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MAINTENANCE

INTRODUCTION

This Workshop Manual covers the Land Rover Ninety and One Ten range of vehicles. It is primarily designed to assist skilled technicians in the efficient repair and maintenance of Land Rover vehicles.

Using the appropriate service tools and carrying out the procedures as detailed will enable the operations to be completed within the time stated in the 'Repair Operation Times'.

The Manual has been produced in separate books; this allows the information to be distributed throughout the specialist areas of the modern service facility.

A table of contents in Book 1 lists the major components and systems together with the section and book numbers. The cover of each book details the sections contained within that book.

The title page of each book carries the part numbers required to order replacement books, binders or complete Service Manuals. This can be done through the normal channels.

REFERENCES

References to the left- or right-hand side in the manual are made when viewing the vehicle from the rear. With the engine and gearbox assembly removed, the water pump end of the engine is referred to as the front.

To reduce repetition, operations covered in this manual do not include reference to testing the vehicle after repair. It is essential that work is inspected and tested after completion and if necessary a road test of the vehicle is carried out particularly where safety related items are concerned.

DIMENSIONS

The dimensions quoted are to design engineering specification. Alternative unit equivalents, shown in brackets following the dimensions, have been converted from the original specification.

During the period of running-in from new, certain adjustments may vary from the specification figures given in this Manual. These adjustments will be re-set by the Distributor or Dealer at the After Sales Service, and thereafter should be maintained at the figures specified in the Manual.

REPAIRS AND REPLACEMENTS

When replacement parts are required it is essential that only Land Rover parts are used.

Attention is particularly drawn to the following points concerning repairs and the fitting of replacement parts and accessories:

Safety features embodied in the vehicle may be impaired if other than Land Rover parts are fitted. In certain territories, legislation prohibits the fitting of parts not to the vehicle manufacturer's specification. Torque wrench setting figures given in the Repair Operation Manual must be strictly adhered to. Locking devices, where specified, must be fitted. If the efficiency of a locking device is impaired during removal it must be renewed. Owners purchasing accessories while travelling abroad should ensure that the accessory and its fitted location on the vehicle conform to mandatory requirements existing in their country of origin. The terms of the Owners Service Statement may be invalidated by the fitting of other than Land Rover parts.

All Land Rover parts have the full backing of the Owners Service Statement.

Land Rover Distributors and Dealers are obliged to supply only Land Rover service parts.

POISONOUS SUBSTANCES

Many liquids and other substances used in motor vehicles are poisonous and should under no circumstances be consumed and should as far as possible be kept away from open wounds. These substances among others include antifreeze, brake fluid, fuel, windscreen washer additives, lubricants and various adhesives.

FUEL HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

The following information provides basic precautions which must be observed if petrol (gasoline) is to be handled safely. It also outlines the other areas of risk which must not be ignored.

This information is issued for basic guidance only, and in any case of doubt appropriate enquiries should be made of your local Fire Officer.

GENERAL

Petrol/gasoline vapour is highly flammable and in confined spaces is also very explosive and toxic.

When petrol/gasoline evaporates it produces 150 times its own volume in vapour, which when diluted with air becomes a readily ignitable mixture. The vapour is heavier than air and will always fall to the lowest level. It can readily be distributed throughout a workshop by air current, consequently, even a small spillage of petrol/gasoline is potentially very dangerous.

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Always have a fire extinguisher containing FOAM CO₂ GAS, or POWDER close at hand when handling or draining fuel, or when dismantling fuel systems and in areas where fuel containers are stored.

Always disconnect the vehicle battery BEFORE carrying out dismantling or draining work on a fuel system. Whenever petrol/gasoline is being handled, drained or stored, or when fuel systems are being dismantled all forms of ignition must be extinguished or removed, any head-lamps used must be flameproof and kept clear of spillage.

NO ONE SHOULD BE PERMITTED TO REPAIR COMPONENTS ASSOCIATED WITH PETROL/ GASOLINE WITHOUT FIRST HAVING HAD SPECIALIST TRAINING.

FUEL TANK DRAINING

WARNING: PETROL/GASOLINE MUST NOT BE EXTRACTED OR DRAINED FROM ANY VEHICLE WHILST IT IS STANDING OVER A PIT.

Draining or extracting petrol/gasoline from vehicle fuel tank must be carried out in a well ventilated area.

The receptacle used to contain the petrol/gasoline must be more than adequate for the full amount of fuel to be extracted or drained. The receptacle should be clearly marked with its contents, and placed in a safe storage area which meets the requirements of local authority regulations.

WHEN PETROL/GASOLINE HAS BEEN EXTRACTED OR DRAINED FROM A FUEL TANK THE PRECAUTIONS GOVERNING NAKED LIGHTS AND IGNITION SOURCES SHOULD BE MAINTAINED.

FUEL TANK REMOVAL

On vehicles where the fuel line is secured to the fuel tank outlet by a spring steel clip, it is recommended that such clips are released before the fuel line is disconnected or the fuel tank unit is removed. This procedure will avoid the possibility of residual petrol fumes in the fuel tank being ignited when the clips are released.

As an added precaution fuel tanks should have a PETROL/GASOLINE VAPOUR warning label attached to them as soon as they are removed from the vehicle.

FUEL TANK REPAIR

Under no circumstances should a repair to any tank involving heat treatment be carried out without first rendering the tank SAFE, by using one of the following methods:

STEAMING: With the filler cap and tank unit removed, empty the tank. Steam the tank for at least two hours with low pressure steam. Position the tank so that condensation can drain away freely, ensuring that any sediment and sludge not volatised by the steam, is washed out during the steaming process.

BOILING: With the filler cap and tank unit removed, empty the tank. Immerse the tank completely in boiling water containing an effective alkaline degreasing agent or a detergent, with the water filling and also surrounding the tank for at least two hours.

After steaming or boiling a signed and dated label to this effect should be attached to the tank

SPECIFICATION

Purchasers arc advised that the specification details set out in this Manual apply to a range of vehicles and not to any one. For the specification of a particular vehicle, purchasers should consult their Distributor or Dealer.

The Manufacturers reserve the right to vary their specifications with or without notice, and at such times and in such manner as they think fit. Major as well as minor changes may be involved in accordance with the Manufacturer's policy of constant product improvement.

Whilst every effort is made to ensure the accuracy of the particulars contained in this Manual, neither the Manufacturer nor the Distributor or Dealer, by whom this Manual is supplied, shall in any circumstances be held liable for any inaccuracy or the consequences thereof.

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Special Service Tools

The use of approved special service tools is important. They are essential if service operations are to be carried out efficiently, and safely. The amount of time which they save can be considerable.

Every special tool is designed with the close co-operation of Land Rover Ltd., and no tool is put into production which has not been tested and approved by us. New tools are only introduced where an operation cannot be satisfactorily carried out using existing tools or standard equipment. The user is therefore assured that the tool is necessary and that it will perform accurately, efficiently and safely.

Special tools bulletins will be issued periodically giving details of new tools as they are introduced.

All orders and enquiries from the United Kingdom should be sent direct to V. L. Churchill. Overseas orders should be placed with the local V. L. Churchill distributor, where one exists. Countries where there is no distributor may order direct from V. L. Churchill Limited. P.O. Box 3, Daventry, Northamptonshire, England NN11 4NF.

The tools recommended in this Workshop Manual are listed in a multi-language, illustrated catalogue obtainable from Messrs. V. L. Churchill at the above address under publication number 2217/2/84 or from Land Rover Ltd., under part number LSM0052TC from the following address, Land Rover Limited, Service Department, Lode Lane, Solihull, West Midlands, England B92 8NW.

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (VIN)

The Vehicle Identification Number and the recommended maximum vehicle weights are stamped on a plate riveted to the top of the brake pedal box in the engine compartment.

The number is also stamped on the right-hand side of the chassis forward of the spring mounting turret.

Always quote this number when writing to Land Rover Limited.

Key to Vehicle Identification Number Plate

- **A** Type approval
- **B** VIN (minimum of 17 digits)
- C Maximum permitted laden weight for vehicle
- D Maximum vehicle and trailer weight
- E Maximum road weight front axle
- **F** Maximum road weight rear axle





ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER -V8 ENGINE

The V8 engine serial number is stamped on a cast pad on the cylinder block between numbers **3** and **5** cylinders.



ENGINE SERIAL NUMBER — 4 CYLINDER ENGINES

The 4 cylinder engine number is stamped on a machined surface at the front left-hand side of the engine adjacent to the exhaust manifold front flange. On later engines the number is stamped above the rear side cover, as the second illustration shows.







51663M

FRONT AXLE

Stamped on top of the left-hand axle tube.

REAR AXLE

Stamped on rear of left-hand axle tube.

MAIN GEARBOX LT77 -4 CYLINDER VEHICLES

Stamped on a pad on the right-hand side of the gearbox immediately below the oil filler level plug.



ST665M

TRANSFER GEARBOX LT230R – 4 CYLINDER VEHICLES

Stamped on the casing on the left-hand side of the gearbox below the mainshaft rear bearing housing adjacent to the bottom cover.



TRANSFER GEARBOX LT230T — 4 CYLINDER AND V8 VEHICLES FROM SERIAL NUMBER SUFFIX 'B' ONWARD



MAIN GEARBOX LT85 FIVE SPEED - V8 VEHICLES

Stamped on the right-hand side of the front bearing plate.



GENERAL SPECIFICATION DATA

04

ENGINE

Туре
Number of cylinders
Bore
Stroke
Capacity
Valve operation
Maximum power — B.H.P.
Maximum power — KW
Maximum torque
Muximum torque internet intern

Crankshaft

Main journal diameter
Minimum regrind diameter
Crankpin journal diameter.
Minimum regrind diameter
Crankshaft end thrust
Crankshaft end-float

Main bearings

Number and type
Material
Diametrical clearance
Undersizes

Connecting rods

Туре	•••
Length between centres	

Big end bearings

Type and material
Diametrical clearance
End-float on crankpin
Undersizes

Gudgeon pins

Length
Diameter
Fit-in connecting rod
Clearance in piston

Pistons

Clearance in bore, measured at bottom of skirt at	
right angles to gudgeon pin	

V8

Eight, two banks of four 88,90 mm (3.500 in) 71,12 mm (2.800 in) 3528 cc (215 in³) Overhead by push-rod 113 84.6 251 Nm (185 lb ft) at 2500 rpm

58,409 - 58,422mm (2.2996 - 2.3001 in) 57,393 - 57,406 mm (2.2596 - 2.2601 in) 50,800 - 50,812 mm (2.0000 - 2.0005 in) 49,784 - 49,797 mm (1.9600 - 1.9605 in) Taken on thrust washers of centre main bearing 0,10 - 0,20 mm (0.004 - 0.008 in)

5, Vandervell shells Lead-indium 0,010-0,048 mm (0.0004-0.0019 in) 0,254 mm, 0,508 mm (0.010 in, 0.020 in)

Horizontally split big end, plain small end 143,81 - 143,71 mm (5.662 - 5.658 in)

Vandervell VP lead-indium 0,015 - 0,055 mm (0.0006 - 0.0022 in) 0,15 - 0,36 mm (0.006 - 0.014 in) 0,254 mm, 0,508 mm (0.010 in, 0.020 in)

72,67 - 72,79 mm (2.861 - 2.866 in) 22,215 - 22,22 mm (0.8746 - 0.8749 in) Press fit 0,002 - 0,007 mm (0.0001 - 0.0003 in)

0,018 - 0,033 mm (0.0007 - 0.0013 in)

GENERAL SPECIFICATION DATA

Piston rings

Number of compression
Number of oil
No. 1 compression ring
No. 2 compression ring.
Width of compression rings
Compression ring gap
Oil ring type
Oil ring width.
Oil ring gap
On mig gap

Camshaft

Location	
Bearings	
Number of bearings	
Drive	

Valves

Length:
Inlet
Exhaust
Seat angle:
Inlet
Exhaust
Head diameter:
Inlet
Exhaust
Stem diameter:
inlet
Exhaust
Stem to guide clearance:
Inlet
Exhaust
Valve lift (inlet and exhaust).
Valve spring length fitted

Lubrication

System
System pressure, engine warm at 2400 rpm
Oil filter (external).
Oil filter (internal)
Oii pump type
1 1 21

Oil pressure relief valve

Type	Non-adjustable
Relief valve spring:	-
Free length	81,2 mm (3.200 in)
Compressed length at 4,2 kg (9.3 lb) load	45,7 mm (1.800 in)

Oil filter by-pass valve

5 1	
Type	Non-adjustable
By-pass valve spring:	
Free length	37,5 mm (1.48 in)
Compressed length at 0,34 kg (0.75 lb)	22,6 mm (0.89 in)

2 1

Chrome parallel faced Stepped to 'L' shape and marked 'T' or 'TOP' 1,56 - 1,59 mm (0.0615 - 0.0625 in) 0,44 - 0,57 mm (0.017 - 0.022 in) Perfect circle, type 98-6 4,811 mm (0.1894 in) max 0,38 - 1,40 mm (0.015 - 0.055 in)

Central Non-serviceable 5

Chain 9,52 mm (0.375 in) pitch x 54 pitches

116,59 - 117,35 mm (4.590 - 4.620 in) 116,59 - 117,35 mm (4.590 - 4.620 in)

45° - 451/2° 45° - 451/2°

39,75 - 40,00 mm (1.565 - 1.575 in) 34,226 - 34,480mm (1.3475 - 1.3575 in)

8,664 - 8,679 mm (0.3411 - 0.3417 in) 8,651 - 8,666 mm (0.3406 - 0.3412 in)

0,025 - 0,066 mm (0.0010 - 0.0026 in) 0,038 - 0,078 mm (0.0015 - 0.0031 in) 9,49 mm (0.374 in) 40,4 mm (1.590 in) at pressure of 29,5 kg (65 lbs)

Wet sump, pressure fed 2,1 - 2,8 kgf cm² (30 - 40 Ibf in²) Full-flow, self-contained cartridge Gauze. Pump intake filter Gear

2.25 LITRE PETROL ENGINE

ENGINE

Ally ∦ VSC #

Type
Bore
Stroke
Capacity
Valve operation
Compression ratio
Maximum power @ 4000 rpm
Maximum torque @ 2000 rpm.
1 - 1

Crankshaft

Main journal diameter
Minimum regrind diameter
Crankpin journal diameter
Minimum regrind diameter
Crankshaft end thrust
Crankshaft end-float
CrankShart one mouth

Main bearings

Number and type
Material
Diametrical clearance
Undersizes

Connecting rods

Type				• • • • • • •	 	 	
Length	between	centr	es		 	 	

Big end bearings

Type and material
Diametrical clearance
End-float on crankpin
Undersizes

Gudgeon pins

Туре	
Fit in piston	
Clearance in connecting rod	

Pistons

Type 8.0:1 compression ratio Clearance in bore, measured at bottom of skirt at right angles to gudgeon pin: Standard size pistons

Standard Size pis	10115
Oversize pistons	

4 cylinder 90,47 mm (3.562 in) 88,9 mm (3.500 in) 2286 cm³ (139.500 in³) Overhead by push-rod 8.0: 1 55.2 Kw (74 bhp) 163Nm (120 lbf ft)

63,487 - 63.500 mm (2.4995 - 2.500 in) 63,246 - 63,2333 mm (2.4900 - 2.4895 in) 58,725 - 58,744 mm (2.312 - 2.31275 in) 58,48985 - 58,47080 mm (2.30275 - 2.30200 in) Taken on thrust washers at centre main bearing 0,05 _0,15 mm (0.002 - 0.006 in)

5 halved shells Steel shell, tin-aluminium lined 0,020 - 0,063 mm (0.0008 - 0.0025 in) 0,25 mm (0.010 in)

Horizontally split big end, plain small end 175,36 - 175,46 mm (6.904 - 6.908 in)

Steel shell, copper-lead lined 0,019 - 0,068 mm (0.00075 - 0.0027 in) 0,20 - 0,30 mm (0.007 - 0.012 in) 0,25 mm (0.010 in)

Floating **Push** fit by hand 0,007 - 0,015 mm (0.0003 - 0.0006 in)

Aluminium alloy, flat top

0,06 - 0,07 mm (0.0023 - 0.0027 in) 0,043 - 0,055 mm (0.0017 - 0.0022 in)

....

GENERAL SPECIFICATION DATA

Piston rings

Compression
Gap in bore
Clearance in groove
Oil control
Gap in bore
Clearance in groove.

Camshaft

Location
End-float
Number of bearings
Material
Drive

Valves

Length:
Inlet
Inlet Exhaust.
Seat angle.
Inlet
Exhaust
Head diameter:
Inlet
Exhaust
Stem diameter:
Inlet
Exhaust
Stem to guide clearance:
Inlet
Exhaust
Valve lift:
Inlet
Exhaust

Valve springs

Type
Inner:
Length, free
Length, under 8,0 kg (17.7 lb) load
Outer:
Length, free
Length, under 21 kg (46 lb) load.

Lubrication

System
System pressure, engine warm at 2000 rpm
Oil pump: Early type
Туре
Drive
End-float of gears:
Steel gear
Aluminium gear
Radial clearance of gears
Backlash of gears.
-

2

0,38 - 0,50 mm (0.015 - 0.020 in) 0,046 - 0,097 mm (0.0018 - 0.0038 in) 1

0,38 - 0,50 mm (0.015 - 0.020 in) 0,038 - 0,089 mm (0.0015 - 0.0035 in)

Right-hand side (thrust side) of engine 0,06 - 0,13 mm (0.0025 - 0.0055 in) 4

Steel shell, white metal lined Chain

111,20 - 111,66 mm (4.378 - 4.396 in) 111,22 - 111,58 mm (4.388 - 4.412 in)

30" 45"

44,32 - 44,57 mm (1.744 - 1.755in) 34,93 - 35,18 mm (1.378 - 1.380in)

7,899 - 7,912 mm (0.3109 - 0.3115 in) 8,682 - 8,694 mm (0.3418 - 0.3422 in)

0,033 - 0,048 mm (0.0013 - 0.0019 in) 0,058 - 0,073 mm (0.0023 - 0.0029 in)

10,236mm (0.403 in) 9,85 mm (0.388 in)

Duplex interference coil

42,67 mm (1.680 in) 37,13 mm (1.462 in)

46,28 mm (1.822 in) 40,30 mm (1.587 in)

...

Wet sump, pressure fed $2,45 - 4,50 \text{ kgf cm}^2 (35 - 65 \text{ lbf in}^2)$

Double gear Splined shaft from camshaft skew gear

0,05 - 0,12 mm (0.002 - 0.005 in) 0,07 - 0,15 mm (0.003 - 0.006 in) 0,02 - 0,10 mm (0.001 - 0.004 in) 0,15 - 0,28 mm (0.006 - 0.012 in)

Double gear, 10 teeth, sintered iron gears Splined shaft from camshaft skew gear 0,026 - 0,135 mm (0.0009 - 0.0045 in) 0,025 - 0,075 mm (0.0008 - 0.0025 in) 0,1 - 0,2 mm (0.0034 - 0.0067 in)

Lubrication (continued)

Oil pump: Latest type
Type
Drive
End-float of both gears
Radial clearance of gears
Backlash of gears.
Ducklush of Scars.

Oil pressure relief valve

Туре	Non-adjustable
Relief valve spring:	
Full length	67,82 mm (2.670 in)
Compressed length at 2,58 kg (5.7 lb) load	61,23 mm (2.450 in)

2.5 LITRE PETROL ENGINE

ENGINE

Type
Bore
Stroke
Capacity
Valve operation
Compression ratio.
Maximum power @ 4000 rpm
Maximum forque @ 2000 rpm.
Commencing serial no.

Crankshaft

Main journal diameter
Minimum regrind diameter
Crankpin journal diameter
Minimum regrind diameter
Crankshaft end thrust
Crankshaft end-float

Main bearings

Number and type
Material
Diametrical clearance
Undersizes

Connectingrods

Type					 	 	 •••
Length	betw	een o	centi	res	 	 	 •••

Connecting rod bearings

Type and material
Diametrical clearance
End-float on crankpin
Undersizes

4 cylinder 90,47 mm (3.562 in) 97 mm (3.82 in) 2495 cm³ (152.25 in³) Overhead by push-rod 8.0: 1 59.5 Kw (80 bhp) 175Nm (129 lbf ft) 17H00011C

63,487 - 63,500 mm (2.4995 - 2.500 in) 63,246 - 63,2333 mm (2.4900 - 2.4895 in) 58,725 - 58,744 mm (2.312 - 2.31275 in) 58,48985 - 58,47080 mm (2.30275 - 2.30200 in) Taken on thrust washers at centre main bearing 0,05 - 0,15 mm (0.002 - 0.006 in)

5 halved shells Copper-lead lined 0,018 - 0,06 mm (0.0007 - 0.0026 in) 0,25 mm (0.010 in)

Horizontally split big end, plain small end 175,36 - 175,46 mm (6.904 - 6.908 in)

Steel shell, copper-lead lined 0,025 - 0,075 mm (0.001 - 0.003 in) 0,20 - 0,30 mm (0.007 - 0.012 in) 0,25 mm (0.010 in)

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONDATA

Gudgeon pins

Туре	
Fit in piston	
Clearance in connecting rod	

Pistons

Type 8.0:1 compression ratio Clearance in bore measured @ 17mm from bottom of skirt at right angles to gudgeon pin: Standard and oversize pistons

Piston rings

Compression
Gap in bore
Clearance in groove
Oil control
Gap in bore
Clearance in groove

Camshaft

Location
End-float
Number of bearings
Material
Drive
Dilve

Valves

Length:
Inlet
Exhaust
Seat angle:
Inlet
Exhaust
Head diameter:
Inlet
Exhaust
Stem diameter:
Inlet
Exhaust,
Stem to guide clearance:
Inlet
Exhaust
Valve lift:
Inlet
Exhaust
Exhaust valve seat insert:
External diameter
Internal diameter
Width
Seat angle and depth

Floating Push fit by hand 0,007 - 0,015 mm (0.0003 - 0.0006 in)

Aluminium alloy. Recessed crown.

