# ALLEN&HEATH



## WARNING – HIGH VOLTAGES

## Power Supply Unit (PSU) work should only be carried out by qualified personnel.

We recommend that you use an approved Allen & Heath service centre for all power supply work.

Please contact your local Allen & Heath distributor for more details.

http://www.allen-heath.com/



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#### RECORDING **MONITOR M350**

TALK BACK/OSCILLATOR SECTION OSCILLATOR FREQUENCY SELECTOR nH7 1kH7 10kHz sinewave TALKBACK/OSCILLATOR ands selected source to PRE-SELECTED outputs LEVEL CONTROL r oscillator/talkback level PRESELECT Tutput selector to slate, L-R and studio (OSC loes not leed studio) Any or all may be selected

#### STUDIO MONITOR SECTION STUDIO SOURCE COMBINER

rce combiner sums together the selected urces. Aux 1 and Aux 2 = Aux 1 > L Aux 2 > R: -R selects output in stereo. Control room selects he same source as Control Room section below

Mutes program to selected output, talkback still

OUTPUT SELECT Sends to CUE (normally headphone) or STUDIO normally loudspeakers) rear panel sockets LEVEL CONTROL Cue/studio output level control

#### CONTROL ROOM MONITOR SECTION

CONTROL ROOM SOURCE SELECTOR Selects control room monitor source, one of TAP: 2 Track recorder), TAPE 2 (2 track recorder), IDIO source or L-R output; all stereo. Also ects the source for L-R monitor meters MONO Monos monitor signal

Dims Monitor output level (also activated by talk

#### AUTOMUTE

ader open' mute of monitor output. Requires tional M310X input modules MUTE Mutes monitor outputs LS OUTPUT Main/alternate output selector LEVEL CONTROL Monitor output level adjust HP LEVEL CONTROL eadphone level control not muted follows CR

PFL IN USE' INDICATOR LED CHECK MODE

elector switch berween PFL or SOLO IN PLACE CHECK switches. PFL interrupts monitor LS meters Solo In Place mutes inputs which are

#### SOLO ENABLE CONTROLS

aster enable switches for channel and monitor O IN PLACE, LINK combines channel and nitor SOLO IN PLACE operations. The paration of the solo systems allows SOLO IN CE to be accompanied by echo returns via

TALKBACK MIC Internal mic capsule for

HEADPHONE SOCKET TALK SWITCH Press to activate talkback

#### MUTE AUTOMATION KEYBOARD AND DISPLAY V4, FOR CONTROL OF THE PROGRAMMABLE AUDIO MUTE MEMORY SYSTEM.

MULTIFUNCTION Display, showing memory numbers, system modes and MIDI channel. EIGHT Control keys and associated indicators give control over the system modes, MIDI mmunications and memory data. SHIFT unction key which gives access to pre-set contro nodes and the LOCAL, AUTO and DUMP keys. TOGGLE Switches the display to read last memo used. LOCAL is used to turn off the internal MIC ink so that only commands arriving via MIDI IN tre recognised. CLEAR Erases the working remory, resets all audio mutes to audio ON, and also has editing functions. RECORD Arms the arnal sequencer memory to store mute events. UPDATE Enters the current mute scene or song nto memory. RECALL Transfers mute patch o ong memory to the working memory, also utomated via MIDI. UP, DOWN Memory preselector keys. AUTO Arms the internal sequencer respond to external clock with record drop-in. DUMP Initiates transfer of memory contents for hiving via MIDI.

#### DUAL GROUP M330

ODD MONITORS SECTION ne on each of 8 group modules

TAPE/LINE SELECTORS nth up: Odd Group Output to L-R mix nd meter 'APE pressed; Multitrack Tape Return to L-R nix and mete LINE pressed: Monitor Line Input to L-R mix.

Source selected by TAPE switch is displayed on the meter. ised to bring an extra line level source into the

L-B mix during re-mix. HF CONTROL Shelving characteristic with ±12dB cut/boost at InkHz corner frequency

LF CONTROL Sheiving characteristic with ±12dB cut/boost at 100Hz corner frequency

AUX SENDS: Sends selected monitor source to Aux outputs. post selector for Aux sends 1&2 Aux send level controls 1&2 for cue mix Aux 3/4 selector switch for Aux send level control

or echo/effect nternal links are provided for pre and post fade

LEVEL CONTROL Monitor signal level control to the L-R mix PAN CONTROL o position signal in L-R mix

CHECK FL or SOLO IN PLACE set by master control th indicator LED)

MITTE Audio mute with indicator, cuts all post fader outputs. High quality "soft cut" switch with ute automation.

.

Maria Maria

EVEN MONITORS SECTION Ine on each of 8 group modules. All functions as cribed above. Even Group Output. Tape or Line is monitored

#### **DUAL MONITOR M335**

ur modules are supplied in acc tion to eight 330 modules and provide monitoring for tracks 7 to 24. Channel Tape Inputs 17 to 24 are maily narallel connected to these modules. chose whether you mix tracks via channels or onitors by pushbutton selection Eight rear lack ockets provide alternative Line Inputs to the mix. When not used for track mixing these monitor sections provide inputs for synths drum machines or echo return. Eight rear XLR sockets are provided (panel M308) for connection to recorder inputs 17 to 24. These outputs are duplicates of group outputs 1 to 8 Assignment to rack 17 is achieved simultaneousy with track 1 ising channel routing switch 1-2. The recorder racks 1 or 17 are switched between record and safe as required. The level to track 17 to 24 is ontrolled during recording with youp faders in insertion point is provided prefader for each

monitor section. "he controls for odd number (17-'3) and even number (18-24) monitors are idenical.

Up selects Tape Input to the monior section

Down selects Line Input to the mi. The meter continues to show Tape In. HF CONTROL

Shelving characteristic EQ with ±tdB cut/boost at 10kHz corner frequency. LF CONTROL

Shelving characteristic EQ with ±1/dB cut/boost 100Hz corner frequency. AUX SENDS Sends the selected monitor sourcito the Aux

re/nost selector for Aux sends 1 nd 2 Aux send level controls 1 and 2 1x 3/4 selector switch for the sell control below ux 3/4 send level control. Factor set post fader nternal links allow alternative selution of pre or ost fader send for the 3/4 level cntrol

LEVEL CONTROL Monitor signal level control to the -R mix PAN CONTROL

position the signal in the L-R (ix CHECK PFL or SQLO IN PLACE set by mater control with indicator LED)

MUTE Audio mute with indicator, cuts abost fader outputs. High quality "soft cut" such with nute automation.

SABER PLUS PA Version including optional stand, lamp and microphone. 24:8:8 SPX & stand S.

> SABER PLUS Recording Version including VU meters. 32:16:16 MVU.

GROUP INSERTION POINT Rear panel 1/4" unbalanced pre-fader hreak-lacks.

FADER REV Reverses even group fader and even monitor level FADER REV

di s

Reverses odd group fader and odd monitor level

#### TRACK SYSTEMS

our M330 modules are supplied, giving eight utputs and eight monitors for eight track eration. Consoles are prewired to accept a further four M330 modules at a later date to give sixteen outputs and sixteen monitors, one four ray module blank covers the space required at right of the console. The choice of 16 track VU r Bargraph meterbridge is the same as for rd sixteen track systems. 6 TRACK SYSTEMS

ght M330 modules are fitted giving 16 outputs onitors with 16 VU or LED meters. 4 TRACK SYSTEMS

aht M330 and four M335 modules are fitted ng 16 outputs and 24 monitors with 24 track rs. Connections are included for all 24 track n and out, XLR for non patchbay, multipin for atchbay version.

#### RECORDING MODULE SET (Patch Bay overleaf)

ODD & EVEN GROUP FADERS nm Alps lader with 10dB boost available. G 3000 option available.

SABER PLUS Recording Version with 24 track monitoring and metering. 36:16:24 LBG. The model shown includes optional stereo channels.



#### SPECIFICATION & AUDIO PERFORMANCE

NOISE PERFORMANCE

200 ohm source)

unity dain, EQ IN/flat;

I -R Out, 1 input open.

unity gain. EQ IN/flat:

routed laders closed:

aders closed:

CROSSTALK

I -R Separation

METERING

in modules:

Group Out, 1 input open.

Group Out, 24 inputs routed.

L-R Out, 24 inputs & 16 monitors

Referred to driven output 1kHz

Muted, Input to L-R Out -95dB -8

Standard meterbridge for all recordin

VU type: 18 or 26 illuminated analogu

BG type: 18 or 26 20-segment LED PF

PA Versions have metering incorporate

M326 Group: 20-segment LED Peak

M355 Monitor: illuminated analogue

All steel frame with grey eggshell stor

Recording versions supplied with rug

PA versions for table-top use, stand

Padded arm rest and solid wood trim

aluminium with stoved epoxy screer

Complete mixer serviceable from top an

Modules individually modular.

constructed of stove enamelied

L&R meters, optionally:

bargraphs, -24 to +12dB

bargraph, -36 to +15dB

CONSTRUCTION

enamel finish

cantilever stand.

printed graphics.

\_95/JR

-68dB -

RMS Noise, 20kHz bandwidth, ref 0

Mic in, equivalent input noise -127d

#### ELECTRONIC PERFORMANCE 0d8u = 0.775 Vrms

0VU = +4dBu (1.23V) or -8dBu (300mV) Reference Frequency = 1kHz GAIN

#### Input to Group L-R or Mono Outputs Channel Mic In: 10dB (PAD IN) to -70dB Line In: -4dB to +36dB Tape In: -12dB to +28dB Monitor Tape In: 0dB or 12dB (linkable) See connector illustrations for further

#### FREQUENCY RESPONSE

Referred to 1kHz @ +4dBu, EQ Out Mic In to Group Out, 40dB gain: +0/-1dB On, Input to un-routed Group 20Hz-20kHz Line/Tape in to L-R Out, OdB gain: +0/-0.5dB 20Hz-20kHz

#### OUTPUTS

Balanced L, R, Mono. Group 1-16 Outputs: max level +27dBu with balanced models includes 16 track meters plus termination of 600 ohms or more. +21dBu unbalanced. Unbalanced Direct, Aux and monitor outputs: max level +21dBu with load of 2k ohms or more. +18dBu with 600 ohm load. Operating Level: 4dBu or -8dBu

#### DISTORTION

THD+ Noise @ +20dBu output level. tvoical

Gain 1kHz 10kHz Mic In to Group 70dB <0.01% <0.01%

ine/Tape to 0dB <0.007% <0.007%

#### FOUALISER

e module descriptions CONNECTIONS

#### See nanel drawings inside

POWER SUPPLY Type RPS4, rack mounted unit including 48Vdc for phantom powered microphones AC input: 110V. 120V. 220V. 240V.

DIMENSIONS	mm	(INS)	

WIDTH	FRONT-BACK	HEIGHT
1243 (48.9)	800 (31.5)	1060 (41.75)
1503 (59.2)	800 (31.5)	1060 (41.75)
1763 (69.4)	800 (31.5)	1060 (41.75)
2023 (79.6)	800 (31.5)	1060 (41.75)
S, M, L, XL	800 (31.5)	230 (9)
19 inch rack	170 (7)	3U
	1243 (48.9) 1503 (59.2) 1763 (69.4) 2023 (79.6) S, M, L, XL	1243 (48.9)         800 (31.5)           1503 (59.2)         800 (31.5)           1763 (69.4)         800 (31.5)           2023 (79.6)         800 (31.5)           S, M, L, XL         800 (31.5)

#### STANDARD MODELS

cording versions: including meterbridge, stand and RPS4

Small Frame	Medium Frame	Large Frame	Extra Large Frame
24:8:8 SVU	32:8:8 MVU	40:8:8 LVU	48:8:8 XLVU 7
24:8:8 SBG	32:8:8 MBG	40:8:8 LBG	48:8:8 XLBG
24: 16:16 SVU	32:16:16 MVU	40:16:16 LVU	48:16:16 XLVU
24:16:16 SBG	32:16:16 MBG	40:16:16 LBG	48:16:16 XLBG
-	28:16:24 MVU	36:16:24 LVU	44:16:24 XLVU
-	28:16:24 MBG	36:16:24 LBG	44:16:24 XLBG
cording Patchbay \	/ersions		
-	-	32:16:16 LVUPB	40:16:16 XLVUP8
-	-	32:16:16 LBGPB	40:16:16 XLBGPB
-	-	28:16:24 LVUPB	36:16:24 XLVUPB
-	-	28:16:24 LVUPB	36:16:24 XLVUPB
-	*	28:16:24 LBGPB	36:16:24 XLBGPB
Versions: includin	ig RPS4 and meters (	on output modules.	Excluding stand.
		10.0.0 i DV	40-0-0 VI BV

24:8:8 SPX 32:8:8 MPX 40:8:8 LPX 48:8:8 XLPX Note 1: 8 track version having a 4 x M330 pre-wired for 8 x M330 The Saber Plus Model shown on the front cover is a 36:16:24 XLBG with Patchbay option and is shown with accessories which are not included.

















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#### SYSTEM



notice

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M360

#### In line with our policy of continuous product improvement, we reserve the right to amend the design and specification of equipment without Fax: 203 795 6814

5 Connair Road Orange Connecticut 06477 Tel: 203 795 3594

USA







launched in 1988 and now the world's most popular 16/24 track music production consoles.

The visual design has been retained but still further technical advances in the Mute Automation, equalisation and operator information areas have been achieved.

Now the leadership of Saber in its new 'Plus' format is re-confirmed.

Saber Plus is for 16 and 24 track recording studios and tor live sound, both installed and touring. Significant improvements in sound transparency further enhance its role in the digital multitrack studio.

The matrix module furthe enhances Saber Plus' claim as a leading PA console, Saber Plus PA offers up to 48 inputs, 8 subgroups, 10 x 8 matrix and 6 auxiliaries plus enhanced Mute Automation, equalisation and operator information.

The fully modular range i designed to allow maximum flexibility now and in the future, while all models accept optional facilities.



SABER PLUS STUDIO CONSOLES

Mute Automation for all Sabe Plus consoles allows memory control of audio mutes individually, in 'snap-shot' combination, in synchronisation with the nerformance, and with full MIDI compatibility. Channel, echo return and multitrack monitor mutes are automated.

16 track recording versions with 24, 32, 40 and 48 input channels plus 16 track monitoring and metering. Up to 64 inputs with EQ and fader for mixdown plus four returns.

24 track recording versions with 28, 36 and 44 input channels with 24 track monitoring and metering. Up to 68 inputs with EQ and fade for mixdown, plus four returns.

Four Band Equalisation with two swept overlapping mid-frequency controls, with 20:1 frequency range. The upper-mid range is from 12kHz to 600Hz centre frequency, and the lower mid-range 1.5kHz to 70Hz centre frequency. The high and low frequency shelving sections operate with corner frequencies; 8kHz and 16kHz switched HF, and 40Hz and 80Hz switched LF.

Two Band Equalisation for all multitrack monitor returns.

Three input connections per channel: mic, track and line inputs. Three input connections per

monitor section: group, track and line inputs. EQ and fader reverse on all

multitrack monitors for use as remix return inputs. Ergonomically efficient control

layout with EQ close to hand.

Unique checking system providing PFL and Solo In Place as set by master status switch.

Mic, line and tape inputs, and mono, stereo and group outputs electronically balanced.

**MUTE AUTOMATION "V4"** Mute Automation is the latest expression of Allen & Heath's success with integrating the console into the operating environment. Mute events are stored in the console's memory for replay later on with "hands free" for other tasks.

The process of Mute Automation is invisible to the operator who continues to use familiar mute switches in the traditional manner with the benefit of instantaneous control and with manual override available at all times.

Memory is included within the console to store mute data in two forms during rehearsal for subsequent playback. One memory area is for "snap-shots" of the console status at any instant in time. Data is entered and recalled manually. The second memory area is for sequences of mutes and "snap-shot" recall events in synchronisation with MIDI clock from an external source.

Solo-in-place system includes echo returns which do not mute i.e. are "solo safe".

Impeccable audio specification and transparent sonic quality which will be appreciated in the dinital studio. Additional Channel status

indicator has been introduced for the EQ ON switch. The new Channel Signal

Present indicator has a dynamic response showing the varying pre-fader audio level by varying duration and intensity of the green LED illumination.

🖬 Ultra smooth 100mm faders throughout. Floor stand is included

STUDIO CONSOLE OPTIONS Standard models are listed under the console specification. Saber Plus is also available in versions which are part loaded for future expansion, and which include the following options. Frame sizes for : 24, 28, 32, 36, 40, 44, 48 channel capacity. 16 or 24 track monitoring and metering. Choice of VU or Bargraph meterbridae. 📾 Integral patchbay, with multipin studio interface.

Stereo input channels with "solo safe" facility and RIAA option. Penny & Giles and Automated fader options. Soft cover

Unique to Allen & Heath's "V4"

Mute Automation system is its

independence from any external

Automation becomes possible in

environments without MIDI

available conflicts of data

sequencers

SPECIFICATION

and erase last

recall events.

mute "snap-shots"

nterpretation are avoided.

