o ICOM

INSTRUCTION MANUAL





Icom Inc.

IMPORTANT

READ THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL CAREFULLY before attempting to operate the transceiver.

SAVE THIS INSTRUCTION MANUAL. This manual contains important safety and operating instructions for the IC-7200.

FOREWORD

We understand that you have a choice of many different radios in the market place. We want to take a couple of moments of your time to thank you for making the IC-7200 your radio of choice, and hope you agree with Icom's philosophy of "technology first." Many hours of research and development went into the design of your IC-7200.

♦ FEATURES

- O IF DSP features
- O Digital Twin PBT
- O Manual notch function
- ±0.5 ppm of high frequency stability
- O Simple operation
- Tough and compact body
- O Standard voice synthesizer

EXPLICIT DEFINITIONS

WORD	DEFINITION	
	Personal injury, fire hazard or electric shock may occur.	
CAUTION	Equipment damage may occur.	
NOTE	If disregarded, inconvenience only. No ris	

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SUPPLIED ACCESSORIES

The transceiver comes	with the following accessories.
 2 DC power cable (OF 3 Spare fuse (ATC 5 A 4 Spare fuse (ATC 30) 5 ACC cable 6 3.5 (d) mm plug 7 6.3 (d) mm Electron 8 Microphone hanger 	Uty. HM-36) 1 PC-1457) 1 A) 1 A) 2
	(2)

FCC INFORMATION

• FOR CLASS B UNINTENTIONAL RADIATORS:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- · Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

PRECAUTIONS

▲ WARNING RF EXPOSURE! This device emits Radio Frequency (RF) energy. Extreme caution should be observed when operating this device. If you have any questions regarding RF exposure and safety standards please refer to the Federal Communications Commission Office of Engineering and Technology's report on Evaluating Compliance with FCC Guidelines for Human Radio Frequency Electromagnetic Fields (OET Bulletin 65).

△ WARNING HIGH VOLTAGE! NEVER touch an antenna or internal antenna connector during transmission. This may result in an electrical shock or burn.

▲ **WARNING! NEVER** operate the transceiver while driving a vehicle. Safe driving requires your full attention—anything less may result in an accident.

▲ **NEVER** apply AC power to the [DC13.8V] socket on the transceiver rear panel. This could cause a fire or damage the transceiver.

 \triangle **NEVER** apply more than 16 V DC, such as a 24 V battery, to the [DC13.8V] socket on the transceiver rear panel. This could cause a fire or damage the transceiver.

 \triangle **NEVER** let metal, wire or other objects touch any internal part or connectors on the rear panel of the transceiver. This may result in an electric shock or this could cause a fire or damege the transceiver.

 \bigtriangleup **NEVER** expose the transceiver to rain, snow or any liquids.

DO NOT use or place the transceiver in areas with temperatures below -10° C (+14°F) or above +60°C (+140°F). Be aware that temperatures on a vehicle's dashboard can exceed +80°C (+176°F), resulting in permanent damage to the transceiver if left there for extended periods.

DO NOT place the transceiver in excessively dusty environments or in direct sunlight.

DO NOT place the transceiver against walls or put anything on top of the transceiver. This will obstruct heat dissipation.

Place unit in a secure place to avoid inadvertent use by children.

During mobile operation, **NEVER** place the transceiver where air bag deployment may be obstructed.

During mobile operation, **DO NOT** place the transceiver where hot or cold air blows directly onto it.

During mobile operation, **DO NOT** operate the transceiver without running the vehicle's engine. When the transceiver's power is ON and your vehicle's engine is OFF, the vehicle's battery will quickly become exhausted.

Make sure the transceiver power is OFF before starting the vehicle engine. This will avoid possible damage to the transceiver by ignition voltage spikes.

During maritime mobile operation, keep the transceiver and microphone as far away as possible from the magnetic navigation compass to prevent erroneous indications.

BE CAREFUL! The rear panel will become hot when operating the transceiver continuously for long periods.

BE CAREFUL! If a linear amplifier is connected, set the transceiver's RF output power to less than the linear amplifier's maximum input level, otherwise, the linear amplifier will be damaged.

Use Icom microphones only (supplied or optional). Other manufacturer's microphones have different pin assignments, and connection to the IC-7200 may damage the transceiver.

For U.S.A. only

Caution: Changes or modifications to this transceiver, not expressly approved by Icom Inc., could void your authority to operate this transceiver under FCC regulations.

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PANEL DESCRIPTION

Front panel



PASSBAND TUNING CONTROLS [TWIN PBT]

Adjust the receiver's DSP filter passband width. (p. 46)

- The limit of the variable range depends on the passband width and mode. The limit of the variable range is half of the passband width, and PBT is adjustable in 200 Hz (AM) or 50 Hz (other models) steps.
- Rotate both [TWIN PBT] controls (PBT1 and PBT2) to the same position shifts the IF.

✓ What is the PBT control?

Generally, the PBT electronically narrows the IF passband width to reject interference. This transceiver uses the DSP circuit for the PBT function.



ONOISE BLANKER KEY (p. 49)

- Push to turn the noise blanker function ON or OFF.
 - "NB" appears on the display.
- Push and hold for 1 sec to enter the noise blanker set mode for setting the noise blanker level and blank time; push again to return to normal operation.
 - When entering the noise blanker set mode, the noise blanker function is automatically turned ON.

✓ What is the noise blanker?

The noise blanker reduces pulse-type noise such as that generated by automobile ignition systems. This function is not effective against non pulse-type noise.

SNR KEY NR (p. 50)

- Push to turn the noise reduction function ON or OFF.
 - "NR" appears on the display.
- Push and hold for 1 sec. to enter the noise reduction level set mode; push again to return to normal operation.
 - When entering the noise reduction set mode, the noise reduction function is automatically turned ON.

✓ What is the Noise Reduction function?

The Noise Reduction (NR) function removes random noise from the receiver passband. The level is adjustable to allow maximum clarity without harming the intelligibility of the desired signal. Noise Reduction should generally not be used with digital modes.

ANF/METER KEY (p. 51)

- Push to turn the Automatic Notch Filter function ON or OFF in SSB and AM modes.
 "(ANF)" appears on the display.
- Push and hold for 1 sec. to toggle the meter function; (pgs. 30, 60)
 - PO → SWR → ALC
 - PO : indicates the relative RF output power.
 - SWR : indicates the SWR over the transmission line. • ALC : Indicates ALC level.

✓ What is the Automatic Notch Filter?

The Automatic Notch Filter is a narrow DSP filter that automatically identifies and attenuates beat tones, tuning signals, CW, etc., even if they are moving and removes them from the receiver passband while preserving the desired signal's frequency response.

6 KEYPAD

- ⇒ $\frac{V/M}{\leftarrow}$, $\frac{A/B}{=}$, SPLIT, MW, M-CL, AGC, COMP, SCAN, VOX, RIT and MNF keys are available. (p. 5)
- - The band stacking register is available.
 - GENE selects the general coverage band.
- → After pushing (F-INP ENT BAND), push a key on the keypad to enter a numeric frequency. After entering, push (F-INP ENT BAND). (p. 25)
 - e.g. To enter 14.195 MHz;

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{Push} \left(\begin{array}{c} \textbf{F-INP} \text{ ENT} \\ \textbf{BAND} \end{array} \right), \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \textbf{1.8} \end{array} \right), \left(\begin{array}{c} 4 \\ \textbf{10} \end{array} \right), \left(\begin{array}{c} \bullet \\ \textbf{GENE} \end{array} \right), \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \textbf{1.8} \end{array} \right), \left(\begin{array}{c} 9 \\ \textbf{28} \end{array} \right), \left(\begin{array}{c} 5 \\ \textbf{14} \end{array} \right) \\ \text{and} \left(\begin{array}{c} \textbf{F-INP} \text{ ENT} \\ \textbf{BAND} \end{array} \right). \end{array}$

6 RIT CONTROL INDICATOR (pgs. 44, 61)

Lights orange when [M-CH] control (O) acts as the RIT control.

M-CH/RIT CONTROL [M-CH] (inner control)

- While in the set mode/quick set mode, rotate to select the set mode item. (p. 70)
- This control can act as the memory channel control or RIT control.
 - The RIT function should be turned ON in advance to activate this control as RIT control. (p. 44)
 - "RIT)" appears when the RIT function is turned ON.
 The RIT control indicator () lights orange when this control is activated as the RIT control.

During [M-CH] acts as the M-CH control:

Rotate to select a memory channel (p. 61).



During [M-CH] acts as RIT control:

Rotate to shift the receive frequency (p. 44).

- Rotate the control clockwise to incerase the frequency, or rotate the control counterclockwise to decrease the frequency.
- The shift frequency range is ± 9.999 kHz in 1 Hz steps (or ± 9.99 kHz in 10 Hz steps).



Frequency decreases

✓ What is the RIT function?

The RIT (Receiver Incremental Tuning) shifts the receive frequency without shifting the transmit frequency. This is useful for fine tuning for stations calling you off-frequency or when you prefer to listen to slightly different sounding voice characteristics, etc.

• About the [M-CH] control activation:

		RIT control indicator (6 on p. 2)	
		Lights	OFF
RIT indicator	Appears	Acts as the RIT control	Acts as the mem- ory channel control
(t on p. 8)	Disappears	N/A	ory channel control

MANUAL NOTCH FILTER CONTROL [MNF]

(outer control; p. 51)

Rotate to adjust the notch filter frequency to reject an interfering signal while the manual notch function is ON.

• The filter width can be set to narrow, middle or wide in the manual notch filter set mode.



✓ What is the Manual Notch Filter?

The Manual Notch Filter is an adjustable narrow DSP filter that removes tones from CW, SSB, AM or RTTY signals while preserving the desired signal's frequency response.

9 M-CH/RIT•SET KEY

- Push to toggle the [M-CH] control activation between memory channel control and RIT control.
 - The RIT function should be turned ON in advance. (p. 44)
 The RIT control indicator (6) lights orange when the
 - [M-CH] control functions as the RIT control.
- Push and hold for 1 sec. to enter the quick set mode. (p. 70)
- During quick set mode, push and hold for 1 sec. to enter the set mode (p. 70)
- During quick set mode or set mode, push to return to normal operation. (p. 70)

Front panel (Continued)



(MODE KEY (MODE) (p. 29)

- Push momentarily to cycle through the operating modes:
 - USB/LSB → CW/CW-R → RTTY/RTTY-R → AM
- Push and hold for 1 sec. to toggle the following operating modes:

 $\mathsf{USB} \leftrightarrow \mathsf{LSB} \ (\mathsf{p. 33})$

 $CW \leftrightarrow CW$ -R (Reverse) (p. 35)

RTTY \leftrightarrow RTTY-R (Reverse) (p. 39)

- "CW-R" or "RTTY-R" appears on the display when reverse mode is selected.
- Undesired modes can be inhibited in set mode. (p. 81)

①TUNING STEP KEY (pgs. 26, 27)

- Push to turn the programmable tuning step ON or OFF.
 - "▼" appears above the 1 kHz indicator when the programmable tuning step is turned ON and the frequency can be changed in programmed kHz steps.
- While the programmable tuning step is turned ON ("▼" appears), push and hold for 1 sec. to enter tuning step set mode; push again to return to normal operation.
 - 0.1, 1, 5, 9 and 10 kHz programmable tuning steps are available.
- While the programmable tuning step is turned OFF, push and hold for 1 sec. to turn the 1 Hz step ON and OFF.
 - 1 Hz indication appears, and the frequency can be changed in 1 Hz steps.

PREAMP/ATTENUATOR KEY (p. 45)

- Push to turn the preamp ON or OFF.
 "P.AMP" appears on the display.
- Push and hold for 1 sec. to turn the 20 dB attenuator ON; push momentarily to turn the attenuator OFF.
 - "ATT)" appears on the display.

✓ What is the preamp?

The preamp amplifies signals in the receiver front end (input) circuit to improve the sensitivity. Turn the preamp ON when receiving weak signals.

✓ What is the attenuator?

The attenuator prevents a strong undesired signal near the desired frequency or near your location, such as from a broadcast station, from causing distortion or spurious signals.

B MAIN DIAL [DIAL]

Changes the displayed frequency and selects values for selected set mode items, etc.

WFILTER KEY [FILTER] (p. 47)

- Push momentarily to cycle the IF filter settings between wide, middle and narrow for the selected operating mode.
- Push and hold for 1 sec. to enter the filter set mode.

BSPCH-LOCK KEY (SPCH)

- Push to announce the selected frequency and S-meter level by the speech synthesizer. (p. 32)
 - The parameters to be announced can be selected in the set mode. (p. 77)
- ➡ Push and hold for 1 sec. to turn the dial lock function ON or OFF. (p. 29)
 - The dial lock function electronically locks the main dial.
 - "**+•**" appears while the dial lock function is ON.

⑥POWER KEY ()

- ➡ Push to turn power ON.
 - Turn the DC power supply ON in advance.
- ➡ Push and hold for 1 sec. to turn power OFF.

TUNER KEY TUNER (p. 67)

- Push to turn the automatic antenna tuner function ON or OFF.
 - An optional antenna tuner must be connected.
 - "**TUNE**" appears on the display.
- Push and hold for 1 sec. to manually tune the antenna tuner.
 - An optional antenna tuner must be connected.
 - When the tuner cannot tune the antenna, the tuning circuit is bypassed automatically after 20 sec.

IP RF GAIN/SQUELCH CONTROL [RF/SQL]

(outer control; p. 30)

Adjusts the RF gain and squelch threshold level.



- The squelch removes noise output from the speaker (closed condition) when no signal is received.
 - The squelch is available for all modes.
 - The control can be set as the squelch plus RF gain controls, squelch control only (RF gain is fixed at maximum) or Auto (RF gain control in SSB, CW and RTTY; squelch control in AM) in set mode.

MODE	SET MODE SETTING			
WODE	AUTO SQL RF + SQL			
SSB, CW	RF GAIN	SQL	RF GAIN + SQL	
RTTY		SQL	HF GAIN + SQL	
AM	SQL	SQL	RF GAIN + SQL	

When functioning as RF GAIN/SQL control



• When functioning as RF GAIN control (Squelch is fixed open; SSB, CW, RTTY only)



• When functioning as SQL control (RF gain is fixed at maximum.)



(PAF CONTROL [AF] (inner control; p. 29) Varies the audio output level from the speaker.



decreases

HEADPHONE JACK [PHONES]

- Accepts headphones with $8-16 \Omega$ impedance.
- Output power: 5 mW with an 8 Ω load.
- When headphones are connected, no receive audio comes from the speaker.

MICROPHONE CONNECTOR [MIC]

Accepts supplied or optional microphone.

• See p. 11 for appropriate microphones and microphone connector information.

♦ Keypad

(V/M ←

A/B

2 3.5





VFO/MEMORY/1/1.8 MHz BAND KEY

- ➡ Push to toggle the operating mode between VFO mode or memory mode. (pgs. 23, 61)
 - ⇒ Push and hold for 1 sec. to copy the memory contents to VFO. (p. 63)
- ← Push (F-INP ENT BAND), then push this key to in- $\begin{pmatrix} 1\\ 1.8 \end{pmatrix}$ put the number '1.' (p. 25)
 - → Push and hold (F-INP ENT BAND) for 1 sec., then push this key to select the 1.8 MHz band. (p. 24)

VFO SELECT/EQUALIZATION/2/3.5 MHz BAND KEY

- Push to toggle between VFO A and VFO B. (p. 22)
- ➡ Push and hold for 1 sec. to equalize the frequency and operating mode of the two VFO's. (p. 22)
 - The undisplayed VFO frequency and operating mode are set the same as the displayed VFO frequency and operating mode.
- \rightarrow Push $\frac{F-INP ENT}{BAND}$, then push this key to in- Push and hold ^{F-INP ENT} BAND for 1 sec., then
 - push this key to select the 3.5 MHz band. (p. 24)

SPLIT/3/7 MHz BAND KEY

- (SPLIT) > Push to toggle the split function ON and OFF. (p. 58)
 - "SPLIT" appears on the display.
 - ➡ Push and hold for 1 sec. to activate the quick split function. (p. 59)
 - The VFO B frequency and operating mode are set the same as the VFO A frequency and operating mode.
 - The quick split function can be turned OFF in the set mode. (p. 76)
- $\begin{pmatrix} 3\\7 \end{pmatrix}$ ► Push F-INP ENT , then push this key to input the number '3.' (p. 25)
 - → Push and hold (F-INP ENT BAND) for 1 sec., then push this key to select the 7 MHz band. (p. 24)

MEMORY WRITE/4/10 MHz BAND KEY

- MW Push and hold for 1 sec. to store the displayed VFO frequency and operating mode into the selected memory channel. (p. 62) $\begin{pmatrix} 4\\10 \end{pmatrix}$
 - → Push (F-INP ENT BAND), then push this key to input the number '4.' (p. 25)
 - → Push and hold $\left(\begin{array}{c} F_{\text{-INP}} F_{\text{-INP}} \\ BAND \end{array} \right)$ for 1 sec., then push this key to select the 10 MHz band. (p. 24)

BAND KEY CLEAR/5/14 MHz BAND KEY

- M-CL → Push and hold for 1 sec. to clear the displayed memory channel contents in memory mode. (p. 64)
 - "BLANK" appears above the memory channel number.
 - Push and hold for 1 sec., to select a default condition or value when in set mode/quick set mode. (p. 70)
 - ➡ Push (F-INP ENT BAND), then push this key to input the number '5.' (p. 25)

AGC/6/18 MHz BAND KEY

 $\begin{pmatrix} 5\\ 14 \end{pmatrix}$

(6 18)

7 21

8 24

- AGC → Push to toggle the time constant for the AGC circuit fast and slow. (p. 45)
 - "F.AGC" appears on the display when fast AGC is selected; no indication appears when slow AGC is selected
 - Push and hold for 1 sec. to turn the AGC function OFF.
 - "AGC-OFF" appears on the display.
 - ➡ Push (F-INP ENT BAND), then push this key to input the number (6.' (p. 25))
 - → Push and hold F-INP ENT BAND for 1 sec., then push this key to select the 18 MHz band. (p. 24)

SPEECH COMPRESSOR/7/21 MHz BAND KEY

- COMP ← Push to turn the speech compressor function ON or OFF. (p. 57)
 - "COMP" appears on the display.
 - Push and hold for 1 sec. to enter the speech compression level set mode; push again to return to normal operation.
 - Push → Push → Push → BAND, then push this key to input the number '7.' (p. 25)
 - ➡ Push and hold ^{F-INP ENT} BAND for 1 sec., then push this key to select the 21 MHz band. (p. 24)

SCAN/8/24 MHz BAND KEY

- SCAN Push to start/stop the programmed/ memory scan in VFO/memory mode. (p. 66)
 - "SCAN" appears on the display during scanning.
 - ➡ Push F-INP ENT BAND, then push this key to input the number '8.' (p. 25)
 - Push and hold F-INP ENT BAND for 1 sec., then push this key to select the 24 MHz band. (p. 24)

VOX/9/28 MHz BAND KEY

- vox → Push to turn the VOX function ON or OFF. (p. 53)
 - Push and hold for 1 sec. to enter VOX set mode; push again to return to normal operation.
- Push ^{F-INP ENT}_{BAND}, then push this key to input the number '9.' (p. 25)
 - ➡ Push and hold ^{F-INP ENT} for 1 sec., then push this key to select the 28 MHz band. (p. 24)

✓ What is the VOX function?

