

High Pass Low Pass

S05 S06

# Dynamic Noise Filter

- \* SELECTIVE LOW LEVEL ATTENUATION
- \* DYNAMIC OR STATIC FILTERING
- ★ HIGH-PASS AND LOW-PASS VERSIONS
- ★ 0-20dB/OCT DYNAMIC SLOPE

These units enable the treatment of signal without change of level; the filter slope is programme controlled with an adjustable threshold to determine the point at which the slope commences moving from the maximum pre-set on the slope range control.

The threshold is adjusted so that the response becomes flat as soon as there is signal content to mask the noise. Units can operate imperceptibly even on classical material. There are no colouration effects due to change of slope.

Model S05 is the High—pass version and is ideal for reducing hum and rumble. Three turn-over frequencies of 100. 200 and 400Hz have been chosen.

Model S06 is a Low—pass system and is suitable for attenuating tape and general system noise (particularly electronic instruments and when reproducing LF signal) Turnover frequencies are 2, 4 and 6kHz.

Slope control side-chains are frequency selective so as to respond primarily to signals within the operating band. An input change of some 30dB is required to move the slope from 20dB/oct to a flat response.

Gating Mode: Units can also operate on the full programme content and give upto 40dB attenuation. The slope range then sets maximum attenuation from 0 to 40dB.

Dual indicator lights show changing state of attenuation and slope variation.

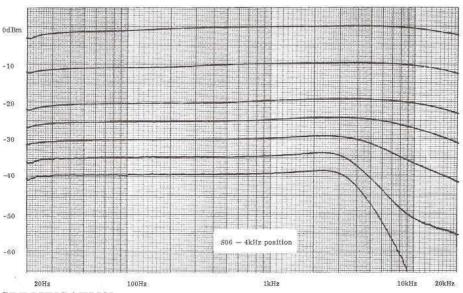


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In operation, the slope range control is adjusted (with the threshold turned down) for optimum noise reduction using any of the three turn-over frequencies. The slope selected will of course also depend on the maximum permissable frequency loss at low level. The threshold control is then increased until the filter is opening on higher level signal levels (indicated by the green light). The exact point will be determined by the onset of noise masking — i. e. frequencies in the area will successfully mask the increasing noise previously attenuated at low level by the filter. A medium attack time will probably be found most successful coupled with a fast release.

The graph shows the 4kHz position on the S06 unit. Of course the threshold levels are variable and the maximum rate of slope can be pre-set to anything between 0dB and 20dB/oct. The slight rising response before turn-over is more emphasised on the 6kHz position and improves the subjective effect on the low level signal. In the 2kHz position the response remains quite flat prior to roll-off.



#### SPECIFICATION:

INPUT: 10k ohm balanced — unity gain

OUTPUT: 1 ohm balanced (6dB gain or unity option)

DISTORTION: 0.05% @ 1kHz THD

RESPONSE: +1 and -3dB (worst condition) 20Hz-20kHz

NOISE: -93dB ref +8dBm

THRESHOLD: -26dBm and above (DNF); -35dBm (Gate)

SLOPE: DNF: filter variable 0-20dB/oct

Gate: 20:1 ratio

RANGE: Gate mode -20dB / 40dB

FORMAT: Card module 1 x 8" for SCAMP rack system

POWER: +30v rough DC (stabilised on board)

CODING: Model S05 - High Pass T/O f. 100, 200, 400Hz

Model S06 - Low Pass T/O f. 2, 4, 6kHz.



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Gating Mode: Units can also operate on the full programme content and give upto 40dB attenuation. The slope range then sets maximum attenuation from 0 to 40dB.

Dual indicator lights show changing state of attenuation and slope variation.