The system has full MIDI

editing and archiving on MIDI

compatibility which allows off-line

32 internal patch memories for

32 internal mute song sequence

memories for synchronisation use.

🟙 On-board editing for individual

Ultrafast automatic cueing after

events, erase all, erase forward

On-board editing for patch

🖬 Channel-by-channel

automation isolation.

FF and REW operations.

memory for these operations. Mute

memory, and when such memory is

SABER PLUS PA CONSOLES				
SUPER LOS LA POURONTO	Story	States States	IN DE C	ANCALES
			LUSPAL	nudning A

Based on the architecture of Studio Saber Plus, special refinements are added to provide a PA console to incorporate the latest technology

Saber Plus PA consoles for live sound applications feature the output matrix system which puts control plus creativity in the hands of the operator

Output system with 8 subgroups, 10 x 8 output matrix, and main stereo mix. Versions with 24, 32, 40 and 48

input channels. Six auxiliary mixes from

channels including pre EQ, nre-fader and post fader sources. Pre-fader auxiliary source includes "with mute" option,

necessary for radio mic foldback control. Mute Automation for channel,

echo return, group and matrix audio mutes. 🔳 Ultra smooth 100mm faders

throughout. Standard theatre intercom

interface. 🖩 Operator "gooseneck" lamp sockets included

PA CONSOLE OPTIONS

Standard models are listed under the console specification. Saber Plus is also available in versions which are part loaded for future expansion, and which include the following options. Four frame sizes: 24, 32, 40, 48 channel capacity.

Stereo input channels with RIAA option. Floor stand, to suit each size.

Penny & Giles and Automated fader options. Soft cover.

contents and system default entings MIDI IN, OUT, and THRU connections.

MIDI Channel: user selectable

🔳 Program Change: patch memory

Control Change: mute ON/OFF (user option)

Note ON/OFF: mute ON/OFF

Advanced NOTE ON/OFF protocol avoids external sequencer 'throwout' problems.

liser I.D.

🗃 System Common/Real-Time received: Song Select, Song Position Pointer, Start, Stop, Continue, Clock.

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(USIO)

933 1

Battery-back-up of memory

BASIC MIDI IMPLEMENTATION

1-16

(user option).

🗱 System Exclusive: Allen & Heath

monitor on recording group. LINF Balanced line inpu **Ø SWITCH** Phase reverse for all sources. GAIN Variable input gain ASSIGN Routing selector buttons for connecting channels to groups, in pairs SHIFT selects groups 1- 8 or 9-16 Connects channel to L-R m AIIX SENDS level controls for sending input to the six aux master outputs for cue and effects mixes Internal links allow all six to he nre-en, pre-fade or post fade Panel switch for aux 1 and 2 nre or post selection PA consoles are shinned with ore fade source set "pre-fade with mute", and recording consoles are shipped with "pre-fade without mute" INSERTION POINT Rear panel 1/4" unbalanced break-jack. nost-EQ, ore-fade Corner for high frequency she switchable 8kHz or 16kHz.

INPUT M310-1

C on switch for supplying phantom

nower for condenser microphones

16dB pad attenuates mic input,

TAPF

actively reducing gain and noise.

Ralanced tane input, paralleled with

Continuously variable up to 15d cut or boost with centre clic Continuously variable sweep centre frequency from 600Hz to 12kh Continuously variable up to 15d cut or boost with centre clic MF 2

Continuously variable swee ntre frequency from 70Hz to 1.5kHz Continuously variable up to 15 cut or boost with centre click Continuously variable up to 150

> cut or boo Corner for low frequency sh switchable 40Hz or 80Hz FO ON EQ on button with indicator.

> 80Hz 80Hz high pass filter, operates independently of EQ section.

Pan control for positioning SOUNC in the left/right mix, and for routing to odd or even group: CHECK Button with indicator for either SOLO IN PLACE or PFL MUTE Large numbered audio mute button

with mute automation High quality "soft cut" switch with pre and post fader action.

PFAKI PEAK indicator illuminates at 3dB before overlo

SIGNAL PRESENCE indicator. The duration and brightness of indication orrespond to the strength of the input signal Its use in conjunction with the PEAK indicate gives input metering

FADER 100mm smooth acting Alps fader with 10dB of boost available. Can be replaced with Penny and Giles 3000 series fader and can also be fitted with one of a number of fader automatic packages. Please ask for a quotation

#### M310-1 X

The "X" option at small extra cost offers automuting of control room speakers with the fader. Also external devices or lamps can be triggered by the lader.

#### STEREO INPUT INPUT SELECTOR

Selects stereo input 1 or 2. Input 1 may be ordered with RIAA equalisation, M360X Allows phase on left signal path to be reversed STEREO SIGNAL SELECTOR Operates after the input selector Release both switches for normal operation selects L input to both channels. R selects R input to both channels. L+R gives mono mix on both channe

For input level adjustment

Multitrack routing selector bank and L-R L = odd numbers. R = even numbers

> AUX SENDS Pre/post selector for Aux sends 1&2

INSERTION POINT Rear panel 1/4" unbalanced break-jack. pre-EQ, pre-fader

> Level and balance control for mix Aux 1 & 2 for cue, L=1, R Level and balance control for

Aux 3 & 4. L=3, R=4

Send level controls for Aux 5 & 6. 1 + R = 5, L + R = 6Internal links are provided for pre lade or post fade sends

Corner frequency switch 6kHz/12kHz

Cut/ boost control ±12dB with shelving

Cut/boost control ±12dB peaking characteristic at a centre frequency of 2.5kHz

Cut/boost control ±12dB peaking characteristic at a centre frequency of 250Hz

> Cut boost control ±12dB with shelving Corner frequency switch 70/140Hz

EQ on switch to allow instant comparison

BALANCE CONTROL

Adjusts the relative levels of L and R channe signals from the fader to the assign section

> Disconnects channel from solo DUS allowing use as an echo return input.

PFL or SOLO IN PLACE set by master control (with indicator LED

function. The audio mute is programmable. When ON, fader open=start, fader closed=stop When OFF and fader open, then ON=start. OFF=stop. Used for remote control of

> FD illuminates 3dB before overload Detects post EQ, pre-fader signal level

100mm Alos stereo fader - can b replaced with Penny and Giles 300 series fader – with 10dB boost available.

PA MODULE SET

RECORDING MODULE SET











CHANNEL ON Combined Audio on-off and remote start programme sources. PEAK





Level control for Aux Output Prefade listen switch with LEC

MUTE Output mute with LED indicator

Are mono line level inputs for external effects

or to bring other consoles into the mix.

They are not muted by SOLO IN PLACE

Multitrack routing selector bank and

Shelving characteristic with ±12dB cut/boost at

Shelving characteristic with ±12dB cut boost at

Aux send level controls 1 & 2 for cue mix

Return signal level to assigned outouts

Used with routing selector to assign tracks and

Audio mute with indicator, cuts all post facer

Aux send level controls 1 & 2 for cue ma

outputs. High quality "soft cut" switch w

nute automation. Not muted by SOLO IN PLAC

Not programmable

**RETURNS 1-4** 

**RETURN INPUT 1(2)** 

L/R routing switch

HF CONTROL

LF CONTROL

ALLX SENDS:

LEVEL CONTROL

PAN CONTROL

PFI

MILTE

position in L-R mix

**RETURN INPUT 3(4)** 

AUX SENDS:

LEVEL CONTROL

I -R routing switch

PAN CONTROL

I (R) PEAK LED

WRITE-ON STRIP

fader signals

INSERTION POINT

available

break-jacks

Removable for cleanin

ASSIGN:

MUTE

Return signal level to L-1

To position signal in L-R m

Prefade listen switch with LED

Audio mute with indicator, cuts all post fader

outputs. High quality "soft cut" switch with

I FD illuminates 3dB before overload Detects

Write-on-strip for identificati

STEREO & MONO OUTPUT FADERS

100mm Alps fader with a 10dB boo

Rear nanel 1/4" unbalanced pre-lade

These control the level of the L-R and Mor

output. Mono is the sum of the L and R po

mute automation. Not muted by SOLO IN PLACE

Pretade listen switch with LEL

ASSIGN:

Cities 1

1 Here

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Cit link 





KLR mic input (balanced with internal phantom ower option)

-R METERS

Illuminated VU meters for the L-R Master outputs, PFL level and Ext monitor input level

#### TAL KBACK PRESELECT

Sends talkback signal to any or all of Aux 1, up 2 and L-R mix TWO STATION INTERCOM SYSTEM Compatible with Clearcom and Tecoro stems. Can speak to two systems selected by Station selectors. Listen to selected system(s) n control room monitor. Cail lights indicate all function from external stations. Call button nutes incoming intercom and sends talkback. (c) metavs hereiges of a

EXT MONITOR ource select switch for monitor output irmally the L-B output alternatively an kternal stereo source, eg dummyhead MONO

Monos monitor signal MIN ED indicates monitors dimmed by active MIITE MONITOR LEVEL

onitor output level contro HP LEVEL leadphone level control HP programme is the PFL IN USE' INDICATOR LED CHECK

#### MODE

elector switch between PFL or SOLO IN LACE for check switches. PFL interrupts onitor LS and meters. Solo In Place mutes nuts which are not soloed

SOLO ON lluminated master solo enable with protective cover, prevents accidental operation during the formance

#### SOLO ENABLE CONTROLS Master enable switches for channel and nonitor SOLO IN PLACE LINK combines hannel and monitor SOLO IN PLACE verations. The senaration of the solo system:

cho returns via monitors. Talkhack microphone level control

MUTE AUTOMATION KEYBOARD AND DISPLAY V4. FOR CONTROL OF THE PROGRAMMABLE AUDIO MUTE MEMORY SYSTEM.

umbers, system modes and MIDI channel. FIGHT Control keys and associated indicators give control over the system modes, MIDI communications and memory data. SHIFT Function key which nives access to pre-set contri des and the LOCAL, AUTO and DUMP keys. TOGGLE Switches the display to read last men used. LOCAL is used to turn off the internal MIDI nk so that only commands arriving via MIDI IN are recognised CLEAR Erases the working memory, resets all audio mutes to audio ON, ar also has editing functions. RECORD Arms the internal sequencer memory to store mute events UPDATE Enters the current mute scene or song to memory **BECALL** Transfers mute patch of ing memory to the working memory, also atomated via MIDI. UP, DOWN Memory preselector keys AUTO Arms the internal sequen respond to external clock with record drop-in. DUMP Initiates transfer of memory contents for hiving via MIDL

mory is organised into two areas; 32 patch mories for snan-shots of mute settings; ong memories for mute sequences. ion memory () is available for specia rposes. Patch and Song also have working nory areas which contain the current mute tus and the current song status respectively

#### PA MATRIX **OUTPUT M326** YSTEM OVERVIEW









C )0

EVEL AND PAN controls for mixing the group utput into the main L-R output. The on-off witch has green LED "on" indication. Group C. C. C. Malar ost-fader source is factory standard, refer also

s displayed, refer also to Options.

#### MATRIX CONTROLS

n source level controls adjust the balance of e matrix output. Overall control of the output made with the LEVEL control. EXT IN adjusts e contribution from the rear panel input jack one per module). L-R adjusts the contribution om the main L-R mix (in mono). Controls 1-8 ist the contributions of each group output the matrix output. Group post-fader source the factory standard, refer also to Options ternal processors such as equalizers can be atched into the matrix via the prefader sertion point. Each matrix output recieve nerator talk back from the console M355 aster module for cueing purposes. Eac natrix has an individual TB ENABLE ushbutton for this function. PFL gives adohone and master meter indication o ach matrix mix sourced before the Level control MHTF switches the matrix output ( r off and is programmable using the on-board Mute Processor memory system. Creative advances such as snap-shot scene change mutes and MIDI synchronisation to show tape are easily achieved. The mute is achieved wit high reliability solid state switching and is ilent in operation.

#### GROUP CONTROLS

nputs are routed to groups 1 to 8, are ummed, pass via the rear panel insertion t connector to the GROUP FADER and then to the balanced XLR output panel connector. Above the write on strip is Group control HECK (with LED indicator) which is dual nction PFL or Solo-in-Place. PEAK indicates oup prefader level. Operation of MUTE cuts the XLR output and the post fader sends to the mix, to the meter and matrix controls. Group Mute is programmable, like Matrix mute. The standard lader is 100mm Alps type calibrated with 10dB boost available.

#### USER CONFIGURABLE OPTIONS

Internal solderless jumper links allow reconfiguration of the system to individual

SYSTEM	STANDARD	OPTION
Group meter	post fader	pre fader
Group to L-R	post fader	pre fader
Group to Matrix	post fader	pre fade
Matrix meter	post fader	pre fade

in all cases post fader is also post-mute an nre lader is pre-mute.

#### CONNECTOR PANELS

The napels illustrated below are fitted at the rear of the console behind the appropriate modules

Connector panel for eight M310 (M310X) input modules

where the competence of the co **386666666666**6666 )@0@0 aic —i= 3-- i) a.



#### M300 and for elaber M226 PA Matrix Autout mortule

Connect							constructed Webserson
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:0	The second se			)			

M30 Connector panel for four M360 Connector panel for the M355 PA monitor module

000000000 <u>\_\_\_\_\_</u> 

M307 For four M310 (M310X) modules. M306PB for four M360 modules when patchbay supplied M307PB for four M310 modules when patchbay supplied Module blank four module width. ingle module blank. nector blank eight module width

Part filled frames are available by subtraction of input module multiples of four. The module blank is fitted and a fully wired VI301 connector panel is fitted to permit subsequent modul addition. Unless specified, blanks are positioned in place of the ighest numbered inputs. If eight module positions are required blank then a connector blank (no wirino) can be supplied Patchbay consoles are supplied pre-wired for fully loaded formats to permit addition of modules at a later time.

#### CONNECTIONS SUMMARY

MIC IN XI R female balanced, pin 2 hot. TAPE IN XLR female, balanced, pin 2 hot paralled with group monitor tane input LINE IN 1/4" jack, balanced, tip hot

GROUP OUT L,R, MONO OUT, XLR male, balanced, INSERT 1/4" jack tin-send ring-return DIRECT OUT AUX OUT MONITOR LS OUT.

RETURN IN, STEREO TAPE IN, all 1/4" lack, unbalanced PA VERSIONS ONLY: COMMS IN/OUT, XLR pin 1 ground pin 2 loop DC, pin 3 audio.

LAMPING connection to console BNG sockets. RECORDING VERSIONS ONLY: MUTE CONTROL, locking 5 pin DIN connector output from module N110X notion

M306 ONLY: Input 1, RCA phono L & R inputs, unbalanced either 300mV (std ) or RIAA equalised (module M360X option) REMOTE, locking 5 pin DIN connector, start/stop interface. Input 2, 1/4" jack, balanced, L & R inputs









M303 PB











G











TALK SWITCH Press to activate talkback

MULTIFUNCTION Display, showing memory









#### Connector panel for eight M330 group modules.



Connector panel for four M335 dual monitor modules. On patchway consoles. XLR and insert connectors are not fitted, these facilities are provided on the patchbay.



M308

M302

Connector panel for the M350 Recording monitor module For Patchbay consoles the L and R insertion points are transferred to the natchbay, all other connections remain

as illustrated. - 452 the We got a got and a got a g ) dicioicí en 

Connector panel for eight M310 input modules in Patchbay consoles. Not illustrated M307PB connector panel for four M310 input modules in Patchbay consoles.



Connector panel for eight M330 group modules in

#### PATCHBAY SYSTEM M391

pard natchbay system for 16 and 24 track recording applications having 480 pre-wired sockets. The patchbay occupies eight module spaces at the ight-hand end of the frame. Construction includes all internal wiring to the modules and to the multipin rear panel. Six EDAC 90 pin connectors provide the interface for 24 track record/replay and Back In/Out tie lines. The jack socket is "TT" (Bantam) type and uses three pole tip-ring-sleeve configuration. Circuits (except Rack In/Out) are normalised, each jack pair has an internal switch connecting the upper socket to the lower socket wh no jack is present





ISER DEFINED REMOTE SWITCH POSITIONS

Space is provided in the fader area below the patchbay for up to ten user installed switches.

#### **RECORDING PATCH BAY**

CONNECTIONS: Rear connector panel M309B is supplied (8 module widths Group Outputs 1-24; FDAC 90 nin connector, 24 balanced outputs

available and, if required should be included with the order for the console.

