

TRIPLE BAND

50MHz / 144MHz / 440MHz FM TRANSCEIVER

C5900DA C5908DE

OWNER'S MANUAL

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Thank you for purchasing our transceiver.

For proper use of your transceiver, please read this manual thoroughly.

Keep this manual in a safe place for reference at a later date.

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REFERENCES



How to use this manual.

This transceiver covers 50 MHz, 144 MHz and 440MHz bands. This manual's descriptions are based on the UHF (440 MHz band) of C5900DA

This manual uses the following symbols.

Reference to another page

F Function mode

FB Function Blink mode

After unpacking, make sure that the following items are included.

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8.	Microphone	hunger		
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Precautions

Installation location

For proper operation of your transceiver, please follow the guidelines listed below.

 Avoid exposing the transceiver to high temperature, humidity or dust. Avoid a location with direct exposure to sunlight. Install the transceiver in a dry wellventilated area.



 In order to keep the transceiver cool, provide sufficient space in back and underneath the transceiver to permit the radiating fins to operate properly. It is normal for the transceivers main unit may get warm if used for a long period of time.



Dashboard mounting

• It is recommended that the transceiver be mounted under the dashboard, on the side of the glove box or under the instrument panel.



 Mount the transceiver so the back of the transceiver. does not touch any material that could be damaged by heat. Install the transceiver in a place free of excessive vibrations.



CAUTION: Never install the transceiver in the following places;

- Near air conditioner outlet vents
- Places with excessive Exposed to direct sunlight
- Near electronic circuits
- Places where the transceiver may affect safety driving.

Power supply

 The transceiver is designed for vehicles with 12 VDC electrical systems. It cannot be used in vehicles with 24 VDC electrical systems



 Never connect the transceiver to Alternating Current (AC). This will damage to the transceiver.



Mounting the Transceiver and Bracket

Installing the mounting bracket

Install the mounting bracket where it can be firmly attached. Use the hardware included



1 Drill holes of ø5.2 to 5.5 mm for M5 mm hex-head bolts.

Drill holes of ø4.0 to 4.3 mm for M5 mm self-tapping screws.

2 Pass the M5 mm hex-head bolts through the flat washers. Next, install the bracket with flat washers, lock washers and nuts or pass the M5 mm selftapping screws through the flat washers and tighten.

(Installing the transceiver



- 1 Connect the antenna to the coaxial cable connector on the rear panel of the main body.
- **2** Insert the main body in the mounting bracket and tighten the M4 mm bolts.





Connecting the power supply cable

For Vehicle

The transceiver requires power from the vehicle's 12 VDC battery.

Use the power supply cord in the accessory package to connect the battery to the transceiver.



Battery of the vehicle



- Before connection, disconnect the negative "- " terminal of the battery. This prevents a short circuit.
- 2 Connect the red wire of the transceiver to the positive terminal of the battery. Firmly tighten the battery terminal.
- **3** Connect the black wire of the transceiver to the negative terminal of the battery. Firmly tighten the battery terminal.
- **4** Connect the power connector on the main body to the connector on the power supply cable.



Advice

• If the supplied cable is not long enough, use the CAW575 or CAW576 optional power cable.



CAUTION

- When using the transceiver in vehicle with a 24 VDC electrical system, a DC-DC converter to convert 24 VDC to 12 VDC must be used.
- If the vehicle is not used for a long period of time, disconnect the power supply cable.
- The transceiver requires 12 A fuses.

For a Fixed Station

Connecting the microphone



When using the transceiver as a fixed station, use a regulated DC power supply, such as:

DC output: 13.8 V Output Current: 12.0 A or more



- Turn the transceiver off before connecting the microphone.
- The external speaker terminal is only used for the external speaker. Do not connect an earphone or other equipment.
- Refer to "Operation and Function of Parts". (P 16)

Connecting the control head

Refer to "Inserting or Removing the Memory Unit". (D 30)

About the optional cables

Refer to "Using the Optional Cables". (P 63)

Attaching the Antenna

For Vehicle

The performance of the transceiver depends on the type of antenna used. Select an antenna that matches your operating requirements.



When using a common antenna:

The transceiver has a built-in triplexer. Therefore, a common antenna for 50/144/440 MHz band can be used.

When using a independent antenna:

When independent antennas are used, a duplexer, triplexer or coaxial switch must be used to select the antenna.

CAUTION

- The antenna must match the band used. Do not transmit on bands that do not match the antenna. If unmatching bands are used, the transceiver may be damaged.
- Adjust VSWR of the antenna to 1.5 or less. Never use the transceiver when VSWR is over 1.5 in succession. This will cause the transceiver is protection circuit to reduce transmission power and may damage the transceiver.
- Never use damaged or broken cables.
- When mounting an antenna base, connect a ground between the base and the automobile body. This is not needed for antennas that do not require a ground place.

Attaching a Fixed Antenna

To properly install the antenna, refer to the antenna installation manual supplied with the antenna.

The following example is for home installation. For more detail, consult your dealer.

To water-proof the connectors, first tightly wrap the connector with double-sided adhesive tape, then wrap singlesided vinyl tape over it.







CAUTION

- Check all support lines to make sure the antenna does not damage surrounding buildings or people if it falls or is blown down by strong winds.
- KEEP the coaxial cable length to the antenna.

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Turning the Power On



Adjusting the Volume

1 Turn the VOL knob clockwise to increase the volume.



2 Turn the VOL knob counterclockwise to decrease the volume.



Advice

- When the receiving station is heard, adjust the volume accordingly.
- Or, press the <u>SQLOFF</u> key on the microphone to adjust the volume. When noise is emitted adjust the volume accordingly.
 Press the <u>SQLOFF</u> key after adjusting.

Adjusting the Squelch

• When the transceiver is not receiving a signal, it makes a static like noise. The squelch function is used to eliminate this noise.

1 Fully turn the SQL knob counterclockwise. (noise is emitted)



2 Slowly turn the SQL knob clockwise.



3 Stop turning the knob when the noise disappears.

- The condition where noise is emitted is called "squelch off". When using the SQL knob to eliminate noise it is called "squelch on".
- If the squetch level is increased, weak signals may not be received.
- The squelch off function prevents the squelch from interrupting weak signals.
- The transceiver has the RF-squelch function. The squelch is opened when the signal strength exceeds the level set by this function.

Selecting the Main Band

One band can be selected as the "MAIN" band. Changing the frequency, transmitting and other basic functions are done in the main band. The main band can be switched from the Left band to the Right band.

On the control head

1 Press the SQL knob to select the band.



Confirm "MAIN" display is switched.



On the microphone

1 Press the BAND key.



2 Confirm "MAIN" display is switched.



Advice

- The band not selected is called the sub-band.
- Three high-pitched beeps are emitted when the Left band is set as the main band. One high-pitched beep is emitted when Right band is set as the main band.
- Each band can be set as follows; Left band
 - 50 MHz band: 50.000 to 53.995 MHz
 30 Minz band
 144 MHz band
 144,000 to 147,995 MHz

 440 MHz band
 420,000 to 449,995 MHz
 (C5900DA)

 430,000 to 439,995 MHz
 (C5908DE)
 - Right band
 - 144 MHz band: 144.000 to 147.995 MHz 440 MHz band: 420.000 to 449.995 MHz (C5900DA) 430.000 to 439.995 MHz (C5908DE)

Changing the band

The Left band can be changed to 50 MHz, 144 MHz or 440 MHz. The Right band can be changed to 144 MHz or 440 MHz. Both bands can be set to 144 MHz or 440 MHz.

1 Press the SQL knob to select the main band



Confirm "MAIN" is displayed.

3 Press and hold the SQL knob for 0.6 second or more to change the band.



- The sub-band cannot receive while main band is transmitting in following states. The left side and right side are set on the same band. The Left band is set to 440 MHz and Right band is set to 144 MHz. If this occurs "MUTE" is displayed in the sub-band.
- When the same signal is received on both bands at same time, the signal meter level may differ.
- A combination signal between the Left and Right band may be received but not indicated on the display.
- The CMP883 microphone can be used to directly input the frequency.
- The transceiver has a function that goes beyond the band. When this function is activated, the band can be changed to the next band by turning the selector or pressing the UP/DOWN key.

VFO mode

The VFO (Variable Frequency Oscillator) is the mode in which frequencies can be changed using the selector or pressing the UP/ DOWN keys. This is the mode of the transceiver when shipped and immediately after resetting.

1 Press the SQL knob to select the main band.



- Confirm the main band indicator.
- 3 If 'M' is displayed (memory mode), press the V/MENT key. If 'CAL' is displayed (call mode), press the WIMENT key. If " " is blinking (scan mode), press the V/MENT key. If set mode is displayed, press the **CLRSET** key to cancel set mode. Then, press the [CLR SET] key to return the VFO mode
- 4 Confirm the VEO mode

Advice

- Reset the VFO if there is difficulty returning to the VFO mode. The VFO reset, returns all state to the initial state except the memory.
- Press the CLRSET key to return to the VFO mode as the displayed frequency in memory or call mode. Turn the selector to return to the VFO mode as the displayed call
- frequency.

Receiving

Receiving is the process of setting a desired frequency and receiving transmissions. This transceiver has a selector on each side. Therefore, the frequency can be changed without selecting a main band.

On control head

- 1 Set to the VFO mode.
- Turn the selector clockwise to increase the frequency.



3 Turn the selector counterclockwise to decrease the frequency.



On the microphone

1 Press the BAND key to select the band.



Marka and Andrews

- 2 Set to the VFO mode
- 3 Press the UP key to increase the frequency



4 Press the DOWN key to decrease the frequency



- The CMP883 microphone can be used to enter the frequency directly.
- The frequency can be rapidly changed in succession by holding down the UP or DOWN keys.

Transmitting

- Constraining

By setting the transceiver to a desired frequency and pressing the PTT switch, you can communicate directly with other stations.

1 Press the SQL knob to select the main band.



- 2 Set to the VFO mode.
- 3 Set the desired frequency.

146520 44570

- 4 Before transmitting, confirm the frequency is not being used by other stations.
- 5 Hold down the **PTT** switch and speak into the microphone.



Reset Modes

Use one of the following four methods to reset settings to the original factory (default) state.

All Reset

All settings are reset to the original factory state.

VFO Reset

The VFO, CALL Frequency, Set Mode and other settings are reset to the original factory state. (Memory and Hyper Memory settings are not reset.)

Display: rE5 nor

Memory Reset

Only the Memory settings are reset to the original factory state. When the CMU161 unit is mounted, the CMU161 is initialized. (The VFO and Hyper Memory settings are not reset.)

.

Display: FE5

Hyper Memory + VFO Reset

The Hyper Memory and VFO settings are reset to the original factory state. (Memory settings are not reset.)

Resetting the Memory Unit

The CMU161 memory unit (address 080 to 199) only is reset. (The internal memory (address 000 to 079) is not reset.)

1 Turn the power off.

on

2 Hold down the E key and press the PWR key to turn the power



- 3 Turn the selector to choose a reset mode.
- 4 Press the V/MENT key.



5 Confirm that the display is in its original state.

- If a mistake has been made with the settings, reset the VFO settings first.
- Memory cannot be reset if the Protect Memory function (26) is on
- After purchasing, the optional CMU161 memory unit, reset it before programming.
- It is not necessary to turn the power to the transceiver off and on again after performing a reset.
- If a reset operation is interrupted while it is being done, turn the power to the transceiver off and on again to return to the original settings.

Operation and Function of Parts

The operation and function of the parts of the control head are as follows:



1 PWR

- To turn the power on and off.
- When the power is off, hold down the function key while pressing this key to enter the Reset mode.