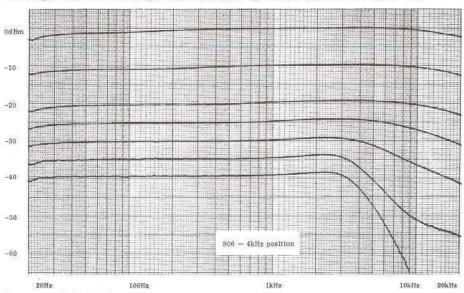


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DISTORTION: 0.05% @ 1kHz THD

RESPONSE: +1 and -3dB (worst condition) 20Hz-20kHz

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THRESHOLD: -26dBm and above (DNF); -35dBm (Gate)

SLOPE: DNF: filter variable 0-20dB/oct

Gate: 20:1 ratio

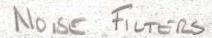
RANGE: Gate mode -20dB / 40dB

FORMAT: Card module 1 x 8" for SCAMP rack system

POWER: +30v rough DC (stabilised on board)

CODING: Model S05 - High Pass T/O f. 100, 200, 400Hz

Model S06 - Low Pass T/O f. 2, 4, 6kHz.



#### 3. TECHNICAL SECTION

#### 3.1 Technical Specification

INPUT: 10kΩ balanced — unity gain

OUTPUT: 1Ω balanced (6dB gain or unity option)

DISTORTION: 0.05% @1kHz THD

RESPONSE: ±1 and -3dB (worst condition) 20Hz - 20kHz

NOISE: -93dB ref + 8dBm

THRESHOLD: -30dBm and above (DNF); -35dBm (Gate)

SLOPE: DNF: filter variable 0 - 18dB/oct

Gate: 20:1 ratio

RANGE: Gate mode 20dB/40dB

FORMAT: Card module 1 in. × 8 in. for SCAMP rack system

POWER: ±30v rough DC (stabilised on board)

CODING: Model S 05 — High Pass T/O frq. 100, 200. 400Hz
Model S 06 — Low Pass T/O frq. 2, 4, 6kHz.

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#### 3. TECHNICAL SECTION

#### 3.2 Module Connections

+ Ve in 2 -Ve in 3 0v 0v 4 5 Stereo link S 05 Stereo link S 06 6 7 + 48v Phantom Supply

**Ov Phantom Supply** 

Stereo link S 01

17 18 Output + phase 19 20 Output -phase

> Input + phase Input -phase Chassis earth

Chassis earth

From balanced/floating source: Connect + and -phase as normal. From unbalanced source: Connect - phase to signal earth of source, + phase to signal output of source, earth to chassis earth of source. Output Connections To balanced/floating load: Switch on board to 'BAL', connect + and - phase and chassis earth as normal. To unbalanced load: Switch on board to 'UNBAL'. Connect - phase to signal earth of load, + phase to signal input of load, earth to chassis earth of load. N.B.. Tracks 34 through 45 should be cut with a track cutter between channels.

Input Connections

S 05/6 A10-0

### 3. TECHNICAL SECTION

### 3.3 Setup Procedure

### 3.3.1 Common Mode Rejection

Input Amp

Set front panel controls:

System out.

i) Feed in 0dBm @ 1kHz on Pin 27 -0V and 25 Phase.

ii Connect Phase and inverted inputs together (pins 25 and 26).

iii) Adjusting pre-set VR2, read output to measure -70dBm or better.

 iv) Increase frequency to 10kHz and check output measures -50dBm or better.

v) Re-connect inputs for normal operation.

### 3.3.2 Rectifier Balance

Set front panel controls:

Attack Sw	F	
Release Pot	F	
Slope Pot	18dB/Oct	
Threshold Pot	Low	
400/6K	•	
20dB		
DNF		
	O IN	

i) Feed in 0dBm @ 1kHz for S 06, @ 300Hz for S 05

ii) Back off threshold pot until rectifier is out of saturation.

iii) Balance rectifier wave form via pre-set VR4, measure at junction of R105 & R106.

- 3. TECHNICAL SECTION
- 3.3 Setup Procedure ctd
- 3.3.3 Photocell Bias
  Set front panel controls:

Attack Sw		F	
Release Pot		S	
Slope		18dB/Oct	
Threshold		High	
sae;	400/6K		
			(4)
		0	40dB
	75	0	Gate
		0	IN

- Feed in 0dBm @ 1kHz.
- ii) Adjusting pre-set VR6 measure output to be -40dBm, with pre-set No5 fully clockwise.
- iii) Switch Range from 40dB to 20dB, check output rises to -20dBm.