Tape Inputs 25-40: Rack In 1-24, 25-26:

Group outputs 1 to 8 are duplicated as outputs 1 Monitor Tape Inputs 1-24; EDAC 90 pin connector, 24 balanced inputs to hannel and Monitor Tape Inputs 1-24 1/4 inch lack sockets, 16 balanced inputs to nel Tape Inputs 25-40 (not via patchbay 2 FDAC 90 pin connectors. 36 balanced nections for external equipment inpu

Oatch ban cline AL

Rack Out 1-24, 25-36; 2 EDAC 90 pin connectors. 36 balance connections for external equipment output All other console inputs and outputs are via rear panel jack and XLR connectors shown on "PB" version panel illustrations. Mating EDAC multipin connectors an 16 Track versions 32:16:16 and 40:16:16 are available with stereo channel option

24 Track versions 28:16:24 and 36:16:24 are available

Ontional Stereo channel facilities are included w onnector panel M306PB is required for these inputs.

Part-Loaded Versions Patchbays are supplied pre-wire or the fully-loaded frame. Where modules are omitted then e patchbay wiring will be included and will accept modul idition at a later date

CHANNEL LINE IN 1-40 from channel line in rear panel ockets normally connected internally to the line select

CHANNEL LINE OUT 1-40 from channel direct output CHANNEL INSERT SEND 1-40 from channel insert point utput normally connected internally via:

CHANNEL INSERT RETURN 1-40 to the channel insert

EXT 1-24 from group line in rear panel sockets normall connected internally via:

MON LINE IN 1-24 to the line select switch on the group

GROUP INSERT SEND 1-16 from the group insert point utout normally connected internally via:

GROUP INSERT RETURN 1-16 to the group insert poir

GROUP OUT 1-16 signal from main group output connected internally via:

ULTI-TRACK IN 1-24 to the associated tape tracks from

MULTI-TRACK OUT 1-24 are outputs from the tape trac

MON TAPE IN 1-24 to the tane selector switches on th in monitor section and input section.

ALIX 1-6 outputs from auxiliary masters normal

AUX 1-6 to the rear panel connector

PB1/PB2 rear panel sockets for stereo tape playback simally connected internally via:

PB1/PB2 to the tape inputs on monitor module M350 ST LS/CUE signals for studio monitoring from monito

odule normally connected internally via:

ST LS/CUE to studio LS and cue LS rear panel connecto BET 1-4 sockets on rear of mixer normally connected

RET 1-4 to the return input section of monitor module CB I S signals from main control room loudspeaker output of monitor, normally connected internally via: CR LS to the main LS rear panel connectors.

/B INSERT signals from L-R mix, normally connected

/R INSERT to the insert return on the monitor L-R section OUTPUT L/R from the main L-R main ouptuts normally onnected internally via:

OUTPUT L/R to the rear panel sockets

MONO OUT from the mono sum output connected i arallel with the rear panel MONO connector. OSC output from oscillator connected in parallel with the ear panel OSC connector.

PARALLEL is four jacks paralleled together to allow a ignal to be split and sent to more than one location

RACK IN 1-36 to rear panel multi-pin connector for input f external effects equipment

RACK OUT 1-36 to rear panel multi-pin connector outputs of external effects equipment. There is no normal connection between rack in and rack out

#### 16 Track patchbay M390

There are 420 sockets and 4 multipin connectors. F facilities are available for 32 channel 16 track operatio and this version will be supplied as the standard large frame 16 track patchbay unless the M391 version is pecified. This original version of Saber patchbay wi he replaced by the M391 system for all models





#### Table of Contents

IMPORTANT: This document refers to SABER CONSOLES from serial number M32000 only.

#### 1.0 Introduction and summary of CHANGES commencing with serial number M32000.

- 1.1 Maintenance programme
- 1.2 Service record
- 1.3 Technical bulletins
- 1.4 Guarantee and service policy
- 1.5 Accessories and options

- Spare parts
   Specification
   Dimension drawings
- 1.9 Frame cross section

#### 2.0 Module exchange

- 2.1 Module addition
- 2.2 Module removal and replacement
- 2.3 Customer options

M310 M330 M350 M325 M326 M355 M360

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- 3.2 Balanced output symmetry
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#### 5.0 Fault diagnosis - basic console fault finding

- 5.1 DC distribution
- 5.2 Smoke, fuses and sparks
  5.3 Audio signal and DC measurements
  5.4 LED meter fault diagnosis
  5.5 Mute Processor fault diagnosis

Stock

AP0103 Saber Service Manual Serial No. M32000 Onwards September 1992

3

Issue

6.0 Schematics and circuit diagrams

Title	Dwg No	iss No
Allen & Heath Component reference diagram	1	
Master rear connector panel wiring M305 ( Rear connector panel wiring M301/ M306 ( M303 (	BW229diagram733(for M350)739(for M355)7407 (for M310)738(for M360)738(for M330)738(for M335)738	2 2 2 1 1 1
Rear connector panel wiring M304	(for M325) 741 (for M326) 741	2 2
Main console buss allocation Saber meterbridge wiring diagram LED rectifier PCB component identification LED display PCB component identification LED master PCB component identification LED meter circuit diagram	743 665 BW223 BW223 BW223 MBD189	1 1 1 1 5
Mute processor computer PCB component in Mute processor computer PCB circuit diagra Mute processor keyboard PCB component in Mute processor keyboard PCB circuit diagra Mute processor slave PCB component ident Mute processor slave PCB circuit diagram Mute processor slave PCB circuit diagram Mute processor wiring Mute processor wiring (V4 software)	m MBD190 dentification BW225 m 698	1 3 1 1 2 1 2
Input module M310.1 (X) component identific Input module M310.1 (X) circuit diagram Input module M310 (X) component identifica Input module M360 (pre EQ insert) compone Input module M360 (pre EQ insert) circuit dia Input module M360 component identification Input module M360 circuit diagram M360 RIAA module component identification M360 RIAA module circuit diagram	rtion 723 BW353 723 ent identification BW368 agram 730 1 BW368 730	2 3 1 2 2 2 1 1 1
Output module M320 component identification Output module M320 circuit diagram Output module M325 component identification Output module M325 circuit diagram Output module M325/6 meter identification Output module M326 component identification Output module M326 circuit diagram Output module M326 circuit diagram Output module M330 component identification Output module M330 component identification Output module M330 circuit diagram Output module M335 component identification	726         on       See M330 Ident.         728       BW327         BW327       666         on       BW371         729       729         on       BW359-30         725	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

#### ALLEN & HEATH SABER SERVICE MANUAL SERIAL NO M32000 ONWARDS

4

Title	Dwg No	lss No
Monitor master module M350 L/R component identification Monitor master module M350 L/R circuit diagram Monitor master module M350 monitor component identification Monitor master module M350 monitor circuit diagram Monitor master module M355 L/R refer to M350	BW356 724 BW362 731	1 1 1
Monitor master module M355 monitor component reference Monitor master module M355 monitor circuit diagram	BW365 732	1 1
16 track patchbay M390:		
Assembly diagram PCB Assembly drawing PCB circuit position 1 & 2 PCB circuit position 3 PCB circuit position 4 PCB circuit position 5 to 16	702 703 681 682 684 683	1 1 2 1 1
24 track patchbay M391 PCB positions 1 to 4:		
PCB Assembly drawing PCB circuits, see M390	BW375	3
24 track patchbay M391 PCB positions 5 to 16:		
PCB Assembly drawing PCB circuits positions 5 to 8 PCB circuits positions 9 to 16	BW378 D035 D036	1 1 1

#### **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

#### 1. Scope

This manual contains technical information for purposes of adjustment, fault diagnosis, fault repair, and identification of replacement spare parts.

The contents apply to SABER RECORDING and SABER PA versions of the finished product.

When additions are made to the range of components there will be additional text released for technical purposes.

From time-to-time Technical Bulletins will be issued that are intended for addition to this manual. Because these may affect service proceedures the Technical Bulletin section is located at the beginning of this manual.

During the production life of the components of the SABER series it may be necessary from time-to-time to vary details of assembly to maintain performance, enhance performance or introduce variations. Should you find that the hardware in-field differs from the details shown here consider seeking verification from Allen & Heath direct prior to major service operations.

#### 2. Method of Use

This manual is written for use by service personnel having skill in the use of the following equipment and techniques:

Hand Soldering tools and techniques Voltage, current, and resistance measurement by multimeter instrument Identification of components by reference code, colour code and function Voltage measurement of audio and noise signals by precision AC meter Voltage measurement using oscilloscope Audio amplifier basic principles Logic gate basic principles Audio interconnection basic principles

Each component is illustrated in this manual by circuit diagram and component overlay drawing for pcbs. There is a technical description of common systems and systems unique to the SABER series.

In order to comply with warranty terms service work may be undertaken only by authorised Allen & Heath service agents during the period of warranty.

#### 1.1 MAINTENANCE PROGRAMME: SABER, all versions

- 1. Routine maintenance a) preventative maintenance to minimise wear and tear. schedule Refer to Service Policy.
  - b) replacement of Mute Processor RAM back-up battery. Recommended after 5 years operation. Refer to illustrations for Mute Processor Computer.
- and adjustment
- 2. Performance proving a) Meter calibration . Refer to section 3.1.
- b) Output symmetry. Refer to section 3.2.
  c) Audio system test. Refer to operators manual. Section "Check out".
  - d) Verification of power supply operation. Refer to section 4.7.

#### 3. Service Repair Schedule

- a) Electro mechanical parts as wear occurs, eg. faders and switches. No fixed schedule.
- b) Electromechanical and electronic component replacement in the event of failure.

1.1.1

# 1.2 SERVICE RECORD Fault Action Date Operator

1.2.1

ALLEN & HEATH SABER SERVICE MANUAL SERIAL NO. M32000 ONWARDS

1.3 TECHNICAL BULLETINS

( , ,



Professional Audio Equipment

#### TECHNICAL BULLETIN

#### ATTENTION SERVICE DEPARTMENT

Ref: SABER 03

Interconnection for optimum signal to noise performance.

Saber input connections for Tape and Line inputs are balanced.

Connections to external equipment, eg tape recorders and effects units can be made in balanced or unbalanced configurations.

In both cases always make a connection to both signal phases of the input connector as shown below.

This prevents crosstalk which can be picked up by an unterminated input phase connection.







Ted Rook Allen & Heath, Brighton

#### 19th January 1989

Allen & Heath Brenell Limited

Factory Address: Kernick Industrial Estate, Penryn, Cornwall TR10 9LU, England.

1. 5. 5

#### ATTENTION SERVICE DEPARTMENT

Ref: SABER 07 CORRECTIONS TO OWNER MANUAL.

Section 1.4 page 1, Check out

Para 3) Add at the end: Release OSC L-R.

- Para 4) Use the monitor mutes to turn off each in turn rather than closing each group fader. At the end of the test there should be 16 muted monitors.
- Para 5) Routing to groups 9 to 16 requires use of the SHIFT pushbutton.
- Para 6) Add at the beginning; Release OSC SLATE and check that monitors 1-16 are muted.

Section 2.1.1. Page 2 Solo - in - place:

The first paragraph should be ignored . Solo - in - place is correctly described in the second paragraph.

Section 3.1 Page 3 Multipin connector part numbers:

for plug body 516 040 000 301 read 516 090 301

Ted Rook Allen & Heath,

31st August 1989

#### ATTENTION SERVICE DEPARTMENT

Ref: SABER 08

#### SABER: all versions RPS4 AC Fuse Rating Change

In European applications the front panel AC input fuse required has been changed:

OLD	NEW	NEW STOCK NUMBER
1 A.T.	1.6 A.T.	AL0466

Some units in field having RPS4 supply are fitted with fuse rating 2.5 A because 1.6 A was not in stock. In the event of service attention being required please fit the correct 1.6 A fuse rating.

The American fuse rating (100/110v) remains unaffected.

#### ATTENTION SERVICE DEPARTMENTS

#### FILE WITH SABER SERVICE MANUAL

Ref: Saber 09 Saber Mute Fault Diagnosis: Central CPU fault.

INTRODUCTION: This note has been prepared to aid fault diagnosis of this extremely rare fault. Most Mute Processor faults are not in the main board and are repairable by attention to the wiring and components of the module and slave board assemblies.

- SYMPTOMS: Module mute switches "frozen". Pushbutton operation gives no change from ON to OFF to ON. Control panel "frozen" operation of keys gives no response. "RECORD" and "SHIFT" LEDS may be permanently ON.
- 1. Check power supply DC outputs are normal.
- 2. Switch off the Power Supply, then switch on again, expect a reset.
- 3. Check the Mute Processor +5v DC regulator is normal.
- 4. Disconnect at the main computer board ribbon cable PL4, Slave address. This isolates the CPU from a possible fault on the slave bus address chips. Make a off/on reset. power Notice if normalcontrol panel operation is returned. Modules mutes will he "frozen".
- 5. Reconnect the slave bus PL4. Disconnect the control panel connector, at the control panel end. This isolates the CPU from a control panel fault. Make a power off/on reset. Notice whether normal mute operation is restored.
  - 6. Replace the main computer EEPROM, or if none available then remove and replace it. This would reveal a faulty socket connection. Power off/on reset. Note: The symptoms of EEPROM failure, are similar to the symptoms of CPU failure. It is necessary to make this test to check for EEPROM failure.

With the console switched on make a forced reset. Connect together for one or two seconds pins 9 and 40 of main computer IC1 8031. Notice if conditions shown on the mute LEDS or control panel change.

The control panel lock-up is a strong diagnostic clue about the condition of the processor. LEDS "RECORD" and "SHIFT" are drive directly by the CPU, not via any buttering.

CONCLUSION: When all the tests 1-7 give a persistant fault then the cause of the problem is on the main computer board.

Replace the computer board or the complete teat panel assembly.

NOTE: Mute Processor faults that effect channels in blocks of eight (ch 1-8, 17-24, Returns 1-4, Monitors 9-16 etc.) are a result of slave board problems and not CPU problems.

> Mute faults limited to one or two modules are usually the result of disturbance to the connections between slace boards and modules.

Ted Rook Allen & Heath, 8th December 1989

#### ATTENTION SERVICE DEPARTMENTS

#### FILE WITH SABER SERVICE MANUAL

Ref: Saber 10

Standard Saber power supply: RPS4.

Commencing with serial number M32000 in Autumn 1989 power supply model RPS4 bacame the standard supply for all Saber models.

For service and exchange purposes there are similarities with the RPS3 which accompanied units from serial number M31001.

It is permissable to use RPS4 as a service replacement for RPS3.

It is not permissable to use RPS3 as a service replacement for RPS4.

Summary of differences	<u>RPS3</u>	RPS4
Output current rating	3 A DC	5 A DC
AC Input panel fuse rating	1 A antisurge	1.6 A antisurge
AC pcb fuse rating	4 A antisurge	6.3 A antisurge
Pcb assembly details	BW222 issue 2	BW229
Circuit diagram	694 issue 2	733
Ov to Earth link option	not fitted	fitted to rear panel

Ted Rook Allen & Heath, 13th December 1989

#### ATTENTION SERVICE DEPARTMENTS

#### FILE WITH SABER SERVICE MANUAL SERIAL NO M32000 ONWARDS

Ref: Saber 11 Changes introduced starting at serial number M32000

#### ITEM

#### DETAIL OF CHANGE

now

Module bussbar harness

Module edge connector

Service extender Power Supply Module Assemblies

Performance specification L-R summing system Mute Processor

Circuit details, all modules

mainframe direct type, qold contacts Stock number AL0454 RPS4, 5 amp rating product codes ZX300 - 7XX etc. refer to brochure 1990 now balanced bussbars Software V3.1 P/R includes note on/off option service manual (blue back) AP0103

fixed

within

The introduction of these changes makes possible performance improvements for the SABER CONSOLE which are given in the SPECIFICATION.

Modules and console frames before and after serial number M32000 CANNOT BE INTERCHANGED.

When service to a SABER console is required be sure you have the correct service manual, parts etc. Ask the customer to look at the rear of the console. When you see the label shown below the type of console is "second - generation" starting M32000.



#### ATTENTION SERVICE DEPARTMENTS

#### FILE WITH SABER SERVICE MANUAL

Ref: Saber 12

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Warranty Service Exchange RPS3 power supply

Power Supply RPS3 has been found to show a fault when in use with LED Bargraph consoles.

The fault symptom is either

- a) failure of the -16v DC supply on power-up following AC power switch on. Front panel -16v LED not lit.
- b) delay in turn on of the -16v DC supply on power up. A delay between 0.25 to 1 second may occur.

When this occurs damage can result in the M350 master module to the +/- 7.5v DC logic supply regulation transistor and/or the 4066 CMOS logic gates in the audio path.

A modified version of RPS3 designated RPS3B is avilable and which performs satisfactorily.

#### ACTION REQUIRED

- 1. In order to avoid reliability problems, Allen & Heath offers an exchange service for RPS3 units that are installed with "BG" consoles.
- 2. Complete the exchange claim form attached "RPS3B CLAIM" and fax or mail it to the Allen & Heath Technical Services Department.
- Mail: Allen & Heath Brenell Ltd Kernick Industrial Estate Penryn Cornwall TR10 9LU
- Fax: (0326) 377097 Tel: (0326) 372070
- 3. Await arrival of the RPS3B exchange unit. Remove the RPS3, repack it in the same carton. Check the correct AC supply voltage has been selected. Install the RPS3B
- Despatch the RPS3 unit to the Allen & Heath mail address above.

