INSTRUCTION MANUAL FOR MODEL NCM-515 CONTROLLER 取扱説明書

For further information contact:



HEAD OFFICE & SALES DEPT.	1-17-1, Toranomon, Minato, Tokyo. Telephone : Tokyo(03)591-3451 Telex : 0222-3068 JRCTOK J Cable Address : "JAPAN RADIO TOKYO"
SALES OFFICE	1–4–28, Dojima Hama, Kita, Osaka. Telephone : Osaka(06)344–1631 Telex : 0523–6605 JRCOSA J
MAIN FACTORY	5-1-1, Shimorenjaku, Mitaka, Tokyo. Telephone : Musashino(0422)44-9111 Telex : 0282-2351 JRCMTK J

Printed in Japan '82. 7 ABE Photo Printing Co., Ltd. No. 38260 (600) 1.



Japan Radio Co., Ltd.

PREFACE

This controller is intended to designate the receiving frequency via keyboard, combined with the JRC Model NRD-515 Receiver and Model NDH-515 or NDH-518 Memory Unit.

CONTENTS

PAG	GE
1 SPECIFICATIONS	15
2 PRECAUTIONS BEFORE USE	15
2.1 Interconnection	15
2.1.1 Connection to NRD-515 receiver	15
2.1.2 Connection to NRD-515 receiver with memory unit	15
2.2 Inserting and Replacing the Memory Back-up Battery	16
2.3 Silencing the Built-in Buzzer	16
3 OPERATING CONTROLS AND FUNCTION	16
4 OPERATING PROCEDURE	17
4.1 Receiving Operation	17
4.1.1 Frequency setting by numeric key	17
4.1.2 Frequency addition/subtraction	18
4.1.3 Scanning reception	18
4.1.4 Frequency change with constant intervals	19
4.1.5 Reception with use of contained memory	20
	21
4.2 Reception with Controller and Memory Unit Connected Parallel to Receiver	21
5 APPENDIX	
Interconnection Diagram Appendi	x 1

Q

SECTION 1 SPECIFICATIONS

0 to 29.9999MHz

Frequency setting using keyboard, frequency up/down, addition/ subtraction, constant addition/subtraction, 4-channel frequency memory, key lock, built-in buzzer

SECTION 2 PRECAUTIONS BEFORE USE

2.1 Interconnection

٠

(1) Frequency setting

Frequency Operation mode

(2) Functions

(3) Display

(4) Output data

(5) Power source(6) Dimensions & Weight

(7) Accessories

Either of two methods is selectable, as described below.

CAUTION: Always set off the power switch of the associated receiver, before connection of the NCM-515 Controller.

2.1.1 Connection to NRD-515 receiver

Connect the 34-pin square plug, P13, of the connection cable of this controller to the "MEMO-RY INPUT" connector located at the rear panel of the receiver. In this case, the furnished COE-515 joint unit is not used.

2.1.2 Connection to NRD-515 receiver with memory unit

When using this controller together with memory unit, NDH-515 or NDH-518, connect both in parallel to the NRD-515 receiver.

With seeing Figure 2-1, take the procedure below.

Remove the setscrews (1) and (2) from the rear side of the receiver, using screwdriver.

Fully insert the connector J1 of the CQE-515 joint unit into the MEMORY INPUT connector on the rear panel.

Secure the CQE-515 joint unit to the rear panel by passing setscrews and spring washers (3-6) through the joint unit.

Connect NDH-515/518 connection plug to MEMORY connector and NCM-515 connection plug to CONT connector of joint unit.

NOTE: When not using the memory unit change the NCM-515 connection plug to the MEMORY connector.

2.2 Inserting and Replacing the Memory Back-up Battery

When setting off the power switch of the receiver, the frequency stored in the 4-channel memory will be lost.

When wishing to retain the stored frequency, insert a back-up battery into the battery holder of this controller.

(1) Inserting the battery

First power off the receiver. Then remove four setscrews from the bottom face of this controller. Take off the lower case. The PC board will be exposed and the battery holder will be accessible. Insert the battery into it with correct polarity.

The battery is not furnished. Please buy it.

Use any of the followings for camera use.

• Silver oxide cell, No. 544, 6V, Sony-Eveready co.

• Silver oxide cell 4G13/6V, National Mallory Battery corp.

