

# **BASIC MANUAL**

VHF/UHF ALL MODE TRANSCEIVER

IC-9700



Thank you for choosing this Icom product. The IC-9700 VHF/UHF ALL MODE TRANSCEIVER is designed and built with Icom's state of the art technology and craftsmanship. With proper care, this product should provide you with years of trouble-free operation. We appreciate you making the IC-9700 your transceiver of choice, and hope you agree with Icom's philosophy of "technology first." Many hours of research and development went into the design of your IC-9700.

# **IMPORTANT**

**READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS** carefully completely before using the transceiver.

**SAVE THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL**— This instruction manual contains basic operating instructions for the IC-9700. For advance operating instructions, see the Advanced Manual for details. The Advance Manual is available at the following

http://www.icom.co.jp/world/support/

# **EXPLICIT DEFINITIONS**

WORD	DEFINITION
<b>△ DANGER!</b>	Personal death, serious injury or an
ZI DANGER!	explosion may occur.
<b>△ WARNING!</b>	Personal injury, fire hazard or electric
ZIX VVARINING!	shock may occur.
CAUTION	Equipment damage may occur.
	Recommended for optimum use. No
NOTE	risk of personal injury, fire or electric
	shock.

# SUPPLIED ACCESSORIES

# Spare fuse (5 A) Hand microphone CW key plug (3.5 mm: 1/8" Stereo) DC power cable (3 m: 9.8 ft)

① Different types of accessories may be supplied, or may not be supplied depending on the transceiver version.

This product includes RTOS "RTX" software, and is licensed according to the software license.

This product includes "zlib" open source software, and is licensed according to the open source software license.

This product includes "libpng" open source software, and is licensed according to the open source software license.

Refer to the "About the Licenses" page at the end of this manual for information on the open source software being used in this product.

This software is based in part on the work of the Independent JPEG Group, and is licensed according to the open source software license.

# **FEATURES**

internet address:

### · RF Direct Sampling System

The IC-9700 employs an RF direct sampling system. RF signals are directly converted to digital data in the ADC, and then processed in the FPGA. This system is a leading technology, marking an epoch in amateur radio. The 1200 MHz band uses a downconversion IF sampling.

### Real-Time Spectrum Scope

The spectrum scope is class-leading in resolution, sweep speed and dynamic range. When you touch the scope screen on the intended signal, the touched area is magnified. The large 4.3 inch color TFT touch LCD offers intuitive operation.

### · D-STAR operation

The IC-9700 has the D-STAR Repeater (DR) function. Moreover, by using the DD mode, you can browse the Internet through a repeater station.

# Satellite operation

The IC-9700 has 99 satellite memory channels for both uplink and downlink frequencies and mode.

# "IP+" Function

The IP Plus function improves 3rd order intercept point (IP3) performance. When a weak signal is received adjacent to strong interference, the AD converter is optimized against signal distortion.

# · A 4.3 inch touch panel color display

Multi-function control for easy settings

i

# **FCC INFORMATION**

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

**CAUTION:** Changes or modifications to this device, not expressly approved by Icom Inc., could void your authority to operate this device under FCC regulations.

Icom is not responsible for the destruction, damage to, or performance of any Icom or non-Icom equipment, if the malfunction is because of:

- Force majeure, including, but not limited to, fires, earthquakes, storms, floods, lightning, or other natural disasters, disturbances, riots, war, or radioactive contamination.
- The use of Icom transceivers with any equipment that is not manufactured or approved by Icom.

# ABOUT CE AND DOC



Hereby, Icom Inc. declares that the versions of IC-9700 which have the "CE" symbol on the product, comply with the essential requirements of the Radio

Equipment Directive, 2014/53/EU, and the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment Directive, 2011/65/EU. The full text of the EU declaration of conformity is available at the following internet address:

http://www.icom.co.jp/world/support/

# **DISPOSAL**



The crossed-out wheeled-bin symbol on your product, literature, or packaging reminds you that in the European Union, all electrical and electronic products, batteries, and accumulators (rechargeable batteries) must be taken

to designated collection locations at the end of their working life. Do not dispose of these products as unsorted municipal waste.

Dispose of them according to the laws in your area.

# **TRADEMARKS**

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AMBE+2 is a trademark and property of Digital Voice Systems Inc.

All other products or brands are registered trademarks or trademarks of their respective holders.

# ABOUT THE TOUCH SCREEN

# ♦ Touch operation

In the Advanced manual or Basic manual, the touch operation is described as shown below, with the beep tone ON.



### **Touch**

If the display is touched briefly, one short beep sounds



### Touch for 1 second

If the display is touched for 1 second, one short and one long beep sound.

# Touch screen precautions

- The touch screen may not properly work when the LCD protection film or sheet is attached.
- Touching the screen with your finger nails, sharp topped object and so on, or touching the screen hard may damage it.
- Tablet PC operations such as flick, pinch in and pinch out cannot be performed on this touch screen.

### Touch screen maintenance

- If the touch screen becomes dusty or dirty, wipe it clean with a soft, dry cloth.
- When you wipe the touch screen, be careful not to push it too hard or scratch it with your finger nails.
   Otherwise you may damage the screen.

# **ABOUT THE MANUALS**

The following manuals or Guide for this transceiver are published at the following internet address: http://www.icom.co.jp/world/support/

- Advanced Manual (English)
  Instructions for advanced operations in English.
- Basic Manual (English)
   Instructions for basic operations, the same as this manual.
- Basic Manual (Multi-language)
   Instructions for basic operations in multiple languages.
- CI-V Reference Guide (English)
   Describes the control commands used in remote control operation (serial communication with CI-V).
- About the Share Pictures function (English)
   Describes how to use the Share Pictures function in English.

### For Reference

HAM Radio Terms (English)
 A glossary of HAM radio terms in English.

To read the manuals or Guide, Adobe® Acrobat® Reader® is required. If you have not installed it, please down load the Adobe® Acrobat® Reader® and install it to your PC. You can download it from Adobe Systems Incorporated's website.

A PC with the following Operating System is required.

- Microsoft® Windows® 10
- Microsoft® Windows® 8.1
- Microsoft® Windows® 7

# **VOICE CORDING TECHNOLOGY**

The AMBE+2™ voice coding Technology embodied in this product is protected by intellectual property rights including patent rights, copyrights and trade secrets of Digital Voice Systems, Inc. This voice coding Technology is licensed solely for use within this Communications Equipment.

The user of this Technology is explicitly prohibited from attempting to extract, remove, decompile, reverse engineer, or disassemble the Object Code, or in any other way convert the Object Code into a human-readable form.

U.S. Patent Nos.

#8,595,002, #8,359,197, #8,315,860, #8,200,497, #7,970,606, #6,912,495 B2.

# ABOUT THE INSTRUCTIONS

The Advanced and Basic manuals are described in the following manner.

# "" (Quotation marks):

Used to indicate icons, setting items, and screen titles displayed on the screen.

The screen titles are also written in uppercase letters. (Example: FUNCTION screen)

# [] (brackets):

Used to indicate keys.

# Routes to the Set modes and Setting screens

Routes to the Set mode, Setting screens and the setting items are described in the following manner.



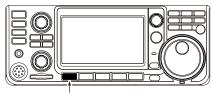
# Instruction example

# ♦ Selecting the display backgrour d

- Select the "Display Type" screen.
   MENU » SET > Display > Display Type
- Select the desired background between A and B by rotating and then pushing <u>MULT</u>).
  - · A: Black background (default)
  - B: Blue background
- 3. To close the DISPLAY screen, push **EXIT** several times.

### **Detailed instruction**

1. Push MENU.



Push

- Opens the MENU screen.
- 2. Touch [SET].



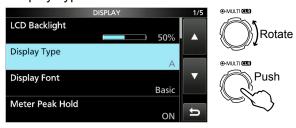
MENU screen

- · Opens the SET screen.
- 3. Rotate (MULTI), and then push (MULTI) to select "Display."

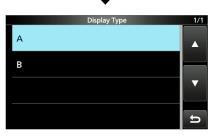


SET screen

4. Rotate <u>MULTI</u>), and then push <u>MULTI</u>) to select "Display Type."



DISPLAY screen



"Display Type" screen

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PORTANT			
FEATURES				
	PLICIT DEFINITIONS			
	PPLIED ACCESSORIESC INFORMATION			
	OUT CE AND DOC			
	POSAL			
	ADEMARKS			
AB	OUT THE TOUCH SCREEN	iii		
VO	ICE CORDING TECHNOLOGY	iii		
	OUT THE MANUALS			
	OUT THE INSTRUCTIONS			
PR	ECAUTIONS			
1	PANEL DESCRIPTION	1-1		
	Front panel			
	Rear panel			
	Touch screen display			
	♦ FUNCTION screen			
	♦ MENU screen      QUICK MENU			
	♦ Multi-function menus			
	Multi-function dial			
	Keyboard entering and editing			
	♦ Entering and editing characters			
	♦ Keyboard types			
	♦ Entering and editing			
	♦ Entering and editing example1	-10		
2	INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS	2_1		
_				
	Selecting a location	2-1		
	Selecting a location	2-1 2-1		
	Selecting a location	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1		
	Selecting a location	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1		
3	Selecting a location	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1		
	Selecting a location	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1		
	Selecting a location Using the desktop stands Connecting an external DC power supply Heat dissipation Grounding  BASIC OPERATION When first applying power Turning power ON or OFF	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1		
	Selecting a location	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1		
	Selecting a location	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1		
	Selecting a location	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1		
	Selecting a location  Using the desktop stands  Connecting an external DC power supply  Heat dissipation  Grounding  BASIC OPERATION  When first applying power  Turning power ON or OFF  Adjusting the volume level  Selecting the VFO and Memory modes  Using the VFO mode  \$\Delta\$ Selecting VFO A or VFO B	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1		
	Selecting a location  Using the desktop stands  Connecting an external DC power supply  Heat dissipation  Grounding  BASIC OPERATION  When first applying power  Turning power ON or OFF  Adjusting the volume level  Selecting the VFO and Memory modes  Using the VFO mode  Selecting VFO A or VFO B  Equalizing VFO A and VFO B	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1		
	Selecting a location Using the desktop stands Connecting an external DC power supply Heat dissipation Grounding  BASIC OPERATION When first applying power Turning power ON or OFF Adjusting the volume level Selecting the VFO and Memory modes Using the VFO mode  \$\infty\$ Selecting VFO A or VFO B \$\infty\$ Equalizing VFO A and VFO B Dualwatch operation.	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1		
	Selecting a location  Using the desktop stands  Connecting an external DC power supply  Heat dissipation  Grounding  BASIC OPERATION  When first applying power  Turning power ON or OFF  Adjusting the volume level  Selecting the VFO and Memory modes  Using the VFO mode  ♦ Selecting VFO A or VFO B  ♦ Equalizing VFO A and VFO B  Dualwatch operation  Selecting the Main and Sub bands	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-2 3-2		
	Selecting a location	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-2 3-2 3-2		
	Selecting a location  Using the desktop stands  Connecting an external DC power supply  Heat dissipation  Grounding	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-2 3-2 3-2 3-2 3-3		
	Selecting a location	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-2 3-2 3-2 3-3 3-3		
	Selecting a location  Using the desktop stands  Connecting an external DC power supply  Heat dissipation  Grounding  BASIC OPERATION  When first applying power  Turning power ON or OFF  Adjusting the volume level  Selecting the VFO and Memory modes  Using the VFO mode  \$\int \text{Selecting VFO A or VFO B}\$  \$\int \text{Equalizing VFO A and VFO B}\$  Dualwatch operation  Selecting the Main and Sub bands  \$\int \text{Swapping the Main band and Sub band}\$  \$\int \text{Swapping the Description}\$  Selecting the operating band  \$\int \text{Using the band stacking registers}\$	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-2 3-2 3-2 3-3 3-3 3-3		
	Selecting a location Using the desktop stands Connecting an external DC power supply Heat dissipation Grounding.  BASIC OPERATION When first applying power Turning power ON or OFF Adjusting the volume level Selecting the VFO and Memory modes Using the VFO mode  ♦ Selecting VFO A or VFO B  ♦ Equalizing VFO A and VFO B  Dualwatch operation Selecting the Main and Sub bands  ♦ Swapping the Main band and Sub band Selecting the operating band  ♦ Using the band stacking registers Selecting the operating mode Setting the frequency  ♦ Using the Main Dial.	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-2 3-2 3-2 3-3 3-3 3-3 3-3 3-4 3-4		
	Selecting a location Using the desktop stands Connecting an external DC power supply Heat dissipation Grounding.  BASIC OPERATION When first applying power Turning power ON or OFF Adjusting the volume level. Selecting the VFO and Memory modes Using the VFO mode  \$\Delta\$ Selecting VFO A or VFO B  \$\Delta\$ Equalizing VFO A and VFO B Dualwatch operation Selecting the Main and Sub bands \$\Delta\$ Swapping the Main band and Sub band Selecting the operating band \$\Delta\$ Using the band stacking registers Selecting the operating mode. Setting the frequency \$\Delta\$ Using the Main Dial. \$\Delta\$ About the Tuning Step function.	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-2 3-2 3-2 3-3 3-3 3-3 3-4 3-4		
	Selecting a location  Using the desktop stands  Connecting an external DC power supply  Heat dissipation  Grounding	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-2 3-2 3-2 3-3 3-3 3-3 3-4 3-4 3-4		
	Selecting a location Using the desktop stands Connecting an external DC power supply Heat dissipation Grounding	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-2 3-2 3-2 3-3 3-3 3-3 3-4 3-4 3-4 3-4		
	Selecting a location Using the desktop stands Connecting an external DC power supply Heat dissipation Grounding	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-2 3-2 3-2 3-3 3-3 3-4 3-4 3-4 3-4		
	Selecting a location Using the desktop stands Connecting an external DC power supply Heat dissipation Grounding	2-1 2-1 2-1 2-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-1 3-2 3-2 3-2 3-3 3-3 3-4 3-4 3-4 3-4 3-5		

	♦ Directly entering a frequency	3-
	♦ Band Edge Beep	3-6
	♦ Entering a Band Edge	
	RF gain and SQL level	
	Dial Lock function	
	Adjusting the transmit output power	
	♦ Adjusting the transmit output power	
	Transmit Power Limit function	
	Meter display	
	♦ Meter display selection	
	♦ Multi-function meter	
	Adjusting the microphone gain	3-1
4	RECEIVING AND TRANSMITTING	4-
	Preamplifiers	
	Attenuator	
	RIT function	4-
	♦ RIT monitor function	
	CW Auto Tuning function	
	AGC function control	4-2
	Selecting the AGC time constant	
	preset value	
	♦ Setting the AGC time constant	
	Using the Digital Twin PBT	
	Selecting the IF filter	
	Selecting the IF filter shape	
	Noise Blanker	
	♦ Adjusting the NB level and time	
	Noise Reduction	
	♦ Adjusting the Noise Reduction level	
	Notch Filter	
	Selecting the Notch filter type	
	♦ Setting the Manual Notch filter Monitor function	
	IP Plus function	
	Setting the Speech Compressor  Setting before using the Speech	4-0
		4-8
	♦ Using the Speech Compressor function	
	Split frequency operation	
	♦ Using the Quick Split function	
	♦ Using the receive and transmit	,
	frequencies set to VFO A and VFO B	4-9
	Split Lock function	
	Setting the transmit filter width	
	Operating CW	
	♦ Setting the CW pitch control	
	♦ Setting the key speed	
	♦ Using the Break-in function	
	♦ Monitoring the CW side tone	
	♦ About the electronic Keyer function	
	•	

5	SCOPE OPERATION5-1
	Spectrum scope screen5-1
	♦ Marker5-1
	♦ Using the Spectrum Scope 5-1
	♦ Center mode 5-2
	♦ Fixed mode 5-2
	♦ Touch screen operation 5-2
	♦ Mini scope screen5-2
	Audio scope screen5-3
	♦ AUDIO SCOPE SET screen5-3
6	SD CARD6-1
U	About the SD cards6-1
	Saving data6-1
	Inserting6-1
	•
	Formatting 6-1
	Unmounting 6-2
	Saving the setting data6-2
	Loading the saved data6-3
	Deleting a data file
	Displaying the card information6-4
	Importing or Exporting a CSV format file6-5
	♦ Importing6-5
	♦ Exporting6-6
	About the SD card folders6-7
7	SATELLITE COMMUNICATION7-1
	Satellite communications outline7-1
	Selecting the satellite mode7-1
	♦ Setting the satellite VFO7-1
	♦ Selecting NOR/REV tracking7-1
	Loop test procedure
	Satellite operation
	Satellite memories
	♦ Satellite memory screen
_	-
8	SET MODE8-1
	Set mode description8-1
	Tone Control/TBW
	Function8-2
	My Station8-6
	DV/DD Set8-7
	QSO/RX Log8-9
	Connectors 8-12
	Network
	Display8-17
	Time Set
	SD Card8-20
	Others8-21
9	CLOCK9-1
-	Setting the date and time9-1
	♦ Setting the date
	♦ Setting the current time9-1
	♦ Setting the UTC offset
	NTP function
	♦ Using the NTP Time Synchronize function 9-1
	♦ Using the NTP function9-1
	V Using the NTF Turicuoti9-1

10	MAINTENANCE	
	Cleaning	
	Replacing fuse	
	Resetting	
	♦ Partial reset	
	♦ All reset	
	Cloning	10-3
	Touch screen calibration function	
	Troubleshooting	10-6
	♦ D-STAR operation	10-8
11		
11	♦ General	
	♦ Transmitter	
	♦ Receiver	
12	OPTIONS	
	Options	12-1
	Mounting the MB-118	12-2
	Attaching the MB-123	12-2
13	CONNECTOR INFORMATION	13-1
13		
13	[ACC]	13-1
13	[ACC]	13-1 13-1
13	[ACC]	13-1 13-1 13-1
13	[ACC]	13-1 13-1 13-1 13-2
13	[ACC]	13-1 13-1 13-2 13-2
13	[ACC]	13-1 13-1 13-2 13-2 13-2
13	[ACC]	13-1 13-1 13-2 13-2 13-2
13	[ACC]	13-113-113-213-213-2
13	[ACC]	13-113-113-213-213-213-2
13	[ACC]	13-113-113-213-213-313-3
13	[ACC]	13-113-113-213-213-313-313-3
13	[ACC]	13-113-113-213-213-313-313-3
13	[ACC]	13-1 13-1 13-1 13-2 13-2 13-2 13-3 13-3
	[ACC]	13-113-113-213-213-313-313-313-313-3
14	[ACC]	13-1 13-1 13-1 13-2 13-2 13-3 13-3 13-3

# **PRECAUTIONS**

△ DANGER HIGH RF VOLTAGE! NEVER touch an antenna or antenna connector while transmitting. This could cause an electrical shock or burn.

△ DANGER! NEVER operate the transceiver near unshielded electrical blasting caps or in an explosive atmosphere. This could cause an explosion and death.

⚠ WARNING RF EXPOSURE! This device emits Radio Frequency (RF) energy. Extreme caution should be observed when operating this device. If you have any questions regarding RF exposure and safety standards please refer to the Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering and Technology's report on Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields (OET Bulletin 65).

⚠ WARNING! NEVER operate the transceiver with a headset or other audio accessories at high volume levels. If you experience a ringing in your ears, reduce the volume or discontinue use.

⚠ **WARNING! NEVER** apply AC power to the [DC13.8V] socket on the transceiver rear panel. This could cause a fire or damage the transceiver.

⚠ **WARNING! NEVER** apply more than 16 V DC to the [DC13.8V] socket on the transceiver rear panel. This could cause a fire or damage the transceiver.

⚠ **WARNING! NEVER** reverse the DC power cable polarity. This could cause a fire or damage the transceiver.

⚠ **WARNING! NEVER** remove the fuse holder on the DC power cable. Excessive current caused by a short could cause a fire or damage the transceiver.

⚠ **WARNING! NEVER** let metal, wire or other objects contact the inside of the transceiver, or make incorrect contact with connectors on the rear panel. This could cause an electric shock or damage the transceiver.

⚠ **WARNING! NEVER** operate or touch the transceiver with wet hands. This could cause an electric shock or damage to the transceiver.

⚠ **WARNING! NEVER** operate the equipment if you notice an abnormal odor, sound or smoke. Immediately turn OFF the power and/or remove the DC power cable. Contact your Icom dealer or distributor for advice.

⚠ **WARNING! NEVER** put the transceiver on an unstable place where the transceiver may suddenly move or fall. This could cause an injury or damage the transceiver.

⚠ **WARNING! NEVER** operate the transceiver during a lightning storm. It may result in an electric shock, cause a fire or damage the transceiver. Always disconnect the power source and antenna before a storm.

**CAUTION: DO NOT** expose the transceiver to rain, snow or any liquids. They could damage the transceiver.

**CAUTION: DO NOT** change the internal settings of the transceiver. This could reduce transceiver performance and/or damage to the transceiver. The transceiver warranty does not cover any problems caused by unauthorized internal adjustments.

**CAUTION: DO NOT** install or place the transceiver in a place without adequate ventilation, or block any cooling vents on the top, rear, sides or bottom of the transceiver. Heat dissipation may be reduced and damage the transceiver.

**CAUTION: NEVER** use harsh solvents such as Benzine or alcohol when cleaning. This could damage the transceiver surfaces. If the surface becomes dusty or dirty, wipe it clean with a soft, dry cloth.

**CAUTION: NEVER** leave the transceiver in areas with temperatures below  $-10^{\circ}$ C (+14°F) or above +60°C (+140°F) for mobile operations.

**CAUTION: DO NOT** place the transceiver in excessively dusty environments. This could damage the transceiver.

**CAUTION: DO NOT** place the transceiver against walls or putting anything on top of the transceiver. This may overheat the transceiver.

**CAUTION: DO NOT** set the transceiver's RF output power to more than a connected linear amplifier's maximum input level. Otherwise, the linear amplifier will be damaged.

**CAUTION: DO NOT** use non-lcom microphones. Other microphones have different pin assignments, and may damage the transceiver.

**BE CAREFUL!** The transceiver will become hot when operating the transceiver continuously for long periods of time.

**NEVER** leave the transceiver in an insecure place to avoid use by unauthorized persons.

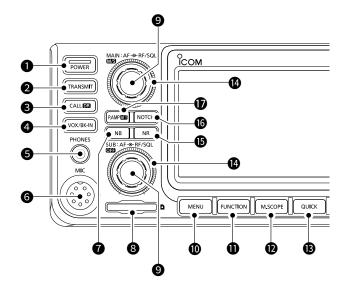
Turn OFF the transceiver's power and/or disconnect the DC power cable when you will not use the transceiver for long period of time.

The LCD display may have cosmetic imperfections that appear as small dark or light spots. This is not a malfunction or defect, but a normal characteristic of LCD displays.

# PANEL DESCRIPTION

# Front panel

This section describes the keys, controls and dials that you use to operate the IC-9700. Refer to the pages posted beside each key, control, or dial for details.



# POWER KEY POWER (p. 3-1)

Turns the transceiver ON or OFF.

# 2 TRANSMIT KEY TRANSMIT (p. 3-10)

- Toggles between transmit and receive.
- In the DD mode, turns the TX Inhibit function ON or OFF.

### 3 CALL/DR FUNCTION KEY CALLDR (p. 3-1)

- Push to toggle between the Call channel mode and the VFO/Memory modes.
- Hold down for 1 second to turn the DR function ON or OFF.

# 4 VOX/BREAK-IN KEY VOX/BK-IN

Turns the VOX function and Break-in function (p. 4-11) ON or OFF.

# **5** HEADPHONE JACK [PHONES] (p. 13-1)

Connects to standard stereo headphones.

# **6** MICROPHONE CONNECTOR [MIC] (p. 13-3)

Connects to the supplied or an optional microphone.

### **7** NOISE BLANKER KEY NB (p. 4-5)

Turns the Noise Blanker ON or OFF.

# SD CARD SLOT [SD CARD] (p. 6-1)

Accepts an SD card.

# 9 VOLUME CONTROL (AF→RF/SQL)/MS/OFF (p. 3-1)

The upper control is for the Main band, and the lower control is for the Sub band.

- Adjust the audio output level.
- Push to select the Main or Sub band.
- Hold down MS (upper) for 1 second to toggle between the Main and Sub band's frequency and operating modes.
- Hold down **OFF** (lower) for 1 second to turn the Dualwatch function ON or OFF.

# **MENU KEY MENU** (p. 1-6)

Opens the MENU screen.

# **1** FUNCTION KEY FUNCTION (p. 1-6)

Opens the FUNCTION screen.

# MINI SCOPE KEY M.SCOPE (p. 5-2)

Displays the Mini scope or Spectrum scope.

The Mini scope is displayed only when the Dualwatch function is OFF.

### **B** QUICK KEY QUICK (p. 1-6)

Opens the QUICK MENU screen.

# **1** RF GAIN CONTROL/SQUELCH CONTROL

AF-RF/SQL (p. 3-10)

(i) The upper control is for the Main band, and the lower control is for the Sub band.

Adjusts the RF gain and squelch threshold levels.

### **(b)** NOISE REDUCTION KEY NR (p. 4-6)

Turns the Noise Reduction function ON or OFF.

# MOTCH KEY NOTCH (p. 4-6)

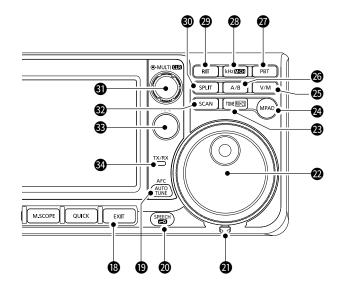
Turns ON or OFF, and selects the Notch function type.

# PREAMP/ATTENUATOR KEY PAMP (p. 4-1)

Turns ON or OFF, and selects one of two receive RF preamplifiers or turns the Attenuator ON or OFF.

# 1 PANEL DESCRIPTION

# Front panel (Continued)



# **(B) EXIT KEY EXIT** (p. 1-6)

Exits a setting screen or returns to the previous screen.

# PAFC/AUTO TUNE KEY AFC/ (p. 4-1)

- In the FM or DV mode, turns the Auto Frequency Control function ON or OFF.
- In the CW mode, automatically tunes the operating frequency to a close-by CW signal.

# **②** SPEECH/LOCK KEY (p. 3-10)

Announces the operating frequency or receiving mode, or electronically locks (MAIN DIAL).

# **10** FRICTION ADJUSTER

Adjusts the friction of (MAIN DIAL).

# MAIN DIAL MAIN DIAL (p. 3-4)

Changes the operating frequency.

### **2** TONE/RX CALL SIGN CAPTURE KEY TONERS—CS

- In the FM mode, displays the Tone Set window.
   For European versions: While holding down
   [PTT], hold down this key to send the 1750 Hz tone.
- In the DV mode, push to display the RX History list, or hold down for 1 second to capture the latest received call sign (station or repeater) as a temporary call destination.

### **MEMO PAD KEY MPAD**

Sequentially calls up the contents in the Memo Pads, or saves the displayed contents into the Memo Pad.

### **②** VFO/MEMORY KEY **▼/M** (p.3-1)

Switches between the VFO and Memory mode, or copies the memory channel contents to the VFO.

# **3** A/B KEY A/B (p. 3-1)

Switches between VFO A and VFO B, or copies the selected VFO's frequency, mode and filter settings to the other VFO.

# PASSBAND TUNING CONTROL KEY PBT (p. 4-3)

Enables MULT to adjust the Passband Tuning Control (PBT).

# 

In the VFO mode, push to enable MULT to adjust the kHz Tuning Control, or hold down for 1 second to enable MULT to select the Memory Channel.

① In the Memory or Call channel mode, it only enables the Memory channel selection.

# @ RIT KEY RIT (p. 4-1)

Enables MULT to adjust the Receiver Incremental Tuning (RIT), and it turns the Receiver Incremental Tuning (RIT) function ON or OFF.

### SPLIT KEY SPLIT (p. 4-9)

Turns the Split function ON or OFF.

### MULTI-FUNCTION CONTROL MULTI/CER (p. 1-7)

- Displays the Multi-function menu for various adjustments, or selects a desired item.
- Hold down for 1 second to clear the RIT shift frequency or the PBT setting.

### **2** SCAN KEY SCAN

- Push to display the Scan Select window.
- Hold down for 1 second to start the previously selected scan.

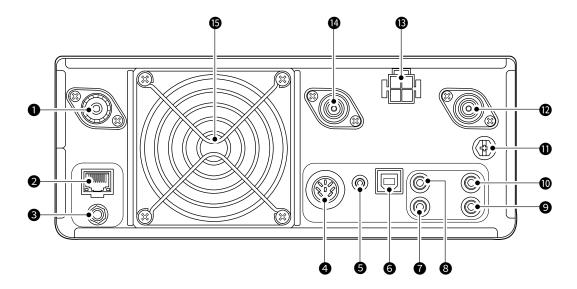
# **③ TRANSMIT FREQUENCY CHECK KEY** (p. 4-1)

- In the Split or Duplex mode, enables you to monitor the transmit frequency while holding the key down.
- In the Simplex mode, temporally opens the squelch and cancels the noise reduction function while holding the key down.
- ①In the DV mode, enables you to monitor signals in the FM or DV mode, depending on the Digital Monitor setting.

# **10** TX/RX INDICATOR (p. 3-10)

Lights red while transmitting and lights green while receiving.

# Rear panel



- **1** ANTENNA CONNECTOR [144 MHz ANT] (p. 13-3) Connects to a 50  $\Omega$  PL-259 coax connector.
- **2 ETHERNET CONNECTOR [LAN] (p. 13-2)**Connects to a PC network through a LAN.
- REFERENCE SIGNAL INPUT [REF IN 10 MHz] (p. 13-3) Inputs a 10 MHz reference signal through the SMA connector.
- **4** SOCKET [ACC] (p. 13-1)

Connects to devices to control an external unit or to control the transceiver.

**6** DATA JACK [DATA] (p. 13-2)

Connects to devices to control an external unit or to control the transceiver with 2.5 mm (1/10") stereo plug.

**6** USB PORT (B TYPE) [USB] (p. 13-2)

Connects to a PC.

**7** KEY JACK [KEY] (p. 13-2)

Connects to a straight key, paddle, or an external electronic keyer with 3.5 mm (1/8") stereo plug.

**③** CI-V REMOTE CONTROL JACK [REMOTE] (p. 13-3)

Connects to a PC or other transceiver for external control.

- **9** EXTERNAL SPEAKER JACK [EXT-SP SUB]
- © EXTERNAL SPEAKER JACK [EXT-SP MAIN] (p. 13-2)

Accepts a  $4~8~\Omega$  external speaker with 3.5 mm (1/8") mono plugs.

**@** GROUND TERMINAL [GND] (p. 2-1)

Connects to ground to prevent electrical shocks, TVI, BCI and other problems.

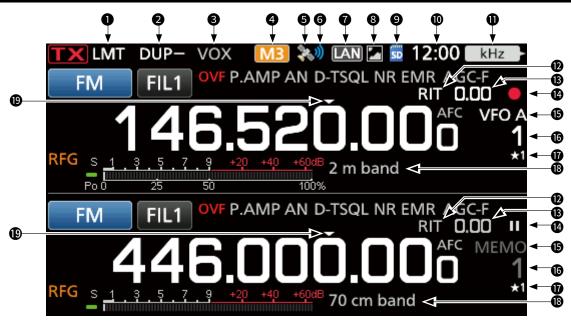
- **②** ANTENNA CONNECTOR [1200 MHz ANT] (p. 13-4) Connects to a 50  $\Omega$  Type N coax connector for the 1.2 GHz band.
- **®** DC POWER SOCKET [DC 13.8 V] (pp. 2-1 and 13-1)

Accepts 13.8 V DC through the DC power cable.

- **Φ** ANTENNA CONNECTOR [430 MHz ANT] (p. 13-3) Connects to a 50 Ω Type N coax connector for the 440 MHz band.
- **©** COOLING FAN

Cools the PA unit when necessary.

# Touch screen display



# **1** LMT ICON **M**T

Displayed if the power amplifier temperature becomes extremely high, and the Protection function is activated after transmitting continuously for a long period of time.

# 2 DUPLEX/SPLIT/REPEATER MODE/INTERNAL GATEWAY ICONS DUP= / SPLIT / RPS /

Displays "DUP" when the Duplex mode is ON. Displays "SPLIT" when the Split function is ON. Displays "RPS" while using the Repeater Simplex mode (RPS) in the DD mode.

Displays "man while using the Internal Gateway function.

# 3 BK-IN/F-BKIN/VOX INDICATORS F-BKIN / VOX Displayed while the Semi Break-in, Full Break-in or VOX function is ON.

# ♠ M1~M8/T1~T8/SPEECH COMPRESSOR ICONS M1 / T1 / COMP

Displays "M1"~"M8" while "External Keypad" on the CONNECTORS screen is set to ON and you are using the Memory Keyer function (p. 4-12). Displays "T1"~"T8" while using the Voice TX memory. Displays "COMP" when the Speech Compressor function is ON.

### 

Displays the status of the connected GPS receiver.

# **G**GPS ALARM ICON **N**

Displayed when the GPS Alarm function is ON.

### **7** NETWORK CONTROL ICON LAN

Displayed while the transceiver and the optional RS-BA1 are connected through a LAN cable for Remote control operation.

# **8** PICTURE SHARE ICON **2**

Displayed when the Share Pictures function is ON.

# **9** SD CARD ICON **5** (p. 6-1)

Displayed when an SD card is inserted, and blinks while accessing the SD card.

# **©** CLOCK READOUT **[2700]** (p. 9-1)

Displays the current local time. Touch the readout to display both the current local time and UTC time.

# **1)** FUNCTION INDICATOR FOR MULTI-FUNCTION CONTROL Displays the function that is assigned to <a href="MULT">MULTI-FUNCTION CONTROL</a>

# (p. 4-1)

Displayed when the RIT function is ON.

# **®** RIT/DUPLEX OFFSET FREQUENCY READOUT Displays the shift offset frequency for the RIT or Duplex functions, while these functions are ON.

# **②** VOICE RECORDER ICONS **■√II**

Displayed while recording or pausing the Voice recorder.

### (p. 3-1)

Displays "VFO A" or "VFO B" when the VFO mode is selected, and displays "MEMO" when the Memory mode is selected.

# **®** MEMORY CHANNEL READOUT **1**

Displays the selected memory channel number.

### **®** SELECT MEMORY CHANNEL ICON

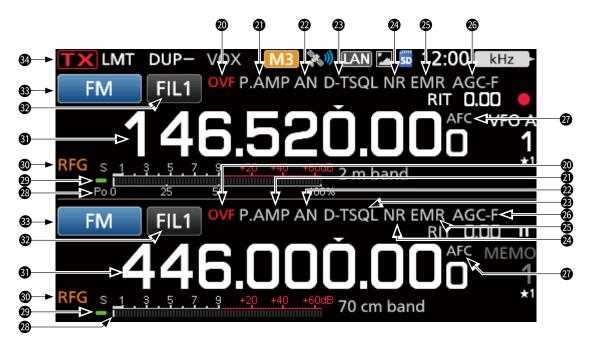
Indicates that the displayed memory channel is assigned as a Select Memory channel ( $\star$ 1~ $\star$ 3).

### **®** MEMORY NAME

Displayed when the Memory name is entered.

# **19** QUICK TUNING ICON

Displayed when the Quick Tuning Step function is ON.



# **② OVF ICON** (p. 3-10)

Displayed when an excessively strong signal is received.

# ② PREAMPLIFIER/ATTENUATOR ICONS (p. 4-1) P.AMP/ATT

Displayed when one the Preamplifiers is ON, or the Attenuator is ON.

# **2** NOTCH INDICATOR (p. 4-6)

Displays "AN" when the Auto Notch function is ON, and "MN" is displayed when the Manual Notch function is ON.

# ② NOISE BLANKER/TONE/DIGITAL SQUELCH ICONS NB/D-TSQL (p. 4-5)

Displayed when the Noise Blanker function is ON, when various tone functions are ON, or when various digital squelch functions are ON.

### **MOISE REDUCTION/AUTO TUNE INDICATORS**

Displays "NR" when the Noise Reduction function is ON. (p. 4-6)

Displays "AUTOTUNE" when the Auto Tuning function is ON.

# 

Displayed when the EMR (Enhanced Monitor Request) function is ON, when the BK (Break-in) function is ON, when Packet loss has occurred, or when the Automatic Reply function is ON.

### 29 AGC ICON AGC-F (p. 4-2)

Displayed while the Auto Gain Control (AGC) is ON.

# **②** AFC/ 1/4 ICON **AFC** / 1/4 (pp. 3-5, 8-5)

" AFC " is displayed while the Auto Frequency Control (AFC) is ON. (p. 8-5)

" 1/4 " is displayed while the 1/4 Tuning function is ON. (p. 3-5)

# **12** MULTI-FUNCTION METER (p. 3-11)

Displays various values and levels, depending on the function that you selected.

### **29 RX STATUS INDICATOR**

Lights green when a signal is received, or the squelch is open.

### **1** RF GAIN ICON **REG** (p. 3-10)

Displayed when (AFORF/SQL) (outer) is set to the counterclockwise from the 11 o'clock position. The icon indicates that the RF gain is reduced.

# MAIN BAND FREQUENCY READOUT SUB BAND FREQUENCY READOUT (p. 3-2)

Displays the transmit or receive frequency for the Main and Sub bands.

# IF FILTER INDICATOR FIL2 (p. 4-4)

Displays the selected IF filter number. A dot "·" is displayed on the IF Filter Indicator when you change the IF passband width.

# **③ MODE INDICATOR** RTTY-R (p. 3-3)

Displays the selected operating mode.

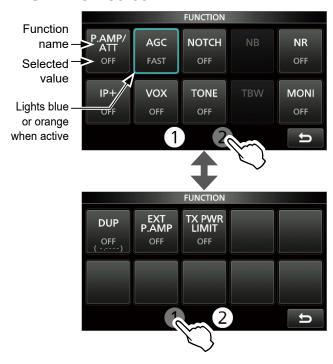
# **3** TX STATUS INDICATOR **1**

Displays the transmit status of the displayed frequency.

- TX is displayed while transmitting.
- ix is displayed when the selected frequency is outside of the band edge frequency range.(p. 3-6)
- **TX** is displayed when transmission is inhibited (p. 3-10)

# Touch panel (Continued)

# **♦ FUNCTION screen**



- Push FUNCTION to open the FUNCTION screen in the selected mode.
  - To close the FUNCTION screen, push **EXIT**.
  - ①Touching ① or ② at the bottom of the screen selects Function screen 1 or 2.

### **FUNCTION** screen list

- \*1 Touch for 1 second to select the function.
- \*2 Touch for 1 second to open its function menu.

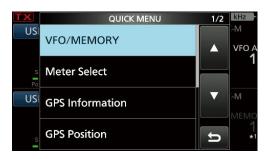
P.AMP/ATT	AGC*2	NOTCH*2	NB <sup>*2</sup>
OFF	FAST	OFF	OFF
P.AMP	MID	AN	ON
ATT <sup>*1</sup>	SLOW	MN	
NR*2	IP+	VOX*2	BKIN*2
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
ON	ON	ON	BKIN
			F-BKIN
COMP*2		TONE*2	
OFF	OFF	DTCS	DTCS (T)/TSQL (R)
ON	TONE	DTCS (T)	TONE (T)/TSQL (R)
	TSQL	TONE (T)/DTCS (R)	
D.SQL*2	TBW	1/4	MONI*2
OFF	WIDE	OFF	OFF
DSQL	MID	ON	ON
CSQL	NAR		
DUP*2	EXP P.AMP	RPS	TX PWR LIMIT*2
OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
DUP-	ON	ON	ON
DUP+			

# **♦ MENU screen**



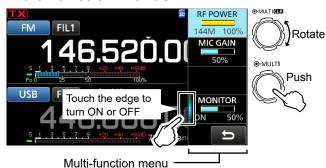
- Push **MENU** to open the MENU screen on the selected band.
  - To close the MENU screen, push **EXIT**.
  - ①Touching ① or ② on the bottom of the screen selects MENU screen 1 or 2.

# **♦ QUICK MENU**



• Push QUICK to open the QUICK MENU screen.

# **♦ Multi-function menus**



- Open the Multi-function menu by pushing (Multi-function control).
- Open special menus by holding down VOX/BK-IN,
   NB, NR, or NOTCH for 1 second.
- While the Multi-function menu is open, touch the desired item and rotate (MULTI) to set the desired value.

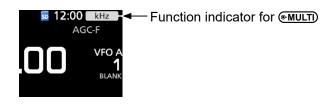
### Multi-function menu items

- \*1 Touch the edge to turn the function ON or OFF, or when you want to adjust.
- \*2 Touch the item for 1 second to enable **MULTI**).

SSB	SSB-D	cw	RTTY
RF POWER*2	RF POWER*2	RF POWER*2	RF POWER*2
MIC GAIN*2	MIC GAIN*2	KEY SPEED*2	TPF <sup>*1</sup>
COMP*1, *2		CW PITCH*2	
MONITOR*1, *2	MONITOR*1, *2		MONITOR*1, *2
FM/AM/DV	DD	NB	NR
RF POWER*2	RF POWER*2	LEVEL*2	LEVEL*2
MIC GAIN*2	TX INHIBIT*1	DEPTH*2	
		WIDTH*2	
MONITOR*1, *2			
NOTCH	vox	BK-IN	TX PWR LIMIT
POSITION*2	GAIN*2	DELAY*2	RF POWER*2
WIDTH*1	ANTI VOX*2		LIMIT
	DELAY*2		
	VOICE DELAY*1		

# **Multi-function dial**

When the Multi-function menu is closed, MULTO can be enabled to adjust functions that are either on the upper right three keys or in the Multi-function menus. The function is displayed in the upper right edge of the screen.



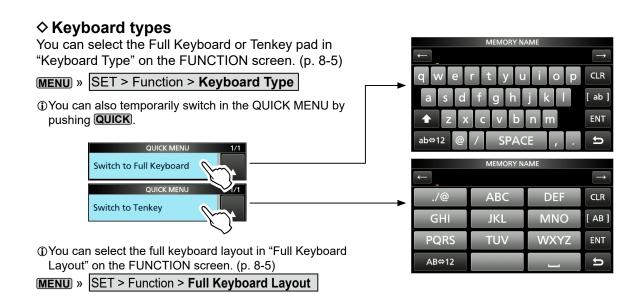
- \*1 You can independently enable •MULT to adjust the function for the MAIN and SUB bands.
- \*2 On the Multi-function menus, touch the item for 1 second to assign the function to (MULTI).

Indicator		Action	
DIT*1	Rotate	Adjusts the RIT frequency.	
RIT*1	Hold down	Clears the RIT frequency.	
kHz*1	Changes th steps.	e operating frequency on the kHz	
M-CH*1	Using the D	mory channels. PR function, selects an individual reset repeater.	
PBT1*1	Rotate	Adjusts the Shift value for PBT1.	
PDII	Hold down	Clears the Twin PBT setting.	
	Rotate	Adjusts the Shift value for PBT2.	
PBT2*1	Hold down	Clears the Twin PBT setting.	
RF PWR*2	Adjusts the	transmit output power.	
MIC G*2	Adjusts the microphone gain.		
COMP*2	Adjusts the Speech Compressor level.		
MONI*2	Adjusts the audio level for the Monitor function.		
SPEED*2	Sets the Key speed.		
PITCH*2	Sets the CW pitch.		
NB LEV*2	Adjusts the	Noise Blanker level.	
NB DEP*2	Adjusts the DEPTH (Noise attenuation level).		
NB WID*2	Adjusts the WIDTH (Blanking duration time).		
NR LEV*2	Adjusts the transmit output power.		
NOTCH*2	Adjusts the Notch frequency.		
VOX G*2	Adjusts the VOX gain.		
A-VOX*2	Adjusts the ANTI VOX level.		
VOX D*2	Adjusts the VOX delay time.		
BKIN D*2	Adjusts the	Break-in delay time.	

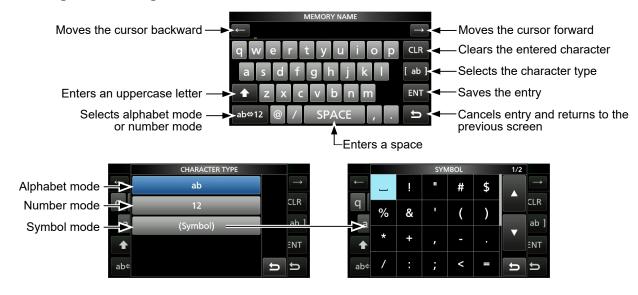
# Keyboard entering and editing

♦ Entering and editing characters
You can enter and edit the items in the following table.

Menu	Category	Item	Selectable characters	Maximum characters
SET	My Station	My Call Sign (DV)/(DD)	A to Z, 0 to 9, (space), /	8+4
		TX Message (DV)	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, (space), _ ! " # \$ % & ' ( ) * + , / : ; < = > ? @ [\] ^_ `{   } ~	20
	Network	Network Name	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, ! " # \$ % & ( ) + , ; = @ [ ] ^ _`{}~	15
		Network User 1/2 ID	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, _!"#\$%&'()*+,/:;<=	16
		Network User 1/2 Password	> ? @ [\] ^ _ ` { ı } ~ • Password: Minimum 8 characters	16
		Network Radio Name	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, (space), _! " # \$ % & '() * + , / : ; < = > ? @ [\] ^_`{I}~	16
	Time Set	NTP Server Address	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9,	64
	SD Card	Save Setting	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, (space), _! " # \$ % & ' ( ) * +	
		Export	, / : ; < = > ? @ [ ] ^ _ ` { } ~   • Illegal characters: / : ; * < > \	23
MEMORY		Memory Name	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, (space), _! " # \$ % & '() * + , / :; < = > ? @ [\] ^_`{  } ~	16
KEYER		Keyer Memory	A to Z, 0 to 9, (space), / ? ^ . , @  • "*" (asterisk) has its unique use.	70
DECODE		RTTY Memory	A to Z, 0 to 9, (space), ! \$ & ? " ' - / . , : ; ( ) ↓	70
VOICE		VOICE TX RECORD	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, (space), _ ! " # \$ % & ' ( ) * + , / : ; < = > ? @ [\] ^_ `{   } ~	16
CS		UR, R1, R2	A to Z, 0 to 9, (space), /	8
DV/DD MEMORY	Your Call Sign	NAME	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, (space), _! " # \$ % & '() * + , / : ; < = > ? @ [\] ^_ `{   } ~	16
		CALL SIGN	A to Z, 0 to 9, (space), /	8
	Repeater List	GROUP NAME, NAME	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, (space), _ ! " # \$ % & ' ( ) * + , / : ; < = > ? @ [\] ^ _ ` { ı } ~	16
		SUB NAME	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, (space), _! " # \$ % & '() * + , / :; < = > ? @ [\] ^_`{  } ~	8
		CALL SIGN, GW CALL SIGN	A to Z, 0 to 9, (space), /	8
DV GW	Internal Gateway Settings	Gateway Repeater (Server IP/Domain)	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9,	64
		Terminal/AP, Call Sign, Allowed Call Sign List	A to Z, 0 to 9, (space)	8
GPS	GPS TX Mode	Unproto Address	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, _! " # \$ % & '( ) * + , / : ; < = > ? @ [\] ^_`{  } ~ • Normally 12 characters	56
		Object Name, Item Name	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, _! " # \$ % & '() * + , / : ; < = > ? @ [\] ^_`{ }~	9
		Comment	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, _! "#\$ % & '()*+,/:;<= >? @[\]^_`{ }~  • Maximum characters you can enter differs, depending on the data extension and altitude settings.	43
		GPS Message	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, (space), _ ! " # \$ % & ' ( ) * + , / : ; < = > ? @ [\] ^_ `{   } ~	20
	GPS Memory	GROUP NAME, NAME	A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9, (space), _ ! " # \$ % & ' ( ) * + , / : ; < = > ? @ [\] ^_ `{   } ~	16
DTMF	DTMF MEMORY		0 to 9, A B C D * #	24
	SEND	Direct Input	0 to 9, A B C D * #	24
DR	TO SELECT	Direct input (UR)/(RPT)	A to Z, 0 to 9, (space), /	8



# ♦ Entering and editing



# 1 PANEL DESCRIPTION

# Keypad entering and editing (Continued)

# ♦ Entering and editing example

Entering "DX spot 1" in the Memory channel 2

1. Open the MEMORY screen.

MENU » MEMORY

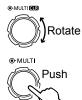
2. Touch memory channel 2 for 1 second.



You can also open the QUICK MENU by touching this key.

- Opens the QUICK MENU.
- 3. Select "Edit Name."

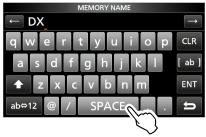




- Opens the MEMORY NAME screen.
- 4. Touch [†], and then touch [D].



- 5. Touch [†] again, and then touch [X].
- Touch [SPACE].

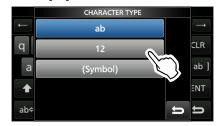


- Enters a space.
- 7. Touch [s], [p], [o], and then [t].
- 8. Touch [SPACE].
  - Enters a space.

9. Touch [ab].



- Opens the entry CHARACTER TYPE screen.
- 10. Touch [12].



- 11. Touch [1].
- 12. Touch [ENT] to save the entry.





• Returns to the previous screen.

# Selecting a location

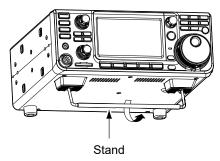
Select a location for the transceiver that allows adequate air circulation, free from extreme heat, cold or vibration, and other electromagnetic sources.

Never place the transceiver in areas such as:

- Temperatures below -10°C (+14°F) or above +60°C (+140°F).
- An unstable place that slopes or vibrates.
- · In direct sunlight.
- High humidity and temperature environments.
- · Dusty environments.
- · Noisy environments.

# Using the desktop stands

The transceiver has a stand for desktop use.



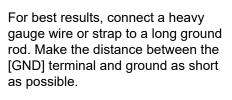
NOTE: DO NOT hold the stand, dials and controls when you carry the transceiver. This may damage them.

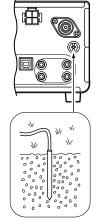
# **Heat dissipation**

- DO NOT place the transceiver against walls or put anything on top of the transceiver. This may block airflow and overheat the transceiver.
- **NEVER** install the transceiver in a place without adequate ventilation. Heat dissipation may be reduced, and the transceiver may be damaged.
- DO NOT touch the transceiver after transmitting continuously for long periods of time. The transceiver may become hot.

# Grounding

To prevent electrical shock, television interference (TVI), broadcast interference (BCI) and other problems, ground the transceiver using the ground terminal [GND] on the rear panel.



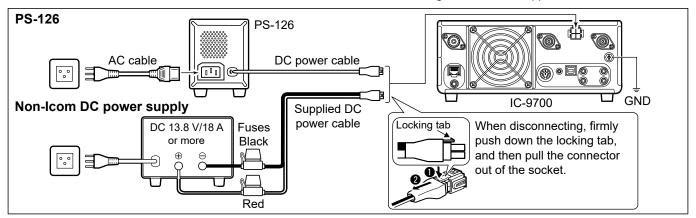


**△WARNING! NEVER** connect the [GND] terminal to a gas or electric pipe, since the connection could cause an explosion or electric shock.

# Connecting an external DC power supply

Confirm that the transceiver is OFF before connecting the DC power cable.

- We recommend using Icom's optional PS-126 (DC 13.8 V/25 A) power supply, when available.
- When connecting a non-lcom DC power cable, the transceiver needs:
  - DC 13.8 V (Capacity: At least 18 Amps)
  - · A power supply with an over current protective line, and low voltage fluctuation or ripple.

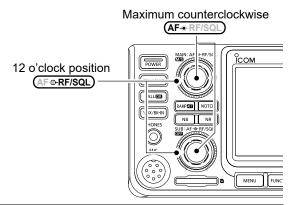


3 BASIC OPERATION

# When first applying power

Before turning ON your transceiver for the first time, make sure all connections are correctly made.

After all connections are made, set the dials to the positions described below.



**TIP**: When you turn OFF the transceiver, it memorizes the current settings. Therefore, when you turn ON the transceiver again, it restarts with the same settings.

# Turning power ON or OFF

- To turn ON the transceiver, push <u>POWER</u>.
- To turn OFF the transceiver, hold down <u>POWER</u> for 1 second until "POWER OFF..." is displayed.

# Adjusting the volume level

Rotate (AF-RF/SQL) (inner) to adjust the volume level.

# **Selecting the VFO and Memory modes**

### VFO mode

Set the desired frequency by rotating (MAIN DIAL).

### Memory mode

Enter contents into the desired channel in the MEMORY list.

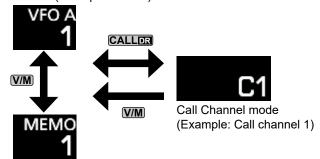
### Call channel mode

Call channels (or Main channel) are used to call on an often used frequency. A Call channel is assigned on each band.

# Selecting the VFO mode or Memory mode

- Push **V/M** to select the VFO or Memory mode.
- Push CALLER to select the Call channel mode.

VFO mode (Example: VFO A)



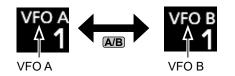
Memory mode (Example: Memory channel 1)

# **Using the VFO mode**

The IC-9700 has 2 Variable Frequency Oscillators (VFO), "A" and "B." Having 2 VFOs is convenient to quickly select 2 frequencies, or for split frequency operation (p. 4-9). You can use either of the VFOs to operate on a frequency and mode.

# ♦ Selecting VFO A or VFO B

Push A/B to select the VFO A or VFO B.



# ♦ Equalizing VFO A and VFO B

You can set the displayed VFO's frequency to the VFO that is not displayed.

Hold down A/B until 2 short beeps sound.

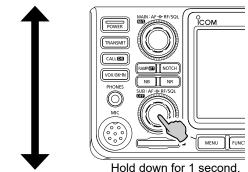
# **Dualwatch operation**

Dualwatch simultaneously monitors two frequencies. The IC-9700 has 2 independent receiver circuits, the Main and Sub bands, so that you can use Dualwatch with no compromises, even on different bands and modes.

The same frequency cannot be set to the both Main and Sub bands.

Hold down **OFF** for 1 second to turn the Dualwatch function ON or OFF.







# **Selecting the Main and Sub bands**

The IC-9700 has 2 identical receivers, Main and Sub. The Main band is displayed on the upper half of the screen, and the Sub band is displayed on the lower half.

①Some functions can only be applied to the selected band, and you can transmit on only the Main band (except in Split Frequency operation).

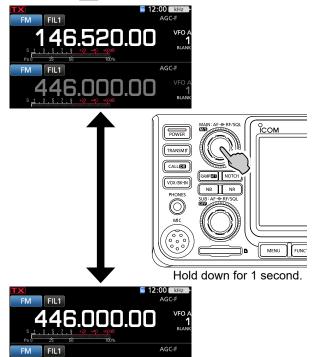
To select the Main band or Sub band, touch the grayed frequency readout.

• The selected band's frequency readout is displayed clearly, and the frequency of the non-selected band is grayed.



# ♦ Swapping the Main band and Sub band

Hold down MS for 1 second.



# Selecting the operating band

Do the following steps to change the operating band. Also, the band stacking register provides 3 memories for each band key to store frequencies and operating modes. This function is convenient to quickly recall previously operated frequencies and modes on the selected band.

# ♦ Using the band stacking registers

Follow the steps below to enter a register on the selected band.

1. Touch the MHz digits. (Example: 146)



- Opens the BAND STACKING REGISTER screen.
- Touch a band key. (Example: 1295 MHz)
   The same band cannot be set to both Main and Subbands.



①Touch 👝 to return to the previous screen.

# Selecting the operating mode

You can select between the SSB (LSB/USB), SSB data (LSB-DATA/USB-DATA), CW, CW reverse, RTTY, RTTY reverse, AM, AM data (AM-DATA), FM, FM data (FM-DATA), DV and DD\* modes.

\*Only for the 1200 MHz band

1. Touch the mode icon (example: FM).



- Opens the MODE screen.
- On the MODE screen, touch the desired mode key. (Example: SSB).



①In the SSB, AM or FM modes, the [DATA] key is displayed.

### Operating mode selection list

①Touch mode key to select the operating mode.

Mode key	Operating mode		
[SSB]	USB LSB		
[CW]	CW	CW-R	
[RTTY]	RTTY	RTTY-R	
[AM]	AM		
[FM]	FM		
[DV]	DV		
[DD]	DD		
	LSB	LSB-D	
	USB	USB-D	
[DATA]	AM	AM-D	
	FM	FM-D	

# Selecting the Data mode

You can operate data communications (SSTV, RTTY (AFSK), PSK31, JT65B and FT8).

①When a data mode is selected, you can mute the input from the microphone.



# **Setting the frequency**

# ♦ Using the Main Dial

- Select the desired operating band. (p. 3-3) (Example: 145 MHz)
- 2. Rotate (MAIN DIAL).
  - The frequency changes according to the selected Tuning Step.
  - (with dotted line) is displayed when you set an amateur radio frequency, and (with dotted line) is displayed when you set a frequency outside the Ham band, or outside your set Band Edges.

# ♦ About the Tuning Step function

You can set the **MAIN DIAL**'s tuning step for each operating mode.

Touch the kHz digits to turn the Tuning Step function ON or OFF.

 The Tuning Step function's icon "▼" is displayed above the 1 kHz digit.



# Changing the Tuning Step

When the Tuning Step function is ON, you can change the tuning steps for each operating mode.

- Select the desired operating mode. (p. 3-3) (Example: FM)
- 2. Touch the kHz digit for 1 second.



- The TS (FM) screen is displayed.
- 3. Touch the desired tuning step. (Example: 0.1 k)



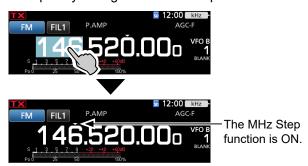
 The tuning step is set and returns to the previous screen.

# **♦ About the 1 MHz Step Tuning function**

You can use the maximum tuning step of 1 MHz.

Touch the MHz digits for 1 second to turn the MHz Step Tuning function ON or OFF.

(I) When using the [UP]/[DN] keys on the microphone, the frequency changes in 1 MHz steps.



# About the 1 Hz step Fine Tuning function

You can use the minimum tuning step of 1 Hz for fine tuning in the SSB, CW and RTTY modes.

Touch the Hz digits for 1 second to turn the Fine Tuning function ON or OFF.





The 1 Hz digit is displayed.

(i) When using the [UP]/[DN] keys on the microphone, the frequency changes in 50 Hz steps with the Fine Tuning function ON or OFF.

# Setting the frequency (Continued)

# ♦ About the 1/4 Tuning function Mode: SSB-D/CW/RTTY

With the Tuning Function OFF, turn ON the 1/4 Tuning function to reduce the tuning speed to 1/4 of the normal speed, for finer tuning.

- 1. Push FUNCTION.
  - Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- 2. Touch [1/4].



**FUNCTION** screen

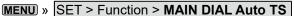
3. Push **EXIT**.



# **♦ About the Auto Tuning Step function**

The tuning step automatically changes, depending on the rotating speed of (MAIN DIAL).

You can change the Auto Tuning Step function settings in the following menu. (p. 8-5)



# ♦ Directly entering a frequency

You can set the frequency without rotating (MAIN DIAL) by directly entering it on the keypad.

# **Entering the operating frequency**

1. Touch the MHz digits. (Example: 146)



- Opens the BAND STACKING REGISTER screen.
- 2. Touch [F-INP].



- Opens the F-INP screen.
- 3. Start entry with the most significant digit.



- To clear the entry, touch [CE].
- ① To clear the entry and return to the previous screen, push **EXIT** .
- 4. Touch [ENT] to set the entered frequency.
  - Closes the F-INP screen.
  - ①If you touch [ENT] when the digits under 100 kHz are not entered, "0" will be automatically entered into the digits that are blank.

### Entry examples

• 144.680 MHz: [1], [4], [4], [•(-)], [6], [8], [0], [ENT]

• 145.000 MHz: [1], [4], [5], [ENT]

• Changing from 144.680 MHz to 144.540 MHz:

[•(- )], [5], [4], [0], [ENT]

# Setting the frequency (Continued)

# **Entering the Split Frequency Offset**

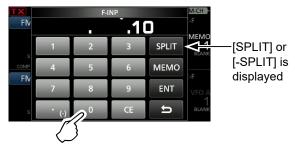
1. Touch the MHz digits. (Example: 146)



- Opens the BAND STACKING REGISTER screen.
- 2. Touch [F-INP].



• Opens the F-INP screen



- 3. Enter the Split Frequency Offset.
  - ① If you want the minus shift direction, touch  $[\cdot(-)]$ .
  - ⊕Enter the offset between -9.999 MHz and +9.999 MHz (1 kHz steps).
  - To clear the entry, touch [CE].
  - ①To clear the entry and return to the previous screen, push **EXIT**.
  - After entering, the Split function is automatically turned ON.
- 4. To save the entry, touch [SPLIT] or [-SPLIT].
  - Closes the F-INP screen.

# Entry examples

• 5 kHz: [5], [SPLIT]

• -10 kHz: [•(-)], [1], [0], [-SPLIT]

### NOTE:

If the entered operating frequency is out of an amateur band's frequency range, the transmit frequency is automatically set to the band edge frequency.

# Selecting a Memory channel by number

- 1. Touch **WM** to select the Memory mode.
- 2. Touch the MHz digits. (Example: 146)



- Opens the BAND STACKING REGISTER screen.
- 3. Touch [F-INP].



- Opens the F-INP screen.
- 4. Enter a Memory channel number. (Example: 10)



(I) If you want to set the Program Scan Edge channel or Call channel, enter between "100" ~ "107."

Channel type	Channel number	Number to enter
	1A	100
	1B	101
Programming	2A	102
Scan Edge	2B	103
	3A	104
	3B	105
Call channel	C1	106
	C2	107

- 5. Touch [MEMO] to select the memory channel of entered number .
  - Closes the F-INP screen.
  - The selected memory channel contents are displayed.

### ♦ Band Edge Beep

You will hear a Band Edge Beep and will be displayed when you tune into or out of an amateur band's frequency range.

(i) You can change the Band Edge Beep settings in the following menu.

MENU » SET > Function > Band Edge Beep

①If the Beep Level item is set to "0%," no beep sounds.

MENU » | SET > Function > Beep Level

# Setting the frequency (Continued)

# ♦ Entering a Band Edge

When "ON (User)" or "ON (User) & TX Limit" is selected on the "Band Edge Beep" screen, you can enter a total of 30 band edge frequency pairs.

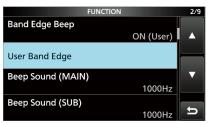
① Initially, all Ham band frequencies are entered into the first 3 band edges. Therefore, you must first edit or delete them to enter a new band edge.

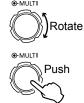
 You cannot enter an overlapping frequency, or a frequency that is out of the preset Ham band frequencies.
 Band edges are entered from the lower frequency first.

- Open the "Band Edge Beep" screen.
   MENU » SET > Function > Band Edge Beep
- Select "ON (User)" or "ON (User) & TX Limit."
   If you select "ON (User) & TX Limit," you can limit transmission to within the entered frequency range.



3. Select "User Band Edge."



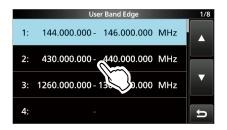


• Opens the "User Band Edge" screen.

# **Editing a Band Edge**

You can edit a band edge entered as a default or when entering a new band edge.

- On the FUNCTION set screen, select "User Band Edge."
- 2. Touch the band edge you want to edit. (Example: 2: 430.000.000 440.000.000 MHz)



3. Edit the lower band edge frequency, then touch [ENT]. (Example: 430.1)

Entry example: [•], [1], [ENT]



4. Edit the upper band edge frequency, then touch [ENT]. (Example: 439.1)

Entry example: [4] [3] [9] [•], [9], [ENT]



 The edited band edge is saved and returns to the previous screen.

### TIP:

You can also edit the frequency by rotating (MAIN DIAL) or (MULTI).

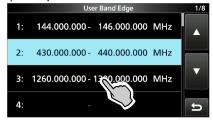
# Setting the frequency

### **Deleting a Band Edge**

To enter a new band edge, first you must delete a preset band edge.

- 1. On the FUNCTION set screen, select "User Band Edge."
- 2. Touch the desired band edge to delete for 1 second.

(Example: 3: 1260.000.000 - 1300.000.000 MHz)



3. Touch "Delete."

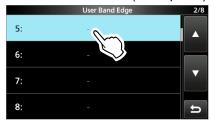


 The selected band edge is deleted and returns to the previous screen.

# **Entering a new Band Edge**

After you delete or edit the preset band edges, you can enter a new band edge.

- On the FUNCTION set screen, select "User Band Edge."
- 2. Touch a blank band. (Example: 5)



3. Enter the lower band edge frequency, then touch [ENT]. (Example: 430.1)
Entry example: [4] [3] [0] [•] [1] [ENT]



4. Enter the upper band edge frequency, then touch [ENT]. (Example: 439.9)

Entry example: [4] [3] [9] [•] [9] [ENT]



• The entered band edge is saved and returns to the previous screen.

# Setting the frequency

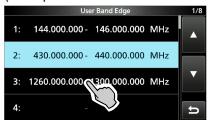
Entering a Band Edge (Continued)

### Inserting a Band Edge

After you delete or edit the preset band edges, follow the steps below to insert a band edge.

- 1. On the FUNCTION set screen, select "User Band Edge."
- 2. Touch the band edge you want to insert a new band edge above for 1 second.

(Example: 3: 1261.000.000-1300.000.000 MHz)



- The new band edge will be inserted above the selected band edge.
- 3. Touch "Insert."



4. Enter the lower band edge frequency then touch [ENT]. (Example: 430.1)

Entry example: [4] [3] [0] [•] [1] [ENT]



5. Enter the upper band edge frequency, then touch [ENT]. (Example: 439.9)

Entry example: [4] [3] [9] [•] [9] [ENT]

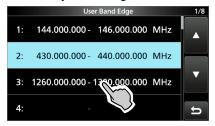


 The entered band edge is saved and returns to the previous screen.

# Resetting all band edges to presets

The steps below will reset all the band edges to their initial settings. All entered settings will be deleted.

- 1. Open the "User Band Edge" screen.
- 2. Touch any band edge for 1 second.



3. Touch "Default."



- Displays "Reset All Edges?"
- 4. Touch [YES].

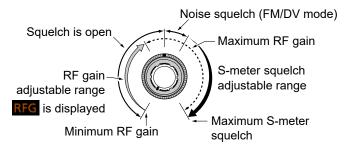


• All the band edges reset to the initial settings.

# RF gain and SQL level

Rotate (AFORF/SQL) (outer) to adjust the RF gain and SQL level.

By default, rotating left (when set to the 12 o'clock position) adjusts the RF gain, and rotating right adjusts the squelch level, as described below.



### RF gain

Adjust the RF gain to decrease the noise received from a nearby strong station.

Rotate counterclockwise to reduce the RF gain, which reduces the receive sensitivity. "RFG" appears when (AFORF/SQL) is set to the counterclockwise from the 11 o'clock position. "RFG" indicates that the RF gain is reduced.
 If a strong signal is received and "OVF" (Overflow) appears, reduce the RF gain until "OVF" disappears.

### SQL level

There are 2 types of SQL levels, depending on the operating mode.

# Noise squelch

Rotate the AFORFISQL (outer) until the noise just disappears and the TX/RX indicator goes OFF.

### · S-meter squelch

The S-meter squelch disables the audio output from the speaker or headphones when the received signal is weaker than the specified S-meter squelch level.

Rotate the AFORD clockwise from the 12 o'clock position to increase the S-meter threshold level.

① You can change the AFORF/SQL (outer) control type in "RF/SQL Control." (p. 8-3)

MENU » SET > Function > RF/SQL Control

# **Dial Lock function**

The Dial Lock function prevents frequency changes caused by accidently moving (MAIN DIAL).

①This function electronically locks the dial.

Hold down for 1 second to turn the Dial Lock function ON or OFF.

 During Split Frequency operation, the Split Lock function may be turned ON. (p. 4-10)

t Hold down

MENU » | SET > Function > Lock Function

# Adjusting the transmit output power

Before transmitting, monitor your selected operating frequency to make sure you do not cause interference to other stations on the same frequency. It is good amateur practice to listen first, and then, even if nothing is heard, ask if the frequency in use once or twice, before you start operating.

# Adjusting the transmit output power

- 1. Select the operating mode. (p. 3-3) (Example: USB)
- 2. Touch the meter to display the Po meter. (p. 3-11)



3. Open the Multi-function menu.





- 4. Push TRANSMIT or hold down [PTT].
  - The Po meter level changes according to your voice level in the SSB mode.
  - The TX/RX indicator lights red and is displayed.



5. Touch "RF POWER."

- 6. Adjust the transmit output power to between 0 and 100%.
  - The Po meter displays the RF output power in a percentage. It becomes the S-meter while receiving.
- 7. Push (TRANSMIT) or release [PTT].
  - · Returns to receive.

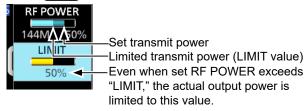
# **Transmit Power Limit function**

The Transmit Power Limit function limits the output power to the preset level for each band.

- 1. On the FUNCTION set screen, touch [TX PWR LIMIT].
- Each touch turns the function ON or OFF.Touch [TX PWR LIMIT] for 1 second.
- 3. Rotate MULTI to set the maximum transmit power.



4. Push MULTI to close the MENU.



# Meter display

# ♦ Meter display selection

You can display one of the 6 different transmit parameters (Po, SWR, ALC, COMP, VD and ID) for your convenience.

Touch the parameter to display one of the meters.

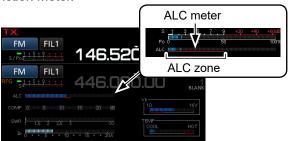


# ♦ Multi-function meter

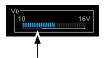
You can display all the parameters simultaneously.

The TEMP meter is also displayed on the Multi-function meter.

Touch the parameter for 1 second to display the Multifunction meter.



Multi-function meter



When the VD meter reads on the red under line or below, the output power may decrease or transceiver power may be shut down.



Displays the temperature of the final amplifier MOS-FETs.

S: Displays the receiving signal strength level.Po: Displays the relative RF output power.SWR: Displays the SWR of the antenna at the

frequency.

ALC: Displays the ALC level. When the meter

movement shows the input signal level exceeds the allowed level, the ALC limits the RF power. In such cases, decrease the microphone gain level.

**COMP:** Displays the compression level when the

speech compressor is used.

Displays the drain voltage of the final amplifier

MOS-FETs.

VD:

**ID:** Displays the drain current of the final amplifier

MOS-FETs.

**TEMP:** Displays the temperature of the final amplifier

MOS-FETs.

# Adjusting the microphone gain

Adjust the microphone gain as described below.

- 1. Set the operating band and mode to SSB, AM, FM or DV. (p. 3-3)
- 2. Push •MULTI) to display the Multi-function menu.
- 3. Push (TRANSMIT) or hold down [PTT].
- 4. Touch "MIC GAIN," and rotate (MULT) to adjust the microphone gain.





- ① Setting "50%" can be used for most voice operations, but do following to make sure the microphone gain is properly set.
- Hold the microphone 5 to 10 cm (2 to 4 inches) from your mouth, then hold down [PTT] on the microphone and speak at your normal voice level.
- In the SSB mode, touch the TX meter to select the ALC meter, and rotate (MULT) to adjust the microphone gain until the meter reading swings between 30 to 50% of the ALC scale.
- In the AM, FM or DV mode, check the audio clarity with another station, or use the Monitor function (p. 4-7).
- 5. Push (TRANSMIT) or release [PTT].
  - · Returns to receive.

# RECEIVING AND TRANSMITTING

# **Preamplifiers**

The preamp amplifies received signals in the receiver front end to improve the signal-to-noise ratio and sensitivity. A preamp is used when receiving weak signals.

①Each band memorizes the Preamplifier setting.

### Push P.AMP (P.AMP).

① Each push turns the preamplifier ON or OFF. Displayed when the preamp is used.



**NOTE**: When you use the preamp while receiving strong signals, the receiving signal may be distorted. In such case, turn OFF the preamp.

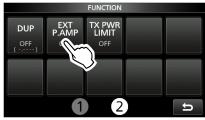
# Using an external preamp

You can also use an external preamp (User supplied)

To use an external preamp, you need to set the External Preamplifier ON or OFF for each band on the MENU screen.

MENU » SET > Connectors > External P.AMP

- 1. Push **FUNCTION**.
- 2. Touch [2] to change the screen.
- 3. Touch [EXT P.AMP].



· Each push turns the external preamp ON or OFF.

# **Attenuator**

The Attenuator prevents a desired signal from becoming distorted when a very strong signal is near the frequency, or when a very strong electric field, such as from a broadcasting station, is near your location. ①Each band memorizes the Attenuator setting.

Hold down PAMP (ATT) for 1 second to turn ON the Attenuator.

Pushing PAMPATI turns OFF the Attenuator (no icon).
 If a strong signal is received and "OVF" (Overflow) appears, turn ON the attenuator, or reduce the RF gain until "OVF" disappears. (p. 3-10)

Displayed when the Attenuator is ON



# **RIT function**

The RIT (Receive Increment Tuning) function compensates for differences in frequencies of other stations. The function shifts the receive frequency up to ±9.99 kHz without shifting the transmit frequency.

1. Push RIT.



- The RIT function turns ON.
- While using the Fine Tuning function (p. 3-4), the RIT frequency is displayed in 4 digits, instead of 3.
   Pushing RIT again turns OFF the RIT function.
- 2. Set the RIT frequency to match the received station's frequency.



- ①You can reset the RIT frequency to "0.00" by holding down ( MULTI) for 1 second.
- You can add the frequency shift to the operating frequency by holding down RIT for 1 second.
- 3. After communicating, push RIT to turn the RIT function OFF.

### **♦ RIT monitor function**

When the RIT function is ON, you can directly monitor the operating frequency by holding down **XFC**.

While monitoring, the RIT function is temporarily OFF.While monitoring, the settings for the Noise Reduction, Notch filter and Twin PBT are temporarily OFF.

# **CW Auto Tuning function**

### CW mode

You can tune in a CW signal you are receiving using the Auto Tuning function. You can automatically tune by pushing (AUTO). This function is active in only the CW mode.

- ① During the Dual Watch mode, this function works on the selected operational band (Main/Sub).
- While using RIT, the RIT frequency is automatically tuned by this function.



**NOTE**: When receiving a weak signal, or receiving a signal with interference, the Auto Tuning function may tune the receiver to an undesired signal, or may not start to tune. In such case, a warning beep sounds.

The Auto Tuning function tunes the frequency in the IF bandwidth.

# **AGC function control**

# SSB, CW, RTTY and AM modes

The AGC (Automatic Gain Control) controls receiver gain to produce a constant audio output level, even when the received signal strength greatly varies. ①Each band memorizes the AGC setting.

# Selecting the AGC time constant preset value

The transceiver has FAST, MID and SLOW preset AGC settings for all modes, except for the FM, DV and DD modes.

- Select the operating mode. (Example: SSB)
- 2. Push **FUNCTION**.
  - Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- 3. Touch [AGC] to select the desired time constant.



①Touching [AGC] selects FAST, MID or SLOW. ①For FM, DV and DD modes, FAST is fixed.

4. To close the FUNCTION screen, push **EXIT**.

**NOTE**: While you are receiving weak signals, and a strong signal is momentarily received, the AGC function quickly reduces the receiver gain. When that signal disappears, the transceiver may not receive the weak signal because of the AGC action. In that case, select FAST, or touch [AGC] for 1 second to open the AGC screen, and then select OFF.

# ♦ Setting the AGC time constant

You can set the preset AGC time constant to the desired value.

- Select the operating mode. (Example: SSB)
- 2. Push **FUNCTION**.
  - Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- 3. Touch [AGC] for 1 second.



- Opens the AGC (SSB) screen.
- 4. Touch FAST, MID or SLOW. (Example: MID)

AGC (SSB)

FAST
MID
SLOW

2.0s
6.0s
DEF

You can reset to the default settings by touching this key for 1 second.

- 5. Rotate (MAIN DIAL) to set the time constant.
- 6. To close the AGC (SSB) screen, push **EXIT**.

# Selectable AGC Time constant (unit: seconds)

Mode	Default		Adjustable time constant
1.00	0.3	(FAST)	055 04 00 00 05 00 40
LSB USB	2.0	(MID)	OFF, 0.1, 0.2, 0.3, 0.5, 0.8, 1.2,
028	6.0	(SLOW)	1.6, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0 or 6.0
	0.1	(FAST)	OFF. 0.1. 0.2. 0.3. 0.5. 0.8. 1.2.
CW/RTTY	0.5	(MID)	1.6, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0 or 6.0
	1.2	(SLOW)	1.0, 2.0, 2.3, 3.0, 4.0, 3.0 01 0.0
	3.0	(FAST)	055 03 05 00 43 40 30
AM	5.0	(MID)	OFF, 0.3, 0.5, 0.8, 1.2, 1.6, 2.0, 2.5, 3.0, 4.0, 5.0, 6.0, 7.0 or 8.0
	7.0	(SLOW)	2.3, 3.0, 4.0, 3.0, 0.0, 7.0 01 0.0
FM	0.1	(FAST)	Fixed
DV	0.1	(FAST)	Fixed
DD	0.1	(FAST)	Fixed

# **Using the Digital Twin PBT**

### SSB, CW, RTTY and AM modes

To reject interference, the Digital Twin PBT (Passband Tuning) narrows the IF passband width by electronically shifting the IF frequency to slightly above or below the IF center frequency. The IC-9700 uses the digital function using the FPGA (Field Programmable Gate Array) filtering method. ①Each band memorizes the PBT setting.

Push [PBT] to select "PBT1."
 () Each push selects "PBT1" or "PBT2."



2. Rotate MULT to adjust the shift value.①The passband width and shift value are displayed.



① Hold down MULTI for 1 second to clear the PBT setting.

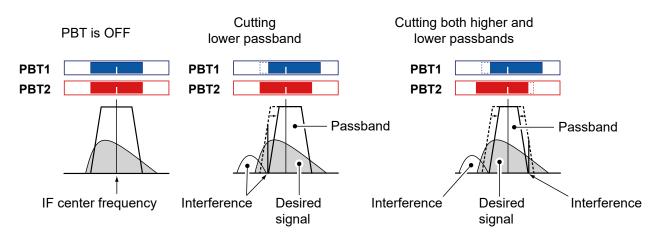
Repeat steps 1 and 2 to adjust the shift value for "PBT2."

### (i)Information

- To narrow the IF passband width, shift "PBT1" and "PBT2" to the opposite direction from each other, to narrow the overwrapped area.
- To shift the IF left or right, set "PBT1" and "PBT2" to the same value.
- The PBT is adjustable in 50 Hz steps in the SSB, CW, and RTTY modes, and 200 Hz in the AM mode. In this case, the center shift value changes in 25 Hz steps in the SSB, CW, and RTTY modes, and 100 Hz in the AM mode.

**NOTE**: While rotating **MULT**, you may hear some noise. This comes from the FPGA and does not indicate an equipment malfunction.

# (i)Information • A dot "·" is displayed on the IF Filter Indicator when you change the IF passband width, using the Digital Twin PBT. 12:00 PBT1 PAMP USB S/Po 1 : 5 : 9 · · 146. FIL1 s1:5:9::: 446.NNN BW 1.95k SFT +225 BW SOFT 2.4k DEF • Touch the filter icon for 1 second to display the current passband width and shift value. Opens the FILTER screen. Passband Shift width value BW 1.95k BW SOFT 2.4k DEF PBT1 PRT2 IF center frequency \_Passband center frequency -SFT: Shift value BW: Passband width



PBT1

PBT2

# Selecting the IF filter

# SSB, CW, RTTY and AM modes

The IC-9700 has 3 IF filter passband widths for each mode, and you can select them on the FILTER screen. You can set the IF filter to wide (FIL 1), mid (FIL 2) or narrow (FIL 3).

- 1. Select the operating mode. (Example: USB)
- 2. Touch the filter icon for 1 second.



- Opens the FILTER (SSB) screen.
- Touch the filter icon several times to select FIL 1 (wide), FIL 2 (mid) or FIL 3 (narrow).
- Touch [BW].
  - · Selects the passband width mode.
- 5. Rotate (MAIN DIAL) to select the passband width.





- You cannot change the passband width in the FM, FM-D, DV or DD mode.
- When you change the passband width, the Digital Twin PBT setting value is reset to the center position.
- (i) "BPF" is displayed when a band width less than 500 Hz is selected in the SSB, CW or RTTY mode.
- 6. To close the FILTER screen, push **EXIT**.

Mode	IF filter	Selectable range (steps)
SSB	FIL 1 (3.0 kHz)	50 Hz to 500 Hz (50 Hz)/ 600 Hz to 3.6 kHz (100 Hz)
	FIL 2 (2.4 kHz)	
	FIL 3 (1.8 kHz)	
SSB-D	FIL 1 (3.0 kHz)	50 Hz to 500 Hz (50 Hz)/ 600 Hz to 3.6 kHz (100 Hz)
	FIL 2 (1.2 kHz)	
	FIL 3 (500 Hz)	
CW	FIL 1 (1.2 kHz)	50 Hz to 500 Hz (50 Hz)/ 600 Hz to 3.6 kHz (100 Hz)
	FIL 2 (500 Hz)	
	FIL 3 (250 Hz)	
RTTY	FIL 1 (2.4 kHz)	50 Hz to 500 Hz (50 Hz) 600 Hz to 2.7 kHz (100 Hz)
	FIL 2 (500 Hz)	
	FIL 3 (250 Hz)	
AM AM-D	FIL 1 (9.0 kHz)	200 Hz to 10.0 kHz (200 Hz)
	FIL 2 (6.0 kHz)	
	FIL 3 (3.0 kHz)	
FM FM-D	FIL 1 (15 kHz)	Fixed
	FIL 2 (10 kHz)	
	FIL 3 (7.0 kHz)	
DV	FIL 1 (15 kHz)	Fixed
	FIL 2 (10 kHz)	
	FIL 3 (7.0 kHz)	
DD	FIL 1 (150 kHz)	Fixed

TIP: When you set the IF filter to FIL2 or FIL3 in the FM mode, the transceiver will transmit in the FM narrow mode.

# Selecting the IF filter shape

### SSB and CW modes

You can set the IF filter shape for each operating mode.

- Select the operating mode. (Example: USB)
- Touch the filter icon for 1 second.



- Opens the FILTER screen.
- Touch the filter icon several times to select FIL1 (wide), FIL2 (mid) or FIL3 (narrow).



When [SOFT] is selected

- Touch [SHARP] or [SOFT].
- To close the FILTER screen, push **EXIT**.

# SHARP

This selection is to emphasize the passband width of the filter. The filter has an almost ideal shape factor. Signals that are out of the passband are extremely filtered out, and it gives you better audio quality.

### SOFT

The filter shoulders are roundly formed as in analog filters. This decreases noise components in the high and low frequencies of the filter passband, and increases the S/N of the target signal. These characteristics play an effective role in picking up very weak signals in the 50 MHz band, for example. The shape factor is kept, and the sharpness of the bandpass is excellent.

# Noise Blanker

### SSB, CW, RTTY and AM modes

The Noise blanker eliminates pulse-type noise such as the noise from car ignitions.

Push **NB** to turn the Noise Blanker ON or OFF.



**NOTE**: When using the Noise Blanker, received signals may be distorted if they are excessively strong, or the noise is other than a pulse type. In that case, turn OFF the Noise Blanker, or shallow the DEPTH on the NB menu. See the description below for details.

# ♦ Adjusting the NB level and time

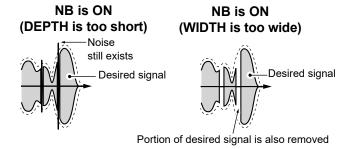
To deal with various type of noise, you can adjust the attenuation level and blanking depth and width in the NB menu.

- 1. Hold down **NB** for 1 second.
  - Turns ON the Noise Blanker and opens the NB menu.
- 2. Touch the item to adjust. (Example: DEPTH)



- 3. Rotate MULTI to adjust the item. (Example: 8)
- 4. Push MULTI) to close the NB menu.

# NB is OFF NB is ON (Effective) Noise removed Desired signal NB WIDTH



**LEVEL** (Default: 50%)

Adjust the level where the Noise Blanker activates between 0 and 100%.

**DEPTH** (Default: 8)

Adjust the noise attenuation level to between 1 and 10.

WIDTH (Default: 50)

Adjust the blanking duration time to between 1 and 100.

# **Noise Reduction**

# SSB, CW, RTTY, AM, FM and DV modes

The Noise Reduction function reduces random noise components and enhances signal audio.

Push NR to turn the Noise Reduction function ON or OFF.



-Displayed when the Noise Reduction function is ON

# ♦ Adjusting the Noise Reduction level

Adjust the Noise Reduction level to where noise is reduced but the received signal is not distorted.

- 1. Hold down NR for 1 second.
  - Turns ON the Noise Reduction function and opens the NR menu.
- 2. Rotate •MULTI to adjust the Noise Reduction level to between 0 and 15.
  - ① Adjust to a higher level to increase the reduction level, and a lower level to decrease it.





3. To close the NR menu, push **EXIT**.

# Noise Reduction OFF NR level 0 Noise components Desired signal (CW)

# **Notch Filter**

### SSB, CW, RTTY, AM and FM modes

The IC-9700 has Auto Notch and Manual Notch functions.

Auto Notch automatically attenuates beat tones, tuning signals and so on. It can be used in the SSB, AM and FM modes.

Manual Notch attenuates beat tones, tuning signals and so on by manually adjusting the filtering frequency. It can be used in the SSB, CW, RTTY and AM modes.

# Selecting the Notch filter type

Push **NOTCH** several times to select "AN (Auto Notch)" or "MN (Manual Notch)."

Pushing NOTCH changes between "AN (Auto Notch)," "MN (Manual Notch)" and OFF.



Displayed when a notch filter is selected

# **♦ Setting the Manual Notch filter**

When Manual Notch is selected, adjust the filtered frequency.

- 1. Hold down **NOTCH** for 1 second to display the NOTCH menu.
  - · Opens the Notch menu.
  - The Manual Notch is automatically selected and "MN" is displayed.
- 2. Touch [WIDTH] several times to select the Manual Notch filter width from "WIDE," "MID" and "NAR."



- 3. Rotate •MULTI slowly, to manually attenuate the frequency.
- 4. To close the NOTCH menu, push **EXIT**.

**NOTE**: While adjusting, noise may be heard. This comes from the FPGA and does not indicate an equipment malfunction.

# **Monitor function**

The Monitor function enables you to monitor your transmit audio. Use this function to check the voice characteristics while adjusting transmit audio parameters.

①You can hear the CW sidetone regardless of the Monitor function setting.

- Select the operating mode that you want to monitor. (Example: USB)
- 2. Push **FUNCTION**.
  - Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- Touch [MONI] to turn ON the Monitor function.
   Touching [MONI] turns the Monitor function ON or OFF.



- 4. If you want to adjust the monitor audio output, touch [MONI] for 1 second.
- 5. Rotate MULT to adjust MONITOR to the clearest audio output between 0% and 100%, while speaking at your normal voice level.





6. To close the Multi-function menu, push MULTI).

**NOTE**: When using the VOX function, turn OFF the Monitor function. Otherwise the transmitted audio will echo.

# **IP Plus function**

The IP Plus function improves the Intermodulation Distortion (IMD) quality by exerting the direct sampling system performance.

This function optimizes the Analog/Digital Converter (ADC) against the distortion when you receive a strong input signal. It also improves the Third-order Intercept Point (IP3) while minimizing the reduction of the receive sensitivity.

- 1. Push **FUNCTION**.
  - · The FUNCTION screen is displayed.
- 2. Touch [IP+].
  - Touch [IP+] to turn the IP Plus function ON or OFF.
     Select ON to prioritize the IP quality, and select OFF to prioritize the receive sensitivity.



3. To close the FUNCTION screen, push **EXIT**.

# **Setting the Speech Compressor**

#### SSB mode

The Speech Compressor increases the average RF output power, improving readability at the receiving station. This function compresses the transmitter audio input to increase the average audio output level.

The function is effective for long-distance communication, or when propagation conditions are poor.

# Setting before using the Speech Compressor function

- 1. Select the SSB mode. (Example: USB)
- 2. Push **FUNCTION**.
  - Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- 3. Be sure the Speech Compressor is OFF. ①If it is ON, touch [COMP] to turn it OFF.



- 4. Push **EXIT** to close the FUNCTION screen.
- Touch the Multi-function meter to display the ALC meter.
  - $\mbox{\textcircled{1}}$  Touching the Multi-function meter sets the meter to Po, SWR, ALC, COMP, VD or ID.



- 6. Push MULTI to display the Multi-function menu.
- Touch [MIC GAIN], and then adjust it by speaking into the microphone to where the ALC meter reads within the 30 to 50% range of the ALC zone.



# **♦ Using the Speech Compressor function**

- 1. Touch the Multi-function meter again to display the COMP meter.
- 2. Push FUNCTION.
  - Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- 3. Touch [COMP] to turn it ON.
- 4. Touch [COMP] for 1 second.
- While speaking into the microphone at your normal voice level, adjust the Speech Compressor level to where the COMP meter reads within the COMP zone (10 to 20 dB range).
  - ①If the COMP meter peaks exceed the COMP zone, your transmitted voice may be distorted.

Speech Compressor is ON



6. To close the COMP menu, push **EXIT**.

# Split frequency operation

Split frequency operation enables you to transmit and receive on different frequencies in the same band.

There are 2 ways to use Split frequency operation.

- Use the Quick Split function
- Use the receive and transmit frequencies set to VFO A and VFO B.

The other station		My station	
Transmit frequency	USB mode 146.540 MHz	VFO A Receive frequency	USB FIL2 P.AMP 12:00 PBT1 AGC-M  146.540.00 VF0.A  1 p. J. 3 5 7 3 50 40 40 40 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80
Receive frequency	USB mode 146.560 MHz	VFO B Transmit frequency	USB FIL2 P.AMP 12:00 PBT1 AGC-M  146.560.00 VF0 B 1  S 1 3 5 7 3 50 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40

## Using the Quick Split function

The Quick Split function enables you to automatically equalize the frequency and mode of VFOs to the displayed VFO, and activate the Split function.

- Set VFO A's receive frequency and operating mode.
  - (Example: 146.540 MHz in the USB mode)
- 2. Hold down **SPLIT** for 1 second.
  - The Quick Split function is turned ON and the VFO A settings are set to VFO B.



3. While holding down **XFC**, set the operating frequency offset between transmit and receive. (Example: 20.00 kHz)



The offset between transmit and receive while holding down (XFC).

# Using the receive and transmit frequencies set to VFO A and VFO B

 Set VFO A's receive frequency and operating mode.

(Example: 146.540 MHz in the USB mode)



Push AB to select VFO B, and then set the receive frequency and the operating mode.

(Example: 146.560 MHz in the USB mode)



Push SPLIT to turn ON the Split function.
 Pushing SPLIT turns the Split function ON or OFF.



4. Push AB to return to VFO A.①The Split frequency operation is ready.

# **Split Lock function**

To prevent accidentally changing the receive frequency by releasing **XFC** while rotating **MAIN DIAL**, use the Split Lock function. Using both this function and the Dial Lock function enables you to change only the transmit frequency.

- Turn ON the Split Lock function.
   MENU) » SET > Function > SPLIT > SPLIT LOCK
- 2. Turn ON the Split function.
- 3. Hold down for 1 second to turn ON the Dial Lock function.
- 4. While holding down **XFC**, set the transmit frequency.

# Setting the transmit filter width

#### SSB mode

The transmit filter width for the SSB and SSB-D modes can be set. Only for the SSB mode, WIDE (wide), MID (middle) or NAR (narrow) can be selected.

#### To change the filter width in the SSB mode:

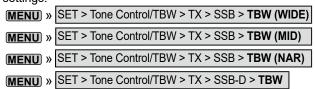
- 1. Set the operating mode to USB or LSB.
- 2. Push FUNCTION.
  - Opens the FUNCTION screen.
- 3. Touch [TBW].
  - Touching [TBW] sets the filter width to WIDE, MID or NAR.



The transmit filter widths are set to the following values by default.

SSB (WIDE): 100 Hz to 2900 Hz
SSB (MID): 300 Hz to 2700 Hz
SSB (NAR): 500 Hz to 2500 Hz
SSB-D: 300 Hz to 2700 Hz

You can change the filter width values in the following settings.



# **Operating CW**

#### **♦ Setting the CW pitch control**

You can set the received CW audio pitch and the CW side tone to suit your preference without changing the operating frequency.

- 1. Select the CW mode.
- 2. Display the Multi-function menu.





3. Touch [CW PITCH].



- Set the CW pitch to between 300 and 900 Hz (in 5 Hz steps).
- 5. Push •MULTI) to close the Multi-function menu.

## ♦ Setting the key speed

You can set the keying speed of the internal electronic keyer.

- 1. Select the CW mode.
- 2. Display the Multi-function menu.





3. Touch [KEY SPEED].



- Set the key speed to between 6 and 48 Words Per Minute (WPM).
- 5. Push MULTI to close the Multi-function menu.

#### Operating CW (Continued)

#### ♦ Using the Break-in function

Use the Break-in function in the CW mode to automatically switch between transmit and receive when keying. The IC-9700 is capable of Semi Break-in and Full break-in modes.

**TIP**: The key type is set to "Paddle" by default. You can select the keyer type on the CW-KEY SET screen. (p. 4-12)

#### Semi Break-in operation

In the Semi Break-in mode, the transceiver transmits when keying, and then automatically returns to receive after a preset time after you stop keying.

- 1. Select the CW mode.
- Push VOX/BK-IN to display "BKIN."
   Pushing VOX/BK-IN selects "BKIN (Semi Break-in)," "F-BKIN (Full Break-in)" or OFF (no indication). Semi Break-in



- 3. To adjust the Break-in delay time, hold down **VOX/BK-IN** for 1 second.
  - Opens the BKIN menu.
- 4. Set to where the transceiver does not return to receive while keying.



①When you are using a paddle, push **MULT** to display the Multi-function menu, and then adjust the KEY SPEED (p. 4-10) while operating the paddle.

5. To close the BKIN menu, push **EXIT**.

#### **Full Break-in operation**

In the Full Break-in mode, the transceiver automatically transmits while keying down, and then immediately returns to receive after keying up.

- 1. Select the CW mode.
- Push <u>VOX/BK-IN</u> several times to select "F-BKIN."
   Pushing <u>VOX/BK-IN</u> selects "BKIN (Semi Break-in),"
   "F-BKIN (Full Break-in)" or OFF (no indication).



3. Use a straight key or paddle.

①In the Full break-in mode, the transceiver automatically returns to receive without a preset break-in delay time after you stop keying. The transceiver receives while keying up.

#### ♦ Monitoring the CW side tone

When the transceiver is in standby and the Break-In function is OFF, you can listen to the CW side tone without actually transmitting.

#### ①Information

- This enables you to match your transmit frequency exactly to another station's by matching the audio tone.
- You can also use the CW side tone (make sure the Break-in function is OFF to practice CW sending.
- You can adjust the CW side tone level in "Side Tone Level."



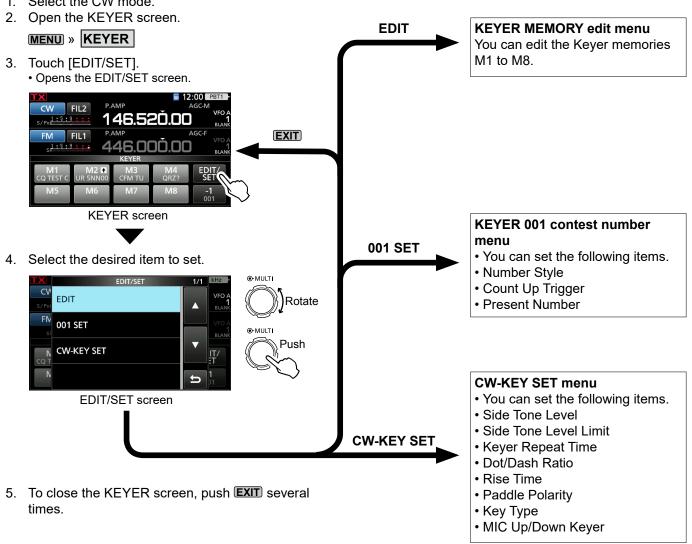
#### 4 **RECEIVING AND TRANSMITTING**

## Operating CW (Continued)

# **♦ About the electronic Keyer function**

You can set the Keyer Memory function settings, paddle polarity settings, and so on of the Electronic Keyer.

1. Select the CW mode.



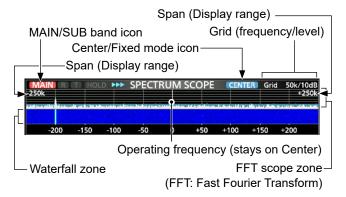
# Spectrum scope screen

The spectrum scope enables you to display the activity on the selected band, as well as the relative strengths of various signals.

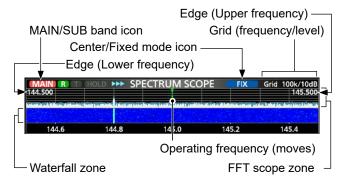
The transceiver has two spectrum scope modes, the Center mode and the Fixed mode.

You can also turn the Waterfall display ON or OFF. In addition, you can select the Mini scope to display it in a smaller size on the screen.

#### Center mode screen

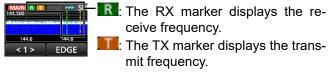


#### Fixed mode screen



#### ♦ Marker

The Marker displays the operating frequency in the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen.



#### About RX Marker

In the Fixed mode, the RX Marker displays the operating frequency within a specified frequency range. So, the transceiver always displays the RX marker in the scope screen.

In the Center mode, the operating frequency stays on the Center of the screen. Thus, the transceiver does not display the RX Marker.

①When the Hold function is ON, the RX Marker is displayed to indicate the operating frequency's position.

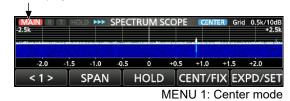
# ♦ Using the Spectrum Scope

Display the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen.

**SCOPE OPERATION** 

MENU » SCOPE

MAIN/SUB band icon\*





MENU 2: Center/Fix mode

\* Touch the MAIN/SUB band icon selects the displayed band.

		. ,	
Key	Action		
< 1 > < 2 >	Selects the Function menus.		
SPAN	Touch	In the Center mode, selects the scope span. • Spans: ±2.5, 5.0, 10, 25, 50, 100, 250 and 500 kHz	
	Touch for 1 second	Resets to the ±2.5 kHz span.	
EDGE	In the Fixed mode, selects the Edge frequencies.  ①You can set the upper and lower edge frequencies in the "Fixed Edges" item on the SCOPE SET screen by touching [EXPD/SET] for 1 second.		
HOLD	Touch	Sets the Hold function to ON or OFF.  • "(HOLD)" and the Marker are displayed. Freezes the current spectrum.	
	Touch for 1 second	Clears the Peak Hold level.	
CENT/FIX	Selects the Center or Fixed mode.		
EXPD/ SET	Touch	Selects the Expanded or Normal screen.	
	Touch for 1 second	Displays the SCOPE SET screen.	
REF	Opens the Reference level window.  ①Rotate (MAIN DIAL) to adjust the Reference level.  ①Touch again to close the window.		
SPEED	Selects the sweep speed.  • "▶▶" (FAST), "▶" (MID), or "▶" (SLOW).		
MARKER	Selects the Marker.		

#### Spectrum scope screen (Continue)

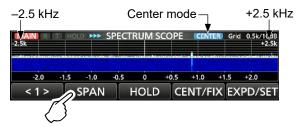
#### ♦ Center mode

Displays signals around the operating frequency within the selected span. The operating frequency is always displayed in the center of the screen.

1. Display the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen.

MENU » SCOPE

- 2. Touch [CENT/FIX].
  - Touch [CENT/FIX] to toggle between the Center and Fixed modes.
- 3. Touch [SPAN] several times to select the scope span.
  - ±2.5, 5.0, 10, 25, 50, 100, 250 and 500 kHz
     Touch [SPAN] for 1 second to select the ±2.5 kHz span.



#### ♦ Fixed mode

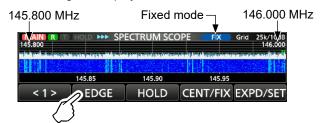
Displays signals within a specified frequency range. The selected frequency band activity can easily be observed in this mode.

Three Fixed Edge bands can be set for each amateur frequency band covered by the transceiver in the SCOPE SET screen.

1. Display the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen.

MENU » SCOPE

- 2. Touch [CENT/FIX].
  - ①Touch [CENT/FIX] to toggle between the Center and Fixed modes.
- Touch [EDGE] several times to select the Edge frequency.
  - ① When the operating frequency moves outside the upper or lower edge frequency, "<<" or ">>" is displayed in the upper side corners of the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen.
    - <<: The frequency is outside the lower edge.
    - >>: The frequency is outside the higher edge. When the frequency goes further away, "Scope Out of Range" is displayed.



# ♦ Touch screen operation

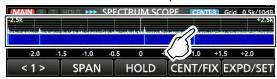
When you touch the FFT scope zone or the waterfall zone in the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen, the area will be zoomed in. Then you touch the signal in the zoomed area, you can directly tune your frequency to the signal in the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen.

①Holding down (KFC) changes the transmit frequency.

1. Display the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen.

MENU » SCOPE

- 2. Touch the Scope screen.
  - The area around the touched point is zoomed in.



3. Touch the signal in the zoomed area



#### (i)Information

- In the Center mode, the operating frequency changes to the touched point, and the point moves to the screen center.
- In the Fixed mode, the operating frequency and marker change to the touched point.
- Touch out of the zoomed area to close the zoomed window.

#### ♦ Mini scope screen

The Mini scope screen can be simultaneously displayed with another function displays, such as the RTTY DECODE screen and the AUDIO SCOPE screen.

The Mini scope screen cannot be used when the Dualwatch function is ON.

Push **M.SCOPE** to turn the Mini scope screen ON or OFF. (1) Hold down **M.SCOPE** for 1 second to display the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen.



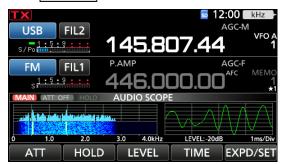
Mini scope screen with the AUDIO SCOPE screen

# Audio scope screen

This audio scope enables you to display the received signal's frequency component on the FFT scope, and its waveform components on the Oscilloscope. The FFT scope also has an waterfall.

Display the AUDIO SCOPE screen.

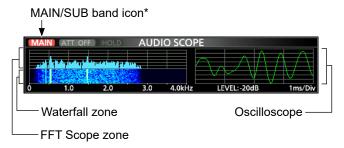
MENU » AUDIO



AUDIO SCOPE screen

Kev	Action		
ATT	Touch Selects the attenuator for the F scope.  • 0 (OFF), 10, 20, or 30 dB		
	Touch for 1 second	Turns OFF the attenuator. (0 dB)	
HOLD	Sets the Hold function to ON or OFF.  • "HOLD" is displayed and freezes the current audio spectrum.		
LEVEL	Selects the Oscilloscope level.  • 0, -10, -20, or -30 dB		
TIME	Selects the Oscilloscope sweep time.  • 1, 3, 10, 30, 100, or 300 ms/Div		
EXPD/	Touch	Selects the Expanded or Normal screen.	
SET	Touch for 1 second	Enters the AUDIO SCOPE SET screen.	

#### AUDIO SCOPE screen



<sup>\*</sup>Touching the MAIN/SUB band icon selects the displayed band.

#### ♦ AUDIO SCOPE SET screen

This screen is used to set the FFT scope waveform type, color, Waterfall display and oscilloscope waveform color.

1. Display the AUDIO SCOPE screen.

MENU » AUDIO

- 2. Touch [EXPD/SET] for 1 second.
- Touch to select the item to set. (Example: "FFT Scope Waveform Type")



- 4. Touch the option to set.
  - See below for details on the setting items and their options.
- 5. To close the AUDIO SCOPE SET screen, push **EXIT**.

**TIP**: You can set each item to its default by touching the item for 1 second, and then touching "Default" on the QUICK MENU.

#### FFT Scope Waveform Type

(Default: Fill)

Select the type of waveform for the FFT scope.

- Line: Only the waveform outline is drawn.
- Fill: The full waveform is drawn in color.

#### **FFT Scope Waveform Color**

(Default: (R) 51 (G) 153 (B) 255)

Set the waveform color for the FFT scope.

- ① Touch and select the R (Red), G (Green) or B (Blue) scale, and then rotate ●MULTI to adjust the ratio from 0 to 255.
- The color is displayed in the box above the RGB scale.

#### FFT Scope Waterfall Display (Default: ON)

Turn the Waterfall display ON or OFF.

- OFF: Turns OFF the Waterfall display.
- ON: Turns ON the Waterfall display.

#### Oscilloscope Waveform Color

(Default: (R) 0 (G) 255 (B) 0)

Set the waveform color for the Oscilloscope.

- ① Touch and select the R (Red), G (Green) or B (Blue) scale, and then rotate ●MULTI to adjust the ratio from 0 to 255
- The color is displayed in the box above the RGB scale.

 $\frac{1}{\text{SD CARD}}$ 

NOTE: SD cards and SDHC cards are user supplied.

**TIP:** Icom recommends that you save the transceiver's factory default data for backup.

# **About the SD cards**

You can use an SD card of up to 2 GB, or an SDHC of up to 32 GB. Icom has checked the compatibility with the following SD and SDHC cards.

(As of January 2020)

Brand	Туре	Memory size
SanDisk <sup>®</sup>	SD	2 GB
Sandisk	SDHC	4/8/16/32 GB

- The above list does not guarantee the card's performance.
- Throughout the rest of this document, the SD cards and SDHC cards are simply called the SD card or the card.

#### NOTE:

- Before using the SD card, thoroughly read the instructions that came with the card.
- If any of the following occur, the card's data may be corrupted or deleted.
  - -You remove the card from the transceiver while it is still accessing the card.
  - A power failure occurs, or the power cable is disconnected, while accessing the card.
- You drop, impact or vibrate the card.
- Do not touch the contacts of the card.
- The transceiver may take a longer time to recognize a high capacity card.
- The card has a certain lifetime, so data reading or writing may not be possible after using it for a long period of time.

If reading or writing data is impossible, the card's lifetime may have ended. In that case, use a new one.

We recommend that you make a separate backup file of the important data onto your PC.

 Icom will not be responsible for any damage caused by data corruption on an SD card.

# Saving data

You can save the following data onto the card.

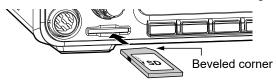
- Data settings and Memory channel contents of the transceiver
- · Communication/receive log and contents
- · Automatic answering voice audio in the DV mode
- · Voice audio for the Voice TX function
- RTTY decode log
- Captured screens
- Your (UR) call sign memory
- Repeater List
- GPS memory
- Pictures for the Share Pictures function
- Transmitted and received log of Share Pictures

# Inserting

Insert the SD card as shown below.

①Insert the SD card into the slot until it locks in place, and makes a 'click' sound.

①Be sure to check the card orientation before inserting.



#### NOTE:

Before using an SD card for the first time, be sure to format it in the transceiver.

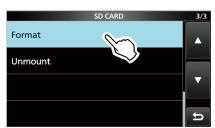
- Formatting a card erases all its data.
- Before formatting any used card, back up its data onto your PC.
- After inserting or formatting, a special folder on the card that you need for operations like updating the firmware is created on the card.

**IMPORTANT:** Even if you have formatted an SD card, some data may remain in the card. When you dispose the card, be sure to physically destroy it to avoid unauthorized access to any data that remains.

# **Formatting**

Before using an SD card, format it to be used with the transceiver by doing the following steps.

- Open the SD CARD screen.
   MENU » SET > SD Card
- 2. Touch "Format."



3. Touch [YES] to start formatting.



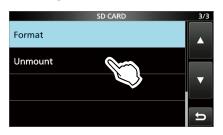
- After formatting, returns to the SD CARD screen.
   To cancel formatting, touch [NO].
- To close the SD CARD screen, push EXIT several times.

# Unmounting

Before you remove a card when the transceiver is ON, be sure to electrically unmount it, as shown below. Otherwise the data may be corrupted or deleted.

- 1. Open the SD CARD screen.

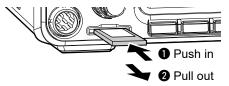
  MENU » SET > SD Card
- 2. Touch "Unmount."



3. Touch [YES] to unmount.



- After unmounting, returns to the SD CARD screen. (1) To cancel unmounting, touch [NO].
- 4. Remove the card from the transceiver.



① Push in the SD card until a click sounds to unlock the card, and then pull it out.

5. To close the SD CARD screen, push **EXIT** several times.

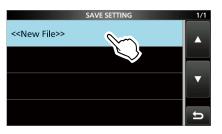
#### When the transceiver is OFF

You can remove the SD card starting from step 4 of the steps described above.

# Saving the setting data

The Memory channels and the transceiver's settings can be saved onto an SD card.

- Open the SAVE SETTING screen.
   MENU » SET > SD Card > Save Setting
- 2. Touch "<<New File>>."



- The file name is automatically set in the following format: Setyyyymmdd\_xx (yyyy: Year, mm: month, dd: day, xx: serial number).
- 3. To save the file with the displayed name, touch [ENT].



①If you want to change the name, delete the name and reenter it, and then touch [ENT].

- 4. Touch [YES].
  - Saves the data settings.



5. To close the SD CARD screen, push **EXIT** several

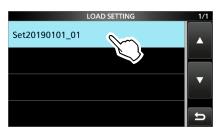
**TIP:** When you have updated the transceiver's firmware, the "Save Form" item will be added on the setting screen.

If this item is set to the earlier firmware version, the confirmation window is displayed after step 2. To save the data in the earlier firmware version, touch [YES].

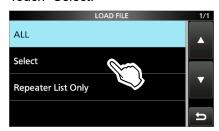
# Loading the saved data

You can load the Memory channels and transceiver's settings from the SD card to the transceiver.

- Open the LOAD SETTING screen.
   MENU » SET > SD Card > Load Setting
- 2. Touch the file to load.



3. Touch "Select."



- If you want to load all the contents on the LOAD OPTION screen, touch "ALL" and go to step 6.
   If you want to load only the repeater list, touch "Repeater List Only" and go to step 6.
- 4. Touch the loading options. (Example: CI-V Address)



- "✓" is displayed left side of the selected option.
   ①The Set mode settings and Memory channel contents are always loaded.
- 5. Touch "<<Load>>."



 "Keep 'SKIP' settings in the Repeater List?" is displayed. 6. Touch [YES] or [NO].



- "Load file?" is displayed.
- When you touch [YES], the skip settings of the repeater list are retained.
- When you touch [NO], the skip settings of the repeater list are cleared.
- 7. Touch [YES].
  - After the loading ends, "COMPLETED! Restart the IC-9700." is displayed.
  - When you select "REF Adjust" in step 4, "The new "REF Adjust" setting will be saved" is displayed.
- 8. Turn OFF the transceiver power, then turn it ON again to restart the transceiver.

# Deleting a data file

Follow the steps below to delete the files you no longer need on the SD card.

**NOTE:** Deleted data from a card cannot be recalled. Before deleting any data, back up the card data onto your PC.

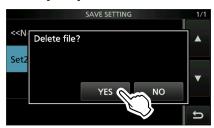
- Open the SAVE SETTING screen.
   MENU » SET > SD Card > Save Setting
- 2. Touch the file to delete for 1 second.



3. Touch "Delete."



- ①To delete all files, touch "Delete All." ①To cancel deleting, push **EXIT**.
- 4. Touch [YES].



5. To close the SET screen, push **EXIT** several times.

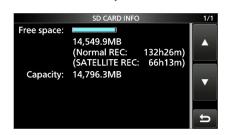
# Checking the file information Touch "File Information" on the QUICK MENU to display the file name, size and the saved date. QUICK MENU File Information Set2 Delete Delete All

# Displaying the card information

You can display the SD card capacity, and the time remaining for voice recording.

- Open the SD CARD screen.
   MENU » SET > SD Card
- 2. Touch "SD Card Info."





3. To close the SET screen, push **EXIT** several times.

# Importing or Exporting a CSV format file

Please read this section before importing or exporting a Comma Separated Values (CSV) format file from the SD card.

You can import or export the following data:

- Your Call Sign Memory
- Repeater List
- GPS Memory

# **♦** Importing

- Open the IMPORT/EXPORT screen.
   MENU » SET > SD Card > Import/Export
- 2. Touch "Import."



3. Touch the data to import. (Example: Your Call Sign)



4. Touch the CSV file to import.



#### NOTE:

- Before importing, make a backup file of all the transceiver's data to the SD card in case of data loss.
- The transceiver cannot display a file that has a file name longer than 24 characters. In this case, rename it using 23 characters or less. When you export the data in a CSV format file using the CS-9700, BE SURE to name it using 23 characters or less.

5. Touch [YES].



- · Starts to import.
- ①After importing ends, "COMPLETED!" is displayed. ①To complete the importing, restart the transceiver.

**TIP:** To import a repeater list, see the ADVANCED MANUAL for details.

## Importing or Exporting a CSV format file (Continued)

# **♦** Exporting

- Open the IMPORT/EXPORT screen.
   MENU » SET > SD Card > Import/Export
- 2. Touch "Export."



3. Touch the data to export. (Example: Your Call Sign)



4. Touch "<<New File>>."



- The file name is automatically set in the following format: Your\*yyyymmdd\_xx (yyyy: Year, mm: month, dd: day, xx: serial number).
  - \* "Rpt" is displayed for a repeater list, and "Gps" is displayed for a GPS memory.

5. To save the file with the displayed name, touch [ENT].



If you want to change the name, delete the name and reenter it, and then touch [ENT].

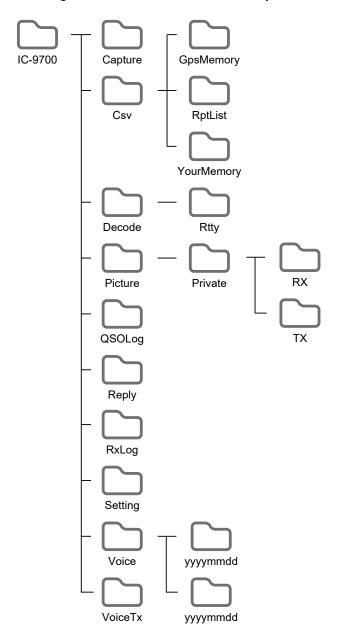
6. Touch [YES].



7. To close the EXPORT screen, push **EXIT** several times.

# **About the SD card folders**

You can easily restore data with a backup file, even if the setting data in the SD card is accidentally deleted.



The folder in the SD card contains the following.

#### • IC-9700 folder

The folders created in the IC-9700 are contained in this folder.

#### Capture folder

Saves the captured screen data in the "png" or "bmp" format.

#### Csv folder

Contains the GPS Memory, Repeater List and Your Call Sign Memory folders.

#### · GpsMemory folder

Saves the Gps Memory in the "csv" format to import.

#### RptList folder

Saves the Repeater List in the "csv" format to import.

#### YourMemory folder

Saves the Your Call Sign Memory in the "csv" format to import.

#### Decode folder

Saves the RTTY decode log.

#### Rtty folder

Saves the transmitted or received RTTY decode log data in the "txt" or "html" format.

#### Picture folder

Saves the pictures in the "jpg" format that are used with the Share Pictures function.

#### Private folder

Saves RX Picture History and TX Picture History.

#### Rx folder

Saves RX Picture History in the "dat" format.

①The RX Picture History contents are not displayed on the PC.

#### Tx folder

Saves TX Picture History in the "dat" format.

①The TX Picture History contents are not displayed on the PC.

#### QSOLog folder

Saves QSO log data in the "csv" format.

#### Reply folder

Saves Automatic reply data in the "wav" format.

#### RxLog folder

Saves RX record log data in the "csv" format.

#### Setting folder

Saves the transceiver's setting data in the "icf" format.

#### Voice folder

Creates the recorded QSO audio date folders.

#### yyyymmdd folder

Saves the recorded audio file in the "wav" format. The folder name is automatically created in the following format:

yyyymmdd (yyyy: year, mm: month, dd: day)

#### VoiceTx folder

Saves the recorded voice audio data for the Voice TX function in the "wav" format.

# SATELLITE COMMUNICATION

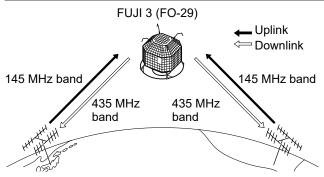
# Satellite communications outline

Both Satellite Mode B (435 MHz uplink, 145 MHz downlink), Mode J (145 MHz uplink, 435 MHz downlink) and Mode L (1270 MHz uplink, 435 MHz downlink) can be operated.

Preamplifier (user supplied) may help receiving weak signals.

#### Satellite information:

Satellite information describes satellite location, orbit angles, and so on. Such information may be available in ham magazines, organization publications or on web sites. Satellite tracking software is also convenient.



# Mode V/U operating diagram [Example]: FUJI 3 (FO-29), Mode V/U

Uplink frequency: 145.9000–146.0000 MHz Downlink frequency: 435.8000–435.9000 MHz

Tracking direction: Reverse CW beacon frequency: 435.7950 MHz

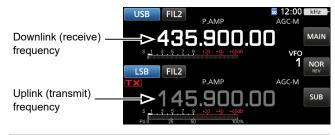
# Selecting the satellite mode

Operating frequencies in the satellite mode can be selected either before or after selecting the mode. Normal and reverse tracking are selectable.

Enter the Satellite mode in the MENU.

# MENU » SATELLITE

- Touch [SATELLITE] for 1 second, to copy the current frequency to the Satellite VFO.
- When the DR or DD mode is selected, the frequency is not copied.
- ① Touch [SATELLITE] for 1 second again, to exit the Satellite mode.



Key	Function
MAIN	Touch to select the Main band (Downlink frequency).
NOR REV	Change the tracking.
SUB	Touch to select the Sub band (Uplink frequency).

# ♦ Setting the satellite VFO

- 1. Touch [MAIN].
  - The Main band is selected.



- 2. Rotate MAIN DIAL to set the downlink frequency.
- 3. Touch [SUB].
  - The Sub band is selected.



4. Rotate (MAIN DIAL) to set the uplink frequency.

# ♦ Selecting NOR/REV tracking

Touching [NOR REV] changes the frequency increment when rotating (MAIN DIAL).



- NOR: Both downlink and uplink frequencies simultaneously increase or decrease in the same steps when you rotate (MAIN DIAL).
- REV: The downlink frequency follows the tuning dial rotation, however, the uplink frequency changes in the reverse direction to the **MAIN DIAL** rotation, in the same steps.

# Loop test procedure

Decide on a usable satellite, and point your antenna towards it

Monitored audio may cause howling. Using headphones is recommended.

 Set the downlink frequency (receive frequency) in the Main band to match the beacon frequency.



- ①The beacon frequency drifts (Doppler effect). Rotate (MAIN DIAL) to adjust the frequency.
- When you can receive the beacon, rotate
   (MAIN DIAL) to select a frequency within the
   satellite's coverage, as the downlink frequency on
   the MAIN band.



- Select a vacant frequency within the satellite's coverage. Monitor the operating frequency to make sure transmitting won't cause interference to other stations.
- 3. Push [PTT] on the microphone to transmit. (or push [TRANSMIT] on the transceiver)
- 4. Touch [SUB].



• The Sub band is selected.

#### About the Loop test:

Loop test is a method to confirm the communication status between your station and the satellite. By transmitting your voice (Example: your call sign), check the received audio.

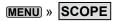
5. While rotating (MAIN DIAL), speak at your normal voice level to the microphone.



- Adjust the uplink frequency so that your voice is clearly heard.
- 6. Touch [SUB].
  - · The Sub band is unselected.

#### Using the spectrum scope

You can visually check the signal presence on the Spectrum Scope screen.





- ①By touching on the waterfall zone on the SPECTRUM SCOPE screen, you can directly tune your frequency on the displayed area of the band.
- ①Refer to Section 5 for details on the Scope screen.

#### About the Doppler effect:

Since the speed of satellite is high, the uplink and downlink frequency appear to drift due to the Doppler effect. As the satellite is moving towards your station, the downlink or uplink frequency appears to be higher, and is lower as the satellite is moving away. Therefore, you need to precisely adjust the uplink or downlink frequency to compensate for the frequency drift.

# Satellite operation

When your own signal can be received with a loop test, satellite communication can be performed.

- 1. Rotate (MAIN DIAL) to set the frequency.
- 2. When a frequency is shifted by the Doppler effect, rotate (MAIN DIAL) to tune to the frequency.
  - When you use beam antennas, you may need critical adjustment of the antenna direction, especially when communicating through satellites in low orbits.

#### Using the RIT

You can tune the downlink frequency ±9.99 kHz with the RIT. (p. 4-1)

#### Communicating in the FM mode:

- Some satellites require the transmit signal with a tone when communicating in the FM mode. Refer to amateur radio websites for more information.
- The AFC function automatically compensates for the frequency drift caused by the Doppler effect. (p. 7-2)

#### Communicating in the FM mode:

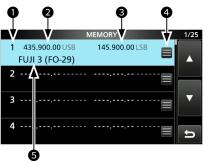
You can have a QSO with the crew of the ISS (International Space Station) using the Split function. Refer to related websites for more information.

# **Satellite memories**

The IC-9700 has 99 satellite memories to store both uplink and downlink frequencies,

operating modes and other data.

- Tracking selection, normal or reverse, is not programmed in the satellite memories.
- ①Refer to the ADVANCED MANUAL for memory management details.



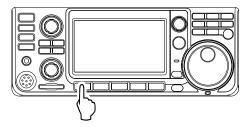
# ♦ Satellite memory screen

- Satellite memory number (1 ~ 99)
- 2 Downlink frequency The downlink frequency (Receive frequency) and mode.
- **3** Uplink frequency The uplink frequency (Transmit frequency) and mode.
- Memory edit icon Touch to open the MEMORY menu. You can edit the memory name, write or clear the memory in the menu.
- **5** Memory name The saved memory name is displayed.
- Select a memory, then push [QUICK] to open the QUICK MENU. You can edit the memory name, write or clear the memory in the menu.

# Set mode description

You can use the Set mode to set infrequently changed values or function settings.

1. Push MENU.



2. Touch [SET].



3. Touch the category that you want to select.



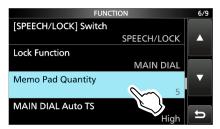
Push [▲] or [▼] to scroll through the items.
 () You can also rotate (●MULT) to scroll through the items.



**TIP**: The Set mode is constructed in a tree structure. You may go to the next tree level, or go back a level, depending on the selected item.

5. Touch the item to open the item's setting screen, or to open its next tree level.

To go back the previous tree level, push EXIT.



- 6. Touch to select or to set the option.
  - The selected option is set, and returns to the previous screen.



7. To close the SET screen, push **EXIT** several times.

#### TIP: Resetting to the default setting

- 1. Push **QUICK** to display the QUICK MENU screen.
- 2. Touch "Default" to reset to the default setting.

  ①To close the Quick menu, push **EXIT**.



# Tone Control/TBW

MENU » SET > Tone Control/TBW > RX

SSB, AM, FM, DV, CW, RTTY

**RX HPF/LPF** (Default: ----)

Sets the cut-off frequencies for the receive audio highpass filter and low-pass filter, in 100 Hz steps.

①If this item is set, the "RX Bass" and "RX Treble" items are automatically set to "0."

SSB, AM, FM, DV

RX Bass (Default: 0)
RX Treble (Default: 0)

Sets the bass or treble level of the receive audio.

MENU » SET > Tone Control/TBW > TX

SSB, AM, FM, DV

TX Bass (Default: 0)
TX Treble (Default: 0)

Sets the bass or treble level of the transmit audio.

**SSB** 

**TBW (WIDE)** (Default: 100 – 2900) **TBW (MID)** (Default: 300 – 2700) **TBW (NAR)** (Default: 500 – 2500)

Sets the transmission passband width to wide, mid, or narrow, by changing the lower and higher cut-off frequencies.

SSB-D

**TBW** (Default: 300 – 2700)

Sets the transmission passband width by changing the lower and upper cut-off frequencies.

# **Function**

MENU » SET > Function

Beep Level (Default: 50%)

Sets the beep output level.

①If the "Beep (Confirmation)" item is set to "OFF," no beeps sound.

Beep Level Limit (Default: ON)

Selects whether or not to limit the volume up to the specified level.

• OFF: Does not limit the volume level.

• ON: Limits the volume level.

Beep (Confirmation) (Default: ON)

Turns the Confirmation beep ON or OFF.

• OFF: Turns the function OFF for silent operation.

 ON: A beep sounds when a switch is pushed or the touch panel is touched.

①If the "Beep Level" item is set to "0%," no beep sounds.

Home CH Beep (Default: ON)

Turns the Home CH Beep ON or OFF.

①In the VFO or Memory mode, when the Home Channel frequency or the Home Channel Memory is selected, the Home CH Beep sounds.

①In the DR screen, when the Home Channel Access repeater is set in FROM, the Home CH Beep sounds.

• OFF: No beep sounds.

 ON: Sounds a beep when you select the Home Channel.

Band Edge Beep (Default: ON (Default))

Selects an option for the Band Edge Beep function.

• OFF: Turns OFF the function.

 ON (Default): A beep sounds when you tune outside of, or back into the default amateur band's frequency range.

 ON (User): A beep sounds when you tune outside of, or back into a user programmed amateur band's frequency range.

• ON (User) & TX Limit:

A beep sounds when you tune outside of, or back into a user programmed amateur band's frequency range.

Transmitting is inhibited outside of the range.

①If the "Beep Level" item is set to "0%," no beep sounds.

Beep Sound (MAIN) (Default: 1000Hz) Beep Sound (SUB) (Default: 1000Hz)

Sets the audio frequency for beeps.

①If the "Beep Level" item is set to "0%," no beep sounds.

# 8 SET MODE

## Function (Continued)

# MENU » SET > Function > Sub Band Mute (TX)

Speaker/Phones (Default: OFF)
USB (Default: OFF)
LAN (Default: OFF)

Selects whether or not to mute the received audio of the SUB band when you transmit.

OFF: Does not mute the received audio of the SUB band.

• ON: Mutes the received audio of the SUB band.

# MENU » SET > Function

#### RF/SQL Control (Default: RF+SQL)

Sets the (AF→RF/SQL) (outer) control operation.

• Auto: Functions as an RF gain control in the

SSB, CW and RTTY modes.

Functions as a squelch control in the AM,

FM, DV, and DD modes.

• SQL: Functions as a squelch control in all modes.

Does not function as an RF gain control.

 RF+SQL: Functions not only as an RF gain control, but also as a squelch control in all modes.

#### When using as an RF gain/squelch control

Noise squelch (FM/DV mode)

Squelch is open

RF gain
adjustable range

RFG is displayed

Minimum

RF gain

Maximum

RF gain

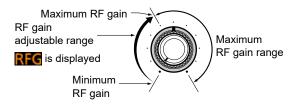
S-meter squelch

Maximum

S-meter squelch

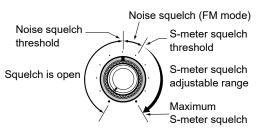
#### When using as an RF gain control

(Squelch is fixed open: SSB, CW, RTTY only)



#### When using as a squelch control

(RF gain is fixed at maximum.)



#### **FM/DV Center Error**

(Default: ON)

Turns the FM/DV Center Error indication ON or OFF. The MAIN/SUB band indicator shows the received signal deviation.

When an off-center signal is received, the indicator blinks green.

• OFF: Turns OFF the function.

• ON: Turns ON the function.

#### MENU » SET > Function > TX Delay

 144M
 (Default: OFF)

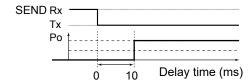
 430M
 (Default: OFF)

 1200M
 (Default: OFF)

Sets the TX delay time on the 144, 430, or 1200 MHz band.

①If an external equipment's rise time is slower than that of the IC-9700, a reflected wave is produced and it may damage the IC-9700 or the external device. To prevent this, set the appropriate delay time so that no reflected wave, or timing damage occurs.

() Select "OFF" for no rise speed.



# MENU » SET > Function

#### **Time-Out Timer**

(Default: OFF)

Sets the Time-out Timer to OFF, 3, 5, 10, 20, or 30 minutes to prevent an accidental prolonged transmission.

Select "OFF" for no time limit.

## PTT Lock

(Default: OFF)

(Default: ON)

Turns the PTT Lock function ON or OFF.

To prevent accidental transmissions, this function inhibits all transmissions.

• OFF: Turns OFF the function.

• ON: Inhibits all transmissions.

# MENU » SET > Function > SPLIT

## Quick SPLIT

Turns the Quick SPLIT function ON or OFF. This function automatically turns ON the SPLIT function, and set the frequency and mode that is not displayed (VFO A or AFO B), according to the SPLIT Offset setting.

• OFF: Turns OFF the function.

• ON: Turns ON the function.

## SPLIT Offset (Default: 0.000 MHz)

Sets the SPLIT offset between -9.999 and +9.999 MHz. The SPLIT offset is the difference between the receive and transmit frequencies for the Quick SPLIT function.

# MENU » SET > Function > SPLIT

#### SPLIT LOCK (Default: OFF)

Turns the Split Lock function ON or OFF.
The SPLIT LOCK function enables you to adjust the transmit frequency while holding down (XFC), even while the Dial Lock function is activated.
To prevent accidentally changing the receive frequency by rotating (MAIN DIAL), use both the SPLIT LOCK and Dial Lock functions (p. 3-10).

- OFF: Turns OFF the function.
- ON: Turns ON the function.

# MENU » SET > Function

#### Auto Repeater

The Auto repeater function automatically turns the duplex operation and tone encoder ON or OFF.

①This item is displayed only in the USA version.

(Default: ON)

- OFF: Turns OFF the function.
- ON (DUP): Turns ON the duplex settings only.
- ON (DUP, TONE): Turns ON the duplex settings and the tone encoder function.

#### RTTY Mark Frequency (Default: 2125)

Selects the RTTY mark frequency.

When the internal RTTY decoder is used, 2125 Hz is automatically selected.

#### RTTY Shift Width (Default: 170)

Selects the RTTY shift width.

When the internal RTTY decoder is used, 170 Hz is automatically selected.

#### RTTY Keying Polarity (Default: Normal)

Selects the RTTY keying polarity.

- Normal: Key open/close = Mark/Space
- Reverse: Key open/close = Space/Mark

# MENU » SET > Function > SPEECH

#### SPEECH Language (Default: English)

Sets the speech language to English or Japanese.

#### Alphabet (Default: Normal)

Selects the alphabet characters announcement.

#### SPEECH Speed (Default: Fast)

Sets the speech speed to Fast or Slow.

#### **RX Call Sign SPEECH** (Default: ON (Kerchunk))

Turn the RX Call Sign Speech function ON or OFF for calls received in the DV mode.

#### RX>CS SPEECH (Default: ON)

Turn the RX>CS Speech function ON or OFF.

#### S-Level SPEECH (Default: ON)

Turns the S-meter level announcement ON or OFF.

- OFF: The operating mode and the operating frequency are announced when you push (PECH).
- ON: The signal strength level, the operating mode and the operating frequency are announced when you push (SPECIF).

#### MODE SPEECH (Default: OFF)

Turns the operating mode announcement ON or OFF.

- OFF: The selected operating mode is not announced.
- ON: The selected operating mode is announced.

#### SPEECH Level (Default: 50%)

Sets the Voice Synthesizer audio output level.

# 8 SET MODE

## Function (Continued)

MENU » SET > Function

[SPEECH/LOCK] Switch (Default: SPEECH/LOCK)

Selects (SPEECH) action.

• SPEECH/LOCK: Pushing \*\* turns ON the Voice

Synthesizer function.

Holding down sturns the Lock

function ON or OFF.

• LOCK/SPEECH: Pushing turns the Lock

function ON or OFF.

Holding down turns ON the Voice Synthesizer function.

Lock Function (Default: MAIN DIAL)

This function electronically locks (MAIN DIAL) or the panel display\* to prevent accidental changes.

\*Keys and dials are also locked except for (AF - RF/SQL), (AF - RF/SQL), (POWER), and (SPEECH).

#### **Memo Pad Quantity**

(Default: 5)

Sets the number of memo pad channels.

#### **MAIN DIAL Auto TS**

(Default: High)

Sets the Auto Tuning Step function for (MAIN DIAL). When rapidly rotating (MAIN DIAL), the tuning step automatically changes according to the rotation speed.

- OFF: Auto tuning step is turned OFF.
- · Low: Approximately two times faster.
- High: Approximately five times faster when the tuning step is set to 1 kHz or smaller.
   Approximately two times faster when the tuning step is set to 5 kHz or larger.

#### MIC Up/Down Speed

(Default: Fast)

Selects the steps per second when changing an operating frequency by holding down the microphone's [UP]/[DN] key.

- Slow: Low speed (25 tuning steps/second)
- Fast: High speed (50 tuning steps/second)

# MENU » SET > Function

#### **AFC Limit**

(Default: ON)

Select whether to limit the operating range of the AFC (Automatic Frequency Control) function, or not.

- OFF: Turns OFF the function.
- ON: Limits the operating range of the AFC function.
   The limit value differs depending on the IF filter width as described below.

IF Filter width AFC limit value 15 kHz ±10 kHz

15 KHZ ±10 KHZ 10 KHZ ±7 KHZ 7 KHZ ±5 KHZ

[NOTCH] Switch (SSB) (Default: Auto/Manual) [NOTCH] Switch (AM) (Default: Auto/Manual)

Selects the notch function used in the SSB or AM mode.

• Auto: Only the Auto Notch function can be

used.

• Manual: Only the Manual Notch function can

be used.

• Auto/Manual: Both the Auto and Manual Notch

functions can be used.

## SSB/CW Synchronous Tuning (Default: OFF)

Turns the Displayed Frequency Shift function ON or OFF. This function automatically shifts the frequency to match the CW pitch when the operating mode is toggled between SSB and CW.

- OFF: Turns OFF the function.
- ON: When the operating mode is changed between SSB and CW, the operating frequency shifts by the offset amount.

#### **CW Normal Side**

(Default: USB)

Selects the carrier point in the CW normal mode.

- LSB: Sets the carrier point to the LSB side.
- USB: Sets the carrier point to the USB side.

Keyboard Type

(Default: Full Keyboard)

Sets the keyboard entry type to Ten-Key or Full Keyboard.

#### Full Keyboard Layout

(Default: English)

Selects the on-screen keyboard layout between English, German and French.

#### Screen Capture [POWER] Switch (Default: OFF)

Assigns the Screen Capture function to **POWER**.

- OFF: POWER does not act as the Screen Capture key
- ON: **POWER** acts as the Screen Capture key.

#### **Screen Capture File Type**

(Default: PNG)

Sets the file format for the Screen Capture function to PNG or BMP.

MENU » SET > Function > REF Adjust

#### **REF Adjust**

Adjusts the internal reference frequency.

#### **REF Adjust (FINE)**

Fine tune the value set in "REF Adjust."

NOTE: The default setting of "REF Adjust" may differ slightly, depending on the transceiver's version.

# **My Station**

MENU » SET > My Station

#### My Call Sign (DV)

The transceiver has a total of 6 memories to save your own call signs for DV mode.

You can enter a call sign of up to 8 digits. Also, a note of up to 4 characters, for operating transceiver type, area, and so on, can be entered.

#### TX Message (DV)

The transceiver has a total of 5 memories to save short messages for simultaneous transmission in the DV mode.

Enter a message of up to 20 alphanumeric characters for each memory.

To transmit no message, select "OFF."

#### My Call Sign (DD)

The transceiver has a total of 6 memories to save your own call signs for DD mode.

You can enter a call sign of up to 8 digits. Also, a note of up to 4 characters, for operating transceiver type, area, and so on, can be entered.

# 8 SET MODE

# **DV/DD Set**

# MENU » SET > DV/DD Set

Standby Beep (Default: ON (to me:Alarm/High Tone)

Turns the Standby Beep function ON or OFF. This function sounds a beep after a received signal disappears, in the DV mode.

- OFF: Does not sound a beep after a received signal disappears.
- ON: Sounds a beep after a received signal disappears.
- ON (to me:High Tone):

Sounds a high pitched beep when a received signal that is addressed to your call sign (MY) disappears.

When any other received signal disappears, a regular beep sounds.

• ON (to me:Alarm/High Tone):

Sounds alarm (PiRoPiRoPiRo) when a received signal that is addressed to your call sign (MY) disappears.

When any other received signal disappears, a regular beep sounds.

- The standby beep sounds even when "Key-Touch Beep" is set to "OFF."
- The standby beep output level is depending on the Beep level setting.

## Auto Reply (Default: OFF)

Sets the Automatic Reply function to ON, OFF, Voice, Position. This function automatically replies to a call addressed to your own call sign, even if you are away from the transceiver.

- OFF: Turns OFF the function.
- ON: Replies with your own call sign. (No audio reply is sent)
- Voice: Replies with your call sign and any Auto Reply message recorded on the SD (up to 10 seconds).

If no SD card is inserted, or no message is recorded, only your call sign is transmitted.

The transmitted audio can be monitored. 
①When "ON" or "Voice" is selected, the Automatic reply

function is automatically turned OFF when you push TRANSMIT or microphone's [PTT].

#### DV Data TX

(Default: Auto)

Selects whether to manually or automatically transmit data in the DV mode.

- PTT: Push **TRANSMIT** or the microphone's [PTT] to manually transmit data.
- Auto: When data is input from a PC through the [DATA] jack, the transceiver automatically transmits it.

## MENU » SET > DV/DD Set > DV Fast Data

### Fast Data (Default: OFF)

Selects whether or not to use the DV Fast Data function for data communication in the DV mode. The DV Fast Data function uses the data and the audio frames to send data approximately 3.5 times faster than the normal speed. So, no audio can be sent.

- OFF: Sends data at the slow speed (approximately 950 bps).
- ON: Sends data at the fast speed (approximately 3480 bps).
- ①Even if "ON" is selected, when you push **TRANSMIT** or the microphone's [PTT], the data is sent at the slow speed, because the audio frame is used for the audio transmission.

The GPS data speed is set in "GPS Data Speed."

## **GPS Data Speed**

(Default: Slow)

Sets the GPS data speed when the data is sent using the DV Fast Data function.

- Slow: Sends GPS data in the slow speed (approximately 950 bps).
- Fast: Sends GPS data in the fast speed (approximately 3480 bps).

①When you send the GPS data to other transceivers that can receive only slow speed data, set to "Slow."

#### TX Delay (PTT)

(Default: 2sec)

Sets the TX delay time.

In this setting, you can set the time for the transceiver sends the DV data using the DV Fast Data mode when you push **TRANSMIT** or hold down the microphone's [PTT].

OFF: After pushing TRANSMIT, or releasing [PTT], the transceiver returns to receive.

1 ~ 10sec: After pushing TRANSMIT, or releasing [PTT], the transceiver sends data using the DV Fast Data mode for this set period. When the TX data is completely sent within this set period, the transceiver automatically returns to receive.

**NOTE:** This function is usable only when "DV Data TX" is set to "PTT."

# MENU » SET > DV/DD Set

#### **Digital Monitor**

(Default: Auto)

Select a receive mode when **XFC** is pushed in the DV mode.

- Auto: Receives in the DV mode or the FM mode, depending on the received signal.
- Digital: Receives in the DV mode.
- Analog: Receives in the FM mode.

# MENU » SET > DV/DD Set

#### **Digital Repeater Set**

(Default: ON)

Turn the digital repeater setting function ON or OFF. When accessing a repeater that has a call sign that is different than the transceiver's setting, this function reads the repeater's transmit signal and automatically sets the repeater call sign.

- OFF: Turns OFF the function.
- ON: Automatically sets the repeater call sign.

#### **DV Auto Detect**

(Default: OFF)

Turns the DV mode automatic detect function ON or OFF. When in the DV mode, if you receive a non-digital signal, this function automatically sets the operating mode to the FM mode.

- OFF: Turns the function OFF. The operating mode is fixed to the DV mode.
- ON: Automatically selects the FM mode for temporary operation.

#### **RX Record (RPT)**

(Default: ALL)

The transceiver can record the data of up to 50 individual calls. When the received signal includes a status message ("UR?" or "RPT?") that is sent back from the access repeater, you can record up to 50 messages, or only the last call, in the Received Call Record.

- ALL: Records up to 50 calls.
- · Latest Only: Records only the last call.

**BK** (Default: OFF)

The Break-in (BK) function enables you to break into a conversation, where the two other stations are communicating with call sign squelch enabled.

- OFF: Turns OFF the function.
- ON: Turns ON the function.

The BK function is automatically turned OFF when transceiver is turned OFF.

#### EMR (Default: OFF)

The Enhanced Monitor Request (EMR) function enables all transceivers that receive an EMR signal automatically open their squelch to receive the signal.

- OFF: Turns OFF the function.
- ON: Turns ON the function.
- The EMR function is automatically turned OFF when transceiver is turned OFF.

#### **EMR AF Level**

(Default: 50%)

8

Set the audio output level when an EMR communication mode signal is received. When an EMR signal is received, the audio will be heard at the programmed level, or the transceiver's audio level, whichever is higher. To disable the setting, set to "0."

**NOTE:** After an EMR signal disappears, the audio level will remain at the EMR level. In this case, rotate AF+RF/SQL to adjust the audio level.

#### **DD TX Inhibit (Power ON)**

(Default: ON)

Select the TX INHIBIT setting when the transceiver is turned ON.

OFF: Sets to OFF.ON: Sets to ON.

#### **DD Packet Output**

(Default: Normal)

Sets the condition for outputting the packets in the DD mode.

- · Normal: Outputs packets when:
  - A call addressed to your own call sign or a non-call sign specific call (CQCQCQ) are received.
  - An EMR signal is received.
  - A break-in call is received.
- All: Outputs all packets.

# 8 SET MODE

# **QSO/RX** Log

MENU » SET > QSO/RX Log

**QSO Log** 

(Default: OFF)

Selects whether or not to make a communication log on an SD card.

The communication log is made on an SD card, and saved in the "csv" format.

This function requires an SD card (User supplied).

- OFF: The QSO Log function is OFF.
- ON: The transceiver makes a log on the SD card. The transceiver starts making a log when you begin talking.

#### TIP:

- The folder name is automatically created, as [IC-9700\QsoLog].
- The file name is automatically created, as shown in the example below:

Log start date and time: 1st January 2019 15:30:00 File name: 20190101\_153000.csv

- The log contents is not displayed on the transceiver.
- · You can display the log contents on a PC.

#### **RX History Log**

(Default: OFF)

Selects whether or not to make a DV mode's receive history log on an SD card.

The receive history log is made on an SD card, and saved in the "csv" format.

This function requires an SD card (User supplied).

- OFF: The RX History Log function is OFF.
- ON: The transceiver makes a DV mode's receive history log on the SD card.
   The transceiver starts making a receive

history log when you finish talking.

#### TIP:

- The folder name is automatically created, as [IC-9700\RxLog].
- The file name is automatically created, as shown in the example below:

Log start date and time: 1st January 2019 15:30:00 File name: 20190101\_153000.csv

- The log contents is not displayed on the transceiver.
- · You can display the log contents on a PC.

# MENU » SET > QSO/RX Log > CSV Format

Separator/Decimal (Default: Sep [,] Dec [.]\*)

Select the separator and the decimal character for the CSV format.

- Sep [,] Dec [.]: Separator is "," and Decimal is "."
- Sep [;] Dec [.]: Separator is ";" and Decimal is "."
- Sep [;] Dec [,]: Separator is ";" and Decimal is ","
- \* The default value may differ, depending on the transceiver version.

Date (Default: mm/dd/yyyy\*)

Select the date format between "yyyy/mm/dd," "mm/dd/yyyy" and "dd/mm/yyyy." (y: year, m: month, d: day)
\* The default value may differ, depending on the transceiver version.

The call log contents are shown below:

Contents	Example		Descriptions
TX/RX	TX	RX	Transmission and reception
Date	1/1/2019 13:51:48	1/1/2019 13:51:48	Date and time the call was started.
Main Frequency	438.010000	438.010000	Operating frequency of the MAIN band
Main Mode	DV	DV	Operating mode of the MAIN band (USB/USB-D/LSB/LSB-D/CW/CW-R/RTTY/RTTY-R/AM/AM-D/FM/FM-D/DV/DD)
SUB Frequency	438.010000	438.010000	Operating frequency of the SUB band
SUB Mode	DV	DV	Operating mode of the SUB band (USB/USB-D/LSB/LSB-D/CW/CW-R/RTTY/RTTY-R/AM/AM-D/FM/FM-D/DV/DD)
My Latitude	34.764667	34.764667	Your latitude (unit: degree) (+: North latitude, –: South latitude)
My Longitude	135.375333	135.375333	Your longitude (unit: degree) (+: East longitude, –: West longitude)
My Altitude	50.5	50.5	Your altitude (unit: m) Records to one decimal place.
RPT Call Sign	JP3YHJ	JP3YHJ A	Repeater call sign (DV mode only)
TX Call Sign	CQCQCQ	(Blank)	TX Call sign (DV mode only)
RX Call Sign	(Blank)	JA3YUA A/9700	RX Call sign (DV mode only)
Main RF Power	20%	(Blank)	TX output power level
Main S meter	(Blank)	S0	The relative signal strength of the receive signal (in 16 levels)
SUB RF Power	20%	(Blank)	TX output power level
SUB S meter	(Blank)	S0	The relative signal strength of the receive signal (in 16 levels)
RX Latitude	(Blank)	34.764667	Caller's latitude, if sent. (unit: degree) (+: North latitude, –: South latitude) Records only when you receive in the DV mode.
RX Longitude	(Blank)	135.375333	Caller's longitude, if sent. (unit: degree) (+: East longitude, –: West longitude) Records only when you receive in the DV mode.
RX Altitude	(Blank)	30.5	Caller's altitude, if sent. (unit: m) Records only when you receive in the DV mode.

# 8 SET MODE

# QSO/RX Log (Continued)

The RX log contents are shown below:

Contents	Example	Descriptions
Frequency	438.010000	RX Frequency
Mode	DV	Operating mode (DV mode is fixed)
Caller	JA3YUA A	Call sign of the caller station (up to 8 characters)
1	9700	Note after the call sign (up to 4 characters)
Called	cqcqcq	Call sign of the called station
Rx RPT1	JP3YHH G	Access repeater call sign of the caller station or the gateway repeater call sign of your local area repeater.
Rx RPT2	JP3YHJ A	Access repeater call sign of the called station
Message	Hello CQ D-STAR!	Message included in the received call (up to 20 characters)
Status	(Blank)	Normal: blank, Uplink: "RPT UP", Access repeater reply: "UR?" or "RPT?"
Received date	1/1/2019 13:51:48	Date and time the call was received Depending on the setting, the format may differ.
BK	*	BK call: "*", Normal call: Blank
EMR	*	EMR call: "*", Normal call: Blank
Latitude	34.764667	Caller's latitude, if sent. (unit: degree) (+: North latitude, –: South latitude)
Longitude	135.375333	Caller's longitude, if sent. (unit: degree) (+: East longitude, -: West longitude)
Altitude	30.5	Caller's altitude, if sent. (unit: m) Records to one decimal place.
SSID	-A	Caller's SSID, if sent. (0, -1 to -15, -A to -Z)
D-PRS Symbol	Car	Icon: Converts to text, None: Code
Course	123	Caller's course (unit: degree)
Speed	23.5	Caller's speed (unit: km/h) Records to one decimal place.
Power	49	TX power (unit: W)
Height	24	Antenna height (unit: m)
Gain	6	Antenna gain (unit: dB)
Directivity	Omni	Antenna directivity (Omni, 45, 90, 135, 180, 225, 270, 315 or 360)
Object/Item Name	HAM FES	Object name or Item name (up to 9 characters)
Data Type	Live Object	Data type of Object or Item (Live or Kill)
Temperature	20.5	Temperature (unit: °C) Records to two decimal places.
Rainfall	253.75	Rainfall (unit: mm) Records to two decimal places.
Rainfall (24 Hours)	253.75	Rainfall (24 Hours) (unit: mm) Records to two decimal places.
Rainfall (Midnight)	253.75	Rainfall (Midnight) (unit: mm) Records to two decimal places.
Wind Direction	315	Wind Direction (unit: degree)
Wind Speed	10.0	Wind Speed (unit: m/s) Records to one decimal place.
Gust Speed	10.0	Gust Speed (unit: m/s) Records to one decimal place.
Barometric	1013.0	Barometric (unit: hPa) Records to one decimal place.
Humidity	85	Humidity (unit: %)
GPS Time Stamp	12:00:00	Time data that the caller station acquires the position data
GPS Message	Osaka City/IC-9700	Caller is "NMEA": Records the GPS message Caller is "D-PRS: Records the D-PRS comment

# **Connectors**

# MENU » SET > Connectors > External P.AMP

 144M
 (Default: OFF)

 430M
 (Default: OFF)

 1200M
 (Default: OFF)

Selects whether or not to use an external preamplifier, for each band.

The preamplifiers amplify received signals to improve the S/N ratio and sensitivity.

- OFF: Does not use an external preamplifier.
- ON: Uses an external preamplifier.

# MENU » SET > Connectors

#### External Speaker Separate (Default: Separate)

Sets the audio output when the external speaker is connected.

• Separate: The MAIN band audio is output from the

[EXT-SP MAIN] jack, and the SUB band audio is output from the [EXT-SP SUB] jack.

• Mix: Mix and output the audio of the MAIN

band and SUB band.

# MENU » SET > Connectors > Phones

Level (Default: 0)

Sets the audio output level ratio of the headphone and internal speaker between -15 and +15.

#### L/R Mix (Default: Auto)

Sets the audio output when the headphone is connected.

Separate: The MAIN band audio is output from

the left side, and the SUB band audio is

output from the right side.

Mix: Mix and output the audio of the MAIN

band and SUB band.

• Auto: When the SUB band is displayed:

The MAIN band audio is output from the left side, and the SUB band audio is

output from the right side.

When the SUB band is not displayed:

The MAIN band audio is output from the

left and right side.

# MENU » SET > Connectors > ACC AF/IF Output

#### AF/SQL Output Select (Default: MAIN)

Selects the audio and squelch signals to output from the [ACC] (DIN 8-pin) socket in the MAIN/SUB bands.

- MAIN: Outputs the audio and squelch signals of the MAIN band.
- SUB: Outputs the audio and squelch signals of the SUB band.

#### **Output Select**

(Default: AF)

Selects the signal output from [ACC].

- AF: An AF signal is output.
- IF: A 12 kHz IF signal is output.

#### **AF Output Level**

(Default: 50%)

Sets the AF output level of [ACC], when "Output Select" of ACC is set to "AF."

#### AF SQL (Default: OFF (Open))

Selects whether or not to output the audio from [ACC], according to the squelch state, when "Output Select" of ACC is set to "AF."

• OFF (Open): The squelch is always opened

regardless of the transceiver's squelch

level.

• ON: The squelch opens and closes,

according to the transceiver's squelch

level.

#### AF Beep/Speech... Output

(Default: OFF)

Sets the Beep and Speech audio output setting of [ACC], when "Output Select" of ACC is set to "AF."

- OFF: The beep and speech audio are not output.
- ON: The beep and speech audio are output.

#### IF Output Level

(Default: 50%)

Sets the IF output level of [ACC], when "Output Select" of ACC is set to "IF."

# 8 SET MODE

#### Connectors (Continued)

# MENU » SET > Connectors > USB AF/IF Output

#### **Output Select**

(Default: AF)

Selects the signal output from [USB].

• AF: An AF signal is output.

• IF: A 12 kHz IF signal is output.

#### **AF Output Level**

(Default: 50%)

Sets the AF output level of [USB], when "Output Select" of USB is set to "AF."

#### **AF SQL**

(Default: OFF (Open))

Selects whether or not to output the audio from [USB], according to the squelch state, when "Output Select" of USB is set to "AF."

• OFF (Open): The squelch is always opened

regardless of the transceiver's squelch

level.

• ON: The squelch opens and closes,

according to the transceiver's squelch

level.

## AF Beep/Speech... Output

(Default: OFF)

Sets the Beep and Speech audio output setting of [USB], when "Output Select" of USB is set to "AF."

• OFF: The beep and speech audio are not output.

• ON: The beep and speech audio are output.

#### **IF Output Level**

(Default: 50%)

Sets the IF output level of [USB], when "Output Select" of USB is set to "IF."

# MENU » SET > Connectors > LAN AF/IF Output

E#E 0 4 4

#### **Output Select**

(Default: AF)

Selects the signal output from [LAN].

- AF: An AF signal is output.
- IF: A 12 kHz IF signal is output.

#### AF SOL

(Default: ON)

Selects whether or not to output the audio from [LAN], according to the squelch state, when "Output Select" of LAN is set to "AF."

• OFF (Open): The squelch is always opened

regardless of the transceiver's squelch

level.

• ON: The squelch opens and closes,

according to the transceiver's squelch

level.

# MENU » SET > Connectors > MOD Input

ACC MOD Level (Default: 50%)
USB MOD Level (Default: 50%)
LAN MOD Level (Default: 50%)

Sets the modulation input level of each interface.

**DATA OFF MOD** (Default: MIC,ACC) **DATA MOD** (Default: ACC)

In the SSB, AM, or FM mode, selects the connector(s) to input the modulation signal when the data mode is OFF, or ON.

## MENU » SET > Connectors > ACC SEND Output

 144M
 (Default: ON)

 430M
 (Default: ON)

 1200M
 (Default: ON)

Selects whether or not to switch the SEND terminal output level of [ACC] to the Low level during transmitting.

- OFF: Does not switch to the Low level.
- ON: Switches to the Low level.

### MENU » SET > Connectors > USB SEND/Keying

#### TIP:

This is the setting for the terminal used for data communication when you operate the transceiver from the software on the PC.

When you connect the transceiver to a PC with a USB cable, 2 COM ports are recognized on the PC. To confirm USB (A)/USB (B), open the COM port properties, and confirm the "Value" of the "Details" tab.

#### **USB SEND**

(Default: OFF)

Sets the USB terminal of the transceiver to receive the SEND signal from the software on the PC.

Select the same terminal as the terminal set by the software.

①You cannot select the terminal which is already selected in the "USB Keying (CW)" or "USB Keying (RTTY)" item.

#### **USB Keying (CW)**

(Default: OFF)

Sets the USB terminal of the transceiver to receive the CW Keying signal from the software on the PC. Select the same terminal as the terminal set by the software.

①You cannot select the terminal which is already selected in the "USB SEND" or "USB Keying (RTTY)" item.

#### **USB Keying (RTTY)**

(Default: OFF)

Sets the USB terminal of the transceiver to receive the RTTY Keying signal from the software on the PC. Select the same terminal as the terminal set by the software.

①You cannot select the terminal which is already selected in the "USB SEND" or "USB Keying (CW)" item.

# MENU » SET > Connectors > USB SEND/Keying

#### Inhibit Timer at USB Connection (Default: ON)

Sets to prevent unintentional SEND or Keying signal transmission, under the following conditions.

- When connecting a PC to the transceiver using a USB cable.
- While the transceiver and a PC are connected using a USB cable, or when starting up the PC or connecting or disconnecting a USB device to or from the PC.
- When a virtual serial port communication has been established.
- OFF: The transceiver transmits the SEND or Keying signal right after a PC or USB device is connected.
- ON: The transceiver transmits after a few seconds have passed, to prevent unintentional transmission.
- ①If you change this setting to "OFF," update the transceiver's USB driver and make sure the SEND or Keying signal will not be unintentionally transmitted.

# MENU » SET > Connectors > External Keypad

VOICE (Default: OFF)
KEYER (Default: OFF)
RTTY (Default: OFF)

Enables each memory (voice, keyer, RTTY) transmission using an external keypad.

# MENU » SET > Connectors > CI-V

#### CI-V Baud Rate (Default: Auto)

Selects the CI-V data transfer rate.

①When "Auto" is selected, the baud rate is automatically set according to the data rate of the connected device.

#### CI-V Address (Default: A2h)

Sets the CI-V address.

①"A2h" is the default address of the IC-9700.

# CI-V Transceive (Default: ON)

Turns the Transceive function ON or OFF.

- OFF: The status is not output.
- ON: The status is output.

When you change a setting on the transceiver, the same change is automatically set on other connected transceivers or receivers, and vice versa.

#### **USB/LAN**→**REMOTE Transceive Address**

(Default: 00h)

Sets the address used to remotely control the transceiver or the receiver, through the [USB] port or the [LAN] port.

The external equipment control signal is output from the [REMOTE] jack.

## CI-V USB Port (Default: Unlink from [REMOTE])

Selects the internal connection type between the [USB] and [REMOTE] CI-V ports.

Link to [REMOTE]:

The [USB] and [REMOTE] CI-V ports are internally connected.

Unlink from [REMOTE]:

The [USB] and [REMOTE] CI-V ports are not internally connected.

Each port functions independently.

#### CI-V USB Baud Rate

(Default: Auto)

Selects the CI-V data transfer rate when remotely controlling the IC-9700 through the [USB] CI-V port. 
①When "Auto" is selected, the baud rate is automatically set according to the data rate of the external device. 
①This setting is valid only when the "CI-V USB Port" item is set to "Unlink from [REMOTE]."

#### CI-V USB Echo Back (D

(Default: OFF)

Turns the Data Echo Back function ON or OFF, when remotely controlling the IC-9700 through the [USB] CI-V port.

This setting is valid only when the "CI-V USB Port" item is set to "Unlink from [REMOTE]."

## **CI-V DATA Baud Rate**

(Default: OFF)

Selects the CI-V data transfer rate when remotely controlling the IC-9700 through the [DATA] jack.

#### CI-V DATA Echo Back (Default: OFF)

Turns the Data Echo Back function ON or OFF, when remotely controlling the IC-9700 through the [DATA] jack.

# 8 SET MODE

#### Connectors (Continued)

# MENU » SET > Connectors > USB (B)/DATA Function

#### **USB (B) Function**

(Default: OFF)

The transceiver has 2 virtual COM ports, A and B. When connecting to a USB port on your PC, the ports are virtually named as USB (A) and USB (B). In this item, sets the function to be assigned to USB (B).

USB (A) is used for programming, or CI-V operation.

• OFF: Does not assign the function to USB

(B).

• RTTY Decode: Outputs the decoded data of the

RTTY signal.

• DV Data: Inputs or outputs low speed data for

the DV mode.

#### **DATA Function** (Default: GPS/Weather)

Sets the function to be assigned to the [DATA] jack.

• OFF: Does not assign the function to the

[DATA] jack.

• RTTY Decode: Outputs the decoded data of the

RTTY signal.

• DV Data: Inputs or outputs low speed data for

the DV mode.

• GPS/Weather: Selected when connecting a GPS

receiver.

• CI-V: Inputs or outputs CI-V commands.

#### GPS Out (Default: OFF)

Selects whether or not to output the position data to USB (B) when the GPS receiver is connected to the [DATA] jack.

• OFF: Does not output the position data

to USB (B).

• DATA→USB (B): Outputs the position data to USB

(B).

①It is valid when "USB (B) Function" is set to "OFF" or "DV Data," and "DATA Function" is set to "GPS/Weather."

#### **DV Data/GPS Out Baud Rate** (Default: 9600)

Sets the transfer rate of the DV data and the GPS output data.

#### RTTY Decode Baud Rate (Default: 9600)

Set the data transfer rate of the RTTY decoded signals.

# MENU » SET > Connectors

# PTT Port Function (Default: PTT Input + SEND Output)

Set the behavior of the PTT pin on the [MIC] connector.

• PTT Input:

While transmitting, the transceiver does not output the SEND signal (TX status) from the PTT pin, but does detect the PTT input (PTT operation) on the microphone.

• PTT Input + SEND Output:

While transmitting using other than the operating microphone, the transceiver does not detect the PTT input (PTT operation) of the microphone, due to the output SEND signal from the PTT pin.

**NOTE:** If you want to do the following operations, set to "PTT Input."

- Transmit voice audio by holding down [PTT] on the microphone while transmitting an image in the DV Fast Data mode.
- Cancel transmitting the recorded audio by pushing [PTT] on the microphone.

# Network

MENU » SET > Network

**DHCP (Valid after Restart)** 

(Default: ON)

Turns the DHCP function ON or OFF.

• OFF: Uses a static IP address.

• ON: Uses the DHCP function.

If a DHCP server is in your network environment, the IP address is automatically

obtained.

IP Address (Valid after Restart)

(Default: 192.168.0.10)

Sets the static IP address.

**Subnet Mask (Valid after Restart)** 

(Default: 255.255.255. 0 (24 bit))

Sets the subnet mask to connect to your PC or LAN (Local Area Network), through the Ethernet.

Default Gateway (Valid after Restart) (Default: . . . )

Sets the Default Gateway of the IC-9700. When you remotely control the IC-9700, a Default Gateway setting is required.

Primary DNS Server (Valid after Restart)

(Default: . . . .)

Sets the Primary DNS Server address.

2nd DNS Server (Valid after Restart) (Default: . . . .)

If there are two DNS server addresses, sets the secondary DNS server address.

#### **Network Name**

If you are operating the IC-9700 using the optional RS-BA1, enter a network name of up to 15 characters.

#### Network Control (Valid after Restart) (Default: OFF)

Selects whether or not to remotely control the IC-9700.

- OFF: Disables remote control of the IC-9700.
- ON: Enables remote control of the IC-9700.

# **Power OFF Setting (for Remote Control)**

(Default: Shutdown only)

Selects whether or not to display the Standby/ Shutdown option dialog after holding down **POWER** for 1 second.

- Shutdown only: Shut down the IC-9700 when you turn it OFF.
- Standby/Shutdown:

Displays the Standby/Shutdown option dialog when you turn it OFF. MENU » SET > Network

#### Control Port (UDP) (Valid after Restart)

(Default: 50001)

Sets a port number for the control signal transfers between the IC-9700 and the remote station, when you remotely control the IC-9700.

#### Serial Port (UDP) (Valid after Restart)

(Default: 50002)

Sets a port number for the serial data transfers between the IC-9700 and the remote station, when you remotely control the IC-9700.

#### Audio Port (UDP) (Valid after Restart)

(Default: 50003)

Sets a port number for the audio signal transfers between the IC-9700 and the remote station, when you remotely control the IC-9700.

#### Internet Access Line (Valid after Restart)

(Default: FTTH)

Selects the Internet access line setting for the IP remote control.

MENU » SET > Network > Network User1

MENU » | SET > Network > Network User2

#### **Network User1 ID Network User2 ID**

Sets a user name of up to 16 characters, when you remotely control the IC-9700.

#### **Network User1 Password Network User2 Password**

Sets a user password.

- The password must include a minimum of 8 characters and a maximum of 16 characters.
- ①You cannot use a password that consists of the same characters.

**Network User1 ID Administrator** (Default: NO) **Network User2 ID Administrator** (Default: NO)

Selects whether or not to set the user as the administrator.

Only the authorized user can disconnect the communication between the IC-9700 and the remote station.

MENU » SET > Network

**Network Radio Name** 

(Default: IC-9700) Sets the IC-9700's name of up to 16 characters that is displayed in the remote control software, when you

remotely control the IC-9700.

# **Display**

# MENU » SET > Display

LCD Backlight (Default: 50%)

Sets the LCD backlight brightness.

**Display Type** (Default: A)

Sets the display type to A or B.

**Display Font** (Default: Basic)

Selects the font for the frequency readout.

Meter Peak Hold (Default: ON)

Turns the Meter Peak Hold function ON or OFF.

Memory Name (Default: ON)

Turns the Memory name display in the Memory mode ON or OFF.

MN-Q Popup (MN OFF→ON) (Default: ON)

Turns the Manual Notch filter width display ON or OFF.

BW Popup (PBT) (Default: ON)

Selects whether or not to display the PBT shift value during PBT operation with 

MULTI).

BW Popup (FIL) (Default: ON)

Selects whether or not to display the IF filter width and shift value when you switch the IF filter.

RX Call Sign Display (Default: Normal)

In the DV mode, selects whether or not to display the call sign and the message of the caller station, when a call is received.

• OFF: Does not display the caller station's call

sign and message.

• Normal: The caller station's call sign and message

automatically scroll once, and then

disappear.

• RX Hold: The caller station's call sign and message

automatically scroll once, and then the call sign is displayed on the transceiver's

display until the signal disappears.

• Hold: The caller station's call sign and message

automatically scroll once, and then the call sign is displayed on the transceiver's display until the signal disappears.
When the signal disappears, the call sign

and the message are displayed each 2

seconds.

When "Normal," "RX Hold," or "Hold" is selected, and if the call sign and name of the caller station is programmed in your memory, the programmed name is displayed after showing the call sign.

#### **RX Position Indicator**

(Default: ON)

Selects whether or not to display the indicator when the position data is included in the signal received in the DV mode.

 OFF: No indicator is displayed even though the position data is included in the received signal.

• ON: The indicator is displayed when the position data is included in the received signal.

When "RX Call Sign Display" is set to "OFF," the indicator is not displayed even though position data is included in the received signal.

#### RX Position Display (Default: ON (Main/Sub))

Selects whether or not to display in a dialog when the caller station's position data is included in the signal received in the DV mode.

- OFF: No data is displayed in a dialog.
- ON (Main/Sub):

When the caller station's position data is included in the signal, its data is displayed in a dialog.

• ON (Main Only):

When the caller station's position data is included in the signal received in the MAIN band, its data is displayed in a dialog.

①The time period to display the dialog depends on the "RX Position Display Timer" setting.

#### RX Position Display Timer (Default: 10sec)

Sets the RX position data's time period to display in the dialog.

• 5/10/15/30sec: Displays the caller's position for this

set period of time.

Hold: Displays the caller's position until

you operate the transceiver.

#### Reply Position Display (Default: ON)

Selects whether or not to display the caller's position data when the data is included in the Auto Replay signal.

• OFF: Does not display the caller's position data.

ON: Automatically displays the caller's position data.

#### **RX Picture Indicator**

(Default: ON)

Select whether or not to display the RX Picture Indicator when a picture is included in the received signal.

• OFF: No indicator is displayed, even if a picture is included in the received signal.

• ON: The indicator is displayed when a picture is included in the received signal.

When "RX Call Sign Display" is set to "OFF," the indicator is not displayed, even if the picture is included in the received signal. TX Call Sign Display (Default: Your Call Sign)

Select whether or not to display My or Your call sign while transmitting.

OFF: Turns the function OFF.

Your Call Sign: Displays and scrolls the call sign of

the target station.

My Call Sign: Displays and scrolls your own call sign.
 When "Your Call Sign" is selected, and if the call sign and name of the caller station is programmed in your memory, the programmed name is displayed after the call sign.

### **Scroll Speed**

(Default: Fast)

Set the scrolling speed of the message, call sign, or other text, that are displayed on the transceiver's LCD to "Slow" or "Fast."

#### **Screen Saver**

(Default: 60min)

Sets the Screen Saver function.

This function activates and automatically turns OFF the screen when no operation is performed for the preset period of time.

### **Opening Message**

(Default: ON)

Selects whether or not to display the opening message at power ON.

#### **Power ON Check**

(Default: ON)

Selects whether or not to display the RF Power level at power ON.

## MENU » SET > Display > Display Unit

The default values of "Display Unit" settings may differ, depending on the transceiver version.

Latitude/Longitude (Default: dddº mm.mm')

Selects the format to display the position.

#### Altitude/Distance

(Default: m)

Select the format to display the distance and elevation.

## Speed

(Default: km/h)

Select the format to display the speed.

#### **Temperature**

(Default: °C)

Select the format to display the temperature.

## **Barometric**

(Default: hPa)

Select the format to display the barometric pressure.

#### Rainfall

(Default: mm)

Select the format to display the amount of rainfall.

#### Wind Speed

(Default: mph)

Select the format to display the wind speed.

## MENU » SET > Display

### **Display Language**

(Default: English)

Set the screen display language type to English or Japanese.

This item is displayed only when the "System Language" is set to "Japanese."

#### **System Language**

(Default: English)

Set the system language of the transceiver.

• English:

The system language of the transceiver is English.

Only alphabetical characters (A to Z, a to z, 0 to 9) and symbols (! "#\$% & '() \* + , - . / : ; < = >? @ [\]^\_`{|}~) can be displayed. If Japanese characters (Kanji, Hiragana and Katakana) are included, the display shows "=" or "\_" instead of that character. In that case, you can only delete "=" or "\_" in the transceiver's edit mode.

• Japanese: The system language of the transceiver is Japanese.

Kanji, Hiragana and Katakana characters, and the 2-bytes symbols can be displayed. To display such characters in the DR screen or Menu mode, set "Display Language" to "Japanese."

①When this item is set to "English," "Display Language" is not displayed.

## 8 SET MODE

When you set the system language of the transceiver to Japanese, the IC-9700 has the capability to display both English and Japanese characters. HOWEVER, if you select Japanese, all menu items throughout the IC-9700 system will be displayed in only Japanese characters. There will be no English item names. Unless you are fluent in reading Japanese characters, use this feature with extreme caution.

If you have change the IC-9700's language to Japanese, and do not understand the menu system in the new setting, you will have to change the language back to English by doing a partial reset of the IC-9700 CPU. A partial reset will not clear your call sign databases.

To do a partial reset of the CPU, do the following steps:

- 1. Push [MENU].
- 2. Touch <SET>.
- 3. Touch the item (with the "etc" icon) shown below.



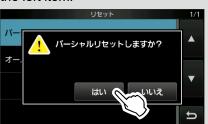
4. Touch the bottom item shown below.



5. Touch the upper item shown below.



The dialog is displayed as shown below. Touch the left item.



The transceiver displays "PARTIAL RESET," then the partial reset is completed.

# Time Set

MENU » SET > Time Set > Date/Time

#### **Date**

Sets the date (Year/Month/Day).

The day of the week is automatically set.

#### **Time**

Sets the current time.

The time is displayed in the 24 hour format.

### NOTE: The backup battery for the internal clock

The IC-9700 has a rechargeable Lithium battery to backup the internal clock. If you connect the transceiver to a power source, the battery is charged and it keeps the correct clock setting. However, if you do not connect the transceiver to a power source for a long period of time, the battery will discharge. In that case, the transceiver resets the internal clock.

If you do not use the transceiver for a long period of time, we recommend that you connect the transceiver to a power source at least once a month. The charging period is two days whether the transceiver's power is ON or OFF.

#### <<NTP TIME SYNC>>

Synchronizes the internal clock with the time management server.

To use this function, you need an Internet connection and default gateway settings.

#### NTP Function (Default: ON)

Automatically obtains the current time from the NTP server.

NTP Server Address (Default: time.nist.gov)

Sets NTP server address.

## GPS Time Correct (Default: Auto)

Select whether or not the time data is automatically corrected by a received GPS sentence.

MENU » SET > Time Set

UTC Offset (Default: ± 0:00)

Sets the UTC offset time.

## SD Card

MENU » | SET > SD Card

### **Load Setting**

Selects the saved data file to load.

### **Save Setting**

Saves the setting data onto an SD card.

## Save Form (Default: Now Ver)

Selects the format to save the settings to an SD card.

- Now Ver: Saves the settings in the current version format.
- Old Ver (x.xx x.xx): Saves the settings in an older version format indicated in the parenthesis (x.xx = version).
- ① If you select "Old Ver (x.xx x.xx)," a function that is added when the transceiver's firmware format is updated will not be saved.
- ①You cannot load a setting file that is saved in the current version format to an earlier firmware version.

MENU » SET > SD Card > Import/Export

#### **Import**

Import the UR call sign, repeater list or GPS memory data in the CSV format file.

Export the UR call sign, repeater list or GPS memory data in the CSV format file.

**MENU** » SET > SD Card > Import/Export > CSV Format

#### Separator/Decimal (Default: Sep [,] Dec [.]\*)

Select the separator and the decimal character for the CSV format.

- Sep [,] Dec [.]: Separator is "," and Decimal is "."
- Sep [;] Dec [.]: Separator is ";" and Decimal is "."
- Sep [;] Dec [,]: Separator is ";" and Decimal is ","
- \* The default value may differ, depending on the transceiver version.

Date (Default: mm/dd/yyyy\*)

Select the date format between "yyyy/mm/dd," "mm/ dd/yyyy" and "dd/mm/yyyy." (y: year, m: month, d: day)

\* The default value may differ, depending on the transceiver version.

MENU » SET > SD Card

#### **SD Card Info**

Displays the SD card capacity and the time remaining for voice recording.

### **Screen Capture View**

Displays the selected screen capture.

#### **TX/RX Picture View**

Displays the pictures that are saved on the SD card.

- The transceiver cannot display the picture while transmitting picture data.
- The transceiver can display up to 500 pictures.

#### **Firmware Update**

Displays the Firmware Update mode.

#### **Format**

Formats the SD card.

If you use a brand new SD card, be sure to format it in the transceiver.

MENU » SET > SD Card

#### Unmount

Unmounts the SD card.

Before you remove a card when the transceiver is ON, be sure to electrically unmount it. Otherwise the data may be corrupted or deleted.

## 8 SET MODE

# **Others**

## MENU » SET > Others > Information

#### **Version**

Displays the transceiver firmware's version number.

#### **MAC Address**

Displays the transceiver's MAC address.



#### **Clone Mode**

Selects to enter the clone mode to read or write the CS-9700 data from or to the PC.

①Restart the IC-9700 to cancel the clone mode.



## **Touch Screen Calibration**

Touch to adjust the touch screen.

①See the *Advanced Manual* for details.

MENU » SET > Others > Reset

## **Partial Reset**

Resets operating settings to their default values (VFO frequency, VFO settings, menu contents) without clearing the items below:

- Memory channel contents
- · Call sign memories
- Message contents
- DTMF memory contents
- GPS memory contents
- · Repeater list contents
- Network settings
- REF Adjust
- Fixed Edges
- Allowed call sign list contents ①See "Resetting" (p. 10-2) for details.

#### **All Reset**

Clears all data and returns all settings to their factory defaults.

Memory channel contents, filter setting and so on will all be cleared, so you will need to rewrite your operating settings.

①See "Resetting" (p. 10-2) for details.

# Setting the date and time

## **♦ Setting the date**

1. Open the Date screen.

MENU » SET > Time Set > Date/Time > Date

- 2. Touch [+] or [–] to set the date.
- 3. Touch [SET] to save the date.



 To close the DATE/TIME screen, push EXIT several times.

## ♦ Setting the current time

1. Open the Time screen.

MENU » SET > Time Set > Date/Time > Time

- 2. Touch [+] or [-] to set the current time.
- 3. Touch [SET] to save the time.



4. To close the DATE/TIME screen, push **EXIT** several times.

## ♦ Setting the UTC offset

1. Open the UTC Offset screen.

MENU » SET > Time Set > UTC Offset

- 2. Touch [+] or [-] to set the UTC offset.
- 3. Touch to save the UTC offset.



 To close the TIME SET screen, push EXIT several times.

## **NTP** function

The NTP (Network Time Protocol) function synchronizes the internal clock with the time management server. 
① To use this function, an internet connection and default gateway settings are necessary.

# Using the NTP Time Synchronize function

Using this function you can manually synchronize the internal clock by accessing the time management server.

1. Open the DATE/TIME screen.

MENU » SET > Time Set > Date/Time

2. Touch "<<NTP TIME SYNC>>."



- "NTP Time Sync. Please wait..." is displayed.
- The transceiver starts accessing the NTP server address that is set in the "NTP Server Address" item.
- 3. When "Time Sync completed." is displayed, touch [OK].
- To close the DATE/TIME screen, push EXIT several times.

## ♦ Using the NTP function

By turning ON the NTP function, the transceiver automatically synchronizes the internal clock with the time management server.

1. Open the DATE/TIME screen.

MENU » SET > Time Set > Date/Time

2. Touch "NTP Function."



- 3. Select ON or OFF.
  - When ON is selected, the transceiver starts accessing the NTP server address that is set in the "NTP Server Address" item.
- To close the DATE/TIME screen, push EXIT several times.

# 10 MAINTENANCE

# Cleaning



**DO NOT** use harsh solvents such as benzine or alcohol when cleaning, because they will damage the transceiver surfaces.



If the transceiver becomes dusty or dirty, wipe it clean with a dry, soft cloth.

# Replacing fuse

If a fuse blows, or the transceiver stops functioning, find and repair the cause of the problem. Then replace the damaged fuse with a new, adequately rated fuse.

① Spare fuses are supplied with the transceiver.

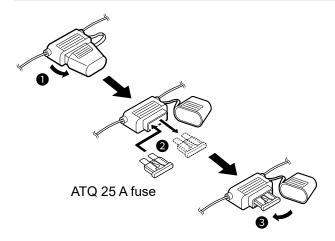
The fuses are installed in the DC power cable and in the inside circuitry, to protect the transceiver.

• DC power cable fuses ......ATQ 25 A

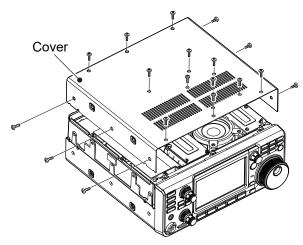
Circuitry fuse ...... ATC 5 A

#### **MARNING!**

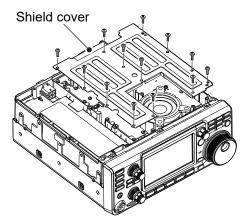
- Disconnect the DC power cable from the transceiver before replacing the fuse.
- NEVER use fuses that are not specified.



1. Remove the 18 screws, then remove the cover.

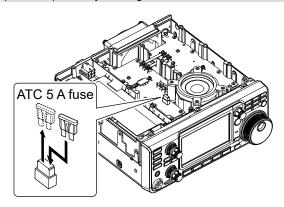


2. Remove the 13 shield screws, then remove the shield cover.



3. Replace the circuitry fuse as shown below.

**CAUTION:** When you remove a fuse, use longnose pliers to protect your fingers and the fuse holders.



4. Replace the removed parts.

# Resetting

Occasionally, erroneous information may be displayed. This may be caused by static electricity or by other factors.

If this problem occurs, turn OFF the transceiver. After waiting a few seconds, turn ON the transceiver again. If the problem still exists, perform a **Partial reset**, as described to the right.

If the problem still exists after a Partial reset, perform an **All reset**, also described to the right.

**NOTE:** An All reset clears all data and returns all settings to their factory defaults. Save memory channel content, setting status, and so on, onto an SD card before an All reset. (p. 10-2)

#### **Partial reset**

Partial reset resets operating settings to their default values (VFO frequency, VFO settings, and menu contents) without clearing the items listed below:

- · Memory channel contents
- · Call sign memories
- · Message contents
- DTMF memory contents
- GPS memory contents
- · Repeater list contents
- · Network settings
- REF Adjust
- Fixed Edges
- · Allowed call sign list contents

#### All reset

All reset clears all data and returns all settings to their factory defaults.

Memory channel contents, filter settings and so on will all be cleared, so you will need to rewrite your operating settings, unless you have a backup.

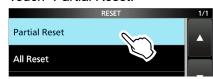
### When you cannot enter the Set mode

If a touch screen operation error or an unexpected operation occurs, you cannot enter the Set mode. In this case, execute an All reset, as described below:

- 1. Turn OFF the transceiver.
- 2. While holding down **PBT** and **V/M**, push **POWER**.

#### **♦ Partial reset**

- 1. Open the RESET screen.
  - MENU » SET > Others > Reset
- 2. Touch "Partial Reset."



- The confirmation screen is displayed.
- 3. Touch [YES].
  - ① After resetting, the default VFO mode screen is displayed.



### ♦ All reset

- Open the RESET screen.

   Others > Better | Company | Compa
  - MENU » SET > Others > Reset
- 2. Touch "All Reset."



- The confirmation screen is displayed.
- 3. Touch [NEXT].



- 4. After carefully reading the displayed message, touch [YES] to perform the All reset.
  - ① After resetting, the default VFO mode screen is displayed.



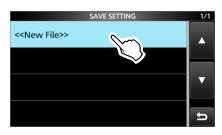
# Cloning

The IC-9700 has a data cloning capability. This function is useful when you want to copy all of the entered contents from one IC-9700 to another. This section describes the cloning method using an SD card.

- ①Recorded voice memories are not included in the cloning data. To play back the master transceiver's voice memory, insert the SD card into a sub transceiver, or make a copy onto the sub transceiver's SD card using a PC.
- Assumes that the SD card has already been inserted into the transceiver.

Step 1. Saving the master transceiver's setting data onto the SD card.

- Open the SAVE SETTING screen.
   MENU » SET > SD Card > Save Setting
- 2. Touch "<<New File>>."



- ①The file name is automatically set in the following format: Setyyyymmdd\_xx (yyyy: Year, mm: month, dd: day, xx: serial number).
- 3. To save the file with the displayed name, touch [ENT].



- ① If you want to change the name, delete the name and reenter it, and then touch [ENT].
- 4. Touch [YES].
  - · Saves the data settings.



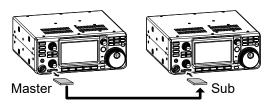
To close the SD CARD screen, push EXIT several times.

# Step 2. Remove the SD card from the master transceiver, then insert it into the sub transceiver.

- 1. Turn OFF the master transceiver.
- 2. Remove the SD card from the master transceiver.
- 3. Insert the SD card into the sub transceiver, then turn ON the sub transceiver.

#### NOTE:

- Turn OFF the transceiver before you attach or detach the SD card.
- DO NOT turn OFF the transceiver while saving or loading the setting data. Otherwise the data may be corrupted or deleted.



**TIP:** The setting data are saved in the "icf" file format that is used in the CS-9700 PROGRAMMING SOFTWARE.

When the saved data on a card is copied to a PC, you can edit it with the programming software. For details, refer to the CS-9700 instructions that can be downloaded from the Icom website.

(Continue the steps on the next page.)

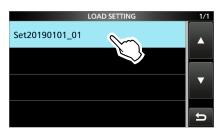
## Cloning (Continued)

# Step 3. Loading the setting data into the sub transceiver.

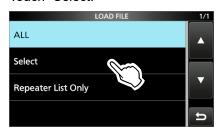
1. Open the LOAD SETTING screen.

MENU » SET > SD Card > Load Setting

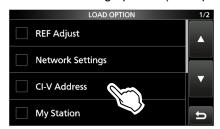
2. Touch the file to load.



Touch "Select."



- ①If you want to load all the contents on the LOAD OPTION screen, touch "ALL" and go to step 6.
- ①If you want to load only the repeater list, touch "Repeater List Only" and go to step 6.
- 4. Touch the loading options. (Example: CI-V Address)



- "✓" is displayed left side of the selected option.
- The Set mode settings and Memory channel contents are always loaded.
- Touch "<<Load>>."



6. Touch [YES] or [NO].



- "Load file ?" is displayed.
- When you touch [YES], the skip settings of the repeater list are retained.
- ①When you touch [NO], the skip settings of the repeater list are cleared.
- 7. Touch [YES].
  - After the loading ends, "COMPLETED! Restart the IC-9700." is displayed.
  - When you select "REF Adjust" in step 4, "The new "REF Adjust" setting will be saved" is displayed.
- 8. Turn OFF the transceiver power, then turn it ON again to restart the transceiver.

## 10 MAINTENANCE

# Touch screen calibration function

When no screen action occurs, or a different function is activated after touching the screen, the touched point and the detected point may be different. In that case, the Touch screen calibration function helps to correct the touch screen sensing accuracy.

- 1. Open the OTHERS screen.

  MENU » SET > Others
- Touch "Touch Screen Calibration."A dot appears on the screen.



3. Touch the dot that is displayed on the screen.A new dot appears in another position.

Touch the displayed dot



- 4. Repeat step 3.
  - When the calibration is complete, the transceiver returns to the OTHERS screen.

TIP: When the touch screen is not accurate, and you cannot access the OTHERS screen.

Do the following steps to display the "Touch Screen Calibration" screen.

- 1. Turn OFF the transceiver.
- 2. While holding down **MENU** and **EXIT**, push **POWER** to display the "Touch Screen Calibration" screen.
- 3. Repeat step 3 and 4 on the left column.
- 4. Touch the frequency readout or a key on the touch screen to confirm that the touch screen is working correctly.

# **Troubleshooting**

The following chart is designed to help you solve problems that are not equipment malfunctions.

If you are unable to locate the cause of a problem, or solve it through the use of this chart, contact your nearest lcom Dealer or Service Center.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION	REF.
Power does not turn ON when <b>POWER</b> is pushed.	The power cable is not connected properly.	Reconnect the DC power cable properly.	p. 2-1
	The external power supply is turned OFF.	Turn ON the external power supply.	
	The DC power cable fuses or circuitry fuse are blown.	Find and repair the cause of the problem, and then replace the damaged fuse with a new one.	p. 10-1
No sound is heard from the speaker.	The function that mutes the received audio of the SUB band is turned ON.	Turn OFF the Sub Band Mute function.	p. 8-3
	The audio level is too low.	Rotate (AF-RF/SQL) (inner) clockwise to obtain a suitable listening level.	p. 3-1
	The squelch is closed.	Rotate (AF @ RF/SQL) (outer) to the 12 o'clock position to open the squelch.	
	Headphones are connected.	Disconnect the headphones.	p. 1-1
	In the FM mode, the Tone Squelch function is turned ON.	Turn OFF the Tone Squelch function.	_
Sensitivity is too low, and	The attenuator is activated.	Turn OFF the attenuator.	p. 4-1
only strong signals are heard.	RF gain control is activated. (RFG is displayed.)	Set the RF gain higher until RFG just goes off. (RFC disappears.)	p. 3-10
	The antenna is defective or the coaxial cable is defective.	Repair the problem and then reconnect the antenna.	p. 13-3
	You are using an antenna that is not suitable for the band you have selected.	Connect an antenna suitable for the operating band.	
	The squelch is closed.	Rotate (AF @ RF/SQL) (outer) to the 12 o'clock position to open the squelch.	p. 3-10
The transceiver automatically switches to	The VOX function is ON.	Push (VOX/BK-IN) to turn OFF the VOX function.	_
transmit while receiving.	The VOX gain is set too high.	Adjust the VOX gain.	
No power output or the output power is too low.	The transmit output power is set too low.	Adjust the RF POWER in the Multi-function menu.	p. 3-10
	The modulation input signal level is set too low.	Adjust the microphone gain in Multi- function menu.	p. 3-11
	The output power is limited because of power amplifier protection.	Stop transmitting, and then wait without turning off the transceiver until the temperature of the power amplifier FET drops sufficiently.	p. 3-10
	The microphone is bad, or the [MIC] connector is shorted or defective.	Test the microphone and check the [MIC] connector.	p. 13-3
	The antenna SWR is more than 3:1.	Adjust the antenna for an SWR of less than 3:1.	p. 3-11
Transmit signal is unclear or distorted in the SSB	The transceiver's microphone gain is too high.	Adjust the MIC GAIN level so that the meter reading swings between 30 and	p. 3-11
mode.	The desktop microphone gain is too high.	50% of the ALC scale.	
Received audio in the	The incorrect sideband is selected.	Toggle between USB and LSB.	p. 3-3
SSB mode is unclear or distorted.	The PBT function is activated.	Hold down <b>MULT</b> , and then set to clear.	p. 4-3

# 10 MAINTENANCE

## Troubleshooting (Continued)

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION	REF.
In the VFO mode, the operating frequency is not properly changed by rotating •MULT).	The function assigned to <b>MULT</b> is wrong.	Push <b>kHzMGI</b> , and then rotate <b>MULT</b> ).	
Cannot contact with another station, even if receiving and transmitting	The transmit and receive frequencies are different because of the Split function.  (SPLIT is displayed.)	Push <b>SPLIT</b> to turn OFF the Split function.	p. 4-9
seem normal.	A different receive or transmit frequency is set because of the RIT function.  (RT is displayed.)	Push RIT to turn OFF the RIT function.	p. 4-1
There is no response after transmitting.	Duplex function is ON, and the transmit and receive frequencies are different.	Turn OFF the Duplex function.	_
The operating frequency is not properly changed by rotating (MAIN DIAL).	The Dial Lock function is ON.	Hold down to turn the Dial Lock function OFF.	p. 3-10
Display turns off.	The Screen Saver function is ON. (The <b>POWER</b> lamp blinks green.)	Operate something (push key, and so on) to reset the screen saver startup time.	p. 8-18
Programmed scan does not start.	The same frequencies have been set in scan edge memory channels (1A/1B ~ 3A/3B).	Set different frequencies in scan edge memory channels.	_
Memory scan does not start.	No, or only 1 memory channel is set.	Set at least 2 memory channels.	_
Select memory scan does not start.	No, or only 1 memory channel is designated as a Select channel.	Designate at least 2 memory channels as Select channels for the scan.	_
The contents of a selected memory channel is not changed.	The contents of the selected memory channel were changed, but they were not saved.	When you want to save the changed settings, touch [MW] for 1 second to write them into the memory channel on the VFO/MEMORY screen.	_
Cannot hear the speech after pushing (SPECH).	The speech level is too low.	Adjust "SPEECH Level" in the Speech setting.	p. 8-4
<b>OVF</b> is displayed.	An excessively strong signal is received.	Rotate (AF @ RF/SQL) (outer) counter clockwise. (REG is displayed.)	p. 3-10
		Turn ON the attenuator.	p. 4-1
		Turn OFF the Preamplifier (P.AMP OFF).	p. 4-1
Spectrum scope's sensitivity is too low, and only strong signals are displayed.	The reference level is too low.	Set the reference level to a higher level.	p. 5-1
Cannot transmit voice memories.	"DATA OFF MOD" is set to "ACC," "USB," or "LAN" by control from an external device, and so on.	Set "DATA OFF MOD" to "MIC,ACC" (default).	p. 8-13
Cannot save TX/RX histories or sound data.	An SD card is not inserted.	Insert an SD card.	p. 6-1
"No SD card is found." is displayed.	An SD card is not recognized.	<ul><li>Confirm that an SD card is inserted.</li><li>Reinsert an SD card.</li><li>Exchange with a new SD card.</li></ul>	p. 6-1
The touch screen is not working correctly.	The touched point and the detected point may be different.	Calibrate the touch screen in the OTHERS screen.	p. 8-21

## Troubleshooting (Continued)

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION	REF.
The current time is reset.	The transceiver has not been used for a long time with the DC power cable disconnected.	Connect the transceiver to the power supply for 2 days (approximate) to charge backup battery of the internal clock.	p. 8-19
The clock is not set automatically.	The transceiver is not connected to the internet.	Confirm the [LAN] port connection.	p. 13-2
	The transceiver IP address is wrong.	Get the IP address automatically, or set the correct IP address.	p. 8-16

## **♦ D-STAR operation**

To communicate through a repeater, your signal must access to the repeater. The following chart is designed to help you correct problems which are not equipment malfunctions.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION	REF.
After your call, the repeater does not return a status reply.	A repeater setting is incorrect.	Select the correct repeater.     Correct the repeater frequency, frequency offset, or duplex settings.	_
	Your transmission did not reach the repeater.	<ul><li>Wait until you are closer to the repeater and try again.</li><li>Try to access another repeater.</li></ul>	-
After your call, the repeater replies 'UR?' and ts call sign.	The call was successfully sent, but no station immediately replied.	The call was successfully sent, but no Wait for a while, and try again	
After your call, the repeater replies 'RX' or	Your own call sign (MY) has not been set.	Set your own call sign (MY).	_
'RPT?' and the access repeater's call sign.	Your own call sign (MY) has not been registered on a gateway repeater, or the registered contents do not match your transceiver's settings.	Register your own call sign (MY) on a gateway repeater, or confirm the registration of the call sign.	_
After your call, the repeater replies 'RPT?' and the access repeater's call sign.	The call sign of the destination repeater is wrong.	Correctly set the destination repeater call sign.	_
After your call, the repeater replies 'RPT?'	The repeater cannot connect to the destination repeater.	Check the repeater settings.	_
and the destination repeater's call sign.	The repeater is busy.	Wait for a while, and try it again.	_
Even holding down  CALLOR, the DR screen is not displayed.	There is no repeater list in your transceiver.	<ul> <li>Import the repeater using an SD card.</li> <li>Directly enter the Repeater list data into the transceiver.</li> </ul>	-
	The Lock function is activated.	Hold down (Fig. 1) for 1 second to turn OFF the Lock function.	_
Even push <b>TONERX-CS</b> , the received call sign will not set to the destination call sign.	The call sign has not been correctly received.	Try it again, after the transceiver has correctly received the call sign.	_
	When a received signal is weak, or a signal is received during scanning, the call sign may not be received correctly. In that case, "" is displayed and error beeps sound, and a reply call cannot be made.		

# 10 MAINTENANCE

## Troubleshooting (Continued)

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION	REF.
A Local area call can be made, but the Gateway call or destination station	MY call sign has not been registered on a D-STAR repeater.	Register your own call sign (MY) on a gateway repeater, or confirm the registration of the call sign.	8-6
call cannot be made.	The repeater set in "FROM" (Access Repeater) has no Gateway.	Check the repeater settings.	_
"L" is displayed on the LCD.	While receiving through the internet, some packets may be lost due to network error (poor data throughput performance).	Wait a while, and try it again.  ①When the transceiver receives corrupted data, and misidentifies it is as Packet Loss, "L" is displayed, even if it is a Local area call.	_
"DV" and "FM" icons alternately blink.	While in the DV mode, an FM signal is received.	Use a different operating frequency until there are no FM signals on the original frequency.	_

# **SPECIFICATIONS**

#### ♦ General

• Frequency coverage (unit: MHz):

USA Version Receiver/Transmitter 144.000000 ~ 148.000000

430.000000 ~ 450.000000

1240.000000 ~ 1300.000000

144.000000 ~ 146.000000 **EUR Version** Receiver/Transmitter

> 430.000000 ~ 440.000000 1240.000000 ~ 1300.000000

**ITR Version** Receiver/Transmitter 144.000000 ~ 146.000000

430.000000 ~ 434.000000

435.000000 ~ 438.000000 1240.000000 ~ 1245.000000

1270.000000 ~ 1298.000000

TPE Version Receiver/Transmitter 144.000000 ~ 146.000000

430.000000 ~ 432.000000

1260.000000 ~ 1265.000000 144.000000 ~ 146.000000 KOR Version Receiver/Transmitter

430.000000 ~ 440.000000

1260.000000 ~ 1300.000000

· Operating modes: USB/LSB (J3E), CW (A1A), RTTY (F1B), AM (A3E), FM (F2D/F3E),

DV (F7W), and DD (F1D)

 Number of memory channels: 297 channels (99 channels × 3 bands) Number of program scan channels: 18 channels (6 channels × 3 bands) Number of call channels: 6 channels (2 channels × 3 bands)

Number of satellite memory channels: 99 channels

2500 · Number of repeater memories: Number of GPS memories: 300

• Antenna impedance: 50 Ω unbalanced

 Antenna connectors: SO-239 × 1 (for the 144 MHz band)

Type-N  $\times$  2 (for the 430/1200 MHz band)

• Power supply requirement: 13.8 V DC (±15%)

-10°C to +60°C, 14°F to 140°F Operating temperature range:

· Frequency stability: Less than  $\pm 0.5$  ppm ( $-10^{\circ}$ C to  $+60^{\circ}$ C,  $14^{\circ}$ F to  $140^{\circ}$ F)

 Frequency resolution: 1 Hz (minimum)

Power consumption:

1.2 A Receive Standby

> Maximum audio 1.8 A

**Transmit** 18.0 A Maximum power

• Dimensions (projections not included): 240 (W) × 94 (H) × 238 (D) mm, 9.4 (W) × 3.7 (H) × 9.4 (D) in

Weight (approximate): 4.7 kg, 10.4 lb

#### 11 **SPECIFICATIONS**

## **♦ Transmitter**

• Transmit output power:

144 MHz bands

SSB/CW/FM/RTTY/DV 0.5 ~ 100 W 0.125 ~ 25 W AM

430 MHz bands

SSB/CW/FM/RTTY/DV 0.5 ~ 75 W AM 0.125 ~ 18.75 W

1200 MHz bands

SSB/CW/FM/RTTY/DV/DD 0.1 ~ 10 W 0.025 ~ 2.5 W ΑM

• Modulation system:

SSB Digital PSN modulation FΜ Digital Reactance modulation Digital Low power modulation AM  $\mathsf{DV}$ Digital GMSK modulation DD Digital GMSK modulation

• Spurious emission:

Harmonics Less than -63 dB (144 MHz band)

> Less than -61.8 dB (430 MHz band) Less than -53 dB (1200 MHz band)

Out-of-band emission Less than -60 dB (144/430 MHz band) Less than -50 dB (1200 MHz band)

More than 50 dB

· Carrier suppression: • Unwanted sideband suppression: More than 50 dB

· Microphone impedance: 600 Ω

#### ♦ Receiver

 Receive system: 144/430 MHz band RF Direct Sampling

> 1200 MHz band Down Conversion IF Sampling

Intermediate frequency (1200 MHz band):

**USA/EUR Version** 311 ~ 371 MHz

ITR Version 311 ~ 316 MHz, 341 ~ 369 MHz

TPE Version 331 ~ 336 MHz **KOR Version** 331 ~ 371 MHz

Sensitivity (Filter: SOFT, P.AMP: ON, IP+: ON):

SSB/CW (at 10 dB S/N) Less than  $-19 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V} (0.11 \mu\text{V})$ AM (at 10 dB S/N) Less than 0 dB $\mu$ V (1.0  $\mu$ V) FM (at 12 dB SINAD) Less than  $-15 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V} (0.18 \mu\text{V})$ Less than  $-9 \text{ dB}\mu\text{V} (0.35 \mu\text{V})$ DV (1% BER (PN9)) DD (1% BER (PN9)) Less than 4 dBµV (1.59 µV)

Sensitivity for the European version (Filter: SOFT, P.AMP: ON, IP+: ON):

SSB/CW (BW=2.4 kHz, 12 dB SINAD)

Less than -6 dBµV emf

AM (BW=4 kHz, 60% Modulation, 12 dB SINAD)

Less than 0 dBµV emf

FM (BW=7 kHz, 60% Modulation, 12 dB SINAD)

Less than -6 dBµV emf

Selectivity (Filter: SHARP):

AM (BW=6 kHz)

SSB (BW=2.4 kHz) More than 2.4 kHz/-3 dB

Less than 3.6 kHz/-60 dB

More than 500 Hz/-3 dB CW (BW=500 Hz)

Less than 700 Hz/-60 dB

RTTY (BW=500 Hz) More than 500 Hz/-3 dB

> Less than 700 Hz/-60 dB More than 6.0 kHz/-3 dB

Less than 15 kHz/-60 dB More than 12.0 kHz/-6 dB FM (BW=15 kHz)

Less than 20 kHz/-60 dB

DV (Channel spacing=12.5 kHz) Less than -50 dB Less than -40 dB

DD (Channel spacing=300 kHz)

· Spurious and image rejection:

SSB/CW 144/430 MHz band More than 70 dB

> More than 50 dB 1200 MHz band

AM/FM/DV 144/430 MHz band More than 60 dB More than 50 dB 1200 MHz band

DD 1200 MHz band More than 50 dB

 Audio output power: More than 2.0 W (8 Ω load, 1 kHz, 10% distortion)

· AF output impedance: 8Ω

±9.999 kHz RIT variable range:

 ANF attenuation: More than 30 dB (with 1 kHz single tone)

· MNF attenuation: More than 70 dB

 NR attenuation: More than 6 dB (noise rejection in SSB)

# **Options**

## HM-219 MICROPHONE

The same as supplied.



## SM-30

DESKTOP MICROPHONE

Desktop microphone with a

Desktop microphone with a low frequency cut function.



#### SM-50

DESKTOP MICROPHONE

Dynamic microphone with

[UP]/[DOWN] switches.



### **PS-126** DC POWER SUPPLY

- Output voltage: 13.8 V DC
- Maximum output current:
   25 A



#### SP-34

**EXTERNAL SPEAKER** 

External speaker with high and low frequency cut functions.



#### **SP-38**

EXTERNAL SPEAKER

Designed to match the

Designed to match the IC-9700.



#### SP-41

EXTERNAL SPEAKER

Designed to match the IC-9700.



- MB-118 MOUNTING BRACKET
- To mount the transceiver inside a vehicle.
- MB-123 CARRYING HANDLE
- OPC-2350LU DATA CABLE
- **SP-33** EXTERNAL SPEAKER Designed for base station operation.
- **SP-35** EXTERNAL SPEAKER Designed for mobile operation.

• CT-17 CI-V CONVERTER

For remote transceiver control using a PC equipped with an RS-232C port.

• RS-BA1 Version 2 IP REMOTE CONTROL SOFTWARE

**NOTE:** To remotely control transceivers using the RS-BA1, BE SURE to comply with your local regulations.

Approved Icom optional equipment is designed for optimal performance when used with an Icom transceiver. Icom is not responsible for the destruction or damage to an Icom transceiver in the event the Icom transceiver is used with equipment that is not manufactured or approved by Icom.

#### About the free download software

You can download each manual and guide from the Icom website.

http://www.icom.co.jp/world/support/

Before using, read each manual and guide, and use it according to the instructions.

To use to the software, the following items are required.

CS-9700	DDOODAMMING COSTIMADS	SD card
C3-9700	PROGRAMMING SOFTWARE	USB cable
RS-MS1A	Android™ APPLICATION	
RS-MS3A (For Android™ devices)	TERMINAL MODE/ACCESS POINT MODE APPLICATION	OPC-2350LU
RS-MS3W (For Windows)	TERMINAL MODE/ACCESS POINT MODE SOFTWARE	
ST-4001A (For Android™ devices)	PICTURE UTILITY SOFTWARE	I ANI sable
ST-4001W (For Windows)	PICTURE UTILITY SOFTWARE	LAN cable

① To add or expand a function, or to improve the performance, the software version may be upgraded. Before you update your software version, see the instructions and cautions described on the Icom website.

Rubber

feet

Push-in the

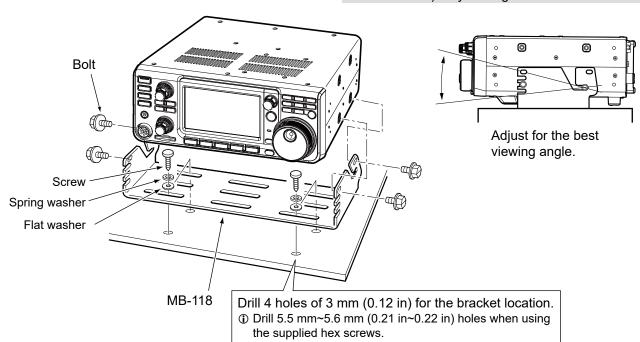
# **Mounting the MB-118**

Mount the MB-118 MOUNTING BRACKET to a place where it can be firmly attached.

① We recommend that you periodically check whether the screws are loose or not, especially after a long period of use.

#### NOTE:

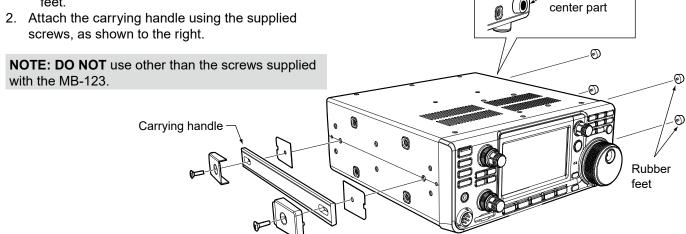
- Before mounting the MB-118, carefully read PRECAUTIONS (p. vii) and decide the mounting place.
- **DO NOT** use bolts other than the ones that are supplied with the MB-118. Other bolts (longer than 8 mm/0.31 in) may damage the internal units.



# **Attaching the MB-123**

The optional MB-123 CARRYING HANDLE with the rubber feet is convenient for carrying the transceiver.

- 1. Attach the rubber feet supplied with the MB-123 to the transceiver.
  - To firmly attach, push-in the center part of the rubber feet.



# **CONNECTOR INFORMATION**

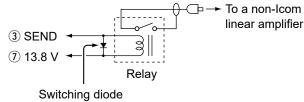
# [ACC]

Connects to external equipment or a PC to control an external unit or the transceiver.

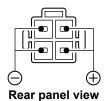
ACC 1	PIN No.	NAME	DESCRIPTION		SPEC	FIFICATIONS
	1	RTTY	Controls RTTY keying.		High level: Low level: Output current:	More than 2.4 V Less than 0.6 V Less than 2 mA
	2	GND	Connects to gr	ound.		_
8-pin	3	SEND*1	Input/output pin.  An external unit controls the transceiver.  When this pin goes to ground, the transceiver transmits.  The pin goes low when the transceiver transmits.	Input voltage (RX): Input voltage (TX): Current flow:		
					Output voltage (TX): Current flow:	Less than 0.1 V Maximum 200 mA
	4	MOD		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Input impedance: Output level:	10 kΩ Approx. 100 mV rms $^{*2}$
(6) (7)	5	AF/IF (IF=12 kHz)*3	Fixed AF detection signal output.	ctor or receive IF (12 kHz)	Output impedance: Output level:	4.7 kΩ 100 ~ 300 mV rms* <sup>4</sup>
Rear panel view	6	SQL S		t. o ground when the (TX/RX indicator lights	SQL open: SQL closed:	Less than 0.3 V/5 mA More than 6.0 V/100 μA
	7	13.8 V	13.8 V output when power is ON.  ALC voltage input.		Output current:	Maximum 1A
	8	ALC			Input level: Input impedance:	$-4 \sim 0 \text{ V}$ More than 10 k $\Omega$

<sup>\*1</sup> When the SEND terminal controls an inductive load, such as a relay, a counter-electromotive force can malfunction or damage the transceiver. To prevent this, we recommend adding a switching diode, such as an 1SS133, on the load side of the circuit to absorb the counter-electromotive force. When the diode is added, a delay in relay switching may occur. Be sure to check its switching action before operating.

## (Example) ACC socket



# [DC 13.8 V]



Accepts the regulated DC power for 13.8 V DC ±15% through the supplied DC power cable.

**△WARNING! NEVER** reverse the DC power cable polarity.

\*2 You can change the MOD input level.

① 100 mV rms is at 50% as the default.

MENU » SET > Connectors > ACC MOD Level

\*3 You can change the AF/IF (IF=12 kHz) settings to output a 12 kHz IF signal. In that case.

MENU » SET > Connectors > ACC Output Select

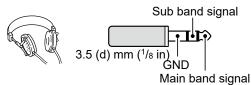
\*4 You can change the AF/IF (IF=12 kHz) output level. ①Approximately 200 mV rms is at the 50% as the default.

MENU » SET > Connectors > ACC IF Output Level

# [PHONES]

Connects to standard stereo headphones:

- Output impedance: 8  $\sim$  16  $\Omega$
- Output level: More than 5 mW into an 8  $\Omega$  load.



- The internal speaker is deactivated while an external speaker is connected.
- ①When high impedance headphones are used, the audio output level may be too high.
- You can change the headphone output setting.

MENU » SET > Connectors > Phones > LR/ Mix ACC MOD Level

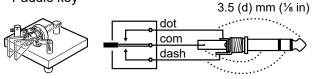
# [KEY]

Connects to a Paddle key or Straight key.

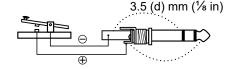
① You can select the key type.

MENU » SET > KEYER > EDIT/SET > CW-KEY SET > Key Type

Paddle key



· Straight key



# [EXT-SP MAIN] / [EXT-SP SUB]

Connects to external speakers. 3.5 mm, ½ in (d)

(3.5 mm, ½ in (d)) GND

• Output impedance:  $4 \sim 8 \Omega$ 

Output level: More than 2 W at 10% distortion

into an  $8 \Omega$  load.

Audio output settings (When [PHONES] is not in use)

	Internal speaker	EXT-SP MAIN	EXT-SP SUB
Internal speaker	MAIN/SUB	OFF	OFF
External speaker (MAIN+SUB)	OFF	MAIN*	SUB*
External speaker (MAIN)	SUB	MAIN*	OFF
External speaker (SUB)	MAIN	OFF	SUB*

\* When the [External Speaker Separate] item is set to "Mix," the audio from both MAIN and SUB are output, and the internal speaker is deactivated.

MENU » SET > Connectors > External Speaker Separate

## (i) Information

- The internal speaker is deactivated while an external speaker is connected.
- [EXT-SP A] is for the Main band and [EXT-SP B] is for the Sub band.

MENU » SET > Connectors > EXT-SP MAIN/SUB Mix

## [USB]

USB (1.1/2.0) type B



- Outputting the decoded RTTY data.
- Outputting the demodulated AF signal or 12 kHz IF signal.
- Inputting the modulation AF signal.
- Interface for remote control by CI-V commands.
- Cloning the setting data using the CS-9700 software.
- Remotely controlling using optional RS-BA1.
- ①You can change the signal output type and output level.

  MENU » SET > Connectors > USB AF/IF Output
- You can download the USB driver and installation guide from the Icom website.

http://www.icom.co.jp/world/support/download/firm/

## [LAN]

- Time synchronization by an NTP server.
- Outputting the demodulated AF signal or 12 kHz IF signal.



- Remotely controlling using optional RS-BA1.
- Gateway communication (D-STAR)
- Data communication (DD mode)
- Picture transferring from a PC or an Android™ device.
- ① You can select the output signal from AF and IF signals.

MENU » SET > Connectors > LAN AF/IF Output

### About the LED indication

#### 1) LINK/ACT

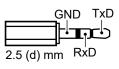
- · Lights when a cable is connected.
- Does not light when a cable is not connected.
- · Blinks while communicating.

## 2 Speed

- Lights while communicating in 100BASE-TX.
- Does not light while communicating.
- Blinks while communicating in 10BASE-T, or not connected.

# [DATA]

Connects a PC through a data communication cable (user supplied), for data communication, DV Gateway functions or remote controlling by CI-V commands.

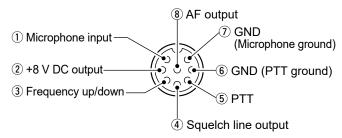


Using the optional communication cable, you can use the RS-MS1A application.

Connecting a GPS unit (NMEA compatible) or GPS output compatible Icom transceiver (Example: ID-31PLUS) enables the received position data to be displayed on the IC-9700's display.

## 13 CONNECTOR INFORMATION

# [MIC]



**NOTE**: Pin 1 outputs 8 V DC power for Icom microphones.

PIN No.	DESCRIPTION
1	Microphone input
2	+8 V DC output (Maximum 10 mA)
3	Frequency up/down
4	Grounded when the squelch opens.
(5)	PTT*
6	PTT ground
7	Microphone ground
8	AF output from [EXT-SP MAIN] / [EXT-SP SUB] (Varies with the AF control.)

\* The [PTT] switch function can be customized in the following item.

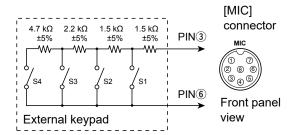
MENU » SET > Connectors > PTT Port Function

By connecting an external keypad with a circuit as shown below to [MIC], you can output memory content from 4 memories. You can output memory contents such as that from a CW Memory keyer (M1 ~ M4), SSB/AM/FM/DV Voice Memory (T1 ~ T4) or RTTY Memory (RT1 ~ RT4) to be transmitted.

- Push a switch to send memory contents.
- Hold down the switch for 1 second to repeatedly send memory contents.
- To use the external keypad, turn ON the following items.

MENU » SET > Connectors > External Keypad

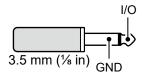
The External keypad is not supplied by Icom.



Memory "RT5 ~RT8" (RTTY), "T5 ~ T8" (Voice) and "M5 ~ M8" cannot be sent from the external keypad.

# [REMOTE]

Connects to a PC for remote control using CI-V commands.



# [REF IN 10MHz]

Inputs a 10 MHz signal as a reference frequency signal.



SMA connecter

• Input frequency: 10 MHz

Impedance: 50 Ω (unbalanced)
 Input level: -10 dBm (approximate)
 Adjust the internal reference frequency.

MENU » SET > Function > REF Adjust

# [144MHz ANT]

Connect an antenna for the 144 MHz band. (SO-239)

• Input/Output impedance: 50 Ω (unbalanced)





# [430MHz ANT]

Connect an antenna for the 430 MHz band. (Type N)

Input/Output impedance: 50 Ω (unbalanced)





# [1200MHz ANT]

Connect an antenna for the 1200 MHz band. (Type N) • Input/Output impedance: 50  $\Omega$  (unbalanced)





#### **∆WARNING!**

A DC voltage can be applied to the antenna coax connector to power an external preamplifier. Be careful when you connect a preamplifier (user supplied).

① To use an antenna preamplifier, select "ON" for each band.

MENU » SET > Connectors > External P.AMP

MEMO

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A "png\_get\_copyright" function is available, for convenient use in "about" boxes and the

printf("%s", png\_get\_copyright(NULL));

Also, the PNG logo (in PNG format, of course) is supplied in the files "pngbar.png" and "pngbar.jpg (88x31) and "pngnow.png" (98x31).

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The contributing authors would like to thank all those who helped with testing, bug fixes, and patience. This wouldn't have been possible without all of you.

Thanks to Frank J. T. Wojcik for helping with the documentation.

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#### ZLIB DATA COMPRESSION LIBRARY

zlib 1.2.8 is a general purpose data compression library. All the code is thread safe. The data format used by the zlib library is described by RFCs (Request for Comments) 1950 to 1952 in the files http://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc1950 (zlib format), rfc1951 (deflate format) and rfc1952 (gzip format).

All functions of the compression library are documented in the file zlib.h (volunteer to write man pages welcome, contact zlib@ gzip.org). A usage example of the library is given in the file test/example.c which also tests that the library is working correctly. Another example is given in the file test/minigzip.c. The compression library itself is composed of all source files in the root directory.

To compile all files and run the test program, follow the instructions given at the top of Makefile.in. In short "./configure; make test", and if that goes well, "make install" should work for most flavors of Unix. For Windows, use one of the special makefiles in win32/ or contrib/vstudio/ . For VMS, use make\_vms. com

Questions about zlib should be sent to <zlib@gzip.org>, or to Gilles Vollant <info@ winimage.com> for the Windows DLL version. The zlib home page is http://zlib. net/ . Before reporting a problem, please check this site to verify that you have the latest version of zlib; otherwise get the latest version and check whether the problem still exists or not

PLEASE read the zlib FAQ http://zlib.net/zlib\_faq.html before asking for help.

Mark Nelson <markn@ieee.org> wrote an article about zlib for the Jan. 1997 issue of Dr. Dobb's Journal; a copy of the article is available at http://marknelson.us/1997/01/01/zlib-engine/ .

The changes made in version 1.2.8 are documented in the file ChangeLog.

Unsupported third party contributions are provided in directory contrib/ .

zlib is available in Java using the java.util.zip package, documented at http://java.sun.com/developer/technicalArticles/Programming/compression/.

A Perl interface to zlib written by Paul Marquess <pmqs@cpan.org> is available at CPAN (Comprehensive Perl Archive Network) sites, including http://search.cpan.org/~pmqs/IO-Compress-Zlib/

A Python interface to zlib written by A.M. Kuchling <amk@amk.ca> is available in Python 1.5 and later versions, see http://docs.python.org/library/zlib.html .

zlib is built into tcl: http://wiki.tcl.tk/4610 .

An experimental package to read and write files in .zip format, written on top of zlib by Gilles Vollant <info@winimage.com>, is available in the contrib/minizip directory of zlib.

Notes for some targets:

- For Windows DLL versions, please see win32/DLL\_FAQ.txt
- For 64-bit Irix, deflate.c must be compiled without any optimization. With
- O, one libpng test fails. The test works in 32 bit mode (with the -n32 compiler flag). The compiler bug has been reported to SGI.

- zlib doesn't work with gcc 2.6.3 on a DEC 3000/300LX under OSF/1 2.1 it works when compiled with cc.
- On Digital Unix 4.0D (formely OSF/1) on AlphaServer, the cc option -std1 is necessary to get gzprintf working correctly. This is done by configure.
- zlib doesn't work on HP-UX 9.05 with some versions of /bin/cc. It works with other compilers. Use "make test" to check your compiler.
- gzdopen is not supported on RISCOS or BEOS.
- For PalmOs, see http://palmzlib. sourceforge.net/

#### Acknowledgments:

The deflate format used by zlib was defined by Phil Katz. The deflate and zlib specifications were written by L. Peter Deutsch. Thanks to all the people who reported problems and suggested various improvements in zlib; they are too numerous to cite here.

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Jean-loup Gailly Mark Adler jloup@gzip.org madler@alumni.caltech.edu

If you use the zlib library in a product, we would appreciate \*not\* receiving lengthy legal documents to sign. The sources are provided for free but without warranty of any kind. The library has been entirely written by Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler; it does not include third-party code.

If you redistribute modified sources, we would appreciate that you include in the file ChangeLog history information documenting your changes. Please read the FAQ for more information on the distribution of modified source versions.

# **INDEX**

Numiber and	d symbol	Frequency	
1/4 Tuning function	3-5	Directly entering	3-5
3		Using the Main Dial	
Α		Function (Set mode)	
Accessories	i	(,	
		<b>C</b>	
AGC function		G	0.4
Attenuator		Grounding	Z-1
Audio scope			
Auto Tuning Step function	3-5	Н	
		Heat dissipation	2-1
В		·	
Band Edge	3-7	1	
Band Edge Beep		Importing a CCV	6.5
Band stacking register		Importing a CSV	
Break-in function		IP Plus function	4-7
break-in function	4-11		
_		K	
С		Keyboard	
Cleaning	10-1	Entering and editing	1-8
Clock		Keyboard types	
Current time	9-1		
Date			
UTC offset		M	
Cloning		Main band	
	10-3	Memory mode	
Connecting	0.4	MENU screen	1-6
DC power supply		Meter	3-11
Connector		Microphone gain	
Connectors (Set mode)	8-12	Monitor function	
CW		Multi-function	
Operating	4-10	Dial	1.7
Pitch control			
Side tone		Menus	
		My Station (Set mode)	8-c
D			
Data mode	2.2	N	
		Network (Set mode)	8-16
Desktop stands		Noise Blanker	4-5
Dial Lock function		Noise Reduction	4-6
Digital Twin PBT		NTP function	
Display			
Display (Set mode)	8-17		
Dualwatch operation	3-2	0	0.0
DV/DD Set (Set mode)	8-7	Operating band	
,		Operating mode	3-3
Е		Options	12-1
	4.40	Oscilloscope	5-3
Electronic Keyer function	4-12	Others (Set mode)	8-21
Entering		·	
Example		Р	
Keyboard		Panel	
Exporting a CSV	6-6		1 1
		Front	
F		Rear	
Features	;	Touch screen	1-4
		Power	
FFT scope	5-3	Applying	
Filter		ON or OFF	3-1
IF filter		Preamplifiers	
Notch Filter		•	
Transmit filter width		Q	
Fine Tuning function	3-4		0.0
		QSO/RX Log (Set mode)	8-8

## INDEX

QUICK MENU	1-6
R	
Replacing fuse	10-1
Resetting	
All reset	10-2
Partial reset	
RF gain	
RIT function	
TATT TUTIONOTT	
0	
S Satellite communications	
Loop test	7 2
Memories	
Mode	
Operation	
Outline	
Tracking	/-1
SD card	
Deleting	
Folders	6-7
Information	6-4
Inserting	6-1
Loading	
Saving	
Unmounting	
SD Card (Set mode)	
Set mode	
Connectors	
Display	
DV/DD Set	
Function	
My Station	
Network	
Others	8-21
QSO/RX Log	8-9
SD Card	8-20
Time Set	8-19
Tone Control/TBW	8-2
Specifications	11-1
Spectrum scope	
Center mode	.5-1. 5-2
Fixed mode	,
Marker	
Mini scope	
Touch screen	
Speech Compressor	
Split frequency operation	
Split Lock function	
SQL level	3-10
Squelch	
Noise	
S-meter	3-10
Sub band	3-2
Т	
Time Set (Set mode)	8-19
Tone Control/TBW (Set mode)	

Touch screen calibration function	10-5	
Transmit output power	3-10	
Transmit Power Limit function		
Troubleshooting	10-6	
Tuning Step function		
V		
VFO mode	3-1	
Volume level	3-1	

Count on us!	
·	
-	
-	