#### TECHNICAL BULLETIN 12 Cont'd

#### Alternative Action:

Service agents may wish to undertake modification of the RPS3 regulator pcb assembly.

The data sheet attached (ref CD 2.2.90) gives details. Note the short circuit test requirement. Units should also be recalibrated for output voltage off-load +/-16v, + or - 0.25v and the PCB AC fuses F2,F3 replaced with the correct rating, 5A antisurge.

#### Applications Note:

RPS3B supplies are rated at 4A DC output current. This is not sufficient to drive "second generation" consoles commencing serial no M32000. Use RPS4 only.

Ted Rook Allen & Heath, 7th February 1990

#### SUPPLEMENT TO TECHNICAL BULLETIN 12

#### Ref: Saber RPS3B CD 2/2/90

The RPS3B power supply differs from the standard RPS3 unit in that it has short circuit current limit at 4 Amps instead of foldback current limit. This ensures that the negative rail powers up reliably on switch-on when connected to a heavy capacitive load such as that presented by the large Bargraph Saber.

The following modifications are required to convert a standard RPS3 power supply to the revised RPS3B:

1. Remove R6, R8, R15, R17

2. Replace R7 and R16 with links

3. Replace R9 and R18 with 0.33R//0.33R parallel pairs AC0352 x 4

4. Replace 4 amp DC fuses with 5 Amp anti-surge 20mm

5. Mark label as RPS3B and re-serialise (if applicable)

Units modified by the factory are re-serialised as: **P91xxx** The unit is tested for a 5 second short-circuit at 3.8 to 4.0 Amps. PLEASE COMPLETE SECTIONS 1-3

PHOTOCOPY AS REQUIRED

KEEP A COPY

MAIL OR FAX TO ALLEN & HEATH TECHNICAL SERVICES

RPS3B CLAIM

1.

Allen & Heath Agent

Address:

Name:

Name:

Address:

Telephone: Fax: Contact Name:

2. End User Installation

Telephone: Fax: Contact Name:

3. Saber Console Format: Serial Number:

NO CLAIM WILL BE PROCESSED UNLESS THE FORMAT OR SERIAL NUMBER IS GIVEN.

4. For Allen & Heath Use.

RPS3B Despatched to	Agent Serial Number Date Carrier	End User
RPS3 Received from	Agent Serial Number Date Carrier	End User

Remarks:



Professional Audio Equipment

#### ATTENTION SERVICE DEPARIMENTS

#### FILE WITH SABER SERVICE MANUAL REF SABER 13

#### INCREASED LIFE OF VU METER LAMPS

AS FROM 5TH JUNE 1990, SABERS FITTED WITH VU METERING HAVE 47R RESISTORS WIRED IN SERIES WITH THE LAMPS AS SHOWN BELOW.

VU TYPE SABERS MANUFACTURED BEFORE THIS TIME SHOULD BE MODIFIED IN THE SAME WAY. THIS CAN BE DONE DURING ROUTINE LAMP REPLACEMENT.

16 TRACK METERPOD REQUIRES 9 X 47R 1/4W 5% RESISTORS 24 TRACK METERPOD REQUIRES 13 X 47R 1/4W 5% RESISTORS



#### ATTENTION SERVICE DEPARIMENT

#### FILE WITH SABER SERVICE MANUAL M32000

Ref Saber 14

#### INCREASED RELIABILITY OF SABER POWER SUPPLY RPS4

This note applies only to SABER consoles between M32000 - M32098 and to the RPS4 power supply.

It does not apply to other serial numbers or RPS3 power supply.

WHEN A POWER SUPPLY RPS4 BECOMES FAULTY FOR ANY REASON THE REPAIR TO THE POWER SUPPLY SHOULD INCLUDE THE CIRCUIT MODIFICATIONS DETAILED BELOW WHICH GIVE INCREASED RELIABILITY.

Note: Commencing serial number M32099 the modifications for increased reliability are fitted during production of the console.



M32000 - M32098



#### SABER RPS4 retro-fit kit ZX300 721

#### INSTRUCTIONS

1. Modify the regulator pcb inside the RPS4 unit. Use the SABER RPS4 retrofit kit parts and instructions supplied, ref ZX300 721. The additional components supplied should be fitted to the trackside of the PCB assembly. Parts supplied: Kit A short circuit 2 off

Kit Ashort circuit2 offKit Bovervoltage spike2 offFuses8 A2 offRPS4circuit 733 iss. 2Assembly diagrams kit A and Kit B.

- 2. Change F102, F103 to 8A type.
- 3. Following modification <u>test the RPS4</u> for correct output voltage operation before connecting to the console.
- 4. Re-order the retrofit kit from Allen & Heath, ref. ZX 300 721

#### Tecnical Bulletin Saber 14 continued

#### SUMMARY OF BENEFITS AND EXPLANATION

- 1. Fuse rating increase from 6.3A to 8A is necessary for the latest extra-large size frame Saber consoles and for large frame console operating with high input voltages (240 - 250 V AC). Note that these internal pcb fuses are low voltage AC operation and not DC output fuses.
- 2. The RPS4 now includes the following protection:
  - A. SHORT-CIRCUIT Up to 1 second current limit at 6A. Longer than 1 second - rail shuts down safe. Reset requires removal of mains, 4 second delay, then switch on. Modification kit A provides protection for the pass transistors when an output short-circuit continues indefinitely.
  - B. OVERVOLTAGE Thyristor triggers at 19V shorting the output. Invokes short circuit protection. Rail shuts down safe. Reset requires removal of mains, 4 second delay, then switch on. The modification kit B prevents interference spikes from the AC input from causing overvoltage protection to be triggered unnecessarily.
  - C. OVER-CURRENT Rail current limits at 6A. Excessive current demand will blow the 8 amp fuse.

4th July 1990

T.R. Allen & Heath,

#### ATTENTION SERVICE DEPARTMENT

FILE WITH SABER SERVICE MANUAL M32000

Ref Saber 15

SABER Serial number M32000 - M32098 Modification to M350 Monitor PFL Circuit

#### CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION

The following modification prevents the possible failure of IC10, 4066, and the Q9, Q10 transistor pair in the event of a power supply failure. This may occur if one of the 16V rails fails short circuit.

Q9 and Q10 provide the +/-7.5V supply to the 4066 devices. At present this is derived by means of an attenuator across the +/-16V rails. The modification now references the +/-7.5V power supply from each 16V rail to 0V.

Also, a resistor is added to the Q6, Q7 PFL switching circuit to prevent the "B" control voltage exceeding the supply to the 4066 IC10.

#### INSTRUCTIONS

The modification involves component removal and insertion on the monitor PCB AG0214 issue 1. This may be carried out with the M350 module removed from the console, and with the monitor PCB in place in the module.

PARTS REQUIRED:	AC0039	2K2 1/4W5% resistor	X4
	AC0045	8K2 1/4W5% resistor	xl
	AF0208	47uF 25V capacitor	x2

Refer to sheet 2 for the assembly details.

Figure 1 shows the change to the 7.5V driver circuit which is part of the service manual circuit 731 issue1(bottom IHS).

Figure 2 shows the modification required to the PCB layout around Q9, Q10, drawing BW362 (above edge connector).

Figure 3 shows the additional 8K2 resistor required in the PFL switch circuit, drawing 731 issue 1 (IHS). Figure 4 shows the layout change, drawing BW362 (IHS behind TB mic).

This modification is standard in all Saber recording consoles from serial number M32099.

It is recommended as a reliability improvement to Sabers in the field and may be made during a suitable service visit or following damage to this circuit.

C.D./T.R. Allen & Heath,

6th July 1990

#### **MODIFICATION TO M350 MONITOR**

figure 1





figure 2





figure 4



#### Attention Service Departments

#### TECHNICAL BULLETIN 16

SABER: TALKBACK SWITCHING, OPTIONAL PERFORMANCE ENHANCEMENT.

#### Description

In response to customer demand a modification has been developed which gives a reduction to the amount of switching noise that occurs on use of the TALK key. The internal microphone connections are changed so that the microphone bias supply is obtained from the console main positive DC supply instead of the local +7.5v DC supply.

Procedure Parts required: Resistor 10Kohm, 1/4W, 5% 2 off

- 1. Remove the Master Module M350
- 2. Desolder from the pcb the RED microphone connection wire shown on the diagram.
- 3. Add two components to the circuit board as follows: Form the 10K resistors into the pattern shown and attach them to the component side of the circuit board.
- 4. Connect the RED microphone wire to the junction of the two resistors as shown on the diagram.
- 5. Replace the module in the console.
- 6. Consoles having serial numbers above M32150 already include this change.



26th September 1990

#### ATTENTION SERVICE DEPARTMENT

#### FILE WITH SABER SERVICE MANUAL

REF: SABER 17

#### SABER SERVICE PART NUMBER CORRECTION

Applicable to serial number M32000 and above

Item

Published Order Code

Correct Order Code

Mute Processor PCB Assembley

ZX100 085

ZX300 054

The published order code is found in SABER Service Manuals.

Please amend the spare parts list in your SABER Service Manual.

**ZX100 085** is the correct part for SIGMA and early SABER consoles from serial number M31000 to M31199. It used 2716 EEPROM and software versions SIGMA and MCM VI.

**ZX300 054** has greater RAM capacity and is configured to operate with the version 3 or higher software contained in the 2764 EEPROM. It is used with SABER consoles from serial number M32000 onwards.

Allen & Heath

February 1991



Professional Audio Equipment

#### Attention Service Departments

#### File with SABER SERVICE MANUAL M32000 onwards

Ref: SABER 18

Input module M310.1. introduced. Mute Processor V4 software introduced.

Commencing in Spring 1991 deliveries will include M310.1 channel modules in place of the M310 standard type. At the same time the Mute Processor has been fitted with the V4 Mute Automation software package in place of the previous V3.1 P/R version.

There is no change to the serial number sequence.

You can recognise these consoles from the input identification number M310.1 near the faders.

The M310.1 module is electrically and mechanically interchangeable with the M310 type for consoles after serial number M32000.

The M310.1 module is not available for consoles below serial number M32000.

**Information Sheet** CD 1-2-91 gives technical details which allow conversion of the EQ performance of existing consoles to the new M310.1 type. New components may be obtained locally or ordered from Allen & Heath.

SABER SERVICE MANUALS:

Deliveries commencing March 1991 will include Service Information for both M310 and M310.1 modules.

Refer also to sheet 2 for further details.

#### **TECHNICAL BULLETIN SABER 18 CONTINUED**

ITEM	CONSOLE DETAILS		
	Input Module	Input Module	
Module Code	M310	M310.1	
EQ on LED	No	Yes	
Signal Presence LED	No	Yes	
MF Sweep Range	10:1	20:1	
HF Corner Frequency	6k/12k	8k/16k	
LF Corner Frequency	70/140Hz	40/80Hz	
Input Gain	Normal	Increased 3dB	
Input preamp ICI	TL072	NE5532	
Input Transistor	BC214 x 6	2N4403 × 2	
Noise Performance	-127dBm	-127dBm	
Resistor Tolerance	5%	. 1%	
Circuit Diagram	723 issue 2	723 issue 3	
PCB Assembly Diagram	BW 353	BW 353 issue 2	
PCB Reference	AG 0210 issue1	AG 0210 issue 1	
V4 Software			
M. D. D. Branner DCP Accombly	7300 054	No Change	

Mute Processor PCB Assembly	ZX300 054	No Change
EEPROM	2764 V3.1	2764 V4.0
Mute Owner Manual	V3.1 AP0106	V4.0 AP0109
Frame Wiring Circuit	663 issue 1	663 issue 2
M302 Connector Panel Wiring	Normal	Return 1 - 4 mute connections changed

MIDI Note/Mute Translation

Unique to each console

Standard System for every console



Professional Audio Equipment

#### **Attention Service Departments**

#### File with Saber Service Manual

NEW STANDARD PARTS:

Low Noise Pre-amp Transistors

Two new types of input pre-amp transistor have been introduced. These are used in place of the regular BC214C type. Only two transistors are fitted, in place of four or six BC214C. The performance specification is maintained or improved and the component count is reduced.

For servicing you will require stocks of both the original part for fitting into older mixers and new parts for newer mixers.

	Original Part	New Part	New Part
Part Number	BC214C	2N5087	2N4403
Part Description	000		0 0 0
	ЕВС	CBE	СВЕ
	PNP Low noise	PNP Ultra low noise	PNP Ultra low noise
Application	Input pre-amp	Input pre-amp	Input pre-amp
	4 or 6 pcs	2 pcs	2 pcs
Product type	Sigma SR plus Studio 12 System 8 Saber	Scepter	SC plus Series 200 Saber
Stock Number	AE0031	AE0305	AE0273

**Recommendation:** Order stocks of the new parts in advance of service requirements. When making service replacements always fit the same type part.

### SABER TECHNICAL BULLETIN 20



Professional Audio Equipment

Attention Service Department

File with Saber Service Manual M32000 onwards (This does not apply to 1st generation Sabers before Serial Number M32000)

M360 Stereo Input Module Insert Change

All M360 Stereo Input Modules supplied from Mixer Serial Number M32000 to Serial Number M32197 had post equaliser insert sends. From M32197 onwards (March 1991) this was changed to pre equaliser insert and return.

Below is a list of instructions for modifying older M360 modules to the new specification:

Parts required: Two off 100K 1/4W 5% resistors (our code AC0064) Two off 22R 1/4W 5% resistors (our code AC0004) Link wire 20cm PCV sleeving 1.5mm 20cm

Refer to component overlay diagram enclosed.

- 1. Remove R108 and R109, 2 x 22R, in middle of PCB.
- 2. Remove 6 track pins in middle of PCB marked "X".
- 3. Remove 2 track pins near C10, C12, at right end also marked "X".
- 4. Insert and solder right hand ends of R108, 109 (new 22R resistors).
- 5. Sleeve and solder other ends of 22R resistors to top side pads only.
- 6. Sleeve and solder two links "A" both sides of PCB.
- 7. Viewed from trackside, i.e. non component side, insert and sleeve left hand ends of links "B" (shown in square) and solder on both sides. Solder right hand ends on trackside only. Cut tracks leading to pads at the left hand end of links "B".
- 8. On component side, right hand end, insert the two 100K resistors into the pin holes below C10 and C12 and solder on both sides.
- 9. Stand these resistors (now numbered R72, R73 on the new circuit provided) up on end and form the leads to touch adjacent resistor legs of R20 and R22. Solder these together.
- 10. Test for correct operation.



DRAWING No: BW 368 Issue 2

#### **1.4 GUARANTEE**

Saber products are made in the U.K. by ALLEN & HEATH BRENELL LTD, and are guaranteed against defective parts and workmanship for a period of ONE YEAR from the date of purchase by the original owner.

The defective component or module should be returned to Allen & Heath or its authorised agent and subject to the following conditions will be repaired or at our option replaced free of charge for labour and materials.

Conditions:

- 1) The equipment has been installed and operated in accordance with the instructions in the Operators Manual
- 2) The equipment has not been subject to abuse, neglect or alteration other than described in the Operators Manual
- 3) Any necessary adjustment, alteration or repair has been made by Allen and Heath or it authorised agent
- 4) The defect must be notified promptly
- 5) The defective item is to be returned carriage prepaid to Allen and Heath or its authorised agent and proof of purchase made available on request

Units to be returned should only be packed in the original AHB packing and be accompanied by the Power Unit

These terms of guarantee apply to U.K. sales. In other territories, the terms may vary according to legal requirements.

Factory: ALLEN & HEATH Ltd. Kernick Industrial Estate, Penryn, Falmouth, Cornwall. TR10 9LU. UNITED KINGDOM. Tel: +44 (0) 326 372070. Fax: +44 (0) 326 377097.
# Service Policy and Spare Parts

Allen & Heath products are designed to give trouble free service with the minimum of attention. Repair under warranty is the reponsibility of the selling agent who has been equipped with spare parts and technical manuals, and has the relevant repair equipment and service personnel.

In territories outside the U.K. refer to the selling agent for details of service and repair procedures.

 Outside warranty, owners may use the services of the service agent or undertake service themselves. Spare parts and manuals are chargeable.