② Rotary Channel Selector (Left band)

- To change the frequency of the Left band.
- To turn on and off or select various settings.
- Press this knob once to change the frequency in 1 MHz steps. Press the knob again to return to the original frequency.
- This knob is referred to as the "Selector" in this manual.
- FB. Press this knob to set and cancel the DTMF control.

③ SQL Knob (Left band)

- To adjust squelch of the Left band.
- If this knob is pressed, the main band is set to the Left band.
- If this knob is held down for 0.6 second or more, the frequency band can be switched.

④ VOL Knob (Left band)

• To adjust the volume of the Left band.

(5) 0 to 7

- These keys call the contents of Hyper Memory (HM).
- These keys are referred to as the 'HM Keys' in this manual.

6 Rotary Channel Selector (Right band)

- To change the frequency of the Right band.
- It is also used to turn on and off or select various settings.
- Press this knob once to change the frequency in 1 MHz steps. Press the knob again to return to the original frequency.
- This knob is referred to as the 'Selector' in this manual.
- FB: Press this knob to set and cancel the DTMF control.

⑦ SQL Knob (Right band)

- To adjust squelch of the UHF band.
- If this knob is pressed, the main band is set to the UHF band.
- If this knob is held down for 0.6 second or more, the frequency band is changed.

⑧ VOL Knob (Right band)

• To adjust the volume of the Right band.

9 F

- Press this key to enter function mode. This causes the red characters on the top part of each key to light. If no key is pressed within 3 seconds, function mode is canceled.
- Function mode is indicated by F in this manual.
- Hold this key down for more than 1 second to enter function blink mode. This causes the red characters on the top part of each key to blink. If no key is pressed within 10 seconds, function blink mode is cancelled.
- Function Blink mode is indicated by FB in this manual.

10 CAL C.SQ

- displays/cancels the CALL Frequency function.
- E: Sets and cancels Code Squeich mode.
- FB: Sets the Code Squeich code.

1 SCN P.S

- Starts and stops 1MHz scan and the program scan function.
- E: Sets and cancels the frequency range for the program scan.

12 MS MS.M

- Starts and stops memory scan.
- E: Sets and cancels the memory for memory scan
- FBJ: Sets the memory to be used for memory scan.

(3) V/M ENT

- Switches between VFO and Memory mode.
- 🖪: Write to memory. (VFO)
- E: Change the contents of memory. (Memory Mode)
- E: Change to call frequency. (CALL Frequency)
- F: Change the set mode. (Set Mode)
- [FB] :Copy the contents of memory to a different address. (Memory Mode)

I PO T.SQ

- Changes the transmitting power
- E: Sels and cancels the CTCSS encoder/decoder.
- FB : Sets the CTCSS frequency for tone squelch.

15 MY RPT

- Selects to the set mode stored in MY key. (The original settings is Key Lock)
- Stores the setting for MY key. (Press the key for 1 second in set mode to record the setting.)
- 🖪: Sets and cancel repeat mode.
- FB: Sets the tone frequency and offset frequency for repeat mode.

16 CLR SET

- Cancels the various functions or operations.
- E: Selects to Set Mode.
- FB: Clears the contents of a memory. (Memory Mode)



Control Head Display Indications



Microphone Jack The wiring diagram is below.





- Microprocessor interface (Data)
 Microprocessor interface (Clock)
- CAUTION
- 13.8 VDC is present at pin-1 of the microphone.
- If a microphone other than the CMP883, are to be used, pin-1, pin-7 and pin-8 must not be connected. Connecting these pins could result in damage to the transceiver.
- Only the CMP883 microphone should be used with C5900D series transceiver. Incorrect connections could result in damage to the transceiver and microphones.

18 Antenna Connection

(For 50/144/440MHz antennas)

(9) Power Supply Connection (13.8V DC)

20 External Speaker Jack (Right band)

- When an external speaker is connected to the Right band jack only, the output from both the Left and Right bands can be heard on the external speaker. The internal speaker cannot be used when an external speaker is connected.
- If external speakers are connected to both the Left and Right bands jacks, the Left band is heard on the speaker connected to the Left band and the Right band is heard on the speaker connected to the Right band.

2 External Speaker Jack (Left band)

- When an external speaker is connected to the Left band terminal only, the output from the Left band can be heard on the external speaker. The Right band can be heard on the internal speaker.
- If external speakers are connected to both the Left band and Right band terminals, the Left band is heard on the speaker connected to the Left and the Right band is heard on the speaker connected to the Right band.

Packet Connection Jack

Operation and Function of Parts on the Microphone



CMP883

1 POWER

· When pressed, turns the power on and off.

② V/M

• Switches between VFO mode and Memory mode.

③ BAND

Switches the main band.

PTT

While pressed, transmits on the main band.

⑤ DOWN

- Moves the frequency or memory address number down.
- Pauses the scan then restarts the scan in the downward direction.

6 UP

- · Moves the frequency or memory address number up.
- Pauses the scan then restarts the scan in the upward direction.

⑦ CALL

Displays and cancels the call frequency

⑧ SQL. OFF

•When pressed, the main band squelch function is turned off.

(9) K - LOCK

• When in the lower position, the key lock is set. When the key lock is set only the **PTT** and **POWER** keys on the remote control microphone can be used. (The keys on the control head are not locked.)

10 Keypad

- If pressed during reception, the frequency can be entered directly.
- If pressed during transmission, the DTMF signal can be transmitted directly.
- If the keys 0 7 are pressed within 3 second after pressing the #key during reception, the Hyper memory is displayed.
 If no key is pressed within 3 second after pressing the #key, this function is canceled and a middle-pitched beep is emitted. (When the Hyper memory mode is set manually, the new Hyper memory is not stored using the CMP883 microphone)

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Using the CALL Frequency

CALL frequency is used to display the frequency stored in the Call channel.

Using the control head

- Select the main band. (The Left band should be selected.)
- 2 Press the CALCSQ key. (CAL appears on the display and the call frequency is displayed.)



3 To return to the original display, press the <u>CAL CSO</u> key. To return to the VFO mode from call frequency, press the <u>(CLR SET)</u> key.

	Initial call frequency (MHz)	
Band	C5900DA	C5908DE
50MHz	52.525	51.000
144MHz	146.520	145.000
440MHz	446.000	433.000

Using the microphone

- 1 Press the BAND key to select the main band. (The Left band should be selected.)
- 2 Press the CALL key. (CAL appears on the display and the call frequency is displayed.)



3 To return to the original display, press the CALL key. To return to the VFO from call frequency, press the CLRSET key on the control head.

Advice

- In step 3, the call frequency becomes the VFO frequency when the Selector is turned, or the UP and DOWN keys are pressed.
- For the Left band, call frequency displays the frequencies in the 50MHz band when the 50MHz band is displayed and 144MHz band when either the 144MHz or 440MHz band is displayed. For the Right band, call frequency displays the 440MHz band regardless of the band being displayed.

Changing the CALL Frequency

Used to change the call frequency to a different frequency.

- Select the main band. (The Left band should be selected.)
- 2 Press the CALCSQ key or the CALL key on the microphone. (CAL appears on the display and the call frequency is displayed.)

⁶⁸⁶44**6.000**

3 Press the **F** key, then press the **V/MENT** key. (CAL blinks on the display.)

4 Turn the Selector or press the UP and DOWN keys to change the frequency.



- Fress the <u>V/M ENT</u> key in the function key mode.
 (CAL on the display changes from a blinking display to a lit display and the frequency changes.)
- 6 To return to the original display, press the CAL CSO key or the CALL key on the microphone. To return to the VFO from call frequency, press the CLRSET key on the control head.

F

 In step 4, when using the CMP883 microphone, the frequency can be entered directly (P54). Step 5 is then performed automatically.

Advice

Storing Associated Settings with the CALL Frequency

Various settings can be stored with the CALL frequency. These include the Repeater mode, Offset mode, Tone frequency for Repeater mode, Code Squeich mode. Tone Encoder mode, Tone Squeich and Tone frequency for Tone Squeich.

- 1 Select the main band.
- 2 Press the CALCSQ key or the CALL key on the microphone. (CAL appears on the display and the call frequency is displayed.)
- **3** To set the various settings, refer to the section on the specific setting.

Repeater mode (P44) Offset frequency (P45) Tone frequency for Repeater mode (P45) Code Squelch mode (P 55) Tone Encoder mode (P 62) Tone Squelch mode (P62) Tone frequency for Tone Squelch mode (P62)

4 To return to the original display, press the CALCSO key or the CALL key on the microphone. To return to the VFO from call frequency, press the CLRSET key on the control head.

Improving Performanceduring Poor Reception (Squeich OFF)

When the squelch function is on, the received signal may cut out or be interrupted when the signal is weak. It is possible to temporarily turn the squelch function off in this case.

- Select the main band.
- 2 Press the SQLOFF key to turn the squelch function off.



3 Press the SQLOFF key again to turn the squelch function back



Advice

on

 This operation can also be used to turn the squelch function off in RF Squelch mode, Code Squelch mode, Paging mode and Tone Squelch mode.

Setting the Transmitting Power

This is used to change the transmitting power. The original factory setting is High Power.

1 Select the main band.

2 Press the POTSQ key to change the transmitting power.



Advice

During transmission, the display changes as shown below.

High Power TXm1000500070009

Middle Power Txn1=NHSHIII7

Low Power

The various transmission power is shown below.

TXm+HUB5

High power	Middle power	Low power
45W (50MHz band) 50W (144MHz band) 35W (440MHz band)	10W	3 W

 During transmission, the transmitting power can be changed by pressing the [POTSQ] key.

Deleting Unused Bands (Band OFF)

This is used to delete unused bands, and is referred to as Band OFF.

- Press the F key for 1 second, or longer.
 - FB
- Press the SQL knob to select the bands to be deleted.



3 Confirm that the frequency for the deleted band disappears from the display.

446.200

- To cancel this function, press the SQL knob for the deleted band.
- Band OFF can not be used simultaneously for both Left and Right bands.

ADVANCED OPERATIONS

Using the Key Lock

This function locks the frequency to prevent accidental changes from the keys or the Selector. The setting of Key Lock is different for the control head and the microphone.

On the control head

- 1 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key,
- 2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 11.

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Press the V/MENT key. Change the display from oF to on. (The - mark appears on the display.)

146.200

4 To complete the setting, press the <u>CLR SET</u> key.

- Advice
- To cancel this setting, set the display in step 3 to oF. When this setting is on, the **F** and **PWR** keys can be used, and the **[CLA SET**] key can only be used with the Function mode.
- The factory setting for this function is stored in the MY key. Press the MY RPT key to switch this function on and off.
- When Key Lock is used with the control head, the Set Mode can only be used to change the Key Lock setting
- This setting does not apply Key Lock to the microphone.

Using the Selector in Key Lock Mode

This setting permits the selector to be used in the Key Lock mode.

Press the F key, then press the CLR SET key.

2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 12.

F. F. HnF

- 3 Press the VIMENT key. Change the display from oF to on.
- 4 To complete the setting, press the CLRSET key.

Advice

To cancel this setting, set the display in step 3 to oF.

On the microphone

CÏ.

1 To set Key Lock, slide the K-LOCK switch to the down position.



2 To cancel KeyLock, slide the K-LOCK► switch to the up position.

Advice

- When this function is on, only the PTT and POWER functions can be performed.
- This setting does not apply Key Lock to the control head.