0,043 - 0,067 mm (0.0017 - 0.0026 in)

2 0,40 - 0,65 mm (0.016 - 0.026 in) 0,046 - 0,097 mm (0.0018 - 0.0038 in) 1 0,30 - 0,55 mm (0.012 - 0.022 in) 0,026 - 0,076 mm (0.0012 - 0.003 in)

Right-hand side (thrust side) of engine 0,06 - 0,13 mm (0.0025 - 0.0055 in) 4 Steel shell, white metal lined 76 link chain

111,20 - 111,66 mm (4.377 - 4.396 in) 111,12 - 111,59 mm (4.374 - 4.393 in)

30" 45"

44,32 - 44,58 mm (1.744 - 1.755 in) 34,43 - 34,18 mm (1.355 - 1.345 in)

7,899 - 7,912mm (0.3109 - 0.3115 in) 8,697 - 8,679mm (0.3424 - 0.3416 in)

0,033 - 0,048 mm (0.0013 - 0.0019 in) 0,035 - 0,076 mm (0.0014 - 0.0022 in)

10,236mm (0.403 in) 9,85 mm (0.388 in)

36,576-36,601 (1.440-1.441 in) 28,448-28,702 mm (1.120-1.130 in) 5,055-5,105 mm (0.199-0.201 in) 45". 0,635-0,889 mm (0.025-0.035 in)

Valve springs Type	Duplex interference coil
Inner:	
Length, free	42,67 mm (1.680 in)
Length, under 8,0kg (17.7lb) load	37,13 mm (1.462 in)
Outer:	
Length, free	46,28 mm (1.822 in)
Length, under 21 kg (46lb) load	40,30 mm (1.587 in)
Lubrication	
System	Wet sump, pressure fed
System pressure, engine warm at 2000 rpm	$2,45 - 4,50 \text{ kgf cm}^2 (35 - 65 \text{ Ibf in}^2)$
Oil pump:	
Туре	Double gear, 10teeth, sintered iron gears
Drive	Splined shaft from camshaft skew gear
End-float of both gears	0,026-0,135 mm (0.0009-0.0045 in)
Radial clearance of gears	0,025 - 0,075 mm (0.0008 - 0.0025 in)
Backlash of gears	0,1 - 0,2 mm (0.0034 - 0.0067 in)
Oil pressure relief valve	

n pressure rener varve	
Type	Non-adjustable
Relief valve spring:	
Full length	67,82 mm (2.670 in)
Compressed length at 2,58 kg (5.7 lb) load	61,23 mm (2.450 in)
Full length Compressed length at 2,58 kg (5.7 lb) load	/ / /

2.25 LITRE DIESEL ENGINE

ENGINE

•

Туре	4 cylinder
Bore	90,47 mm (3.562 in)
Stroke	88,9 mm (3.500 in)
Capacity	$2286 \mathrm{cm}^3 (139 \mathrm{in}^3)$
Valve operation	Overhead by push-rod
Compression ratio	23:1
Maximum power	44Kw (59 bhp) at 4000 rpm
Maximum torque	136Nm (100 lbf ft) at 1800rpm

Crankshaft

Main bearing journal diameter	63,487 - 63,500 mm (2.4995 - 2.500 in)
Regrind dimensions:	
63,246 - 63,2333 mm (2.490 - 2.4895 in)	Use 0.010 in U/S bearings
Crankpin journal diameter	58,725 - 58,744 mm (2.312 - 2.31275 in)
Regrind dimensions:	
58,48985 - 58,4708 mm (2.30275 - 2.30200 in)	Use 0.010 in U/S bearings
Crankshaft end thrust	Taken on thrust washers at centre main bearing
Crankshaft end-float	0,05 - 0,15 mm (0.002 - 0.006 in)

Main bearings

Number and type
Material
Diametrical clearance

5 halved shells Steel shell, copper-lead lined, tin plated 0,020 - 0,063 mm (0.0008 - 0.0025 in)

Connecting rods

Type
Length between centres

Big end bearings

Type and material
Diametrical clearance
End-float on crankpin.

Gudgeon pins

Type
Fit in piston
Clearance in connecting rod
Diameter

Pistons

Туре
Clearance in bore, measured at bottom of skirt at
right angles to gudgeon pin:
Standard size pistons
Oversize pistons

Piston rings

Compression No. 1(top):
Туре
Gap in bore
Clearance in groove
Compression Nos. 2 and 3:
Type
Gap in bore
Clearance in groove
Oil control No. 4:
Type
Gap in bore
Clearance in groove

Valves

Length:	
Inlet	116,26 - 116,51 mm (4.377 - 4.587 in)
Exhaust	116,79 - 117,25 mm (4.598 - 4.616 in)
Seat angle:	
Inlet	45"
Exhaust	45"
Head diameter:	
Inlet	39,12 - 39,37 mm (1.540 - 1.550 in)
Exhaust	33,25 - 33,50 mm (1.309 - 1.318in)
Stem diameter:	
Inlet	7,912 - 7,899 mm (0.3114 - 0.3109 in)
Exhaust	8,682 - 8,694 mm (0.3418 - 0.3422 in)
Stem to guide clearance:	
Inlet	0,033 - 0,048 mm (0.0013 - 0.0019 in)
Exhaust	0,058 - 0,073 mm (0.0023 - 0.0029 in)
Valve lift:	
Inlet	9,85 mm (0.388 in)
Exhaust	10,26 mm (0.404 in)

Horizontally split big end, plain small end 175,38 - 175,43 mm (6.905 - 6.907 in)

Steel shell, copper-lead lined 0,020 - 0,0635 mm (0.0008 - 0.0025 in) $0.15 - 0.356 \,\mathrm{mm} \,(0.006 - 0.014 \,\mathrm{in})$

Floating Push fit by hand 0,0196 - 0,0036 mm (0.0007 - 0.00014 in) 30,1564 - 30,1625 mm (1.18726 - 1.1875 in)

Aluminium alloy, with V shape recess in crown

0,111 - 0,134 mm (0.0044 - 0.0053 in) 0,111-0,157 mm (0.0044-0.0062 in)

Square friction edge, chrome plated 0,35 - 0,50 mm (0.014 - 0.019 in) 0,06 - 0,11 mm (0.0025 - 0.0045 in)

Bevelled friction edge. Marked 'T' or 'TOP' on upper side 0,25 - 0,38 mm (0.010 - 0.015 in) 0,06 - 0,11 mm (0.0025 - 0.0045 in)

Ring and spring 0,279 - 0,406 mm (0.011 - 0.016 in) 0,038 - 0,064 mm (0.0015 - 0.0025 in)

Camshaft

Location
End-float
Number of bearings
Material
Drive

Valve springs

Lubrication

System	Wet sump, pressure fed
System pressure, engine warm at 2000 rpm	2,5 - 4,57 kgf cm ² (35 - 65 lbf in ²)
Oil pump:	
Type	Double gear
Drive	Splined shaft from camshaft skew gear
End-float of gears:	
Steel gear	0,05 - 0,12 mm (0.002 - 0.005 in)
Aluminium gear	0,07 - 0,15 mm (0.003 - 0.006 in)
Radial clearance of gears	0,02 - 0,10 mm (0.001 - 0.004 in)
Backlash of gears	0,15 - 0,28 mm (0.006 - 0.012 in)

Oil pressure relief valve

Туре	Non-adjustable
Relief valve spring:	
Full length	67,82 mm (2.670 in)
Compressed length at 2,58 kg (5.7 lb) load	61,23 mm (2.450 in)

2.5 LITRE DIESEL ENGINE

ENGINE

Number of cylinders	4
Bore	90,47 mm (3.562 in)
Stroke	97,00 mm (3.819 in)
Capacity	2495 cc
Compression ratio.	21:1
Piston area (total)	$257,1 \text{ cm}^3$ (39.86 in ³)
Maximum power at 4000 rpm	65.5 bhp
Maximum torque at 1800rpm	1131bf ft

Crankshaft

1.05

Main bearing journal diameter	63,487 - 63,500 mm (2.4995 - 2.5000 in)
Regrind dimensions:	
63,246 - 63,2333 mm (2.490 - 2.4895 in)	Use 0.010 in U/S bearings
Crankpin journal diameter	58,725 - 58,744 mm (2.312 - 2.31275 in)
Regrind dimensions:	
58,48985 - 58,4708 mm (2.30275 - 2.30200 in)	Use 0.010 in U/S bearings
Crankshaftend thrust	Taken on thrust washers at centre main bearing
Crankshaft end-float	0,05 - 0,15 mm (0.002 - 0.006 in)

Duplex Interference double coil

42,67 mm (1.680 in) 40,30 mm (1.587 in)

46,28 mm (1.822 in) 40,30 mm (1.587 in)

GENERAL SPECIFICATION DATA

Main bearings
Number and type
Diametrical clearance

Connecting rods

Length between centres	
Diametrical clearance (big-end bearings)	
End-float on crankpin	

Pistons

Type	•
Skirt diametrical clearance (at right	
angle to gudgeon pin)	

5 halved shells 0,018 - 0,061 mm (0.0007 - 0.0024 in)

175,38 - 175,43 mm (6.905 - 6.907 in) 0,025 - 0,075 mm (0.001 - **0.003**in) 0,15 - 0,356 mm (0.006 - 0.014 in)

Aluminium alloy 'V' shaped valve recess in crown

0,025 - 0,05 mm (0.001 - 0.002in)

Gudgeon pins

- Type
Fit in piston
Diameter
Clearance in connecting rod

Piston rings

Type:	Тор
	Second
	Oil control

Camshaft

Drive	
Location	
End-float	
Number of bearings	
Material	

Valves

Seat angle: Inlet Exhaust	
Head diameter: Inlet Exhaust	
Valve lift: Inlet Exhaust	
Cam lift: Inlet Exhaust	
Stem diameter: Inlet Exhaust.	

Floating Hand **push** fit 30,1564 - 30,1625 mm (1.18726 - 1.18750 in) 0,0196 - 0,0036 mm (0.00077 - 0.00014 in)

Square friction edge, chrome plated Taper faced Expander and rails

25,4 mm (0.1 in) wide dry toothed belt Right-hand side (thrust side) 0,1 - 0,2 mm (0.004 - 0.008 in) 4 Steel shell, white metal lined

€

45" 45"

39,12 - 39,37 mm (1.540 - 1.550 in) 33,25 - 33,50 mm (1.309 - 1.319 in)

9,85 mm (0.388 in) 10,26 mm (0.404 in)

6,81 mm (0.268 in) 7,06 mm (0.278 in)

7,912 - 7,899 mm (0.3114 - 0.3109 in) 8,682 - 8,694 mm (0.3418 - 0.3422 in)

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Lubrication

Volvo enringe

System
System pressure, engine warm at 2000 rpm
Oil pump: Early type
Туре
Drive
End-float of gears:
Steel gear
Aluminium gear
. Radial clearance of gears
Backlash of gears
Oil pump: Latest type
Туре
Drive
End-float of both gears
Radial clearance of gears
Backlash of gears

Oil pressure relief valve

Туре	Non-adjustable
Relief valve spring:	
Full length	67,82 mm (2.670 in)
Compressed length at 2,58 kg (5.7 lb) load	61,23 mm (2.450 in)

GENERAL DATA

FUEL SYSTEM -2.25 Petrol

Carburetter	 	 	
Air cleaner.	 	 	

Fuel pump — Early Models

Type	
Pressure range	

Fuel pump — Latest Models

Make and Type
Pressure range

FUEL SYSTEM -2.25 and 2.5 Diesel

Injection pump	
Fuel lift pump type	
Pressure range	
Tressure range	••••••

Duplex Interference double coil 42,67 mm (1.680 in) 40,30 mm (1.587 in) 46,28 mm (1.822 in) 40,30 mm (1.587 in)

Wet sump, pressure fed $2,5 - 4,57 \text{ kgf cm}^2 (35 - 65 \text{ Ibf in}^2)$

Double gear Splined shaft from camshaft skew gear

0,05 - 0,12 mm (0.002 - 0.005 in)0,07 - 0,15 mm (0.003 - 0.006 in) 0.02 - 0.10 mm (0.001 - 0.004 in)0,15 - 0,28 mm (0.006 - 0.012 in)

Double gear, 10teeth, sintered iron gears Splined shaft from camshaft skew gear 0,026 - 0,135 mm (0.0009 - 0.0045 in) 0,025 - 0,075 mm (0.0008 - 0.0025 in) 0,1 - 0,2 mm (0.0034 - 0.0067 in)

See 'ENGINE TUNING DATA' Oil bath with built-in centrifugal pre-cleaner

Mechanical with sediment bowl and hand primer 3 - 5 psi

Facet, electric. Mounted on R.H. side of chassis 3 - 5 psi

See 'ENGINE TUNING DATA' Mechanical, with hand primer 0,35 - 0,56 kgf cm² (5 - 8 lbf ft²)

GENERAL SPECIFICATION DATA

FUEL SYSTEM - V8 engine

Carburetter
Fuel pump — Make,type
Air cleaner

See 'ENGINE TUNING DATA'

pump and fan assisted

 $0,6 \text{ kgf cm}^2$ (9 lbf in')

82°C

Centrifugal

Facet, electric mounted vertically on R.H. side of chassis Cyclone, replaceable element

Pressurized spill return system with thermostat control,

COOLING SYSTEM -2.25 Petrol, 2.25 and 2.5 Diesel Type...

Thermostat
Pressure cap
Type of pump

COOLING SYSTEM - V8 engine

Туре	 	•••••	
Thermostat	 		
Type of pump	 		

CLUTCH -2.25 Petrol

Туре
Centre plate diameter
Facing material
Facing material identification colour
Number of damper springs
Damper spring colour
Clutch release bearing.

CLUTCH - 2.25 and 2.5 Diesel engine - Early type

Type
Centre plate diameter
Facing material
Number of damper springs
Damper spring colour.

Clutch release bearing.

CLUTCH — Later type

Туре
Centre plate diameter (friction plate)
Facing material
Number of damper springs
Damper spring colour

Clutch release bearing.	
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CLUTCH - V8 engine

Type
Centre plate diameter
Facing material
Damper spring colour
Release bearing.
Number of damper springs

Pressurized spill return system with thermostat control, pump and fan assisted Emission and non-emission 82°C, Australia 88°C Centrifugal

Borg and Beck diaphragm spring 242,1 mm (9.500 in) Raybestos 1488-05 White/violet on pcriphary **6**

Dark grey/light green Ball journal

Verto diaphragm spring 242,1 mm (9.500 in) Raybestos 1488-05

2 off white/green 2 off pigeon blue 4 off ruby red Ball journal

8

Verto diaphragm spring 235 mm (9.25 in) Verto 791 8 2 off white/green — suffix 'C' 2 off pigeon blue — suffix 'A' 4 off ruby red — suffix 'B' Ball journal

Borg and Beck diaphragm spring 267 mm (10.5 in) Raybestos 1488-05. Grooved. White/violet Light blue/dark blue Ball journal 6

Iain gearbox
Type LT77
Speeds
Synchromesh
Ratios:
Fifth
Fourth (direct)
Third
Second
First
Reverse

Transfer box

Type LT230R	
1 ype 1 1 20000	

Ratios:

. . .

- High
Low
Overall ratios (final drive):
Fifth
Fourth
Third
Second
First,
Reverse
Input gear
Intermediate gear
Output gear

TRANSMISSION - V8 Engine

Main gearbox

Type LT95
Speeds
Synchromesh
Ratios:
Fourth (direct)
Third
Second
First
Reverse

Transfer box

....

Type L195

Ratios:
High
Low
Overall ratios (final drive):
Fourth
Third
Second
First
Reverse

Single helical constant mesh 5 forward 1 reverse All forward speeds

0.8314:1 1.0000:1 1.5074:1 2.3008:1 3.5850:1 3.7007:1

Two-speed reduction on main gcarbox output. Front and rear drive permanently engaged via a lockable differential

1.6670 3.3198	
In high transfer	In low transfer
4.9042:1	9.7666:1
5.8987:1	11.7471:1
8.8917:1	17.7075:1
13.5715:1	27.0272:1
21.1472:1	42.1138:1
21.8293:1	43.4723:1
26 Teeth	
19 x 41 x 35 Teeth	
40 x 37 Teeth	

Single helical constant mesh 4 forward 1 reverse All forward speeds

1.0000:1	
1.5049:1	
2.4480:1	
4.0691: 1	
3.6643:1	

Two-speed reduction on main gearbox output. Front and rear drive permanently engaged via a lockable differential

1.3362	
3.3206	
In high transfer	In low transfer
4.7281:1	11.7497:1
7.1154: 1	17.6822:1
11.5745:1	28.7634:1
19.2390:1	47.8101:1
27.3250:1	43.0538:1

Type — Manual		d helical constant me	sh, with synchromes	h
Main georhey ratios	on all forward	•		
Main gearbox ratios	Fifth (Cruisin gear)	•		
	Fourth	$0.7951 \\ 1.0000$		
	Third	1.4362		
	Second	2.1804		
	First	3.6497		
	Reverse	3.8242		
Transfer gearbox				
Type	1 T230T Two	o-speed reduction on a	nain gearbox output	ŕ
- ,		r drive permanently e		
—Ninety models	High	1.1923		
······	Low	3.3198		
— One Ten models	High	1.410		
	Low	3.3198		
Overall ratio (including final drive) — Ninety models		In high transfer	In low transfer	
	Fifth (Cruising			
	gear)	3.3544	9.3401	
	Fourth	4.2189	11.7471	
	Third	6.0592	16.8712	
	Second	9.1989	25.6134	
	First	15.3977	42.8734	
	Reverse	16.1339	44.9233	
Overall ratio (including final drive)				
-One Ten models		In high transfer	In low transfer	
	Fifth (Cruising			
	gear)	3.9695	9.3401	
	Fourth	4.9925	11.7471	
	Third	7.1702	16.8712	
	Second	10.8856	25.6134	
	First	18.2210	42.8734	
	Reverse	19.0922	44.9233	
REAR AXLE — One Ten only	~			
Гуре	Salisbury 8HA			
Ratio	3.538			
Frack	1485,90 mm (5	8.50 in)		
FRONT AXLE — All models and Ninety rear				
Гуре		nclosed constant veloci	ty joints	
Ratio	3.538			
PROPELLER SHAFTS — All Models				
Sype: Front and rear		s universal needle ro at shaft gaiierea, rear sl		

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GENERAL SPECIFICATION DATA

04

475. 1999	SUSPENSION — All Models	
N 994	Туре	Coil springs controlled by telescopic dampers front and
		rear
	Front	Transverse location of axle by Panard rod, and fore and
		aft location by two radius arms
	Rear	Fore and aft movement inhibited by two tubular trailing
		links. Lateral location of axle by a centrally positioned 'A'
		bracket bolted at the apex to a ball joint mounting. An optional levelling unit is positioned between the ball joint and upper cross member
		and apper cross member

BRAKES 2.25 Petrol and V8 Engine

Footbrake — All Models

Front
Disc diameter
Number of pistons per wheel
Total lining area
Lining material.
Rear
Drum diameter
Total lining area
Brake drum width
Lining material

Handbrake — All Models

Туре
Drum diameter
Lining material

BRAKES - 2.25 and 2.5 litre Diesel engine

System

Direct acting servo assisted dual braking system with Girling tandem master cylinder and pressure differential warning actuator, combination valve, or G. valve

Lockheed Disc 300 mm (11.81 in) 4 232 cm² Don 230 Girling single cylinder drum brake 280 mm (11 in) 493 cm² 63.9 mm Ferodo 2629

Transmission drum brake cable operated 254 mm (10 in) Don 269

Direct acting servo assisted dual braking system with Girling tandem master cylinder and pressure differential warning actuator, combination valve, or G. valve. Servo assistance initiated by an engine driven air evacuation pump and sustained by a vacuum tank (vacuum tank deleted on 2.5)

Evacuation pump - 2.25 litre Diesel

Maximum speed
Oil capacity

Evacuation pump — 2.5 litre Diesel

Maximum speed	
Lubrication	
.Minimum vacuum level at 2500 rpm	

5000 rpm. Belt drive 40 cm³ (2.4 in³) SAE 15W-50

4000 rpm. Gear drive from camshaft Oil feed via skew gear 0,8 bar **N4**

STEERING — All Models

Туре:	
Manual — Early Models only	Burman recircu
Manual	Gemmer Hour-
Optional power assisted — Early Models	Adwest Varam
Optional power assisted — Later Models	Adwest Lightw
Ratios:	
Manual Burman straight ahead	20,55:1
Manual Gemmer	20,2:Constant
Power assisted straight ahead.	17.5:1
Number of turns lock to lock:	
Manual	4.75
Power assisted	3.49
Camber angle	Zero
Castor angle	3"
Swivel pin inclination.	7"
Front wheel toe-out — permanent 4-wheel drive	1,19 - 2,38 mm
Turning circle between kerbs:	
Right-hand drive	14,0 m (45.67 ft
Left-hand drive	13,28 m (43.58)
Steering wheel diameter	420 mm (16.5 in
Steering damper	Fitted to drag li
Track	1485,90 mm (58
Steering column type	Collapsible cou

WHEELS AND TYRES -All Models

Type of wheel	Ventil
Wheel size.	5.50 ir
Number of studs	
Tyre size	7.50 x

ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT - All Models

System	12 volt, negative earth
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Battery -2.25 litre Petrol and V8 engine

Type:
Lucas — standard 9 plate
Chloride — standard9 plate
Lucas — cold climate 13plate
Chloride — cold climate 13plate

Battery -2.25 and 2.5 Eitre Diesel engine

Туре	•••
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Chloride B.B.M.S. No. 243 15 plate designation 395/175/90

Designation

Designation

315/120/92

190/84/90

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()

recirculating ball r Hour-glass worm and wheel Varamatic Lightweight or Gemmer

 $38 \,\mathrm{mm} \left(\frac{3}{64} - \frac{3}{32} \,\mathrm{in}\right)$ 45.67 ft) (43.58 ft) (16.5 in)drag link mm (58.50 in) ble coupling

ilated disc n F**x** 16in 16

B.B.M.S. No. 371

B.B.M.S. No. 291

B.B.M.S. No. 389

B.B.M.S. No. 369

Alternator - 2.25 litre Petrol and Diesel and 2.5 Diesel

Туре	Luc
Maximum D.C. output at 6000 rpm	34 a
Rotor — winding resistance	3.27
Stator — winding resistance per phase	0.13
New brush length	20 n
Renew brush at	10 n
Brush spring pressure	1.3
Regulator controlled voltage	13.6
5	

Lucas A115-34 34 amps 3.27 ohms at 20°C ± 5% 0.138 ohms at 20°C ± 5% 20 mm 10mm 1.3- 2.7 N (4.7-9.8 oz) 13.6- 14.4 volts measured across battery

Note: From the following engine numbers a 45 amp output alternator is fitted.