The VOX function (Voice-Operated Transmission) activates the transmitter when you speak into the microphone and automatically returns to receive when you stop speaking.

③ MANUAL NOTCH FILTER/0/50 MHz BAND KEY

- Push to turn the manual notch filter function ON or OFF. (p. 51)
 - "(MNF)" appears on the display.
 - Push and hold for 1 sec. to enter the manual notch set mode; push again to return to normal operation. (p. 52)
 - Before entering the set mode, the manual notch filter function is turned ON.
- Push ^{F-INP ENT} BAND, then push this key to input the number '<u>0</u>.' (p. 25)
 - Push and hold ^{F-INP ENT} BAND
 for 1 sec., then push this key to select the 50 MHz band. (p. 24)

RIT/•/GENERAL BAND KEY

- Push to turn the RIT (Receiver Incremental Tuning) function ON or OFF. (p. 44)
 - "RIT" appears on the display.
 - RIT frequency can be adjusted with [M-CH] control when RIT mode is selected.
 - Push and hold for 1 sec. to add the RIT shift frequency to the operating frequency. (p. 44)
 - Available only when the XFC (transmit frequency check function) is turned OFF. (p. 76)
- GENE → Push (F-INP ENT BAND), then push this key to input the number '• (decimal point).' (p. 25)
 - ➡ Push and hold ^{F-INP ENT} BAND for 1 sec., then push this key to select the general coverage band. (p. 24)

FREQUENCY INPUT/ENTER/BAND KEY

- F-INP ENT BAND → Push to enter the direct frequency input condition. (p. 25)
 - Push and hold for 1 sec., then push a key on the keypad to select the operating band. (p. 24)
 - $\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{GENE} \end{bmatrix}$ selects the general coverage band.

Function display



1 TRANSMIT INDICATOR

Appears while transmitting.

2 MODE INDICATORS

Shows the selected operating mode.

- "D" appears when SSB/AM data mode is selected. (p. 71)
- "-R" appears when CW reverse or RTTY reverse mode is selected. (pgs. 29, 35, 39)

3 IF FILTER INDICATORS (p. 47)

Shows the selected IF filter.

- ⇒ "W appears when the wide IF filter is selected.
- → "M appears when the normal IF filter is selected.
- "N" appears when the narrow IF filter is selected.

4 LOCK INDICATOR (p. 29)

Appears when the dial lock function is activated.

MEMORY INDICATOR (p. 61)

Appears when memory mode is selected.

6 MEMORY CHANNEL NUMBER READOUT

(p. 61) Shows the selected memory channel number.

BLANK INDICATOR (p. 62)

Appears when the selected memory channel is blank.

• This indicator appears both in VFO and memory mode.

3 SIGNAL/SQL/RF-GAIN METER

- Shows receiving signal strength while receiving.
- Shows either transmit power meter (Po), SWR or ALC while transmitting. (p. 30)

ONOTCH INDICATORS (p. 51)

- "ANF" appears when the automatic notch function is activated.
- "MNF" appears when the manual notch function is activated.

(D) NOISE REDUCTION INDICATOR (p. 50)

Appears when the noise reduction is activated.

NOISE BLANKER INDICATOR (p. 49) Appears when the noise blanker is activated.

TUNE INDICATOR (p. 67)

- Appears when the optional automatic antenna tuner is activated.
- Blinks while tuning.

B RECEIVE INDICATOR

Appears while receiving a signal or when the squelch is open.

FREQUENCY READOUT

Shows the operating frequency.



PROGRAMMABLE TUNING STEP INDICATOR

Appears when the programmable tuning step is selected. (p. 26)

(b) RIT INDICATOR (p. 44)

Appears when the RIT function is activated.

VFO INDICATORS (p. 22)

"VFO A" or "VFO B" appears when VFO mode is selected.

FUNCTION INDICATORS

- "COMP" appears when the speech compressor is activated in SSB mode.
- "VOX" appears when the VOX function is activated.
- "SPLID" appears during split frequency operation.
- ► "P.AMP" appears when preamp is activated.
- "ATT" appears when the attenuator function is activated.
- ➡ "SCAN" appears during scan.
 - Blinks when scan is paused.

General Ageneration (p. 45) Ageneration (p. 45) Ageneration Ageneration

Shows the selected AGC time constant.

• "F.AGC" for AGC fast; "AGC-OFF" for AGC OFF; no indicator; for AGC slow.

Ø BREAK-IN INDICATORS (p. 55)

- "BK" appears when the semi break-in function is activated.
- "F-BK" appears when the full break-in function is activated.

Rear panel



USB JACK [+----]

Connect an USB cable to be used for the modulation input (p. 20), the transceiver operation with PC and the received audio import to the PC.

% CAUTION:

For Windows® XP/2000:

NEVER install the driver before connecting an USB cable between the transceiver and PC.

For Windows Vista™:

NEVER connect an USB cable until the driver $\frac{1}{2}$ installation has been complete.

About the USB driver:

Icom HP (http://www.icom.co.jp/world/support/ index.html) gives the USB driver and the installation guide download service.

The following items are required:

- PC
- Microsoft[®] Windows[®] XP/2000 or
- Microsoft[®] Windows Vista[™] installed

• With USB port

- Other items
- USB cable (third party's)
- PC software

About the modulation input:

Select "U" (USB) in the set mode item 'Modulation input (Data OFF)' or 'Modulation input (Data ON)'. And the modulation input level from USB jack can be set in the set mode item 'USB Level.' (p. 77)

EXTERNAL SPEAKER JACK [EXT SP]

(pgs. 14, 93)

Connect a 4–8 Ω external speaker, if desired.

. When an external speaker is connected, the internal speaker does not function.

CI-V REMOTE CONTROL JACK [REMOTE]

(pgs. 14, 88)

- Designed for use with a PC for remote control of the transceiver functions.
- ► Used for transceiver operation with another Icom CI-V transceiver or receiver.

4 ANTENNA CONNECTOR [ANT] (p. 13)

Accepts a 50 Ω antenna with a PL-259 connector and a 50 Ω coaxial cable.

G ALC INPUT JACK [ALC] (p. 17)

Connects to the ALC output jack of a non-Icom linear amplifier.

6 SEND CONTROL JACK [SEND] (p. 17)

Goes to ground while transmitting to control external equipment such as a linear amplifier. Max. control level: 16 V DC/0.5 A

ELECTRONIC KEYER JACK [KEY]

Accepts a key or paddle connector for the internal electronic keyer.

• The keyer type selection between the internal electronic keyer and straight key operation can be made in set mode.

When connecting a straight key



(dot) When connecting (com a paddle

If you use an external electronic sure the output voltage of the key 0.4 V when keying the transmitter. If you use an external electronic keyer, make sure the output voltage of the keyer is less than

ACCESSORY SOCKET [ACC]

Enables connection to external equipment such as a TNC for data communications, a linear amplifier or an automatic antenna tuner, etc.

- See below for socket wiring information.
- **TUNER CONTROL SOCKET [TUNER]** (p. 16) Accepts the control cable from an optional AH-4 HF/50 MHZ AUTOMATIC ANTENNA TUNER.

GROUND TERMINAL [GND] (p. 12)

ACC socket information

Connect this terminal to a ground to prevent electrical shocks, TVI, BCI and other problems.

(DC POWER SOCKET [DC 13.8V] (p. 15)

Accepts 13.8 V DC through the supplied DC power cable.



ACC socket SPECIFICATIONS ACC PIN No. NAME DESCRIPTION NC (*If the modification (p. 97) is 1 Output voltage :8V ± 0.3V (8 V*) performed, regulated 8 V output.) Output current : Less than 10 mA (13) GND 2 Connects to ground. 90112 5678 Ground level : -0.5 V to 0.8 V Input/output pin. 10343 HSEND Output current : Less than 20 mA Grounded when transmits. Input current (Tx) : Less than 200 mA Rear panel view 4 BDT Data line for the optional AT-180. (8) gray 1) brown NC (*If the modification (p. 97) is (2) red (9) white 5 (BAND*) performed, band voltage output.) ③ orange ① black Output voltage : 0 to 8.0 V (4) yellow 1 pink : -4 V to 0 V Control voltage (5) areen 12 light 6 ALC ALC voltage input. : More than 10 $k\Omega$ Input impedance 6 blue blue ⑦ purple ① light 7 NC green 8 13.8 V 13.8 V output when power is ON. Output current : Max. 1 A TKEY Key line for the optional AT-180. Color refers to 9 the cable strands "High" level : More than 2.4 V of the supplied FSKK 10 Controls RTTY keying "Low" level : Less than 0.6 V cable. Output current : Less than 2 mA Input impedance :10 kΩ MOD Modulator input. 11 Input level : Approx. 100 mV rms AF detector output. Output impedance : 4.7 kΩ 12 AF Fixed level, regardless of the Output level : 100-300 mV rms [AF] control position. Squelch output. SQL open : Less than 0.3 V/5 mA SQLS 13 Grounded when squelch opens. SQL closed : More than 6.0 V/100 µA When connecting the ACC conversion cable (OPC-599) Connect to ACC socket ACC ACC 2 (13)



10

SM-20 (Option)



UP/DOWN SWITCHES [UP]/[DN]

Change the selected readout frequency or memory channel.

- Pushing the switch continuously changes the frequency or memory channel number continuously.
- The [UP]/[DN] switch can simulate a key paddle. Select in set mode (U/D KEY; Mic Up/Down Keyer). (p. 80)
- While pushing and holding **(RIT)***, push the [UP]/[DN] switch to control the transmit readout frequency while in spilt frequency operation.
- * Available only when the XFC (transmit frequency check) function is turned ON. (p. 76)

2 PTT SWITCH

Push and hold to transmit; release to receive.

PTT LOCK SWITCH (SM-20 only)

Push to lock the PTT switch to the transmission codition.



[MIC] PIN NO.	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION	
2	+8 V DC output	Max. 10 mA	
(3)	Frequency up	Ground	
3	Frequency down	Ground through 470 Ω	
(4)	Squelch open	"LOW" level	
4	Squelch close	"HIGH" level	

CAUTION: DO NOT short pin 2 to ground as this can damage the internal 8 V regulator. DC voltage is applied to pin 1 for microphone operation. Use caution when using a non-lcom microphone.



INSTALLATION AND CONNECTIONS

Unpacking

After unpacking, immediately report any damage to the delivering carrier or dealer. Keep the shipping cartons.

For a description and a diagram of accessory equipment included with the IC-7200, see 'Supplied accessories' on p. i of this manual.

Selecting a location

Select a location for the transceiver that allows adequate air circulation, free from extreme heat, cold, or vibrations, and away from TV sets, TV antenna elements, radios and other electromagnetic sources.

The base of the transceiver has an adjustable stand for desktop use. Set the stand to one of two angles depending on your operating conditions.



Grounding

To prevent electrical shock, television interference (TVI), broadcast interference (BCI) and other problems, ground the transceiver through the GROUND terminal on the rear panel.

For best results, connect a copper or copper-plated ground rod driven into the earth. Make the distance between the [GND] terminal and ground as short and straight as possible.

WARNING: NEVER connect the [GND] terminal to a gas or electric conduit, since the connection could cause an explosion or electric shock.



Antenna connection

For radio communications the antenna is of critical importance for output power and sensitivity. Use well-matched 50 Ω antennas and coaxial feedline. An SWR (standing wave ratio) of 1.5:1 or lower is recommended when transmitting.

CAUTION: Protect your transceiver from lightning by using a lightning arrestor.



Antenna SWR

Each antenna is tuned for a specified frequency range and SWR may be increased out-of-range. When the SWR is higher than approx. 2.0:1, the transceiver's power drops to protect the final transistor. In this case, an optional antenna tuner is useful to match the transceiver and antenna. Low SWR allows full power for transmitting even when using the antenna tuner. The IC-7200 has an SWR meter to monitor the antenna SWR continuously.

Required connections

• Front panel



Rear panel



Advanced connections

• Front panel



Power supply connections

Use a DC power supply with a 22 A capacity when operating the transceiver with AC power. Refer to the diagrams below.

CAUTION: Before connecting the DC power cable, check the following important items. Make sure:

- The 🕑 switch is OFF.
- Output voltage of the power source is 12–15 V.
- DC power cable polarity is correct. Red ∶ Positive ⊕ terminal
 - Black : Negative ⊖ terminal

Connecting the DC Power Supply



Battery connections







External antenna tuners

Linear amplifier connections





■ Connections for CW



Connections for RTTY

♦ Connections for RTTY (FSK)



♦ Connections for RTTY (AFSK)



Connections for SSTV or PSK31

♦ When connecting to the [ACC] socket



♦ When connecting to the [MIC] connector



♦ When connecting to the [USB] jack

Connect an USB cable (third party's) between the transceiver's USB jack and PC. (p. 9)

 Icom HP (http://www.icom.co.jp/world/support/index.html) gives the USB driver and the installation guide download service.

Before first applying power

Before first applying power, make sure all connections required for your system are complete by referring to Chapter 2.

After all connections have been done, set controls and switch as shown in the figure below.



Applying power (CPU resetting)

First applying power:

Reset the transceiver using the following procedure.

- Resetting **CLEARS** all programmed contents in memory channels and returns the quick set mode/set mode to default values.

- 1) Make sure the transceiver power is OFF.
- 2 While pushing and holding (F-INP ENT BAND) and (M-CL) push () to turn power ON.
 - The internal CPU is reset.
 - The transceiver displays its initial VFO frequencies when resetting is complete.
- 3 All quick set mode/set mode settings are returned to the default values. (p. 70)

Normal applying power:

Push (\mathbf{U}) to turn power ON, then check the display. If any of indicators appear, turn them OFF if necessary. (See the appropriate page for details).



Under co dark and normal a function. Under cooler temperatures, the LCD may appear dark and unstable after turning power ON. This is normal and does not indicate any equipment mal-

VFO

Change

Transfer

DIAL

BAND

21.295 MHz

M

VFO

5 7 9 20 40 60dB

100%

A

50

MODE

Transfer

MEMORY

CHANNEL

7.001 MHz

2

20

Select

11

1

USB

VFO description

VFO is an abbreviation of Variable Frequency Oscillator, and traditionally refers to an oscillator.

The IC-7200 VFO can store a frequency and an operating mode.

You can call up a desired frequency to the VFO with the keypad or the memory copy function (p. 63). You can also change the frequency with **[DIAL]** and select an operating mode with **MODE** or call up previously accessed frequency and modes with the band stacking register (p. 24).

The IC-7200 has two VFOs, specially suited for split frequency operation. The VFOs are called VFO A and VFO B. You can use the desired VFO to call up a frequency and operating mode for operation.

■ VFO operation

Selecting the VFO A/B



♦ VFO equalization

- ➡ Push and hold ^{A/B} for 1 sec. to set the undisplayed VFO frequency and mode to the displayed VFO frequency
 - 3 beeps sound when the VFO equalization is completed.

CONVENIENT

Use two VFOs as a quick memory

When you find a new station, but you wish to continue searching, the two VFO systems can be used for quick memory storage.

- (1) Push and hold $\begin{bmatrix} A/B \\ = \end{bmatrix}$ for 1 sec. to store the displayed frequency into the undisplayed VFO.
- 2 Continue searching for stations.
- (3) Push $\begin{bmatrix} A/B \\ = \end{bmatrix}$ to retrieve the stored frequency.
- ④ To continue searching for a station, push again.



Selecting VFO/memory mode

Push VM to toggle between VFO and memory modes.



♦ Differences between VFO mode and memory mode

VFO MODE

Each VFO shows a frequency and operating mode. If the frequency or operating mode is changed, the VFO automatically memorizes the new frequency or operating mode.

When the VFO is selected from another VFO or memory mode, the last used frequency and operating mode for that VFO appears.

MEMORY MODE (pgs. 61-64)

Each memory channel shows a frequency and operating mode like a VFO. Even if the frequency or mode is changed, the memory channel does not memorize the new frequency or operating mode.

When the memory channel is selected from another memory channel or VFO mode, the memorized frequency and operating mode appear even if the memory channel settings, frequency and mode, are changed before selecting another memory channel or VFO mode.



Selecting an operating band

The transceiver has a band stacking register. This function automatically memorizes the last operating frequency and mode used on a particular band. This is convenient for contest operation.

See the table below for a list of the bands available and the default settings for each register.



BAND	REGISTER	BAND	REGISTER
1.8 MHz	1.900000 MHz CW	21 MHz	21.200000 MHz USB
3.5 MHz	3.550000 MHz LSB	24 MHz	24.950000 MHz USB
7 MHz	7.050000 MHz LSB	28 MHz	28.500000 MHz USB
10 MHz	10.120000 MHz CW	50 MHz	50.100000 MHz USB
14 MHz	14.100000 MHz USB	General	15.000000 MHz USB
18 MHz	18.100000 MHz USB		

♦ Using the band stacking register



Frequency setting

The transceiver has several tuning methods for convenient frequency tuning.

Using the main dial



Direct frequency entry with keypad



Programmable tuning steps



1 Push TS to turn the programmable tuning function ON.



- ② Rotate [DIAL] to change the frequency in programmed kHz steps.
- ③ Push <u>Ts</u> again to turn the programmable tuning function OFF.
 "▼" disappears.
- ④ Rotate [DIAL] for normal tuning, if desired.

Selecting the programmable tuning step

Programmable tuning steps are available to suit your operating requirements.

These tuning steps are:

• Selectable from 0.1, 1, 5, 9 and 10 kHz



 Push **TS** to turn the programmable tuning function ON.



2 Push and hold <u>Ts</u> for 1 sec. to enter the tuning step set mode.



- ③ Rotate **[DIAL]** to select the desired tuning step from 0.1, 1, 5, 9 or 10 kHz.
- 4 Push **TS** to exit the tuning step set mode.
- (5) Rotate [DIAL] to change the frequency according to the set tuning step.
- 6 Push **TS** to turn the programmable tuning function OFF.
 - "▼" disappears.