Changing the Frequency Step

The factory frequency step setting changes the frequency by 5kHz when the Selector on the control head is turned or the UP / DOWN key on the microphone are pressed. The frequency step can be set to 5, 6.25, 10, 12.5, 15, 20, 25, 30, 50 or 100kHz.

- 1 Select the main band.
- 2 Select the frequency band.
- 3 Press the F key, then press the CLR SET key.
- 4 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 01. D 1



F

5 Press the V/MENT key. Change the display from 5.0 as shown



6 To complete the setting, press the <u>CLRSET</u> key.

Advice

The factory default setting is 5kHz

A different setting can be programmed for each band.

below

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Changing the Frequency in 1MHz Steps

The frequency can be changed in 1MHz steps. This step can also be set to change the frequency in 100MHz. 10MHz or 100kHz steps.

Changing the frequency in 1MHz steps

- 1 Press the Selector for the desired band to change in 1MHz steps.
- 2 Confirm that the frequency display for less than 100kHz is ---.

- **3** Turn the Selector, or press the **UP** or **DOWN** keys to change the frequency by 1MHz.
- 4 To restore the original step, press the Selector again. The frequency display for less than 100kHz returns to the normal display.

Changing the frequency in 100kHz steps

1 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.



3 Press the <u>V/MENT</u> key. Change the display from 1 as shown below.

$$\begin{array}{c} i \rightarrow i a \rightarrow i a a i \\ \uparrow \end{array}$$

4 To complete the setting, press the CLRSET key.

Advice

 In step 3, set the band to the main band when using the UP or DOWN keys. Advice • The factory default setting is 1MHz.

Changing the Set Mode Function (MY key)

Frequently used Set Mode functions can be stored in the MY RPT key. The factory default setting stored in this key is Key Lock (P22).

Changing the set mode function stored in the MY key

Press the MY RPT key.

(The Set Mode changes and the stored function is displayed while the key is held down.)

MY key function _ display	F	ഹ	
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Storing a set mode in the MY key



- Some Set Modes cannot be stored in MY key. The Set Modes that can be stored in the MY key are listed on page 71. A lowpitched tone is emitted if a Set Mode that cannot be stored is selected in step 3.
- The stored setting returns to the factory setting when an All Reset. VFO Reset or Hyper Memory + VFO Reset is performed. (D 13)
- Set Mode functions that are already assigned to the MY key are marked with "-" after the Set Mode number on the display.

ADVANCED OPERATIONS

MEMORY FUNCTIONS

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The Memory Mode

- Often used frequencies can be stored in memory
- This transceivers memory can store up to 80 frequencies in each band. The memory can be increased with the optional CMU161 memory unit. The increased memory allows an additional 120. frequencies to be stored in each band, making a total of 200 channel frequencies for both the Left and Right bands. (See page 13 for details on resetting the memory unit.)
- The 50, 144 and 440MHz bands for Left, and the 144 and 440MHz bands for Right can be stored in memory
- The storing and displaying of frequencies from memory is referred to as Memory Mode.
- The number in memory where a frequency is stored is referred to as its memory address. The memory address range is from 000 to 079. If the optional CMU161 memory unit is installed, the memory range will increase to 000 to 199.
- Memory can also store the following settings with each frequency. Repeater mode (P 44) Offset frequency (2 45)
- Tone frequency for Repeater mode (D45) Code Squelch mode (D 55) Tone Encoder mode (D 62) Tone Squetch mode (P 62) Tone frequency for Tone Squelch mode (P 62) Memory Scan Memory setting (P 41) Scan type (D 36)
- A memory protect function is used to protect memory settings from accidental change or erasure.
- The contents of the transceiver's internal memory unit, including various settings, memory (memory address 000 to 079) and hyper memory can be saved to the optional CMU161 memory unit. This can be used as memory backup. (P 29)

Storing Memory

Often used frequencies should be stored in memory.

- 1 Select the main band and set it to the VFO mode
- 2 Select the frequency band
- 3 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to change the frequency to the frequency to be stored

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Press the F key, then press the V/MENT key. (The number of an empty memory address is displayed.)

000 Memory address

5 Turn the Selector, or press the U.P. or DOWN keys to change the number to the memory address you wish to use



- 6 Press the [V/MENT] key while in the function mode. (A high-pitched tone is emitted and the frequency is stored in E memory.)
- 7 Confirm that the VFO mode is displayed after about 1 second.

Advice

F

- In step 3, if there is no empty memory address available a low-pitched tone is emitted (Refer to "Changing the Memory Contents" (**D**27) or "Erasing the Memory (**D** 28) for details on changing unneeded memory or erasing memory.)
- The memory address numbers displayed in steps 4 and 5 are empty address only
- In step 5, turning the Selector while pressing it allows the address numbers to be viewed quickly.
- To cancel the setting, confirm that the function mode is not activated in step 6, then press the V/MENT or CLASET key.

Displaying Memory Contents

This function is used to display frequency stored in memory

On the control head

- 1 Select the main band and set it to the VFO
- 2 Press the V/MENT key.
- **3** Turn the Selector to select the memory address to be displayed. (The selected memory address is displayed.)



4 To return to the original display, press the <u>V/M ENT</u> key. To return to the VFO from memory and transfer the contents of the memory to the VFO, press the <u>[CLR SET]</u> key.

On the microphone

- Select the main band and set it to the VFO
- 2 Press the V/M key.
- 3 Press the UP or DOWN keys to select the memory address to be displayed.

(The selected memory address is displayed.)



4 To return to the original display, press the WM key. To return to the VFO from memory and transfer the contents of the memory to the VFO, press the CLR SET key.

Advice

- In step 2, if there are no stored memory address a tow-pitched tone is emitted.
- The memory address numbers displayed in steps 2 and 3 are memory address' with stored memory only.
- In step 3, pressing the Selector while turning it, allows the address' to be viewed quickly.

Advice

- In step 2, it there are no stored memory address a low-pitched tone is emitted.
- The memory address numbers displayed in steps 2 and 3 are memory address' with stored memory only.

Changing the Memory Contents

This function is used to change a stored frequency to a different frequency.

- 1 Select the main band and set it to the VFO mode.
- 2 Press the [V/M ENT] key or the [V/M] key on the microphone.
- 3 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to select the memory address to be changed.



4 Press the E key, then press the <u>V/MENT</u> key. (The "M" on the display starts to blink)



5 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to select a new frequency.



6 Press the V/M ENT key while in the function mode. (The "M" on the display changes from a blinking display to a normal display and the contents of the memory address is changed.)



7 To return to the original display, press the <u>V/M ENT</u>, key or the <u>V/M</u> key on the microphone. To return to the VFO from changed memory, and transfer the contents of the memory to the VFO, press the <u>CLR SET</u> key.

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 In step 5, the CMP883 microphone can be used to directly enter the frequency. (254)

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Advice

MEMORY FUNCTIONS

Erasing the Memory

This function is used to erase stored memory

- Select the main band and set to the VEO.
- 2 Press the V/MENT key or the V/M key on the microphone
- 3 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to select the memory address to erase.



- 4 Press the F key for 1 second or longer, then press the CLR SET. key. (A high-pitched tone is emitted and the memory is erased.) FΒ
- 5 Confirm that the VFO mode is displayed.

Saving Settings in a Memory

Settings can be stored along with the frequency in a memory.

- 1 Select the main band and set it to the VFO.
- 2 Press the V/MENT key or the V/M key on the microphone
- 3 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to select a memory address.
- 4 The various settings that can be set are.

Repeater mode (🖪 44) Offset frequency (P 45) Tone frequency for Repeater mode (945) Code Squelch mode (P 55) Tone Encoder mode (P 62) Tone Squeich mode (🖻 62) Tone frequency for Tone Squelch mode (262)

5 To return to the original frequency, press the [V/M ENT] key or the [V/M] key on the microphone. To return to the VEO from memory frequency press the CLR SET key.

Advice

In step 4, memory cannot be restored after it has been erased. To cancel the setting, confirm that the transceiver is not in function blink mode, then press the V/MENT key or the CLRSET key.

Copying a Memory from one to another

The frequency and settings modes stored in a memory address can all be copied to a different memory address.

- Select the main band and set it to the VFO
- 2 Press the VIMENT key or the VIM key on the microphone
- 3 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to select a memory address to copy



4 Press the F key for 1 second or longer, then press the V/MENT key

(Empty memory address numbers are displayed.)

5 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to select the memory address to copy to.



6 Press the F key, then press the V/MENT key. (A high-pitched tone is emitted and the memory is copied.)

To return to the original frequency, press the V/MENT key or the 7 [V/M] key on the microphone. To return to the VFO from copied memory frequency, press the **CLR SET** key.

Advice

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- Memory cannot be copied between Left and Right bands.
- In step 4, if there are no empty memory address numbers a low-pitched tone is emitted in this case, follow the steps in 'Erasing the Memory' (2 28) to erase unneeded memory
- The memory address numbers displayed in steps 4 and 5 are memory address' with no stored memory only
- This function is useful when memory addresses for Block Memory Scan (P 39) etc., need to be changed.

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Protecting Memory (Memory Protect)

This function is used to protect memory settings from accidental change or erasure.

- 1 Press the F key, then press the (CLR SET key.
- 2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 10.

Pro. oF

3 Press the V/MENT key. Change the display from oF to on.

4 To complete the procedure, press the CLRSET key.

Advice

- When this setting is on, all memory is erased when All Reset (P 13) is performed.
- When All Reset, VFO Reset and Hyper Memory + VFO Reset are performed the factory setting of oF is restored (
 13).

Storing the Scan Type in a Memory

- 1 Select the main band and set it to the VFO.
- 2 Press the VIMENT key or the VIM key on the microphone.
- 3 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to select the memory address.



Press the E key, then turn the Selector to select the scan type.
 B: Busy scan
 H: Hold scan

No indication: Pause scan

5 To return to the original display, press the V/M ENT, key or the V/M key on the microphone. To return to the VFO from changed memory, and transfer the contents of the memory to the VFO, press the CLR SET key.

Advice

This setting is available for memory scan.

Saving the Memory (Memory Backup)

This function is used to save the contents of internal memory, the various function settings, memory (memory address numbers 000 to 079), hyper memory etc., to the CMU161 memory unit. It can also be used to load the contents of the memory unit into the transceiver. (The contents of additional memory (memory address number 080 to 199) can not be saved.)

This function can also be used to copy all the memory (apart from the contents of additional memory) from one C5900D series to another.

To save the memory contents to the CMU161 memory unit

1 Set both the Left band and Right band to the VFO.

2 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.

3 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 33.



4 Press the VIMENT key. Change the display from oF to out.

- Fress the F key, then press the <u>VMENT</u> key.
 (A high-pitched tone is emitted and the save memory operation begins. No operations can be performed while memory is being saved.)
- 6 After a few moments, a long high-pitched tone is emitted and the memory backup is completed

To transfer the contents of memory unit to the transceiver.

- 1 Press the F key, then press the CLR SET key.
- 2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 33.
- 3 Press the VIMENT key. Change the display from oF to in.
- 4 Press the E key, then press the <u>√/MENT</u> key. (A high-pitched tone is emitted and the transfer memory operation begins. No operations can be performed while memory is being transferred.)
- 5 After the memory is transferred, a high-pitched tone is emitted. the power is turned off and on again. (The transfer memory operation is complete.)