• Alkali dry cell, No. A544, 6V, Sony-Eveready co.

NOTE: The memory data will be retained so long as the receiver is energized, even if the power switch of this controller is set off.

Under this condition, no back-up battery is used.

(2) Replacing the Battery

If the stored memory data change or stored information is lost soon, the back up battery will be faded already.

In such case, replace the battery with new one. The replacement is similar to the insertion of the battery denoted in Paragraph 2.2 (1).

Since the memory contents are lost at the time of the battery removal, store again.

2.3 Silencing the Built-in Buzzer

Every time pressing each key or error occurs, the buzzer sounds for confirmation.

If no buzzer sounding is wished, follow the procedure for silencing the buzzer singing, as follows: Remove four set screws from the bottom face and remove the lower case. Cut off the jumper wire JP1 on the PC board, using cutting nipper.

SECTION 3 OPERATING CONTROLS AND FUNCTION

Refer to Figure 3-1.

- LCD display Indicates receiving frequencies on 6 digits from 10MHz to 100Hz, and Operating modes: MR (memory read), PRE (preset), LOCK, with arrowed LCD marks.
- 2 POWER switch For switching on and off the power.

③ STEP switch For selecting the frequency step either 1kHz or 0.1kHz upon UP/DOWN operation mode.

(6) PRE/MAN key For selecting the control mode of the receiver. In the PRESET
mode, the receiving frequency is controlled from the controller and arrow indicator appears. In
the MANUAL mode, the receiving frequency is controlled manually from tuning dial of the
receiver and arrow indicator disappears.
\bigcirc 0 – 9 numeric key, For entering desired receiving frequency.
NOTE: $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ keys are also used for selecting Memory Channels 1 – 4.
(8) decimal point key For inserting the decimal point in the receiving frequency
under entry.
-
Press when entering the fraction part of the receiving frequency below the kHz-digit.
(9) +, -, = keys Press for addition, subtraction, and constant addition/constant
subtraction upon setting the receiving frequency.
In addition = key is used to send the indicated frequency to the receiver.
(1) LUP, DOWN keys Press for incrementing up and down the receiving frequency.
[I] M (memory) key Press for storing the frequency indicated on the display into
Memory channels 1 through 4.
(12) MR (memory read) key Press for reading the stored data in the Memory channels 1
through 4.
(3) CE (clear entry) key Press in case:
wrong entry is made, wishing to return the display to "0", mis-operation is made, or wishing to
clear an error.
(A) C (all clear) key Press for clearing all controls, including output data to the
receiver.
receiver.

Exception: Stored memory contents in Memory channels 1 through 4 and PRE/MAN mode information still remain uncleared.

SECTION 4

OPERATING PROCEDURE

4.1 Receiving Operation

Connect this controller to the NRD-515 receiver as denoted in Paragraph 2.1.

4.1.1 Frequency setting by Numeric Key

Enter the receiving frequency by kHz unit. (1) Example: Entering a receiving frequency of 14,250.0 kHz

Key operation	Value on display	Value on RX display
M1	1	Previous frequency
M4 [4]	14	*
M2 2	142	"
5	1425	
0	14250	"
•	14250.	"
0	14.250.0	" DE
PRE/MAN	14.250.0	PRE 14.250.0

(2) Example: Entering a receiving frequency with clearing mis-operation on the way

Key operation	Value on display	DDD	Value on RX display
9	9	PRE	14.250.0
5	95		"
Mis-ope 6	956		
Correct CE	0		"
9	9		"
5	95		"
4	954		"
=	954.0		954.0

4.1.2 Frequency addition/subtraction

A certain frequency can be added to or substracted from the current frequency under reception.

Example: Key operation Value on display Value on RX display Enter a frequency of 6.210.0 6.210.0 PRE 6.210.0 -6.210.0 6.210.0 (1)6210.0kHz 1 1 6.210.0 - 10kHz 0 10 6.210.0 $= 6200 \ OkHz$ 6.200.0 6.200.0 |+ |5 |• 6.200.0 6.200.0 (2)6200.0kHz 5 6.200.0 + 5.5kHz 5. 6.200.0 5 = 6205.5kHz 5.5 6.200.0 6.205.5 6.205.0

If the resultant value exceeds the frequency range of 0 to 29.9999MHz after frequency addition or subtraction, an error mark "E" will appear on the display.