♦ 1 Hz and 10 Hz tuning steps

When the programmable tuning step "**▼**" disappears, rotating **[DIAL]** changes the frequency in increments of 1 or 10 Hz.

NOTE: The frequency is changed in 50 Hz step when the [UP]/[DN] switches of the microphone are used for the frequency setting (when the programmable tuning step is not selected; " $\mathbf{\nabla}$ " disappears.)



- ➡ Push and hold TS for 1 sec. to toggle between the 1 Hz and 10 Hz step settings.
 - When the 1 Hz step is selected, the 1 Hz digit appears in the frequency indication; when the 10 Hz step is selected, the 1 Hz digit disappears from the frequency indication.
 - Rotating [**DIAL**] changes the frequency in 1 Hz or 10Hz tuning step.



♦ TS switch flow chart



♦ Auto tuning step function



♦ ¼ tuning function (SSB data/CW/RTTY only)

While operating in SSB data/CW/RTTY, the $\frac{1}{4}$ tuning function is available for critical tuning. Dial sensitivity is reduced to $\frac{1}{4}$ of normal when the $\frac{1}{4}$ function is in use.



Band edge warning beep

When selecting a frequency that lies outside of a band's specified frequency range, a warning beep sounds.

This function can be turned OFF in set mode, if desired.



- 1) Push and hold $\frac{M-CH/RIT}{SET}$ for 1 sec. twice to enter the set mode.
- 2 Rotate [M-CH] to select "DIAL 1/4."
- ③ Rotate [DIAL] to select the ¼ tuning function ON and OFF.
 - Push and hold M-CL for 1 sec. to select a default condition or value.

When "OFF" is selected (default)

- ④ Push M-CH/RIT set to exit the set mode and return to normal operation.
- **NOTE:** This function is only available when the programmable tuning step is OFF (p. 26).
- 1 Push and hold $\frac{M-CH/RIT}{SET}$ for 1 sec. twice to enter the set mode.
- 2 Rotate [M-CH] to select "BAND BEP."
- ③ Rotate [DIAL] to select the band edge warning beep function ON and OFF.
 - Push and hold M-CL for 1 sec. to select a default condition or value.



When "ON" is selected (default)

④ Push ^{M-CH/RIT} set normal operation.

Volume setting

Rotate the **[AF]** control clockwise to increase; counterclockwise to decrease the audio output level. • Set a suitable audio level.



Operating mode selection

The following modes are available in the IC-7200: SSB (USB/LSB), SSB data (USB data/LSB data), CW, CW-R (CW Reverse), RTTY, RTTY-R (RTTY Reverse), AM and AM data modes.



- ➡ Push MODE one or more times to select desired operation mode.
- ➡ Push and hold MODE for 1 sec. to toggle between USB and LSB. (SSB mode only)
- ➡ Push and hold MODE for 1 sec. to toggle between CW and CW Reverse or RTTY and RTTY Reverse. (CW and RTTY mode only)
- SSB data (USB data/LSB data) or AM data mode can be selected in the quick set mode. (p. 71)
 The selected mode is indicated in the function display.

NOTE: If a desired operating mode cannot be selected, it may be disabled in the set mode. (p. 81)

Dial lock function

The dial lock function prevents accidental changes caused by **[DIAL]**.



Push and hold
 Push and hold
 Post for 1 sec. to turn the dial lock function ON and OFF.
 "-O" appears while the dial lock function is activated.

• "**++O**" appears while the dial lock function is activated. Appears

USB M 0 1 VFO

RF gain and Squelch

The **[RF/SQL]** control adjusts the RF gain and squelch threshold level. The squelch stops noise output from the speaker (closed position) when no signal is received.

- The 12 o'clock position is recommended for any setting of the **[RF/SQL]** control.
- The **[RF/SQL]** control can be set as the RF gain control only (squelch is fixed open) or squelch control (RF gain is fixed at maximum) in the set mode (p. 75). See the table as below.

MODE	SET MODE SETTING		
MODE	AUTO	SQL	RF + SQL
SSB, CW	BE GAIN	SQL	RF GAIN + SQL
RTTY		SQL	HF GAIN + SQL
AM	SQL	SQL	RF GAIN + SQL

O Adjusting RF gain (Receive sensitivity)

Normally, the **[RF/SQL]** control is set to the 12 o'clock position.

Rotate the **[RF/SQL]** control to the 11 o'clock position for maximum sensitivity.

- Rotate the **[RF/SQL]** control clockwise to increase, counterclockwise to decrease the receiver sensitivity.
- The S-meter indicates receive sensitivity.

O Adjusting squelch (Removing non-signal noise) Rotate the [RF/SQL] control to the 1 o'clock position to invoke the S-meter squelch— this allows you to set the minimum signal level needed to open the squelch.

• A segment appears in the S-meter to indicate the S-meter squelch level.



Meter function

The transceiver has 3 transmit meter functions for your convenience. Select the desired meter from RF power (Po), ALC and SWR.



- Push and hold ANF METER for 1 sec. to toggle between RF power (Po), SWR and ALC.
 - The display indication changes as the following table.

DISPLAY INDICATION	MEASUREMENT	
Po	Indicates the relative RF output power.	
SWR	Indicates the SWR on the transmission line.	
ALC	Indicates the ALC level. When the meter movement shows the input signal level exceeds the allowable level, the ALC lim- its the RF power. In such cases, reduce the MIC gain setting (see p. 31) in the quick set mode.	

Basic transmit operation

Before transmitting, monitor your selected operating frequency to make sure transmitting won't cause interference to other stations on the same frequency.

♦ Transmitting

- ① Push [PTT] (microphone) to transmit.
- "**TX**" appears.
- ② Release [PTT] (microphone) to return to receive.
 " TX" disappears.

It's good Amateur practice to listen first. On the HF bands, even if nothing is heard, ask "is the frequency in use" once or twice, before you begin operating on that frequency.

Appears while transmitting		
	M	
	VFO A	1

♦ Output power and Microphone gain settings

If a linear amplifier is connected such as the IC-PW1/EURO, set the output power using the ALC meter (see at "Microphone gain setting" as below) to the ALC zone (ALC meter reading should be within this zone), otherwise the linear amplifier will not work properly.	
 O Output power setting 1 Push and hold <u>M-CH/RIT</u> for 1 sec. to enter the quick set mode. 2 Rotate [M-CH] to select "RF POWER." 3 Rotate [DIAL] to select the desired output setting. • Output power is displayed in 101 steps (Low, 1–100.) 4 Push <u>M-CH/RIT</u> to exit the quick set mode and return to normal operation. • Available power SSB/CW/RTTY: 2–100 W AM : 1–25 W* (*Carrier power) 	USB M USB M US
 Microphone gain setting Microphone gain must be adjusted properly so that your signal does not distort when transmitted. Select SSB or AM mode. Push and hold ANF METER for 1 sec. several times to 	
 (2) Fush and hold (METER) for 1 sec. several times to select the ALC meter. (3) Push and hold (M-CH/RIT) for 1 sec. to enter the quick set mode. (4) Rotate [M-CH] to select "MIC GAIN." (5) Push [PTT] (microphone) to transmit. • Speak into the microphone at your normal voice level. (6) While speaking into the microphone, rotate [DIAL] so that the ALC meter reading does not go outside the ALC zone. • Microphone gain is adjusted in 1% steps (0% to 100%). (7) Release [PTT] (microphone) to return to receive. (8) Push (M-CH/RIT) to exit the quick set mode and return to normal operation. 	When "50" is selected (default)
■ Voice synthesizer function

The IC-7200 has a voice synthesizer. This function announces the S-meter level, operating frequency and mode (S-meter level's announcement can be deactivated—p. 77) in a clear, electronically generated voice, in English (or Japanese).



- (1) Select the desired parameters to be announced, such as Audio level, speed, language, contents, in the set mode. (p. 77)
- (2) Push $\begin{pmatrix} \text{SPCH} \\ \textbf{ro} \end{pmatrix}$ to announce the selected contents.
 - Push again to stop the announcement.

4 RECEIVE AND TRANSMIT

Operating SSB

- Push and hold F-INP ENT BAND for 1 sec., then push a band key to select the desired band.
- 2 Push MODE to select SSB mode.
 - After SSB mode is selected, push and hold MODE for 1 sec. to toggle between LSB and USB modes.
 - Below 10 MHz LSB is automatically selected; above 10 MHz USB is automatically selected.
- ③ Rotate [DIAL] to tune in a desired signal.
- The S-meter indicates received signal strength when a signal is received.
- ④ Rotate the [AF] control to set audio to a comfortable listening level.
- 9 Push [PTT] (microphone) to transmit.
 "TX" appears.
- ⑥ Speak into the microphone at your normal voice level.
 - Adjust 'MIC Gain' at this step, if necessary. (p. 71)
- ⑦ Release [PTT] (microphone) to return to receive.

Convenient functions for receive

• Preamp and attenuator (p. 45)

- Push Push to turn the preamp ON or OFF.
 "(PAMP)" appears when the preamp is set to ON.
- ➡ Push and hold PAMP for 1 sec. to turn the attenuator ON.
 - Push (PAMP ATT) to turn the attenuator OFF.
 - "ATT " appears when the attenuator is set to ON.
- Twin PBT (passband tuning) (p. 46)
- ➡ Rotate [TWIN PBT] (controls-inner/outer).

• AGC (auto gain control) (p. 45)

- Push AGC once or twice to select the time constant for the AGC circuit fast and slow.
- "F.AGC" appears when the fast time constant is selected, and no indicator appears when the slow time constant is selected, respectively.
- Push and hold AGC for 1 sec. to turn the AGC function OFF.
 - "AGC-OFF" appears on the display.

• Noise blanker (p. 49)

- Push NB to turn the noise blanker ON or OFF.
 "(NB)" appears when the noise blanker is set to ON.
- ➡ Push and hold NB for 1 sec. to enter the noise blanker set mode, then rotate [DIAL] to adjust the threshold level, or the blank time.
 - \bullet Rotate $[\mbox{M-CH}]$ to select an item.





Appears while transmitting.

• Noise reduction (p. 50)

- Push (NR) to turn the noise reduction ON or OFF.
 "(NR)" appears when the noise reduction is ON.
- ➡ Push and hold NR for 1 sec. to enter the noise reduction level set mode, then rotate [DIAL] to adjust the noise reduction level.

• Manual notch filter (pgs. 51, 52)

- Push MNF to turn the manual notch filter ON or OFF.
 - "MNF" appears when the manual notch filter is set to ON.
- ➡ Push and hold MNF for 1 sec. to enter the manual notch filter set mode, then rotate [DIAL] to select the filter width from narrow, middle and wide.
- Auto notch filter (p. 51)
- ➡ Push ANF METER to turn the auto notch filter ON or OFF.
 - "**ANF**" appears when the auto notch filter is set to ON.

Convenient functions for transmit

• VOX (voice operated transmit) (p. 53)

- Push vox to turn the VOX function ON or OFF.
 "Vox" appears when the VOX function is ON.
- Push and hold vox for 1 sec. to enter the VOX set mode, then rotate [DIAL] to adjust the VOX gain, anti VOX gain or VOX delay.
 Botate [M-CH] to select an item
 - Rotate [M-CH] to select an item.

• Speech compressor (p. 57)

- ➡ Push <u>COMP</u> to turn the speech compressor ON or OFF.
- "COMP" appears when the speech compressor is ON. → Push and hold COMP for 1 sec. to enter the com
 - pression level set mode, then rotate **[DIAL]** to adjust the compression level.

♦ About 5 MHz band operation (USA version only)

Operation on the 5 MHz band is allowed on 5 discrete frequencies and must adhere to the following: • USB mode

- Maximum of 50 watts ERP (Effective Radiated Power)
- 2.8 kHz bandwidth

It is the operator's responsibility to set all controls so that the transmission in this band meets the stringent conditions under which we may use these frequencies.

NOTE: We recommend that you store these frequencies, mode and filter settings into the memory channel for easy recall.

IC-7200	FCC Channel		
Display Frequency*	Center Frequency*		
5.33050 MHz	5.33200 MHz		
5.34650 MHz	5.34800 MHz		
5.36650 MHz	5.36800 MHz		
5.37150 MHz	5.37300 MHz		
5.40350 MHz	5.40500 MHz		

*The channel center frequencies that are specified by the FCC, show the center frequency of their passband. However, the IC-7200 displays carrier point frequency, so set 1.5 kHz below from FCC channel center frequency.

To assist you in operating the 5 MHz band correctly within the rules specified by the FCC, transmission is impossible on any 5 MHz band frequency other than the 5 frequencies indicated in the table above.

Operating CW

- Connect a paddle, straight key or external electronic keyer as on page 18.
- Push and hold F-INP ENT BAND for 1 sec., then push a band key to select the desired band.
- 3 Push MODE to select CW mode.
 - After CW mode is selected, push and hold MODE for 1 sec. to toggle between CW and CW-R modes.
- ④ Rotate [**DIAL**] to tune in a desired signal with the desired tone frequency.
 - The S-meter indicates received signal strength when signal is received.
- (5) Rotate the **[AF]** control to set audio to a comfortable listening level.
- (6) Set CW break-in operation and the CW delay time in the set mode. (p. 79)
- Push and hold $\frac{M-CH/RIT}{SET}$ for 1 sec. twice to enter the set mode.
- Protate [M-CH] to select "BK-IN" to set the CW break-in operation.
- ③ Rotate [DIAL] to select the CW break-in operation from full break-in, semi break-in or OFF.
 - FL : full break-in
 SE : semi break-in
 - OF : break-in OFF
 - Potato [M-CH] to
- A Rotate [M-CH] to select "BK-DELAY" to select the CW delay time when semi break-in operation is selected in step 3.
- **5** Rotate **[DIAL]** to set the desired delay time.
- Continue to set the keyer settings in the set mode, if necessary. (p. 80)
- Push M-CH/RIT to exit the set mode and return to normal operation.
- Keying to transmit, use the paddle, straight key or external electronic keyer to send your CW signals.
 "TX" appears.
 - The Po meter indicates the transmit power strength.
- (8) Stop keying to return to receive.





(P.AMP

BLANK



(вк)

Convenient functions for receive

• Preamp and attenuator (p. 45)

- ← Push (PAMP) to turn the preamp ON or OFF. • "PAMP" appears when the preamp is set to ON.
- ► Push and hold (PAMP) for 1 sec. to turn the attenuator ON.
 - Push (P.AMP) to turn the attenuator OFF.
 - "ATT" appears when the attenuator is set to ON.

• Twin PBT (passband tuning) (p. 46)

➡ Rotate [TWIN PBT] (controls–inner/outer).

• AGC (auto gain control) (p. 45)

- ➡ Push [AGC] once or twice to select the time constant for the AGC circuit fast and slow.
 - "F.AGC" appears when the fast time constant is selected, and no indicator appears when the slow time constant is selected, respectively.
- ► Push and hold (AGC) for 1 sec. to turn the AGC function OFF.
 - "AGC-OFF" appears on the display.

• Noise blanker (p. 49)

- ➡ Push (NB) to turn the noise blanker ON or OFF. • "NB" appears when the noise blanker is set to ON.
- ► Push and hold (NB) for 1 sec. to enter the noise blanker set mode, then rotate [DIAL] to adjust the threshold level, or the blank time. • Rotate [M-CH] to select an item.

• Noise reduction (p. 50)

- \rightarrow Push (NR) to turn the noise reduction ON or OFF.
- "NR" appears when the noise reduction is ON.
- ➡ Push and hold [NR] for 1 sec. to enter the noise reduction level set mode, then rotate [DIAL] to adjust the noise reduction level.

Convenient functions for transmit

• Break-in function (p. 55)

- (1) Push and hold $\left(\overset{\text{W-CH/RIT}}{\text{SET}} \right)$ for 1 sec. twice to enter the set mode.
- Rotate [M-CH] to select "BK-IN".
- 3 Rotate [DIAL] to select the CW break-in operation from full break-in, semi break-in or OFF.
 - FL : Full break-in
 - SE : Semi break-in
 - OF : Break-in OFF
- (4) Push $\frac{M-CH/RIT}{SET}$ to exit the set mode and return to normal operation.

- Manual notch filter (pgs. 51, 52)
- ► Push (MNF) to turn the manual notch filter ON or OFF.
- "MNF" appears when the manual notch filter is set to ON.
- ➡ Push and hold (MNF) for 1 sec. to enter the manual notch filter set mode, then rotate [DIAL] to select the filter width from narrow, middle and wide.

• 1/4 function (p. 78)

- 1) Push and hold (M-CH/RIT) for 1 sec. twice to enter the set mode.
- 2 Rotate [M-CH] to select "DIAL 1/4".
- ③ Rotate [DIAL] to turn the ¼ function ON or OFF.
- 4 Push M-CH/RIT set to exit the set mode and return to normal operation.

• CW pitch control (p. 37)

- (1) Push and hold (M-CH/RIT) for 1 sec. to enter the quick set mode.
- 2 Rotate [M-CH] to select "CW PITCH".
- 3 Rotate [DIAL] to set the desired CW pitch from 300 to 900 Hz in 10 Hz steps.
- 4 Push (M-CH/RIT) to exit the quick set mode and return to normal operation.

• Keying speed setting (p. 38)

- 1) Push and hold (M-CH/RIT) for 1 sec. to enter the quick set mode.
- 2 Rotate [M-CH] to select "KEY SPD".
- 3 Rotate [DIAL] to adjust the CW key speed from 6 to 60 wpm.
- 4 Push (M-CH/RIT) to exit the quick set mode and return to normal operation.

♦ CW reverse mode



CW pitch control

The received CW audio pitch and monitored CW audio pitch can be adjusted to suit your preferences (300 to 900 Hz) without changing the operating frequency.

- (1) When CW (CW-R) mode is selected, push and hold M-CH/RIT for 1 sec. to enter the quick set mode.
- ② Rotate [M-CH] to select "CW PITCH", then rotate [DIAL] to set the desired pitch.
 - CW pitch is adjusted in 10 Hz steps (300 to 900 Hz).
- ③ Push M-CH/RIT to exit the quick set mode and return to normal operation.



♦ CW side tone function

When the transceiver is in receive (and the break-in function is OFF— pgs. 55, 56) you can listen to the tone of your CW signal without actually transmitting.

This allows you to spot your transmit signal exactly compared to another station's. This also convenient for CW practice.

- (1) When CW (CW-R) mode is selected, push and hold M-CH/RIT SET for 1 sec. to enter the quick set mode.
- ② Rotate [M-CH] to select "SIDE LVL", then rotate [DIAL] to adjust the side tone level.
 - Side tone level is adjusted in 1% steps (0% to 100%).
- ③ Push ^{M-CH/RIT}_{SET} to exit the quick set mode and return to normal operation.