Advice

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- Do not turn the power off while the memory is being saved to, or transferred from, the memory unit. The memory may become damaged and need to be reset.
- Amemory unit can only be used to increase memory or to backup memory. To use both functions 2 memory units must be used
- When a memory unit is used for increased memory, the contents of the additional memory (memory address number 080 to 199) is erased when the memory is saved to a memory unit.
- When the data for a memory unit used as additional memory is transferred from the memory backup, a tone is emitted in step 4
- A memory unit that is used as a memory backup cannot be used for additional memory. The memory unit must be reset before it can be used as additional memory. The contents of the memory backup will be erased when the memory unit is reset
- After memory has been saved, it is not possible to return to the last operation. All Reset can be used to quickly return to the previous state.
- When All Reset is performed and a memory unit with memory backup data attached to the transceiver, the contents of the memory backup will be erased.

Inserting or Removing a Memory Unit

- 1 Turn the power off.
- 2 Slide the release switch, on the lower panel of the transceiver, in the direction of the arrow and pull the control head forward.



Remove the memory unit cover of the transceiver.



4 Insert the memory unit with the CMU161 memory unit label facing up.



- 5 Replace the cover removed in step 3.
- 6 Reinstall the control head removed in step 2.

- Insert the memory unit straight into the socket until it is properly seated. Do not force the memory unit in to the socket or install it upside-down, damage may result
- Sealed: Donot for the memory unit in the the socket of instantic upside-down, damage may result
 After installing a new Memory Unit to the transceiver, always reset it before using it. (D 13) The Memory Unit cannot be used until it has been initialized.
 The CMU161 Memory Unit can be used immediately after being theobed to the Standard's CE000D parise transceiver. The
- The CMU161 Memory Unit can be used immediately after being attached to the Standard's C5900D series transceiver. The Memory Unit must be initialized as described in "Initializing the Memory Unit" before use with this transceiver. Note that all the contents of the data will be erased when the Memory Unit is initialized.
- Be sure not to accidentally perform a "Memory Reset" instead of "Resetting the Memory Unit". If a "Memory Reset" is performed, the contents of the internal memory (000 to 079) will be erased.

HYPER MEMORY FUNCTIONS

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Saving Hyper Memory in Auto Mode	

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The Hyper Memory Function

- Regardless of the band used. Left or Right, the frequencies and settings displayed on the control head can be stored in a Hyper memory.
- Hyper Memory is referred to as HM in this manual.
- 8 special HM buttons are located on the control head. They can be used to display each Hyper memory.
- Press the HM buttons. (1) to (2) to display each HM number. Press the HM button (2) to return to the VFO.
- The factory default setting of C5900DA for each HM setting are listed below. Refer to other model s setting on page 34.

HM number	Left band (MHz)	Right band (MHz)
0	145.520	446.000
1	52.525	146.520
2	52.525	446.000
3	146.520	146.520
4	146.520	446.000
5	446.000	446.000
6	52.525	446.000
7	146.520	446.000

- HM has 2 modes, Manual and Auto. The factory default setting is the Manual mode.
- Manual mode

The frequency settings etc., can be changed after displaying HM but the changes are not saved. The next time the same HM is displayed, the unchanged settings are displayed. To save changes and settings, the save operation must be performed.

Auto mode

Changes to the frequency settings that have been made after a HM has been displayed are saved automatically. The next time the same HM is recalled, the last made to this HM are displayed. The save operation is not required and it can be used as though there are 8 VFOs.

Displaying a Hyper Memory

Displaying the data written to HM

f 1 To display HM, press one of the HM buttons $\, \oplus \, \cdot \, \oslash \,$

On the microphone To recall HM, press the 🐨 key, then press the 🔳 - 🏹 key.



2 The HM settings are displayed. Confirm that the HM number on the display is that of the HM that was recalled.

52.525 3 14 5.520

On the CMP883

To return to the VEO, press the 🔳 key, then press the 💽 key.

To recall another HM setting, press the 📻 key, then press one of the 1 - 7 key.

 In addition to the frequency, the following settings can be stored in HM.
 Main Band
 Recall Memory, Scan state etc.
 Transmission Power
 Set Mode address
 Repeater mode
 Offset Frequency
 Tone frequency for Repeater mode
 Code Squelch
 Tone Encoder
 Tone frequency for Tone Squelch mode
 Set made functions below:

SET mode number	Function
06	Scan mode
14	Auto mute
16	VFO link
20	Paging mode
23	DTMF mode
28	Switching 1200bps/9600bps

The Hyper memory can be displayed by using the CMP883 microphone. If the keys [0] - [2] are pressed within 3 second after pressing the #key during reception, the Hyper memory is displayed. If no key is pressed within 3 second after pressing the #key, this function is canceled and middle-pitched tone is emitted.

- The frequency and settings can be temporarily changed in step 2. In the manual mode changes are not saved. The next time HM is displayed, the original frequency and settings are displayed.
- In step 2, When HM0 is selected, the HM number (0) is not displayed.
- With HM displayed, if <u>CALCSO</u>, <u>V/MENT</u> or <u>CLRSET</u> key is selected, the frequency on the displayof HM is used. The original VFO, CALL or memory frequency is not restored.
- VFO, CALL or memory frequency is not restored.
 When HM1 through HM7 are displayed, if the SQL knob is pressed, to switch bands, each band will display the factory default settings and frequency. If HM0 is selected, the last settings and frequency will be displayed. This will also occur if the microphone is used to change bands by entering the frequency of another band.

Г	Initial frequency (MHz)	
Band	C5900DA	C5908DE
50MHz	52.525	51.000
144MHz	146.520	145.000
440MHz	446.000	433.000

Saving Hyper Memory in Manual Mode

This function is used to change a stored Hyper memory.

Making changes in Manual mode

I To display to the VFO, press the HM button ℗. To recall a HM setting, press one of the HM buttons ① - ⊘



2 Change the contents of HM memory.

(When HM button ① - ② are pressed, the HM number on the display starts to blink if changes are made to the frequency or functions.)

3 Press the HM button (③ · ⑦) for about 2 seconds to save the settings to .

(The contents are displayed, after a high-pitched tone is emitted the memory is saved. The HM number on the display changes from a blinking display to a normal display.)

Switching between Auto and Manual Mode

HM has 2 modes, Manual and Auto. The frequency and setting in HM are set by them.

To switch to Auto mode

- 1 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.
- 2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 19.

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3 Press the VIMENT key. Change the display from oF to on

4 To complete the procedure, press the CLRSET key.

Advice

- The factory setting is oF (Manual mode).
- To return this function to Manual mode, set the display in step 3 to on.

4 To return to the original VFO, press the HM button . To display another HM setting, pressone of the HM buttons .

On the microphone

To return to the VFO, press the 🔳 key, then press the 💿 key.

To display another HM setting, press the 🔳 key, then press one of the 🗂 - 🚺 key.

Advice

F

- The contents of the VFO (HM button (10)) can be saved to HM 1 to 7, but the contents of HM 1 to 7 cannot be saved to the VFO (HM button (10)).
- In step 2, the HM number is not displayed when HM 0 is displayed.
- In step 3. if the key is released before the tone is emitted, the settings changes are not saved.
- In step 3, HM cannot be saved by using the CMP883 microphone.

Saving Hyper Memory in Auto Mode

In Automode, the next time the same HM is displayed, the last settings used are displayed.

Making changes in Auto mode

1 Press the HM buttons (1) - (2) and display the HM setting to change.

On the microphone

Press the 🔳 key, then press one of the 📋 - 🚺 key and display the HM setting to change.

2 Change the frequency or the various functions. (Changes to the frequency and settings are automatically saved.)



- 3 To display to the VFO, press the HM button @
 - To display another HM setting, press one of the HM buttons O

On the microphone

To return to the VFO, press the 💌 key, then press the 💿 key.

To display another HM setting, press the 🖪 key, then press one of the 🔟 - 🏹 keys.

Reference

 The factory setting of C5908DE for each HM setting are listed below.

HM number	Left band (MHz)	Right band (MHz)
0	145.000	433.000
1	51.000	145.000
2	51.000	433.000
3	145.000	145.000
4	145.000	433.000
5	433.000	433.000
6	51.000	433.000
7	145,000	433.000

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SCAN

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Scanning the CTCSS Tone Frequency (Tone Squelch Scan)	41

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The Scan Function

- This function automatically scans frequencies and searches for a signal.
- The transceiver has eight scanning methods. The following eight scan functions are available.

1MHz Scan

Scans within 1MHz of the operating frequency.

All Scan

Scans the entire bandwidth.

Program Scan

Scans a specific range of frequencies.

Memory Scan

Scans the memorized frequencies.

Block Memory Scan

Scans memory in individual blocks A block consists of 10 memory address.

Program Memory Scan

Scans a specific memory address.

Memory Scan Memory

Scans specific memorized frequencies.

Tone Squelch Scan

Scans a frequency for a specific CTCSS the tone frequency. If the tone is matched, the scan is stopped and the Squelch is opened.

Changing the Scan Type

The scan type is changed using the following steps.

1 Select the main band.

2 Press the F key, then press the CLR SET key.

3 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 06.

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4 Press the V/MENT key and select the type of scan.

5 To complete the procedure, press the [CLASET] key.

Advice

- The factory default setting is Pause Scan.
- This setting applies to all scan types except Memory Scan. Refer to page 29 when Memory Scan is set the scan type.
- Separate scan types can be set for the Left band and Right band.
 When Busy Scan is selected. "B" is displayed. When Hold Scan is selected. "H" is displayed. When All Scan is selected, nothing is displayed.

The scan function can be stopped by one of the following three types.

Pause Scan

The scan stops when a signal is received. It resumes in 1.5 to 5 seconds even if a signal is still present.

Busy Scan

The scan stops when a signal is received. It resumes after the signal stops.

Hold Scan

The scan stops when a signal is received. The scan remains unchanged when the signal is no longer received. The scan is restarted by turning the Selector or pressing the UP or DOWN keys.

Advice

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- Before starting scan, turn the SQL knob to a position with no noise.
 Press the PTT switch during a scan to cancel the scan and
- Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to change
- the direction of scan while it is in progress. During scan, press the UP or Down keys to pause at the
- During scan, press the <u>UP</u> or <u>DOWN</u> keys to pause at the current frequency.
- When a scan is stopped, turn the Selector, or press the UP or
 DOWN keys to restart scan.
- The step for setting the frequency for 1MHz Scan, All Scan and Program Scan is the same frequency step. Pressing the Selector during a scan stops the scan and it can be changed to a 1MHz Scan. Press the Selector again to restart the scan ("Changing the frequency in 1MHz steps" 23.)
 When Tone Squelch (261) is set, the scan speed is reduced
- When Tone Squelch (0 61) is set, the scan speed is reduced when a signal is received. The scan stops when the tone frequency is matched, and the squelch is opened
- When the RF Squelch function (**D** 48) is set, the scan speed is reduced when a signal is received. If a signal higher than the RF Squelch setting is received, the scan stops and the squelch is opened

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Changing the Scan Speed

This function changes the speed of the scan.

- 1 Press the F key, then press the CLR SET key.
- 2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 05



- 3 Press the VIMENT key. Change the display from Hi to Lo.
- 4 To complete the procedure, press the CLR SET key

Advice

- The factory default setting is Hi.
- This setting applies to all scan types.
- The setting applies to both the Left and Right band.
 When Hi is selected and a weak signal is received.
- When Hi is selected and a weak signal is received, a scan may not stop if the band is moved as in Memory Scan. In this case, set the scan speed to Lo.



The factory default setting is 1.5 seconds.