12J05497C	Land Rover 90/110 2.5 litre Diesel
11H05639C	Land Rover 902.3 litre Petrol
11H05629C	Land Rover 1102.3 litre Petrol

Alternator -V8 engine

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internation () engine	
Туре	Lucas A115-45
Maximum D.C. output at 6000 rpm	45 amps
Rotor — winding resistance	3.2 ohms at 20°C ± 5%
Stator — winding resistance per phase	0.092 ohms at 20°C ± 5%
New brush length	20 mm
Renew brush at	10mm
Brush spring pressure	1.3 - 2.7 N (4.7 - 9.8 oz)
Regulator controlled voltage	13.6- 14.4 volts measured across battery

Starter motor -2.25 Petrol engine

Type	
Brush spring tension	
Minimum brush length	

Starter motor -2.25 and 2.5 Diesel engine

Туре	Lucas 2M113
New brush length	22.2 mm (0.875 in)
Renew brush at	8 mm (0.312 in)
Armature end-float —	
Cast aluminium intermediate bracket	0,03 - 1,4 mm (0.001 - 0.056 in)
Pressed steel intermediate bracket	0,03 - 1,55 mm (0.001 - 0.061 in)
Commutator minimum diameter	38 mm (1.5 in)

Starter motor -V8 engine

Type	
Brush spring tension	
Brush minimum length	

Lucas 3M100 pre-engaged 1020gms (36 ozs) 9,5 mm (0.375 ins)

Lucas 2M100 1020gms (36 ozs) 9,5 mm (0.375 in)

GENERAL SPECIFICATION DATA

Wiper motor — All Models

Type
Armature end-float
Minimum brush length

Coil —All Petrol engines

Lucas 14W uprated two-speed 0,1 - 0,20 mm (0.004 - 0.008 in) 4,8 mm (0.190 in)



See 'ENGINE TUNING DATA'

Fuses - All Models

Туре

12cartridge fuses of the following values: Three 10amp **Six** 8 amp One 12amp Two 2.5 amp

Starter motor -2.5 litre Diesel - Later Models

Type

Paris Rhone D9R91 12volt

		Nor	mal		Emerge	ency soft		
Tyres — size and type		All load o	conditions	Unla	aden	Laden		
6.00-16 CROSS-PLY	bar lbf/in ² kgf/cm ²	Front 2,4 35 2,5	Rear 3,25 47 3,3	Front 1,1 16 1,1	Rear 1,1 16 1,1	Front 1,1 16 1,1	Rear 1,6 23 1,6	
7.50-16 CROSS-PLY	bar lbf/in ² kgf/cm ²	1,9 28 2,0	2,4 35 2,5	1,1 16 1,1	1,1 16 1.1	1,1 16 1,1	1,6 23 1,6	
205R16 RADIAL-PLY	bar lbf/in ² kgf/cm ²	1,9 28 2,0	2,4 35 2,5	1,1 16 1,1	1,1 16 1,1	1,1 16 1,1	1,6 23 1,6	
7.50R16 RADIAL-PLY	bar lbf/in ² kgf/cm ²	1,9 28 2,0	2,75 40 2,8	1,1 16 1,1	1,1 16 1,1	1,1 16 1,1	1,6 23 1,6	
7.50-16 CROSS-PLY	bar lbf/in ² kgf/cm ²	1,9 28 2,0	2,9 42 3,0	1,1 16 1,1	1,1 16 1,1	1,1 16 1,1	1,8 26 1,8	
750R16 RADIAL-PLY	bar Ibf/in ² kgf/cm ²	1,9 28 2,0	3,3 48 3,4	1,1 16 1,1	1,1 16 1,1	1,1 16 1,1	1,8 26 1,8	

TYRE PRESSURES

REPLACEMENT BULBS AND UNITS

2.5 J

-Hilbh

Headlamps:	
-UK and Europe (except France)	60155 W Halogen bulb
— Franceand Algeria	60155 W Halogen bulb, yellow
— Restof world, right-hand steering	75150W Sealed beam unit
-Rest of world, left-hand steering	60/50 W Sealed beam unit
Front side lamps	12v5W
Side repeater lamps	12v4 w
Stop/tail lamps	12v21/5W
Flasher lamps.	12v21w
Number plate lamp	12v4 w
Reverse lamp	12v21w
Rear fog guard lamp	12v21w
Interior lamp	12v21w
Warning lights	12v12w
Instrument illumination.	12v3w
Hazard switch warning light	12V0.6W

VEHICLE WEIGHTS AND PAYLOAD

Payload figures quoted in the accompanying table are nominal values for a base specification vehicle and will in general represent the maximum, as any options or extras fitted to the vehicle will increase its unladen weight and hence decrease its allowable payload.

When loading a vehicle to its maximum (Gross Vehicle Weight), consideration must be taken **of** the unladen vehicle weight and the distribution of the payload *to* ensure that axle loadings do not exceed the permitted maximum values. It is the customer's responsibility to limit the vehicle's payload in an appropriate manner such that neither maximum axle loads nor Gross Vehicle Weight are exceeded.

Model Petrol/Diesel			Soft Top			Pick-up			Hard Top		Station Wagon			
		2.5P	2.5D	3.5P	2.5P	2.5D	3.5P	2.5P	2.5D	3.5P	2.5P	2.5D	3.5P	
Gross Vehicle Weight	STANDA	ARDSUSPE	NSION 24	.00 kg										
EEC Kerb Weight	kg	1606	1643	1602	1635	1672	1631	1648	1685	1644	1690	1727	1686	
EEC Payload	kg	794	757	798	765	728	769	752	715	7Sb	710	673	714	
Unladen Weight	kg	1487	1519	1483	1516	1548	1512	1529	1561	1525	1571	1603	1567	
Payload	kg	913	881	917	884	852	888	871	839	875	829	797	833	
		Ν	laximum A	xle Weigh	ts, all Ninet	y models v	with Stand	ard Susper	ision					
				Front Ax	le 1200 kg	Rear A	xle 1380k	g						
Gross Vehicle Weight	HIGHLO) A D SUSPE	NSION 25	50 kg										
EEC Kerb Weight	kg	1633	1670	1629	1662	1699	1658	1675	1712	1671	1717	1754	1713	
EEC Payload	kg	917	880	921	888	851	892	875	838	879	833	796	837	
Unladen Weight	kg	1514	1546	1510	1543	1575	1539	1556	1588	1522	1598	1630	1594	
Payload	kg	1036	1004	1040	1007	975	1011	994	962	998	952	920	956	
		M	aximum Ax	de Weights	s, all Ninety	models w	ith High L	oad Susper	nsion					
				Front Axl	e 1200 kg	Rear A	xle 1500 k	<i>a</i>						

M. L.L. D. (Soft Top	1		Pick-up]	Hard Top)	Sta	tion Wag	gon	High C	apacity	Pick-up
Model — Petrol/Diesel		2.5P	2.5D	3.5P	2.5P	2.5D	3.5P	2.5P	2.5D	3.5P	2.5P	2.5D	351'	2.5P	2.5D	3.5P
Gross Vehicle Weight	UNLEV	VELLED S	SUSPEN	SION 30	050 k g											
EEC Kerb Weight	kg	1723	1742	1698	1724	1743	1699	1777	1796	1752	1887	1906	1862	1813	1859	1778
EEC Payload	kg	1327	1308	1352	1326	1307	1351	1273	1254	1298	1163	1144	1188	1237	1191	1272
Unladen Weight	kg	1588	1599	1563	1589	1600	1564	1642	1653	1617	1752	1763	1727	1678	1716	1643
Payload	kg	1462	1451	1487	1461	1450	1486	1408	1397	1433	1298	1287	1323	1372	1334	1407
			Maximu	m Axle V	Weights,	all One T	en mod	els with l	Jnlevelle	d Susper	nsion					
				F	ront Axl	e 1200 kg	Rea	ar Axle 1	850 kg							
Gross Vehicle Wcight	LEVEL	LED SUS	PENSIO	N 2950 k	(g											
BEC Kerb Weight	kg	1733	1752	1708	1734	1753	1709	1787	1806	1762	1897	1916	1872	1823	1869	1788
EEC Payload	kg	1217	1198	1242	1216	1197	1241	1163	1144	1188	1053	1034	1078	1127	1081	1162
Unladen Weight	kg	1598	1609	1573	1599	1610	1574	1652	1663	1627	1762	1773	1737	1688	1726	1653
Payload	kg	1352	1341	1377	1351	1340	1376	1298	1287	1323	1188	1177	1213	1262	1224	1297
-			M		Walahaa	. all One	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 - 1: 41-	T	C						

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V8 PETROL ENGINE TUNING DATA (with 4-speed gearbox and without electronic ignition)

ENGINE

Compression ratio
Firing order
Cylinder numbering system, front to rear:
Left bank
Right bank
Compression pressure (minimum)
Timing marks
Valve clearance.
Valve timing:
Inlet opens
Inlet closes
Inlet duration.
Inlet peak
Exhaust opens
Exhaust closes
Exhaust duration
Exhaust peak

CARBURETTERS

10 A. 4

Туре
European Australian
Other markets — non-emission
Needle:
Australian
Other markets — non-emission
— emission
Idle speed (engine hot):
Australian
Other markets — non-emission
— emission
Fast idle speed (engine hot)
Mixture setting — CO at idle:
Australian
Other markets

IGNITION

Coil make/type
Primary resistance at 20°C (68°F)
Consumption, ignition on, at 2000 rpm
Sparking plug type
Sparking plug gap
Ignition timing, dynamic or static
Fuel octane rating Australia.
Non-emission
Emission
Engine idle speed

9.35:1 or 8.13:1 Dependent upon market 1-8-4-3-6-5-7-2

1-3-5-7 2---4--6---8 9,5 kgf cm² (135 lbf in') On crankshaft pulley vibration damper Not adjustable

36" B.T.D.C. 64" A.B.D.C. 280° 99" A.T.D.C. 74" B.B.D.C. 26" A.T.D.C. 280" 119° B.T.D.C.

BIFH BIFQ

Two Solex 175 CDSE 175 CD3

BIFK

700 - 750 rpm (run-in) 550 - 650 rpm (new engine) 550 - 650 rpm 700 - 750 rpm (run-in) 550 - 650 rpm (new engine) 1050 - 1150 rpm

2% - 3.5% Pulsair connected 1.5% - 3% Pulsair connected

AC Delco with ballast resistor 1.2 - 1.4 ohms 1amp Champion N12Y or Unipart GSP131 0,71 - 0,84 mm (0.028 - 0.033 in) 5" to 7° B.T.D.C. 97 RON minimum 97 RON minimum 90 RON minimum 750 rpm maximum with vacuum pipe disconnected

ENGINE TUNING DATA

DISTRIBUTOR

Makehype	Lucas 35D8		
Rotation of rotor	Anti-clockwise		
Dwell angle	26" - 28''		
Contact breaker gap	0,35 - 0,40 mm (0.	014 - 0.016 in)	
Condenser capacity	0.18 - 0.25 microfa	arad	
Centrifugal advance range and capsule.	2" - 4" at 750 rpm	1° - 3" at 800 rpm	1
	12° - 14° at 2300 rpm	1	ADR
Vacuum advance capsule range	1/20 - 4 ¹ /2° at 10 in Hg	Emission 2 ¹ / ₂ ° - 4W at 10 in Hg	36
1 0	5" - 7° at 20 in Hg	Engines 7"-9" at 20 in Hg	Emission
Vacuum retard capsule range	5"- 7" at 9 in Hg	5"- 7" at 9 in Hg	Engines
1 0	5° - 7" at 14 in Hg	5"-7° at 14 in Hg	
	8	, <u> </u>	,

V8 ENGINE TUNING DATA (Ninety and One Ten V8 with 5-speed gearbox and electronic ignition)

EUROPE

ENGINE Compression ratio Valve timing Opens Closes Duration Valve peak	V8 cylinder 8.13:1 Inlet 30" B.T.D.C. 75" A.B.D.C. 285° 112.5" A.T.D.C.	Exhaust 68" B.B.D.C. 37" A.T.D.C. 285" 105.5" B.T.D.C.
CARBURETTERS Type Solex specification number Needle Idle speed (engine hot) Fast idle speed (engine hot) Mixture setting — CO at idle	2 x Solex 175 CDSE 3994 BIFK 700 to 750 rev/min (run-in er 550 to 650 rev/min (new eng 1050 to 1150 rev/min 1.5 to 3% Pulsair connected	5

IGNITION

IGNITION	
Distributor make/type	Ι
	Ι
Direction of rotation.	(
Centrifugal advance	
Decelerating check with vacuum retard pipe	
disconnected	
Engine rev/min	(
3600	2
2400	1
1600	5
1000	0
No advance below 500 rev/min	
Ignition timing, dynamic;	
models with emission control	6

Lucas 35 DM8 Electronic (Early Models) Lucas 35 DLM8 Electronic (Later Models) Clockwise

Crankshaft angle 22" to 28" 13" to 21" 5" to 9" 0" to **3**"

6"B.T.D.C. with vacuum pipes disconnected using 90-93 octane fuel — 2star rating in UK

V8 ENGINE TUNING DATA (Ninety and One Ten V8 with 5-speed gearbox and electronic ignition)

AUSTRALIA

ENGINE

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Compression ratio
Valve timing
Opens
Closes
Duration
Valve peak

CARBURETTERS

Туре
Solex specification number.
Needle
Idle speed (engine hot)

Fast idle speed (engine hot)
Mixture setting — CO at idle

IGNITION

Distributor makehype
Direction of rotation.
Centrifugal advance
Decelerating check with vacuum retard pipe
disconnected
Engine rev/min
2900
2400
1600
No advance below 800 rev/min
Ignition timing

V8 cylinder 9.35: 1 Inlet Exhaust 30" B.T.D.C. 68" B.B.D.C. 75" A.B.D.C. 37" A.T.D.C. 285" 285" 112.5" A.T.D.C. 105.5" B.T.D.C.

2 x Solex 175 CDSE 4104 BIFH 700 to 750 rev/min (run-in engine) 550 to 650 rev/min (new engine) 1050 to 1150 rev/min 2% to 3.5% Pulsair connected

Lucas 35 DM8 Electronic (Early Models) Lucas 35 DLM8 Electronic (Later Models) Clockwise

Crankshaft angle 12"to 16" 8" to 12" 2" to 6"

6" B.T.D.C. with vacuum pipes disconnected using 96 octane fuel

V8 ENGINE TUNING DATA (Ninety and One Ten V8 with 5-speed gearbox and electronic ignition)

SAUDI ARABIA

ENGINE	V8 cylinder	
Compression ratio	8.13:1	
Valve timing (low lift camshaft)	Inlet	Exhaust
Opens	36" B.T.D.C.	74" B.B.D.C.
Closes	64" A.B.D.C.	26° A.T.D.C.
Duration	280°	280°
Valve peak	99" A.T.D.C.	119° B.T.D.C.

ENGINE TUNING DATA

CARBURETTERS

Туре
Solex specification number.
Needle
Idle speed (engine hot)
Fast idle speed (engine hot)
Mixture setting — COat idle

IGNITION

Distributor make/type
Direction of rotation
Centrifugal advance
Decelerating check with vacuum retard pipe
disconnected
Engine rev/min
4600
3600
3000
2400
1600
No advance below 900 rev/min
Ignition timing, dynamic;
models with emission control

2 x Solex 175 CDSE 3999 BIFC 700 to 750 rev/min (run-in engine) 550 to 650 rev/min (new engine) 1050 to 1150 rev/min 1.5% to 3% Pulsair connected

Lucas 35 DM8 Electronic (Early Models) Lucas 35 DLM8 Electronic (Later Models) Clockwise

Crankshaft angle 21" to 25" 16" to 20° 12"to 16" 7" to 11" 1" to **3**"

6" B.T.D.C. with vacuum pipes disconnected using 90-93 octane fuel

V8 ENGINE TUNING DATA (Ninety and One Ten V8 with 5-speed gearbox and electronic ignition)

ALL COUNTRIES EXCEPT EUROPE, SAUDI ARABIA AND AUSTRALIA

	T 10	
ENGINE	V8 cylinder	
Compression ratio,	8.13:1	
Valve timing (low lift camshaft)	Inlet	Exhaust
Opens	36"B.T.D.C.	74"B.B.D.C.
Closes	64" A.B.D.C.	26" A.T.D.C.
Duration	280''	280"
Valve peak	99" A.T.D.C.	119"B.T.D.C.
CARBURETTERS		
Туре	2 x Solex 175 CDSE	
Solex specification number.	4000	
Needle		
Idle speed (engine hot)	700 to 750 rev/min (run-in engine)	
	550 to 650 rev/min (new engine)	
Fast idle speed (engine hot)	1050 to 1150 rev/min	

Fast idle speed (engine hot)

1050 to 1150 rev/min



IGNITION

Distributor make/type	
Direction of rotation	Lucas 35 DLM8 Electro Clockwise
Centrifugal advance	
Decelerating check with vacuum retard pipe	
disconnected	
Engine rev/min	Crankshaft angle
4200	23° to 27°
3500	20° to 24°
3000	16° to 20°
2000	8° to 12°
1200	2° to 6°
No advance below 400 rev/min	
Ignition timing, dynamic	6° B.T.D.C. with vacu octane fuel

Lucas 35 DM8 Electronic (Early Models) Lucas 35 DLM8 Electronic (Later Models) Clockwise

 6° B.T.D.C. with vacuum pipes disconnected using 90 octane fuel

2.25 LITRE PETROL ENGINE TUNING DATA

ENGINE

Firing order	1342	
Compression pressure (approximately):		
8.0:1 compression ratio	11,2 kgf cm ² (160 lbf in ²) @ 300 rpm cranking speed	
Ignition timing, static and dynamic up to 600 rpm:		
8.0:1 compression ratio	T.D.C. when using 90 octane fuel) with vacuum	
	3° A.T.D.C. when using 85 octane fuel pipe connected	
Timing marks	On crankshaft pulley	
Valve clearance, inlet and exhaust	0,25 mm (0.010 in) Engine hot	
Valve timing:		
Inlet opens	16° B.T.D.C.	
Inlet closes	42° A.B.D.C. With a 0,38 mm (0.015 in)	
Inlet peak	103° A.T.D.C. valve clearance.	
Exhaust opens	51° B.B.D.C. (Nominal setting for	
Exhaust closes	13° A.T.D.C. checking only.	
Exhaust peak	109° B.T.D.C.	

DISTRIBUTOR --- LUCAS

Туре
Rotation of rotor
Contact breaker gap
Dwell angle
Centrifugal advance range
0

DISTRIBUTOR — DUCELLIER

Type Rotation Contact breaker gap Dwell angle	Ducellier Sliding Contact Anti-clockwise 0,35 - 0,40 mm (0.014 - 0.016 in) 57°	
Centrifugal advance range	51	
Vacuum advance capsule range	19° - 21° at 2250 rpm	

Lucas 45D Anti-clockwise 0,35 - 0,40 mm (0.014 - 0.018 in) 46° - 56° 1° - 1° at 300 Distributor 19° - 21° at 2250 rpm 0° - ½° at 3.5 Hg 11° - 13° at 25 Hg

ENGINE TUNING DATA

SPARKING PLUGS

8.0:1 compression ratio
Gap

IGNITION COIL

Makehype
Primary resistance at 20°C (68°F)
Consumption — ignition on at engine idle speed

CARBURETTER

Make/type

Primary Secondary 24 25 Venturi 4 4 Auxiliary Venturi Main jet 110 115 160 160 Air correction jet F30 F30 Emulsion tube. 60 Idle jet 55 1% - 2.5% Idle CO% Idle speed — hot.. 600 - 700 rpm

2.5 LITRE PETROL ENGINE TUNING DATA

ENGINE

Firing order	1-3-4-2		
Compression pressure (approximately):	11,2 kgf cm ² (160 lbf in ²) @ 300 rpm cranking speed		
Ignition timing dynamic @ 2000 rpm		sing 90 octane fuel with vacuum pipe	
Static, if no dynamic equipment available	T.D.C.	disconnected	
Timing marks.	On crankshaft p	oulley	
Valve clearance, inlet and exhaust	0,25 mm (0.010	in) Engine hot	
Valve timing:			
Inlet opens	11° B.T.D.C.		1
Inlet closes	47° A.B.D.C.	With a 0,38 mm (0.015 in)	1
Inlet peak	108"A.T.D.C.	valve clearance.	
Exhaust opens	46" B.B.D.C.	Nominal setting for	
Exhaust closes	18"A.T.D.C.	checking only.	
Exhaust peak	104"B.T.D.C.		

