100 Ω	RB 2100	V 33-35	-		:	3051	VE 0032*
R 8-11		-	-	120 Ω	RB 2120	V 40,41	Volt. reg.			723 CH	VE 0039
R12-21	•	-	-	220 Ω	RB 2220						
R 22		•	-	270 Ω	RB 2270		Printed Circu	it Board			XC 0975
R 23,24	-	-	•	820 Ω	RB 2820						
R 25,26	•	•	-	1 kΩ	RB 3100					No	- day
R 28-30	•	-	-	1.2 kΩ	RB 3120		غمما	XEDR76	40.0		1011
R 32-41	-	-	-	1.5 kΩ	RB 3150					D ave	walle.
R 44	•		•	$2.2~\mathrm{k}\Omega$	RB 3220		i O	)			- 4-7 - 3
R 46,47	-	•	•	2.7 kΩ	RB 3270		∰	R147	-	<b></b>	
R 48	•	-	•	4.7 k $\Omega$	RB 3470		!હેં[લ	CIS-			
R 49	-	•	-	8.2 kΩ	RB 3820		17	R5)	-KIEP	<b>*</b>	
R 51	•	•	-	10 kΩ	RB 4100		1/20	CHIER !	R143	<b>5</b>	
R 53,54	-	-	٠	15 kΩ	RB 4150		9			11	
R 55	•	-	-	27 kΩ	RB 4270		ો <b>(</b> ઉ				
R 57-67	•	-	-	100 kΩ	RB 5100					1	
R 69,70	-	-	-	1MΩ	RB 6100		1	4	<b>*</b> *	l :	
R 71	•	•	•	4.7M $\Omega$	RB 6470			, T	11	j i	
R 72	Metal		1%	4.99 Ω	RF 0499			ألتت	mv	'	
R 75,76	-	-	-	$6,04~\Omega$	RF 0604			L	v		
R <b>7</b> 7	•	-	-	28.7 Ω	RF 1287						
R 78,79	-	-	-	30.1 Ω	RF 1301						
R 80,81	-	•	-	54.9 Ω	RF 1549						
R 83,84	•	-	•	78.7 Ω	RF 1787						
R 85,86	-	-	•	274 Ω	RF 2274						
R 87	-	-	-	422 Ω	RF 2422		Att	enuator	ZF 00	15	
R 89,90	-	-	•	453 Ω	RF 2453		Printed	Circuit Bo	nard XC	. 0976	
R 91	-	•	•	464 Ω	RF 2464		1111100	Oncon D	Jul	3 0070	
R 92	-	• .	•	487 Ω	RF 2487						
R 94-100	•	•	7	499 Ω	RF 2499	ZF 0015					
R 102	-	-	-	590 Ω	RF 2590						
R 103	•	•	-	619 Ω 698 Ω	RF 2619	CIRCUIT	COMPONEN	IT TYPE			STOCK
R 104,105	-	•	-	732 Ω	RF 2698 RF 2732	DIAGRAM					REF.
R 106	•	-	-	732 Ω 1 kΩ	RF 2132 RF 3100	REF.					
R 108-112	•	•		1.13 kΩ	RF 3113	C 1,5	Ceramic	;	3.5-13 pF	7/250 V	CV 0047
R 113	•	-	-	7.15 kΩ	RF 3715	C 16,17	-			7/250 V	CK 0680
R 114,115	•	•		2.21 kΩ	RF 3221	C 18				7/250 V	CK 0561
R 116	•	-		2.55 kΩ	RF 3255	C 35	Polyester		68 nF	-/400 V	CS 0111
S 117	•	-		4.22 kΩ	RF 3422	C 48	Polystyrene		390 pF	/100 V	CT 1120
R 118,119 R 120,121	-			4.22 ks2 10,2 kΩ	RF 4102		•		•		
	•			9.53 kΩ	RF 3953	01	Push button	switch			OJ 0031
R 123,124 R 125	-		-	9.55 kΩ	RF 4100						
R 126,127	-			14.7 kΩ	RF 4147	R 5	Carbon	0.25 W	5%	150 Ω	RB 2150
R 128,127	-	-	-	20 kΩ	RF 4200	R 143	Metal		1%	ıMΩ	RF 6010
R 130,131	-		-	30.1 kΩ	RF 4301	R 146	-	-		10 kΩ	RF 6011
R 132,133	•		-	31.6 kΩ	RF 4316	R 147	-	-		990 kΩ	RF 6016
R 135,136	-		-	35.7 kΩ	RF 4357						
R 138	-		-	39.2 kΩ	RF 4392		Printed Circ	uit Board			XC 0976
R 140,141	-	-	-	68.1 kΩ	RF 4681			nt I		ALAIL	•
R 142	•	-	-	221 kΩ	RF 5221			_ ∮V≎	57".	H1497 .	a 2 / 5
R 144	-		-	1M $\Omega$	RF 6010					·/ [ ·/~	112/45

## Parts List

### 2425

CIRCUIT DIAGRAM REF.	COMPONENT TY	PE			STOCK REF.
C 7	Electrolytic		22	2 μF/35 V	CE 0428
C 14	Tantalum		33	μF/ 10 V	CF 0034
N 1	Peak Hold - Reset	switch			NN 0031
N 2	Slow-Fast switch				NN 0035
N 3	Power switch				NN 0036
0 2	Switch ± Peak				OJ 0032
04	RMS - Av. switch				OJ 0036
R 4	Carbon	0.25 W	10%	3.9MΩ	RB 6390
R 45	-	-	5%	$2.7~\mathrm{k}\Omega$	RB 3270
R 68	-	-	-	100kΩ	RB 5100
T 1	Power Transforme	er			TN 0068
V 50	Fuse		0,1	A/220 V	VF 0026
	-			A/110 V	VF 0012
V 51,52	Scale lamp			7 V/0.25 A	VS 1273
	Power Input Sock	et			OA 0037
	Power Cord				AN 0010
	Fuse socket				JS 0001
	Socket BNC				JJ 0130
	Socket DIN				JJ 0709
	Moving Coil Instru	ument			IM 0046
	Front Plate				FA 0382
	Rear Plate				FB 0297
	Side Plate				GV 0673
	Top Plate				GV 0932
	Bottom Plate				GV 1095
	Printed Circuit Bo	ard			with comp.
	Amplifier XC	0975			ZE 0101
	Attenuator XC	0976			ZF 0015