Scan a Specific Range (Program Scan)

This scans between the specified scan start and scan end 6 Press the V/MENT key in function mode. frequencies. Up to 5 program numbers (1-5) can be set for both the (The P on the display stops blinking.) Left and Right band. There are two ways to specify the range. Program F numbers 1 to 4 are specified by frequency and program number 5 is specified by a memory address. For each program, there are a pair 7 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to specify b of settings A and b, and the scan is performed between these points. (or A) for the same program number as in step 3. Setting/Changing the Scan Range P / 5 🕬 Select the main band. 2 Press the F key, then press the SCN P.S key. 8 Press the F key, then press the V/MENT key. P (8 220 (The P on the display blinks.) F 3 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to specify A Blinking F (or b) for the program number. 9 Set the scan end frequency or memory address. 4 Press the F key, then press the V/MENT key. (The P on the display blinks.) 10 Press the [V/MENT] key in function mode. 🖸 ।মন্দ্রার (The P on the display stops blinking.) Blinking 11 To stop the scan, press the CLR SET key. F 5 Set the scan start frequency or memory address. Advice In step 5 and step 9, the frequency or memory can be entered directly from the CMP883 microphone. In this case, when the input is finished, step 6 and step 10 are performed automatically. Erasing a program Starting the scan 1 Select the main band. 1 Select the main band. Press the F key, then press the SCN P.S key. 2 Press the F key, then press the SCN P.S key. F 3 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to select A 3 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to specify A or b for the program number to be erased. (or b) for the desired program number. 4 Press the F key for 1 second or longer, then press the CLR SET. 4 Press the [SCN P.S] key. (A high-pitched tone is emitted and the program is erased.) (The scan is started.) 5 To stop the scan, press the SCN P.S key. Advice

- If both A and b have not been set for the selected program, a low-pitched tone is emitted in step 4.
- The scan is performed from the lowest frequency to the highest. In step 3, if the program number is P5A or P5b, the frequency in
- the memory address can be confirmed by pressing the Selector. If the program number is P5A or P5b, the new frequencies will
- be scanned if the frequencies in the memory address are changed.
- If a scan range with different frequency bands is specified, regardless of "Removing the Band Limit" setting (page 48), the scan searches beyond the band. Example: Program specifying 146.20MHz to 446.20MHz.





- Advice
- If the memory address specified in P5A or P5b is erased, P5A or P5b are also erased.

Scanning Frequencies in Memory (Memory Scan)

This scans all frequencies in the memory.

Preparing for memory scan

Advice

used

- 1 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.
- Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 08.

MAIN MDB -5[nnR]

3 Press the V/MENT key. Change the display to AL. Program



This operation can be omitted if the factory settings are being

4 To complete the procedure, press the CLR SET key.

The factory default setting is AL.

- Starting memory scan
- Select the main band
- 2 Press the MSMSM key (Memory scan is started.) ू <u>जन्म</u>र

Scanning

3 To stop the scan, press the MSMSM key.

Advice

F

In step 2, a low-pitched tone is emitted if all the memory address are empty.

Scanning a Block of Memory Address (Block Memory Scan)

This scans memory in individual blocks. One block consists of 10 memory addresses as shown below.

Internal memory	Optional memory
M000 ~ M009	M080 ~ M089
M010 ~ M019	M090 ~ M099
M020 ~ M029	M100 ~ M109
ş	s
M050 ~ M059	M170 ~ M179
M060 ~ M069	M180 ~ M189
M070 ~ M079	M190 ~ M199

Starting the scan

- 1 Select the main band and set to the VFO.
- 2 Press the V/MENT key
- 3 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to select the memory block to scan.
- 4 Press the MSMSM key. (Block memory scan is started.)



2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 08.

3 Press the <u>V/MENT</u> key. Change the display to bL.

MA N **M**08 5[**nmb**i

4 To complete the procedure, press the [CLR SET] key.

- Scanning Blińkino
- 5 To stop the scan, press the MSMSM key.

Advice

F

- Press and turn the Selector during a scan to change the memory block
- If steps 2 and 3 are omitted, the currently displayed memory block is scanned when the VM ENT key is pressed. In step 2, if the MSMSM key is pressed after pressing the F
- key, a Memory Scan memory can be performed in the Block Memory Scan. In this case, if there is no memory below the specified block, the next block is scanned after the current memory block has been scanned.

Scanning a Specific Memory Address (Program Memory Scan)

Scans a specific range of memory addresses from the programmed start (Lo) memory address to a programmed stop (Hi) memory address.

Preparing for Program Scan Press the F key, then press the CLR SET key.	4 Turn the Selector to set the memory address for the scan start frequency
2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode to 08.	
3 Press the WMENT key. Change the display to Pr.	5 Press the VIMENT key. Change the display to Hi
4 To complete the procedure, press the <u>CLR SET</u> key.	6 Turn the Selector to set the memory address for the scan end frequency.
Setting/Changing the Scan Range 1 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key. F	7 Press the F key, then press the VIMENT key. (The — on the display stops blinking)
Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 09. Change the display to Lo.	 8 To complete the procedure, press the <u>CLR SET</u> key. Advice Instep 2, press the <u>V:M ENT</u> key to confirm the memory address for Hi and Lo. (The display toggles between the two with each press of the key.) In steps 4 and 6, turn the Selector in function mode to change address setting in steps of 10.
3 Press the F key, then press the VMENT key. (The - on the display blinks.)	 When setting the memory address range, empty memory

Starting the Program Memory Scan

1 Select the main band and set it to the VEO.

s the [<u>MS MSM</u>] key. scan is started.)	

3 To stop the scan, press the MSMSM key.

Advice

- dvice In step 2, if there are no programmed memory addresses settings in the memory range, a low-pitched tone is emitted. In step 2, if the <u>MSMSM</u> key is pressed after pressing the <u>F</u> key, a Memory Scan Memory can be performed in the Program Memory Scan. In this case, if there is no programmed memory below the specified block, the next block is scanned after the memory block has been been compared. memory block has been scanned.

Scanning Specific Memory Frequencies (Memory Scan Memory)

This scans specific memory frequencies. Selected memory addresses can be locked out from being scanned.

Specifying the addresses

- Select the main band and set it to the VFO.
- 2 Press the V/MENT key and set to Memory mode.
- 3 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to select the memory address to scan



- 4 Press the 🔳 key for 1 second or longer, then press the MS MSM key FB
- 5 Confirm that a DOWN-ARROW appears above the "M" on the display. ស្តារ ខ្លា



- 6 Repeat steps 3 to 5 to set other memory addresses
- 7 To complete the procedure, press the WMENT key

Advice

To cancel the setting, clear the DOWN-ARROW from the display in step 4.

Scanning the CTCSS Tone Frequency (Tone Squelch Scan)

This scans the CTCSS tone frequency. The received frequency is not changed.

- 1 Select the main band
- Set the receive frequency to be scanned.
- 3 Press the F key, then press the POTSQ key twice. Change the display to T.SQ.



4 Press the F key for 1 second or longer, then press the POT.SQ key. FB (The CTCSS tone frequency is displayed.)

Scanning Blinking

5 Press the SCN P.S key. (The Tone Squeich Scan is started.) MAIN

- Starting the Memory Scan Memory
- 1 Select the main band and set it to the VFO 2 Press the F key, then press the MSMSM key. F 3 Confirm that the scan starts at the specified memory address 2 (Z.101)21 Scanning Blinking

.

4 To stop the scan, press the [MS MSM] key

Advice

- In step 2, a low-pitched tone is emitted if there is no memory specified by DOWN-ARROW.
- Memory Scan Memory can be performed for Memory Scan. Block Memory Scan and Program Memory scan.
- During Memory Scan Memory, memory addresses not specified by the DOWN-ARROW are locked out (Not scanned).

- 6 Scan stops when the received the frequency matches the tone and the squelch tone is heard.
- 7 To stop the scan, press the SCN P.S or [CLR SET] key.

Advice

F

- Tone Squelch Scan is not performed while "T" is displayed in step 3. Change the display to TSQ to perform the scan.
- The Tone Squelch Scan can be performed on memory frequencies and call frequencies. In step 2, select a memory Instep 4. turn the Selector or press the UP or DOWN keys to
- manually search for a received CTCSS tone frequency

SCAN

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REPEATER OPERATIONS

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Repeater Operation

Receiving: 146.85MHz

Transmitting: 146.25MHz

set frequency)

(Frequency is shifted by off-

Simplex Operation

The Repeater Function

- Communicating through a repeater station is known as Repeater Operation. When the transceiver is using repeater operation it is in Repeater mode.
- Repeater Operation allows a repeater station to be used to reach locations that cannot be reached directly.
- In Repeater Operation, the frequencies for transmission and reception are different. The difference is called the offset frequency.
- When the transceiver is in Repeater mode, the transmission trequency is automatically changed by the offset frequency.
- When the transceiver is in Repeater mode, a tone is automatically transmitted unless manually turned off.

Repeater Station Receiving: 146.25MHz

Transmitting: 146.85MHz

_____ _____

Transmitting: 146.520MHz

Receiving: 146.520MHz

Cancelling Auto Repeater Mode

1 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.

2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 00

RtrPon

3 Press the V/MENT key. Change the display from on to oF.

To complete the setting, press the CLR SET key.

开

Receiving: 146.85MHz

Transmitting: 146.25MHz

(Frequency is shifted by

offset frequency)

Using Repeater Mode (Auto Repeater Mode)

In Auto repeater mode, the offset frequency

- 1 Select the main band and set it to the VFO.
- Select the repeater station's output frequency.
- 3 Confirm that "- or + ' appears on the display.



- To receive, wait for a transmission from a partner.
- 5 To transmit, hold down the PTT switch and speak in the direction of the microphone.

Advice

F

 The relations between frequency and shift direction are as follows;

For C5900DA 145,100 to 145,495 MHz: - (lower) shift 146,000 to 146,395 MHz: + (upper) shift 146,600 to 146,995 MHz: - (lower) shift 147,000 to 147,995 MHz: - (lower) shift 147,600 to 147,995 MHz: - (lower) shift For C5908DE 145,600 to 145,795 MHz: - (lower) shift

Setting Repeater Mode Manually

Repeater mode can be selected and cancelled manually. This function can also be used to shift the received frequency by the offset frequency.

- 1 Select the main band and set it to the VFO.
- 2 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to select the repeater station's output frequency.
- **3** Press the **F** key, then press the **MY RPT** key and set it to the Repeater mode (shift direction).



- Advice
- The factory default setting is on.
- This function can only be used with the 144MHz band.

Advice

 If the offset frequency is not within an amateur band, the transceiver will not transmit a signal. In this case, OFF is displayed when the PTT switch is pressed.

F

Receiving a Station Directly in Repeater Mode (Reverse)

This function temporarily shifts the receive frequency from the repeater's output to input frequency. This function can be used to determine if you can receive the station your communicating with directly (without using a repeater)

Setting the reverse function

- 1 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to select the repeater station frequency and select repeater mode.
- 2 Press the <u>SQLOFF</u> key on the microphone. (The frequency on the display is changed by the direction and amount of the offset frequency.)



3 To complete the procedure (cancel this function), press the SQLOFF key on the microphone again.

Advice

mode

 In step 2, if the reversed frequency is not on an amateur band, a low-pitched tone is emitted and the function is not used. Canceling the reverse function **1** Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.

Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 27.



3 Press the [V/MENT] key. Change the display from on to oF.

4 To complete the procedure, press the CLASET key.

Advice

- The factory default setting is on.
- When this function is set to on, to set squelch to off without using Reverse, turn the Squelch knob in the counterclockwise direction and open the squelch.