Service item availability:

Owner manual	<ul> <li>order Saber Recording Owner Manual</li> <li>OR Saber P.A. Owner Manual</li> </ul>
Technical Manual	- order Saber Service Manual S/No M31000-199 AP0083 S/No M32000- AP0103
Spare Parts	<ul> <li>order Saber Spares Kit</li> <li>individual spare parts available to order.</li> <li>order Spare Modules and PSU</li> <li>contact sales agent</li> </ul>
Technical Support	<ul> <li>contact Sales Agent first if problems arise contact Allen &amp; Heath</li> </ul>
Packing	<ul> <li>cartons for module shipping are available on request</li> </ul>

#### Preventive Maintenance

Owners can prolong the service life of the equipment and minimise service costs by attention to a few simple points:

Protect the operating surface of the console from liquid spillage

During building/moving operations, cover the console to protect it from dust entry and accidental damage

Clean the controls and panels using a cloth dampened with a little dilute detergent. Avoid the use of aerosol and liquid solvent cleaners. Avoid the use of abrasive cleaning materials. The white write-on strip slides off for cleaning purposes

Ensure that your power supply is installed with adequate support and free air flow from below to provide ventilation for cooling. Do not expect a power supply sitting on carpeted floor to remain at normal operating temperature indefinitely. Do not use any other type of power supply than the one supplied with the console, type RPS4.

Do not attempt module removal while the console is switched on. This is to avoid accidental short circuit damage when parts touch each other.

1.4.3

1.5 Accessories and Options

Items for consoles serial no. M32000 onwards

Order Code Description ZX300-704 M310-1 Input Module ZX300-705 M310-1X Input Module The above modules are compatible with and replace M310 and M310X modules. Except for consoles Serial Number M31000-199 (see list below) ZX300-706 M360 Stereo input module Group module (dual group) ZX300-708 M330 Dual Monitor ZX300-709 M335 M326 P.A. Matrix output module ZX300-711 Recording master module ZX300-712 M350 M355 Live sound master module ZX300-713 Single module blank ZX300-074 ZX300-049 4 way module blank ZX300-004 8 way input connector panel M301 8 way input connector panel for PB M301PB ZX300-055 M306 4 way stereo input connector panel ZX300-058 ZX300-124 M306PB 4 way stereo input connector panel for PB 4 way input connector panel ZX300-066 M307 M307PB 4 way input connector panel for PB ZX300-067 M308 4 way dual monitor connector panel ZX300-071 M308PB 4 way dual monitor connector panel for PB ZX300 RPS4 Rack mounting power supply 240V ZX300-715 8 way connector blank panel ZX300-060 Service Manual AP0103

Items for console serial no. M31000 - 199

M310	Input module	ZX300-601
M310X	Input module	ZX300-602
M360	Stereo input module	ZX300-609
M320	Group module (single group)	2X300-603
M330	Group module (dual group)	ZX300-604
M335	Dual monitor	ZX300-621
M325	P.A. output module	ZX300-606
M350	Recording master module	ZX300-605
M355	Live sound master module	ZX300-616
RPS3	Rack mount power supply	<b>ZX300-607</b>
	Service Manual	AP0083 iss.2

Orders for individual modules MUST be accompanied by the serial number of the console.

When ordering individual modules give the function number of the module eg input 25, so that the correct numbered mute buttons may be fitted. For the service - return of complete modules a custom packing carton is available on request for a small charge.

# 1.6 Ordering Spare Parts

- 1. Standard Saber Spares Kit: Order Code Saber Standard Spares Issue 2 ZX300-068. All items listed below are included in a cabinet of drawers. The purpose is to enable in-field service repairs to recording and live sound versions by component replacement independant of Allen & Heath's factory. Common resistors, capacitors and soldering equipment are not supplied.
- 2. Individual spare parts from the list may be ordered. Please include order reference code for the part required.
- 3. This list replaces the list in the owner manuals dated October 1988, and is suitable for all Saber units produced.

	Description		Order Code	Qty
	Fader, Alps 100 Fader Knob Fader Screw, M		Al0091 AJ0048 AB0215	5 5 10
	Module	Fixing Screws - Countersunk Head 6AB Pan Head 6AB Spire Clip (Nut clip) 6AB Pan Head 4AB, module assembly Joint block, Nylon, A138	AB0195 AB0170 AB0258 AB0057 AB0253	10 10 10 10 5
	Pots	<ul> <li>STEREO GAIN, Alps 10k A x 2 AHB 18</li> <li>GAIN, Alps 10k C AHB 3</li> <li>LEVEL, Alps 100k AHB 4</li> <li>STEREO LEVEL, Alps 100k A x 2 AHB 5</li> <li>HF, LF, EQ, Alps, 100k B, CC AHB 2</li> <li>MF, SWEEP, Alps, 100k C x 2, AHB 15</li> <li>LEVEL, Alps 10k A, AHB 16</li> <li>PAN, Alps 10k B, CC AHB 1</li> <li>STEREO HF, LF Alps 100k B CC x 2 AHB 12</li> <li>BALANCE Alps 10k B CC x 2 AHB 17</li> </ul>	Al0119 (+ Nut) Al0053 (+ Nut) Al0054 (+ Nut) Al0055 (+ Nut) Al0052 (+ Nut) Al0130 (+ Nut) Al0131 (+ Nut) Al0051 (+ Nut) Al0118 (+ Nut) Al0117 (+ Nut)	55555555555
	Knobs	- Knob Body, TP110-006 Grey - Knob Cap - RED C111 - GREY C111 - GREEN C111 - BLUE C111	AJ0058 AJ0063 AJ0064 AJ0061 AJ0066	10 10 10 10 10
		olete, SQ10 Type Complete, SQ10 Type	AD0011 AD0013	2 10
	Jack Socket, 1/	4" 3-pole, switched, metal bush Battery, NICAD 3.6V, MP3	AL0369 AP0019	5 1
	Tools	Ring Spanner M6 (10mm AF) Screw Driver No. 2 Screw Driver No. 1	AT0003 AT0002 AT0004	1 1 1
*	Placey Louis	CT (Dups), AL	AL0437	

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Description	•	Order Code	Qty
Switches	MUTE, PCB 2PC0, momentary GENERAL, PCB 2PC0, latched GENERAL, PCB 4PC0, latched GENERAL, PCB 6PC0, latched	AL0374 AL0162 AL0333 AL0354	5 5 5 5
LEDs	T1 Single RED T1 Single YELLOW Display, 10 Green Display, 7 Red, 3 Green	AE0086 AE0084 AE0257 AE0258	5 5 1 1
ICs	TL072P Dual Operational Amplifier NE5532 Dual Operational Amplifier 4051B CMOS Gate 4052B CMOS Gate 4066B CMOS Gate 4071B CMOS Gate 4099B CMOS Gate 4518B CMOS Gate LM3915 LED Driver 6N136 Opto isolator LM339 Quad Comparator	AE0046 AE0221 AE0118 AE0139 AE0116 AE0251 AE0238 AE0259 AE0136 AE0222 AE0071	10 10 5 5 2 2 2 2 1 2
Resistor	22 ohm 1/4W 5%	AC0004	10
Transistors	ZTX109C NPN general purpose BC214C PNP low noise J111 FET BC637 NPN BC638 PNP 2N4403 PNP ultra low noise	AE0020 AE0031 AE0083 AE0068 AE0037 AE0273	10 10 5 5 5 3
Diode	Zener, 5.6V 400 mW	AE0012	5
Fuses	20 x 5 mm AC 1.6A Anti-surge 220/240V 20 x 5 mm AC 6.3A Anti-surge 20 x 5 mm DC 0.5A Anti-surge 20 x 5 mm AC 8.0A Anti-surge	AL0466 AL0395 AL0297 AL0487	5 5 5 5
User Option -	Jumper links	AL0334	5
Service Extend	der 50 way	ZX300 114	1
Additional Ite	ms (Not included with Standard Spares)		
Complete test	ed PCB Assemblies		
LED Bargraph	master PCB	ZX100 079	

LED Bargraph master PCB LED Bargraph Display + Rectifier combination RPS4 regulator PCB ±16V 5A DC Mute processor PCB ZX100 079 ZX100 078 + ZX100 077 ZX300 075 ZX300 054

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# 1.7 Specification

#### Electronic Performance

OdBu = 0.775 Vrms OVU = +4dBu (1.23V) or -8dBu (300 mV) Reference Frequency = 1kHz

#### Noise Performance

RMS Noise, 20kHz bandwidth, ref OVU-127dBmMic in, equivalent input noise (200 ohm source)-127dBmGroup Out, 1 input open, unity gain, EQ IN/flat:-86dBGroup Out, 24 inputs routed, faders closed:-80dBL-R Out, 1 input open, unity gain, EQ IN/flat:-85dBL-R Out, 24 inputs and 16 monitors routed, faders closed:-82dB

# Gain

Input to Group L-R or Mono outputs Channel Mic In: 10dB (PAD IN) to +70dB Line In: -4dB to +36dB Tape In: -12dB to +28dB Monitor Tape In: 0dB or 12dB (linkable)

#### Crosstalk

Referred to driven output	1kHz	10kHz
Muted, Input to L-R Out	-95dB	-80dB
On, Input to un-routed Group	-95dB	-80dB
L-R Separation	-68dB	-63dB

#### Frequency Response

Referred to 1kHz @ +4dBu, EQ Out Mic In to Group Out, 40dB gain: Line/Tape In to L-R Out, 0dB gain:

#### **Outputs**

Balanced L, R, Mono, Group 1-16 Outputs: max level +27dBu with balanced termination of 600 ohms or more. +21dBu unbalanced. Unbalanced Direct, Aux and monitor outputs: max level +21dBu with load of 2K ohms or more, +18dBu with 600 ohm load. Operating Level: 4dBu or -8dBu (linkable)

20Hz - 20kHz +0/-1dB

+0/-0.5dB

20Hz - 20kHz

#### Metering

Standard meterbridge for all recording models includes 16 or 24 track meters plus L&R meters, optionally: VU type: 18 or 26 illuminated analogue VU meters BG type: 18 or 26 20-segment LED PPM bargraphs, -24 to +12dB PA versions have metering incorporated in modules: M326 Group: 20-segment LED Peak bargraph, -36 to +15dB M355 Monitor: illuminated analogue VU meters

#### Distortion

THD + Noise @ +20dBu output level, typical Gain 1kHz 10kHz Mic In to Group Out: 70dB <0.01% <0.01% Line/Tape to L-R Out: 0dB <0.007% <0.007%

#### Equaliser

See module descriptions

# Connections

XLR phase: 1/4" jack: pin 2 +, pin 3 -, pin 1 ground. balanced tip +, ring -, case ground. unbalanced tip +, ring and case ground. stereo tip left, ring right. insert tip send, ring return.

All connections are in-phase, including group and L/R insert points.







DRAWING NO. 693 ISS. 2

### 2.0 Module Exchange

#### Inputs

M310, M360 - all modules are identical except for the numbered mute buttons.

When ordering service exchange modules order module only (without mute button) and transfer the mute button from the faulty module to the replacement module. When undertaking this work inspect the OPTIONS available for the module and make the exchange module agree with the faulty module prior to installation. This will avoid operation problems due to optional variations.

#### Outputs

M325, M326, M330, M350, M355. Modules are unique in requiring the correct OUTPUT ASSIGNMENT to be set prior to installation in the console.

Service exchange modules will be shipped with no assignment or mute button.

When the module is used for service exchange it is necessary to set up the correct assignment. Refer to section "Module Assignment" and the illustrations for module options.

In the case of M350 and M355 complete modules the L,R and Aux 1-6 outputs are assigned prior to despatch.

In the case of M350 or M355 Left or Right PCB ASSEMBLIES these are NOT assigned prior to despatch.

It is necessary to undertake assignment when replacing a Left or Right pcb assembly. Refer to the component identification dwg AG0213 iss 2 BW356.

#### Metering

Exchange of any Output module including M350, but excluding M355, requires correct setting of the meter mode selector plug-on links. These are shownon the module pcb component overlays.

# 2.1Module Addition

1) Input Modules

This is permissible up to the maximum capacity of the frame. At present (October 1988) the maximum capacity of inputs is 40 modules of type M310 and/or M360.

This assumes there are also 8 output modules M320/M325/M326/M330 and one master module M350/M355 and a meterbridge.

The limitation on module capacity is two fold:

i)	Power	sup	ply	ratir	ng
ii)	Interr	nal	DC	cable	rating

Allen & Heath accepts no responsibility for the consequences of attempts to increase module capacity beyond the limits of the standard main frame and power supply.

When adding input modules to a console it is necessary to make connections to the rear panel. There are two provisions.

i)

Console supplied part filled, rear connector panel included for expansion. In this case it is only necessary to remove the module blanks and install the input modules with connections to the busbar and connector panel harness included with the console.

ii)

Console supplied part filled, rear connector blank panel fitted. In this case addition of input modules also involves addition of a matching connector panel assembly. Telephone Allen & Heath for advice. The connector panel will be supplied complete and should be installed as follows:

a)remove the connector blank, release fixing screws internal and external.

b)fit connector panel. Replace fixing screws.

c)Connect 4 pin harnesses to main frame Mute Processor Slave pcb assemblies. Refer to illustrations 664 and MBD193.

The modules may now be installed and connected to the busbar harness and connector panel harnesses.

Input module M310 can be added in multiples of four. The blank module will usually be fitted in place of the highest number input modules.

2.1.2

i.

Eg. Saber 32:16:16 MVU with only 24 inputs will have module positions 25 to 32 inclusive filled with two four way blank panels. Unless specified at time of order connections for modules 25 to 32 will be included for expansion at a later date.

Input module M360 can be added in multiples of four. Connector panel M306 accepts connections for four modules and is accompanied by connector panel M307 which accepts connections for four standard M310 modules.

There is no wiring in the fader bay of STANDARD consoles which would limit module addition. However should fader automation be fitted this may affect later alterations.

PATCHBAY consoles are supplied prewired at all 32 input module positions. When a part filled patchbay console is supplied it will include connections for the modules omitted. These may be added at a later date by simple connection of the module to the prewired harnesses.

### 2) Output Modules

Standard 16x16 models already include the maximum number of output modules for the system. The 8x8 M325 PA module system, and the 8x16 M320 recording module system, and the 8x8 M326 PA module system can be expanded.

M325 expansion: within the limitations of the largest frame (52) size it is permissible to substitute group output modules for an equivalent number of input modules. This exploits the existence of output mix buses 9 to 16 which are unused in the standard PA console. Such a variation is only possible if specified at the time of order so that internal harnesses from TAPE INPUT circuits are correctly connected between M301 and M304 panels.

M320 expansion: again within the limitation of the largest frame (52) size it is permissible to substitute group output modules for an equivalent number of input modules. This exploits the existence of output mix buses 9 to 16 which are unused in the standard 8:16 format console. The result would be a format 32:16:32. There is not (October 1988) a meterbridge giving 32 track meters however.

On consoles having less than 8 output modules of any type, eg. 4 x M330 giving 8:8 format then the standard connector panel for 8 modules is supplied plus a four way module blank. Addition of the remaining modules may take place using the prewired connections to the busbars and connector panel. It would be necessary to order the additional modules pre-assigned to the correct output numbers and order the corresponding mute buttons for group monitor mutes.

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All meterbridges are prewired and connected to the output connector panels for operation of 16 "track" meters and the L,R monitor pair. Refer also to section 2.3 for details of module assignment.

M330 expansion: additional outputs are available however no additional monitors 17 to 32 can be provided by fitting 8 additional M330 modules and a connector panel, which will carry the numbers 1-16 repeated. These monitors can be operated permanently in "fader reverse" mode. There would be no group output from the module. If specified at the time of order then Tape Inputs 17-32 can be prewired in parallel with M310 Tape Inputs as per Tape Inputs 1-16 on the standard console. This additional work is chargeable. M335 expansion: Each M335 provides two signal paths for TAPE input and LINE input to the stereo mix. There are no group outputs. The two faders are permenantly in the monitor input paths to the stereo mix. Four M335 modules with connector panel M308 when added to eight M330 creates monitors for 24 track operation. M326 expansion: Within the limits of the largest frame size a total of sixteen output modules may be fitted. Types M326 and M325 may be mixed. Each would be assigned to one of the sixteen group mix busses. Note that the internal eight-way matrix ribbon harness does not permit expansion of the matrix system, there are only eight mix busses available. In an expanded system the total number of matrix outputs remains fixed at eight. The eight M325 modules would not contribute to, or receive from M326 matrix modules.

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<sup>2.1.4</sup> 





MODULE REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT SERIAL NO. M32001 ONWARDS

# MODULE REPLACEMENT



FADER HARNESS ·

AUDIO HEADERS

WHEN REPLACING MODULE

ENSURE THAT HARNESS IS NOT TRAPPED AGAINST MIXER FRAME AT THIS POINT.





MODULE SERVICE EXTENDER STOCK NUMBER AL0454

#### 2.2 MODULE REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT

# Module Identity

**Input Modules** have no identity. They will take up the position related to their location in the frame. They may be replaced or interchanged without affecting their function.

**Group Modules** have a unique identity signified by their module numbers. IE. wherever group 3/4 may be placed in the frame, it will always by group 3/4. Therefore they cannot be interchanged or replaced without care. Groups may be internally connected to match a different module position, but this requires changing a soldered link on the PCB. Refer to module assignment.

Metering Group modules from VU and Bar Graph consoles are not interchangable without altering pluggable jumpers on the PCB. Interchange of these modules will result in mis-operation of the metering system.