Keying speed setting

The transceiver's internal electronic keyer speed can be adjusted from 6 to 60 wpm.

- When CW (CW-R) mode is selected, push and hold
 M-CH/RIT SET
 for 1 sec. to enter the quick set mode.
- ② Rotate [M-CH] to select "KEY SPD", then rotate [DIAL] to adjust the keying speed.
- ③ Push M-CH/RIT to exit the quick set mode and return to normal operation.



Operating RTTY (FSK)

When using your RTTY terminal or TNC, consult the manual that comes with the RTTY terminal or TNC.

- Push and hold F-INP ENT BAND for 1 sec., then push a band key to select the desired band.
- 2 Push MODE to select RTTY mode.
 - After RTTY mode is selected, push and hold MODE for 1 sec. to toggle between RTTY and RTTY-R modes.
- ③ Rotate [**DIAL**] to tune in a desired signal.
 - The S-meter indicates received signal strength when signal is received.
 - If the received signal cannot be demodulated, try selecting RTTY-R mode (or RTTY mode).
- ④ Transmit a SEND signal from your TNC.
 - "TX " appears.
 - The Po meter indicates the transmitted RTTY signal strength.
- (5) Use the connected PC or TNC (TU) to transmit RTTY (FSK) signals.

Convenient functions for receive

• Preamp and attenuator (p. 45)

- Push Push Preamp to turn the preamp ON or OFF.
 "PAMP" appears when the preamp is set to ON.
- ➡ Push and hold PAMP ATT for 1 sec. to turn the attenuator ON.
 - Push (PAMP) to turn the attenuator OFF.
 - "ATT)" appears when the attenuator is set to ON.
- Twin PBT (passband tuning) (p. 46)
- → Rotate [TWIN PBT] (controls-inner/outer).

• AGC (auto gain control) (p. 45)

- ➡ Push AGC once or twice to select the time constant for the AGC circuit fast and slow.
 - "F.AGC" appears when the fast time constant is selected, and no indicator appears when the slow time constant is selected, respectively.
- Push and hold <u>AGC</u> for 1 sec. to turn the AGC function OFF.
 - "AGC-OFF" appears on the display.

• Noise blanker (p. 49)

- Push (NB) to turn the noise blanker ON or OFF.
 "(NB)" appears when the noise blanker is set to ON.
- Push and hold NB for 1 sec. to enter the noise blanker set mode, then rotate [DIAL] to adjust the threshold level, or the blank time.
 Rotate [M-CH] to select an item.



Appears while transmitting.





Noise reduction (p. 50)

- Push (NR) to turn the noise reduction ON or OFF.
 "(NR)" appears when the noise reduction is ON.
- ➡ Push and hold NR for 1 sec. to enter the noise reduction level set mode, then rotate [DIAL] to adjust the noise reduction level.

• Manual notch filter (pgs. 51, 52)

- Push MNF to turn the manual notch filter ON or OFF.
 - "MNF" appears when the manual notch filter is set to ON.
- ➡ Push and hold (MNF) for 1 sec. to enter the manual notch filter set mode, then rotate [DIAL] to select the filter width from narrow, middle and wide.

• ¼ function (p. 78)

- 1) Push and hold $\frac{M-CH/RIT}{SET}$ for 1 sec. twice to enter the set mode.
- 2 Rotate [M-CH] to select "DIAL 1/4".
- 3 Rotate [DIAL] to turn the 1/4 function ON or OFF.
- ④ Push M-CH/RIT set mode and return to normal operation.

RTTY reverse mode

Received characters are occasionally garbled when the receive signal is reversed between MARK and SPACE. This reversal can be caused by incorrect TNC connections, settings, commands, etc.

To receive a reversed RTTY signal correctly, select RTTY-R (RTTY reverse) mode.

1 Push MODE to select RTTY mode.

② After RTTY mode is selected, push and hold MODE for 1 sec. to toggle between RTTY and RTTY-R modes.



Twin peak filter

The twin peak filter changes the receive frequency response by boosting two particular frequencies (2125 and 2295 Hz) for better copying of desired RTTY signals.

- 1) Push MODE to select RTTY mode.
- After RTTY mode is selected, push and hold MODE for 1 sec. to toggle between RTTY and RTTY-R modes.
- 2 Push and hold <u>M-CH/RIT</u> for 1 sec. to enter the quick set mode.
- ③ Rotate [M-CH] to select "TPF", then rotate [DIAL] to select the twin peak filter function ON or OFF.
 - The received audio volume may become greater when the twin peak filter is turned ON.
- ④ Push (M-CH/RIT) set to exit the quick set mode and return to normal operation.



RTTY decode set mode

Set the RTTY key polarity, shift width and mark tone.
1 When RTTY (RTTY-R) mode is selected, push and hold M-CH/RIT for 1 sec. to enter the quick set mode.
2 Rotate [M-CH] to select the desired set item.
3 Rotate [DIAL] to adjust the desired value or condition.
Push and hold M-CL for 1 sec. to return to the default value.
4 Push M-CH/RIT ser to exit the quick set mode and return to normal operation.

RTTY mark tone

(RTTY mode)

This item selects the RTTY mark frequency. RTTY mark frequency is switched between 1275, 1615 and 2125 Hz.



RTTY shift width

(RTTY mode)

This item adjusts the RTTY shift width. There are 4 selectable values: 170, 200, 425 and 850 Hz.





VFO

Operating AM

- 1) Push and hold (F-INP ENT BAND for 1 sec., then push a band key to select the desired band.
- 2 Push MODE to select AM mode.
- 3 Rotate [DIAL] to tune in a desired signal.
 - The S-meter indicates received signal strength when a signal is received.
 - The default tuning step for AM mode is 1 kHz; this can be changed using the tuning step program mode. (p. 26)
- ④ Rotate the [AF] control to set audio to a comfortable listening level.
- 5 Push [PTT] (microphone) to transmit.
- "**TX**" appears.
- 6 Speak into the microphone at your normal voice level.
- Adjust 'MIC Gain' at this step, if necessary. (p. 71)
- Release [PTT] (microphone) to return to receive.

Convenient functions for receive

• Preamp and attenuator (p. 45)

- ← Push PAMP to turn the preamp ON or OFF.
 - "P.AMP)" appears when the preamp is set to ON.
- ► Push and hold PAMP for 1 sec. to turn the attenuator ON.
 - Push P.AMP to turn the attenuator OFF.
 - "ATT]" appears when the attenuator is set to ON.

• AGC (auto gain control) (p. 45)

- → Push (AGC) once or twice to select the time constant for the AGC circuit fast and slow.
 - "F.AGC" appears when the fast time constant is selected, and no indicator appears when the slow time constant is selected, respectively.
- ► Push and hold (AGC) for 1 sec. to turn the AGC function OFF.
 - "AGC-OFF" appears on the display.

• Noise blanker (p. 49)

- → Push [NB] to turn the noise blanker ON or OFF. • "NB" appears when the noise blanker is set to ON.
- ► Push and hold (NB) for 1 sec. to enter the noise blanker set mode, then rotate [DIAL] to adjust the threshold level, or the blank time.
 - Rotate [M-CH] to select an item.

Convenient functions for transmit

VOX (voice operated transmit) (p. 53)

- ➡ Push (vox) to turn the VOX function ON or OFF. • "VOX " appears when the VOX function is ON.
- \rightarrow Push and hold (vox) for 1 sec. to enter the VOX set mode, then rotate [DIAL] to adjust the VOX gain, anti VOX gain or VOX delay. • Rotate [M-CH] to select an item.



<u>]|_||_|</u>] Appears while transmitting.

• Twin PBT (passband tuning) (p. 46)

Rotate [TWIN PBT] (controls-inner/outer).

-11

• Noise reduction (p. 50)

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- ➡ Push [NB] to turn the noise reduction ON or OFF. • "NR" appears when the noise reduction is ON.
- ► Push and hold (NR) for 1 sec. to enter the noise reduction level set mode, then rotate [DIAL] to adjust the noise reduction level.

• Manual notch filter (pgs. 51, 52)

- ➡ Push (MNF) to turn the manual notch filter ON or OFF.
 - "(MNF)" appears when the manual notch filter is set to ON.
- ➡ Push and hold (MNF) for 1 sec. to enter the manual notch filter set mode, then rotate [DIAL] to select the filter width from narrow, middle and wide.
- Auto notch filter (p. 51)
- ► Push (ANF (METER) to turn the auto notch filter ON or OFF.
 - "ANF" appears when the auto notch filter is set to ON.

Data mode (SSTV/PSK31) operation

When operating SSTV or PSK31 with your PC software, consult the manual that is supplied with the software.

- ① Connect a PC to the transceiver. (p. 20)
- 2 Push and hold $\frac{\text{F-INP ENT}}{\text{BAND}}$ for 1 sec., then push a band key to select the desired band.
- 3 Push MODE to select SSB or AM mode.
- \bullet After $\overrightarrow{\text{SSB}}$ mode is selected, push and hold $\overrightarrow{\text{MODE}}$ for 1 sec. to toggle between USB and LSB modes.
- 4 Turn data mode ON in the quick set mode.
- Push and hold ^{M-CH/RIT} for 1 sec. to enter the quick set mode.
- 2 Rotate [M-CH] to select "DATA" to set the data mode.
- **3** Rotate [**DIAL**] to select the data mode ON or OFF.
 - "D" appears when the data mode is turned ON.
- Push (M-CH/RIT) to exit the quick set mode and return to normal operation.
- (5) Rotate [DIAL] to tune in a desired signal and decoded correctly.
 - The S-meter indicates received signal strength when a signal is received.
 - Also use the tuning indicator of the software.
 - During SSB data mode, ¼ tuning function can be used for critical tuning.
- 6 Use the PC (software) to transmit.
 - When operating in SSB data mode, adjust the AF output level from PC so that the ALC meter reading doesn't go outside the ALC zone.

- **NOTE:** When the data mode is selected, the audio input from the **[ACC]** connector* is used for transmission instead of **[MIC]** connector. The speech compressor function is turned OFF for the SSB data mode transmission. * The desired connector can be selected in the set mode. (p. 77)



FUNCTIONS FOR RECEIVE

RIT function

The RIT (Receive Incremental Tuning) function compensates for stations transmitting off-frequency or when you prefer to listen to slightly different-sounding voice characteristics, etc.

The function shifts the receive frequency up to ±9.999 kHz in 1 Hz steps (10 Hz steps when cancelling the 1 Hz step readout) without moving the transmit frequency.

(1) Push [RIT] to turn the RIT function ON.

- "RIT" and the shift frequency are indicated.
- The shift frequency is indicated for approx. 1 sec., then returns to the operating frequency.
- The RIT control indicator lights orange.
- If the RIT control indicator does not light, push (M-CH/RIT). (See below for details)
- 2 Rotate the [M-CH] control to compensate for offfrequency stations.
 - The transmit frequency is not shifted.
 - The shift frequency is indicated for about 1 sec. when rotating the [M-CH] control.
- 3 To cancel the RIT function, push (RIT) again. • "RIT" disappears.
 - The RIT control indicator goes out.

- The [M-CH] control selects the memory channel
- and also shifts the RIT frequency. Pushing
- About the [M-CH] control: The [M-CH] control selects the memory char and also shifts the RIT frequency. Push M-CH/RIT toggles the [M-CH] control as M-selector or RIT controller. RIT controller: RIT control indicator lights orang M-CH selector: RIT control indicator goes out. (M-CH/RIT) toggles the [M-CH] control as M-CH
- RIT controller: RIT control indicator lights orange.

• RIT monitor function

When the XFC (transmit frequency check function) is ON (p. 76), pushing and holding **RIT** allows you to monitor the operating frequency directly (RIT is temporarily cancelled).



Calculate function

The shift frequency of the RIT function can be added/subtracted to the displayed frequency.

When the RIT function is ON, push and hold (RIT)* for 1 sec.

- The RIT frequency is automatically reset.
- * Available only when the XFC (transmit frequency check function) is turned OFF. (p. 76)

Preamp and attenuator

The preamp amplifies received signals in the receiver input (front end) circuit to improve the S/N ratio and sensitivity. Turn this function ON when receiving weak signals.

The attenuator prevents very strong signals near the desired frequency, such as nearby broadcast stations or very strong amateur signals, from causing distortion of a desired signal.

- ➡ Push Push Matrix momentarily to turn the preamp ON and OFF; push and hold for 1 sec. to turn the attenuator ON.
 - "P.AMP" appears when the preamp is ON; "ATT" appears when the 20 dB attenuator is ON.
 - Only one of these functions can be activated at a time.



■ AGC function

The AGC (auto gain control) controls receiver gain to produce a constant audio output level even when the received signal strength is varied by fading, etc.

♦ AGC time constant selection

- (1) Push (MODE) once or twice to select the desired mode.
- ② Push AGC once or twice to select AGC fast or AGC slow.
 - "F.AGC" appears for AGC fast; no indicator for AGC slow is selected, respectively.
- ③ Push and hold AGC for 1 sec. to turn the AGC OFF.
 - "AGC-OFF" appears for AGC OFF.



■ Twin PBT operation

The general PBT (Passband Tuning) function electronically narrows the IF passband width by shifting the IF frequency slightly outside of the IF filter passband to reject interference. This transceiver uses the DSP circuit for the PBT function.

By rotating both **[TWIN PBT]** controls (inner/outer; PBT1 and PBT2) with the same position, PBT functions as an IF shift control.

The limit of the variable range depends on the passband width and mode. The limit of the variable range is half of the passband width, and PBT is adjustable in 200 Hz (AM) or 50 Hz (other models) steps.



- The **[TWIN PBT]** controls should normally be set to the center positions (PBT setting is cleared) when there is no interference.
 - •When PBT is used, the audio tone may be changed.
- While rotating the [TWIN PBT] controls, noise may occur. This comes from the DSP unit and
- does not indicate an equipment malfunction.



■ IF filter selection

The transceiver has 3 passband IF filter widths for each mode.

For SSB and CW modes, the passband width can be set from 50 to 3600 Hz in 50 or 100 Hz steps. A total of 41 passband widths are available.

For RTTY mode, the passband width can be set from 50 to 2700 Hz in 50 or 100 Hz steps. A total of 32 passband widths are available. For AM mode, the passband width can be set from 200 to 8000 Hz in 200 Hz steps. A total of 40 passband widths are available.

The filter selection is automatically memorized in each mode.

♦ IF filter selection

- ① Push MODE several times to select the desired mode.
- ② Push (FILTER) several times to select the IF filter from Wide, Middle or Narrow.
 - The selected IF filter indicator ("W", "M" or "N") appears in the LCD.



Filter passband width setting

- 1 Push MODE several times to select the desired mode.
- 2 Push and hold FILTER for 1 sec. to enter filter set mode.
- 3 Rotate [M-CH] to select "FIL."
- 4 Push FILTER several times to select the desired IF filter.
- 5 Rotate [**DIAL**] to set the desired passband width. • The passband width can be set within the range as shown in the table at right below.
 - Push and hold $\overline{[M-CL]}$ for 1 sec. to return to the default value.
- 6 Repeat steps 4 and 5 if desired.
- 7) Push and hold FILTER for 1 sec. to exit the filter set mode.

- When the IF passband width is set to minimum by the **[TWIN PBT]** controls (when one control is max. counterclockwise, and the other one is max. clockwise; p. 46), a sound may not come from the speaker depending on the IF filter passband width setting. This is not a transceiver's malfunction.



Mode	Filter	Default	Range (Steps)	
SSB	Wide	3000 Hz		
	Middle	2400 Hz	50–500 Hz (50 Hz)/ 600–3600 Hz (100 Hz)	
	Narrow	1800 Hz		
SSB Data/ CW	Wide	1200 Hz	50–500 Hz (50 Hz)/ 600–3600 Hz (100 Hz)	
	Middle	500 Hz		
	Narrow	250 Hz		
RTTY	Wide	2400 Hz	50–500 Hz (50 Hz)/ 600–2700 Hz (100 Hz)	
	Middle	500 Hz		
	Narrow	250 Hz		
AM/ AM Data	Wide	8000 Hz	200–8000 Hz (200 Hz)	
	Middle	6000 Hz		
	Narrow	3000 Hz		

♦ IF filter shape (SSB/CW only)

The type of DSP filter shape for SSB and CW can be selected independently from soft and sharp.

- 1) Push (MODE) several times to select SSB or CW mode.
- 2 Push and hold FILTER for 1 sec. to enter filter set mode.
- 3 Rotate [M-CH] to select "SHAPE."
- (4) Push FILTER several times to select the desired IF filter from Wide, Middle or Narrow.
- 5 Rotate [DIAL] to select the desired filter shape, either soft or sharp
- Push and hold M-cL for 1 sec. to return to the default value.
- 6 Push and hold [FILTER] for 1 sec. to exit the filter set mode.



Noise blanker

The noise blanker eliminates pulse-type noise such as from car ignition systems.

Push NB to turn the noise blanker ON or OFF.
 "NB" appears when the NB function is ON.

When using the noise blanker, received signals may be distorted if they are excessively strong or the noise type is other than impulse. Nearby strong signals can also cause the noise blanker to create distortion. Turn the noise blanker function OFF, or adjust the noise blanker level to a shallower setting (see below) in this case.



Noise blanker settings

- 1 Push and hold NB for 1 sec. to enter the noise blanker set mode.
- The noise blanker is turned ON and "NB" appears.
- 2 Rotate [M-CH] to select the desired set item.
- ③ Rotate [DIAL] to adjust the desired condition.
 - Push and hold M-CL for 1 sec. to return to the default value.
- 4 Push (NB) to exit the noise blanker set mode.
- (5) Push NB to turn the noise blanker OFF if necessary.
 - "NB" disappears.

NB LEVEL

This item adjusts the noise blanker level. The noise blanker attenuation level can be adjusted from 0% to 100%.





NB WIDTH

This item allows adjustment of the blank time for noise blanker to match the pulse width. The noise blanker width can be adjusted from 1% to 100%.



Noise reduction

The noise reduction enhances desired signals in the presence of noise by using the DSP circuit to remove random noise. The amount of enhancement is adjustable.

Push NR to turn the noise reduction ON or OFF.
 "NR" appears when the NR function is ON.

The noise reduction level can result in audio signal masking. Set the noise reduction level for maximum readability as described below.