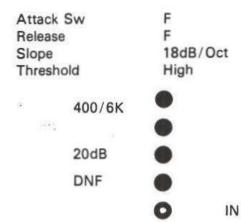
#### 3 TECHNICAL SECTION

- 3.3 Setup Procedure ctd
- 3.3.4 DNF Sections Set front panel controls:

v)

vi)

Slope



- S 06 i) Feed in 0dBm @ 6K5. Read output to measure -3dBm. ii) Change frequency to 20kHz. Read output to measure -37 to -42dBm. iii) Check each of the roll-off frequencies in the same manner. iv) Feed in -20dBm. V) Increase threshold to low. vi) Adjust pre-set VR7 so that output just starts to drop 0.25dB. S 05 i) Feed in 0dB @ 400Hz. Read output to measure -3dBm. ii) Change frequency to 50Hz, read output to measure -20 to -25dBm. iii) Check each of the roll-off frequencies in the same manner. iv) Feed in -20dB.
  - Return Slope pot from 18dB/Oct to out, making sure filter output rises to unity in a linear fashion.

Adjust pre-set VR7 so that output just starts to drop 0.25dBm.

Increase threshold to low.

## \$05/6 A13-0 a FREE download from the archives of AnalogRules.com 3 TECHNICAL SECTION 3.3 Setup Procedure ctd 3.3.5 Lamps Set front panel controls: Attack Sw F F Release Slope 18dB/Oct Threshold High 400/6K 20dB DNF IN Feed in 0dB @ 20kHz for S 06 @ 100Hz for S 05 Increase threshold until output reads -10dBm. Adjust pre-set VR8 until red/amber and green lights are on by equal amounts. Decrease threshold and check green light is totally extinguished. 3.3.6 Side Chain Filters Set front panel controls: F Attack Sw Release Pot Slope Pot 18dB/Oct Threshold Low 400/6K 20dB DNF IN i) Feed in 0dB @ S 06 - 6kHz S 05 - 400Hz. ii) Increase Threshold until both lamps are on. iii) Decrease frequency — red lamps comes on, green light goes off (S 06 only). Increase frequency - amber light comes on, green light goes off (S 05 only). iv) Check off each of the Roll-off frequencies in the same manner.

### a FREE download from the archives of AnalogRules.com 3 TECHNICAL SECTION 3.3 Setup Procedure ctd 3.3.7 Attack Set front panel controls: Attack Sw Release Pot 18dB/Oct Slope Pot Threshold Low 400/6K 20dB DNF IN Feed in 0dB @ 20kHz (S 06) i) @ 100Hz (S 5). Reduce threshold until output drops by 15dB. ii) Switch attack to 'S' - output should recover 1 - 2dB for S 05, iii) 1 — 2dB for S 06. Switch Attack to 'M' - output should recover 1 - 2dB for S 05, iv) 1 - 2dB for S 06. 3.3.8 Release Set front panel controls: Attack Sw Release 18dB/Oct Slope Threshold Low 400/6K 20dB DNF IN Feed in 0dBm @ 20kHz (S 06), @ 100Hz (S 05). i) Reduce threshold to High - output should follow. ii) Increase Release to 'S'. iii) Increase Threshold to Low. iv)

Reduce Threshold to High - output should drop slowly and should take

approx 6 Secs to fully attenuate the output.

V)

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- 3 TECHNICAL SECTION
- 3.3 Setup Procedure ctd
- 3.3.9 Bal-Unbal Mode
- Switch to Bal and Output (+ Phase) will be 6dB down on input, ie 0dBm in -6dBm out.
- ii) Inverted output will be 6dB down on input, ie 0dBm in, -6dBm out.
- iii) Switch to UNBAL, + Output (Phase) will be at unity, ie 0dBm in 0dBm out.
- iv) Inverted output will be at 0V, ie grounded.

#### 3.3.10 Frequency Response

Attack Sw F
Release Pot F
Slope Pot Out
Threshold Pot Low

400/6K

40dB

DNF

IN

- i) Feed in 0dBm @ 1kHz.
- ii) Output should be 0dBm (Ref).
- Decrease frequency, sweeping to 20Hz. Output should not vary by more than +0 0.5dB.
- iv) Increase frequency, sweeping to 25kHz. Output should not vary by more than +0 0.5dB.