DISTRIBUTOR -LUCAS

Туре
Rotation of rotor
Contact breaker gap
Dwell angle
Centrifugal advance range

Vacuum advance capsuie range

Lucas 45D4 Anti-clockwise 0,35 - 0,40 mm (0.014 - 0.016 in) 49" - 59" 0° - 1" at 500 Distributor rpm 18" - 20" at 2250 Distributor rpm 0° - ½° at 3.5 Hg 11" - 13" at 25 Hg

Champion N12Y or Unipart **GSP** 131 0,75 - 0,80 mm (0.029 - 0.032 in)

AC Delco 7992188 3.0 - 3.5 ohms 2.0 amps approx.

Weber 32/34 DMTL



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2

5**%**...

SPARKING PLUGS 8.0:1 compression ratio
Gap

Champion N9YC 0,72 - 0,88 mm (0.028 - 0.035 in)

Weber 32/34 DMTL

175

IGNITION COIL

Make/type	Bosch 0221 119 368
Primary resistance at 20°C (68°F)	2.9 ohms
Consumption — ignition on at engine idle speed	2.0 amps approx.

CARBURETTER

Makehype.
Needle valve

Venturi Auxiliary Venturi Main jet Air correction jet Emulsion tube	Primary 24 4 112 160 F30	Secondary 25 4 112 190
Idle jet Idle CO% Idle speed — hot — Non Air Conditioning Idle speed — hot — Air Conditioning Float level	52 1.5% ± 1%	F39 60

2.25 and 2.5 LITRE DIESEL ENGINE TUNING DATA

ENGINE

Firing order	1-34-2
Injection timing	13"B.T.D.C. (2.25 litre Diesel)
Timing marks:	
Valve timing	On engine flywheel and damper on 2.5 Diesel
Injection timing	On engine flywheel and pump flange
Valve clearance inlet and exhaust	0,25 mm (0.010 in)
Valve timing:	
Inlet opens	16"B.T.D.C.
Inlet closes	42" A.B.D.C.
Inlet peak	103° A.T.D.C.
Exhaust opens	51° B.B.D.C.
Exhaust closes	13"A.T.D.C.
Exhaust peak	109° B.T.D.C.
Low idle speed	$650 \pm 20 \mathrm{rpm}$
High idle speed	4200 ± 20 rpm
	-

INJECTORS

Makehype
Nozzle size
Opening pressure

CAV Pintaux BDNO/SPC 6209 or BDNO/SP 6209 135 Atm
ENGINE TUNING DATA

HEATER PLUGS

05

Make/type

Probe type, Champion CH 63 12 volt



DISTRIBUTOR PUMP

Makehype	Ν	Ial	ke	hy	pe.				• • •											•••					•••		•••	
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Direction of rotation..... Maximum speed setting (sealed) 2.25 engine Maximum speed setting (sealed) 2.50 engine Back leakage rate 150- 100 Atm: New nozzle Original nozzle... CAV DPA-2.25 DPS-2.50 type with mechanical governor and auto advance and solenoid electrical shut-off Clockwise, viewed from drive end 4200 engine rpm 4400 ± 8 rpm

7 seconds 5 seconds

TORQUE WRENCH SETTINGS

ENGINE25 litre Petrol and Diesel	Nm	lbf ft
Bearing in water pump casing	7 _10	5 _7.3
Breather filter to top cover	7 _10	5 _7.3
By-pass housing to thermostat housing	22 _28	16 _20.6
Carburetter to inlet manifold	22 _28	16 _20.6
Chainwheel pulley to camshaft	40 _50	30 _36.8
Clutch cover plate to flywheel	30 _38	22 _28
Connecting rod to cap	37 _41	27_30
Fan assembly to water pump hub	22 _28	16_20.6
Fly wheel to crankshaft	130 _143	96 _105
Fuel pump to side cover	20 _28	14.7 _20.6
Heat shield bracket to manifold	22 _28	16_20.6
Heat shield to bracket	22 _28	16_20.6
Oil strainer to mounting bracket	22 _28	16_20.6
P. clip to lifting bracket	7 _10	5_7.3
Plug to immersion heater tapping	20 _28	14.7 _20.6
Oil pump cover to pump body	20_28	14.7 _20.6
Rocker shaft to pedestal	20 _27	14.7 _20
Solenoid heat shield to manifold heat shield	22 _28	16_20.6
Starter motor to housing	40_50	30_36.8
Sump plug to sump	30_40	22 _29.5
Distributor clamp	13_19	9.5 .14
Distributor to adaptor	7 _10	5_7.3
Pulley to crankshaft	260 _280	192_206
Water temperature to cylinder head adaptor	14 . 18	10.3 -13.2
Spark plug	14 - 19	10.3 - 14
Adaptor for water temperature transmitter to		
cylinder head	22 _28	16 _20.6
Cover thermostat housing to cylinder head	7 _10	5 _7.3
Lifting bracket to cylinder head	27 _40	20 _29.5
Rocker pedestal to cylinder head	22 _28	16_20.6
Top cover to cylinder head	8.11	6 - 8
Alternator adjusting link to cylinder block	22 _28	16_20.6
Alternator mounting bracket to cylinder block	22 _28	16_20.6
Camshaft thrust plate to cylinder block	7 _10	5 _7.3
Chain damper to cylinder block	7_10	5 _7.3
Cylinder head (Diesel) to cylinder block	115 _130	84.8 _95.8
Cylinder head (Petrol) to cylinder block	91 _113	67 _83
DPA injector pump (Diesel) to cylinder block	22 _28	16_20.6
Distributor housing (Petrol) to cylinder block	22 _28	16 _20.6
Drive shaft/gear to cylinder block	10_17	7.4 12.5
Engine mounting foot to cylinder block	80 <u>_</u> 95	59 _70
Flywheel housing to cylinder block	40 _50	30 _36.8
Front cover to cylinder block	22 _28	16_20.6
Main bearing cap (Diesel) to cylinder block	130 _136	96 _100
Main bearing cap (Petrol) to cylinder block	130 _136	96 _100
Oil feed pipe to cylinder block	20 _25	14.7 _18.4
Oil filter to cylinder block	40 _50	30 _36.8
Oil pump to cylinder block	22 _28	16_20.6
Plug oil gallery front to cylinder block	30 _40	22 _30
Plug oil gallery rear to cylinder block	30 _40	22 _30
Side cover to cylinder block	22 _28	16 _20.6
Side cover FP mounting to cylinder block	22 _28	16 _20.6
Sump to cylinder block (bolts and nuts)	15 _20	11 _14.7
Water pump to cylinder block	22 _28	16_20.6
Dipstick tube assembly to cylinder block	22 _28	16 _20.6

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	N	N 6.6
ENGINE _2.5 litre Diesel	Nm	lbf ft
DPS pump studs to front cover	6-10	4.5 _7.3
DPS pump to front cover	22 _28	16_20.6
DPS pump to support bracket	22 _28	16 _20.6
Pulley to DPS pump	42 _48	31 _35.4
Distributor pipe banjo bolts	14_20	10.3 -15
Tensioner assembly	22 _28	16_20.6
Vacuum pump	22 _28	16_20.6
Oil squirt to cylinder block	14_20	10.3 _15
Throttle linkage to DPS pump	5 - 7	4 - 5
Throttle bracket to DPS pump	5 - 7	4 - 5
Front cover to cylinder block	22 _28	16 _20.6
Front cover plate to cylinder block	22 _28	16_20.6
Cover plate to front cover plate	22 _28	16_20.6
Cowl mounting bracket to front cover	22 _28	16_20.6
Timing pointer to front cover	22 _28	16_20.6
Drain plate to front cover	7 - 10	5 _7.3
ENGINE <u>V</u> 8 Petrol engine		
Air intake adaptor to carbs	24	17
Alternator mounting bracket o cylinder head	34	25
Alternator to mounting bracket	24	17
Alternator to adjusting link	24	17
Chainwheel to camshaft	54 _61	40 _45
Connecting rod bolt	47 _54	35 _40
Clutch attachment to flywheel	24 _30	18 _22
Cylinder head:		
Outer row	54_61	40 _45
Centre row	88_95	65_70
Inner row	88 _95	65_70
Distributor clamp bolt	19 _22	14-16
Exhaust manifold to cylinder heads	19 _22	14-16
Fan attachment	11,5	9
Flywheel to crankshaft	74 _81	55_60
Inlet manifold to cylinder heads	47 _54	35 _40
Lifting eye to cylinder heads.,	24	17
Main bearing cap bolts	68 _75	50 _55
Main bearing cap rear bolts	88 _95	65_70
Manifold gasket clamp bolt	13,5 _20	10_15
Oil pump cover to timing cover	11_14	8 - 10
Oil plug	25 _30	18_22
Oil relief valve cap	40	30
Oil sump drain plug	40,6 _47	30 _35
Oil sump to cylinder block	8-11	5 - 8
Oil sump rear to cylinder block	17,6 _20.3	13 _15
Rocker cover to cylinder head	7	5
Rocker shaft bracket to cylinder head	34 _40	25_30
Spark plug	13,8 _16.2	10-12
Starter motor attachment	40,6 _47,4	30 _35
Damper to crankshaft	257 _285	190 _210
Timing cover to cylinder block	24 _30	18 _22
Tempatrol unit to water pump	36 _40	27 _30
Water pump pulley to water pump hub	23	17
Water pump timing cover to cylinder block	24 _30	18 22
CLUTCH V8 Petrol engine	Nm	lbf ft
Clutch cover bolts	27.5	20
Slave cylinder bolts	27.5	20 20
Slave cyllinder bolts	41.3	20

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ุกษ์โ (เล	CLUTCH — 4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine	Nm	lbf ft
: ≩ ■	Clutch cover bolts	30 _38	22 _28
	MAIN GEARBOX (FIVE-SPEED)LT 77 mm 4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine		
	Oil pump body to extension case	7 _10	5 - 7
	Clip to clutch release lever	7 - 10	5 - 7
	Attachment plate to gearcase	7 - 10	5 - 7
	Attachment plate to remote housing	7 _10	5 - 7
	Extension case to gearcase	22 _28	16-21
	Pivot plate	22 _28	16-21
	Remote selector housing to extension case	22 _28	16-21
	Gear lever housing to remote housing	22 _28	16-21
	Guide clutch release sleeve	22 _28	16-21
	Slave cylinder to clutch housing	22 _28	16-21
	Front cover to gearcase	22 _28	16-21
	5th support bracket	22 _28	16-21
	Plunger housing to remote housing	22 _28	16-21
	Blanking plug extension case	7 - 10	5 - 7
••• <u>1</u> 94	Gear lever retainer	7 - 10	5 - 7
• , •	Yoke to selector shaft	22 _28	16-21
	Fixing gear lever assembly nut	40 _47	30 - 35
	Reverse pin to centre plate nut	47 _54	35 - 40
	Clutch housing to gearbox bolt.	65 _80	48 - 59
	Plug — detent spring	22 _28	16-21
	Oil drain plug	25 _35	19-26
	Oil filter plug	25 _35	19-26
	Plug oil filler — remote housing	25 _35	19-26
	Breather	7 - 11	5-8
	Oil level plug	25_35	19-26
	Blanking plug — reverse switch hole	20 _27	15-20
	Fifth gear layshaft nut	204 _231	130 - 170
	MAIN GEARBOX (FIVE-SPEED)LT85 V8 engine		
	Stop <u>4</u> th speed adjustment	7 - 10	5 - 7
	Clip to clutch release lever	7 - 10	5 - 7 5 - 7
	Spring housing to top cover	7 - 10	5-7
	Plate <u>lower</u> (retained with Loctite 270)	22 _28	16-21
	Slave cylinder to clutch housing	22 _28	16-21
	5th fork bracket	22 _28	16-21
	Front cover to bearing plate	22 _28	16 _21
	Plate — Lower (upper fixings)	22 _28	16_21
	Selector fork to shaft and reverse beam to shaft	22 _28	16_21
	Top cover to gearbox	22 _28	16_21
	1st/2nd selector fork to shaft	30 _40	22 _30
	Extension case to gearbox	47 _54	35 _40
	Extension case to gearbox	47 . 54	35 _40
	Extension case to gearbox	47 _54	35 _40
	Extension case to gearbox	47 _54	35 _40
	Clutch housing/bearing plate/gearbox	65 _80	48 _59
	Layshaft	204 _231	150-170
	Reverse lever pivot	65 _80	48 _59
	Gross hole/gearbox casing	135 _20	10 _15
	Filler/top cover	25 _35	19 _26
	Oil level/gear case	25 _35	19 _26
	Filter plug	65 _80	48 _59
	Drain plug	25 _35	19 _26
	Reverse light switch hole-blanking plug	13,5 _20	10 - 15
	Switch reverse light (optional)	13,5 _20	10 - 15

TRANSFER BOX LT230R		
4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine	Nm	Ibf ft
Pinch bolt, operating arm	7 - 10	5 - 7
Gate plate to grommet plate	7 - 10	5 - 7
End cover	7 - 10	5 - 7
Speedometer cable retainer	7 - 10	5 - 7
Speedometerhousing/rear output	Seenote	
Locating plate to gear change housing	5 - 7	4 - 5
Bottom cover to transfer case	22 _28	16_21
Front output housing to transfer case	22 _28	16_21
Cross shaft housing to front output housing	22 _28	16-21
Gear change housing	22 _28	16_21
Pivot shaft	22 _28	16_21
Connecting rod	22 _28	16_21
Retaining plate intermediate shaft	22 _28	16_21
Front output housing cover	22 _28	16_21
Gear change housing	22 _28	16_21
Bracket to extension housing	22 _28	16_21
Finger housing to front output housing	22 _28	16_21
Mainshaft bearing housing	22 _28	16_21
Brake drum	22 _28	16_21
Gearbox to transfer box	40_50	29_37
Bearing housing to transfer gearbox	40_50	29_37
Speedometer housing to transfer gearbox	40_50	29_37
Selector fork to cross shaft	22 _28	16_21
Yoke to selector shaft high/low	22 _28	16_21
Selector fork high/low to shaft	22 _28	16_21
Operating arm high/low	22 _28	16 _21
Transmission brake	65 _80	48_59
Gearbox to transfer case	40_50	29_37
Gearbox to transfer case	See note	
Oil drain plug	25 _35	19 _26
Differential case	55_64	40_47
Output flange	146_179	108_132
Differential case rear and shaft main drive		
214-wheel drive	66 .80	50_60
Link arm and cross shaft lever to ball joint	8 - 12	6-9
Oil filler/level plug	25 _35	19_26
Transfer breather	7 - 11	5 - 8

NOTE:- Studs to be assembled into casings with sufficient torque to wind them fully home. but this torque must not exceed the maximum figure quoted for the associated nut on final assembly.

TRANSFER GEARBOX LT230T

4 cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine and V8		
Fixings securing mounting brackets to gearbox	80 _100	59 _73
Pinch bolt operating arm	7 - 10	5 - 7
Gate plate to grommet plate	7 - 10	5 - 7
Bearing housing to transfer case	7 - 10	5 - 7
Speedometer cable retainer	7 - 10	5 - 7
speedometer housing	See note	
Locating plate to gear change	5 - 7	4 - 5
Bottom cover to transfer	22 _28	16_21
Front output housing to transfer	22 _28	16_21
Front output housing to transfer	22 _28	16 _21

TRANSFER GEARBOX LT230T —		
4 cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine and V8 (cont.)	Nm	lbf ft
Cross shaft housing to front output housing	22 _28	16 _21
Gear change	22 _28	16 _21
Gear change	22 _28	16 _21
Cross shaft to high/low lever	22 _28	16 _21
Pivot shaft to link arm	22 _28	16 _21
Connecting rod	22 _28	16 _21
Anti-rotation plate intermediate shaft	22 _28	16 _21
Front output housing cover	22 _28	16_21
Pivot bracket to extension housing	22 _28	16 _21
Finger housing to front output housing	22 _28	16 _21
Mainshaft bearing housing to transfer case	22 _28	16 _21
Brake drum to coupling flange	22 _28	16 _21
Gearbox to transfer case	40 _50	29 _37
Gearbox to transfer case	40 _50	29 _37
End cover bearing housing to transfer case	40 _50	29 _37
Speedometer housing to transfer	40 _50	29 _37
Speedometer housing to transfer	40 _50	29 _37
Selector finger to cross shaft (high/low)	22 _28	16 _21
Selector fork high/low to shaft	22 _28	16 _21
Transmission brake to speedometer housing	65 _80	48 _59
Gearbox to transfer case	40 _50	29 _37
Transfer case assembly	See note	
Oil drain plug	25 _35	19 _26
Detent plug		Hylomar and peened.
		ring solid) then turn two
	complete turns back.	
Differential casings	55 _64	40 _47
Front and rear out flange	146 179	108 -132
Differential case rear	66 -80	50 _59
Oil filler and level plug transfer	25 _35	19 _26
Transfer breather	7 - 11	5 - 8
Inter shaft stake nut	130 -140	96 _104

NOTE:- Studs to be assembled into casings with sufficient torque to wind them fully home. but this torque must **not** exceed the maximum figure quoted for the associated nut on final assembly.

GEARBOX AND TRANSFER BOX LT95 _____ V8 Petrol engine

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	266 44.9	22 22
Bell housing to cylinder block bolts	36,6 _44,8	27 _33
Gearbox casing to bell housing 2 off	146,5 _179	108 _132
Gearbox casing to bell housing 2 off	85,4 _104,4	63 _77
Gearbox casing to bell housing nuts	85,4 _104,4	63 _77
Gearbox casing to bell housing stud and nuts	146,5 _179	108 _132
Output flange — rear—nut and bolts	43,4 _51,5	32 _38
Output shaft — rear — nut	146,5 _179	108 _132
Output shaft — front — nut	146,5 _179	108 _132
Gear selector spherical scat bolts	13,6 _16,3	10 - 12
Propeller shaft to flange bolts	43,4 _51,5	32 _38
All other nuts and bolts:		
Мб	9,9 _11,9	7.3 _8.7
M8	23,7 _29.7	17.5 _21.3
M10	48 _58	35.4 _42.8

06 TORQUE WRENCH SETTINGS

		-
FRONTAXLE	Nm	Ibf ft
Hub driving member to hub	60-70	44 _52
Brake disc to hub	65 . 80	48 _59
Stub axle to swivel pin housing	60_70	44-52 88 - 111
Brake caliper to swivel pin housing	120_150	
Upper swivel pin to swivel pin housing	60_70	44 _52
Lower swivel pin to swivel pin housing	22 _28	16 _ 21
Oil seal retainer to swivel pin housing	7 - 10	5 - 7
Swivel bearing housing to axle case	65 <u>80</u>	48 _ 59
Pinion housing to axle case	36 _46	26 _34
Crown wheel to differential case	55 -61	40 _45
Differential bearing cap to pinion housing	80 _100	54 _74
U/J flange to prop shaft	41 - 52 7 - 10	30 _38
Mudshield to swivel pin housing	95 <u>1</u> 63	5 - 7
Bevel pinion nut	95 -105	70 _120
REAR AXLE AND FINAL DRIVE		
Crown wheel to differential case	150_170	111 _125
Rear cover to axle case	20 _27	15 _20
Ball joint mounting bracket to axle case	125_142	92 _105
U/J flange to prop shaft	41 _52	30 _38
Drum to hub	15_20	11_15
Rear brake assembly and stub axle rear to axle case	60_70	44-52
Hub driving member to hub	60_70	44 _ 52
	00 -70	→ → <i>J L</i>
PROPELLER SHAFTS		
Coupling flange bolts	43 - 51	32 _38
REAR SUSPENSION	176	120
Bottom link to chassis nut	176	130
Bottom link to mounting rubber nuts	64 47	47 25
Top link bracket to chassis nuts	47	35 24
Bump stop rubber bracket nuts	32	24
Shock absorber bracket to chassis nuts	64	47
Shock absorber upper attachment to bracket	82	60 19
Anti roll bar bush to chassis nuts	24	18
Upper link ball joint to axle castle nut	176	130
Anti roll bar ball joint castle nut	40	30
Shock absorber lower attachment nuts	75	55
STEERING AND FRONT SUSPENSION		
Tie bar to mounting arm nut	81	60
Mounting arm to chassis nuts	176	130
Tie bar to steering box nuts	81	60
Panard rod to mounting arm nut	176	130
Panard rod to anchor bracket nut	176	130
Panard rod mounting bracket to chassis bolts	115 _130	85_96
Drop arm to drag link castle nut	81	60
Steering damper to drag link nut	50	37
Drop arm to steering box nut	176	130
Radius arm to axle nuts	176	130
Steering box to chassis nuts	81	60
Radius arms to chassis nuts	176	130
Track rod ciamp boit nuts	170	10
Drag link clamp bolt nuts	14	10
Steering wheel retaining nut	38	10 28
Road wheel nuts	108	28 80
Ball joint nuts	41	80 30
Collapsible coupling nuts	4 5	30 33
Conapsible coupling nuts	ч	55