#### Module Preset Trimmers

M320/M325/M326/M330/M350 modules contain factory preset trimmers for meter calibration and output balance adjustment. <u>Do not alter these without suitable test equipment and without reference to the Section 3 ADJUSTMENTS.</u>

#### Removal

- 1) Switch off the console power supply.
- 2) Slide the write-on strip out of the left or right-hand sides of the console
- 3) Remove the module retaining screws. Most modules have three fixing screws. The patchbay has 12 fixing screws and the M350 module six fixing screws. Do not forget to remove the central screws beneath the write-on strip.
- 4) Lift the module carefully upward. To change the links described in section 2.3, it is not necessary to remove the wiring harnesses. If the module must be removed completely from the frame, unplug the wiring harnesses from the various connectors. Carefully note the orientation of the harness connectors to facilitate replacement.
- 5) Remove the module completely from the frame.

### Replacement

- 1) Perform the above steps in reverse order.
- Carefully dress the harness into position as the module is settled into the frame - DO NOT FORCE.
- 3) Replace ALL screws, problems may result from operation with the module improperly fixed into the frame.

#### Mute Button Removal and Replacement

The numbered mute buttons are a snap-fit on the switch shaft. They may be removed, following module removal from the frame, by applying pressure from beneath to push the button off the shaft. A replacement button is simply pushed on from above and snaps into place.

#### Module Fault Finding

It is permissible to fault find a module while it is connected to the frame wiring and powered up.

Take precautions to avoid accidental short circuits to the exposed connections

#### 2.3 CUSTOMER OPTIONS

The following pages show the location and details of options for these functions:

Auxiliary send pre/post selection Output high/low level selection Group assignment Monitor input high/low level selection Automute local/distant selection Stereo input fader start/stop options Matrix system pre/post fader options n



#### PCB. AG 0216 M326 MATRIX GROUP

2.3.2

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# M360 MODULE PCB. AG0211



M 330 MODULE PCB AG 0212 M 335 MODULE (NO GROUP LEVELS OR ASSIGNMENT) M 325 MODULE (ONLY 8 GROUPS)



M350 MODULE (MONITOR) PCB. AG 0214

#### 3.0 ADJUSTMENTS

- M310(X) modules Optional functions have already been described. There are no other adjustments relevant to this module.
- 2. M325 modules )
  M326 modules ) Optional functions have already been described.
  M330 modules )
  M335 modules )

## 3. METER CALIBRATION

Group outputs (also multitrack meters)

Module types M325 M326 M330 M335

Adjustment to reference level calibration may be necessary for the following reasons:

replacement of meter assembly VU or LED type replacement of module assembly repair of module assembly meter drive circuit

Modules and meters are calibrated in the factory in sets, each module is adjusted for the individual meter installed at the time of manufacture. Nominal calibration is 0 Vu and OdB = +4dBu (1.23v RMS) or -8dBu (300mV, -10dBV).

#### LED Bargraph Meters

LED Bargraph Meters supplied with Bargraph meterbridge consoles derive their calibration from the LED MASTER PCB ASSEMBLY which is part of the meterbridge. A faulty item will introduce apparent faults or calibration errors on all LED meters. Replacement of the LED MASTER PCB ASSEMBLY should be followed by re-calibration of all meter circuits. Refer also to the CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION for METERS.

# Procedure: Recording and M325 PA Consoles

Turn on the console oscillator and select 1kHz. Connect a 1/4" jack to XLR cable into OSC output (M302 panel). With PA consoles use an external signal generator in place of the console oscillator.

On each module (M325, M330 or M335) select TAPE monitor source. Plug the oscillator into TAPE input XLR socket for channel 1. Adjust the oscillator for output level +4dBu (1.23VRMS) or -8dBu (300mV RMS also -10dBV) if the console has been set out for low level tape machine operation.

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Inspect meter 1. A reading of OVU +/- 0.5dB is correct. If the reading falls outside this limit adjustment is necessary, see below. LED meters will indicate OdB = first red LED ON with the test input. If the RED LED is out or the second one on, then adjustment is needed. Check by selecting 100Hz and 10kHz frequencies that the meter indication is constant with frequency.

Release the module from the console, power down to avoid accidental electrical short circuit while handling the module. Follow instructions shown earlier. Power up, with the module pcb accessible and all connections in place.

Locate the meter calibration adjusters. These are horizontal carbon trimmers located on the module PCB in the area illustrated below. Use a preset trim to adjust the meter for correct indication.





GROUP Z MATRIX ASSIGN FIT ONE LINK ONLY

While the module is out re-connect the oscillator to TAPE INPUT XLR channel 2 and check meter 2. If necessary adjust the corresponding module PCB trimmer.

When M325 modules are in use there is only one LED meter per module.

**Procedure: M326 PA Matrix System;** Connect the oscillator to a channel input and route to an output. Use a test meter to verify +4dBu signal level at output, and calibrate the module meter.

Repeat the test for all group modules and meters.

#### Alternative calibration

Bargraph meters may be recalibrated within the range of the adjusting trimmer. This range is approximately: +6dBu to OdBu for OdB indication

Vu meters may be recalibrated within the range +12dBu to -2dBu for OVU indication.

These figures apply when the +4dBu operating level is selected. When 300mv operating level is selected the figures are lowered by 12dB.

#### L-R Monitor

The central L - R monitor meters are adjusted using the same general proceedure with the following variations.

Recording Consoles:

Connect the oscillator to jack inputs PBI L and R on the M302 panel. Select source TAPE 1 and inject +4dBu. Module PCB trimmers are located on the M350 Monitor PCB.

PA Consoles:

Connect the oscillator to jacks inputs EXT L and R on the M305 panel. Select source EXT and inject +4dBu. Module PCB trimmers are located on the M355 monitor PCB.

#### VU or LED metering

Module internal preselector. The illustration shows the location of the meter-type preselector for module types M320, M330, M350. Modules M325 and M326 are always supplied set for the LED meter integral with the module, no alteration is required. Module M355 is always supplied set for use with the integral L and R VU meters.

Modules M330, M335; when interchanging modules for service purposes examine the preselector position on the original console module. Reset the preselector on the exchange module to match. THe preselector has two positions: in the VU position the output to the meterbridge is rectified audio via the calibration trimmer. In the LED position the output to the meterbridge is buffered (but not rectified) audio via the calibration trimmer. Correct calibration is obtained when the calibration trimmer is loaded with the 10K ohm input impedance of the LED meter input amplifier.

Module M350 operates the same way as M330 and M335, the same preselector for VU or LED meters is required if module exchange is undertaken. The preselectors are located on the M350 monitor pcb as illustrated.



FOR BG - INSERT LINKS 4+5

#### 3.2 Output Symmetry

Applicable to electronic balanced outputs which on SABER are:

GROUP OUTPUTS	1-16,	"on-	board"	amplifier	components	in	M325,	M326,	M330
LEFT OUTPUT,		Ш	н	11	ំអ	in	M350,	M355	
RIGHT OUTPUT,		н	11	Ш	u –	in	M350,	M355	
MONO OUTPUT,		11	н	11	и	in	M350,	M355	I

During normal service adjustment should not be necessary.

To verify correct operation measure the amplitude of pin 2 and pin 3 with respect to pin 1 (chassis) of the XLR outputs. Make the measurement with 1kHz sine wave signal of approximately OVU amplitude using an oscilloscope or precision AC volt meter. The signal present on pin 2 is the "in-phase" component. The signal on pin 3 should be of identical amplitude and opposite phase (180°). If the amplitude is too large or small adjust the internal variable preset shown on the component identification drawing "SYMMETRY" and obtain equal amplitudes. These measurements should be made "off-load", disconnect external equipment from the output in question.

### Note

Balanced outputs are active ground compensating types. For correct operation into unbalanced loads then pin 2 or pin 3 must be connected to pin 1.



ALLEN + HEATH SABER DUAL GROUP PCB M330 MODULE PCB AGO DRAWING N. BW 359-30 DRAWN BY INCB 11-10-89

3.2.1

#### 3.3 Module Assignment

Module types M325, M326, M330, M350, M355

These modules provide outputs from the internal mix buses. Each output is created by a unique connection between the console common busbars (the busbar harness) and an amplifier input on a pcb assembly within a module.

Output Name	Module Type	Connection Type
Groups 1-8	M325	Solder joint selection
Groups 1-8	M326	Solder joint selection
Matrix 1-8	M326	Solder joint selection
Groups 1-16	M330	Two solder joint selections
Left	M350 left pcb	Solder joint selection
Left	M355 left pcb	Solder joint selection
Right	M350 right pcb	Solder joint selection
Right	M355 right pcb	Solder joint selection
Aux 1,3,5	M350 & M355 left pcb	Solder joint selection
Aux 2,4,6	M350 & M355 right pcb	Solder joint selection

Service exchange of any of these module types must include inspection and confirmation of correct assignment.

Refer to the module option illustrations for the location of the selections.

Note: APPARENT FAULT CONDITION: two console outputs having extremely high level output noise and low signal level. This is the result when two modules have been given the same bus assignment, eg. there are two module assigned to group bus 3. Both outputs will be noisy, 6dB low in level and sound quality will be degraded. Upon removal of one module (either one) output 3 magically cleans up.

REMEDY: Find the other module that is incorrectly assigned.

Refer also to the section: - module exchange and addition.

# 4.1 Outline Technical Description

- 1. Saber audio systems are manuafactured using industry standard linear op-amp, logic gate and discrete semiconductor designs. There are no electro mechanical relay contacts in the audio signal path.
- 2. The console has a universal DC supply system for all amplifiers and logic and indicator subsystems. The external power supply type RPS4 operates from single phase 50/60Hz AC input and provides the three regulated DC outputs required for console operation: +16v, -16v, +48v DC. Indicator and logic systems use several combinations of  $\pm 16v$  DC supplies. The computor system uses the +16v DC supply.
- 3. Audio amplifiers are supplied with  $\pm 16v$  DC and all are centre biased types having negligable offset voltage at input and output terminals. This offset voltage is typically less than  $\pm 1v$  with respect to chassis (0v DC).
- 4. Within the M350 (and M355 PA) monitor master module audio is switched by 4066 CMOS gates between op-amp stages. These gates and the associated op-amps are biased from a <u>+</u>7.5 DC supply which is generated locally on the PCB.
- 5. All pots, faders and switches are isolated from the residual DC offset by coupling capacitors. Appearance of loud clicks and crackles during control operation is a fault symptom. Note however that the input preamp design includes switch contacts which are followed immediately by high gain amplification. Operation of input Tape, Line and phase reverse switches introduces a slight switch click which is not a fault.
- 6. Audio inputs are a mixture of balanced (differential) and unbalanced types. Line input impedances are high, greater than 5k ohms.
- 7. Audio outputs are a mixture of balanced (active electronic type) and unbalanced types. Output impedances are low, to drive loads down to 600 ohm total (balanced outputs) or 2k ohms (unbalanced outputs).
- 8. All audio inputs and outputs are phase coherent.
- 9. Module assemblies are tested for performance prior to final test of complete consoles.
- 10. Routine adjustments are not necessary to maintain operation.

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4.2 Check System	n
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There are subsections to this system as follows:

i) Check System "PFL"

Bus 9 DC control from "PFL" pushbuttons (M350 and M355 only)to PFL detector circuit.

Buses 7 and 5 respectively ENABLE and DC buses for M310 channel modules.

Buses 8 and 6 respectively ENABLE and DC buses for M320, M325 and M330 modules.

Check Mode Switch, S7, master console mode selector. (S5 for P.A.)

PFL detector circuit	M350 pcb AG0214 M355 pcb AG0215	Q5, Q6, Q7 Q5, Q6
PFL audio summing amp	M350 pcb AG0214 M355 pcb AG0215	IC5 pins 5,6,7 IC4 pins

Bus 11 audio mix bus for channel and monitor CHECK switch outputs. Connects to PFL summing amp via PFL/SOLO mode switch.

Bus 12 audio mix bus for Aux 1-6 and Return 1-4 PFL switch outputs. Connects permanently to PFL summing amp input.

PFL interrupt logic M350 pcb AG0214 IC10 (IC3) 4066 CMOS gates

Configured as changeover switches in the audio path. Either IC4 (IC2) or IC5 (IC4) outputs connected to meter driver circuits and monitor output circuits. (In brackets IC numbers for M355 monitor pcb).

TB IN M350 system only:- uses PFL summing amp and switching to inject an external audio source over the monitor loudspeaker circuits.

COMMS 1 and 2 M355 system only:- same as TB IN in principle.

4.2.1

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#### The two modes of the PFL system are as follows:

Normal; PFL OFF: All check and PFL pushbutton volts are released. Buses 9, 7, 8 self bias to zero volts DC, Q6 is turned on, control point A holds IC10 gates 1/2 and 11/10 on, low resistance. Control point B holds IC10 gates 4/3 and 8/9 off, high resistance. PFL LED is off.

PFL ON: One check pushbutton selected. Buses 9, 7, 8 pulled low, Q6 is turned off, control points A and B toggle and PFL LED is turned on. IC10 gates 1/2 and 11/10 go high resistance. IC10 gates 4/3 and 8/9 go low resistance. IC5 output is connected to the meter drivers IC3 and monitor level control VR4.

Note: Changing mode from PFL to SOLO will inhibit CHECK PFL. However PFL from Aux 1-6 and RET 1-4 remains active.

ii) Check System Solo

Q8 and R84,85 C23 (Q11 and R92,93 C33)

The subsections of the SOLO system are as follows:

Buses 7 and 5 respectively enable and DC buses for M310 channel modules. Buses 8 and 6 respectively enable and DC buses for M320, M325 and M330 modules.

Check mode switch S7 (S5) master console mode selector. In the following description assumed to be in SOLO position (pressed): Enable switch S9 (S4) for M310 channels. When selected connects bus 7 and Q8 emitter and also illuminates the LED "chan".

Enable switch S10 (S2) for M320, M325 and M330 modules. Operates as S9 for bus 8 and LED "mon".

form a current source for the enable buses.

Link switch S8 (S3) when selected connects together DC buses 6 and 5. LED "link" is turned on.

Check switches on modules, when selected connect together buses 7 and 5 (M310) or 8 and 6 (M320, M325, M330).

4.2.2

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Transistor switches on modules M310 (Q8) M320, M325, M330 (Q3 and Q4) which are connected to the DC buses via the check switch. The transistor controls the module audio mute FET.

The three modes of the check solo system are as follows:

Normal, SOLO NOT enabled

operation of a check switch connects DC and enable buses together and isolates that module from the DC bus. Enable buses are biased to the negative supply and the voltage on the DC bus does not change, module transistors therefore remain biased off and no muting occurs.

Normal, SOLO enabled

Enable, SOLO

operation of a check switch connects DC and enable buses together and isolateds that module from the DC bus. The enabled bus bias current pulls the DC bus up to approximately -12.5v and module transistor switches are turned on. Audio mutes occur on all modules NOT solo.

the enabled bus is biased negative by Q11

to approximately -11v.

#### 4.3 Audio Mute Element

This is a common circuit element used extensively throughout Saber modules and other Allen & Heath products. The design has three important qualities:

- i) the audio switch is a special design of electronic solid state switch that employs a field effect transistor (FET), this component has practically infinite operating life and requires negligible power.
- ii) the operation of the switch is by a DC control voltage which may originate locally within the module or from a remote location such as a computer memory.
- iii) operation of the switch introduces negligible degradation to the audio signal. In particular noise, control feedthrough (click), harmonic distortion and shut off are all excellent.

The switch comprises the following sub sections:

- 1. An input amplifier; this op amp provides a defined impedance and level for the FET drain-source channel.
- An FET; this n-channel junction FET is chosen for large ratio of "on-to-off" resistance, low "on" resistance, optimum pinch off voltage and low control feed through.
- An output amplifier; this op-amp is configured so that the FET drain-source channel is at the summing mode where no voltage exists, this achieves many of the high quality performance characteristics required.
- 4. A DC control system; the gate of the FET must be biased negative with respect to the drain-source in order to pinch off the drain-source and mute the audio path.

The FET gate is connected by the control transistor to the console negative DC supply (audio off) or allowed to float (audio on). The transistor also provides increased flexibility in the DC control input arrangements.

The DC control system includes a method of "latching" the panel switch output to create a persistent on or off status. In the Saber application panel switches are momentary action type, the output pulse of which is converted into a steady state by the central mute processor system acting via the slave bus system.

Service Note Failure of the FET (J111) is un-common. When necessary to replace it then be sure to replace the coil of wire that surrounds the FET pins. Failure to do this will cause degradation of shut off performance.