Noise reduction level setting

- ① Push and hold NR for 1 sec. to enter the noise reduction level set mode.
- The noise reduction is turned ON and "NB" appears.
- 2 Rotate [DIAL] to adjust the noise reduction level.
 - The noise reduction level can be adjusted from 0 to 15.
 - Push and hold $(\underline{M-CL})$ for 1 sec. to return to the default value.
- (3) Push (NR) to exit the noise reduction set mode.
- ④ Push <u>NR</u> to turn the noise reduction OFF if necessary.
 - "NR" disappears.



Notch function

This transceiver has auto and manual notch functions.

The auto notch function automatically attenuates beat tones, tuning signals, changing frequency, etc., even if they are moving.

The manual notch can be set to attenuate a frequency via the **[MNF]** control.

- ➡ Push ^{ANF}_{METER} to turn the auto notch function ON or OFF.
 - "(ANF)" appears when the auto notch function is ON.
 - The auto notch function is available while in SSB or AM mode.
- ➡ Push (MNF) to turn the manual notch function ON or OFF.
 - "MNF" appears when the manual notch function is ON.
 - While in SSB or AM mode, either the auto or manual notch function can be turned ON. These functions are selected by pushing $\left(\begin{smallmatrix} ANF \\ METER \end{smallmatrix} \right)$ or $\left(\begin{smallmatrix} ANF \\ METER \end{smallmatrix} \right)$.
 - Manual notch filter setting is described on the next page.

Auto notch function



♦ Manual notch function

- ➡ Push MNF to turn the manual notch function ON or OFF.
 - "MNF" appears when the manual notch function is ON.
 - Set to attenuate a frequency for manual notch via the [MNF] control.
 - Set the frequency for manual notch filtering via the manual notch filter set mode. (described on the next page)



Manual notch filter setting

- 1) Push and hold MNF for 1 sec. to enter the manual notch filter set mode.
 - The manual notch function is turned ON and "(MNF)" appears.
- ② Rotate [DIAL] to select the filter width from narrow, middle and wide.
 - Push and hold $\fbox{M-CL}$ for 1 sec. to return to the default value.
- ③ Push MNF to exit the manual notch filter set mode.
- ④ Push MNF to turn the manual notch function OFF if necessary.
 - "(MNF)" disappears.



While adjusting the manual notch filter, noise may be heard. This comes from the DSP unit and does not indicate an equipment malfunction.

6 FUNCTIONS FOR TRANSMIT

VOX function

The VOX (Voice-Operated Transmission) function uses your voice to switch between transmit and receive. This function provides an opportunity for hands-free operation or to input log entries into your computer, etc., while operating.

- ① Push MODE to select a phone mode (SSB or AM).
 - When SSB mode is selected, push and hold (MODE) for 1 sec. to toggle between USB and LSB modes.
- ② Push vox to toggle the VOX function ON and OFF.
 - "VOX " appears when the VOX function is ON.

The VOX gain, ANTI-VOX and VOX delay can be set in VOX set mode. (See below.)



① Push [MODE] to select a phone mode (SSB or AM). • When SSB mode is selected, push and hold [MODE for 1 sec. to toggle between USB and LSB modes. 2 Push (vox) to toggle the VOX function ON and OFF. • "VOX " appears when the VOX function is ON. 3 Adjust the VOX functions in the VOX set mode. **1** Push and hold (vox) for 1 sec. to enter the VOX set mode. 2 Rotate [M-CH] to select "VoX GAIN." 3 While speaking into the microphone with your normal voice level, rotate [DIAL] to the point where the transceiver is continuously transmitting. A Rotate [M-CH] to select "ANTI-Vox." **5** During receive, rotate **[DIAL]** to adjust the anti-VOX gain to the point where the transceiver does not switch to transmit due to received audio from the speaker. 6 Rotate [M-CH] to select "VoX DELY." Rotate [DIAL] to adjust the VOX delay for a convenient interval before returning to receive. 8 Push vox to exit the VOX set mode. and return to normal operation.





M

50

♦ VOX set mode



ANTI-VOX

This item adjusts the ANTI-VOX gain for the VOX (Voice-Operated Transmission) function. Higher values make the VOX function less sensitive to receiver output audio from a speaker or headphones.

This setting can be adjusted from 0% to 100% in 1% steps.

• Push and hold (M-CL) for 1 sec. to return to the default value.



This item adjusts the VOX (Voice-Operated Transmission) delay time. VOX Delay is the amount of time the transmitter stays on after you stop speaking.

The delay time can be adjusted from 0 to 2.0 sec. in 0.1 sec. steps.

• Push and hold M-CL for 1 sec. to return to the default value.



T-1'a×

50% (default)

USB

FRV T

Break-in function

The break-in function is used in CW mode to automatically switch the transceiver between transmit and receive when keying. The IC-7200 is capable of full break-in or semi break-in. Break-in operation is also referred to as QSK.

Semi break-in operation



M-CH/RIT

[M-CH]

<u>5</u>E

75



♦ Full break-in operation



Speech compressor

The IC-7200 has a built-in, low distortion speech compressor circuit. This circuit increases your average talk power in SSB mode and is especially useful for DXing or noisy conditions when the receiving station is having difficulty copying your signal.

- 1 Push MODE to select an SSB mode.
- When SSB mode is selected, push and hold MODE for 1 sec. to toggle between USB and LSB modes.
- ② Push <u>COMP</u> to turn the speech compressor function ON and OFF.
 - "COMP" appears when the speech compressor function is ON.



20

50

100%

Appears

Compression level setting



Compression level setting

- Push and hold ANF METER for 1 sec. several times to select ALC meter.
 "ALC" appears.
- Push and hold COMP for 1 sec. to enter the speech compression level set mode.
 - The speech compressor function is turned ON and "COMP" appears.
 - You can enter the speech compression level set $\frac{1}{2}$ mode before selecting ALC meter in step (1).
- (3) While transmitting, speak at a normal voice level and rotate **[DIAL]** to adjust the speech compression level so that the ALC meter reads within the ALC zone, whether you speak softly or loudly.
 - The speech compression level can be adjusted from 0 to 10.
 - Push and hold $(\underline{M-CL})$ for 1 sec. to return to the default value.



- ④ Push <u>COMP</u> to exit the speech compression level set mode and return to normal operation.
- (5) Push <u>COMP</u> to turn the speech compressor function OFF if necessary.
 - "COMP" disappears.

NOTE: When the ALC meter peaks above the ALC zone, your transmitted voice may be distorted.

Split frequency operation

Split frequency operation allows you to transmit and receive in the same mode on two different frequencies. The split frequency operation is performed using 2 frequencies in VFO A and VFO B.

The transmit and receive frequencies must be in the same band

The following is an example of setting 7.0620 MHz for receiving and 7.0750 MHz for transmitting.



- 1) Push $\begin{bmatrix} A/B \\ = \end{bmatrix}$ to select VFO A.
- ② Set the frequency to 7.0620 MHz and mode to LSB. (pgs. 25, 29)
- 3 Push (SPLIT) to turn the split function ON.
 - "SPLIT" appears on the LCD.



- ④ Push and hold AB for 1 sec. to equalize the undisplayed VFO B frequency and operating mode with the displayed VFO A.
- (5) Push $\stackrel{\text{A/B}}{=}$ to select the VFO B.
- 6 Set the frequency to 7.0750 MHz (LSB). (p. 25)



- (7) Push $\left(\frac{A/B}{=} \right)$ to return to the VFO A.
- ⑧ Now you can receive on 7.0620 MHz and transmit on 7.0750 MHz.

To swap the transmit and receive frequencies, push $\begin{bmatrix} A_{\mu}^{B} \end{bmatrix}$ to exchange the VFO A and VFO B.

CONVENIENT!

O QUICK SPLIT FUNCTION (p. 59)

When you push and hold (PLIT) for 1 sec., the split function is activated, and the undisplayed VFO is set the same as the displayed VFO. (This operation is same as the steps (3) and (4) as at left.)

This shortens the time needed to start split frequency operation.

Quick split function is turned ON by default but can be turned OFF in the set mode (p. 76).

O XFC FUNCTION (p. 76)

When the XFC (transmit frequency check) function is ON, the transmit frequency can be changed (this operation is same as the steps (5) and (6) as at left.)

NOTE: When the XFC function is ON, the RIT calculation function (p. 44) is not available.

- ① Set the XFC (transmit frequency check) function ON in the set mode.
- Push and hold M-CH/RIT for 1 sec. twice to enter the set mode.
- 2 Rotate [M-CH] to select "XFC."
- **3** Rotate [**DIAL**] to select ON.
- Push <u>BET</u> to exit the set mode and return to normal operation.
- While pushing and holding RIT, the transmit frequency is indicated. And rotate [DIAL] to set the transmit frequency.

♦ Quick split function

When you find a DX station, an important consideration is how to set the split frequency.

When you push and hold **SPLIT** for 1 sec., the split function is activated, and the undisplayed VFO is set the same as the displayed VFO.

This shortens the time needed to start split frequency operation.

Quick split operation is turned ON by default but can be turned OFF in the set mode (p. 76).

The following is an example of setting 7.0620 MHz for receiving and 7.0750 MHz for transmitting.

1) Select VFO A.

• Pushing $\begin{pmatrix} A/B \\ = \end{pmatrix}$ toggles VFO A and VFO B.

- ② Set the frequency to 7.0620 MHz and mode to LSB. (pgs. 25, 29)
- (3) Push and hold SPLIT for 1 sec. to turn the split function ON and equalize the undisplayed VFO B frequency and operating mode with the displayed VFO A.
 - "SPLIT" appears on the LCD.
- ④ Set the XFC (transmit frequency check) function ON in the set mode. (pgs. 58, 76)
 The default setting is OFF.
- (5) While pushing and holding RIT, rotate [DIAL] to set the transmit frequency to 7.0750 MHz.
- 6 Now you can receive on 7.0620 MHz and transmit on 7.0750 MHz.

♦ Split lock function

Accidentally releasing $\boxed{\text{RIT}}$ while rotating [**DIAL**] changes the receive frequency. To prevent this, use both the split lock and dial lock functions to change the transmit frequency only. The split lock function cancels the dial lock function while pushing and holding $\boxed{\text{RIT}}$ during split frequency operation.

The dial lock's effectiveness during split frequency operation can be selected in the set mode for both receive and transmit frequencies; or only the receive frequency. (p. 76)

When the split lock function is ON, the transmit frequency cannot be adjusted by rotating [DIAL] while transmitting even if the lock function is not activated.



- ① Set the split lock function ON in the set mode.
- Push and hold M-CH/RIT for 1 sec. twice to enter the set mode.
- 2 Rotate [M-CH] to select "SPLIT LK."
- **3** Rotate **[DIAL]** to select ON.
- Push <u>M-CH/RIT</u> to exit the set mode and return to normal operation.
- ② During split operation, push and hold for 1 sec. to turn the dial lock function ON.
 - "TO" appears on the LCD.
- ③ While pushing and holding <u>[RIT]</u>*, the transmit frequency and mode are indicated. And Rotate [DIAL] to set the transmit frequency.

*XFC function is should be turned ON in advance. (p. 76)

Measuring SWR

The IC-7200 has a built-in circuit for measuring antenna SWR—no external equipment is necessary.

1) Push MODE to select CW or RTTY mode.

- 2 Confirm that the output power is over 30 W.
- 3 Push and hold ANF METER for 1 sec. several times to select the SWR meter.
- ④ Push [PTT] to transmit; then read the actual SWR from the meter.
 - \leq 1.5 well-matched antenna
 - > 1.5 may indicate an antenna out of its well-matched frequency range. If much larger than 2.0, check antenna and cable connections, etc.



MEMORY OPERATION

Memory channels

The transceiver has 201 memory channels including 2 scan edge channels.

Memory mode is very useful for quickly changing to often-used frequencies.

All 201 memory channels are tuneable which means the programmed frequency can be tuned temporarily with [DIAL], etc., in memory mode.

MEMORY CHANNEL	MEMORY CHANNEL NUMBER	CAPABILITY	COPY TO VFO	OVER- WRITING	CLEAR
Regular memory channels	1–199	Independent transmit and receive frequencies and mode in each memory channel.	Yes	Yes	Yes
Scan edge memory channels	P1, P2	One frequency and one mode in each memory channel as scan edges for programmed scan.	Yes	Yes	No

Memory channel selection

- 1) Push $\underbrace{\mathbb{V}}_{\leftarrow}^{\mathbb{W}}$ to select memory mode.
- "MEMO" appears. 2 Rotate [M-CH] to select the desired memory channel.
 - If the RIT control indicator lights orange, push M-CH/RIT SET to set the [M-CH] control to memory channel control. (See below for details)
 - All memory channels including blank channels can be selected.
 - [UP]/[DN] on the microphone also selects the memory channels. (The only programmed memory channels are selectable.)



About the [M-CH] control: When the RIT control indicator lights orange, the memory channels cannot be selected with rotat-ing the [M-CH] control because the [M-CH] con-trol acts as the RIT control. So, push M-CH/RIT set the [M-CH] control to memory channel control (RIT control indicator goes out).



[EXAMPLE]: Selecting memory channel 17.



Memory programming

Memory channel programming can be performed either in VFO mode or in memory mode.

Programming in VFO mode

- ① Push (♥/M) to select VFO mode.
- ② Rotate [DIAL], and push MODE to set the desired frequency and operating mode.
- ③ Rotate [M-CH] to select the desired memory channel.
 - If the RIT control indicator lights orange, push M-CH/RIT SET . (p. 61)
 - "BLANK" appears if the selected memory channel is a blank channel (one without any stored frequencies).

RIT control indicator goes out Channel increases

Channel decreases

- ④ Push and hold MW for 1 sec. to program the displayed frequency and operating mode into the selected memory channel.
 - 3 beeps are emitted when memory programming is successful.



Programming in memory mode





Frequency copying

The frequency and operating mode in a memory channel can be copied to the VFO.

Copying in memory mode



[EXAMPLE]: Copying contents of memory 16. Operating frequency : 14.020 MHz/CW Contents of memory 16 : 14.018 MHz/CW



Memory clearing

Any unnecessary memory channels can be cleared. The cleared memory channels become blank channels.

- Push [™] to select memory mode.
 Rotate [M-CH] to select the desired memory channel to be cleared.
 - If the RIT control indicator lights orange, push M-CH/RIT SET. (p. 61)
- 3 Push and hold M-CL for 1 sec. to clear the contents.
 - The programmed frequency and operating mode disappear and "**BLANK**" appears.
 - 3 beeps are emitted when memory clearing is successful.
- ④ To return to VFO mode, push (♥/M).

NOTE: Be careful!— the contents of cleared memo-ries CANNOT be recalled.



SCAN OPERATION

Scan types

PROGRAMMED SCAN

Repeatedly scans between two scan edge frequencies (scan edge memory channels P1 and P2).



Preparation

Channels

For programmed scan:

Program scan edge frequencies into scan edge memory channels P1 and P2. (p. 66)

For memory scan:

Program two or more memory channels except scan edge memory channels.

Scan resume ON/OFF

You can select the scan to resume or cancel when detecting a signal in the set mode.

Scan resume ON/OFF must be set before operating a scan. See p. 78 for ON/OFF setting and scan resume condition details.

Scan speed

Scan speed can be selected from 2 levels, high or low, in the set mode. See p. 78 for details.

MEMORY SCAN Repeatedly all programmed memory channels that are not blank. Mch 2 Mch 3 Mch 4 Mch 1 Mch 199 --- Mch 7 Mch 6 This scan operates in memory mode.

Squelch condition

○ Scan starts with squelch open *For programmed scan:*

When tuning step is 1 kHz or less:

The scan continues until it is stopped manually with pushing (scan), and does not pause* even if signals are detected.

* The scan is paused when the squelch is closed and then opened (scan resumes after 10 sec. has passed when the scan resume is ON; scan is cancelled when OFF).

When tuning step is more than 5 kHz:

The scan pauses on each step when the scan resume is ON; not applicable when OFF.

For memory scan:

Scan pauses on each channel when the scan resume is ON; not applicable when OFF.

\odot Scan starts with squelch closed

Scan stops when a signal is detected.

If you set scan resume ON in the set mode, the scan pauses for 10 sec. when detecting a signal, then resumes. When a signal disappears while scan is paused, scan resumes 2 sec. later.

NOTE: If the **[RF/SQL]** control function is set as "AUTO," the squelch is always open in SSB, CW and RTTY modes. (pgs. 4, 30, 75)

Programmed scan operation (VFO mode)

Programmed scan searches for signals between scan edge memory channels P1 and P2. The default frequencies for these memories are 0.500000 MHz and 29.99999 MHz, respectively. See p. 62 for scan edges programming. 1) Push $\binom{VM}{\epsilon}$ to select VFO mode. 2 Push MODE to select the desired operating mode. • The operating mode can be changed while scanning. 3 Push (Ts) to select a tuning step. • The tuning step cannot be changed while scanning. (The programmed tuning function can be turned ON or OFF while scanning.) 4 Set the [RF/SQL] control open or closed. · See the left page for squelch condition. 5 Push (SCAN) to start the scan. • "SCAN" appears while scanning. 6 When the scan detects a signal, the scan turns OFF, pauses or ignores it depending on the resume setting and the squelch condition. (7) To cancel the scan, push SCAN. **NOTE:** If the same frequencies are programmed into both scan edge memory channels P1 and P2, programmed scan does not start.



Memory scan operation (Memory mode)

Memory scan searches through memory channel 1 to 199 for signals. Blank (unprogrammed) memory channels are skipped.

- (1) Push $\binom{VM}{\epsilon}$ to select memory mode.
- 2 Close the squelch with the [RF/SQL] control.
- 3 Push SCAN to start the scan.
 - "(SCAN)" appears while scanning.
- (4) When the scan detects a signal, the scan stops or pauses depending on the resume setting.
- (5) To cancel the scan push (scan).
 - Rotating [DIAL] during scan also cancels scan operation.
- **NOTE:** Two or more memory channels must be programmed for memory scan to start.



ANTENNA TUNER OPERATION

Optional AT-180 AUTOMATIC ANTENNA TUNER operation

The AT-180 automatic antenna tuner matches the IC-7200 to the connected antenna automatically. Once the tuner matches an antenna, the variable capacitor settings are memorized as a preset point for each frequency range (100 kHz steps). Therefore, when you change the frequency range, the variable capacitors are automatically preset to the memorized point.

- The AT-180 can match both HF and 50 MHz
- NOTE: The A bands and 5 When put po the A minim bands. However, operation is different for the HF
- and 50 MHz bands.
- When connecting the AT-180, the IC-7200's out-
- put power must be more than 10 W. Otherwise,
- the AT-180 may not be tuned correctly. (AT-180's
- minimum operating input power is 8 W.)

Tuner operation

• For the HF band:

Push **TUNER** to turn the tuner ON. The antenna is tuned automatically during transmission when the antenna SWR is higher than 1.5:1.