Changing the Offset Frequency and CTCSS Tone Frequency for Repeater Mode

 Select the main band. Select the frequency band. 3 Press the F key for 1 second or longer, then press the MY RPT key. (The CTCSS tone frequency for repeater mode is displayed.) FΒ Advice 4 Turn the Selector and change the display to the desired CTCSS The CTCSS tone can be turned off. To do this, set step 4 to OFF. tone frequency In step 2, when a memory or call frequency is displayed, their offset frequency and CTCSS tone frequency can be changed. The table of CTCSS tone frequencies that can be selected 5 Press the MY RPT key in function blink mode. 67.0 71.9 74.4 77.0 82.5 85.4 79.7 (The offset frequency is displayed.) 88.5 915 94.8 97.4 100.0 103.5 107.2 127.3 162.2 110.9 114.8118.8 MADE 123.0 131.8 136.5 141.3 146.2 186.2 151.4 156.7 167.9 173.8 179.9192.8 203 5 210.7 225.7 218.1 FΒ 233.6 241.8 250.3 (Hz)Total: 38 6 Turn the Selector and change the display to the desired offset Initial offset frequency (MHz) frequency. Band C5900DA C5908DE 50MHz 0.000 0.000 7 To complete the procedure, press the MY BPT key in function 144MHz 0.600 0.600

FB

440MHz

5.000

0.000

Using a Repeater which requires a 1750 Hz Tone Burst Signal

This function transmits a tone burst signal to access a repeater station

- 1 Select the main band and set it to VFO.
- 2 Set the offset frequency and repeater mode.
- 3 Turn the Selector, or press the UP or DOWN keys to select the repeater station frequency.
- 4 Hold down the PTT switch and the SQLOFF key on the microphone at the same time.



- Advice
 While the <u>SQLOFF</u> key is pressed, a 1750 Hz tone burst signal is transmitted.
- A tone burst signal cannot be transmitted when the DTMF function is active.

ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONS

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Removing the Band Limit

This function is used to remove this band limit when the end of one band is reached the beginning of another band is displayed. For example, if 440MHz is selected for the Right band, when the Selector or the UP or DOWN keys are used and the end of the band is reached, frequencies in the 144MHz band are displayed.

Preventing Unintentional Transmission (PTT Lock)

To prevent unintentional transmission, the $[\underline{\texttt{PTT}}]$ switch can be locked.

reached, frequencies in the 144MHz band are displayed.	
Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.	1 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key
2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 07. זין כאש ג Rnd.an	2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 13.
3 Press the <u>V/MENT</u> key. Change the display from on to oF.	3 Press the WM ENT key. Change the display from oF to on.
4 To complete the procedure, press the [CLR SET] key.	4 To complete the procedure, press the [CLR SET] key.
Advice • The factory default setting is on. • To cancel this function, set the display in step 3 to on.	Advice The factory default setting is oF. To cancel this function, set the display in step 3 to oF. When this function is set to on. PL is displayed when the PTT switch is pressed.
RF Squelch This function opens the squelch when the received signal excee the S-meter level setting. 1 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.	7 Align the knob with the setting position.
2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 32	8 When a signal above this setting is received the squelch will open
3 Press the VIMENT key Change the display from oF to on.	
4 Press the CLRSET key to return to the original display.	
5 Turn the SQL knob fully counterclockwise in the desired band an open squelch.	nd
6 Gradually turn the knob clockwise until the desired RF squele setting is reached as displayed on the S-meter	ch

,



Advice

- The factory default setting is oF.
 To consolution bottom setting displaying
- To cancel this function, set the display in step 3 to oF or turn the SQL knob to its maximum in the counterclockwise direction.
- When this function is set to on, the Solution of about two seconds after adjustment is completed.

Changing the Frequencies on Both Sides of the Display Simultaneously (VFO Link)

This function changes the VFO frequency for both bands at the same time. This is called VFO Link.



Changing the Display Brightness (Dimmer)

This function changes the brightness of the display

- 1 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.
- 2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 03.

83 101

3 Press the V/MENT key. Change the display from oF.

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{ight} \\ \hline F \\ \rightarrow \end{array} \xrightarrow{I} \rightarrow \end{array} \xrightarrow{Z} \rightarrow \overrightarrow{3} \rightarrow \overrightarrow{4} \\ \hline H \\ \uparrow \end{array}$$

4 To complete the procedure, press the CLRSET key

Advice

- The factory default setting is oF.
- To cancel this function, set the display in step 3 to oF
- If one band is set to the repeater uplink frequency (146.0 to 146.4MHz) and the other band is set to the repeater downlink frequency (146.6 to 147.0MHz) when the VFO Link function is set, the uplink and downlink frequencies can be received and changed simultaneously
- During VFO Link, the sub-band selector will only changed the sub-band frequency.

Changing the Volume of the Beep

This changes the volume of the beep that is emitted when an operation is completed or an error occurs. The beep can also be turned off.



4 To complete the procedure, press the CLR SET key.

- Advice
- The factory default setting is oF.
- In step 3, the display lamp goes out when setting 4 is selected.

Advice

The factory default setting is 2.

ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONS

Setting the PTT Beep Transmission (Stand-by Beep)

This function sets the transceiver to a beep, emit a tone, when the PTT switch is released. The beep can also be heard by the receiving station

- 1 Press the F key, then press the CLR SET key.
- 2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 17

SEBPOF

3 Press the V/MENT key. Change the display from oF

Middle Off Hiah Low ٥F 2 7

- 4 To complete the procedure, press the CLR SET key.
- 5 Confirm that a beep is emitted when the PTT switch is released.
- Advice
- The factory default setting is oF

1 Select the main band

The sound of the beep varies according to the setting in step 3.

This function is used to automatically reduce the volume (about 20dB)

(MAIN 8t - m.c

of the opposite band while receiving on both bands

2 Press the F key, then press the CLR SET key.

3 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 14.

Stopping the Transmission Automatically (Time-Out Timer)

This function stops the transmission of a continuous signal beyond specified a length of time. A warning sound is emitted when the transmission is automatically stopped.

- 1 Press the F key, then press the CLR SET key. F
- 2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 30.

- 3 Press the V/MENT key. Change the display from oF.
 - 3 min Off 5 min 15 min ς 15 م م

4 To complete the procedure, press the CLR SET key.

Advice

۴

F

- The factory default setting is oF
- To preventivery long unwanted transmissions, set the transceiver to 3.5 or 15 minutes
- Time out timer of DTMF control is independent of this function When DTMF control is turned on, time-out timer is set for ten minutes. (P 61)

Muting the Opposite Band Automatically (Auto Mute) Muting the Sub-band (Sub-band Mute)

This function is used to mute the sub-band receiver when transmitting on the main band.

E

1 Press the F key, then press the CLR SET key.

2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 15.



- 3 Press the V/MENT key. Change the display from oF to on.
- 4 To complete the procedure, press the [CLASET] key.
- 5 To complete the procedure, press the [CLR SET] key.

4 Press the V/MENT key. Change the display from oF to on.

Advice

The factory default setting is oF

(MUTE appears on the display.)

To cancel this function, set the display in step 4 to oF.

Advice

- The factory default setting is oF.
- To cancel this function, set the display in step 3 to oF. When this function is set to on, MUTE blinks in the sub-band display when the [PT] switch is pressed.

Turning the Power off Automatically (Auto Power Off)

This function is used to turn the power off a after a specified length of time. This function prevents the transceiver from being on during unwanted times. It can also prevent the transceiver from discharging the vehicle battery during long unattached periods.

- 1 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.
- 2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 31.

RPC. oF

3 Press the VIMENT key. Change the display from oF.



4 To complete the procedure, press the CLRSET key.

Advice

- The factory default setting is oF.
- If the setting in step 3 is other than oF. APO is displayed.

Setting the Auto AM Reception Mode

When a frequency is set in the following range, the transceiver is switched from the FM to AM reception automatically. The frequency is automatically switched to the FM mode if the frequency is out side of the range limits. In the AM mode, the Triangle mark appears on the bottom of the right corner. This function can be disabled as follows:

- 1 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.
- 2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 35.



3 Press the [V/MENT] key. Change the display from on to oF.

4 To complete the procedure, press the CLR SET key.

Advice

- The factory default setting is on.
- The range of switching from the FM to AM. 144 MHz band: 108.000 to 141.995 MHz 440 MHz band: 220.000 to 250.006 MHz
- 440 MHz band: 230 000 to 250 995 MHz. 255.100 to 335.095 MHz • To set Auto AM Reception on, change the display in step 3 from oF to on

Setting the Cross-band Repeater

When this function is activated, the received signal is transmitted on the opposite band.

1 Press and hold both SQL knobs for two seconds or more.

2 Confirm "MAIN" is blinking or	both displays.
Blinking	HY5200
ί	<u>;</u> ,;

3 To cancel the procedure, press both SQL knobs.

Advice

E

 This function can be used in the following transmitting ranges. Left band is 144 MHz and Right band is 440 MHz.
 Left band is 50 MHz and Right band is 440 MHz.

Setting the AM Reception Mode Manually

The transceiver can be switched from FM to AM reception mode manually.

- 1 Select the band.
- **2** Press the F key, then select and press the SQL knob to be changed the mode.

чч**б.200** Indicating

Advice

F

To return to FM mode, repeat step 1 and 2.

ADDITIONAL FUNCTIONS

USING THE ACCESSORIES

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Enter the Frequency Directly with the Microphone

A frequency can be directly entered with the numeric keys on the CMP883 microphone.

- The following methods can be used.
- 3 digits input: from 1 MHz to 10 kHz.
- 5 digits input: from 100 MHz to 10 kHz.
- 6 digits input: from 100 MHz to 1 kHz.
- The initial setting is 6 digits.

446.220

Directly input the frequency

- 1 Select the main band.
- 2 Enter the frequency starting with the 100 MHz digit using the numeric keys.



Changing the digits

- 1 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.
- Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 34.



B

2000-2002-000-000-000-000

3 Press the V/MENT key to select the digits.



4 To complete the procedure, press the CLRSET key.

Advice

- The factory default setting is 6 digits.
- The band can easily be change by selecting 5th or 6th digits.
 When using the 50 MHz band on the Left band and entering 5 c
- When using the 50 MHz band on the Left band and entering 5 cr 6 digits, enter "0" in the 100 MHz location
- A low pitch beep is emitted when a wrong key is pressed.
 A DTME signed one has east by pressing the keypad due
- A DTMF signal can be sent by pressing the keypad during transmit.

Code-Squelch and Paging

This transceiver can call a specific station or a group of stations. To do this, the code-squelch/paging code must match that of the other transceiver.

Code-squelch

 Code-squelch is the process of sending a coded DTMF signal to another transceiver that has the same code programmed When received, communications can begin. This function does not have an alarm associated with it.

Paging



Setting the Code-squelch code

Using the Code-squelch

- 1 Select the main band.
- 2 Press the F key for 1 second or longer, then press the CALCSQ key.

000

FΒ

3 Turn the Selector to set the code.

4 To complete the procedure, press the CALCSQ key.

1 Select the main band.
2 Select the band.
3 Press the E key, then press the CALCSQ key.
4 Confirm "CSQ" is displayed.
4 4 5 2 0 0
5 Press the ETT switch to send the code.

6 The code-squelch is opened when your partner sends the same code.

Advice

- In Step 3, the 10s digit and above can be changed by pressing and turning the Selector.
- The code-squelch code of Left band is used as the pass-code in the DTMF control function.

Setting Individual Code for Paging

An individual code is necessary to call and receive calls. The individual code is stored in memory address C0.



USING THE ACCESSORIES

Setting Paging Codes for Other Stations

It is necessary to set a paging code for another station before calling. The other station (partner) codes are stored in memory address C1 to C6.