NOTE: Even if the error mark appears, the original frequency before the frequency addition/ subtraction will be held as it was.

In this case, press the CE key to clear for error.

4.1.3 Scanning reception

The current frequency under reception can be stepped up or down by pressing the $\blacksquare UP$ or \blacktriangledown DOWN key, respectively.

Two modes are available: step by step and sequential modes, as described below.

 Step by Step frequency change mode Set the STEP switch to the 1 kHz or 0.1 kHz position.

Set the STET switch to the Tkriz or 0.1 kriz position

Example: STEP switch set to 0.1 kHz

Key operation	Value on display		Value on RX display
Enter a frequency		DDE	
of 17.777.7	17.777.7	PRE	17.777.7

Key opera	tion	Value on display		Value on RX display
UP		17.777.8	PRE	17.777.8
UP		17.777.9	"	17.777.9
DOWN	▼	17.777.8	"	17.777.8
DOWN	▼	17.777.7	"	17.777.7

Each time the key is pressed, the frequency increments or decrements with intervals of 100Hz. (2) Sequential scanning mode

Set the STEP switch to the 1 kHz or 0.1 kHz position.

Set the SPEED switch to the FAST or SLOW position.

Pressing the UP or DOWN key more than 0.5 sec, the frequency sequentially increments or decrements with intervals of the selected frequency step.

When releasing this key, the frequency scanning ceases.

This function is available for continuous tuning of the frequency.

During the UP or DOWN key is pressed, press the other key at the same time, than the frequency changes up to down or inversely for smooth tuning.

(3) Precautions

Set both the STEP and SPEED switches before starting the UP/DOWN operation.

If pressing other key during the UP/DOWN operation, this controller will not accept the information from the pressed key.

The frequency will changed repeatedly with the UP/DOWN operation within the range of 0 to 29.9999MHz.

4.1.4 Frequency change with constant intervals

The frequency under reception can be incremented or decremented with intervals of designated step frequency.

Example: Reception of short-wave broadcast programs arranged with intervals of 5kHz

	Key operation	Value on display		Value on RX display
_	Enter a frequency of 6.055.0.	6.055.0	PRE	6.055.0
(1)6,055kHz	(<u>+</u>	6.055.0	-	6.055.0
+ 5kHz	5	5	"	6.055.0
constant	=	6.060.0	"	6.060.0
addition	=	6.065.0		6.065.0
(5kHz -	Ŧ	6.070.0	-	6.070.0

~	Key operation	Value on display		Value on RX display
2)6.070kHz	(6.070.0		6.070.0
– 5kHz	5	5	PRE	6.070.0
constant	=	6.065.0	"	6.065.0
subtraction	=	6.060.0		6.060.0
(5kHz –		6.055.0	"	6.055.0
step down)	CE	0	"	6.055.0
	C	0	"	000.0

If the resultant value of frequency exceeds the frequency range of 0 to 29.9999MHz after the constant addition/subtraction, an error mark "E" will be displayed.

In this case, however, the previous frequency value will be retained on the display of the receiver, as it was.

In the event of the error, press the CE key to clear.

In this control mode, the step frequency can be set to desired value, unlike the up/down reception mode.

4.1.5 Reception with use of contained memory

This controller contains four-channel frequency memory.

It is available to storing desired frequencies at any time, which can be changed and read out for preset reception.

(1) Memory operation

For storing desired frequencies in the memory. Either PRESET or MANUAL mode may be selected for storing the frequency in the memory.

Example: MANUAL mode, frequency of 11,795.0kHz to be stored in Channel 1:



(2) Reception with memory

Stored frequencies are used for reception, as follows:

The preset reception can be made in such manner:

Read a desired frequency from the memory channel and select the PRESET mode, then the receiver can receive the frequency.

Example: Preset reception with stored frequency of 11,795.0kHz in Channel 1



If selecting any memory channel with no content of frequency, the display will indicate "0.0" and the display on the receiver will indicate "000.0".

(3) Changing the stored frequency

The stored frequencies in the memory are changeable, irrespective of the already stored frequencies.

Storing a new frequency according to Paragraph 4.1.5. (1) will suffice for changing the stored frequency.

If pressing the CE key and C key, no stored frequencies can be cleared.