• When the tuner is ON, "TUNE " indication appears.

Manual tuning

During SSB operation on HF bands at low voice levels, the AT-180 may not be tuned correctly. In such cases, manual tuning is helpful.

Push and hold **TUNER** for 1 sec. to start manual tuning.

. When CW mode is selected, a side tone is emitted, and "TUNE" indicator blinks; then, the previous mode is selected.

If the tuner cannot reduce the SWR to less than 1.5:1 after 20 sec. of tuning, "TUNE" indicator disappears. In this case, check the following:

the antenna connection and feedline

• the antenna SWR (p. 30; meter function, p. 60; Measuring SWR)

Through inhibit (HF bands only)

The AT-180 has a through inhibit condition. When selecting this condition, the tuner can be used at poor SWR's. In this case, automatic tuning in the HF bands activates only when exceeding SWR 3:1. Therefore, manual tuning is necessary each time you change the frequency. Although termed "through inhibit," the tuner will be set to the "through" configuration if the SWR is higher than 3:1 after tuning.

• For the 50 MHz band: Push and hold **TUNER** for 1 sec. to tune the antenna. If "TUNE" indicator blinks slowly while transmitting, push and hold **TUNER** for 1 sec. again to re-tune the antenna.

CONVENIENT

• Tuner sensitive condition (HF bands only) If you require critical tuning at any time during transmission, select the tuner sensitive condition. See p. 68 for selection.

Automatic tuner start (HF bands only)

If you want to turn OFF the tuner under conditions of VSWR 1.5:1 or less, use "automatic tuner on" and turn the tuner OFF. See p. 76 for the automatic tuner function.

• PTT tune function (p. 76)

The AT-180 is tuned when [PTT] is pushed after the frequency is changed (more than 1%) if the AT-180 is turned ON. This function removes the "push and hold (TUNER)" operation and activates first transmission on the new frequency.

This function is turned ON in the set mode.

CAUTION: NEVER transmit with the tuner ON when no antenna is connected. This will damage both the transceiver and antenna tuner.


■ AT-180 internal switch description

The optional AT-180 has 3 operating configurations for HF band operation. Select a suitable configurations according to your antenna system.

- 1 Remove the top cover of the AT-180.
- (2) Set the tuner switches to the desired positions according to the table below.

SW	Position	Operation	
	A (default)	The tuner operating condition is set by S2 described below.	
S1	В	THROUGH INHIBIT The tuner tunes the antenna even when the antenna has poor SWR (up to VSWR 3:1 after tuning). In this case, manual tun- ing is necessary each time you change the frequency although the tuner auto- matically starts tuning when the VSWR is higher than 3:1. This setting is called "through inhibit," however, the tuner is set to "through" if the VSWR is higher than 3:1 after tuning.	
S2	С	TUNER SENSITIVE CONDITION The tuner tunes each time you transmit (except SSB mode). Therefore, the lowest SWR is obtained at any given time. For SSB mode, the same condition as the "D" position.	
	D (default)	<i>NORMAL</i> The tuner tunes when the SWR is higher than 1.5:1. Therefore, the tuner activates only when tuning is necessary.	

• Specifications for the AT-180

• Specifications for the A	1-180
 Frequency coverage 	: 1.8–54 MHz
 Input impedance 	: 50 Ω
Maximum input power	: 120 W
 Minimum tuning power 	: 8 W
 Matching impedance range 	e: 16.7–150 Ω (HF band)
	20–125 Ω (50 MHz band)
 Tuning accuracy 	: Less than SWR 1.5:1
Insertion loss	: Less than 1.0 dB
	(after tuning)
 Power supply requirements 	s: 13.8 V DC/1 A (supplied
	from the transceiver's
	ACC socket)
 Dimensions (mm/in) 	: 167(W) × 58.6(H) × 225(D)
	$6^{9/16}(W) \times 2^{5/17}(H) \times 8^{7/8}(D)$
 Weight (approx.) 	: 2.3 kg; 5 lb 11⁄8 oz
 Supplied accessories 	: Coaxial cable (1 m),
	ACC cable (DIN 13 pins)

AT-180 inside top cover



• Connector information for ACC(2) socket



PIN NO./ DESCRIPTION		
① NC (8 V*)	(*If the modification is performed (p. 97), regulated 8 V output.) (10 mA max.)	
2 GND	Connects to ground.	
③ SEND	Input/output pin. Goes to ground when transmitting (20 mA max). When grounded, transmits.	
④ NC (BAND*)	(*If the modification is performed (p. 97), band voltage output.)	
⑤ ALC	ALC output voltage (-4 to 0 V).	
6 NC	No connection.	
① 13.8 V 13.8 V output when power is ON (1 A mage)		

Optional AH-4 AUTOMATIC ANTENNA TUNER operation

The AH-4 matches the IC-7200 to a long wire antenna more than 7 m/23 ft long (3.5 MHz and above). • See p. 14 for connection.

- See the AH-4 instruction manual for AH-4 installation and antenna connection details.

AH-4 setting example:

For mobile operation

Optional AH-2b antenna element



For outdoor operation



▲ DANGER!: HIGH VOLTAGE!

NEVER touch the antenna element while tuning or transmitting.

NEVER operate the AH-4 without an antenna wire. The tuner and transceiver will be damaged.

NEVER operate the AH-4 when it is ungrounded.

Transmitting before tuning may damage the transceiver. Note that the AH-4 cannot tune when using a $\frac{1}{2}\lambda$ long wire or on a multiple of that frequency.

♦ AH-4 operation

Tuning is required for each frequency. Be sure to re-tune the antenna before transmitting when you change the frequency-even slightly.

- 1) Set the desired frequency in an HF band.
 - The AH-4 will not operate on frequencies outside of ham bands.
- 2 Push and hold **TUNER** for 1 sec.
 - "TUNE" indicator blinks while tuning.
- 3 "TUNE" indicator is still ON after the tuning is completed.
 - When the connected wire cannot be tuned, "TUNE" indicator goes out, and the AH-4 is bypassed and the antenna wire is connected to the antenna connector on the transceiver directly.
- (4) To bypass the AH-4 manually, push (TUNER)
 - "TUNE" indicator goes out.



CONVENIENT

• PTT tune function (p. 76)

The AH-4 is always tuned when [PTT] is pushed after the frequency is changed (more than 1%). This function removes the "push and hold [TUNER]" operation and activates first transmission on the new frequency.

This function is turned ON in the set mode.

SET MODE 10

General

Set mode is used for programming infrequently changed values or conditions of functions. The IC-7200 has 2 separate set modes: *quick set mode* and *set mode*.



Quick set mode operation

- 1) Push and hold (M-CH/RIT) for 1 sec. to enter the quick set mode.
- 2 Rotate [M-CH] to select the desired item.
- ③ Set the desired condition or value using [DIAL].
 Push and hold (M-CL) for 1 sec. to select the default
- condition or value. ④ Repeat ② and ③ to set other items.
- (5) Push (M-CH/RIT) to exit the quick set mode and return to normal operation.



Set mode operation

- 1) Push and hold (M-CH/RIT) for 1 sec. to enter the quick set mode.
- 2 Repeat step 1 again to enter the set mode.
- ③ Rotate [M-CH] to select the desired item.
- ④ Set the desired condition or value using [DIAL].
 - Push and hold M-CL for 1 sec. to select the default condition or value.
- (5) Repeat (3) and (4) to set other items.
- 6 Push M-CH/RIT to exit the set mode and return to normal operation.



Quick set mode

Mode	Set mode item	Default setting
	RF POWER	100%
SSB	MIC GAIN	50%
	DATA MODE	OFF
	RF POWER	100%
	KEY SPEED	20WPM
CW	CW PITCH	600Hz
	SIDE TONE LEVEL	30%
	SIDE TONE LIMIT	ON
	RF POWER	100%
	TWIN PEAK FILTER	OFF
RTTY	RTTY MARK TONE	2125Hz
	RTTY SHIFT	170Hz
	RTTY KEY POLARITY	NORMAL
	RF POWER	100%
AM	MIC GAIN	50%
	DATA MODE	OFF

RF power

(all modes)

This item adjusts the RF output power. The RF output power can be adjusted from L (Low), 1% to 100% in 1% steps.

USB M **~~~~**??

100% (default)

Mic gain(SSB/AM modes)This item adjusts microphone gain from 0% to 100% in1% steps.



Data mode (SSB/AM modes) This item turns the data mode ON or OFF. ₪ USB When the data mode is turned ON, the audio input from 11日 7日 ٥F the [ACC] connector* is used for transmission instead of [MIC] connector and the speech compressor function is turned OFF. OFF (default) * The desired connector can be selected. (p. 77) on : Data mode operation is enabled. (" D " appears.) oF : Data mode operation is disabled. (" D " disappears.)

Key speed

(CW mode)

This item adjusts the CW key speed. The key speed can be selected from 6 to 60* wpm.

* 39, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 56, 58 and 59 cannot be selected.

20 WPM (default)

CW pitch

(CW mode)

This item adjusts the CW receive pitch. The pitch can be selected from 300 to 900 Hz in 10 Hz steps.



Side tone level

This item adjusts the CW side tone level from 0% to 100% in 1% steps.



CW

SIDE

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||1|

Side tone level limit

(CW mode)

(CW mode)

Turn the CW side tones output level limiting capability ON and OFF.

When this item is set to ON, the CW side tone is linked to the **[AF]** control until rotation of the **[AF]** control reaches to the specified level—further rotation will not increase the volume of the CW side tones.

on : CW side tone level is limited with the [AF] control.

oF : CW side tone level is linked to the [AF] control.

Twin peak filter

(RTTY mode)

This item turns the twin peak filter ON or OFF.

on : Twin peak filter is ON.

oF : Twin peak filter is OFF.

NOTE: The RTTY mark frequency (2125 Hz) and shift width (170 Hz) are automatically set when the twin peak filter is ON.

RTTY mark tone

(RTTY mode)

This item selects the RTTY mark frequency. There are 3 selectable values: 1275, 1615 and 2125 Hz.

NOTE: 2125 Hz is automatically set when the twin peak filter is ON.



ON (default)

Quick set mode (Continued)

RTTY shift width

(RTTY mode)

This item adjusts the RTTY shift width. There are 4 selectable values: 170, 200, 425 and 850 Hz.

NOTE: 170 Hz is automatically set when the twin peak filter is ON.

RTTY key polarity

(RTTY mode)

This item selects the RTTY keying polarity. Normal or reverse keying polarity can be selected.

When reverse polarity is selected, Mark and Space are reversed.

n (normal) : Key open/close = Mark/Space r (reverse) : Key open/close = Space/Mark RTTY M NORMAL (default)

RTTY

170 Hz (default)

M

Set mode

Set mode item	Default setting	Set mode item	Default setting
LCD BACKLIGHT	HIGH	SCAN RESUME	ON
BEEP	ON	MAIN DIAL AUTO TS	HIGH
BAND EDGE BEEP	ON	DIAL 1/4	OFF
BEEP LEVEL	50%	MIC UP/DOWN SPEED	HIGH
BEEP LEVEL LIMIT	ON	SSB/CW SYNCHRONOUS TUNING	OFF
RF/SQL CONTROL	RF + SQL	CW NORMAL SIDE	LSB
METER PEAK HOLD	ON	BREAK-IN	OFF
QUICK SPLIT	ON	BREAK-IN DELAY	7.5 DOTS
SPLIT LOCK	OFF	DOT/DASH RATIO	1:1:3.0
XFC	OFF	PADDLE POLARITY	NORMAL
AUTO TUNE	OFF	KEYER TYPE	ELEC-KEY
PTT TUNE	OFF	MIC UP/DOWN KEYER	OFF
MODULATION INPUT (DATA OFF)	MIC/ACC	MODE SELECT (SSB)	ON
MODULATION INPUT (DATA ON)	ACC	MODE SELECT (CW)	ON
USB LEVEL	50%	MODE SELECT (RTTY)	ON
SPEECH LEVEL	50%	MODE SELECT (AM)	ON
SPEECH LANGUAGE	ENGLISH	CI-V BAUD RATE	AUTO
SPEECH SPEED	HIGH	CI-V ADDRESS	76H
SPEECH S-LEVEL	ON	CI-V TRANSCEIVE	ON
SPEECH [MODE] KEY	OFF	REFERENCE FREQUENCY ADJUSTMENT	Default setting is differ- ent for each transceiver.
SCAN SPEED	HIGH		

LCD Backlight

This item adjusts the brightness of the LCD from HI (High), Lo (Low) or oF (Off).

BK LIGHT 出 High (default)

Веер

A beep sounds each time a key is pushed to confirm it. This function can be turned OFF for silent operation.

on : Confirmation beep ON

oF : Confirmation beep OFF

The volume level can be set in "Beep Level" as below.

ON (default)

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■ Set mode (Continued)

Band Edge Beep

A beep sounds when an operating frequency enters or exits an amateur band. This function is independent from "Beep" (the confirmation beep) setting as above.

on : Band edge beep ON

oF : Band edge beep OFF

The volume level can be set in "Beep Level" as below.

Beep Level

This item sets the maximum volume level for the confirmation beep and band edge beep tones from 0% to 100% in 1% steps.

When beep tones are set to OFF, this setting has no effect.

Beep Level Limit

Turn the beep tones output level limiting capability ON and OFF for the confirmation and band edge beep tones. When this item is set to ON, the beep tones are linked to the **[AF]** control until rotation of the **[AF]** control reaches to the specified level—further rotation will not increase the volume of the beep tones.

on : Beep level is limited with the **[AF]** control oF : Beep level is linked to the **[AF]** control

RF/SQL Control

The [RF/SQL] control can be set as the RF/squelch control, the squelch control only (RF gain is fixed at maximum) or Auto (RF gain control in SSB, CW and RTTY; squelch control in AM).

See pgs. 4, 30 for details.

- rS (RF+SQL) : [RF/SQL] control is set as the RF/squelch control
- Sq (SQL) : [RF/SQL] control is set as the squelch control
- At (AUTO) : [RF/SQL] control is set as the RF gain control in SSB, CW and RTTY; squelch control in AM

Meter Peak Hold

This item turns the meter peak hold function ON or OFF.

- on : The highest activated segment of the meter remains visible for 0.5 sec.
- oF : The meter functions normally.



50% (default)

50

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ON (default)

RF + SQL (default)

BRIVI BEP on

ON (default)

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Quick Split

This item turns the quick split function ON or OFF. When this item is set to ON, push and hold **SPLIT** for 1 sec. to set the undisplayed VFO frequency and operating mode are set the same as the displayed VFO frequency and operating mode. See pgs. 58, 59 for details.

See pgs. 56, 59 for details.

- on : The quick split function ON
- oF : The quick split function OFF

Split Lock

This item turns the split lock function ON or OFF. When this item is set to ON, the transmit frequency can be adjusted by rotating **[DIAL]** while pushing and holding $[RIT]^*$ even if the lock function is activated.

* The transmit frequency check function ("XFC"; as below) must be turned ON in advance.

See p. 59 for split frequency operation details.

NOTE: When the split lock function is ON, the transmit frequency cannot be adjusted by rotating [DIAL] while pushing and holding [PTT] even if the lock function is not activated.

on : The split lock function ON

oF : The split lock function OFF

XFC

This item turns the XFC (transmit frequency check) function ON or OFF.

- on : The transmit frequency can be monitored while pushing and holding RIT
- oF : The transmit frequency check function OFF

NOTE: When the XFC function is turned ON, the RIT calculation function (p. 44) is not available.

Auto Tune

The optional AT-180 ANTENNA TUNER has an automatic start capability which starts tuning if the SWR is higher than 1.5:1.

- on : The automatic tune starts even when the tuner is turned OFF during HF bands operation.
- oF : The tuner remains OFF even when the SWR is poor (1.5:1)





OFF (default)

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ON (default)



OFF (default)

■ Set mode (Continued)

PTT Tune Tuning of the internal antenna tuner can be started automatically at the moment [PTT] is pushed after the operat-PTT. T LINE ٥F ing frequency is changed (more than 1% from last-tuned frequency). When an optional AT-180 ANTENNA TUNER is connected, OFF (default) the tuner function must be turned ON in advance. on : Tuning starts when [PTT] is pushed on a new frequency. oF : Tuning starts only when (TUNER) is pushed. Modulation input (Data OFF) Selects the desired connector(s) for modulation input when SSB data/AM data mode is not in use. 14 R M (MIC) : Use the signals from [MIC]. : Use the signals from [ACC] (pin11). A (ACC) MIC/ACC (default) M A (MIC/ACC): Use the signals from [MIC] and [ACC] (pin11). U (USB) : Use the signals from [USB]. Modulation input (Data ON)

Selects the desired connector(s) for modulation input when SSB data/AM data mode is in use.

M (MIC): Use the signals from [MIC].A (ACC): Use the signals from [ACC] (pin11).M A (MIC/ACC): Use the signals from [MIC] and [ACC] (pin11).U (USB): Use the signals from [USB].

USB Level

Sets the input modulation level of the USB jack, within 0% to 100% in 1% steps.



ACC (default)

A

Speech Level

This item adjusts the volume level for the speech function from 0% to 100% in 1% steps.



Speech S-level

Signal level, frequency and mode can be announced by the voice synthesizer. The signal level announcement can be deactivated if desired.

When "oF" is selected, the signal level is not announced.

on : Signal level announcement

oF : No signal level announcement

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Speech MODE Key This item selects whether the operating mode announced with the speech synthesizer when MODE is pushed. When "on" is selected, the selected operating mode is announced at pushing MODE. on : Operating model announcement with MODE. oF : No operating mode announcement with MODE. Scan Speed This item sets the rate at which channels or frequencies

This item sets the rate at which channels or frequencies are scanned during scan operations. High and low can be selected.

HI : Fast scan.

Lo : Slow scan.

Scan Resume

This item turns the scan resume function ON or OFF.

- on : Scan resumes 10 sec. after stopping on a signal (or 2 sec. after a signal disappears).
- oF : Scan does not resume after stopping on a signal.

ON (default)

High (default)

Ruto

Main Dial Auto TS

This item sets the auto tuning step function. When rotating [DIAL] rapidly, the tuning step rate adapts as selected.

There are 2 type of auto tuning steps: HI (Fastest) and Lo (Faster).

- HI : Approx. 5 times faster when the tuning step is set to 1 kHz or smaller steps; approx. 2 times faster when the tuning step is set to 5 kHz or larger steps.
- Lo : Approx. 2 times faster
- oF : Auto tuning step is turned OFF.

Dial 1/4

This item turns the $\ensuremath{^{14}}\xspace$ tuning function ON or OFF in CW, RTTY and SSB data modes.