F

E

- 1 Select the main band and set to the VFO.
- 2 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.
- 3 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 21.
- 4 Press the VM ENT key to set a partner address code. (Set this code in address C1 to C6.)



5 Press the F key, then press the V/MENT key. (The first digit blinks.)



6 Turn the Selector to set the first digit and press V/MENT key.



7 Repeat step 6 to set the second and third digit. (The code is stored when the third digit is entered.)



8 To complete the procedure, press the CLRSET key.

Setting a Group Code



Advice

- If a group code is not set, the transceiver is not called if a group code is transmitted.
- Memory address CP cannot be set to a group code.

Transmitting a Paging Signal



2 Press the F key, then press the CLR SET key.

3 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 20.

PRG oF

4 Press the V/MENT key and change the display from "oF" to "on". ("PAG" is displayed)

5 Press the CLRSET key.



- Advice
 To cancel this setting, change the display from "on" to "oF" in step 4.
- To stop the alarm, press any key.
- When code-squelch is set, the display can be changed to "on" in step 4 but paging is not activated. Code-squelch has priority to Paging. Paging is activated when the code-squelch is canceled.
- The code displayed in set mode number 21 is sent.
- In step 7, when the code is sent as a group code, the answered code is same as the group code.
- In step 7, "E" replaces "C" when partner codes are not received correctly."
- After stép 7, the receiving code is sent when the PTT key is pressed.

Receiving a Paging Signal



Delayed Code-squelch/Paging Send Time

To prevent the first part of the signal from being omitted when sent by a repeater, the signal can be delayed. The factory default setting is a delay of 250 milli seconds. This time can be set to 450 or 850 milli seconds. Select the "uP" for a delay of 3 seconds, this time is used during in wake-up mode.

- 1 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.
- 2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 25.



3 Press the V/MENT key and select the delay time. 250 mSec 450 mSec 850 mSec 35ec for WakeUp function



4 To complete the procedure, press the CLR SET, key.

Changing the Beeps in the Paging mode

The number of beeps emitted during paging can be selected. The factory default setting is $7. \$

- 1 Press the F key, then press the CLRSET key.
 - Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 22.



- 3 Press the VIM ENT key and select the number of beeps.
- 4 To complete the procedure, press the CLRSET key

Advice

E

The number of beeps can be changed from 7 to 1.

Using DTMF Code

The following two methods can be used to transmit DTMF codes. Method 1: Hold down the PTT switch and use the keypad of the remote control microphone.

Method 2: Store a DTMF code in memory and transmit the code.

Memory and display of DTMF codes.

- A DTMF code can be stored in a DTMF memory address.
- Up to 15 digits can be stored in one DTMF memory address.
- There are 6 DTMF memories for both left and right sides. There are 12 DTMF memories total.
- 15-digit codes are divided into four blocks and are displayed as follows:



 The codes that can be stored are numbers. letters A to D, and × and #. On the display, the codes are indicated as follows:



Transmitting a DTMF Code from the Microphone

DTMF signal can be send directly using the CMP883 microphone.

1 Hold down the PTT switch and press the keys on the keypad of the microphone.



Advice

The DTMF code is sent while the keys are pressed.

Storing the DTMF Code in Memory



Sending a DTMF Code from a Memory

1 Select the main band

2 Press the F key, then press the CLR SET key.

3 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 24.

MA N 1234

- 4 Press the V/MENT key to select the memory address number to be sent.
- 5 Turn the Selector to set the Set Mode number to 23.

23

6 Press the V/MENT key to change the display from "oF" to "on". ("DTMF" is displayed.)



7 Press the CLRSET key

F

8 Hold down the PTT switch and the SQLOFF to send the DTMF code

Advice

F

F

- When using this function, the 1750 Hz burst tone cannot be sent. To cancel this setting, change the display from "on" to "oF" in
- step 5.
- To select another DTMF code, repeat steps 1 to 4.

Erasing the DTMF code

- Select the main band.
- 2 Press the F key and the CLRSET key.
- 3 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 24.
- 4 Press the V/MENT key to select the memory address number to be erased.
- 5 Press the F key, then press the V/MENT key. (The first digit blinks)



6 Press the [CLR SET] key to erase the DTMF code.

7 To complete the procedure, press the CLR SET key.

Changing the Interval Sending Time of the DTMF Code

The DTMF codes are sent every 50 milli seconds. This interval can be changed to 100 milli seconds.



Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 26.

3 Press the V/MENT key and change the display from 5 to 10.

To complete the procedure, press the CLR SET key.

Advice

- The factory default setting is "5".
- ٠ This function sets the same interval sending time for the codesqueich and paging codes.

Setting the DTMF Control

The transceiver can be controlled by the DTMF code. The sub-band receives the DTMF control code and main band status is controlled.

- 1 Press the FT key for 1 second or longer, then press the Selector of right or left band. FBi
- 2 Confirm the "T" is displayed (The DTMF control mode is set.) чч<u>Б.</u>200 ч6.520 DTMFcontrol

Advice

- To cancel this function, repeat step 1
- In this function, paging and code squelch mode are not activated. In this function, the code squelch code of Left band is used as a
- pass-code. When main band receives the DTMF control code, main band cannot be controlled. But pass-code can be received on each band.
- In this function, time-out timer is turned on for 10 minutes when the transmission is continued. This timer is independent of the set mode.

Changing the Frequency by DTMF Control

The frequency of main band can be changed directly by the DTMF control.

- Receive the pass-code from partner. (The transceiver can receive the DTMF code.)
- Receive the × code from partner. (The frequency can be changed by the DTMF code.)
- 3 Receive the frequency code from partner (The frequency is changed by the DTMF code.)
- Receive the D code from partner. (The transceiver is unable to receiving the DTMF control code.)

Advice

- Partner sends the code as follows;
- (Example) The frequency is changed 446.000 MHz.
- 1. Send the pass-code.
- 2. Send the × code.
- Send the frequency code by pressing the 4, 4, 6, 0, 0 and 0. key. 4. Send the D code.

In this function, a frequency inputting method is 6 digits input. This is independent of the Set Mode (P54).

Receiving the DTMF Control code

The transceiver can be controlled by the DTMF code after receiving the pass-code. The sub-band receives the DTMF control code and main band status is controlled.

- Set the code squeich code of left band as the pass-code.
- 2 Receive the pass-code from partner (The transceiver can receive the DTMF code.)

Advice

- The code and status relations are as follows:
 - 0 set to the VFO
 - set to the CALL mode.
 - 2 nown function
 - 3 up function
 - set to the memory mode. 4
 - set to the left band to main band. 5 set to the right band to main band.
 - 6 7
 - set to the low power я
 - set to the middle power 9
 - set to the high power
 - A turn the cross-band repeater on в turn the cross-band repeater off.
 - (No setting)
 - Ď be unable to receiving the DTMF control code.
 - set to the directly input mode.
- clear the function
- 0 to 4, * and # codes are unavailable when cross-band repeater is turned on. You can use other code when the cross-band repeater turns on.
- After step 2, This function is unable to receiving the DTMF control code with a middle-pitched tone when no DTMF control code is received for 2 minutes. Repeat step 2 to use the DTMF control.
- To active the cross-band repeater, receive the D code after receiving the A code.

Using Tone Squelch (CTCSS)

- When selected, CTCSS tone squelch signals can be encoded (transmitted) and decoded (received).
- The tone encoder transmits a sub-audible tone signal.
 Tone signal 100Hz
- In order for a receiving, station to hear a transmitting station, both the carrier frequencies and tone frequencies must match unless tone squetch (decode) is off.



Using the Tone Encoder and Tone Squelch

1 Select the main band.

Transmitting frequency

2 Press the F key and the POISQ key Indicate 'T' to use the tone encoder. Indicate 'TSO'' to use tone squelch. Tone encoder Tone squelch YY 5.200

Advice

In repeater mode, the repeater tone is not sent when this function is set. The tone is sent using the tone squelch tone when it is set.

Changing the Frequency of the Tone Signal



Advice
The table of tone frequencies that can be selected.

1	67.0	71.9	74.4	77.0	79.7	82.5	85.4	١
	88.5	91.5	94.8	97.4	100.0	103.5	107-2	
	110.9				127.3			1
1			151.4					
			192.8	203.5	210.7			
Į	233.6	241.8	250.3			(Hz) ⁻	Total, 38	J
ĺ	179.9 233.6 /			203.5	210.7		225.7 Total: 38	J

a a constantina a constantina da constantina da constantina da constantina da constantina da constantina da con

• The factory default setting is 100 Hz.

 In step 2, recall the memory or call frequency to change to the tone signal.

Using the CAW590 Series Optional Cable

 The CAW590 dual microphone cable, CAW592/CAW593 extension cable and CAW591 separate cable can be combined as shown in the following picture. The extension cable can not exceed 8 m in length.



Note

- The control head can only be connected to one unit.
- CMP883 must be connected to the MIC1 connector of
- CAW590. Do not connect it to the MIC2 connector.
 The extension cable must not exceed 8 meters (2.4 feet) in length. If the cables connection is over 8 m, it may cause mailfunctions.
- When using the optional external speaker, use the dummy plug included with CAW592/CAW593. When the dummy plug is plugged in the internal speaker is turned off.
- When the external speaker is connected to CAW592/ CAW593 extension cable, the transmitting signal may be mixed with the receiving signal of the sub-band. To prevent this, activate the sub-band mute function to prevent the mixed receiving sound.

 The main body can be installed in the trunk or under the seat using the extension cable or separate cables.



Advice

The CAW575/CAW576 extension power cable should be used to connect to the battery.

USING THE ACCESSORIES

PACKET OPERATIONS

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Data Packet Transmission

This transceiver can be operated at 1200bps (AFSK) and 9600bps (G3RUH, GMSK) data rates. For transmission of 1200 and 9600 bps signals.

TNC Connection

A 6-pin mini DIN socket is used for the data terminal. Use the following pin diagram to connect the transceiver to a TNC.



TX-DATA (1200bps/9600bps)
 GND
 PTT
 RX-DATA (9600bps)
 RX-DATA (1200bps)
 SOL

①TX - DATA Input

Transmit data input for both 1200bps and 9600bps. Refer to "Switching between 1200bps and 9600bps" for details (page 67) The standard input levels are. 40mVp-p for 1200bps and 2.0Vpp for 9600bps.

2)GND

Common connection for TX-DATA (pin 1) and FX-DATA (pin 4 or 5).

③PTT

PTT for data transmission only. This input is connected to GND by the TNC to transmit data. ④RX - DATA Output (9600bps) Received data output for 9600bps data.

Output signal is approx. 0.7 Vp-p ($10k\Omega$)

(5) RX - DATA Output (1200bps) Received data output for 1200bps data. Output signal is approx. 0.7 Vp-p (10kΩ)

⑥SQL output

Squelch signal output. When a signal is received, this output goes high (+5V). This output can be used by the TNC to prevent transmission while the channel is busy.

1200 bps Data Packet Transmission

1 Connect the TNC to the transceiver as shown in the diagram below.



2 Adjust the data output level from the TNC using the information provided in the TNC manual. The deviation of transceiver should not exceed ± 3 - 4 kHz.

3 Set the TX DELAY of the TNC to 30 - 50.

Advice

- An audio signal (data) cannot be applied to the microphone connector when the P1T connection to the data connector is used.
- If the transceiver deviation exceeds ± 3 -4 kHz data transmission errors may result.
- Refer to manual supplied with your TNC for more information.
- The 5-pin RX-DATA terminal is for the 1200 pps transmissions only. It cannot be used for 9600 bps transmissions.