#### 4.5 LED Metering

Recording Bargraph (BG) console metering Sets of pcb assemblies in the meterbridge provide the following functions:

		Cincuit Dof
<b>Pcb Type</b> LED master (one off)	Function reference scale generation, scan clock generation,	Circuit Ref
	address code generation, address & scale multiplex output.	MBD 189iss5
LED rectifier	audio rectification to DC, rise and fall time constant, comparison of scale with rectified audio.	MBD 189iss5
LED display	Scale demultiplex, LED display drivers.	MBD 189iss5

This pcb set receives DC supply from the console RPS4 unit via dedicated cables in the DC harness. There is no connection within the console frame and modules between audio and LED meter DC supplies. This is deliberate to avoid supply induced crosstalk and noise.

Logic ICs and LEDs draw current from the negative DC supply and zero volts.

Op-amps (TL072) and comparators (LM339) draw current from both positive and negative DC supplies.

The reference scale for the meters is created on the MASTER PCB with reference to zener diode ZD1. This scale is multiplexed with a 3 bit address code and transmitted to all rectifier and display pcb sets. The transmission rate of the scanned addresses is approximately 1000Hz. Each rectifier and display pcb set carries four channels of meter display. Each channel has its own audio rectifier and time constant components. The four outputs of the rectifier pcb pass to the display pcb and are compared with the reference scale received from the master pcb. The LED display for each channel is turned on for all LEDs "lower" than the instantaneous audio amplitude. LEDs "higher" in amplitude remain off. An equivalent current passes through transistor ZTX109 on the display pcb instead of through the LED. Refer to circuit diagrams MBD 189 issue 5.

# Alternative calibration levels

Alternative calibration:	1kHz sinewave		
Vu versions:	0¥u =		minimum maximum
Bargraph versions:	OdB =	OdBu +6dBu	minimum maximum

#### 4.6 Mute Processor System:

Refer to the schematics and frame wiring diagram.

DC for the mute processor is obtained from the console +ve supply via +5v DC regulator. DC for the controller and slave pcbs is distributed on the data harness.

MUTE PROCESSOR CENTRAL COMPUTER (MPC). This is part of the SABER master connector panel assembly M302 or M305. Data is received from MIDI IN and from console module MUTE pushbuttons. The MPC is also in two way communication with the MCC control surface, part of the M350 or M355 module panel. MPC transmits data to MIDI OUT and to console module mute amplifiers. An 8 way common bus, plus extra address connections, carries address and data information from the MPC to SLAVE pcb assemblies in the frame. Each pcb has capacity to interface with 8 audio mute pushbuttons. Each has two connections; TX which is the module pushbutton logic output to the MPC, and RX which is the logic voltage from MPC to the module mute amplifier. The SLAVE pcb latches the mute status data from the MPC.

The MPC runs a program which has the following functions:

WRITE data received from MIDI IN into the working memory (console real time mute status memory)

SCAN console mute pushbuttons and MCC panel for mute or de-mute events and RECALL events

WRITE the result of each SCAN cycle into the working memory

WRITE the working memory out to module mute amplifiers

WRITE the working memory to MIDI OUT with RECALL event PATCH number

WRITE the working memory to MIDI OUT in AUTO UPDATE code format

MUTE PROCESSOR SLAVE PCB. Each pcb connects to the mute processor computer card MPC via a common bus and a unique address wire X. It also connects to each audio channel one wire connects the module switch (TX) and the second connects to the audio mute amplifier (RX). Refer to component ident BW226 and circuit diagram A164 iss2.

#### Operation of slave pcb:

MUTE IN 1-8 receive logic low signals from console mute switches, these are step signals from non locking switch type.

MUTE OUT 1-8 are latched open collector outputs to console audio mute amplifiers. Logic high = audio mute.

IC1 is the latch for open collector outputs 1-8. Data to operate the latches (DO) arrive on pin 3. Address AO A1 A2 is shared with IC2 the multiplexer for mute switch signals to the computer.

IC2 scans eight mute switches and sends data down pin 8 DI.

During power up IC2 is inhibited and "all mutes clear" data is sent to all channels via IC1.

During operation a mute switch step is detected by the computer as it scans DI. This data is written into the MP working memory and output via MIDI according to the MP mode and protocol in force. At the same time the switch status data is sent out over DO with the appropriate address code and IC1 latch is toggled to the new switch status. Refer also to 5.5 Mute Processor fault diagnosis.

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#### 4.7 Power Supply RPS4

Specification:

Input:	AC 50/60 Hz single phase. 220, 240v AC nominal.	Selected by switch either 110, 120,
Outputs:	DC, smoothed, regulated, sh	nort circuit and overvoltage protected.
	General purpose output:	$\pm$ 16v DC $\pm$ 0.5v with any load between Zero and 5A DC per rail.
	Ripple and noise:	less than 50 microvolts RMS on load measured between supply and common with 20kHz bandwidth.
		(Typically less than 5mV peak to peak measured on an oscilloscope)
	Phantom power output:	+48v DC +2.5y with any load between zero and 200mA DC.
	Ripple and noise:	same as general purpose output.

Notes:

- 1. Should current supplied by the DC outputs exceed the specification then ripple and noise will increase, eventually to a dramatic extent, and the output voltage will fall. In this event the console audio outputs will contain excessive hum components. This situation can arise accidentally if the actual AC input voltage is below the nominal voltage selected. This may be corrected by reselecting the appropriate nominal AC input voltage.
- 2. The RPS4 is designed for convection cooling without fan assistance. Adequate unrestricted airflow is necessary. Do not "sandwich" the RPS4 in between two rack units. Do not leave it on the floor without also providing an air flow path to the underside vents.
- 3. Measurements of the DC voltages and ripple figures given may be made, for example, at the console DC INPUT connector by removing the cover. Alternatively release one module from the frame and measure on the module itself.

**CAUTION:** take care to avoid accidental short circuits during measurement.

Allowance should be made for resistance in the DC cables to the console. A voltage drop of approximately 0.25v is normal. The actual voltage reading inside the console will be in the range of  $15.0v \pm 0.5v$  depending on the actual point of measurement.
- 4. Refer also to the Technical Bulletin 10 which compares RPS3 with RPS4.
- 5. Assembly and circuit details are shown on diagram 733.

4.7.2

## 4.8 24 Track Formats

Saber consoles have been manufactured in 24 track versions in "first generation" (M3 1000 - 199) and "second generation" (M32000 onwards) versions.

#### Hardware

The assembly details for 24 track versions are different to the standard 16 track versions in some details which are described below:

Item	16 Track	24 Track
Input module Output module 1-16	M310 M320 or M330	M310 M330, 8 off
Monitor module for tracks 17-24		M335, 4 off
Master module Mute Processor Meterbridge Power supply (M31000-199) (M32000-)	M350 Same 16 track BG or VU RPS3 RPS4	Same
	M301 for M310 1-16 M304 for M320 M303 for M330	M301 for M310 M303 for M330
Outputs and Monitors		M308 for M335 M308 for M335

Note that the following components

M335 dual monitor module M308 connector panel 24 track meterbridge

are unique to 24 track versions of Saber.

## System Description

A typical 24 track console has the additional four M335 modules situated to the right of the eight M330 regular output modules.

Four input modules are omitted to give space for this facility.

Inputs can access outputs 1-16 in the usual way. Outputs 1-8 are duplicated, by parallel wiring, between output XLRS 1-8 and the M308 connector panel output XLRS. This is for connection to track inputs 17-24.

Thus an input routed to output 1 is reaching track 1 and track 17 Control of output level during recording on tracks 17-24 is made by adjustments of output faders 1-8. The faders on the four M335 modules provide input only for either Tape or

Line source.

Channel Tape Inputs 1-24 are internally parallel connected to monitors 1-16 on the M330 modules and monitors 17-24 on the M335 modules.

Meters 1-16 are driven by the eight M330 output modules. Meters 17-24 are driven by the four M335 dual monitor modules and show only Tape Inputs 17-24.

## 5.0 Basic console fault finding. Saber, all versions

The console normal operation can be confirmed by these quick and simple tests.

- 1. Power supply panel indicators for the three DC supplies (+16v, +48v) should be illuminated.
- 2. VU meters should be illuminated or Bargraph meters operational (use 1kHz oscillator and slate L/R).
- 3. On any module select pushbutton CHECK or PFL. The adjacent LED should light.

These three tests prove that DC power is being generated, is reaching the console and the modules.

If these tests cannot be passed then there may be major DC malfunction which must be repaired before attempting repair to individual sections.

Examples of possible faults:

#### **REASON/CHECK**

- Power supply indicators OFF AC power off Power supply fuse blown Power supply component fault Short circuit on DC outputs
- 2. Meters not illuminated Power supply OFF Meter DC connector not fitted properly All lamps faulty!
- 3. Module LEDs not working Internal module edge connector missing Power supply fault Module component fault
- 4. No Mute Processor display Internal connection to MP keyboard pcb missing
   (2 digit LED display) Keyboard pcb component fault Central mute processor fault
- 5. Module mute buttons do not respond
  Mute Processor in "local off" mode and external MIDI equipment not echoeing back MIDI to the console.
  One module only, mute buttons do not respond
  Mute Processor in "local off" mode and external MIDI equipment not echoeing back MIDI to the console.
  Central mute processor fault
  4 pin connector from module to MP slave pcb missing/faulty.
  Module pcb component fault.

It is not difficult to overlook replacement of a connector after service repair.

The tests above 1 to 5 should be made at the end of any repair work in order to check that all is well.

## Service Procedure

When installed in a typical system the Saber console is a major component. A report of a console fault should always be treated seriously however, it is necessary to complete diagnosis of the fault and identify the location within the system. Only when tests have been made to eliminate faults in equipment connected to the console and in the connection cables is it appropriate to attempt repair of the console.

Use Substitution of known good circuits to aid identification of the faulty circuit.

In order of frequency of occurence faults on installed systems can be ranked as follows:

- 1. External interconnections; cable termination breakdown or connection error.
- 2. Internal interconnections; wiring termination problem.
- 3. Electromechanical defect; pot switch or fader broken or worn.
- 4. Electronic component defect; IC transistor, capacitor, resistor defective.

Faults may be of a permanent or intermittent nature. Reports of intermittent faults demand provocation by thermal cycling, mechanical vibration and flexure as an aid to location.

## 5.1 DC Distribution



Notes: METER DC and MUTE PROCESSOR DC internal connections draw DC power from pins 4, 5 and 6 of the external DC connecting cable.

All other circuits of the console draw DC power via pins 1, 2, 3 and 8.

Pins 3 and 4 are separate grounds.

CMOS Logic components within the M350/355 modules are supplied with  $\pm$  7.5 DC which is regulated from the main DC supplies.

#### ALLEN & HEATH SABER SERVICE MANUAL SERIAL NO M32000 ONWARDS

# 5.2 Smoke, Fuses and Sparks or what happens when there is a short circuit somewhere

The purpose of this note is to provide useful information. The failure modes described are not unique to Allen & Heath products and may be encountered on many types of electronic equipment.

Every pcb assembly has series resistors between the local components and the main DC busbar connectors. In the event of a local short circuit these resistors pass excessive current and reach high temperature very quickly accompanied by smoke and the smell of burning paint! Usually the resistor burns out and disconnects the DC power, however while this taking place the DC voltage may be pulled low temporarily and the console malfunction. The causes of this phenomenon are:

- a) spontaneous random semiconductor IC failure, the IC also burns out and ceases to function.
- b) IC placed on the pcb 180° rotated causing reverse DC connections.
- c) Accidental short circuit +DC to ground, +DC to -DC or -DC to ground, caused by repair tool, broken wire or foreign matter,

The series resistors are 22 ohm 1/4 watt and should be replaced by an identical component.

Fuses:

The power supply includes fuse protection as follows:

AC panel fuse:protection against short to earth and secondary<br/>failure.AC pcb fuses:protection against rectifier failure and regulator<br/>failure.

The power supply output is protected against damage from short circuit by internal current-limit protection. Under short circuit load conditions the output voltage falls to a small value.

## Short Circuit Protection

The regulator circuit includes limitation of short circuit current to approximately 5.5A DC. The output voltage under short circuit conditions will be adjusted by the regulator to give this current. Continuous operation into a short circuit is likely to cause failure of the appropriate low voltage AC fuse.

Test for a short circuit in either the DC cable or console by disconnecting.

#### Over Voltage Protection

The regulator circuit includes thyristor crow-bar shunts for each 5A supply. These are triggered when the regulated DC output rises above the nominal rating for any reason. This is usually followed by failure of the appropriate low voltage AC fuse.

#### Service Note

It is important to protect the console from DC supply voltages in excess of the nominal values.

When an AC supply fuse (high or low voltage) has failed switch off the supply and disconnect the console before attempting service repair to the power supply. Catastrophic damage to the console IC population will occur in the event of excess DC voltages reaching the console.

Disconnect the power supply from the console.

In the event of a thyristor crow-bar having been triggered by a regulator fault it will be necessary to temporarily remove the thyristor component (or lift one end of the zener diode) in order to allow measurement of DC conditions.

Following service repair to the power supply it is important to verify by DC voltage measurements that the correct nominal output voltages are present off-load **before re-connecting the power supply to the console.** 

Accidental damage, where the +48v output is connected to other part of the PSU assembly, may cause damage to power supply components since the voltage ratings of some components will be exceeded.

## 5.3 Audio and DC Measurements

1. DC Conditions, typical audio op-amp



2. Audio signal measurements; typical audio op-amp, 1kHz sine wave.

Non inverting



VOLTAGE GAIN dB =  $20\log \frac{V2}{V1}$ 



## 5.4 LED Meter

Fault Diagnosis:

#### Symptom

All 18 meters show same fault )

Every fourth meter shows same fault, eg. 3,7,R,11,15

One meter faulty

Four meters faulty (1-4, 13-16, etc)

One meter fails to indicate higher than a certain level

Response time of LED column too fast or too slow

Mechanical assembly:

## Possible Cause

DC supply fault. Wrong type of meter selected on ALL output modules Master pcb connection fault Master pcb component fault

Audio connection fault from output module to rectifier pcb. Wrong type of meter selected on output module. Rectifier pcb component fault. Display pcb component fault. Connection fault between rectifier and display pcbs.

DC connection fault to rectifier/display pcb set. Busbar harness fault. Connection fault between rectifier and display pcbs.

LED open circuit.

Rectifier pcb component fault.

After replacing on LED pcb assembly check the visual aligment of the LEDs with the acrylic window. Obtain full scale meter indication and ensure the top and bottom LEDs are not obscurred and that the LED column is central in the window. Perfect aligment may require slackening and adjustment of the positions of the LED rectifier and display pcbs.

5.4.1

#### 5.5 Mute Processor Fault Diagnosis

Step 1: Confirm operation of console MIDI IN. Select MP mode LOCAL "ON" using the SHIFT page. Remove any connection to SABER MIDI "IN". Test any mute switch for correct operation. If the result is OK proceed with step 2. If the result is no mute LED and audio switching then an internal console fault may have occured. Refer to section xxx.

Step 2: Use the SHIFT page to turn LOCAL "OFF". Repeat the test of any mute switch. There should be no result, the audio and LED are "frozen" or locked in the position set before the LOCAL was switched off. Connect SABER MIDI "OUT" to MIDI "IN". Repeat the test of mute switches. Normal operation is expected. If mute switches remain locked then an internal console fault may have occured. Failure of the MIDI IN opto coupler IC is more likely to occur than failure of the MIDI OUT gate IC. Test the MIDI IN opto coupler by measuring forward and reverse bias resistance of the opto coupler LED.

> Test MIDI OUT by connecting pin 4 to pin 5. Connect an oscilloscope to display the signal on the two pins 4 and 5 with respect to 0v (pin 2). MIDI data is logic square wave pulse trains with peap to peak amplitude approx 2v and a switching rate of approx 30kHz.

Battery back up of the memory contents relies upon the on-board Ni-Cad cell. This is recharged while the console is powered. Failure of the cell would result in loss of memory contents following power down. On power up the memory contents would be random.

Service replacement of the cell requires removal of the Mute Processor computer pcb from the M302 (PA M305) rear connector panel.