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BRAKES		
Brake disc to hub	65_80	48 _59
Brake caliper to swivel housing	120 _150	88 _111
Brake pipe connections to:		
P.D.W.A. valve	9 - 11	7 - 8
Servo, primary port	9_11	7 - 8
Servo, secondary port	20_24	15_18
Jump hose — female.,	11_13,5	8-10
Wheel cylinders	6.8 _9.5	5 - 7
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT8 engine		
Alternator:		
Shaft nut	27.2 _47,5	20 _35
Through bolts	4.5 _6.2	3.3 .4.6
Rectifier bolts	3.4 _3.96	2.5 _2.9
Starter motor to engine bolts	40.6 . 47. 4	30_35
Starter motor:		
Through bolts	10.8	8.0
Solenoid fixing stud nut	6	4.5
Solenoid upper terminal nut	4	3.0
Reverse light switch	20 _27	15 _20
Lucas 35 DM8 Electronic ignition distributor V8 engine		
Pick up bearing plate support pillars	1.0 _1.2	9-11
	1.0 _ 1.2 1.1-1.5	9-11 10 - 12
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT 4-cylinder Petrol		/
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine		/
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine Alternator:	1.1-1.5	10 -12
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine Alternator: Shaft nut	1.1-1.5 27.2 _ 47.5	10 -12
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine Alternator: Shaft nut Through bolts	1.1-1.5 27.2 _47.5 4. 5 _6.2	10 -12 20 -35 3.3 -4.6
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine Alternator: Shaft nut Through bolts Rectifier bolts	1.1-1.5 27.2 _47.5 4.5 _6.2 3.4 _3.96	10 -12 20 -35 3.3 -4.6 2.5 -2.9
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine Alternator: Shaft nut Through bolts Rectifier bolts Heater plugs — Diesel	1.1-1.5 27.2 _47.5 4.5 _6.2 3.4 _3.96 15 _30	10 -12 20 -35 3.3 -4.6 2.5 -2.9 11-22
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine Alternator: Shaft nut Through bolts Rectifier bolts Heater plugs — Diesel Starter motor to engine	1.1-1.5 27.2 _47.5 4.5 _6.2 3.4 _3.96	10 -12 20 -35 3.3 -4.6 2.5 -2.9
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine Alternator: Shaft nut Through bolts Rectifier bolts Heater plugs — Diesel Starter motor to engine Petrol models:	1.1-1.5 27.2 _47.5 4.5 _6.2 3.4 _3.96 15 _30 40 _50	10 -12 20 -35 3.3 -4.6 2.5 -2.9 11-22 30 -36.8
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine Alternator: Shaft nut Through bolts Rectifier bolts Heater plugs — Diesel Starter motor to engine Petrol models: Starter through bolts	1.1-1.5 27.2 _47.5 4.5 _6.2 3.4 _3.96 15 _30	10 -12 20 -35 3.3 -4.6 2.5 -2.9 11-22
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine Alternator: Shaft nut Through bolts Rectifier bolts Heater plugs — Diesel Starter motor to engine Petrol models: Starter through bolts Diesel models:	1.1-1.5 27.2 _47.5 4.5 _6.2 3.4 _3.96 15 _30 40 _50 10.8	10 -12 20 -35 3.3 -4.6 2.5 -2.9 11-22 30 -36.8 8
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine Alternator: Shaft nut Through bolts Rectifier bolts Heater plugs — Diesel Starter motor to engine Petrol models: Starter through bolts Diesel models: Solenoid to starter nuts	1.1-1.5 27.2 _47.5 4.5 _6.2 3.4 _3.96 15 _30 40 _50 10.8 6	10 -12 20 -35 3.3 -4.6 2.5 -2.9 11-22 30 -36.8 8 4.5
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine Alternator: Shaft nut Through bolts Rectifier bolts Heater plugs — Diesel Starter motor to engine Petrol models: Starter through bolts Diesel models: Solenoid to starter nuts Solenoid outer terminal nuts	1.1-1.5 27.2 _47.5 4.5 _6.2 3.4 _3.96 15 _30 40 _50 10.8 6 4	10 -12 20 -35 3.3 -4.6 2.5 -2.9 11-22 30 -36.8 8 4.5 3
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine Alternator: Shaft nut Through bolts Rectifier bolts Heater plugs — Diesel Starter motor to engine Petrol models: Starter through bolts Diesel models: Solenoid to starter nuts Solenoid outer terminal nuts Starter yoke terminal outer nut	1.1-1.5 27.2 _47.5 4.5 _6.2 3.4 _3.96 15 _30 40 _50 10.8 6 4 2	10 -12 20 -35 3.3 -4.6 2.5 -2.9 11-22 30 -36.8 8 4.5 3 1.5
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine Alternator: Shaft nut Through bolts Rectifier bolts Heater plugs — Diesel Starter motor to engine Petrol models: Starter through bolts Diesel models: Solenoid to starter nuts Solenoid outer terminal nuts Starter through bolts	1.1-1.5 27.2 _47.5 4.5 _6.2 3.4 _3.96 15 _30 40 _50 10.8 6 4 2 10.8	10 -12 20 -35 3.3 -4.6 2.5 -2.9 11-22 30 -36.8 8 4.5 3 1.5 8
Pick up bearing plate support pillars Pickupbarrelnuts ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT _4-cylinder Petrol and Diesel engine Alternator: Shaft nut Through bolts Rectifier bolts Heater plugs — Diesel Starter motor to engine Petrol models: Starter through bolts Diesel models: Solenoid to starter nuts Solenoid outer terminal nuts Starter yoke terminal outer nut	1.1-1.5 27.2 _47.5 4.5 _6.2 3.4 _3.96 15 _30 40 _50 10.8 6 4 2	10 -12 20 -35 3.3 -4.6 2.5 -2.9 11-22 30 -36.8 8 4.5 3 1.5

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GENERAL FITTING INSTRUCTIONS

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST DAMAGE

- 1. Always fit covers to protect wings before commencing work in engine compartment.
- 2. Cover seats and carpets, wear clean overalls and wash hands or wear gloves before working inside car.
- 3. Avoid spilling hydraulic fluid or battery acid on paint work. Wash *aff* with water immediately if this occurs. Use Polythene sheets in boot to protect carpets.
- 4. Always use a recommended Service Tool, or a satisfactory equivalent, where specified.
- 5. Protect temporarily exposed screw threads by replacing nuts or fitting plastic caps.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- 1: Whenever possible use a ramp or pit when working beneath vehicle, in preference to jacking. Chock wheels as well as applying hand brake.
- 2. Never rely on a jack alone to support vehicle. Use axle stands or blocks carefully placed at jacking points to provide rigid location.
- **3.** Ensure that a suitable form of fire extinguisher is conveniently located.
- 4. Check that any lifting equipment used has adequate capacity and is fully serviceable.
- 5. Inspect power leads of any mains electrical equipment for damage and check that it is properly earthed.
- 6. Disconnect earth (grounded) terminal of vehicle battery.
- 7. Do not disconnect any pipes in air conditioning refrigeration system, if fitted, unless trained and instructed to do so. A refrigerant is used which can cause blindness if allowed to contact eyes.
- 8. Ensure that adequate ventilation is provided when volatile degreasing agents are being used.

WARNING: Fume extraction equipment must be in operation when trachloride, methylene chloride, chloroform or perchlorethylene are used for cleaning purposes.

- 9. Do not apply heat in an attempt to free stiff nuts or fittings; as well as causing damage to protective coatings, there is a risk of damage to electronic equipment and brake lines from stray heat.
- 10. Do not leave tools, equipment, spilt oil etc., around or on work area.
- **11.** Wear protective overalls and use barrier creams when necessary.

PREPARATION

- 1. Before removing a component, clean it and its surrounding areas as thoroughly as possible.
- 2. Blank off any openings exposed by component removal, using greaseproof paper and masking tape.
- **3.** Immediately seal fuel, oil or hydraulic lines when separated, using plastic caps or plugs, to prevent loss of fluid and entry of dirt.
- 4. Close open ends of oilways, exposed by component removal, with tapered hardwood plugs or readily visible plastic plugs.
- 5. Immediately a component is removed, place it in a suitable container; use a separate container for each component and its associated parts.
- 6. Before dismantling a component, clean it thoroughly with a recommended cleaning agent; check that agent is suitable for all materials of component.
- 7. Clean bench and provide marking materials, labels, containers and locking wire before dismantling a component.

DISMANTLING

- 1. Observe scrupulous cleanliness when dismantling components, particularly when brake, fuel or hydraulic system parts are being worked on. A particle of dirt or a cloth fragment could cause a dangerous malfunction if trapped in these systems.
- 2. Blow out all tapped holes, crevices, oilways and fluid passages with an air line. Ensure that any 0-rings used for sealing are correctly replaced or renewed, if disturbed.
- 3. Mark mating parts to ensure that they are replaced as dismantled. Whenever possible use marking ink, which avoids possibilities of distortion or initiation of cracks, liable if centre punch or scriber are used.
- **4.** Wire together mating parts where necessary to prevent accidental interchange (e.g. roller bearing components).
- 5. Wire labels on to all parts which are to be renewed, and to parts requiring further inspection before being passed for reassembly; place these parts in separate containers from those containing parts for rebuild.
- 6. Do not discard a part due for renewal until after comparing it with a new part, to ensure that its correct replacement has been obtained.

INSPECTION — GENERAL

- 1. Never inspect a component for wear or dimensional check unless it is absolutely clean; a slight smear of grease can conceal an incipient failure.
- 2. When a component is to be checked dimensionally against figures quoted for it, use correct equipment (surface plates, micrometers, dial gauges, etc.) in serviceable condition. Makeshift checking equipment can be dangerous.
- 3. Reject a component if its dimensions are outside limits quoted, or if damage is apparent. A part may, however, be refitted if its critical dimension is exactly limit size, and is otherwise satisfactory.
- **4.** Use 'Plastigauge' 12 Type PG-1 for checking bearing surface clearances; directions for its use, and a scale giving bearing clearances in 0,0025 mm (0.0001 in) steps are provided with it.

BALL AND ROLLER BEARINGS

NEVER REPLACE **A** BALL OR ROLLER BEARING WITHOUT FIRST ENSURING THAT IT IS IN AS-NEW CONDITION.

- 1. Remove all traces of lubricant from bearing under inspection by washing in petrol or a suitable degreaser; maintain absolute cleanliness throughout operations.
- 2. Inspect visually for markings of any form on rolling elements, raceways, outer surface of outer rings or inner surface of inner rings. Reject any bearings found to be marked, since any marking in these areas indicates onset of wear.
- 3. Holding inner race between finger and thumb of one hand, spin outer race and check that it revolves absolutely smoothly. Repeat, holding outer race and spinning inner race.
- **4.** Rotate outer ring gently with a reciprocating motion, while holding inner ring; feel for any check or obstruction to rotation, and reject bearing if action is not perfectly smooth.
- 5. Lubricate bearing generously with lubricant appropriate to installation.
- 6. Inspect shaft and bearing housing for discolouration or other marking suggesting that movement has taken place between bearing and seatings. (This is particularly to be expected if related markings were found in operation 2.) If markings are found, use 'Loctite' in installation of replacement bearing.
- 7. Ensure that shaft and housing are clean and free from burrs before fitting bearing.
- 8. If one bearing of a pair shows an imperfection it is generally advisable to renew both bearings: an exception could be made if the faulty bearing had covered a low mileage, and it could be established that damage was confined to it only.

9. When fitting bearing to shaft, apply force only to inner ring of bearing, and only to outer ring when fitting into housing.



- 10. In the case of grease-lubricated bearings (e.g. hub bearings) fill space between bearing and outer seal with recommended grade of grease before fitting
- seal.Always mark components of separable bearings (e.g. taper roller bearings) in dismantling, to ensure correct reassembly. Never fit new rollers in a used cup.

OIL SEALS

- 1. Always fit new oil seals when rebuilding an assembly. It is not physically possible to replace a seal exactly when it has bedded down.
- 2. Carefully examine seal before fitting to ensure that it is clean and undamaged.
- 3. Smear sealing lips with clean grease; pack dust excluder seals with grease, and heavily grease duplex seals in cavity between sealing lips.
- 4. Ensure that seal spring, if provided, is correctly fitted.
- 5. Place lip of seal towards fluid to be sealed and slide into position on shaft, using fitting sleeve when possible to protect sealing lip from damage by sharp corners, threads or splines. If fitting sleeve is not available, use plastic tube or adhesive tape to prevent damage to sealing lip.





6. Grease outside diameter of seal, place square to housing recess and press into position, using great care and if possible a 'bell piece' to ensure that seal is not tilted. (In some cases it may be preferable to fit seal to housing before fitting to shaft.) Never let weight of unsupported shaft rest in seal.

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- 7. If correct service tool is not available, use a suitable drift approximately 0,4 mm (0.015 in) smaller than outside diameter of seal. Use a hammer VERY GENTLY on drift if a press is not suitable.
- 8. Press or drift seal in to depth of housing if housing is shouldered, or flush with face of housing where no shoulder is provided. Ensure that the seal does not enter the housing in a tilted position.

NOTE: Most cases of failure or leakage of oil seals are due to careless fitting, and resulting damage to both seals and sealing surfaces. Care in fitting is essential if good results are to be obtained.

JOINTS AND JOINT FACES

- 1. Always use correct gaskets where they are specified.
- 2. Use jointing compound only when recommended. Otherwise fit joints dry.
- 3. When jointing compound is used, apply in a thin uniform film to metal surfaces; take great care to prevent it from entering oilways, pipes or blind tapped holes.
- 4. Remove all traces of old jointing materials prior to reassembly. Do not use a tool which could damage joint faces.
- 5. Inspect joint faces for scratches or burrs and remove with a fine file or oil stone; do not allow swarf or dirt to enter tapped holes or enclosed parts.
- 6. Blow out any pipes, channels or crevices with compressed air, renewing any 0-rings or seals displaced by air blast.

FLEXIBLE HYDRAULIC PIPES, HOSES

- 1. Before removing any brake or power steering hose, clean end fittings and area surrounding them as thoroughly as possible.
- 2. Obtain appropriate blanking caps before detaching hose end fittings, so that ports can be immediately covered to exclude dirt.
- **3.** Clean hose externally and blow through with airline. Examine carefully for cracks, separation of plies, security of end fittings and external damage. Reject any hose found faulty.
- **4.** When refitting hose, ensure that no unnecessary bends are introduced, and that hose is not twisted before or during tightening of union nuts.
- 5. Containers for hydraulic fluid must be kept absolutely clean.
- 6. Do not store hydraulic fluid in an unsealed container. It will absorb water, and fluid in this condition would be dangerous to use due to a lowering of its boiling point.
- 7. Do not allow hydraulic fluid to be contaminated with mineral oil, or use a container which has previously contained mineral oil.
- 8. Do not re-use fluid bled from system.
- 9. Always use clean brake fluid to clean hydraulic components.
- 10. Fit a blanking cap to a hydraulic union and a plug to its socket after removal to prevent ingress of dirt.
- 11. Absolute cleanliness must be observed with hydraulic components at all times.
- 12. After any work on hydraulic systems, inspect carefully for leaks underneath the vehicle while a second operator applies maximum pressure to the brakes (engine running) and operates the steering.

METRIC BOLT IDENTIFICATION

- 1. An ISO metric bolt or screw, made of steel and larger than 6 mm in diameter can be identified by either of the symbols ISO M or M embossed or indented on top of the head.
- 2. In addition to marks to identify the manufacture, the head is also marked with symbols to indicate the strength grade e.g. 8.8, 10.9, 12.9 or 14.9, where the first figure gives the minimum tensile strength of the bolt material in tens of kg/sq mm.
- 3. Zinc plated ISO metric bolts and nuts are chromate passivated, a greenish-khaki to gold-bronze colour.



METRIC NUT IDENTIFICATION

- 1. A nut with an ISO metric thread is marked on one face or on one of the flats of the hexagon with the strength grade symbol 8, 12 or 14. Some nuts with a strength 4, 5 or 6 are also marked and some have the metric symbol M on the flat opposite the strength grade marking.
- 2 A clock face system is used as an alternative method of indicating the strength grade. The external chamfers or a face of the nut is marked in a position relative to the appropriate hour mark on a clock face to indicate the strength grade.
- **3.** A dot is used to locate the 12o'clock position and a dash to indicate the strength grade. If the grade is above 12, two dots identify the 12o'clock position.



HYDRAULIC FITTINGS — Metrication

WARNING: Metric and Unified threaded hydraulic parts. Although pipe connections to brake system units incorporate threads of metric form, those for power assisted steering are of UNF type. It is vitally important that these two thread forms are not confused, and careful study should be made of the following notes.

Metric threads and metric sizes are being introduced into motor vehicle manufacture and some duplication of parts must be expected. Although standardisation must in the long run be good, it would be wrong not to give warning of the dangers that exist while UNF and metric threaded hydraulic parts continue together in service. Fitting UNF pipe nuts into metric ports and vice-versa should not happen, but experience of the change from BSF to UNF indicated that there is no certainty in relying upon the difference **in** thread size when safety is involved.

To provide permanent identification of metric parts is not easy but recognition has been assisted by the following means. (Illustration A Metric, B Unified.)

- 1. All metric pipe nuts, hose ends, unions and bleed screws are coloured black.
- 2. The hexagon area of pipe nuts is indented with the letter 'M'.
- **3.** Metric and UNF pipe nuts are slightly different in shape.



ST1034M

The metric female nut **is always** used with a trumpet flared pipe and the metric male nut is **always** used with a convex flared pipe.

- 4. All metric ports in cylinders and calipers have no counterbores, but unfortunately a few cylinders with UNF threads also have no counterbore. The situation is, all ports with counterbores are UNF, but ports not counterbored are most likely to be metric.
- 5. The colour of the protective plugs in hydraulic ports indicates the size and the type of the threads, but the function of the plugs is protective and not designed as positive identification. In production it is difficult to use the wrong plug but human error must be taken into account.

The Plug colours and thread sizes are:

	UNF
RED	³ / ₈ in x 24 UNF
GREEN	$\frac{7}{16}$ in x 20 UNF
YELLOW	$\frac{1}{2}$ in x 20 UNF
PINK	🖁 in x 18 UNF
	METRIC
BLACK	10 x 1 mm
GREY	12x1mm
BROWN	14x 1,5 mm

6. Hose ends differ slightly between metric and UNF. Gaskets are not used with metric hoses. The UNF hose is sealed on the cylinder or caliper face by a copper gasket by the metric hose seals against the bottom of the port and there is a gap between faces of the hose and cylinder.

Pipe sizes for UNF are $\frac{3}{16}$ in, $\frac{1}{4}$ in and $\frac{5}{16}$ in outside diameter.

Metric pipe sizes are 4,75 mm, 6 mm and 8 mm. 4,75 mm pipe is exactly the same as $\frac{3}{16}$ in pipe. 6 mm pipe is 0.014 in smaller than $\frac{1}{4}$ in pipe. 8 mm pipe is 0.002 in larger than $\frac{5}{16}$ in pipe.

Convex pipe flares are shaped differently for metric sizes and when making pipes for metric equipment, metric pipe flaring tools must be used.







ST1032M

The greatest danger lies with the confusion of 10 mm and $\frac{3}{4}$ in UNF pipe nuts used for $\frac{3}{16}$ in (or 4,75 mm) pipe. The $\frac{2}{3}$ in UNF pipe nut or hose can be screwed into a 10 mm port but is very slack and easily stripped. The thread engagement is very weak and cannot provide an adequate seal.

The opposite condition, a 10 mm nut in a $\frac{3}{8}$ in port, is difficult and unlikely to cause trouble. The 10 mm nut will screw in $1\frac{1}{2}$ or 2 turns and seize. It has a crossed thread 'feel' and it is impossible to force the nut far enough to seal the pipe. With female pipe nuts the position is of course reversed.

The other combinations are so different that there is no danger of confusion.

KEYS AND KEYWAYS

- 1. Remove burrs from edges of keyways with a fine file and clean thoroughly before attempting to refit key.
- 2. Clean and inspect key closely; keys are suitable for refitting only if indistinguishable from new, as any indentation may indicate the onset of wear.

TAB WASHERS

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- 1. Fit new washers in all places where they are used. Always renew a used tab washer.
- 2. Ensure that the new tab washer is of the same design as that replaced.

SPLIT PINS

- 1. Fit new split pins throughout when replacing any unit.
- 2. Always fit split pins where split pins were originally used. Do not substitute spring washers: there is always a good reason for the use of a split pin.
- 3. All split pins should be fitted as shown unless otherwise stated.



NUTS

- 1. When tightening a slotted or castellated nut never slacken it back to insert split pin or locking wire except in those recommended cases where this forms part of an adjustment. If difficulty is experienced, alternative washers or nuts should be selected, or washer thickness reduced.
- 2. Where self-locking nuts have been removed it is advisable to replace them with new ones of the same type.

NOTE: Where bearing pre-load is involved nuts should be tightened in accordance with special instructions.