- on : The ¼-speed tuning function ON for critical tuning. While operating in CW/RTTY/SSB data, the dial sensitivity is reduced to ¼ of normal.
- oF : The ¼-speed tuning function OFF.

NOTE: This function is only available when the programmable tuning step is OFF (p. 26).

■ Set mode (Continued)

Mic Up/Down Speed

This item sets the rate at which frequencies are scanned when the microphone [UP]/[DN] keys are pushed and held.

HI : High speed (50 tuning steps/sec.)

Lo : Low speed (25 tuning steps/sec.)

SSB/CW Synchronous Tuning

This item turns the displayed frequency shift function from ON or OFF.

When this function is set to ON, the received signal will remain the same even when the operating mode is changed between SSB and CW.

The amount of frequency shift will change according to the CW pitch setting.

on : The displayed frequency shifts when the operating mode is changed between SSB and CW.

oF : The displayed frequency does not shift.

CW Normal Side

Selects the carrier point of CW mode from LSB and USB.

L (LSB) : LSB is the normal mode.

U (USB) : USB is the normal mode.

U/I 5PI 빎 High (default)

5785 **T | _ |**|\ ٥F

OFF (default)

LSB (default)

OFF (default)

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<u> IK -- IN</u>

Break-In

This item selects break-in type for CW operation. Full break-in (QSK) activates the receiver between transmitted dots and dashes. This is useful when operating contests, when "fast responses" are common.

Semi break-in keeps the receiver quiet between dots and dashes and automatically returns to receive after a preset time from when you stop keying.

When break-in is turned off, the key or paddle can generate side tones (selectable in quick set mode) but will not transmit.

oF : No break-in operation.

SE (Semi) : Semi break-in operation.

FL (Full) : Full break-in operation.

Break-In Delay

This item adjusts break-in delay time for CW semi break-in operation. The delay time is selectable from 0.2 to 13.0 (dots) in 0.1 (dots) steps.



30

EL



Paddle Polarity

Dot/Dash Ratio

This item sets the paddle polarity.

- n (Normal) : Normal polarity.
- r (Reverse) : Reverse polarity.



KEY TYPE

ELEC-KEY (default)

Keyer Type

This item selects the keyer type for the [KEY] connector on the rear panel.

- EL : Internal electronic keyer is selected.
- bG : Internal electronic keyer is activated as BUG key.
- St : Internal electronic keyer is turned OFF, and a straight key or external electronic keyer can be used.

Mic Up/Down Keyer

This item allows you to set the microphone [UP]/[DN] switches to be used as a paddle.

- on : [UP]/[DN] switches can be used as a paddle for CW mode operation.
- oF : [UP]/[DN] switches cannot be used as a paddle for CW mode operation.

NOTE: When "ON" is selected, the frequency and memory channel cannot be changed using the [UP]/ [DN] switches.

See p. 82 for the CW paddle connection to the MIC connector.

■ Set mode (Continued)

Mode Select (SSB) This item inhibits the selection of SSB (LSB/USB) modes, and allows you to simplify operation. For example if you are operating mobile and only plan on ٥n using AM mode, set all other modes (SSB, CW, RTTY) to OFF, thereby making selection of AM quick and easy. ON (default) on : SSB modes are selectable. oF : SSB modes are inhibited. Mode Select (CW) This item inhibits the selection of CW/CW-R modes, and allows you to simplify operation. on : CW modes are selectable. ற்ற

oF : CW modes are inhibited.

Mode Select (RTTY)

This item inhibits the selection of RTTY/RTTY-R modes, and allows you to simplify operation.

on : RTTY modes are selectable.

oF : RTTY modes are inhibited.

ON (default)

RTY

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Mode Select (AM)

This item inhibits the selection of AM mode, and allows you to simplify operation.

on : AM modes are selectable.

oF : AM modes are inhibited.

Ľ

ON (default)

ON (default)

CI-V Baud Rate

Sets the CI-V data transfer rate. 300, 1200, 4800, 9600, 19200 bps and Auto are available.

When Auto is selected, the baud rate is automatically set according to the connected controller or remote controller.

CIV BRUD RĿ Auto (default)

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CI-V Address

To distinguish equipment, each CI-V transceiver has its own Icom standard address in hexadecimal code. The IC-7200's address is 76h.

When 2 or more IC-7200s are connected to an optional CT-17 CI-V LEVEL CONVERTER, rotate [DIAL] to select a different address for each IC-7200 in the range 01h to 7Fh.

76 : Address of 76h

CI-V Transceive

Transceive operation is possible with the IC-7200 connected to other Icom HF transceivers or receivers. When "ON" is selected, changing the frequency, operating mode, etc. on the IC-7200 automatically changes those of connected transceivers (or receivers) and vice versa.

on : Transceive ON oF : Transceive OFF

Reference Frequency Adjustment

Adjusts the internal reference signal frequency within 0% to 100% range in 1% steps during frequency calibration.

WNOTE: Default setting is different for each transceiver.

♦ Paddle operation from [MIC] connector

Connect a CW paddle as at right to operate an electronic keyer from the [MIC] connector.

- Be sure to select "Paddle Polarity," "Keyer Type" and "Mic Up/Down Keyer" in the set mode. (p. 80)
- Connect straight key to "DOT" side.
- Push both of "DOT" and "DASH" to activate the squeeze operation.



REF AIL

ON (default)

Riv

76h (default)

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1 MAINTENANCE

Fuse replacement

If a fuse blows or the transceiver stops functioning, try to find the source of the problem, and replace the damaged fuse with a new, adequately rated fuse.

CAUTION: Disconnect the DC power cable from the transceiver when changing a fuse.

The IC-7200 has two fuses (DC power cable fuses) installed for transceiver protection.

- DC power cable fuses ATC 30 A
- Circuitry fuse ATC 5 A

♦ DC power cable fuse replacement

Refer the figure illustrated at right for the DC power cable fuse replacement.



Circuitry fuse replacement

The 13.8 V DC from the DC power cable is applied to all units in the IC-7200, except for the power amplifier, through the circuitry fuse. This fuse is installed in the PA unit.

① Remove the 11 screws, then remode the bottom cover and the PA shielding plate as shown below.



③ Replace the circuitry fuse as shown in the diagram as below.



④ Replace the PA shielding plate, bottom cover and screws to their original position.

Be sure the gasket is seated correctly, and do not protrude from the transceiver when the PA shield-ing plate is replaced.

M-CL 15

M-CL 5

POS1 3 5 7 9 2

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F-INP ENT BAND

C

Memory backup

All of the CPU's memory is backed up by an EEP-ROM (Electronically-Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory). All data you set, such as VFO, memory, set mode contents, etc. are stored in this EEPROM. There is no internal lithium battery.

Resetting the CPU

- 1 Make sure the transceiver power is OFF.
- (2) While pushing and holding $(\underline{F-INP ENT}_{BAND})$ and $(\underline{M-CL})$, push U to turn power ON.
 - The internal CPU is reset, and all memory data are cleared.
 - The transceiver displays its initial VFO frequencies when resetting is complete.
- 3 All quick set mode/set mode settings are returned to default values. (p. 70)

Resetting CLEARS all programmed contents in

Resetting **CLEARS** all primemory channels and requick set mode/set mode. memory channels and returns default values in

Cleaning



If the transceiver becomes dusty or dirty, wipe it clean with a dry, soft cloth.



RLL ELR

AVOID the use of strong chemical solvents such as paint, thinner, benzene or alcohol to clean the transceiver. These may damage the transceiver's surfaces.

12 TROUBLESHOOTING

The following chart is designed to help you correct problems which are not equipment malfunctions.

If you are unable to locate the cause of a problem or solve it through the use of this chart, contact your nearest lcom Dealer or Service Center.

	PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	SOLUTION	REF.
Ľ			Reconnect the power cable correctly.	p. 15
ER SUPPLY	on when [PWR] is pushed.	• Fuse is blown.	 Check for the cause, then replace the fuse with a spare one. (Fuse is installed in the DC power cable) 	p. 83
POWER		• Battery is exhausted if you are using a 12 V battery as the power source.	Check the battery voltage.	—
	No sound comes from the speaker.	Volume level is set too low.	• Rotate [AF] clockwise to obtain a suit- able listening level.	p. 29
		• The squelch level is closed.	• Rotate [RF/SQL] to 12 o'clock position to open the squelch.	p. 30
		• The transceiver is in the transmit mode.	• Release [PTT] on the microphone or check the SEND line of an external unit, if connected.	_
		 An external speaker or headphones are connected. 	• Check the external speaker or head- phone plug connection.	p. 14
	Sensitivity is too low,	• The antenna is not connected properly.	Reconnect to the antenna connector.	—
	and only strong signals are audible.	• The antenna feed line is cut or shorted.	• Check the feed line and correct any improper conditions.	_
RECEIVE		 The antenna is not properly tuned. 	• Push TUNER to manually tune the antenna.	p. 67
BE		 The attenuator function is activated. 	Push PLAMP to turn the function OFF.	p. 45
		 The antenna for another band is se- lected. 	• Select an antenna suitable for the oper- ating frequency.	p. 67
	Receive audio is dis- torted.	• The operating mode is not selected correctly.	 Select a suitable operating mode. 	p. 29
	Receive signal is dis- torted by strong sig-	• The noise reduction is activated and the noise reduction level is too high.	Set the noise reduction level for maxi- mum readability.	p. 50
	nals.	 Noise blanker function is activated. 	• Push NB to turn the function OFF.	р. 49
		 Preamp is activated. 	• Push ATT to turn the function OFF.	p. 45
	The shift frequency of •The XFC (transmit frequency check •Tu		• Turn the XFC (transmit frequency check function) OFF in set mode.	p. 76

	PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CASE	SOLUTION	REF.
	Transmitting is impos- sible.	 The operating frequency is not set in a ham band. 	 Set the frequency in a ham band. 	p. 25
	Output power is too low. • Power is set to a lower power imum.		• Set the output power in quick set mode.	p. 71
		 Microphone gain is set too low. 	• Set microphone gain to a suitable level in quick set mode.	p. 71
		• The antenna is not connected properly.	 Reconnect the antenna connector. 	_
Ш		• The antenna feed line is cut or shorted.	Check the feed line and correct any improper conditions.	_
TRANSMIT		 The antenna is not properly tuned. 	• Push TUNER to manually tune the antenna or test with dummy load.	p. 67
F		 The antenna for another band is selected. 	 Select an antenna suitable for the oper- ating frequency. 	p. 67
	No contact possible	 RIT function is activated. 	• Push RIT to turn the function OFF.	p. 44
	with other stations.	 Split function is activated. 	• Push SPLIT to turn the function OFF.	p. 58
	Transmitted signals are • Microphone gain is set too high. distorted.		 Set microphone gain to a suitable level in quick set mode. 	p. 71
		 The compression level is set too high with the speech compressor ON. 	 Set compression level to a suitable po- sition. 	p. 57
A	Displayed frequency	 The dial lock function is activated. 	• Push $\begin{pmatrix} SPCH \\ TTO \end{pmatrix}$ to deactivate the function.	p. 29
DISPLAY	does not change prop- erly.	 The internal CPU has malfunctioned. 	• Reset the CPU.	pgs. 21, 84
	Programmed scan does not stop.	 [RF/SQL] is assigned to RF gain control and squelch is open. 	 Reset [RF/SQL] control assignment and set it to the threshold point. 	p. 30
SCAN	Programmed scan does not start.	• The same frequencies have been pro- grammed in scan edge memory chan- nels.	 Program different frequencies into scan edge memory channels. 	p. 62
	Memory scan does not start.	• 2 or more memory channels have not been programmed.	Program 2 or more memory channels.	p. 62
MEMORY	The memory channels cannot be selected with rotating the [M-CH] control.		• Push M-CH/RIT SET to set the [M-CH] con- trol to memory channel control. (RIT control indicator goes out).	p. 61

13 OPTION INSTALLATIONS

MB-116 HANDLES installation

The optional MB-116 HANDLES are convenient when moving the transceiver and can protect the face and radio knobs during transport.

➡ Attach the MB-116 to the both sides of the transceiver with the supplied screws (M4 × 9).



MB-117 CARRYING HANDLE installation

The optional MB-117 CARRYING HANDLE is convenient when carrying the transceiver for DX-peditions, field operation, etc.

- (1) Attach the rubber feet to the **[FOOT]** holes on the right side of the transceiver with the supplied screws ($M4 \times 12$).
- (2) Attach the MB-117 to the **[CARRYING HANDLE]** holes on the left side of the transceiver with the supplied screws ($M3 \times 10$).



MB-118 MOBILE MOUNTING BRACKET installation

The universal mounting bracket allows overhead mounting. • Mount the transceiver securely with the 4 supplied screws (5 × 20) to a thick surface which can support more than 5.5 kg (12.1 lb). CAUTION: Non-supplied bolts (longer than 8 mm) may damage the internal units. NEVER install the MB-118 with the non-supplied screws and bolts.



CONTROL COMMAND 14

Remote jack (CI-V) information

CI-V connection example

The transceiver can be connected through an optional CT-17 CI-V LEVEL CONVERTER to a personal computer equipped with an RS-232C port. The lcom Communication interface-V (CI-V) controls the following functions of the transceiver.

Up to four Icom CI-V transceivers or receivers can be connected to a personal computer equipped with an RS-232C port. See pgs. 81, 82 for setting the CI-V condition using set mode.

Data format

The CI-V system can be operated using the following data formats. Data formats differ according to command numbers. A data area is added for some commands.





IC-7200

OK MESSAGE TO CONTROLLER



NG MESSAGE TO CONTROLLER





♦ Command table

Command	Sub command	Description
	ous command	•
00		Send frequency data. (for transceive operation)
01	00	Select LSB mode (for transceive operation)
	01	Select USB mode (for transceive operation)
	02	Select AM mode (for transceive operation)
	03	Select CW mode (for transceive operation)
	04	Select RTTY mode (for transceive operation)
	07	Select CW-R mode (for transceive operation)
	08	Select RTTY-R mode (for transceive operation)
02	_	Read band edge frequencies
03	_	Read operating frequency
04	_	Read operating mode
05	—	Set operating frequency
06	00 01	Select LSB mode Select USB mode
	02	Select OSB mode
	03	Select CW mode
	04	Select RTTY mode
	07	Select CW-R mode
	08	Select RTTY-R mode
07	—	Select VFO mode
	00	Select VFO A
	01	Select VFO B
	A0	Equalize VFO A and VFO B
	B0	Exchange VFO A and VFO B
08	—	Select memory mode
	0001–0201*	Select memory channel *P1=0200, P2=0201
09		Memory write
0A	—	Memory to VFO
0B	—	Memory clear
0E	00	Scan stop
	01	Programmed/memory scan start
	02	Programmed scan start
	22	Memory scan start
	D0 D3	Set scan resume OFF Set scan resume ON
	60	
0F	00 01	Turn the split function OFF Turn the split function ON
10	00	Select 10 Hz (or 1 Hz) tuning step
	01	Select 100 Hz tuning step
	02	Select 1 kHz tuning step
	03 04	Select 5 kHz tuning step
	04	Select 9 kHz tuning step Select 10 kHz tuning step
11		Set/read attenuator. (0=OFF, 20=ON (20 dB))
13	00	Announce with voice synthesizer
	01	(00=all data 01=frequency and
	02	S-meter; 02=receive mode)
L	I	,

Command	Sub command	Description
14	01	[AF] level setting
		(0=max. CCW to 255=max. CW)
	02	[RF] level setting
		(0=max. CCW to 255=11 o'clock)
	03	[SQL] level setting
	06	(0=11 o'clock to 255=max. CW) NR level setting
	00	(0=0% to 255=100%)
	07	Inside [PBT] setting (0= max. CCW
		128=center, 255=max. CW)
	08	Outside [PBT] setting (0= max.
		CCW, 128=center, 255=max. CW)
	09	CW Pitch setting (0=300 Hz to
		255=900 Hz (5 Hz steps))
	0A	RF power setting
		(0=minimum to 255=100%)
	0B	MIC gain setting (0=0% to 255=100%)
	oC	Key speed level setting
		(0=6 wpm to 255=60 wpm)
	0D	[MNF] setting (0=max. CCW,
	-	128=center, 255=max. CW)
	0E	COMP level setting
		(0=0 to 255=10)
	0F	Break-IN delay setting
		(0=2.0 d to 255=13.0 d)
	12	NB level setting
	16	(0=0% to 255=100%)
	10	VOX gain setting (0=0% to 255=100%)
	17	Anti VOX gain setting
		(0=0% to 255=100%)
15	01	
15	01 02	Read squelch condition Read S-meter level
	11	Read RF power meter
	12	Read SWR meter
	13	Read ALC meter
16	02	Preamp (0=OFF, 1=ON)
10	12	AGC selection
		(0=OFF, 1=Fast, 2=Slow.)
	22	Noise blanker (0=OFF, 1=ON)
	40	Noise reduction (0=OFF, 1=ON)
	41	Auto notch (0=OFF, 1=ON)
	44	Speech compressor
	40	(0=OFF, 1=ON)
	46 47	VOX function (0=OFF, 1=ON) Break-IN function (0=OFF, 1=semi
	4/	BK-IN, 2=full BK-IN)
	48	Manual notch (0=OFF, 1=ON)
	46 4F	Twin peak filter (0=OFF, 1=ON)
	50	Dial lock function (0=OFF, 1=ON)
19	00	Read the transceiver ID
1A	00	Set/read memory contents An additional code, 0001-020
		(0200=P1, 0201=P2), must be added
		to specify the memory channel.
	01	Set/read band stacking register
	-	contents (see p. 91 for details)
	02	Set/read the selected filter width
	02	Set/read the selected filter width (SSB, CW, RTTY: 0=50 Hz
	02	(SSB, CW, RTTY: 0=50 Hz to 40/31=3600/2700 Hz;
		(SSB, CW, RTTY: 0=50 Hz to 40/31=3600/2700 Hz; AM: 0=200 Hz to 39=8 kHz)
	02 0301	(SSB, CW, RTTY: 0=50 Hz to 40/31=3600/2700 Hz; AM: 0=200 Hz to 39=8 kHz) Set/read RF power setting
	0301	(SSB, CW, RTTY: 0=50 Hz to 40/31=3600/2700 Hz; AM: 0=200 Hz to 39=8 kHz) Set/read RF power setting (0=minimum to 255=100%)
		(SSB, CW, RTTY: 0=50 Hz to 40/31=3600/2700 Hz; AM: 0=200 Hz to 39=8 kHz) Set/read RF power setting