High Speed 9600 bps Data Packet Communication

This transceiver can operate at 9600 bps (G3RUH and GMSK protocol) data rates.

 Connect the TNC to the transceiver as shown in the connection diagram below.

Connection diagram



2 The G3RUH protocol is used to provide faster and more reliable transmissions and allows for selection from 16 audio waveforms. For this transceiver, we recommend that you set your modern to TR8300 as described in the modern's manual. However, the settings may need to be changed to match the other station your communicating with.

Switching between 1200 and 9600 bps

The following procedure should be used to switch between 1200bps and 9600bps.

- 1 Press the F key, then press the CLASET key.
- 2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 28.

²⁸ ЬР 5. 120

3 Press the VIM ENT: key. Change the display from 120 to 960. (9600 appears on the display.)



4 To complete the procedure, press the CLR SET key

Advice

- The factory default setting is 120 (1200 bps)
- When 9600 bps is selected, 9600 appears on the display.

3 When the TX-Audio output from the TNC is being adjusted, modulation is not required. If adjustment is required, follow the steps below.

a) Disconnect the modem's mute circuit and use the TX-Audio signals.

b) Connect the PTT terminal to GND and start transmission. c) If you can use a deviation meter, adjust the TNC output level control so the deviation is ± 3 kHz. If you do not access to deviation meter, monitor the output from your transceiver and TNC with another receiver. Turn the squelch off the monitor receiver off. Adjust the output level from the TNC so the data signal volume is about half the level of the squelch off noise.

4 Set the TX DELAY of the TNC to 30 - 50.

Advice

F

- An audio signal (data) cannot be applied to the microphone connector when the PTT connection to the data connector is used
 If the transceiver deviation exceeds ± 3 -4 kHz data transmission
- If the transceiver deviation exceeds 1/3/4 kHz data transmission errors may result.
- Refer to manual supplied with your TNC for more information.
- The 4-pin RX-DATA terminal is for the 9600 bps transmissions only. It cannot be used for 1200 bps transmissions

Selecting the Band to Receive Packet Data

With the factory default setting, packet operation is performed on the main band. This function permits the operator to select the main. Left or Right band to receive packet data. Packet transmission is always on the main band.

1 Press the F key, then press the CLR SET key.

2 Turn the Selector and set the Set Mode number to 29.



3 Press the V/M ENT key. Select the band receive band for packet operation.

Main band F

Right band Left band

.) ____ `

t

4 To complete the procedure, press the CLRSET key.

Advice

- The factory default setting is "n" (main band)
- When "L" (Left band) or "r" (Right band) is selected, packets are received on the specified band regardless of the main band setting. Transmission uses the main band regardless of this setting.

F

PACKET OPERATIONS

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Troubleshooting

Please check the following list of symptoms and causes before consulting your dealer.

The power cannot be turned on.

- The fuse is blown.
- The power cord is disconnected.
- The 13.8V DC IN voltage exceeds the 17V limit of the connector. Disconnect the connector and check the DC voltage.

One of the band frequencies is not displayed.

• The Band Off function is on.

The display is dark

• The Dimmer is set to a dark setting. (Set mode 03)

Only strong signals are received

- The antenna is not functioning correctly.
- The antenna is disconnected.
- The SOL knob is turned fully clockwise.
- The coaxial cable is disconnected or damaged.
- The RF squelch function is set to on. (Set mode 32)

The squelch is off. (Noise is heard.)

- The SQL knob is turned fully counterclockwise.
- . The Squelch Off key on the microphone was pressed.

The displayed frequency cannot be changed.

• The Key Lock function is on. (Set mode 11)

No signal is received

- The antenna is disconnected or damaged.
- The coaxial cable is disconnected or damaged.

The received signal cannot be heard

- The SQL knob is turned fully clockwise.
- Check the connection to the external speaker.
- Check the position of the volume knob.
- The Sub-band Mute function is set to on. (Set mode 15)
- The transceiver is in Paging or Code Squeich mode.
- No signal can be heard in Tone Squelch mode until the tone frequency is matched.
- The RF squelch function is set to on. (Set mode 32)

The reception volume is low

- Check the position of the volume knob.
- The Auto Mute function is set to on. (Set mode 14)

The transmission power is low.

- The antenna is not functioning correctly.
- The transceiver is set to Low power.
- The antenna is disconnected or damaged.
- The duplex cable is disconnected or damaged.

OFF appears on the display

The offset frequency is not within the amateur band.

No beep is heard

• The Beep function is set to off. (Set mode 04)

Memory cannot be saved, changed or erased.

• The Memory Protect function is set to on. (Set mode 10)

Memory cannot be saved.

All the memory address' are used.

Cannot scan.

- The SQL knob is turned fully counterclockwise.
- The SQL, OFF key was pressed.

Memory is not scanned

- . The is no stored memory to scan.
- There is no stored memory to scan in the range set for Program Memory Scan.

Program memory is not scanned.

- The start frequency and end frequency have not been selected.
- + or is displayed automatically
- The Auto Repeater is working automatically in the 144 MHz band.
- + or are automatically cleared from the display
- These appear automatically if the repeater frequency is not set to 144 MHz band.

Cannot access the repeater station

- The CTCSS tone frequency has not been properly set
- The distance to the repeater station is too great.
- The offset frequency has not been properly set
- The repeater station is not operating

Both bands change when the Selector is turned • The VFO Link function is set to on. (Set mode 16)

Paging/Code squelch operations do not work

- The code does not match your partner's.
- The group code has not been set.
- Your partner's or your station cannot be reached.

"E" appears on the display

Your partner's code was not received correctly.

Tone squelch operation does not work

- The other station is too far away.
- The other station's and tone frequency is different.

3

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List of the Set Mode Functions

		tes SET MODE			
Initial indication		Function	Initial indication		Function
Ber P.on	*	Changing the Auto Repeater setting (D44)	¹⁹ Rt H m.c F		Changing the Auto Mode for Hyper memory setting. (D 33)
⁰¹ 5.0	*	Changing the frequency step(22)	20 PR G. o F	*	Changing the Paging mode setting. (D 57)
rot 1	*	Switching the 1MHz,10MHz,100MHz and 100kHz frequency steps. (23)	ει ε ο-000		Setting the code for Paging mode. (1 55)
F م. ه ⁰³	*	Changing the display brightness.	ря ьр . П	*	Changing the number of paging beep (1)58
ырі Е. 2	*	Changing the beep setting. (P49)	23 d Em.o F	*	Changing the DTMF mode setting. (D60)
sc SPн ,	*	Changing the scan speed. (P36)	24 0,		Setting the DTMF code. (1959)
⁰⁵ £У РЕ . Р	*	Changing the scan type. (236)	²⁵ РЯ dL.2 5	*	Setting the time for Code Squelch an Paging transmission. (258)
^{อา} ธ8ก ป .อ.ก	*	Changing the band limit setting.(D 48)	å£5P.5	*	Changing the DTMF code transmission time. (P60)
мов SEnnAL	*	Changing the Memory Scan setting. (1039)	20 59r. on	*	Changing the reverse setting. (P45)
M09 Lo-000		Setting the range for Program Memory Scan.(P40)	^{га} 5° 5. 120	*	Changing the packet transmission speed. (667)
Pro. oF	×	Changing the Memory Protect setting. (D 29)	23 РЯ [Ь. л	*	Changing packet reception band. (₽67)
FL oF	*	Changing the Key Lock setting. (D22)	30 tot. oF	*	Changing the time-out timer setting. (P50)
FLEHOF	*	Setting for the Selector for use in the key lock.	^{3†} RP0. oF	*	Changing the auto power off setting. (D 51)
PL. oF	*	Changing the PTT lock setting. (P48)	³⁷ - F. oF	*	Changing the RF squelch setting. (D4)
14 Rt - m.o.F	*	Changing the Auto Mute setting (●50)	33 88 oF		Memory backup operation. (P29)
^{រទ} 5ដ ៦ ៣.០F	*	Changing the Sub-band Mute setting (250)	³⁴ P. 5	*	Setting the number of digits for direct input. (254)
۶. ۴. ה. F	*	Changing the VFO Link setting. (D 49)	35 RtRm.on	*	Setting the auto AM mode (P51)
5±6₽.oF	*	Changing the Stand-by beep setting (D 50)	³⁶ НоL 1.5	*	Setting the resume time of busy scan (\$37)

REFERENCES

Options

CMU161 Memory unit (For memory expansion or memory backup.)

- CMB5900 Mobile bracket
- CSK12 External speaker
- CAW590 Dual microphone cable
- CAW591 Separate cable (Control Head Extension cable: 3m)
- CAW592 Extension cable with connection box (5 m)
- CAW593 Extension cable with connection box (8 m)
- CAW575 Power extension cable (5 m)
- CAW576 Power relay cable (3 m)

REFERENCES

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Specifications

General
Frequency Range
For C5900DA
Left band:
50 MHz band 50.000 to 53.995 MHz
144 MHz band 144.000 to 147.995 MHz
440 MHz band 420.000 to 449.995 MHz
Right band:
144 MHz band 144.000 to 147.995 MHz 440 MHz band 420.000 to 449.995 MHz
440 MHz band 420.000 to 449.995 MHz For C5908DE
Left band:
50 MHz band 50.000 to 53.995 MHz
144 MHz band 144.000 to 147.995 MHz
440 MHz band 430.000 to 439.995 MHz
Right band:
144 MHz band 144.000 to 147.995 MHz
440 MHz band 430.000 to 439.995 MHz
Transmission TypeF2 F3
Rated VoltageDC 13.8 VDC ± 15 %
Current Consumption
(At transmission) HighLess than 12.00 A
MiddleLess than 5.85 A
LowLess than 4.35 A
(In waiting)Less than 0.75 A
Microphone Input Impedance
Speaker Impedance
Antenna Impedance
Working Temperature range 20 °C to + 60 °C
Frequency Stability ± 4 ppm
Antenna Connector M type with cable (C5900DA)
N type with cable (C5908DE)
Grounding Method Negative grounding
Dimensions
$(W \times H \times D)$
Weight Approx. 1.2 Kg

Receiver		
Reception System	Doub	le super heterodyne
Intermediate frequency		
Left band:		
50MHz band	1st IF	44.95 MHz (Upper)
	2nd IF	455 kHz (Lower)
144/440MHz band	1st IF	44.95 MHz (Lower)
	2nd IF	455 kHz (Lower)
Right band:		
144/440MHz band	1st IF	23.05 MHz (Lower)
	2nd IF	455 kHz (Lower)
Reception Sensitivity		
Less that	an 0.251µ	V (50.000 to 53.995MHz)
Less than	0.224µV ((144.000 to 147.995MHz)
Less than $0.251 \mu V$ (4	38.000 to	449.995MHz; C5900DA)
Less than 0.251µV (4	30.000 to	439.995MHz; C5908DE)
Selectivity	Mor	e than 12 kHz (-6dB)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		than 24 kHz (-60dB)
Squelch Open Sensitivit	у	Less than 0.158 μ V
Audio Output	3.0 \	W (at 10% distortion)
S/N Ratio with Input 0.5	μV	More than 24 dB

Transmitter

Transmission Power		
High		
50 W (144.000 to 147.995 MHz)		
35 W (438.000 to 449.995 MHz; C5900DA)		
35 W (430.000 to 439.995 MHz; C5908DE)		
Middle		
Low		
Modulation SystemReactance modulation		
Max. Frequency Deviation $\pm 5 \ \text{kHz}$		
Spurious RadiationLess than - 60 dB		
Distortion Less than 3 % (at 70 % modulation)		

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