## 6.0 Schematics and circuit diagrams

	Title		Dwg No	iss No
	Allen & Heath Component reference	diagram		
	RPS4 PCB component identification Power Supply RPS4 connections and Master rear connector panel wiring Master rear connector panel wiring Rear connector panel wiring	M302 (for M350) M305 (for M355) M301/7 (for M310) M306 (for M360) M303 (for M330)	BW229 733 739 740 738 738 738	2 2 2 2 1 1
	Rear connector panel wiring	M308 (for M335) M304 (for M325) M300 (for M326)	738 741 741	1 2 2
	Main console buss allocation Saber meterbridge wiring diagram LED rectifier PCB component identific LED display PCB component identific LED master PCB component identific LED meter circuit diagram	cation	743 665 BW223 BW223 BW223 MBD189	1 1 1 1 5
	Mute processor computer PCB comp Mute processor computer PCB circui Mute processor keyboard PCB comp Mute processor keyboard PCB circui Mute processor slave PCB compone Mute processor slave PCB circuit dia Mute processor wiring Mute processor wiring Mute processor wiring (V4 software)	t diagram onent identification t diagram nt identification	BW224 MBD190 BW225 698 BW226 A164 663 663	1 3 1 1 2 1 2
	Input module M310.1 (X) component Input module M310.1 (X) circuit diagr Input module M310 (X) component id Input module M310 (X) circuit diagram Input module M360 (pre EQ insert) ci Input module M360 (pre EQ insert) ci Input module M360 component ident Input module M360 circuit diagram M360 RIAA module component ident M360 RIAA module circuit diagram	am lentification n omponent identification rcuit diagram ification	BW353 723 BW353 723 BW368 730 BW368 730 BW368 730 MBD111 MBD111	2 3 1 2 2 2 1 1 1
• • •	Output module M320 component idea Output module M320 circuit diagram Output module M325 component idea Output module M325 circuit diagram Output module M325/6 meter identifi Output module M326 component idea Output module M326 circuit diagram Output module M330 component idea Output module M330 component idea Output module M330 circuit diagram Output module M335 component idea Output module M335 component idea	ntification cation diagram ntification ntification	See M330 Ident. 726 See M330 Ident. 728 BW327 666 BW371 729 BW359-30 725 BW359-35 727	1 1 1 1 1 1 1

Title	Dwg No	lss No
Monitor master module M350 L/R component identification Monitor master module M350 L/R circuit diagram Monitor master module M350 monitor component identification Monitor master module M350 monitor circuit diagram Monitor master module M355 L/R refer to M350	BW356 724 BW362 731	1 1 1
Monitor master module M355 monitor component reference Monitor master module M355 monitor circuit diagram	BW365 732	1 1
16 track patchbay M390:		
Assembly diagram PCB Assembly drawing PCB circuit position 1 & 2 PCB circuit position 3 PCB circuit position 4 PCB circuit position 5 to 16	702 703 681 682 684 683	1 1 2 1 1
24 track patchbay M391 PCB positions 1 to 4:		
PCB Assembly drawing PCB circuits, see M390	BW375	3
24 track patchbay M391 PCB positions 5 to 16:		
PCB Assembly drawing PCB circuits positions 5 to 8 PCB circuits positions 9 to 16	BW378 D035 D036	1 1 1



Allen&Heath Component References













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## BUSS ALLOCATION

CD 30-3-89 743 ISSUE 1

50-way IDC card edge connector 0.1\* double sided

#### INPUT END

TRACK

OV ref

TB audio

#### COMPONENT

+48V

50       +48V         49       OV ref         48       mix 15         47       7         46       8         45       16         44       14         43       6         44       14         43       6         42       5         41       13         40       11         39       3         38       4         37       12         36       10         35       2         34       1         33       9         32       0V         31       0V ref         30       mix R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       -16V logic         21       +16V A         20       0V logic         19       +16V A         20       0V logic         13       6	49 48 47 45 45 44 43 42 40 40 39	0V ref mix 15 7 8 16 14 6 5
49       0V       ref         48       mix 15         47       7         46       8         45       16         44       14         43       6         42       5         41       13         40'       11         39'       3         38'       4         37       12         36       10         35'       2         34       1         33'       9         32       0V         31       0V         23       -16V         24       -16V         25       -16V         26       0V         23       -16V         24       -16V         25       -16V         26       0V         27       16         3 <th>49 48 47 45 45 44 43 42 40 40</th> <th>0V ref mix 15 7 8 16 14 6 5</th>	49 48 47 45 45 44 43 42 40 40	0V ref mix 15 7 8 16 14 6 5
48       mix 15         47       7         46       8         45       16         44       14         43       6         42       5         41       13         40'       11         39'       3         38'       4         37       12         36       10         35'       2         34       1         33'       9         32       0V         31       0V ref         30       mix R+         29'       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       -16V logic         21       +16V A         20       0V logic         19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6	48 47 46 45 45 43 42 41 40 39	mix 15 7 8 16 14 6 5
39       3         38       4         37       12         36       10         35       2         34       1         33       9         32       0V         31       0V ref         30       mix R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       +16V logic         21       +16V A         20       0V logic         19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	46 45 42 42 40 30	7 8 16 14 6 5 13 11
39       3         38       4         37       12         36       10         35       2         34       1         33       9         32       0V         31       0V ref         30       mix R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       +16V logic         21       +16V A         20       0V logic         19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	46 45 42 42 40 30	8 16 14 6 5 13 11
39       3         38       4         37       12         36       10         35       2         34       1         33       9         32       0V         31       0V ref         30       mix R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       +16V logic         21       +16V A         20       0V logic         19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	45 44 43 42 41 40	16 14 6 5 13 11
39       3         38       4         37       12         36       10         35       2         34       1         33       9         32       0V         31       0V ref         30       mix R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       +16V logic         21       +16V A         20       0V logic         19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	42 41 40	14 6 5 13
39       3         38       4         37       12         36       10         35       2         34       1         33       9         32       0V         31       0V ref         30       mix R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       +16V logic         21       +16V A         20       0V logic         19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	42 41 40	6 5 13 11
39       3         38       4         37       12         36       10         35       2         34       1         33       9         32       0V         31       0V ref         30       mix R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       +16V logic         21       +16V A         20       0V logic         19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	42 41 40	<u> </u>
39       3         38       4         37       12         36       10         35       2         34       1         33       9         32       0V         31       0V ref         30       mix R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       +16V logic         21       +16V A         20       0V logic         19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	RGI	13
39       3         38       4         37       12         36       10         35       2         34       1         33       9         32       0V         31       0V ref         30       mix R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         24       +16V logic         21       +16V A         20       0V logic         19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	RGI	11
39'       3         38:       4         37:       12         36:       10         35:       2         34       1         33:       9         32:       0V         31:       0V ref         30:       mix R+         29:       R-         28:       L-         27:       L+         26:       0V         25:       -16V A         24:       -16V logic         23:       -16V A         24:       -16V logic         23:       -16V A         24:       +16V logic         21:       +16V A         20:       0V logic         19:       +16V A         18:       aux 1         17:       2         16:       3         15:       4         14:       5         13:       6         12:       PFL - aux/ret         11:       PFL - in/mon         10:       0V logic	RGI	······································
31       0V       ref         30       mix       R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V         24       -16V         23       -16V         24       -16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         25       +16V         26       0V         27       L+         28       L-         29       R-         20       0V         19       +16V         18       aux         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V       logic	in n .	3
31       0V       ref         30       mix       R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V         24       -16V         23       -16V         24       -16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         25       +16V         26       0V         27       L+         28       L-         29       R-         20       0V         19       +16V         18       aux         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V       logic	<u>38 i</u>	4
31       0V       ref         30       mix       R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V         24       -16V         23       -16V         24       -16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         25       +16V         26       0V         27       L+         28       L-         29       R-         20       0V         19       +16V         18       aux         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V       logic	37:	12
31       0V       ref         30       mix       R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V         24       -16V         23       -16V         24       -16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         22       +16V         21       +16V         20       0V         19       +16V         18       aux         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V	36	10
31       0V       ref         30       mix       R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V         24       -16V         23       -16V         24       -16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         25       +16V         26       0V         27       L+         28       L-         29       R-         20       0V         19       +16V         18       aux         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V       logic	<u>85 !</u>	2
31       0V       ref         30       mix       R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V         24       -16V         23       -16V         24       -16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         25       +16V         26       0V         27       L+         28       L-         29       R-         20       0V         19       +16V         18       aux         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V       logic	34	11
31       0V       ref         30       mix       R+         29       R-         28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V         24       -16V         23       -16V         24       -16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         23       -16V         24       +16V         25       +16V         26       0V         27       L+         28       L-         29       R-         20       0V         19       +16V         18       aux         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V       logic	<u>33 :</u>	9
28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         22       +16V logic         21       +16V A         20       0V logic         19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	<u>32 :</u>	Ο Υ
28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         22       +16V logic         21       +16V A         20       0V logic         19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	31	<u>OV ref</u>
28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         22       +16V logic         21       +16V A         20       0V logic         19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	30	mix R+
28       L-         27       L+         26       0V         25       -16V A         24       -16V logic         23       -16V A         22       +16V logic         21       +16V A         20       0V logic         19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	<u>29 !</u>	<u>R-</u>
26: 0V 25 -16V A 24 -16V logic 23 -16V A 22 +16V logic 21 +16V A 20 0V logic 19 +16V A 18 aux 1 17 2 16 3 15 4 14 5 13 6 12 PFL - aux/ret 11 PFL - in/mon 10 0V logic	28	<u>L-</u>
19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	27-	L+
19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	26	<u> </u>
19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	25	<u>-16V A</u>
19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	24	<u>-16V log1c</u>
19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	<u>23</u>	-16V A
19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	<u>E</u> 2+	+16V Log1C
19       +16V A         18       aux 1         17       2         16       3         15       4         14       5         13       6         12       PFL - aux/ret         11       PFL - in/mon         10       0V logic	ET	
17 2 16 3 15 4 14 5 13 6 12 PFL - aux/ret 11 PFL - in/mon 10 0V logic		
17 2 16 3 15 4 14 5 13 6 12 PFL - aux/ret 11 PFL - in/mon 10 0V logic	10	
16     3       15     4       14     5       13     6       12     PFL - aux/ret       11     PFL - in/mon       10     OV logic	17	2
15 4 14 5 13 6 12 PFL - aux/ret 11 PFL - in/mon 10 0V logic	hel	3
14 5 13 6 12 PFL - aux/ret 11 PFL - in/mon 10 0V logic		
13     6       12     PFL - aux/ret       11     PFL - in/mon       10     OV logic		
11 PFL - in/mon 10 OV logic	13	
11 PFL - in/mon 10 OV logic	12	
10 OV logic	11	
DescriptionDescription8MON solo EN7INPUT solo EN6MON solo DC5INPUT solo DC4DISTANT3LOCAL	10	
8 MON solo EN 7 INPUT solo EN 6 MON solo DC 5 INPUT solo DC 4 DISTANT 3 LOCAL	9	PFL DC
7 INPUT solo EN 6 MON solo DC 5 INPUT solo DC 4 DISTANT 3 LOCAL	8	
6 MON solo DC 5 INPUT solo DC 4 DISTANT 3 LOCAL	7	
5 INPUT solo DC 4 DISTANT 3 LOCAL	6	
4 DISTANT 3 LOCAL	ō	
B LOCAL	4	DISTANT
	ß	LOCAL
2 07	<u>e</u>	OV
1 TB audio	1	TB audio

mix 7 mix 15 0V OV ref mix R+ <u>29 | mix R-</u>  $L_{-}$ <u>L+</u> 0V -16V A -16V logic -16V A +16V A +16V logic OV logic +16V A aux 1 aux 2 .14 PFL - in/mon PFL - aux/rt OV logic PFL DC MON solo EN INPUT solo EN MON solo DC INPUT solo DC DISTANT LOCAL



VO.



FADER END



DRAWING NO. BY 223 ISS. 1



AHB RA. VERSION OPERATOR'S LAMP WIRING ALLEN&HEATH SABER BAR GRAPH METER POD, REAR VIEW, COVER REMOVED <u>ORAWWATTILE</u> METERPOD WIRING AND PA.LAMP WIRING ٩ VU. MECHANICAL METER POD, REAR VIEW, COVER REMOVED 8699 ļ A O b 2 **B** Ē لا وي ه ٢ BMC.LAMP CONNECTOR 68 ر ≪© <del>م</del> چ NOTES 38 85 **7** HSINE وه) و e В TOLERANCES GENERAL R0.25 mm HOLE CENTRES 40.15 mm HOLE SIZES 40.10 mm UNLESS STATED OTHERWISI e B a GREEN œ METER SEMAL CADLE DHE PER HETER ြို့ S 200 V 200 V 27 V **[**]= BLUE BUDAN +14 V MATERIAL ç DC. SUPPLY REAR OF PLUG 12 8 108 ٩ ٦ 228 2-5W 3 D.C. SUPPLY REAR OF PLUG 0 o ф Ф RECH OV 98 118 1-16 V α 8 <u>ح</u>ر 121 ۋ ٢ 9C. STANDARD NOTES BNC, LAMP CONNEC TOR NUT CHORE THE ACTION OF 0 DISPLAY/RECTIFIER -6 **VHITE** DL UE 16日 16**日** PCBS. AG0190 155 2 AND AG0191 155 3 **J** لالحال <u>ہ</u>وع ہ GROUND WIRE (GREEN) 15日 13日 ALL HETERS TYPE SQ 18 BULB AV. 59ma 199 لوه گەرە 1 ł 0 c PCB AG0192 • 22

DUNNING NO



LINK OPTIONS

A

A

B

В

L1|L2|L3

A

A A

B

В A

A

A





MUTE PROCESSOR KEYBOARD PCB. AGO218 1551

DRAWING NO.BW225 Iss 1





MUTE PROCESSOR SLAVE PCB : DRAWING NO. BW226 155. 1





)CO VQ25 (4)+5 1 - - [[+4 12 13 15 00 )C4 狄3 色 00 -84 (C) (<u>2</u>5) - S + [1] CI5 25 25 <u>ਮੂ ਤ</u> ₹7 100 <u>م</u> 3 808 intac2 [월 24 24 25 TICIZGM IIC 126 M 8 8 4 1 آج 8 8 **RI7** 22R 85 D5 Mm2 [*R*I3 ž SOR SOR RZ ł VOLTS VICE CC) EMITTER (2) Enimer CIS CIS DI2 IN1002 R4 183 <sup>월</sup> [쵰] INHCOZ 8 IC3 723 1C2 5-1 L<sup>r</sup> 놀 5 CI 2200/80 BASE BASE \$8 8 CI2 470/40 <sup>47</sup>/10 <u>83</u> (-() pr C- (20) DH (1) VRE (7) INH002 Vref 6 . COLLECTOR (21) N1002 O X O ₹ 9  $\bigcirc$  $\odot$ 2 +5 Ē

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ARTWORK BW/229 BY CD 26-4-87

ALLEN + HEATH PSU PCB AG0256 ISSUE 2



MODIFICATION TO RPS4 PCB - SHORT CIRCUIT SHUTOFF

PCB TYPE AGO256 ISSUE 2





MODIFICATION TO RASA CIRCUIT (SAME FOR BOTH +16V 4-16V) MODIFICATION TO REST ACB - OVERVOLTAGE SPIKE SUPPRESSION

PEB TYPE AGO256 ILSUE 2 COMPONENT SIDE ADD 22R RIIO AND RIIT 22R LIFT THIS LEG TICIZEM







ALLEN + HEATH SABER MONO NPUT M310-1(X) FCB AGO210 BSLE 1 DRAWING No BW353 ISSUE 2 DRAWN BACD 136-38 IF+B +-2-91




ALLEN + HEATH SABER STEREO PCB M360 MODULE PCB AGO211 ISSUE | DRAWING No BW368 ISSUE 2 DRAWN BY I M- B 12-10-B7 / 28-2-91

MOD FOR PRE-EQ INDERTS 28-2-91



ALLEN+ HEATH SABER MONO NPUT M310(X) FCB AGO210 ISUE 1

DRAWING No BW3531

DRAWN BY CD 13-6-87







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ALLEN + KEATH SABER STEREO PCB M360 MODULE PCB AGO211 ISSUE 1 DRAWING No BW368

DRAWN BY IM- B 12-10-87











## M325 MODULE, METER PCB. AGO217 Iss 1

DRAWING NO. BW 327 Iss 1



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DRAWN BY INCE 5-10-89

GROUP Z MATRIX ASSIGN



GMR

23-8-89

AG0216 ISSUE 2

PENRYN CORNWALL TR10 9LU



ALLEN + HEATH SABER DUAL GROUP ACE M330 MODULE PCB AGO 212 ISSUE 2

DRAWING N. BW 359-30

DRAWN BY INCE 11-10-89





ALLEN + HEATH SABER DUAL MONITOR PCB M335 MODULE PCB AGO 212 ISSUE 2 DRAWING No BW 359-35 DRAWN BY I MCB 13-10-89

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ALLEN + HEATH SABER L-B PCB PART OF 19350 + 19355 HODULES PCB AGO213 1922 2

DRALVING N. BW 356

DEMAN DY CD 11881





FOR VU-INSERT LINKS 1,2+3 FOR BG-INSERT LINKS 4+5

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ALLEN & HEATH SABER PA MONITOR PCB DRAWING No BW 365

AG0215 ISSUE 1 PARTS PLACEMENT DIAGRAM

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CHANNEL 1 – 16	14 [14 [14 [14 [14 [14 [14 [14 [14 [14 [	「かい」を見ていたいでいたが、ことで
PCB ASSEMBLIES	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	9

INTERNAL VIEW

SABER PATCHBAY ASSEMBLY M390 16 TRACK 32 CHANNEL

DRAWING NO. 702 ISS. 1.

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SABER 24 TRACK PATCHBAY

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TRACK ARTWORK

PCB AG0220 ISSUE 2