4.1.6 Operational precautions

- (1) No frequencies from the receiver can be stored in the memory of this controller.
- (2) When setting the POWER switch of this controller to OFF position, it is electrically separated from the receiver at all. As a result, the receiver becomes operable independently.
- (3) Every time the display indicates an error mark "E", press either CE key or C key.
- (4) It is not needed to enter the "0" of 100Hz digit, because it is automatically appended when a following function key is pressed.
- (5) No continuous operation of the frequency addition/subtraction can be made.
- (6) After completion of such functional operations as UP/DOWN, addition/subtraction, constant addition/subtraction, memory-in and memory-read operations, this controller will always be ready for entry of the next receiving frequency.
- (8) If this controller backed up with battery does not operate at all or malfunctions by pressing some key after the <u>POWER</u> switch set <u>ON</u>, then make an attempt for operation, as follows: Set the power switch of the receiver to OFF, take off the battery once, and insert it again.

4.2 Reception with Controller and Memory Unit Connected Parallel to Receiver

Connect this controller and memory unit to the receiver in such manner as denoted in Paragraph 2.1.2.

```
Set the NRD-515's POWER switch to ON and then this controller's POWER switch to ON.
When controlling the receiver from this controller, place the PRESET/MANUAL switch in
```

MANUAL.

The operating procedure is shown in Table 4-1.

For the basic operating procedure of this controller, refer to Paragraph 4.1.

For the operating procedure of the memory unit, refer to the Memory Unit Instruction manual.

Table 4-1

MEMORY UNIT CONTROLLER RECEIVER MEMORY UNIT CONTROLLER In submoty unit MEMORY UNIT CONTROLLER MEMORY UNIT CONTROLLER In submoty unit MANUAL Prenote control not Remote control not Remote control not I. Reception, manual MANUAL MANUAL Remote control not Remote control not I. Reception, manual MANUAL MANUAL Prenote control from possible. Writing frc. I. Reception with MANUAL MANUAL Remote control not Remote control not I. Reception with PRESET MANUAL Remote control not Remote control not I. Reception with PRESET MANUAL Remote control not Remote control not I. Reception with PRESET Manual operating in france Operating in france Same as above I. Reception with MANUAL Remote control of Same as above I. Reception with MANUAL Remote control of Same as above I. Reception with MANUAL Remote control of Same as above	 ODED ATION MODE	PRESET/MANU	PRESET/MANUAL SETTING		OPERATION		
ual Operating in MANUAL Remote control not (Remote control from possible) writing fR memory unit and in memory in memo- controller not possible) ry unit possible MANUAL MANUAL memory unit and memory unit and controller not possible) ry unit possible PRESET Operating in fRM Remote control from ry not possible) PRESET (Manual operation) Operating in fRM Remote control from controller not possible) Preceiver in fRM MANUAL Remote control from receiver in fRM MANUAL RESET Operating in fRC		MEMORY UNIT	CONTROLLER	RECEIVER	MEMORY UNIT	CONTROLLER	
PRESET (Manual operation) Operating in fRM Reading in from controller not possible) controller not possible) MANUAL PRESET from memory unit not possible)	 l. Reception, manual	MANUAL	MANUAL	Operating in MANUAL (Remote control from memory unit and controller not possible)	Remote control not possible. Writing fR into memory in memo- ry unit possible (Writing fRC in memo- ry not possible)	Remote control not possible. Writing f _R C into memory possible	
MANUAL PRESET (Remote control from memory unit not possible)	 2. Reception with memory unit	PRESET	(Manual operation)	Operating in fRM (Remote control from controller not possible)	Remote control of receiver in fRM	Same as above	
	 3. Reception with controller	MANUAL	PRESET	Operating in fRC (Remote control from memory unit not possible)	Operating in MANUAL. Writing f _{RC} into memo- ry of memory unit possible	Remote control of receiver in fRC. Writing fRC into memory possible	

When setting the memory unit into the PRESET mode, the memory unit has priority of the operation and the controller operates in the MANUAL mode independently of the receiver. This controller is incapable of storing the frequency from the receiver and memory unit into its own memory. NOTE 1.

fR ... receiving frequency, fRM ... memory unit frequency, fRC ... controller frequency. NOTE 2. NOTE 3. .

٠



付図1 NRD-515·NDH-515/518·NCM-515相互接続図 Appendix1 INTERCONNECTION DIAGRAM







CQE - 515

JOINT UNIT SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM

