Count on us!



VIANIN MUCALIFIED (
VIANIN

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Icom Inc.

IMPORTANT

READ ALL INSTRUCTIONS carefully and completely before using the transceiver.

SAVE THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL -

This instruction manual contains important safety and operating instructions for the IC-2330A.

FOREWORD

14

Thank you for choosing this Icom product.

The **IC-2330A** is a 144 and 220 MHz dual band mobile transceiver. The **IC-2330A** is a compact, easy-to-operate, multi-function transceiver designed using Icom's state-of-the-art technology.

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CAUTIONS

NEVER connect the transceiver to an AC outlet or to a power source of more than 16 V DC. These connections will ruin the transceiver.

NEVER connect the transceiver to a power source using reverse polarity. This connection will ruin the transceiver.

NEVER place the transceiver where normal operation of the vehicle may be hindered or where it could cause bodily injury.

NEVER allow children to touch the transceiver.

DO NOT use or place the transceiver in areas with temperatures below -10° (+14°F) or over +60°C (+140°F).

AVOID placing the transceiver in areas of direct sunlight, such as the dashboard.

BE CAREFUL! The heatsink may become hot when operating the transceiver continuously for long periods.

UNPACKING



Included accessories:	Qty.
() DC power cable (OPC-044B) .	
② Microphone (HM-56A)	
 ③ Mounting bracket ④ Mounting support bracket 	
(5) Mounting screws,	
nuts and washers	
6 Cable lugs	
⑦ External speaker plug	
⑧ Fuses (15 A)⑨ Microphone hanger	
 Microphone sheet for HM-56A . 	



1 PANEL DESCRIPTION

PANEL DESCRIPTION 1

Function display



- TRANSMIT INDICATORS (p. 24)
 Appear while transmitting.
- MAIN BAND INDICATORS Appear above the frequency readout of the MAIN band.
- SUB BAND ACCESS INDICATORS Appear when the SUB band access function is activated. (p. 19)

Blink when optional External DTMF Remote is activated. (p. 59)

PRIORITY WATCH INDICATORS (pgs. 39, 40)

Appear when priority watch is activated.

FRF ATTENUATOR INDICATORS (p. 18) Appear when the RF attenuator is in use. REMOTE INDICATOR Appears when optional Mic or External DTMF Remote is on standby. (p.

56)

Blinks when optional Mic or External DTMF Remote is in use. (pgs. 57, 59)

- MUTE INDICATOR (p. 58) Appears when the optional AF mute function is in use. The HM-56A and the optional UT-55 are necessary.
- CODE SQUELCH INDICATOR
 (p. 47)
 Appears when the optional code

squelch function is in use.

FREQUENCY READOUTS Display the operating frequencies (except during SET mode). MEMORY CHANNEL READOUTS Display the memory channel num-

bers. (p. 28)

- A large "L" appears when the lock function is activated. (p. 13)
- A large "C" appears while on the call channel. (p. 31)
- A small "c" appears when VFO mode is selected from the call channel.
- SKIP INDICATORS (p. 36) Appear when the displayed memory channel is programmed as a skip channel.
- MEMORY INDICATORS (p. 28) Appear when MEMORY mode is selected.

B TONE INDICATORS

"T" appears when the subaudible tone encoder is turned ON. (p. 26)

"T SQL" appears when the optional tone squelch function is used. (p. 50)

"T SQL (•••)" appears when the optional pocket beep function is in use. (p. 49)

DUPLEX INDICATORS (p. 25)

"DUP – " or "DUP" appear when semi-duplex is selected for repeater operation.

BUSY INDICATORS

Appear when a signal received or when the squelch is open.

G S/RF INDICATORS

Display the relative strength of a received signal. (p. 17)

Display the selected output power while transmitting. (p. 23)

- Dev POWER INDICATORS (p. 23) Appear when low power 1 or 2 is selected on the MAIN band.
- PAGER INDICATOR (pgs. 45, 46) Appears when the optional pager function is activated.



PANEL DESCRIPTION 1

PANEL DESCRIPTION

Rear panel



② 220 MHz BAND SPEAKER JACK [220MHz SP]

① 144MHz SPEAKER JACK [144MHz SP]

Connects a $4 \sim 8 \Omega$ speaker. See the below table for details.

144 MHz BAND ANTENNA CONNECTOR [144MHz ANT] (p. 9) Connects a 50 Ω 144 MHz band antenna with a PL-259 connector to the transceiver.

Speaker information

CONNECTED SPEAKER	144 MHz BAND AUDIO	220 MHz BAND AUDIO	
With no external speakers	Internal speaker (mixed audio)		
[144MHz SP] only	External speaker	Internal speaker	
[220MHz SP] only	External speaker (mixed audio)		
2 external speakers (one connected to each jack)	External speaker via [144MHz SP]	External speaker via [220MHz SP]	

220 MHz BAND ANTENNA CONNECTOR [220MHz ANT] (p. 9) Connects a 50 Ω 220 MHz band antenna with a PL-259 connector to the transceiver.

- POWER RECEPTACLE [DC13.8V] (p. 8)
 - Accepts 13.8 V DC with the supplied DC power cable.

Microphone



Top and side panel

FREQUENCY UP/DOWN SWITCHES [UP], [DN]

- Push either switch to change the operating frequency or memory channel.
- Push and hold either switch to start scanning.
- Once a function has been programmed for Up Switch Remote, [UP] activates the function. (p. 41)
- [UP] activates optional Mic DTMF Remote when in standby. (p. 57)

PTT SWITCH

Push and hold to transmit; release to receive.

LOCK SWITCH [LOCK]

Prevents accidental input from all keys except the PTT switch.

Ø ACTIVE INDICATOR

Lights up or blinks when a key is pushed or a tone is being transmitted.



Rear panel

OTMF KEYBOARD

Use DTMF codes for auto patching, repeater control, optional Mic DTMF Remote and other functions.

• Attach the supplied microphone sheet to the HM-56A keyboard.

MEMORY WRITE KEY [MW]

Used when writing a DTMF code into DTMF memory or re-dial code memory.

MEMORY READ KEY [MR]

Used when recalling and transmitting a DTMF code from DTMF code memory.

RE-DIAL KEY [RD]

Used when recalling and transmitting the last-transmitted DTMF code.

INSTALLATION 2

INSTALLATION

Location

Select a location which can support the weight of the transceiver and does not interfere with driving in any way. We recommend the locations shown in the diagram below.



NEVER place the transceiver where normal operation of the vehicle may be hindered or where it could cause bodily injury.

DO NOT place the transceiver where hot or cold air blows directly onto it. **AVOID** placing the transceiver in direct sunlight.

Mounting

- 1) Drill 4 holes where the mounting bracket is to be installed.
 - Approx. 5.5~6 mm when using nuts; Approx. 2~3 mm when using self-tapping screws.
 (1 mm ≒ 1/32 in)
- 2) Insert the supplied screws, nuts and washers through the mounting bracket and tighten.
- The supplied mounting support bracket may help achieve a secure fit.
- 4) Adjust the angle for the clearest view of the function display.



Battery connection

• CONNECTING TO A DC POWER SOURCE

NEVER connect the transceiver directly to a 24 V battery.

DO NOT use the cigarette lighter socket for power connections.

To prevent voltage drops, solder or crimp the supplied cable lugs when connecting the power cable to the battery.



DC power supply connection

• CONNECTING TO A DC POWER SUPPLY

Use a 13.8 V DC power supply more than 11 A capability. An optional IC-PS30 DC POWER SUPPLY is available for using the transceiver with AC power supply in your home.

Make sure the ground terminal of the DC power supply is grounded.

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2 INSTALLATION

INSTALLATION 2

Antenna connection

• ANTENNA LOCATION

To obtain maximum performance from the transceiver, select a high-quality antenna and mount it in a good location.

An duplexer must be purchased when using a dual band antenna.



30 mm

10 mm

Soft solder

10 mm

1~2 mm

Solder Solder

Coupling

ring

• ANTENNA CONNECTOR (PL-259)

- 1) Slide the coupling ring over the coaxial cable.
- 2) Strip the cable as shown in the diagram, and soft solder the center conductor.
- 3) Slide the connector body onto the cable and solder.
- Screw the coupling ring onto the connector body.



Optional unit installation

There are 3 types of optional internal units available.

• UT-55 DTMF ENCODER/DECODER UNIT

Allows you to operate the pager and code squelch function. Necessary for an optional Mic DTMF Remote and External DTMF Remote.

• UT-66 VOICE SYNTHESIZER UNIT

Announces the operating band frequency in English or Japanese.

• UT-67 TONE SQUELCH UNIT

Allows you to operate a repeater that requires a subaudible tone for access, the pocket beep function or the tone squelch function.

For installation, proceed as follows:

- 1) Unscrew the 6 screws then remove the top cover as shown in the diagram below. (Fig. 1)
- 2) Install the optional unit as shown in the diagram below. (Fig. 2)
- 3) To install the UT-67, replace it with the built-in TONE UNIT.
- 4) Replace the top cover and screws.





MODE CONSTRUCTION

MODE CONSTRUCTION 3

144/220

Subaudible tone

Mode types

The IC-2330A has 3 different modes and 1 call channel on each band, 144 MHz and 220 MHz bands, for multi-function operations.



Set mode construction



FREQUENCY SETTING 4



FREQUENCY SETTING 4

4 FREQUENCY SETTING

Using the [UP]/[DN] switches

1. Select VFO mode in the desired band.

Push [BAND] to select the desired band, then push [V/MHz] to select VFO mode when the transceiver is not in VFO mode.



Push [UP]

or [DN].

2. Set the frequency.

Push [UP] or [DN] on the microphone to set the desired frequency.

- · Check that [LOCK] on the microphone is OFF.
- The frequency changes the selected tuning
- steps. See p. 14 for details.
- When Up Switch Remote is in use or optional DTMF Remote is in standby. [UP] or [DN] cannot be used for frequency setting. See pgs. 41 or 56~60 for details.
- When optional DTMF Remote is activated, the frequency can be set using a DTMF code. (pgs. 56 ~ 60)
- If [UP] or [DN] is pushed and held, programmed scan starts. (p. 34)

MHz tuning step selection

Selecting 1 MHz steps

Push [V/MHz] in VFO mode to select 1 MHz tuning steps.

- The 100 kHz digit and below disappear.
- Push [V/MHz] again to cancel.



V/MHz

V/MHz

222.000

Selecting 10 MHz steps

Push and hold [V/MHz] to select 10 MHz tuning steps.

- The 1 MHz digit and below disappear.
- · Push and hold [V/MHz] again to cancel.



Push

Push and

14_._ _ _

hold [V/MHz].

[V/MHz].

Setting example

Setting 147.80 MHz.



Setting 224.28 MHz. 222.000_ / 146520 Push [BAND] to select the desired band. 222.000 146.520 V/MHz Push [V/MHz] to select VFO mode. 146.520 222.000 V/MHz Push [V/MHz] to select the 1 MHz tuning step. 146.520 222 Rotate the tuning control to set the MHz unit. CERT 146.520 224___ Push [V/MHz] to V/MHz cancel the MHz tuning step. 146520 224.000 Rotate the tuning control to set the kHz unit. 146.520 224.280

RECEIVING

Receiving

The transceiver can receive a 144 MHz and 220 MHz band signal simultaneously.

1. Select the desired band.

Push [BAND] to select either 144 MHz or 220 MHz band as the MAIN band.



Push [V/MHz] to select VFO mode when the transceiver is not in VFO mode.

2. Adjust the audio level.

Rotate both [SQL]'s max. counterclockwise to open the squelches and set both [VOL]'s to the desired audio levels.



Rotate the tuning control.

195300

Rotate both [SQL]'s clockwise until the noise disappears.

3. Set the frequency.

Set the operating frequency using the tuning control or [UP]/[DN] on the microphone. (See pgs. 13~16 for details.)

• See p. 19 for SUB band access and setting a frequency for the SUB band.

4. When receiving a signal:

When receiving a signal on the set frequency, squelch opens and the transceiver emits audio.

• SUB band mute or SUB band busy beep is useful for dual band receiving. (p. 20)

"BUSY" appears and the S/RF indicator shows relative signal strength.

222.000



RF attenuator

The 20 dB RF attenuator does not allow reception of weak signals. This attenuator, therefore, is useful for short-distance contact since undesired long-distance signals will be eliminated.

Activate the RF attenuator.

Push and hold [LOW/ATT] until "ATT" appears.

- To cancel the function, push and hold [LOW/ATT] until "ATT" disappears.
- The RF attenuator can be separately set in the MAIN band and SUB band.
- An automatic RF attenuator with output power selection is available. See below.

- USING SET MODE

AUTOMATIC RF ATTENUATOR



Push and hold [LOW/ATT].

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O O C

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The RF attenuator function can be automatically turned ON when low power 1 is selected.





The display shows the Automatic RF attenuator is OFF for the 144 MHz band.

The display shows the Automatic RF attenuator is ON for the 144 MHz band.

- 1) Push [BAND] to select the desired band.
- 2) Push [SET] several times until "Att" appears on the function display and the RF attenuator indicator blinks as shown above.
 - Refer to p. 12 for SET mode details.
- 3) Rotate the tuning control to set the condition.
 - "Att.---": Automatic RF attenuator OFF "Att.Aut": Automatic RF attenuator ON
- 4) Push any switch except [SET] and [LOW] to set the condition and to exit SET mode.

5 RECEIVING

RECEIVING 5

SUB band access

This function allows you to change SUB band settings such as frequency and memory channel while operating in the MAIN band.

It is easy to access the SUB band and return to the MAIN band with the [BAND] switch.



USING SET MODE

• SUB BAND MUTE/SUB BAND BUSY BEEP

144/220 same setting

The SUB band mute function automatically cuts out SUB band AF signals when both MAIN and SUB band signals are received.

The SUB band busy beep sounds when the SUB band squelch is closed to inform you that the SUB band squelch has been opened.



The display shows the SUB band mute function and SUB band busy beep are OFF. ON.

The display shows the SUB band mute function and SUB band busy beep are ON.

- 1) Push [SET] several times until "Sub" appears on the function display as shown above.
 - Refer to p. 12 for SET mode details.
- 2) Rotate the tuning control to set the condition.

DISPLAY	SUB BAND MUTE	BUSY BEEP
Sub	OFF	OFF
Sub (1+1)	OFF	ON
Sub.Aut	ON	OFF
Sub.Aut (+++)	ON	ON

3) Push any switch except [SET] and [LOW] to set the condition and to exit SET mode.

5 RECEIVING



Beep tone and dimmer

USING SET MODE

BEEP TONE ON/OFF

You can select silent operation with beep tone OFF or confirmation operation with beep tone ON.

To inform you which band is operating, a high beep tone or a low beep tone is emitted while operating on the 144 MHz or 220 MHz band, respectively.

- 1) Push [SET] several times until "b-on" or "b-oFF" appears on the function display as shown at right. • Refer to p. 12 for SET mode details.
- 2) Rotate the tuning control to set the condition.
- 3) Push any switch except [SET] and [LOW] to set the condition and to exit SET mode.

USING SET MODE

DIMMER ADJUSTMENT

Adjust the intensity to suit lighting conditions and personal preference.

- 1) Push [SET] several times until one of "d-1" ~ "d-4" appears on the function display as shown at right.
 - Refer to p. 12 for SET mode details.
- 2) Rotate the tuning control to set the desired intensity.
 - The intensity level can be changed in 4 steps from d-1 (Dark) to d-4 (Bright).
- 3) Push any switch except [SET] and [LOW] to set the value and to exit SET mode.

TRANSMITTING

Transmitting

The transceiver can transmit on the MAIN band only.

CAUTION: Transmitting without an antenna may damage the transceiver. **NOTE:** To prevent interference, listen on the frequency before transmitting by pushing and holding [MONI].

NOTE: Voice transmission is not possible while the active indicator on the HM-56A lights or blinks. (pgs. 51~55)

1. Set the operating frequency.

Push [BAND] to select the desired band and then push [V/MHz] to select VFO mode.



Push [DUP].

Push [LOW].

Rotate the tuning control to set the operating frequency. (p. 14)

2. Select simplex.

If "DUP" or "DUP – " appears on the function display, push [DUP] once or twice to clear the "DUP" indicator.

• To operate with a repeater see p. 25.

3. Select output power.

Push [LOW] to select the output power.

- "LOW1" or "LOW2" appear when selecting low output power.
- [LOW] DOES NOT function while the SUB band access function is activated. (p. 19)

POWER	S/RF INDICATOR	OUTPUT POWER		
SELECTION	S/HF INDICATOR	144 MHz	220 MHz	
HIGH		45 W	25 W	
LOW 2		10 W	10 W	
LOW 1	#03W	5 W	5 W	



Push and hold the PTT switch and speak into the microphone.

- The S/RF indicator shows the selected output power.
- DO NOT hold the microphone too close to your mouth or speak too loudly. This may distort the signal.

"TX" appears	while transmitti
145.500	223.000

• "oFF" appears on the function diaplay when the transmit frequency is out-of-band.

5. Release the PTT switch to receive.

Crossband full duplex operation

The transceiver can receive a signal on the SUB band while transmitting on the MAIN band. Using this capability, full duplex operation is possible. No special setting is necessary for full duplex operation.

1. Set the operating frequencies.

Set the desired transmit and receive frequencies on the MAIN and SUB bands respectively for your transceiver. (p. 14)



2. Set the operating frequencies for the other transceiver.

Set the same frequencies, but in reverse order, on the MAIN and SUB bands for the other transceiver.

145.340 05P.Ess

3. Operate with full duplex.

Push and hold the PTT switch to operate with full duplex.

Transmitting and receiving activate simultaneously.



TRANSMITTING 6



6 TRANSMITTING

TRANSMITTING 6



MEMORY MODE



7 MEMORY MODE

Programming a memory channel

You can program the following data into a memory channel:

- Operating frequency
- Duplex information (offset direction and offset frequency)
- Tone squelch* or subaudible tone encoder ON/OFF and it's tone frequency

" (M) " appears.

" 📶 " disappears.

144.800

145.500

145.340

145.340

15

* An optional UT-67 is necessary.

ming as described on p. 28.

2. Select VFO mode.

3. Set a frequency.

mode. (p. 27)

the memory channel.

Set the desired frequency.

1. Select a memory channel.

Push [V/MHz] to select VFO mode.

Select the memory channel for program-

Transferring memory data

You can copy and transfer the contents of a memory channel into the VFO.

This function is especially useful when searching for signals around the memory or call channel frequencies.

1. Select memory channel.

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223.500

223.500

223.500

Select the desired memory channel as described on p. 28.



2. Transfer the contents.

Push and hold [MW] for 2 sec.

• The contents are transferred to the VFO.

• The transceiver goes into VFO mode automatically.

145.200 223.800

CONVENIENT

Offset frequency, subaudible tone frequency, subaudible tone encoder ON/OFF setting and offset direction (+ or – duplex) are simultaneously transferred into the VFO. You need not set repeater data again.

If a memory or call channel contains an optional tone squelch setting, this setting is also transferred into the VFO.

4. Program into the channel.

Push and hold [MW] for 2 sec.

• If the beep tone is ON, 3 beeps alert you that the VFO contents are programmed.

 To program a subaudible tone frequency, set the desired tone frequency using SET

VFO mode settings are programmed into

• Push [M/CALL] to select the memory channel if you want to confirm the programming.

CALL CHANNEL

CALL CHANNEL 8



31

SCAN OPERATION

SCAN OPERATION 9

Scan types

Scan functions are available for your convenience as described below.

Scans can be operated on the 144 MHz and 220 MHz bands independently.

NOTE: When the optional tone squelch is activated during scan, the scan stops only when a signal with the same tone is received.

• MEMORY SCAN (p. 35) Repeatedly scans all memory channels except skip channels.



Programming scan edges

1. Select memory channel "A."

Push [BAND] to select the desired band and then push [M/CALL] to select MEMORY mode.

Rotate the tuning control to select memory channel "A."

2. Program a scan edge.

Push [V/MHz] to select VFO mode; then, set a scan edge frequency.

Push and hold [MW] for 2 sec.



ect 140000_9 22

PROGRAMMED SCAN (p. 34)

programmed scan edges,

channels A and b.

during memory scan.

Band edge

Repeatedly scans between 2 user-

Scan edges

Scan

Jump

MEMORY SKIP FUNCTION (p. 36)

Allows the scan to skip unwanted chan-

nels that inconveniently stop scanning

SKIP

memory

Band edge

(Mch 4)



3. Program memory channel "b."

Push [M/CALL] to select MEMORY mode; then, rotate the tuning control to select memory channel "b."

Push [V/MHz] to select VFO mode; then, set the other scan edge frequency.



Push and hold [MW] for 2 sec.

Programmed scan

1. Select VFO mode.

Push [BAND] to select the desired band and then push [V/MHz] to select VFO mode.



6000

<u>o</u>

Push and

hold [UP]

or [DN].

2. Set the squeich level.

Rotate the 144 MHz or 220 MHz band [SQL] until the noise disappears.

3. Start programmed scan.

Push and hold [UP] or [DN] on the microphone.

- Rotating the tuning control changes the scan direction.
- When receiving a signal, scan resumes in one of the following ways. (p. 37)
- after pausing 5, 10 or 15 sec.
- after the signal disappears.
- after a signal appears. (when paused on a no-signal frequency)

4. Stop the scan.

Push [UP] or [DN] on the microphone.

When Up Switch Remote has been programmed, [DN] starts and stops the scan. In this case, use the tuning control for selecting the scan direction. (p. 41)





9 SCAN OPERATION

PRIORITY WATCH

- USING SET MODE

- SETTING A SCAN RESUME CONDITION
- 1) Push [BAND] to select the desired band.
- Push [SET] several times until "SC" appears on the function display as shown at right.
 - Refer to p. 12 for SET mode details.
- after the scan stops for the 144 MHz
 Band.
 Condition.
 - SCt-5: Scan resumes 5 sec. after the scan stops.
 - SCt-10: Scan resumes 10 sec. after the scan stops.
 - SCt-15: Scan resumes 15 sec. after the scan stops.
 - SCP-2: Scan pauses until a signal disappears and resumes after 2 sec.
 - SCt-EP: Scan pauses at a frequency that is not busy and resumes 2 sec. after a signal appears. This is useful for finding unused frequencies.

144/220 separate setting

The display shows scan resumes 15 sec.

MAIN

5[[+米15

4) Push any switch except [SET] and [LOW] to set the condition and to exit SET mode.

Priority watch types

Every 5 sec. priority watch monitors a selected frequency while you operate on a VFO frequency. The watch resumes according to the selected scan resume condition. See page at left for setting. There are 3 types of priority watch as described below.

NOTE: When an optional tone squelch is programmed in the memory channel, the priority watch pauses only when a signal with the same tone is received.

● When "SCt-EP" is selected for the scan resume condition, the priority watch pauses on the no-signal channel. See page at left for details.

MEMORY CHANNEL WATCH (p. 39)

While operating on a VFO frequency, priority watch checks for a signal in the selected memory channel every 5 sec. • Skip memory channels can be selected.



MEMORY SCAN WATCH (p. 40)

While operating on a VFO frequency, priority watch checks for signals in each memory channel in sequence.

• The memory skip function can be used for shorter scanning intervals. See p. 36 for details.



CALL CHANNEL WATCH (p. 40)

While operating on a VFO frequency, priority watch checks for a signal in the call channel every 5 sec.



10 PRIORITY WATCH

Memory channel watch

1. Set VFO frequency.

Push [BAND] to select the desired band and then push [V/MHz] to select VFO mode.



Rotate the tuning control to set the operating frequency.

2. Set the squeich level.

Rotate the 144 MHz or 220 MHz band [SQL] until the noise disappears.



3. Select a memory channel.

Push [M/CALL]; then, rotate the tuning control to select the desired memory channel as a priority channel.



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4. Start memory channel watch.

- Push and hold [M/CALL/PRIO] until "PRIO" appears on the function display.
- When receiving a signal on the memory channel, pushing [M/CALL/PRIO] resumes the watch.

5. Stop the watch.

Push [M/CALL/PRIO] to cancel the watch.

 When receiving on the memory channel, push [M/CALL/PRIO] twice.



UP SWITCH REMOTE

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Programming a function to [UP]

The [UP] switch on the microphone can be programmed to control one of the switches on the front panel. By using this function, you can easily and speedily access an often-used switch without stretching your arm.

This function cannot be activated when optional DTMF remote is in standby. (pgs.

• Once the [UP] switch is programmed, the [DN] switch functions as a scan start

switch; and, the tuning control changes the scan direction.



Cancelling the function.

...

To cancel this function, turn power OFF; then, while pushing and holding [UP], turn power ON.



ON. [UP].

POWER

PAGER AND CODE SQUELCH 12

General description

Each function shown below is useful for calling a specific station or for standby from a specific station. To operate these functions, an optional UT-55 is necessary. See p. 10 for installation.

• Pager

The pager function is a selective calling system using DTMF codes. With the pager, you can call any one or all the stations in your group, and you can receive a specified call from a station in your group. To use the pager function in your group, all stations need the pager function.



PAGER SIMULATION: Personal call

The transmit station sends a code consisting of a transmit code and the transmit station's ID code. If the transmit code matches the code programmed in the code channel of the receive station, the transceiver in the receive station informs the operator with beeps. For a personal call, the ID code of the receive station is used as the transmit code. For a group call, the group code is used as the transmit code. The pager code for a call = Transmit code + " \star " + Transmit station's ID code.

The receive station can recognize the transmit station by the received ID code of the transmit station and can easily answer back because the received ID code is automatically programmed as a transmit code for answer back.

The pager code for answer back = Received ID code + " * " + Receive station's ID code.

Code squeich

Code squeich allows communication with quiet standby since you will only receive calls from stations which know your ID code.

Prior to voice transmission, the ID code of the transmitting station is transmitted in order to open the receiving station's code squeich.



CODE SQUELCH SIMULATION: ID code

PAGER AND CODE SQUELCH 12

12 PAGER AND CODE SQUELCH

Code channel

The pager and code squelch functions require ID codes and a group code. These codes are 3-digit DTMF codes and must be written into the code channels before operation.

Code channel assignment

CODE CHANNEL NUMBER	ID OR GROUP CODE	"RECEIVE ACCEPT" OR "RECEIVE INHIBIT"		
0	Your ID code	"Receive accept" only.		
1~5	Other station's ID code	"Receive inhibit" should be programmed in each channel.		
One of 1 ~ 5	Group code	"Receive accept" must be pro- grammed.		
P	Memory space*	"Receive inhibit" only.		

*Code channel P automatically memorizes an ID code when receiving a pager call. The contents in channel P cannot be programmed manually.

"RECEIVE ACCEPT" OR "RECEIVE INHIBIT"

Code channels 1~5 should be effectively programmed as "Receive accept" or "Receive inhibit."

• "Receive accept" (" (SKIP) " indicator is not illuminated) accepts pager calls when the transceiver receives a signal with a code the same as that in the code channel.

• "Receive inhibit" (" (SKIP) " indicator is illuminated) rejects calls when the transceiver receives a signal with a code the same as that in the code channel.

For example, the code channel that stores the group code should be programmed as "Receive accept." If the channel is programmed as "Receive inhibit," you cannot receive group calls.

The code channels that store other station's ID codes for a transmit code should be programmed as "Receive inhibit." If the channels are programmed as "Receive accept," personal calls for stations other than you will be received.

Programming a code channel

Programming can be performed on either band.

1. Activate the pager function.

Push [PGR/C SQL] to activate the pager function.

145320 Pan 222.000 15

2. Call up a code channel.

Push [SET] to call up a code channel. Code channel number blinks.



3. Select the code channel.

Rotate the tuning control to select the code channel number for programming.



4. Program a code channel.

Push [SET] or [LOW] to select the digit to be programmed; then, rotate the tuning control to set the digit.



· Repeat this step until the code channel is completed.

5. Select "accept" or "inhibit."

Push [PGR/C SQL] to select "receive accept" or "receive inhibit." See page at left for details



6. Program other code channels.

When writing into other code channels, push [SET] or [LOW] until the code channel number blinks: then repeat steps 3~5.

7. Exit the code channel.

Push any switches except [PGR/C SQL], [LOW] or [SET] to set the value and to return to the previous mode.



12 PAGER AND CODE SQUELCH

Code squelch

1. Set the operating frequency.

Push [BAND] to select the desired band; then, set the operating frequency.

 This function cannot be activated while accessing the SUB band.



"C SQL" appears.

145.320 , ... 222.000

с^тчлг__чстегсооо

Push

IPTTI to

transmit.

15

Push [BAND], [V/MHz] then rotate the tuning control.

2. Activate the code squelch function.

- Push [PGR/C SQL] once or twice to activate the code squelch function.
- An optional tone squelch can be used together with the code squelch function. (p. 50)

3. Select a code channel.

Push [SET]; then, rotate the tuning control to select the transmit code (another station's ID code or group code) from code channels 1~5 or P. (p. 44)

• Code channel P is set for the last pagerreceived station's code. (p. 43)

4. Operate the transceiver.

Operate the transceiver in the normal way (push [PTT] to transmit; release [PTT] to receive).

 A 3-digit transmit code is sent each time [PTT] is pushed.

5. Cancel the code squelch function.

Push [PGR/C SQL] to cancel the code squelch and select the non-selective calling system.



POCKET BEEP AND TONE SQUELCH 13

General description

Each function shown below is useful for calling a specific station or for standby with a specific station. To operate these functions, an optional UT-67 is necessary. See p. 10 for installation.

Pocket beep

The pocket beep function is a selective calling system using a subaudible tone. If your transceiver receives a subaudible tone that matches the tone programmed into your transceiver, beeps are emitted for up to 30 sec. to alert you.



POCKET BEEP SIMULATION

To call a station with the pocket beep function, transmit a subaudible tone that matches the tone of the receiving station. (The receiving station must also have the pocket beep function).

• Tone squeich

Tone squelch is used for private communication and allows quiet standby since you will receive calls only from stations which know the subaudible tone frequency programmed into your transceiver. You can use tone squelch simultaneously with the pager or code squelch.



TONE SQUELCH SIMULATION

The subaudible tone is superimposed with your transmitting voice signal while you are pushing [PTT] in order to open the tone squelch of the receive station.



POCKET BEEP AND TONE SQUELCH 13

225.7

13 POCKET BEEP AND TONE SQUELCH

Pocket beep operation

This function can be activated on both bands simultaneously.

1. Set the operating frequency.

Push [BAND] to select the desired band; then, set the operating frequency.



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145.340 TSOL 101 12 223.850

223850

Push [BAND], [V/MHz] then

2. Set the tone frequency.

Set the subaudible tone frequency using SET mode. See p. 27 for details.

3. Activate the pocket beep function.

Push and hold [DUP/TONE] for 2 sec. several times until "T SQL (***)" appears on the function display.

• Turn OFF an optional pager or code squelch to activate the pocket beep. (p. 45~47)

4. Wait for a call.

When a signal including the correct tone is received, the transceiver emits beep tones for 30 sec. and flashes " (***)."

- To stop the beeps and flashing, push [PTT] briefly. Tone squelch is automatically selected.
- To contact the calling station, use tone squelch operation. (p. 50)

5. Cancel the function.

Push and hold [DUP/TONE] for 2 sec. several times until "T SQL" disappears on the function display.

Calling a waiting station using pocket beep

A subaudible tone matched with the station's tone frequency is necessary. Use tone squelch (p. 50) or subaudible tone encoder (p. 26).

When called with correct tone:

Tone squelch

This function can be activated on both bands simultaneously.

1. Set the operating frequency.

Push [BAND] to select the desired band; then, set the operating frequency.



223.850

2. Set the tone frequency.

Set the subaudible tone frequency using SET mode. See p. 27 for details.

3. Activate the tone squelch function.

Push and hold [DUP/TONE] for 2 sec. several times until "T SQL" appears on the function display.



 An optional code squelch can be used together with the tone squelch function. (p. 47)

4. Operate the transceiver.

Operate the transceiver in the normal way (push [PTT] to transmit; release [PTT] to receive).

- Push [PTT] to transmit.
- The programmed subaudible tone is superimposed over the voice to open the tone squelch.
- To open the squelch manually, push and hold [MONI]. (The code squelch is turned OFF.)

5. Cancel the function.



Push and hold [DUP/TONE] for 2 sec. to cancel the function.



NOTE: Tone squelch with a tone frequency can be programmed in a memory channel. Therefore, SET mode is not necessary once a memory is programmed.

14 HM-56A ADVANCED FUNCTIONS

The HM-56A HAND MICROPHONE is equipped with 14 DTMF memory channels and a re-dialing function for auto dialing. Up to a 22-digit telephone number, etc., can be memorized into each memory channel.

NOTE: Set [LOCK] on the microphone to the OFF position to use the HM-56A functions.

Mode types

The HM-56A has 4 different mode types as follows:

1 NORMAL mode

A DTMF code is transmitted when a digit key is pushed.

② MEMORY WRITE mode

Used when writing DTMF codes into a DTMF memory channel in the HM-56A. • The active indicator blinks rapidly.

③ MEMORY READ mode

Used when reading DTMF codes from a DTMF memory channel in the HM-56A. • The active indicator lights continuously.

④ RE-DIAL mode

Used when recalling the last-transmitted DTMF codes.

• The active indicator blinks slowly.

Writing a DTMF code

1. Select MEMORY WRITE mode.

Push [MW] on the microphone to select

The active indicator blinks rapidly.

MEMORY WRITE mode.

2. Select a DTMF memory channel.

While pushing and holding the PTT switch, push the desired DTMF memory channel number [1]~[0] or [A]~[D] on the microphone. Do not release the PTT switch until step 4. • The active indicator goes out.



Push the desired digit key.

0000

3. Enter the digits. 0000 0000 While keeping the PTT switch depressed. 0000 $\odot \odot \odot \odot$ push the desired keys. • Up to 22 digits can be memorized. Push keys. (up to 22) <u>\}</u> 4. Write into the memory channel. . . Release the PTT switch. 0000 0000 • The active indicator blinks rapidly. 5. Write other memory channels. To write other memory channels, repeat steps 2~4. 6. Exit MEMORY WRITE mode. Push [MW] on the microphone to return to NORMAL mode. The active indicator goes out.

Transmitting memory data

1. Select MEMORY READ mode.

Push [MR] to select MEMORY READ mode. • The active indicator lights.



2. Select a DTMF memory channel.

Push the desired DTMF memory channel number [1]~[0] or [A]~[D].



- The memorized DTMF code is automatically transmitted.
- The active indicator blinks while transmitting.

3. Exit MEMORY READ mode.

Push [MR] to return to NORMAL mode.

• The active indicator goes out.





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HM-56A ADVANCED FUNCTIONS 14



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1.1

HM-56A ADVANCED FUNCTIONS 14

0000 0000 0000 (RD) $\odot \odot \odot \odot$ Push [PTT] to transmit.

matically written into a re-dial memory. You can manually write DTMF codes into the

- 2) While pushing and holding the PTT switch, push [RD] on the microphone. Do not release the PTT switch until step 4.
- 3) While keeping the PTT switch de-
- 5) Push [MW] on the microphone to return







OPTIONAL DTMF REMOTE 15

15 OPTIONAL DTMF REMOTE

Mic DTMF Remote

To operate Mic DTMF Remote, the HM-56A and an optional UT-55 are necessary. Attach the supplied microphone sheet to the HM-56A keyboard before operation.

MAR

rE 00

1. Select standby for control.

Select standby for the remote control using SET mode. See p. 56 for details. • "REMOTE" appears.

2. Activate Mic DTMF Remote.

Push [UP] on the microphone to activate Mic DTMF Remote.

- [LOCK] on the microphone must be set OFF.
- "REMOTE" starts blinking.

3. Control the transceiver.

Push the desired key on the microphone as described in the table at right.

-hemote-22**3.850** 12 Display example when [D] is pushed in VFO mode.

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REMOTE 223.850

4. Return to standby.

Push [UP] again to cancel the function. • "REMOTE" stops blinking. The transceiver en-

ters the standby condition for remote control.

5. Cancel standby for control.

Cancel standby for the remote control using SET mode. See p. 56 for details. • "REMOTE" disappears.

- Up Switch Remote cannot be activated while "REMOTE" lights or blinks. (p. 41)
- The tuning control and all switches are locked while "REMOTE" blinks.
- Scan cannot operate while "RE-MOTE" blinks. [DN] starts scanning when "REMOTE" lights.

KEY	DESCRIPTION	KEY	DESCRIPTION	
[1] (CALL)	Selects the call channel for the MAIN band.	[#] (UP)	Increases the operating frequency or memory channel	
[2] (MR)	Selects MEMORY mode for the MAIN band.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	in preset tuning steps.	
[3] (VFO)	Selects VFO mode for the MAIN band.	[*] (DOWN)	Decreases the operating frequency or memory channel in preset tuning steps.	
[4] (144)	Selects the 144 MHz band for the MAIN band.	[A] (CLR)	Clears input digits and retrieves the previous key input.	
[5] (220)	Selects the 220 MHz band for the MAIN band.	[B]	Used for External DTMF Remote. (p. 59)	
[6] (HIGH)	Selects high power for the MAIN band.	[C] (SPEECH)	Announces the MAIN band frequency when an optional	
[7] (144MONI)	Opens and closes the 144 MHz band squelch.		UT-66 is installed.	
[8] (220MONI)	Opens and closes the 220 MHz band squelch.	[D] (ENT)	Sets the transceiver to enter a frequency or memory channel number in 10 kHz tuning steps.	
[9] (LOW)	Selects low power 1 for the MAIN band.	[0] [0] (offer	Enters a frequency up to the 10	
[0] (MUTE)	Mutes audio signals on both bands.	[0]~[9] (after pushing [D])	kHz digit*1 or enters memory channels (1~15, A and B*2).	

*1 When the entered frequency is out of the frequency coverage, the input digit will be cleared.
 *2 Push [1] then [6] for memory channel A; push [1] then [7] for memory channel B.

- CONVENIENT

The DTMF memory channel of the HM-56A may be useful for Mic DTMF Remote. See pgs. 51~52 for writing a DTMF code.

EXAMPLE: Setting the operating frequency at 145.800 MHz.

- 1) Push [4]; Selects the 144 MHz band for the MAIN band.
- 2) Push [3]; Selects VFO mode.
- 3) Push [D]; Enters direct input condition.
- 4) Push [1], [4], [5], [8] and [0]; Frequency is set.

EXAMPLE: Setting the operating memory channel to 15 (220 MHz band).

- 1) Push [5]; Selects the 220 MHz band for the MAIN band.
- 2) Push [2]; Selects MEMORY mode.
- 3) Push [D]; Enters direct input condition.
- 4) Push [1] and [5]; Memory channel is selected.

OPTIONAL DTMF REMOTE 15

15 OPTIONAL DTMF REMOTE **External DTMF Remote** 6. Control the transceiver. To operate External DTMF Remote, an optional UT-55 and a 144 MHz or 220 MHz FM Transmit the DTMF code as described below to control from the controller transceiver transceiver with a DTMF encoder are necessary. 7. Return to standby. 1. Set frequencies for operation and control. To cancel the function, push [B] and [+]Push [BAND], [V/MHz] then Set the MAIN band frequency for operation rotate the tuning control. (or "E"). and the SUB band frequency for receiving of • These will be transmitted as a DTMF code. a DTMF control signal. • "REMOTE" stops blinking and "SUB" disap- An optional tone squelch function can be used pears. The transceiver enters the standby for the SUB band to increase remote control condition for remote control. reliability. (p. 50) 8. Cancel standby for control. 2. Set a 3-digit password. Cancel standby for the remote control Program a 3-digit password into code using SET mode. See p. 56 for details. channel 5. if required. (p. 44) • "REMOTE" disappears.

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REMOTE 223.850

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KEY	DESCRIPTION	KEY	DESCRIPTION	
[B] + [#] (or "F") or [B] + password + [#] (or "F")	Activates External DTMF Remote.	[#] (or "F") (UP)	Increases the operating frequency or memory channel in preset tuning steps.	
[B] + [*] (or "E")	Returns to standby.	[*](or "E") (DOWN)	Decreases the operating frequency or memory channel in preset tuning steps. Clears input digits and retrieves	
(11 (CALL)] (CALL) Selects the call channel for the MAIN band. Selects MEMORY mode for the [A] (CLR)	(,		
[.](0=)				
[2] (MR)			the previous key input.	
[3] (VFO)	(VFO) Selects VFO mode for the MAIN band.		Sets the transceiver to enter a frequency or memory channel number in 10 kHz tuning steps.	
[6] (HIGH)	Selects high power for the MAIN band.		Enters a frequency up to the 10	
[9] (LOW)	Selects low power 1 for the MAIN band.	[0]~[9] (after pushing [D])	kHz digit* ¹ or enters memory channels (1~15, A and B* ²).	

*2 Push [1] then [6] for memory channel A; push [1] then [7] for memory channel B.



• The initial value of code channel 5 is "000." If you do not require the password, set the channel as "receive inhibit."

3. Prepare a transceiver used as a controller.

Set the operating frequency equal to the SUB band frequency of the IC-2330A.

- Turn ON the subaudible tone encoder and set the tone frequency when the IC-2330A
- uses an optional tone squelch function.

4. Select standby for control.

Select standby for the remote control using SET mode. See p. 56 for details. • "REMOTE" appears.

5. Activate External DTMF Remote.

From the controller transceiver, transmit a DTMF code to activate External DTMF Remote as follows.

() When a password has been set, push [B], the 3-digit password and [#] (or "F").

②When a password has not been set, push [B] and [#] (or "F").

• "REMOTE" and "SUB" blink.

MAINTENANCE 16

6 MAINTENANCE

Troubleshooting

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION	REF.
		Check the connector pins.	-
on.	 Polarity of the power connection is reversed. 	 Reconnect the power cable observing the proper polarity. 	p. 8
	Blown fuse.	Check the cause, then re- place the fuse.	р. 62 р. 17
• No sound comes from the speak- er.	 The squelch is set too far clockwise. The optional tone or code squelch is turned ON. 	or code • Turn OFF the tone or code	
 Sensitivity is low and only strong signals are audi- ble. 	• Antenna feedline or the antenna connector solder has a poor contact or is short circuited.	tenna feedline or the enna connector solder s a poor contact or is • Check, and if necessary, re- place the feedline or solder the antenna connector again.	
• No contact pos-	• The transceiver is set to semi-duplex.	• Set to simplex.	p. 25
sible with anoth- er station.	• The other station is using tone or code squelch.	 Turn ON the tone or code squelch. (UT-67 or UT-55 is necessary.) 	pgs. 47, 50
Repeater cannot	• Wrong offset frequency is	Correct the offset frequency.	p. 26
be accessed.	programmed.Wrong subaudible tone frequency is programmed.	Correct the subaudible tone frequency.	p. 27
• Frequency can-	• The lock function is acti-	• Turn the function OFF.	p. 13
not be set.	 vated. Priority watch is paused on the watching frequency. 	Push [M/CALL/PRIO] to re- sume the watch.	pgs. 39, 4
• Scan does not		• Set [SQL] at the threshold point.	pgs. 34, 3
operate.	• Scan edge A equals B (for programmed scan).	Reset the scan edges.	pgs. 33, 3
	All memory channels are programmed as skip chan-	Cancel the memory skip func- tion in the desired channel.	p. 36
	nels (for memory scan). • Priority watch is activated.	• Turn the function OFF.	pgs. 39, 4
All programmed memories have been erased. The CPU is malfunctioning. Backup battery is empty.		Reset the CPU. Send the transceiver to an authorized Icom Dealer or Service Center to replace the backup battery.	r

CPU resetting

The function display may occasionally display erroneous information, (e.g., when first applying power). This may be caused externally by static electricity or other factors.

If this problem occurs, turn power OFF. After waiting a few seconds, turn power ON again. If the problem continues, perform the following procedure.

NOTE: CPU resetting CLEARS all memory information, and initializes all values.

1) Turn power OFF.

- 2) While pushing [SET/LOCK] and [SPEECH/MW], turn power ON.
 - All segments appear on the function display, and the CPU is reset.

Fuse replacement

If the fuse blows or the transceiver stops functioning, find the source of the problem if possible, and replace the damaged fuse with a new, rated fuse (15 A) as shown in the diagram below.

REPLACING A FUSE			
•	II II		- · ·
		,#/	
	Fuse // (5)	A CAR	
	H H	A s	

Backup batteries

The IC-2330A and HM-56A are equipped with separate lithium backup batteries for retaining memory information.

The life of the lithium backup batteries is usually more than 5 years. When the batteries are exhausted, the transceiver operates normally but the CPU cannot retain memory information.

NOTE: DO NOT attempt to replace the backup batteries yourself. They can be replaced only by an authorized Icom Dealer or Service Center.

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17 SPECIFICATIONS

			144 MHz BAND	220 MHz BAND	
	Frequency coverage		Tx: 144~148 MHz		
			Rx: 136~174 MHz*	222~225 MHz	
			* Guaranteed range is 144.00~1	48.00 MHz.	
	Mode	T	FI		
9	Frequency stability		± 10 ppm		
B	Antenna impedan		50 Ω (no	ominal)	
N	Power supply requ		13.8 V DC ± 15%	(negative ground)	
GENERAL	Usable temperatu		-10℃~+60℃;		
	Dimensions		140(W) × 40(H 5.5(W) × 1.6() × 165(D) mm D) × 6.5(D) in	
	(Projections not in	iciuded)	1.25 kg		
	Weight	High	45 W	25 W	
		High Low 2		W	
	Output power	Low 1	5	W	
H	Modulation system		Variable reactance frequency modulation		
ITTER	Max. frequency d		± 5 kHz		
W	Spurious emissio		Less than - 60 dB		
TRANSMI	Microphone impe		600 Ω		
M		High	10.5 A	7.5 A	
		Low 2	5.5 A	6.0 A	
	Current drain	Low 1	4.0 A	4.5 A	
			at 13.8 V DC, typical		
	Receive system	·	Double-conversion superheterodyne		
	Intermediate	1st	17.2 MHz	21.8 MHz	
	frequencies	2nd		5 kHz	
	Sensitivity		Less than 0.16 µV for 12 dB SINAD		
0	Squelch sensitiv	ity	Less than 0.13 µV at threshold		
	Selectivity		More than 15 kHz/ − 6 dB Less than 30 kHz / − 60 dB		
Ĭ	Spurious respon	se rejection	More than 60 dB		
10	Audio output pov		More than 2.4 W at 10% distortion with an 8 Ω load		
	Audio output imp		8Ω		
	······································	Rated audio		.8 A	
	Current drain	Squeiched	1.2 A		
			at 13.8 V DC, typical		

All stated specifications are subject to change without notice or obligation.



HM-56A HAND MICROPHONE Has a DTMF function and 14 DTMF memory channels. Necessary for Mic DTMF Remote. Also has a 1750 Hz tone call function. Same as the supplied one.

HM-58 HAND MICROPHONE

HS-15SB SWITCHBOX For the HS-15.

MB-27 MOBILE MOUNTING BRACKET Same as the supplied one.

MB-34 JOINT PLATES Used for stacking the IC-449A, IC-1201A, etc.

OPC-044B DC POWER CABLE Same as the supplied one.

IC-PS30 DC POWER SUPPLY 13.8 V DC, 25 A.

SM-6 DESKTOP MICROPHONE

UT-55 DTMF ENCODER/DECODER UNIT Provides pager and code squelch functions. Necessary for Mic or External DTMF Remote.

OPTIONS 18

UT-66 VOICE SYNTHESIZER UNIT Announces the operating band frequency.

UT-67 TONE SQUELCH UNIT

Provides pocket beep and tone squelch functions. Also functions as a subaudible tone encoder.