LOCKING WIRE

- 1. Fit new locking wire of the correct type for all assemblies incorporating it.
- 2. Arrange wire so that its tension tends to tighten the bolt heads, or nuts, to which it is fitted.

SCREW THREADS

- 1. Both UNF and Metric threads to ISO standards are used. See below for thread identification.
- 2. Damaged threads must always be discarded. Cleaning up threads with a die or tap impairs the strength and closeness of fit of the threads and is not recommended.
- 3. Always ensure that replacement bolts are at least equal in strength to those replaced.
- 4. Do not allow oil, grease or jointing compound to enter blind threaded holes. The hydraulic action on screwing in the bolt or stud could split the housing.
- 5. Always tighten a nut or bolt to the recommended torque figure. Damaged or corroded threads can affect the torque reading.
- 6. To check or re-tighten a bolt or screw to a specified torque figure, first slacken a quarter of a turn, then re-tighten to the correct figure.
- 7. Always oil thread lightly before tightening to ensure a free running thread, except in the case of self-locking nuts.

UNIFIED THREAD IDENTIFICATION

1. Bolts

A circular recess is stamped in the upper surface of the bolt head.

2. Nuts

A continuous line of circles is indented on one of the flats of the hexagon, parallel to the axis of the nut.

3. Studs, Brake Rods, etc.

The component is reduced to the core diameter for a short length at its extremity.



ST1039M

RECOMMENDED LUBRICANTS AND FLUIDS

Service instructions for temperate climates — ambient temperature range $-10^\circ C$ to $35^\circ C$

COMPONENTS	BP	CASTROL	DUCKHAMS	ESSO	MOBIL	PETROFINA	SHELL	TEXACO
Engine V8 Carburetter Dashpots	BP Visco 2000 (15W/40) or BP Visco Nova (10W/40)	Castrol GTX (15W/50) or Castrolite (10W/40)	Duckhams 15 W/50 Hypergrade Motor Oil	Esso Superlube (15W/40)	Mobil Super 10W/40 or Rally Formula 15W/50	Fina Supergradc Motor Oil 10W/40 or 15W/40	Shell Super Motor Oil 15W/40 or 10W/40	Havoline Motor Oil 15W/40 or Eurotex HD 10W/30
Engine 4-cyl. petrol	BP Visco 2000 (15W/40) or BP Visco Nova (10W/40)	Castrol GTX (15W/50) or Castrolite (10W/40)	Duckhams 15W/50 Hypergrade Motor Oil	Esso Superlube (15W/40)	Mobil Super 10W/40 or Mobil 1 Rally Formula 15W/40	Fina Supergrade Motor Oil 10W/40 or 15W/40	Shell Super Motor Oil 15W/40 or 10W/40	Havoline Motor Oil 15W/40 or Eurotex HD 10W/30
Engine 4-cyl. diesel	BP Visco 2000 (15W/40) BP Vanellus C3 Multigrade 15W/40 or BP Visco Nova (10W/40)	Castrol GTX (15W/50) or Castrol Deusol RX Super 15W/40 or Castrolite (10W/40)	Duckhams 15W/50 Hypergrade Motor Oil or Duckhams Fleetol Multi-V 20W/50 or Duckhams Fleet Master 15W/40	Esso Superlube (15W/40) or XD-3 15W/40 Essolube	Mobil Super 15W/40 or Mobil Delvac Super 15W/40 or Mobil 1 Rally Formula 15W/50	Fina Supergrade Motor Oil 10W/40 or 15W/40	Sheff Super Motor Oil 15W/40 or Shell Rimula X 15W/40	Havoline Motor Oil 15W/40 or URSA Super Plus 15W/40 or Eurotex Motor Oil 10W/30
*LT77 — five- speed gearbox	BP Autran G	Castrol TOF	Duckhams Q-Matic	Esso Type G	Mobil ATF 210	Fina Purimatic 33G	Shell Donax TF	Texamatic Type G
*LT95 — four- speedgearbox including transfer box	BP Visco 2000 (15W/40) or Visco Nova 10W/40	Castrol GTX (15W/50)	Duckhams 15W/50 Hypergrade Motor Oil	Esso Superlube (15W/40)	Mobil Super 10W/40	Fina Supergrade Motor Oil 10W/40 or 15W/40	Shell Super Motor Oil 15W/40 or 10W/40	Havoline Motor Oil 15W/40 or Eurotex HD 10W/30
Front differential Rear differential Swivel pin housings and	BP Gear Oil SAE 90EP	Castrol Hypoy SAE 90EP	Duckhams Hypoid 90	Esso Gear Oil GX 85W/9()	Mobil Mobilube HD 90	Fina Pontonic MP SAE 80W/90	Shell Spirax 90 EP	Texaco Multigear Lubricant EP85W/90
LT230R & LT230T Transfer box	Oils listed on l	ines marked (*) may	sobe used in LIZ	transfer box	•	<u> </u>		
LT85 —five- speed gearbox — V8 cylinder	BP Visco 2000 (15W/40) or BP Visco Nova (10W/40)	Castrol GTX (15W/50)	Duckhams Hypergrade 15W/50	Esso Superlube 15W/40	Mobil Super 10W/40	Fina Supergrade Motor Oil 10W/40 or 15W/40	Shell Mujeigrade 15W/40 or 10W/40	Havoline Motor Oil 15W/40 or Eurotex HD 10W/30
Prop. shaft Front and rear	BP Energrease L2	Castrol LM Grease	Duckhams LB 10	Esso Multi- purpose Grease H	Mobil- grease MP	Fina Marson HTL 2	Shell Retinax A	Marfak All purpose Grease
Steering box (Manual)	BP Gear Oil SAE 90EP	Castrol Hypoy SAE 90EP	Duckhams Hypoid 90	Esso Gear Oil 85XV/90	Mobil Mobilube HD 90	Fina Pontonic MP SAE 80W/90	Shell Spirax 90EP	Texaco Multigear Lubricant EP 85W/90
Power steering fluid reservoir as applicable	BP Autran DX 2D	Castrol TQ Dexron IID	Duckhams Fleetmatic CD or Duckhams D-Matic	Esso ATF Dexron IID	Mobil ATF 220 D	Fina Dexron IID	Shell ATF Dexron IID	Texamatic Fluid 922G
Air cleaner 4-cyl. petrol	BP Visco (15W/40) or BP Visco (10W/30)	Castrol GTX (15W/50) or Castrolite (10W/40)	Duckhams 15W/50 Hypergrade Motor Oil	E888 Superlube (13W/48)	M8811 Super 13W/40 8F 10W/40	Fina Supergrade Meller Hil 15W/40 or 10W/40	Shell Super Males Bill 133/49 8F 103/49	Havoline Motor Oil 10W/30 or Eurotex HD 10W/30
Air cleaner 4-cyl. diesel	BP Visco (15W/40) or BP Visco Nova (10W/30)	Castrol GTX (15W/50) or Castrolite (10W/40)	Duckhams 15W/50 Hypergrade Motor Oil	Esso Superlube (15W/40)	Mobil Super 15W/40 or 10W/40	Fina Supergrade Motor Oil 10W/40	Shell Super Motor Oil 15W/40 or 10W/40	Havoline Motor Oil 15W/40 or 10W/30 or Eurotex HD 10W/30
Brake and clutch eservoirs	Universal Brak and complying	e Fluid or other bra with FMVSS 116 D	ike fluids having a m	inimum boiling	point of 26()°C (500°F)		
Lubrication nipples (hubs, ball joints, etc.)	BP Energrease L2	Castrol LM Grease	Duckhams LU 10	Esso Multi- purpose Grease H	Mobil- grease MP	Fina Marson HTL 2	Shell Retinax A	Marfak All purpose Grease
Sall joint assembly Fop link	Dextragrease Super GP							
Cooling system Anti-freeze	Universal Anti- See under Anti-	freeze freeze section 09.						

RECOMMENDED LUBRICANTS AND FLUIDS

SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS ALL MARKETS

COMPONENTS	BP	CASTROL	DUCKHAMS	ESSO	MOBIL	PETROFINA	SHELL	TEXACO	SPEC. REF. ALL BRANDS	
Windscreen hinges Ventilator hinges Ventilator control Seat slides. Hood retention clips Door lock striker	BP Energrcase L2	Castrol LM Grease	Duckhams LB 10	Esso Multi- purpose Grease H	Mobil Mobil- grease MP	Fina Marson HTL2	Shell Retinax A	Marfak All purpose Grease	NGLI-2 Multi- purpose Lithium- based Grease	
Windscreen washers	All Seasons Screen Washer Fluid									
Bonnet pintle	Graohite Lock Grease Tvoe 'B'									
Door locks (anti-burst) Inertia reels	DO NOT LUBRICATE. These components are 'life' lubricated at the manufacturing stage									
Battery lugs Earthing surfaces Where paint has been removed	Petroleum jelly. NOTE : Do not use Silicone Grease									
Air Conditioning System	METHYLCI	METHYLCHLORIDE REFRIGERANTS MUST NOT BE USED								
Refrigerant Compressor Oil	Use only refrigerant 12. This includes 'Freon 12' and Arcton 12' Shell Clavus 68 BP Energol LPT 68 Sunisco 4GS Texaco Capella E Wax Free 68									

RECOMMENDED LUBRICANTS AND FLUIDS SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS FOR AMBIENT CONDITIONS OUTSIDE TEMPERATE CLIMATE LIMITS OR FOR MARKETS WHERE THE PRODUCTS LISTED ARE NOT AVAILABLE

COMPONENTS	SERVICE CLASSIFICATION WORLDWIDE			AMBIENT TEMPERATURE °C								
COMPONENTS	PERFORMANCE LEVEL		SAE VISCOSITY	-30"	-20"	-10"	0''	10°	20°	30°	40"	50"
Engine Carburetterdashpots Oil can Oils Oil bath air cleaners	Petrol Oils must meet BL Cars spec. BLS.22.OL.02 or API service levels SE or SFor SE/CC or SF/CD or SF/CD or the CCMC requirements	Diesel Oils must meet BI. Cars spec. BLS.22.OL.02 and MIL-L-46152A or API service levels CC or CD or SEICC or SE/CD or SFICC or SF/CC or the CCMC requirements	5W/20 5W/30 5W/40 10W/30 10W/40 10W/50 15W/40 15W/50 20W/40 20W/50									
Power steering reservoir	ATFM2C 33For C	ł			-							
Front and rear Axle differential Swivel pin housing LT230 transfer boy Steering box	API GL4 or MIL-L-2105		90 EP 80W EP							•		
L T77 eearbox	ATF M2C 33 F or G Oils must meet BL Cars spec. BLS.22.OL.02 or API service levels SE or SF or SE/CC or SE/CD or SF/CC or SF/CD or the CCMC requirements					_						
L T95 gearbox including transfer box			10W/30 10W/40 10W/50 10W/40 10W/50 15W/40 15W/50 20W/40 20W/50	-								
√85 gearbox — √8 cylinder	Oils must meet β L Cars spec. BLS.22. OL.02 or API service levels SE or SF or SEICC or SE/CD or SE/CC or SE/CD or the CCMC requirement		10W/30 10W/40 10W/50 10W/40 10W/50 15W/40 15W/50 20W/40 20W/50 }									>
Brake and clutch eservoirs	Brake fluid must hav 260°C (500°F)and co	g point of 16DOT 3										
Lubrication nipples hubs, ball joints, etc)	VLGI-2 multipurpos	e lithium based grea	se									

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ANTI-FREEZE

Use only UNIVERSAL Anti-freeze or an Ethylene Glycol based anti-freeze, containing no methanol, with non-Phosphate corrosion inhibitors suitable for use in cast iron and aluminium alloy engines to ensure protection of the cooling system against frost and corrosion.

	Percentage							
Engine	Mixture	Concentration	Protection					
4-cyl. Engines (cast iron)	One part anti-freeze two parts water	33%	Down to -20°C					
	One part anti-freeze one part water	50%°	Below –20°C to –36°C					
V8 Engine (aluminium)	One part anti-freeze one part water	50%°	Down to —36°C					

IMPORTANT: Coolant solution must not fall below proportions of one part anti-freeze to three parts water, i.e. min. 25" anti-freeze in coolant, otherwise damage to engine is liable to occur.

CORROSION INHIBITOR

When anti-freeze is not required the cooling system must be flushed out with clean water and filled with a solution of ONE PART MARSTONS SQ 36 inhibitor to NINE parts water to provide a 10" mixture concentration.

CAPACITIES

The following capacity figures are approximate and are provided as a guide only. **All** oil levels must be set using the dipstick or level plugs as applicable.

Component	Litres	Imperial unit
Engine sump oil, 4-cylinder	6,00	11.00 pints
Extra when refilling after fitting new filter, 4-cylinder	0,85	1.50 pints
Air cleaner oil, 4-cylinder	0,85	1.50 pints
Engine sump oil, V8 cylinder	5,10	9.00 pints
Extra when refilling after fitting new filter, V8 cylinder	0,56	1.00 pint
Main gearbox oil, five-speed	2,20	3.90 pints
Transfer box oil, LT230R five-speed main gearbox	2,80	4.90 pints
LT85 five-speed gearbox	3,00	5.25 pints
LT230T transfer gearbox	2,80	4.9 pints
Main gearbox oil, four-speed	2,60	4.70 pints
Transfer gearbox oil, four-speed main gearbox	3,16	5.50 pints
Front differential	1,70	3.00 pints
Rear differential: Salisbury 8HA	2,30	4.00 pints
Swivel pin housing oil (each)	0,35	0.60 pint
Fuel tank, rear	79,50	17.50 gallons
Fuel tank, side (except Station wagon)	68,20	15.00 gallons
Fuel tank, side (Station wagon only)	45,50	10.00 gallons
Cooling system, 4-cylinder petrol models (standard)	10,30	18.00 pints
Cooling system, 4-cylinder diesel models and heavy duty		
petrol models	11,00	19.00 pints
Cooling system, V8 cylinder models	12,80	22.50 pints
Steering box manual	0,43	0.75 pints
Power steering box and reservoir fluid	2,90	5.0 pints

MAINTENANCE SCHEDULES

Revised Maintenance Schedules are introduced with the commencement of the Land Rover Ninety V8 model range. The new schedules also apply to four-cylinder, petrol and diesel models, and feature a reduced 10.000 km (6,000 miles) service. The new schedules supersede previous issues.

Efficient maintenance is one of the biggest factors in ensuring continuing reliability and efficiency. For this reason the following detailed schedules are included so that at the appropriate intervals owners and operators may know what is required. The Maintenance Schedules are based upon intervals of 10.000 km (6,000 miles) or 6 months unless otherwise stated.

Note: The 10.000 km service must be repeated every 10.000 km (6,000 miles) or six months, whichever is first.

The 20.000 km service must be repeated every 20.000 km (12.000 miles) or 12 months, whichever is first, with additional maintenance at the intervals specified in the schedule.

Every 10.000 km (6,000 miles or 6 months	s) (12,000 miles)		(6,00		Every 0.000 km 2,000 miles) 12 months	
1		Check condition and security of seats, seat	31	\cup	$\mathbf{\cup}$	Check/top-up gearbox oil
		belt mountings, seat belts and buckles	32	Every 40.000 24,000 m	0 km	Renew transfer box oil
2		Check operation of all lamps	33			Check/top-up transfer box oil
3		Check operation of horns	34	Every 40.000 24.000 m) km I	Renew front axle oil
4	l	Check operation of warning indicators	35			ChecWtop-up front axlc oil
5	L	Check operation of windscreen and rear	36	Every 40.000 24,000 m) km d	Renew swivel pin housing oil
		wipers and washers	37			ChecWtop-up swivel pin housing oil
6		Check condition of wiper blades	38	Every 40.000 24,000 m) km d	Renew rear axle oil
7	<u> </u>	Check security and operation of handbrake	39			ChecWtop-up rear axle oil
8	LJ	Check rear view mirror(s) for security,	40			Lubricate rear suspension upper link ball joint
0	[]	cracks and crazing	41	Every 40.000 24,000 m)kan l	Lubricate propeller shaft sealed sliding joints
9	لـــــــــــــا	Check operation of all doors, bonnet and tailgate locks	42			Lubricate propeller shaft universal joints
10	[]	Check operation of window controls	43			Lubricate handbrake mechanical linkage
		Lubricate all locks (not steering lock)	44	[Check visually brake, fuel, clutch
11 6		hinges and door — check mechanisms				pipes/unions for chafing, leaks and corrosion
12		Lubricate accelerator control linkage and	45			Check exhaust system for leakage and
		pedal pivot		-		security
13		ChecWadjust tyre pressures including spare	46			Check for oil leaks from engine and transmission
14		ChecWadjust headlamp alignment	477			
15		Check front wheel alignment	47			Check for oil/fluid leaks from steering and suspension systems
16 L		ChecWtop-up battery electrolyte	48			Check axlc breather pipes, ensure they arc
17		Remove battery connections, clean and	10			not blocked, pinched or split
	——, []	grease (refit)	49			Check security and condition of suspension
18	╶─┘└ <u>╶</u> ──┤	Removeroadwheels		_		fixings
19	\mathbf{U}	Check tyres comply with Manufacturer's	50	L		Check condition and security of steering unit,
20	[]	specification			_ _ `	joints and gaiters
20		Check tyres visually for cuts, lumps, bulges, uneven wear and tread depth	51			Check tightness of propeller shaft coupling
21		Remove road wheel brake drums, wash out	50	ſ		bolts
21		dust, inspect shoes for wear and drums for	52 52	Every 80.000 48,000 ml	km	Clean fuel sedimenter (Diesel only)
		condition	53	48,000 ml		Clean electric fuel pump filter
22		Inspect wheel cylinders for fluid leaks	54	ſ		Renew fuel filter element (Petrol)
23		Inspect brake pads for wear, calipers for	55	L		Drain flywheel housing if drain plug is fitted for wading (refit)
		leaks, and discs for condition	56	Г		Clean camshaft drive belt housing filter
24		Refit road wheel brake drums	50	L.		(Diesel)
25		Adjust road wheel brakes	57			Check condition of heater plug wiring for
26		Adjust handbrake if required				fraying, chafing and deterioration
27		Refit road wheels to original position		-		(diesel only)
28		Renew engine oil	58			Remove heater plugs, clean, test and refit
29		Renew engine oil filter		Every 40.000	km.	(diesel only)
30 Every	y 40.000 km 4,000 ml	Renew gearbox oil	59	24,000 ml]	Remove diesel injectors, clean, test and refit

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MAINTENANCE

Ever 10.000 (6,000 n or 6 mo	miles) (12,000 mi	les)	10.0 (6,00	Every XXX km XXX miles) Months	Every 20.000 km (12.000 miles or 12 month	
60		Renew fuel filter element (Diesel)	87			Clean/adjust distributor points (not V8)
61	L	Check/adjust valve clearance (all models	88		40.000 km 100 ml	Renew distributor points (not V8)
-		except V8)	89			Lubricate distributor (not V8)
62 L		Clean/adjust spark plugs	90			Check voltage drop between coil CB and earth
63		Renew spark plugs	91			Check dwell angle — adjustas necessary
64		Renew air cleaner elements				(not V8)
65	Every 40.000 km	Check air cleaner dump valve, clean or renew	92			ChecWadjust ignition timing
66	24,000 m1	Renew engine breather filter (V8)				Note: It is important that the ignition timing,
67		Clean engine breather filter (all models				dwell angle and carburetter adjustments are set
		except V8)				in accordance with the vehicle engine specification and fuel Octane rating. Refer to the relevant repair
68 F	Every 60.000 km	Renew engine flame trap(s) (V8)				operation manual for details
69	36,000 ml	Renew brake servo filter	93			Check throttle operation
70		Check brake servo hose for security and	94			ChecWadjust engine idle speed, and
	[]	condition				carburetter mixture settings with engine at
71	L	Check air injection/pulsair system		<u> </u>	,	normal running temperature
70	[]	hoses/pipes for security and condition	95	l		Check operation of air intake temperature
72		Check operation of pulsair check valves				control system (V8)
73 L		Check crankcase breathing system for leaks, hoses for security and condition	0.6		,	Carry out road or roller test —Check:
74 L		Top-up carburetter piston dampers	96			For excessive engine noise
74 L 75		Check/top-up cooling system	97			Clutch for slipping/judder/spinning
76 L		Checktop-up fluid in power steering reservoir	98			Gear selection/noise — high and low range
70 🗅		Checktop-up steering box (manual steering)	99	[Steering for noise/abnormal effort required
77 78		ChecWadjust steering box	100			All instruments, pressure, fuel and
79 C		Check/top-up clutch fluid reservoir	101			temperature gauges, warning indicators
80		Checktop-up brake fluid reservoir	101			Heater and air conditioning systems Heatedrearscreen
80 E		Check/top-up windscreen and rear washer	102			
01		reservoir	103	<u> </u>		Shock absorbers (irregularities in ride)
82		Check cooling and heater system for leaks,	104	L		Foot brake, on emergency stop, pulling to one side, binding, pedal effort
		hoses for security and condition	105			Handbrakeefficiency
83		Check power steering system for leaks,	105			Operation of inertia seat belts
		hydraulic pipes and unions for chafing and	100			Roadwheel balance
Ē		corrosion	108			Transmission for vibrations
84		Check condition of driving belts — adjust if	109			For body noises (squeaks and rattles)
~-	۲	required (not camshaft drive belt – diesel)	110			Fuel governor cut-off point
85	L	Check ignition wiring and HT leads for fraying, chafing and deterioration	111			For excessive exhaust smoke
86	[]	Clean distributor cap, check for cracks and	112			Engineidlespecd
00	L	tracking	112			Endorse service record
			114			Report any additional work required

WARNING: Two-wheel roller tests must be restricted to 5 km/h (3 m.p.h.) because the Land Rover One Ten and Ninety is is constant four-wheel drive.