CONTROL COMMAND 14

Command	Sub command	Description	Com
1A	0303	Set/read Key speed level setting	1.
	0004	(0=6 wpm to 255=60 wpm)	
	0304	Set/read CW Pitch setting (0=300 Hz to 120=900 Hz; 5 Hz steps)	
	0305	Set/read CW side tone setting	
		(0=0% to 255=100%)	
	0306	Set/read CW side tone level limit	
	0207	(0=OFF, 1=ON)	
	0307	Set/read Twin peak filter (0=OFF, 1=ON)	
	0308	Set/read RTTY mark frequency	
		(0=1275 Hz, 1=1615 Hz, 2=2125 Hz)	
	0309	Set/read RTTY shift width	
		(0=170 Hz, 1=200 Hz, 2=425 Hz,	
	0310	3=850 Hz) Set/read RTTY keying polarity	
	0310	(0=Normal, 1=Reverse)	
	0311	Set/read LCD brightness	
		(0=OFF, 1=Dark, 2=Bright)	
	0312	Set/read confirmation beep	
	0313	(0=OFF, 1=ON) Set/read band edge beep	
	0313	(0=OFF, 1=ON)	
	0314	Set/read beep gain	
		(0=0% to 255=100%)	
	0315	Set/read beep gain limit	
	0316	(0=OFF, 1=ON) Set/read [RF/SQL] control set	
	0310	(0=Auto, 1=SQL, 2=RF+SQL)	
	0317	Set/read meter peak hold	
		(0=OFF, 1=ON)	
	0318	Set/read quick split set	
	0319	(0=OFF, 1=ON) Set/read split lock set	
	0010	(0=OFF, 1=ON)	
	0320	Set/read transmit frequency monitor	
		with [RIT] key set	
	0001	(0=OFF, 1=ON)	
	0321	Set/read tuner auto start set (0=OFF, 1=ON)	
	0322	Set/read PTT tune start set	
		(0=OFF, 1=ON)	
	0323	Set/read MOD input connector	
		during DATA OFF (0=MIC, 1=ACC, 2=MIC+ACC,	
		3=USB)	
	0324	Set/read MOD input connector	
		during DATA ON	
		(0=MIC, 1=ACC, 2=MIC+ACC,	
	0325	3=USB) Set/read MOD input gain from USB	
	0020	(0=0% to 255=100%)	
	0326	Set/read speech level	
	0007	(0=0% to 255=100%)	
	0327	Set/read speech language (0=English, 1=Japanese)	
	0328	Set/read speech speed	
		(0=Slow, 1=Fast)	
	0329	Set/read S-level speech	
		(0=OFF, 1=ON)	10
	0330	Set/read speech capability with [MODE] key operation	
		(0=OFF, 1=ON)	
	0331	Set/read scan speed set	
		(0=Slow, 1=Fast)	
	0332	Set/read scan resume set	
		(0=OFF, 1=ON)	

Command	Sub command	Description
1A	0333	Set/read main dial auto TS (0=OFF,
	0334	1=Low, 2=High) Set/read 1/4 dial speed set (0=OFF, 1=ON)
	0335	Set/read mic. UP/DOWN speed (0=Low, 1=High)
	0336	Set/read SSB/CW synchronous tuning function (0=OFF, 1=ON)
	0337	Set/read CW carrier point set (0=LSB, 1=USB)
	0338	Set/read break-in set (0=OFF, 1=semi BK-IN, 2=full BK-IN)
	0339	Set/read break-in delay time set (20=2.0 d to 130=13.0 d)
	0340	Set/read CW keyer dot/dash ratio (28=1:1:2.8 to 45=1:1:4.5)
	0341	Set/read CW paddle polarity (0=Normal, 1=Reverse)
	0342	Set/read CW keyer type (0=Straight, 1=Bug-key, 2=ELEC Key)
	0343	Set/read MIC UP/DOWN keyer (HM-36) set (0=OFF, 1=ON)
	0344	Set/read SSB mode selectability (0=OFF: inhibition, 1=ON: selectable)
	0345	Set/read CW mode selectability (0=OFF: inhibition, 1=ON: selectable)
	0346	Set/read RTTY mode selectability (0=OFF: inhibition, 1=ON: selectable)
	0347	Set/read AM mode selectability (0=OFF: inhibition, 1=ON: selectable)
	0348	Set/read CI-V transceive set (0=OFF, 1=ON)
	0349	Set/read reference frequency set (0=0% to 255=100%)
	0350	Set/read noise blanker level set (0=0% to 255=100%)
	0351	Set/read noise blanker width set (0=0% to 255=100%)
	0352	Set/read NR level set (0=0 to 15=15)
	0353	Set/read VOX gain set (0=0% to 255=100%)
	0354	Set/read Anti-VOX gain set (0=0%, 255=100%)
	0355	Set/read VOX delay set (0=0.0 sec. to 20=2.0 sec.)
	0356	Set/read speech compressor level (0=0 to 10=10)
	04	Send/read DATA mode with filter set (see next page for detail)
	05	Set/read DSP filter shape (0=Sharp, 1=Soft)
	06	Set/read manual notch width (0=Wide, 1=Mid., 2=Nar.)
1C	00	Set/read the transceiver's condition (0=Rx, 1=Tx)
	01	Set/read antenna tuner condition (0=OFF, 1=ON, 2=Start tuning or while tuning)

Band stacking register

To send or read the desired band stacking register's contents, a combination of the frequency band and the register codes ("01" is fixed as the register code) as follows are used.

For example, when sending/reading the contents in the 21 MHz band, the code "0701" is used.

• Frequency band codes

CODE	BAND	FREQUENCY RANGE
01	1.8 MHz	1.800000 – 1.999999
02	3.5 MHz	3.400000 - 4.099999
03	7 MHz	6.900000 - 7.499999
04	10 MHz	9.900000 - 10.499999
05	14 MHz	13.900000 – 14.499999
06	18 MHz	17.900000 – 18.499999
07	21 MHz	20.900000 – 21.499999
08	24 MHz	24.400000 – 25.099999
09	28 MHz	28.000000 – 29.999999
10	50 MHz	50.000000 - 54.000000
11	General	Other than above

♦ Data mode with filter width setting

The following data sequence is used when sending or reading the data mode with filter width setting.



SPECIFICATIONS 15

General

■ Transmitter

SSB, CW, RTTY : 2–100 W

• Carrier suppression : More than 50 dB • Unwanted sideband : More than 50 dB

: 1–25 W* (*Carrier power)

: Digital Low power modulation

: Digital PSN modulation

: 8-pin connector (600 Ω)

: 3-conductor 6.3 (d) mm (1/4")

: Less than -50 dB

: Less than -63 dB

• Output power

AM

AM

Microphone connector

KEY connector

Modulation system
 SSB

• Spurious emissions HF bands

50 MHz band

Transmit 1.800–1.9999 5.33050* ³ , 5.3 5.37150* ³ , 5.4 7.000–7.300 I 14.000–14.35 21.000–21.45 28.000–29.70 * ¹ Some frequen	00000 MHz* ^{1*2} 99 MHz* ² , 3.500–3.999999 MHz* ² 34650* ³ , 5.36650* ³ ,
Mode Number of memory CH	: SSB, CW, RTTY, AM 1: 201 (split memory: 199; scan edges: 2) channels
 Antenna connector Antenna impedance Usable temperature range 	: SO-239
 Frequency stability Power supply requirement 	: Less than ±0.5 ppm : 13.8 V DC±15% (negative ground)
Current drain (at 13.8 V DC)	: Transmit (at 100 W) 22 A Receive squelched 1.3 A max. audio 2.0 A
 Dimensions (projections not included) Weight (approx.) CI-V connector ACC connector 	: $241(W) \times 84(H) \times 281(D) mm,$ d) $9\frac{1}{2}(W) \times 3\frac{5}{16}(H) \times 11\frac{1}{16}(D) in$: 5.5 kg (12.1 lb) : 2-conductor 3.5 (d) mm (1/6") : 13-pin

Receiver

Receive system	: Triple-conversion superheterodyne
Intermediate frequence	
1st	: 64.455 MHz
2nd	: 455 kHz
3rd	: 15.625 kHz
	preamp: ON, Filter shape: sharp)
SSB, CW	: Less than 0.16 μ V
002,011	(1.8–29.7 MHz)
	Less than 0.13 µV
	(50 MHz band)
AM	: Less than 13 μ V
	(0.5–1.799 MHz)
	Less than 2 μ V
	(1.8–29.7 MHz)
	Less than 1 μV
	(50 MHz band)
Sauelch sensitivity (S	SB, threshold, preamp ON)
	: Less than 5.6 µV
 Selectivity 	
•) : More than 2.4 kHz/–6 dB
	Less than 3.6 kHz/–60 dB
CW* (BW=500 Hz)	: More than 500 Hz/–6 dB
·····(-·······)	Less than 900 Hz/–60 dB
BTTY (BW=350 Hz) : More than 360 Hz/–6 dB
	Less than 650 Hz/–60 dB
AM (BW=6 kHz)	: More than 6.0 kHz/–6 dB
, (2.11 02)	Less than 15.0 kHz/-60 dB
	*IF filter shape is set to SHARP.
Spurious and image re	
opanozo ana mago n	: More than 70 dB
	(except ¹ / ₂ IF through on 50 MHz band)
 Audio output power 	: More than 2.0 W at 10%
	distortion with an 8 Ω load
	(at 13.8 V DC)
 RIT variable range 	: ±9.999 kHz
PHONES connector	: 3-conductor 6.3 (d) mm $(\frac{1}{4})/8 \Omega$

• PHONES connector : 3-conductor 6.3 (d) mm $(\frac{1}{4})/8 \Omega$ • EXT SP connector : 2-conductor 3.5 (d) mm $(\frac{1}{8})/8 \Omega$

• EXT SP connector	: 2-00



OPTIONS





17 авоит се

INSTALLATION NOTES

For amateur base station installations it is recommended that the forward clearance in front of the antenna array is calculated relative to the EIRP (Effective Isotropic Radiated Power). The clearance height below the antenna array can be determined in most cases from the RF power at the antenna input terminals.

As different exposure limits have been recommended for different frequencies, a relative table shows a guideline for installation considerations.

Below 30 MHz, the recommended limits are specified in terms of V/m or A/m fields as they are likely to fall within the near-field region. Similarly, the antennas may be physically short in terms of electrical length and that the installation will require some antenna matching device which can create local, high intensity magnetic fields. Analysis of such MF installations is best considered in association with published guidance notes such as the FCC OET Bulletin 65 Edition 97-01 and its annexes relative to amateur transmitter installations.

The EC recommended limits are almost identical to the FCC specified 'uncontrolled' limits and tables exist that show pre-calculated safe distances for different antenna types for different frequency bands. Further information can be found at http://www.arrl.org/.

• Typical amateur radio installation

Exposure distance assumes that the predominant radiation pattern is forward and that radiation vertically downwards is at unity gain (sidelobe suppression is equal to main lobe gain). This is true of almost every gain antenna today. Exposed persons are assumed to be beneath the antenna array and have a typical height of 1.8 m.

The figures assume the worst case emission of a constant carrier.

For the bands 10 MHz and higher the following power density limits have been recommended:

10–50 MHz 2 W/sq m

Vertical clearance by EIRP output

1 Watts	2.1 m
10 Watts	2.8 m
25 Watts	3.4 m
100 Watts	5 m
1000 Watts	12 m

Forward clearance by EIRP output

2 m
6.5 m
20 m
65 m

In all cases any possible risk depends on the transmitter being activated for long periods. (actual recommendation limits are specified as an average during 6 minutes) Normally the transmitter is not active for long periods of time. Some radio licenses will require that a timer circuit automatically cuts off the transmitter after 1–2 minutes etc.

Similarly some modes of transmission, SSB, CW, AM etc. have a lower 'average' output power and the assessed risk is even lower.

 Versions of the IC-7200 which display the "CE" symbol on the serial number seal,
 comply with the essential requirements of the European Radio and Telecommunication Terminal Directive 1999/5/EC.

This warning symbol indicates that this equipment operates in non-harmonised frequency bands and/or may be subject to licensing conditions in the country of use. Be sure to check that you have the correct version of this radio or the correct programming of this radio, to comply with national licensing requirement.

• List of Country codes (ISO 3166-1)

		0000 (!			
	Country	Codes		Country	Codes
1	Austria	AT	18	Liechtenstein	LI
2	Belgium	BE	19	Lithuania	LT
3	Bulgaria	BG	20	Luxembourg	LU
4	Croatia	HR	21	Malta	MT
5	Czech Republic	CZ	22	Netherlands	NL
6	Cyprus	CY	23	Norway	NO
7	Denmark	DK	24	Poland	PL
8	Estonia	EE	25	Portugal	PT
9	Finland	FI	26	Romania	RO
10	France	FR	27	Slovakia	SK
11	Germany	DE	28	Slovenia	SI
12	Greece	GR	29	Spain	ES
13	Hungary	HU	30	Sweden	SE
14	Iceland	IS	31	Switzerland	СН
15	Ireland	IE	32	Turkey	TR
16	Italy	IT	33	United Kingdom	GB
17	Latvia	LV			

ABOUT CE 17

O ICOM	DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY
We Icom Inc. Japan 1-1-32, Kamiminami, Hirano-ku Osaka 547-0003, Japan	(€ ①
Declare on our sole responsibility that this equipment complies with the essential requirements of the Radio and Telecommunications Terminal	Düsseldorf 30th Jun. 2008 Place and date of issue
Equipment Directive, 1999/5/EC, and that any applicable Essential Test Suite measurements have been performed. Kind of equipment: HF/50 MHz TRANSCEIVER	Icom (Europe) GmbH Himmelgeister straße 100 D-40225 Düsseldorf
Kind of equipment: HF/50 MHz TRANSCEIVER Type-designation: IC-7200 Version (where applicable):	Authorized representative name Y. Furukawa General Manager
This compliance is based on conformity with the following harmonised standards, specifications or documents: i) <u>EN 301 489-1 v1.6.1 (September 2005)</u>	Julan
ii) <u>EN 301 489-15 v1.2.1 (August 2002)</u> iii) <u>EN 301 783-2 v1.1.1 (September 2000)</u>	Signature
iv) <u>EN 60950-1 : 2001</u>	lcom Inc.

• Version and frequency coverage

Europe (#03) Beceive	
0.500-29.700000	MHz
50.000–54.000000 I	MHz
Transmit	
1.810- 1.999999 I	MHz
3.500- 3.800000	MHz
7.000- 7.100000	MHz
10.100–10.150000 I	MHz
14.000–14.350000 l	MHz
18.068–18.168000 l	MHz
21.000-21.450000	MHz
24.890–24.990000 I	MHz
28.000–29.700000 I	MHz
50.000–52.000000 I	MHz

Spain (#06) Receive	
0.500-29.700000	MHz
50.000-54.000000	MHz
Transmit	
1.830- 1.850000	MHz
3.500- 3.800000	MHz
7.000- 7.200000	MHz
10.100-10.150000	MHz
14.000-14.350000	MHz
18.068-18.168000	MHz
21.000-21.450000	MHz
24.890-24.990000	MHz
28.000-29.700000	MHz
50.000-52.000000	MHz

France (#04)
Receive
0.500–29.700000 MHz
50.000–54.000000 MHz
Transmit
1.810- 1.850000 MHz
3.500- 3.800000 MHz
7.000- 7.100000 MHz
10.100–10.150000 MHz
14.000–14.350000 MHz
18.068–18.168000 MHz
21.000–21.450000 MHz
24.890–24.990000 MHz
28.000–29.700000 MHz
50.200–51.200000 MHz

Europe-1 (#07) Beceive
Receive
0.500–29.700000 MHz
50.000–54.000000 MHz
Transmit
1.810- 1.999999 MHz
3.500- 3.800000 MHz
7.000- 7.200000 MHz
10.100–10.150000 MHz
14.000–14.350000 MHz
18.068–18.168000 MHz
21.000–21.450000 MHz
24.890-24.990000 MHz
28.000–29.700000 MHz
50.000–52.000000 MHz

r
Italy (#05) Receive
1.830- 1.850000 MHz
3.500- 3.800000 MHz
7.000- 7.200000 MHz
10.100–10.150000 MHz
14.000–14.350000 MHz
18.068–18.168000 MHz
21.000–21.450000 MHz
24.890–24.990000 MHz
24.890–24.990000 MHz
50.000–51.00000 MHz
Transmit
1.830– 1.850000 MHz
3.500- 3.800000 MHz
7.000- 7.200000 MHz
10.100–10.150000 MHz
14.000–14.350000 MHz
18.068–18.168000 MHz
21.000–21.450000 MHz
24.890-24.990000 MHz
28.000–29.700000 MHz
50.000–51.000000 MHz

18 BAND VOLTAGE MODIFICATION

Band voltage modification

If you want to connect an external unit which can be controlled by the band voltage from **[ACC]** connector, the modification is necessary as at right.

The band voltage appears from pin 5 of **[ACC]** connector after modification (1) is completed, or the regulated 8 V appears from pin 1 of **[ACC]** connector after modification (2) is completed.

Performing this modification is the customer's responsibility. Icom does not guarantee this modification's result.

CAUTION: Disconnect the DC power cable from the transceiver before any work on the transceiver.



Band voltage generator circuit

The below circuit is just for reference.



The following band voltage table is for reference only. Please adjust and confirm against the actual operating condition.

VOLTAGE
Non-adjustment
6.1 V
5.1 V
Non-adjustment
4.1 V
3.1 V
2.1 V

MEMO

IC-7200 #03 (Europe)	<pre>< Intended Country of Use > AT BE CY CZ DK EE FI FR DE GR HU IE IT LV LT LU MT NL PL PT SK SI ES SE GB IS LI NO CH BG RO TR HR</pre>
IC-7200 #04 (France)	<pre>< Intended Country of Use > AT BE CY CZ DK EE FI ■FR DE GR HU IE IT LV LT LU MT NL PL PT SK SI ES SE GB IS LI NO CH BG RO TR HR</pre>
IC-7200 #05 (Italy)	<pre>< Intended Country of Use > AT BE CY CZ DK EE FI FR DE GR HU IE IT LV LT LU MT NL PL PT SK SI ES SE GB IS LI NO CH BG RO TR HR</pre>
IC-7200 #06 (Spain)	< Intended Country of Use > AT BE CY CZ DK EE FI FR DE GR HU IE IT LV LT LU MT NL PL PT SK SI ES SE GB IS LI NO CH BG RO TR HR
IC-7200 #07 (Europe-1)	<pre>< Intended Country of Use > AT BE CY CZ DK EE FI FR ■DE GR HU IE IT LV LT LU MT NL PL PT SK SI ES SE GB IS LI NO CH BG RO TR HR</pre>