At 100.000km (60,000 mile) intervals it is imperative that the camshaft drive belt be renewed, failure *to* do so could result in serious engine damage.

RECOMMENDATIONS

At 30.000 km (18,000 mile) intervals or every 18 months, whichever is the sooner, the hydraulic brake fluid should be completely renewed.

At 40.000 km (24,000 mile) intervals remove the Pulsair injection manifold and connecting pipes, ensure that the internal bores and the cylinder head drillings are clean and free from obstructions, clean as necessary and refit. (Emission control V8 petrol engines)

At 60.000 km (36,000 mile) intervals or every 3 years, whichever is the sooner, all hydraulic brake fluid, seals and flexible hoses should be renewed. all working surfaces **of** the master cylinder, wheel cylinders and caliper cylinders should be examined and renewed where necessary.

At 60.000 km (36,000 mile) intervals remove all suspension dampers, test for correct operation, refit or renew as necessary.

Vehicles fitted with free wheeling front hubs

The hubs require no routine maintenance. When the hub bearings are adjusted, or any time the vehicle has been used for wading, the moving parts of the free wheel hubs should be lightly smeared with Rocol 1000 grease or a similar molybdenum disulphide bearing grease.

LUBRICATION

This first part of the maintenance section covers renewal of lubricating oils for the major units of the vehicle and other components that require lubrication, as detailed in the 'Maintenance schedules'. Refer to the 'General specification data' for capacities and recommended lubricants.

Vehicles operating under severe conditions of dust, sand, mud and water should have the oils changed and lubrication carried out at more frequent intervals than that recommended in the maintenance schedules.

Draining of used oil should take place after a run when the oil is warm. Always clean the drain and filler-level plugs before removing. In the interests of safety disconnect the vehicle battery to prevent the engine being started and the vehicle moved inadvertently, while oil changing is taking place.

Allow as much time as possible for the oil to drain completely except where blown sand or dirt can enter the drain holes. In these conditions clean and refit the drain plugs immediately the main bulk of oil has drained.

Where possible, always refill with oil of the make and specification recommended in the lubrication charts and from sealed containers.

RENEW ENGINE OIL AND FILTER

DRAIN THE OIL —All engines

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- 1. Drive vehicle to level ground.
- 2. Run the engine to warm the oil; switch off the ignition and disconnect the battery for safety.
- 3. Place an oil tray under the drain plug.
- Remove the drain plug in the bottom of the sump at the left-hand side — V8 and right-hand side 4-cylinder engines. Allow oil to drain away completely and replace the plug and tighten to the correct torque.



NOTE: The example shown below is a 4 cylinder engine sump.

- 5. Place an oil tray under the engine.
- **6.** Unscrew the filter anti-clockwise, using a strap spanner as necessary.
- 7. Smear a little clean engine oil on the rubber washer of the new filter, then screw the filter on clockwise until the rubber sealing ring touches the machined face, then tighten a further half turn by hand only. Do not overtighten.

Illustration A. V8 engine.



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Illustration B. 2.5 Diesel engine.



Renew oil filter -2.25 petrol and diesel engine

- 8. Place oil tray under engine.
- 9. Unscrew filter retaining bolt.
- 10. Remove the container.
- 11. Remove the element.
- 12. Discard the used filter element and large rubber washer.
- 13. Wash the container in kerosene.
- 14. Place the new filter element in the container and reassemble the unit, using the new large rubber washer supplied with the element.
- 15. Ensure that all the sealing washers are in position and intact, and that the container is correctly located in the adaptor.
- 16. Tighten the filter retaining bolt to the correct torque. Do not overtighten.



Refill sump with oil — all models

- 17. Check that the drain plug is tight.
- 18. Clean the outside of the oil filler cap, remove it from the rocker cover and clean the inside.
- 19. Pour in the correct quantity of new oil of the correct grade from a sealed container to the high mark **on** the dipstick and firmly replace the filler cap.
- 20. Run the engine and check for leaks from the filter. Stop the engine, allow the oil to run back into the sump for a few minutes, then check the oil level again and top **up** if necessary.

RENEW MAIN AND TRANSFER GEARBOX OILS

DRAIN AND REFILL LT77mm MAIN GEARBOX

4-cylinder engines

- 1. Drive the vehicle to level ground and place a suitable container under the gearbox to catch the old oil.
- 2. Remove the gearbox and extension case drain plugs and allow the oil to drain completely. Wash the extension case filter in kerosene and refit the plugs using new washers, if necessary, and tighten to the correct torque.



3. Remove the oil filler-level plug and inject the approximate quantity of new oil of the correct make and grade until it begins to run out of the filler-level hole. Fit the plug and tighten to the correct torque. Since the plug has a tapered thread it must not be overtightened. Wipe away any surplus oil.





DRAIN AND RENEW 230R AND 230T TRANSFER GEARBOX (4-cylinderengine)

- 1. Drive the vehicle to level ground and place a container under the gearbox to catch the old oil.
- 2. Remove the drain plug and allow the oil to drain. Fit the plug using a new washer, if necessary, and tighten to the correct torque.
- 3. Remove the filler-level plug and inject the approximate quantity of the recommended oil until it begins to run from the plug hole. Fit the level plug and tighten only to the correct torque, do not overtighten, wipe away any surplus oil.



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DRAIN AND RENEW LT95 MAIN GEARBOX (V8 engines)

- 1. Drive the vehicle to level ground and place a container under the gearbox to catch the old oil.
- 2. Remove the drain plug, washer and filter from the bottom of the gearbox casing and allow the oil to drain completely.
- **3.** Wash the filter in petrol, allow to dry and fit to the casing. Using a new washer, if necessary, fit the plug and tighten to the correct torque.
- 4. Remove the oil filler-level plug from the side of the gearbox and inject the approximate quantity of the correct oil until it begins to run from the filler-level hole. Clean and refit the plug using a new washer and tighten to the correct torque. Wipe away any surplus oil.



DRAIN AND RENEW LT95 TRANSFER GEARBOX OIL

- 1. Drive vehicle to level ground and place a container beneath the gearbox to catch the old oil.
- 2. Remove the drain plug and allow time for the oil to drain completely.
- 3. Clean and refit the drain plug using a new washer, if necessary and tighten to the correct torque.
- 4. Remove the oil filler-level plug and inject the approximate quantity of a recommended oil until it begins to run from the hole. Clean and fit the plug and tighten to the correct torque. Do not overtighten. Wipe away any surplus oil.



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RENEW FRONT AND REAR AXLE OIL

- **1.** Drive the vehicle to level ground and place a container under the axle to be drained.
- 2. Using a spanner with a 13 mm (0.5 in) square drive remove the drain plug and allow the oil to drain completely. Clean and refit the drain plug.
- 3. Remove the oil filler-level plug and inject new oil of a recommended make and grade until it begins to run from the hole. Clean and fit the filler-level plug and wipe away any surplus oil.

NOTE: Whilst the illustration shows a '90' model front differential, the procedure is the same for all axles.



0 MAINTENANCE

RENEW SWIVEL PIN HOUSING OIL

- 1. Drive the vehicle to level ground and place a container under each swivel housing to catch the used oil.
- 2. Remove the drain plug and allow the oil to drain completely and clean and refit the plugs.
- **3.** Remove the oil filler-level plug and inject the recommended make and grade of oil until oil begins to run from the level hole. Clean and fit the level plugs and wipe away any surplus oil.



LUBRICATE PROPELLER SHAFTS

- 1. Clean all the grease nipples on the front and rear propshaft universal joints, and sliding portion of the rear shaft.
- 2. Charge a low pressure hand grease gun with grease of **a** recommended make and grade and apply to the grease nipples.
- **3.** Remove the screwed plug from the front **shaft** and fit a suitable grease nipple.
- 4. Disconnect one end of the front propeller shaft and compress the sliding portion whilst applying grease. It is necessary to compress the shaft to prevent ovcr filling with grease. It should be noted that this sliding portion must only be lubricated at 40.000 km (24,000 mile) intervals.
- 5. Reconnect the propeller shaft, remove the grease nipple and fit the screwed plug.



TOP-UP MANUAL STEERING BOX

- 1. Remove the oil filler plug and observe the oil level which should be 25 mm (1.0 in) below the top of the filler hole.
- 2. If necessary top-up to the correct level with a recommended oil. Clean and refit the plug and wipe away any surplus oil.



RENEW AIR CLEANER OIL — 2.25 litre engines (early models)

- 1. Slacken wing nut and release the clamping strap securing the complete air cleaner.
- 2. Disconnect the outlet elbow from the intake pipe and remove the cleaner from the vehicle.
- **3.** Remove the oil bowl from the bottom of the cleaner by releasing the three securing clips.
- **4.** Clean all dirty oil and sludge from the bowl and refill with fresh engine oil to the level indicated by a ring formed in the pressing; the capacity is approximately 0,85 litre (1.5 imperial pints).
- 5. Clean the spiral in the cleaner body by swilling the complete body in paraffin and shake off the surplus.
- 6. Remove and clean the air intake cap.
- 7. Clean the wire mesh filter.
- 8. Reassemble filter using a new scaling ring.
- 9. Refit the complete unit into the vehicle.





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TOP-UP BRAKE VACUUM PUMP OIL — 2.25 litre Diesel engine

- 1. Slacken the drive belt, and the pump pivot bolts and nuts and slip the belt from the pulley.
- 2. Move the pump to an upright position and temporarily tighten the nuts and bolts to maintain this position.
- 3. Turn the pump pulley so that the indicating marks on the pulley hub and pump body line up.



- 4. Remove the oil level plug at the rear of the pump and if necessary inject a recommended SAE 15W-50 oil up to the level of the hole.
- 5. Refit the level plug, and fit and tension the drive belt.



REAR SUSPENSION BALL JOINT

1. Apply a grease gun to the nipple using a recommended grease.



TOP-UP CARBURETTER PISTON DAMPER - V8 only

- 1. Unscrew the cap on top of both suction chambers and withdraw the damper.
- 2. Top-up the reservoir with engine oil to within 12 mm (0.5 in) from the top of the hollow piston rod. Refit the damper and secure the cap.



RENEW LT85 MAIN GEARBOX OIL

Drain and refill monthly when operating under severe wading conditions.

To change the gearbox oil proceed as follows:

- 1. Immediately after a run when the oil is warm, drain off the oil into a container by removing the drain plug and washer from the bottom of the gearbox casing.
- 2. Remove the oil filter.



- 3. Wash the filter in clean fuel; allow to dry and replace.
- 4. Clean and refit drain plug and washer and refill gearbox through the oil level/filler plug, with the correct grade of oil, to the bottom of the oil level/filler hole. For capacity see Data Section.

0 MAINTENANCE

GENERAL MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT

This second part of the maintenance section covers adjustments and items of general maintenance as dictated by the 'Maintenance Schedules'. However, only maintenance operations that are not included in the Overhaul Sections of the manual appear in this section.

EXAMINE AND RENEW FRONT BRAKE FRICTION PADS

Examine the friction pads for wear and if less than 3 mm (0.125 in) thick or oil contaminated, they must be renewed on both wheels at the same time, as follows:

NOTE: See Book 4 Section 70 for latest method of friction pad retension.

- 1. Slacken both front wheel nuts and jack-up the vehicle and lower onto axle stands, and remove wheels.
- 2. Clean the exterior of the calipers.
- 3. Remove the split pins from the brake caliper.
- 4. Remove the retaining springs.
- 5. Withdraw the friction pads.
- 6. Clean the exposed parts of the pistons, using only new brake fluid.



- 7. Using piston clamp 186672 press each piston back into its bore, whilst ensuring that the displaced brake fluid does not overflow from the reservoir.
- 8. Smear the faces of the pistons with Lockheed disc brake lubricant taking care not to let any reach the lining material.
- 9. Insert the new friction pads.
- 10. Place the friction pad retaining springs in position and fit new split pins and splay the ends.
- 11. Apply the footbrake several times to locate the pads.
- 12. Check the fluid reservoir and top-up if necessary.

13. Fit the road wheels, lower the vehicle and finally tighten the wheel retaining nuts.



CLEAN AND CHECK AXLE BREATHERS — ball valve type (where fitted)

- 1. Clean the outside of the breather and unscrew from the axle tube.
- 2. Wash the breather in petrol and shake to ensure that the ball valve is free.
- **3.** Lubricate the ball with engine oil and refit to axle tube.



Remote axle breathers — wherefitted

Pipes attached to the breathers on the axles terminate at points inside the chassis members on early models and into the engine compartment on later vehicles. This allows the axles to breath whilst the vehicle is traversing mud and water. No maintenance is required except to ensure that the pipe: do not become blocked, kinked, or split, or damaged in any other way to prevent proper breathing.

CHECK STEERING BALL JOINTS

Ball joints are lubricated for the normal life of ball joints during manufacture and require no further lubrication. This applies only if the rubber gaiter has not become dislodged or damaged. The joints should be checked at the specified mileage intervals but more frequently if the vehicle is used under arduous conditions.

1. Check for wear in the joints by moving the ball joint up and down vigorously. If free movement is apparent renew the complete joint assembly.



CHECK FRONT WHEEL ALIGNMENT

Use recognised wheel alignment equipment to perform this check and adjustment. See 'General Specification and Data' section for the correct alignment. Check and adjust with the vehicle on level ground.

- 1. Set the road wheels to the straight ahead position and push the vehicle forward a short distance.
- 2. Slacken the clamp bolts securing the ball joints at both ends of the track rod.
- 3. Twist the track-rod to decrease or increase its effective length as required to achieve the correct alignment.
- 4. Push the vehicle rearwards whilst moving the steering wheel from side to side to settle the ball joints. Then with the wheels in the straight ahead position push the vehicle forward a short distance and recheck the alignment. If necessary make further adjustments. When the alignment is correct tighten the ball joint clamp bolts.

The ball joint pins must be central in their housing and not inclined *to* one side. See section 57.



ADJUST REAR BRAKES

Land Rover One Ten Vehicles

- 1. Raise up vehicle and lower onto axle stands.
- 2. Each shoe is independently set by means of a hexagon adjuster. Check that the wheel turns freely and turn one adjuster until the shoe is locked against the drum. Slacken **off** the adjuster sufficiently for the wheel to turn freely approximately two serrations on the snail cam.
- 3. Repeat the above procedure for the second brake shoe and the opposite wheel.
- 4. Remove the axle stands and road test the vehicle brakes.



Land Rover Ninety Vehicles

The shoes are set by a single hexagon adjustment bolt operating through a serrated snail cam enabling both shoes to be adjusted to obtain the best results.

- 1. Raise-up the vehicle on to axle stands.
- 2. Check that the wheel rotates freely then turn the adjuster until the brake shoes are in firm contact with the drum.
- 3. Slacken *off* the adjuster just sufficiently for the drum to rotate freely.
- 4. Repeat the procedure for the other wheel.
- 5. Remove the axle stands and road test the vehicle.



10 MAINTENANCE

ADJUST TRANSMISSION BRAKE (Handbrake)

- **1.** Set the vehicle on level ground and chock the wheels.
- 2. Release the handbrake fully.
- 3. Remove the clevis pin connecting the handbrake lever to the relay at the gearbox end.



4. Turn the adjuster on the back plate clockwise until the shoes are fully expanded against the drum,



5. Adjust the outer sheath of the handbrake cable by means of the two locknuts at the gearbox end until the holes in the clevis on the inner cable line up with the hole in the relay lever.



- 6. Fit the clevis pin, washer and a NEW split pin.
- 7. Slacken the adjuster 1 or 2 notches until handbrake shoes just clear the drum.
- 8. Apply the handbrake gradually. The drum should still rotate on the first ratchet and start to come on at the second ratchet.

CAUTION: DO NOT over adjust the handbrake, the drum must be free to rotate when the handbrake is released, otherwise serious damage will result.

DRAIN FLYWHEEL HOUSING

- 1. The flywheel housing can be completely scaled to exclude mud and water under severe wading conditions, by means of a plug fitted in the bottom of the housing.
- 2. The plug should only be fitted when the vehicle is expected to do wading or very muddy work.

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3. When the plug is in use it must be removed periodically and all oil allowed to drain off before the plug is replaced

Illustration A.4-cylinder vehicles.



Illustration B. V8 vehicles.



4. When plug is not in use it should be stowed as follows:

4 cylinder models —in tool kit

V8 —screwed into housing near drain hole.



- 1. The timing cover can be completely sealed to exclude mud and water under severe wading conditions, by fitting a plug in the drain hole at the bottom of the cover.
- 2. The plug should only be fitted when the vehicle is expected to do wading or very muddy work.
- 3. When the plug is in use it must be removed periodically and any oil present allowed to drain off before the plug is replaced.

NOTE: There should not be any oil in the timing cover, but if there is, the cause should be investigated as soon as possible, as the timing belt will deteriorate if it becomes contaminated with oil.

4. When the plug is not in use it should be stowed in the tapped hole adjacent to the drain hole.



CLEAN ENGINE TIMING COVER FILTER - 2.5 Diesel only

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- A gauze filter is fitted at the bottom of the engine timing cover to help prevent mud and other debris entering the drain hole, when the wading plug is not in use. The filter must be removed and cleaned periodically, to ensure that it does not become blocked and prevent the timing cover draining properly. Under normal circumstances, the filter should be cleaned at the intervals specified in the Maintenance Schedule or, more frequently if the vehicle operates regularly in wet or dusty conditions.
 - 1. From underneath the vehicle, remove the four bolts and plain washers and, withdraw the wading plug plate from the bottom of the timing cover.
- 2. Wash the filter in kerosene or clean fuel. Brush off any mud or other debris and ensure that the whole filter is quite clean.
- 3. Check the condition of the gasket for the wading plug plate. If necessary, fit a new gasket.
- 4. Refit the wading plug plate. Tighten the securing bolts.



RENEW AIR CLEANER ELEMENT — 2.5 Diesel and 2.25 Petrol engines

- 1. Disconnect the air cleaner hose.
- 2. Pull up the three clips and lift out the air cleaner canister.
- 3. Unscrew element wing nut and sealing washer.
- **4.** Remove and discard the element. DO NOT attempt to clean the element, fit a new one during reassembly.
- 5. Clean interior of canister.
- 6. Fit a new element and sealing washer.





ST206

continued

Check air cleaner dump valve

The dump valve provides an automatic drain for the air cleaner and is fitted in the base of the air cleaner support bracket.

- 7. Squeeze open the dump valve and check that the interior is clean. Also check that the rubber is flexible and in a good condition.
- 8. If necessary, remove the dump value to clean the interior. Fit a new value if the original is in a poor condition.



Fit air cleaner

- 9. Fir air cleaner canister and secure with the clips.
- 10. Connect the air cleaner hose.

RENEW AIR CLEANER ELEMENT -V8 engine

- 1. Unscrew the two air cleaner strap retaining nuts.
- 2. Disconnect the air cleaner hose.
- 3. Remove the engine breather hose.
- 4. Withdraw air cleaner canister.
- 5. Unscrew element wing nut and washer and remove filter seal.
- **6.** Remove and discard the element. DO NOT attempt to clean the element, fit a new one during reassembly and secure with the wing nut.





Check air cleaner dump valve

- 7. Squeeze open the dump valve and check that the interior is clean. Also check that the rubber is flexible and in a good condition.
- 8. If necessary, remove the dump value to clean the interior. Fit a new value if the original is in a poor condition.

Fit air cleaner

- 9. Fit a new element and reassemble the air cleaner.
- 10. Fit the air cleaner canister.
- 11. Fit the breather hose.
- 12. Fit the air cleaner hose.
- 13. Secure with the retaining straps and nuts.

CLEAN FUEL LIFT PUMP SEDIMENT BOWL — Petrol engine — early vehicles

- 1. Remove the bowl by slackening the thumb screw and swinging the retainer to one side.
- 2. Remove and clean the filter gauze in clean petrol.
- 3. Ensure that the sealing washer is in good condition.
- 4. Replace gauze and refit the bowl.
- 5. Prime the pump by operating the hand lever.





CLEAN ELECTRIC FUEL PUMP FILTER -V8 and later 2.25 Petrol engine vehicles

The pump is located mid-way along the right hand side of the chassis.

1. Release the three bolts and remove the protective cover -except '90' models.



RENEW FUEL FILTER ELEMENT — Petrol engines 4-cylinder and V8

The element provides a filter between the pump and carburetter and is located adjacent to fuel pump on the right hand side of the chassis.

- 1. Release the three bolts and remove the protective cover. See 'Clean electric fuel pump filter'.
- 2. Unscrew the centre bolt.
- 3. Withdraw the filter bowl.
- 4. Remove the small sealing ring and remove the element.
- 5. Withdraw the large sealing ring from the underside of the filter body.
- 6. Discard the old element and replace with a new unit.
- 7. Ensure that the centre and top sealing rings are in good condition and replace as necessary.
- 8. Fit new element, small hole downwards.
- 9. Refit sealing rings (small and large).
- 2. From beneath the vehicle disconnect the fuel inlet pipe from the pump and blank the end of the pipe by suitable means to prevent fuel draining from the tank.
- 3. Release the end cover from the bayonet fixing.
- 4. Withdraw the filter and clean by using a compressed air jet from the inside of the filter.
- 5. Remove the magnet (where fitted) from the end cover and clean. Replace the magnet in the centre of the end cover.
- 6. Reassemble the fuel pump and refit the fuel inlet pipe.
- 7. Use a new gasket for the end cover if necessary.
- 8. Fit the protective cover.



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MAINTENANCE

RENEW FUEL FILTER ELEMENT — Diesel engines

Drain off Water

- 1. Slacken off drain plug to allow water to run out.
- 2. When pure diesel fuel is emitted, tighten drain Plug-



ST062

Renew filter

- **3.** Support element holder.
- 4. Unscrew the special bolt on top of the filter, the element holder can now be removed.
- 5. Remove and discard the used element.
- 6. Wash the element holder in petrol or fuel oil.
- 7. If necessary renew both the large rubber washer and the small rubber washer in the filter top, also renew the large rubber washer in the element holder.
- 8. Push the new element onto the filter top spigot with the holes in the element to the top.
- 9. Fit the element holder to the bottom of the element, and secure with the special bolt.
- 10. Prime the system and check for fuel leaks.



FUEL SEDIMENTER — Diesel engines (where fitted)

The sedimenter increases the working life of the fuel filter by removing the larger droplets of water and larger particles of foreign matter from the fuel.

Drain off water as follows:

Drain off Water

- 1. Slacken off drain plug to allow water to run out.
- 2. When pure diesel fuel is emitted, tighten drain plug. Dismantle and clean as detailed below.



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Clean element

- 3. Disconnect fuel inlet pipe at sedimenter and raise pipe above level of fuel tank to prevent draining from tank. Support in this positon.
- 4. Support sedimenter bowl and unscrew bolt on top of unit and remove bowl.
- 5. Remove the sedimenter element.
- 6. Clean all parts in kerosene.
- 7. Fit new seals and reverse removal procedure.
- 8. Slacken off the drain plug, when pure diesel fuel runs out tighten plug.
- 9. If necessary, prime the system.
- 10. Start engine and check for leaks from sedimenter.



RENEW DUCELLIER DISTRIBUTOR POINTS — 4-cylinder engines

Renew Points

- 1. Release the spring clips and remove the distributor cap.
- 2. Pull off the rotor arm.
- 3. Remove the dust shield.
- 4. Remove the retaining screw and remove the fixed contact point.
- 5. Slide the spring clip rearwards.
- 6. Disconnect the suppressor lead from the connector block.
- 7. Disconnect the lead from ignition coil.
- 8. Remove insulation washer from the moving contact point.
- 9. Lift off the moving contact point complete with leads and connector block from the distributor body.
- 10; Fit the new moving point over post.
- 11. Locate the leaf spring in the plastic guide.
- 12. Fit the insulation washer.
- 13. Secure the assembly with the spring clip.
- 14. Fit the connector block to the distributor body.
- 15. Connect ignition coil lead.
- 16. Fit suppressor lead to connector block.
- 17. Fit the fixed contact point and loosely retain with the screw.

Adjust points

NOTE: The following two instructions describe the adjustment of the contact points. The accompanying illustration shows it being done with the aid of special tool 18G1308. Whilst the points can be adjusted to the datum setting only (see data) without the tool full distributor adjustment, i.e. dwell angle, dwell variation and vacuum advance can only be achieved by using this tool in conjunction with engine diagnostic equipment. It is essential that the above adjustments are carried out in order to maintain correct emission levels and maximum engine efficiency.

- 18. Rotate the engine until a cam of the rotor fully opens the points.
- 19. Using a feeler, adjust the position of the fixed contact point to the datum setting and tighten the retaining screw.
- 20. Check and adjust the dwell angle, dwell variation and vacuum advance.





ADJUST DUCELLIER DISTRIBUTOR — 4-cylinder Petrol engine

Service tool: 1861308

Check and Adjust Dwell Angle

NOTE: The following six instructions can only be carried out using engine diagnostic equipment and special tool 18G1308.

1. Start the engine, disconnect the vacuum pipe from the vacuum unit and with the engine idling check the dwell angle — see data. If adjustment is required stop the engine, remove the distributor cap, rotor arm and dust cover, slacken the fixed contact retaining screw and using the eccentric-post end of the special tool, as illustrated, make an appropriate adjustment. Tighten the retaining screw, reassemble the distributor and recheck the dwell angle.



Check and adjust dwell variation

NOTE: A dwell variation outside the accepted tolerance — see data — can be caused by a mechanical fault or wear within the distributor. This may be checked as follows:

- 2. Disconnect the vacuum advance, start the engine and increase the speed to 2000 r.p.m. A variation outside the tolerance given in data indicates that the distributor has a mechanical fault which cannot be rectified by adjustment.
- **J**. If the variation is acceptable, reconnect the vacuum pipe, start the engine and increase the engine speed to 2,000 r.p.m. and release the throttle. Check the dwell variation and if necessary adjust by tuming the eccentric 'D' post with the special tool (female 'D' end). Setting the dwell for minimum variation may alter the basic setting and this must be rechecked at idle speed.



Check vacuum advance

NOTE: If the vacuum unit has been removed or the distributor dismantled, the vacuum advance must be checked and if necessary adjusted.

- 4. Disconnect the vacuum pipe and connect a vacuum pump to the unit.
- 5. Start and run the engine at idle speed and using a timing light, slowly increase the vacuum and note the point at which vacuum advance starts and compare the figure with that given in data.
- **6.** Adjustment of the serrated cam, with the special tool, one tooth at a time, will alter the point at which vacuum advance starts.





RENEW LUCAS CONTACT BREAKER SLIDING CONTACTS —4-cylinder petrol engine

The contact set should be renewed every 40.000 km (25,000 miles).

Remove the old contacts

- 1. Remove the distributor cap.
- 2. Remove the rotor arm.
- 3. Remove the retaining screw and lift the contact set complete from the plate.
- 4. Press the contact set spring and release the terminal plate and leads from the spring.

Fit new contacts

- 5. Clean the points with petrol to remove the protective coating.
- **6.** Press the contact spring and fit the terminal plate with the black lead uppermost.
- 7. Fit the contact set to the moving plate, ensuring that the peg, underneath the contact pivot, locates in the hole in the moving plate.
- 8. The sliding contact actuating fork must also locate over the fixed peg.
- 9. Loosely secure the assembly with the screw, plain and spring washer.
- 10. Check that the contact leaf spring locates properly in the insulation shoe.

Adjust gap

- 11. Rotate the crankshaft until the contact heel is on the highest point of a cam.
- 12. Adjust the gap by inserting a screwdriver blade between the 'V' shaped notch and pip and twist the screwdriver.
- 13. Insert a 0,35 to 0,40 mm (0.014 to 0.016 in) feeler gauge between the points and adjust to a sliding fit and tighten the retaining screw.
- **14.** Fit the rotor arm.





Fixed contact type

- 1. Unclip and remove the distributor cap.
- 2. Withdraw the rotor arm.
- 3. Remove the contact breaker spring anchor nut and lift off:
 - (a) the top-half of insulation bush
 - (b) the low tension lead (black)
 - (c) the capacitor lead (orange)
- 4. Remove the contact breaker retaining screw, plain and spring washer and remove contact set assembly.
- 5. Remove the complete insulation bush.
- 6. Fit the contact breaker set ensuring that the small post protruding from below the contact set locates through the hole in the cover plate into the hole in the end of the vacuum unit actuating lever, secure with the screw, plain and spring washers.

continued

- 7. Assemble the contact breaker spring insulating bushes and electrical leads, as illustrated, in the following sequence:
 - (a) lower bush
 - (b) spring
 - (c) low tension lead
 - (d) capacitor lead
 - (e) top bush
 - and secure with the anchor spring nut.
- 8. Apply a few drops of engine oil to the distributor cam lubrication pad.



Sliding contact type

- 1. Release the clips and remove the distributor cap.
- 2. Remove the rotor arm from the cam spindle.
- **3.** Remove the retaining screw and washers and lift the complete contact breaker assembly from the moveable plate.
- 4. Remove the nut and plastic bushes from the terminal post to release the leads and spring.
- 5. Discard the old contact breaker assembly.
- 6. Clean the new points with petrol to remove the protective coating.
- 7. Connect the leads to the terminal post in the following sequence:
 - (a) lower plastic bush
 - (b) red lead tab
 - (c) contact breaker spring eye
 - (d) black lead tab
 - (e) upper plastic bush
 - (f) retaining nut.
- 8. Fit the contact set to the moving plate ensuring that the two pegs locate in the holes.



Adjust points — both types

- 9. Turn the engine in the direction of rotation until the contacts are fully open or the heel of the contact set is on the highest point of the cam.
- 10. Using a feeler gauge and the dwell angle adjuster on the side of the distributor, set the points to a nominal gap of 0.35 to 0.40 mm (0.014 to 0.016 in).
- 11. At the earliest opportunity check and adjust the dwell angle see data using special turning equipment.
- 12. Fit the rotor arm and distributor cap ensuring that the H.T. pick-up brush moves freely.



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CLEAN AND LUBRICATE V8 ENGINE DISTRIBUTOR

Fixed contact type

- 1. Remove distributor cap.
- 2. Remove rotor arm.
- 3. Lightly smear the cam with clean engine oil.
- 4. Add a few drops of thin machine oil to lubricate the cam bearing and distributor shaft.
- 5. Wipe the inside and outside of the distributor cap with a soft dry cloth.
- 6. Ensure that the carbon brush works freely in its holder.
- 7. Refit rotor arm and distributor cap



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Sliding contact type

- 1. Remove distributor cap.
- 2. Remove rotor arm.
- **3.** Lightly smear the cam with clean engine oil.
- 4. Add a few drops of thin machine oil to lubricate the cam bearing and distributor shaft.
- 5. Wipe the inside and outside of the distributor cap with a soft dry cloth.
- 6. Ensure that the carbon brush works freely in its holder.
- 7. Lubricate the actuator ramps and contact breaker heel ribs with Shell Retinax or equivalent grease.
- 8. Grease the underside of the heel actuator.
- 9. Apply grease to the fixed pin and actuator fork.
- 10. Refit rotor arm and distributor cap.



CLEAN AND LUBRICATE DUCELLIER DISTRIBUTOR

- **1.** Remove the distributor cover and lift off the rotor arm and anti-dust shield.
- 2. Inspect the contact breaker points; if burnt or worn they should be renewed.
- 3. Very lightly smear the cam with grease Shell Retinax.
- 4. Lubricate the pressure pad with grease Shell Retinax.
- **5.** Add a few drops of oil to the felt pad in the top of the cam spindle.
- 6. Turn the engine until the distributor centrifugal weight pivot post is visible through the cut-out in the base plate and lubricate the pivot post with a drop of oil. Repeat for the opposite pivot post.
- 7. Carefully wipe away all surplus lubricant; and ensure that the contact breaker points are clean and dry.
- 8. Fit the anti-dust shield.
- 9. Refit the rotor arm, engage the slot in the spindle and push down firmly.
- 10. Wipe clean with dry nap-free cloth, the inside and outside of the distributor cover, particularly between the electrodes, and fit the distributor cover.



CLEAN V8 ENGINE ELECTRONIC IGNITION DISTRIBUTOR

80.000 km (48,000 miles)

Remove the distributor cap and rotor arm and wipe inside with a nap-free cloth.

DO NOT DISTURB the clear plastic insulating cover which protects the magnetic pick-up module.

MAINTENANCE

CLEAN AND LUBRICATE LUCAS DISTRIBUTOR

- 1. Clean and lightly grease the cam with Shell Retinax or equivalent and remove any surplus lubricant.
- 2. Using the same grease lubricate the underside of the heel actuator.
- **3.** Grease the actuator ramps and contact breaker heel ribs.
- 4. Apply grease to the fixed pin and the actuator fork.
- 5. Apply a drop of clean engine oil to the felt pad underneath the rotor arm.
- 6. Every 40.000 km (25,000 miles) lubricate the automatic advance mechanism by injecting one or two drops **of** engine oil through the aperture in the base plate.
- 7. Wipe the internal and external surfaces of the distributor cap with clean dry nap-free cloth and fit the cap to the distributor body.



CHECK AND ADJUST V8 ENGINE DISTRIBUTOR TIMING

Using Electronic Timing Equipment

A pointer on the timing cover and marks on the crankshaft pulley indicate positions around T.D.C. on No. 1 cylinder (i.e. front cylinder on left-hand bank). Refer to 'Engine Tuning data' for appropriate ignition timing.

Engine speed accuracy during ignition timing is important. Any variation from the required idle speed, particularly in an upward direction, will lead to wrongly set ignition timing.

- 1. Connect a stroboscopic timing light as instructed by the manufacturer. The engine is timed on No. 1 cylinder.
- 2. Run the engine at idle speed.
- **3.** Position the timing light to illuminate the crankshaft pulley and scale.

WARNING: Ensure that personnel and equipment are kept clear of the rotating cooling fan while using the timing light.

- 4. If the timing is correct the pulley mark indicated in the Tuning Data will show. If correct, instruction 5 may be ignored.
- 5. With the engine still running at idle speed, slacken the clamp bolt and carefully rotate the distributor body as required until the correct pulley mark shows. Turn anticlockwise to advance and clockwise to retard.
- **6.** Tighten the clamp bolt with the unit in this position.







CLEAN, ADJUST OR RENEW SPARK PLUGS

- 1. Withdraw the H.T. leads from the spark plugs by gripping the shrouds, do not pull on the leads.
- 2. Using an appropriate plug spanner, remove the spark plugs.



Clean and set gaps

- 3. **Fit** plug in plug cleaning machine.
- 4. Wobble plug with circular motion while operating abrasive blast for a maximum of four seconds.

CAUTION: Excessive abrasive blasting will erode insulator nose.

- 5. Change to air blast only and continue to wobble plug for a minimum of thirty seconds to remove abrasive grit from plug cavity.
- 6. Wire-brush plug threads, open gap slightly.
- 7. Using point file, square off electrode surfaces.
- 8. Set electrode gap, see 'Engine Tuning data',
- 9. Test plugs in accordance with cleaning machine manufacturer's instructions. If satisfactory, refit plugs in engine.
- 10. If no machine is available carefully wire brush electrodes and blow or wash away carbon particles.

Illustration shows:

- **A.** Dirty or unsatisfactory electrode
- B. Filing plug electrodes
- C. A clean plug correctly set



Refit or renew spark plugs

- 11. Check that the washers are fitted to the plugs.
- 12. It is important that only spark plugs specified in Data section are used for replacements.
- 13. Incorrect grades of plug may lead to piston overheating and engine failure.
- 14. Wash new plugs in petrol to remove the protective coating, then set the electrode gaps to the appropriate figures given in 'Engine Tuning data'.
- 15. Fit the plugs and washers to the engine but do not overtighten.
- 16. Examine high tension leads, including the coil to distributor lead, for insulation cracking or corrosion at end contacts. Fit new leads as necessary.
- 17. In addition to correct firing order, high tension leads must be fitted in correct relation to each other to avoid cross firing, as illustrated. This is particularly important on the V8 engine.

First illustration. 4-cylinder engine. Second illustration. V8 engine.

18. When pushing leads on plugs ensure ferrules within shrouds are firmly seated on plugs.



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CLEAN AND TEST HEATER PLUGS - Diesel engines

REMOVE THE PLUGS

- 1. Disconnect the battery.
- 2. Remove the terminal nut from each heater plug.
- 3. Detach the heater plug lead and washer from each plug.
- 4. Remove the heater plugs.

Clean and inspect

- 5. Remove carbon from base of heater plugs to avoid the possibility of short circuiting of the element. Do not sandblast.
- 6. Examine the element for signs of fracture and deterioration and the seating for scores. Plugs with fractures or doubtful elements must be renewed. Where scoring of the seating may impair the sealing, the plug should be renewed.

Test and refit

7. Test the plug internal circuit for continuity by connecting it in circuit with a 12 volt side lamp bulb and a 12 volt supply. If the bulb does not light an open circuit is indicated and the heater plug must be renewed.



- 8. Ensure that the terminals are clean and that the thread at the base of the plug is free from carbon.
- 9. Fit the heater plugs to the engine. Do not overtighten.
- 10. Fit the heater plug lead and washer to each plug.
- 11. Connect the battery.

CHECK BRAKE FLUID RESERVOIR

- 1. Check the fluid level in the fluid reservoir by observing the level in relation to the 'MIN' or 'MAX' marks on the side of the translucent reservoir.
- 2. If the level is below the 'MAX' mark clean the outside of the filler cap and top-up with new, clean fluid from a sealed container. Use only fluid recommended in the 'General specification data' section. Refit the cap.



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CHECK CLUTCH FLUID RESERVOIR

- 1. Clean and remove the reservoir cap and observe the fluid level in relation to the marks on the side of the reservoir.
- 2. Top-up if necessary with new, clean fluid from a sealed container and of a recommended specification — see 'General specification data' section. Refit the cap.





CHECK POWER STEERING FLUID RESERVOIR

- 1. Clean and remove the reservoir cap and observe the fluid level in relation to the mark on the side of the reservoir.
- 2. If necessary top-up with a recommended fluid see 'General specification data' section — until the fluid is 12 mm (1/2 in) above the filter. Refit the cap.



CHECK COOLING SYSTEM COOLANT

Refer to the 'Cooling system' section for details of anti-freeze and inhibitors and to the 'General specification data' section for anti-freeze protection quantities.

With a cold engine, the expansion tank should be approximately half full.

WARNING: Do not remove the filler cap when the engine is hot because the cooling system is pressurised and personal scalding could result.

To remove the filler cap, first turn it anti-clockwise a quarter of a turn and allow all pressure to escape, before turning further in the same direction to lift it off.

When replacing the filler cap it is important that it is tightened down fully, not just to the first stop. Failure to tighten the filler cap properly may result in water loss, with possible damage to the engine through overheating.



BATTERY

Check Specific Gravity

The specific gravity of the electrolyte should be checked using a battery hydrometer. The readings should be as follows:

Temperate climate below 26.5°C (80°F) as commissioned for service, fully charged 1.270 to 1.290 specific gravity.

As expected during normal service, three-quarter charged 1.230 to 1.250 specific gravity.

If the specific gravity should read between 1.190 to 1.210, half-charged, the battery must be bench charged and the electrical equipment in the car should be checked.

Tropical climate above 26.5°C (80°F) as commissioned for service, fully charged 1.210 to 1.230 specific gravity. As expected during normal service, three-quarter charge 1.170 to 1.190 specific gravity.

If the specific gravity should read between 1.130 to 1.150, half-charged, the battery must be bench charged and the electrical equipment on the car should be checked.

Check and Top-Up Electrolyte Level

- 1. Wipe all dirt and moisture from the battery top.
- 2. Remove the filler cover. If necessary add sufficient distilled water to raise the level to the top of separators.

Replace the filler plugs or manifold lid.

- 3. Avoid the use of a naked light when examining the cells.
- 4. In hot climates it will be necessary to top up the battery at more frequent intervals.
- 5. In very cold weather it is essential that the vehicle is used immediately after topping up, to ensure that the distilled water is thoroughly mixed with the electrolyte. Neglect of this precaution may result in the distilled water freezing and causing damage to the battery.

Battery terminals

- 6. Remove battery terminals, clean, grease and refit.
- 7. Replace terminal screw; do not overtighten. Do not use the screw for pulling down the terminal.
- 8. Do NOT disconnect the battery cables while the engine is running or damage to alternator semiconductor devices may occur. It is also inadvisable to break or make any connection in the alternator charging and control circuits while the engine is running.
- 9. It is essential to observe the polarity of connections to the battery, alternator and regulator, as any incorrect connections made when reconnecting cables may cause irreparable damage to the semiconductor devices.

IMPORTANT NOTE: If a new battery is fitted to the vehicle, it should be the same type as fitted to the vehicle when new. Alternative batteries may vary in size and terminal positions and this could be a possible fire hazard if the terminals or leads come into contact with the battery clamp assembly. When fitting a new battery ensure that the terminals and leads are clear of the battery clamp assembly.

MAINTENANCE

RENEW BRAKE SERVO FILTER

- **1.** Remove the nuts securing the master cylinder to the servo.
- 2. Release the clip retaining the brake pipe to the clutch pipe.
- **3.** Separate the master cylinder from the servo.
- 4. Disconnect the vacuum hose from the servo.
- 5. Disconnect the Lucars from the stop lamp switch at the rear of the pedal box.
- 6. Remove the blanking grommets from the pedal box.
- 7. Remove the split pin from the clevis and withdraw the clevis pin and washer.



8. Remove the four nuts securing the servo to the pedal box and remove the servo.

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- 9. Pull back the dust cover.
- 10. Release the end-cap.
- 11. Cut the filters to remove them from the shaft.



- 12. Clean the filter seating and fit the new filters noting that they must be cut to fit over the shaft.
- 13. Fit the end-cap and dust cover and refit the servo and master cylinder to the vehicle reversing the removal procedure. Use a new split pin to secure the clevis.
- 14. Test the brakes.



ENGINE SLOW RUNNING -2.5 Diesel

1. Using a suitable tachometer, check the engine slow running adjustment 'see Engine tuning data'. If adjustment is necessary slacken the locknut and turn the control screw clockwise to increase the revolutions and anti-clockwise to decrease the engine speed. Tighten the locknut, increase the engine speed for a few seconds then re-check the slow running.



2. If a tachometer is not available adjust the control screw until the slowest speed is obtained consistent with smooth and even running.

NOTE: The slow running control is the only permitted adjustment in service. Any additional adjustments required must only be carried out by authorised C.A.V. agents.